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ABSTRACT

This document, consisting of 7 chapters, 31 figures, and 360 tables, provides statistical data on most aspects of United States education, both public and private, from kindergarten through graduate school. The chapters cover the following topics: (1) all levels of education; (2) elementary and secondary education; (3) postsecondary, college, university, technical, and adult education; (4) federal programs for education and related activities; (5) outcomes of education; (6) international comparisons of education; and (7) learning resources and technology. A wide range of information is presented on subjects including the number of schools and colleges, teachers, enrollment, graduates, educational attainment, finances, federal funds for eduction, employment and income of graduates, libraries, and international education. Supplemental information on population trends, attitudes on education, educational characteristics of the labor force, government finances, and economic trends is provided. Included among data not appearing in previous editions are the following: salaries for beginning teachers; data from teacher and general public opinion polls; data on handicapped students in higher education; international tests of educational achievement in mathematics and science; statistics on ages of college students by type and control of institution; profiles of persons earning doctor's degrees in education, engineering, physical sciences, and social sciences; college student participation in financial and programs; and the percentage of bachelor's degree recipients going to graduate school. A short introduction highlights major findings, and each chapter contains a brief overview of significant trends. A guide to sources, definitions, and an index are included. (KM)



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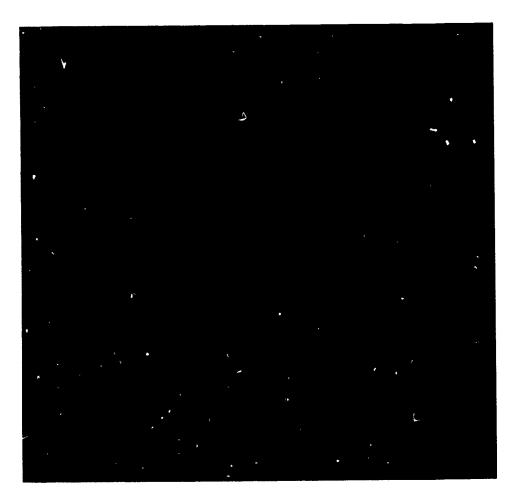
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December 1989



Foreword

This 1989 edition of the Digest of Education Statistics is the 25th in a series of publications initiated in 1962. (The *Digest* has been issued annually except for combined editions for the years 1977-78, 1983-84, and 1985-86.) Its primary purpose is to provide a compilation of statistical information covering the broad field of American education from kindergarten through graduate school. The Digest includes a selection of data from many sources, both government and private, and draws especially on the results of surveys and activities carried out by the National Center for Education Statistics. The publication contains information on a variety of subjects within the field of education statistics, including the number of schools and colleges, teachers, enrollments, graduates, educational attainment, finances. Federal funds for education, employment and income of graduates, libraries, and international education. Supplemental information on population attitudes education. education trends. on characteristics of the labor force, government finances, and economic trends provides background for evaluating education data.

The Digest is divided into seven chapters: All Levels of Education, Elementary and Secondary Education, Postsecondary Education, Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities, Outcomes of Education, International Education, and Learning Resources and Technology. To qualify for inclusion in this publication, material must be nationwide in scope and of current interest and value. The introduction supplements the tabular materials in chapters 1 through 7 by providing a brief overview of current trends in American education. Information on the structure of the statistical tables is contained in the Guide to Tabular Presentation. The Guide to Sources provides a brief synopsis of the surveys used to generate the tabulations for the Digest. Also, a "Definitions" section is included to help readers to understand the terms used in this publication.

In addition to updating many of the statistics that have appeared in previous years, this edition contains a substantial amount of new material, including:

- · Salaries for beginning teachers;
- New data from teacher and general public opinion polls;
- Data on handicapped students in higher education;
- International tests of education achievement in mathematics and science;
- Detailed statistics on ages of college students, by type and control of institution;
- Profiles of persons earning doctor's degrees in education, engineering, physical sciences, and social sciences:
- Participation of college students in financial aid programs; and
- Percent of bachelor's degree recipients going to graduate school.

In the past, the *Digest of Education Statistics* has proved to be of interest and value to educational researchers and administrators, government officials, the communications media, the business community, and the general public. Recently, we have implemented a program to expand the scope of materials included in the *Digest* to make it even more comprehensive. We welcome comments and suggestions to improve future editions. We trust that the users of this 25th edition will find it even more valuable than its predecessors.

Jeanne E. Griffith, Acting Director Crosscutting Education Statistics and Analysis Division December 1989



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Acknowledgments

Many people have contributed in one way or another to the development of this *Digest*. Foremost among these contributors is W. Vance Grant, who served as an editor of this series from 1962 to 1986. His developmental work has made this publication the widely used and respected report it is today. Thomas D. Snyder was responsible for the overall development and preparation of the *Digest*. This report was prepared under the general direction of Jeanne E. Griffith.

Charlene M. Hoffman provided technical assistance in all phases of preparing the Digest. Ms. Hoffman was responsible for Chapter 4, Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities, graphs, and for tables on degrees conferred. Lisa Availone developed a variety of materials for the report, including tables dealing with special education and State education legislation. Henry A. Gordon prepared analyses relating to economic outcomes of education and educational characteristics of the population. Celeste Loar compiled tabulations on international education and on faculty and teachers. Laurence T. Ogle prepared the Guide to Sources. Vernetta Stevenson reviewed many of the materials prepared for the report. Zola Brown prepared tables on public school data. Bill Sonnenberg developed special computer analyses on school districts and on school enrollment. Debra E. Gerald and William J. Hussar prepared tabulations on college enrollment and international finance statistics. Celestine J. Davis provided clerical assistance.

A number of individuals outside of the division primarily responsible for the *Digest* also provided large amounts of time and effort. Leo J. Eiden was re-

sponsible for coordinating the preparation of a variety of materials on higher education statistics and developing new materials on student financial assistance and doctoral degrees. William Freund developed several databases used for the Digest. Summer Whitener prepared tables dealing with college enrollment and degrees conferred. Patricia Q. Brown was responsible for tables on private schools and graduate enrollment. Walter G. West developed a number of new analyses dealing with characteristies of 8th-grade students. Kerry J. Gruber and Judi Carpenter prepared analyses of degrees conferred by race/ethnicity. Clevie E. Gladney provided technical advice on computer file production. Judi Fries provided editorial assistance and managed typesetting, and Phil Carr designed the cover.

This year's edition of the Digest has received extensive reviews by individuals within and outside the Department of Education. We wish to thank these persons for their time and expert advice. Within the Office of Educational Research and Improvement (OERI), W. Vance Grant and Mary Frase reviewed the entire manuscript. Charles Andersen (American Council on Education) and Rosemary Clark (U.S. Bureau of the Census) also reviewed the entire document. OERI staff who reviewed portions of the manuscript were: Nabeel Alasalam, Janice Ancarrow, Sharon A. Bobbitt, Charles D. Cowan, Leo J. Eiden, Martin M. Frankel, William Freund, William J. Fowler, Edith K. McArthur, Marilyn M. McMillen, Frank Morgan, John P. Sietsema, Suzanne E. Triplett, George H. Wade, Jeffrey W. Williams, and Douglas A. Wright.



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Introduction

In the fall of 1988, about 58.3 million persons were enrolled in American schools and colleges (table 1). About 3.4 million were employed as elementary and secondary school teachers and as college instructors. Other professional, administrative, and support staff of educational institutions numbered 3.5 million. Thus, in the fall of 1988, approximately 65 million. Americans were involved, directly or indirectly, in providing or receiving formal education. In a nation with a population of about 246 million, more than 1 out of every 4 persons participated in the educational process.

Enrollment in elementary and secondary schools grew rapidly during the 1950s and 1960s and peaked in 1971 (table 2). This enrollment rise was caused by the baby boom, a dramatic increase in births following World War II. From 1971 to 1984, total elementary and secondary school enrollment decreased steadily, reflecting the decline in the school-age population over that period. After these years of decline, enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools showed a small increase in the fall of 1981 'able 3). Enrollment in kindergarten through grade o rose from 27.0 million in fall 1985 to an estimated 28.4 million in fall 1988. Enrollment in the uppc grades declined from 12.5 million to an estimated 11 8 million over the same period. The net result of these two divergent trends was an overall increase in public school enrollment.

Private school enrollment was estimated at 5.2 million in fall 1988. About 4.0 million students were enrolled at the elementary level and 1.2 million were enrolled at the secondary level. Approximately 12 percent of all elementary and secondary students attend private schools.

Recent increases in elementary enrollment indicate a new trend that will affect elementary and secondary schools for a number of years. Projections of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) indicate that public elementary school enrollment will continue to increase, reaching 29.4 million in 1990 and 30.8 million in 1995 (table 3). Between fall 1988 and fall 1990, elementary enrollment is projected to grow by 3 percent, while secondary school enrollment is expected to decline by 3 percent. The new wave of pupils will begin to cause increases at the secondary school level during the early 1990s.

College enrollment in fall 1988 was estimated at 12.8 million—remaining at the record level of the

previous fall. Total conege enrollment is not expected to change significantly between 1988 and 1990, despite decre ses in the traditional "college-age" population (table 2). The number of persons in the 18- to 24-year-old age group peaked in 1981 and then began a decline that is expected to continue throughout most of the next decade (table 13). However, recent trends suggest that total enrollment will remain relatively high because of the increased participation of older women students and also because of a high rate of college attendance for recent high school graduates. Although total enrollment may remain relatively stable, some shifts of students from full-time to part-time status are expected.

About 2.6 million elementary and secondary school teachers were engaged in classroom instruction in the fall of 1988 (table 4). This number has risen slowly in recent years, up about 7 percent since 1983. The number of public school teachers in 1987 was about 2.3 million and the number in private schools was estimated at 0.3 million. About 1.6 million teachers were teaching in elementary schools, while about 1.1 million were employed at the secondary level (table 4).

Overall, the trend over the past 10 years has been for the number of public school teachers to remain relatively stable, while enrollment has declined. The result has been a continuing decrease in the pupil-teacher ratio. In the fall of 1988 there were 17.5 pupils per public school teacher compared with 19.3 pupils per teacher 10 years earlier. During the same time period, the pupil-teacher ratio in private schools fell from 18.7 to 15.2. The declining pupil-teacher ratio reflects the trend toward smaller classes and more specialized education programs (table 56).

Teacher salaries, which lost purchasing power to inflation during the 1970s, began to rise faster than the inflation rate in the 1980s. The rising salaries reflect both an interest of State and local education agencies in boosting teacher salary schedules and the increasing experience and education levels of teachers (table 59). According to data from the National Education Association, the value of teachers' salaries, after adjustment for inflation, rose about 19 percent between 1980-81 and 1987-88. The average salary for teachers in 1987-88 was \$28,044, which represents a record-high level (table 66).



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Some improvements have been registered in the area of reading proficiency of elementary and secondary school students. Reading proficiency of 9-, 13-, and 17-year-olds rose between 1970-71 and 1983-84 (table 95). In 1970-71, 58 percent of the 9year-olds read at or above the basic level, compared with 64 percent in 1983-84. Although the reading proficiency of mirrority children remains below that of other students, blacks have made very large gains. For example, the proportion of black 9-year-olds reading at a basic level or above rose from 22 percent in 1970-71 to 39 percent in 1983-84. Also, scores on the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT), administered by the College Board, rose during the early 1980s. After a decline during the 1970s, the combined mathematics and verbal SAT scores increased 16 points between 1980-81 and 1984-85 (table 108). However, from 1984-85 to 1987-88, the verbal scores dropped by 3 points and the mathematics scores rose by only 1 point.

Despite some evidence that student achievement improved in the late 1970s and early 1980s, there is still reason for concern. Recent international tests of mathematics and science have highlighted the relatively low level of achievement of U.S. students compared to their peers in other countries (tables 343 to 349). Also, a major U.S. study of writing achievement found that even 11th-grade students had considerable difficulty with analytic writing assignments (table 100).

The number of high school graduates in 1987-88 totaled about 2.8 million. About 2.5 million graduated from public schools and about 0.3 million graduated from private schools. The number of high school graduates has declined from its peak in 1976-77, when 3.2 million persons earned their diplomas. Although the number of graduates has been lower in recent years, the proportion of 17- and 18-year-olds graduating from high school has remained relatively stable for more than 2 decades. There was a slight dip in the proportion of young people graduating from high school between 1976-77 and 1979-80 (table 89).

The number of postsecondary degrees to be conferred during the year 1003-90 is projected to be: 448,000 associate degrees; 1,006,000 bachelor's degrees; 301,000 master's degrees; 34,400 doctor's degrees; and 72,000 first-professional degrees. The number of bachelor's degrees is expected to be at or near an all-time high. The other figures are down

slightly from their peaks, reached in 1983 (associate); 1977 (master's); 1985 (first-professional); and 1973 (doctor's) (table 200).

The Bureau of the Census has collected annual statistics on the educational attainment of the population in terms of years of school completed. These data indicate that between 1980 and 1988 the proportion of the adult population 25 years of age and over with 4 years of high school or more rose from 69 percent to 76 percent and the proportion of adults with at least 4 years of college increased from 17 percent to 20 percent. In contrast, the proportion of young adults, 25- to 29-years of age. attaining these levels did not change significantly over this time period (table 8).

Expenditures for public and private education from preprimary through graduate school are estimated at \$311 billion for 1987-88, and projections indicate that they will reach \$330 billion in 1988-89 (table 26). The expenditures of elementary and secondary schools are expected to total about \$199 billion for 1988-89, while institutions of higher education will spend about \$131 billion. The outlays of public schools and colleges are expected to reach \$269 billion, while the privately controlled institutions are expected to spend about \$62 billion. Viewed in another context, the total expenditures for education during recent years has amounted to nearly 7 percent of the gross national product and is expected to remain at that same level in 1988-89 (table 25).

The statistical highlights in this section of the report provide a quantitative description of the current American education scene. It is clear from the large number of participants, the number of years that people spend in school, and the vast sums expended by educational institutions that the American people have a high regard for education. Yet, data on graduation ratios, reading proficiency, and SAT scores suggest that improvements in recent years have been limited. Disappointing scores of American students in international tests pose concerns for the future.

Readers should be aware of the limitations of statistics. These limitations vary with the exact nature of a particular survey. All surveys are subject to design, reporting, and processing errors, and errors due to nonresponse. More information on survey methodologies can be found in the Guide to Sources in the Appendix to this volume.



CHAPTER 1

All Levels of Education

The purpose of this chapter is to provide a broad overview of education in the United States. It brings together material from preprimary, elementary, secondary, and higher education and from the general population to present a composite picture of the American educational system. It contains tables which show the total number of persons enrolled in school, the number of teachers, the number of schools, and total expenditures for education at all levels. The chapter also includes statistics on education-related topics such as educational attainment, family characteristics, population, and opinions about schools. Economic indicators and price indexes have been added to assist researchers in preparing comparative analyses.

Figure 1 provides an overview of the structure of education in the United States. The chart indicates the three levels of education (elementary, secondary, and postsecondary) and gives the approximate age of persons at each level. As the chart indicates, pupils ordinarily spend from 6 to 8 years in the elementary grades, which may be preceded by 1 or 2 years in nursery school and kindergarten. The elementary school program is followed by a 4- to 6-year program in high school. Pupils normally complete the entire program through grade 12 by age 17 or 18.

High school graduates who decide to continue their education may enter a 2-year college, a technical institution, or a 4-year college or university. A 2-year college normally offers the first 2 years of a standard 4-year college curriculum and a selection of terminal-vocational programs. Academic courses completed at a 2-year college are transferable for credit at 4-year colleges and universities. A technical institution offers postsecondary technical training leading to a specific career.

An associate degree requires at least 2 years of college-level work, and a bachelor's degree normally can be earned in 4 years. At least 1 year beyond the bachelor's is necessary for a master's degree, while a doctor's degree usually requires a minimum of 3 or 4 years beyond the bachelor's.

Professional schools differ widely in requirements for admission and in length of programs. Medical students, for example, generally complete a 4-year program of premedical studies at a college or university before they can enter the 4-year program at a

medical school. Law programs normally require 3 years of coursework beyond the bachelor's degree level

Many of the statistics in this chapter are derived from the statistical activities of the National Center for Education Statistics. In addition, substantial contributions have been drawn from the work of other groups, both government and nongovernment, as indicated in the source notes of the appropriate tables. Information on survey methodologies can be found in the Guide to Sources in the appendix and in the publications cited in the source notes.

Highlights

- In the fall of 1985, total elementary and secondary school enrollment increased for the first time since 1971. The increase from 1985 to 1988 was concentrated in the elementary grades, but this pattern is expected to change in the early 1990s. Between fall 1989 and 1995, public elementary enrollment is expected to increase by 10 percent. Overall, enrollment is expected to increase by 3.1 million students, or about 6 percent. (Table 2)
- Over the past 10 years there has been little change in the proportion of students in private schools and colleges. Between 1978 and 1988, the proportion of elementary and secondary school students in private schools has been around 12 percent. At the same time, the proportion of college students in private institutions has remained at about 22 percent. (Table 2)
- College enrollment rose to a record level of 12.8 million in fall 1987 and remained at this high level in 1988. College enrollment is expected to remain steady through the 1990s because of the high attendance rates or younger age groups and 'he large number of older students. (Tables 3 and 150)
- The proportion of some age groups attending school has risen over the past two decades, but attendance rates for most groups have remained relatively steady. In 1937, about 38 percent of the 3- and 4-year-olds attended school compared to only 14 percent in 1967. The proportion of 30- to



3

34-year-olds attending college rose from 4 to 6 percent between 1967 and 1987. (Table 6)

- Increases in the amount of education completed by Americans has continued in 1988. In 1988, 76 percent of the population 25 years old and over had completed high school and 20 percent had completed 4 years of college. This represents an increase from 1980, when 69 percent had completed high school and 17 percent had 4 years of college. (Table 8)
- About 15 percent of persons over 18 had completed a bachelor's or higher degree in 1984. About 3 percent held a master's degree, 1 percent held a professional degree (e.g., medicine or law), and 0.5 percent held a doctor's degree. (Table 11)
- Between 1970 and 1988 there were substantial shifts in the composition of families. In 1970, 50 percent of families were married-couple families with children under 18 compared to 38 percent in 1988. In contrast, the proportion of families headed by women (no husband present) who had children under 18 rose from 6 percent to 10 percent. Altogether, more than 1 out of 5 children under 18 lived with one parent in 1987. (Tables 17 and 18)
- According to results of a nationwide survey, Americans have rated public schools more favorably in recent years. Those surveyed felt that the two largest problems facing schools were drugs

- (32 percent) and discipline (19 percent). (Tables 20 and 21)
- A 1987 survey asked parents and teachers to name activities that would "help a lot" to improve education. The activities most frequently mentioned by parents were: (1) having the school notify the parents immediately about any problems involving their child; (2) having parents limit television until all homework is finished; and (3) providing counseling and support services to children with emotional, mental, social, or family problems. (Table 23)
- The proportion of State and local government funds spent on education declined between 1977 and 1987, at least partly as a result of the drop in elementary and secondary enrollment and the expansion of other governmental services. Of the 1987 total State and local education funding, about 69 percent went to elementary and secondary schools, 27 percent went to colleges and universities, and 4 percent went to other education programs. (Tables 30 and 33)
- Education expenditures are expected to rise to a record high of \$330 billion in the 1988-89 school year. Elementary and secondary schools are expected to spend about 60 percent of this total, and colleges and universities are expected to account for the remaining 40 percent. Approximately 6.8 percent of the gross national product was spent by elementary and secondary schools and colleges and universities in 1987-88. (Tables 25 and 26)



Figure 1.—The structure of education in the United States

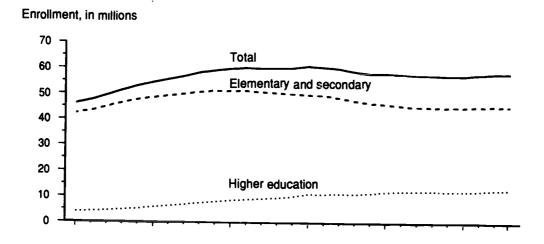
(College, University, Professional, Vocational Ph.D. or Advanced **Professional** 7 Degree **Postsecondary Education** 6 Master's Technical) Degree Bachelor's Degree 1 **Associate** Degree or 2 Certificate (Academic, Vocational, Technical) **High School Diploma** 12 17 Secondary Education 11 16 10 15 14 4 8 13 12 11 5 10 9 (or Primary) Education 8 Elementary 7 2 5 PK 3 Age Grade

NOTE.—Adult education programs, while not separately delineated above, may provide instruction at the elementary, secondary, or higher education level. Chart reflects typical patterns of progression rather than all possible variations.

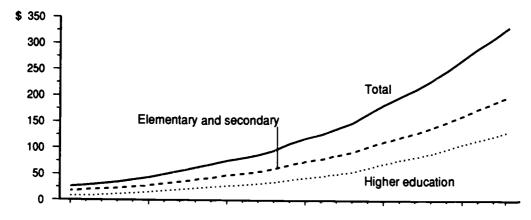
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics.



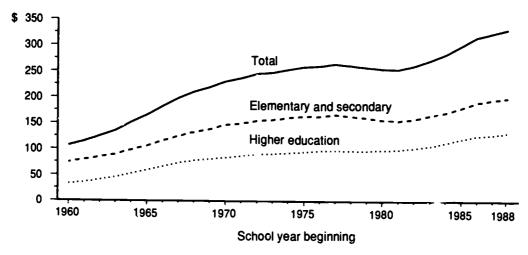
Figure 2.—Enrollment and total expenditures in current and constant dollars, by level of education: 1960-61 to 1988-89



Expenditures, in billions of current dollars



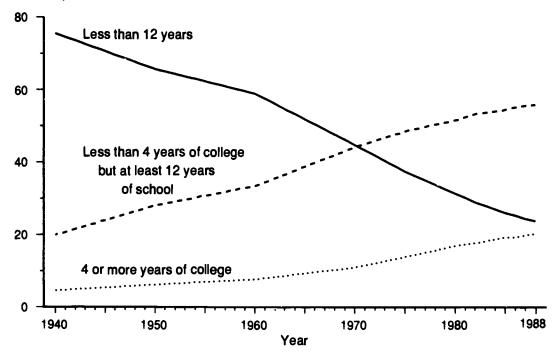
Expenditures, in billions of constant 1988-89 dollars



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics of State School Systems; Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems; Statistics of Nonpublic Secondary School Systems; Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools; Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education; Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education; Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education; and Common Core of Data survey.

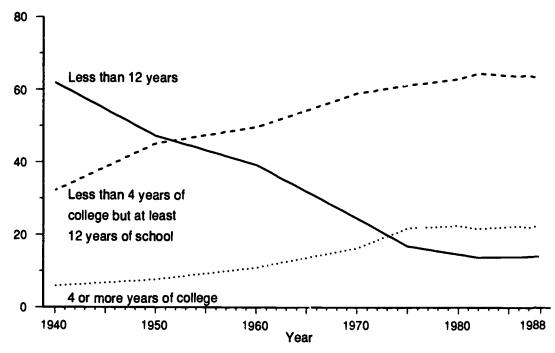


Figure 3.—Years of school completed by persons 25 years old and over: 1940 to 1988 Percent of persons



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Population, Vol. 1 part 1; and Current Population Reports, Series P-20, "Educational Attainment in the United States."

Figure 4.—Years of school completed by persons 25 to 29 years of age: 1940 to 1988 Percent of persons

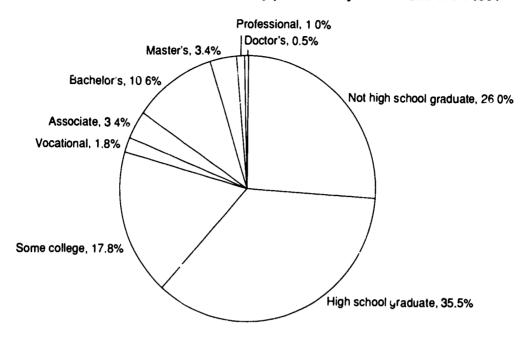


SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Populaiion, Vol. 1 part 1; and Current Population Reports, Series P-20, "Educational Attainment in the United States."



8 ALL LEVELS OF EDUCATION

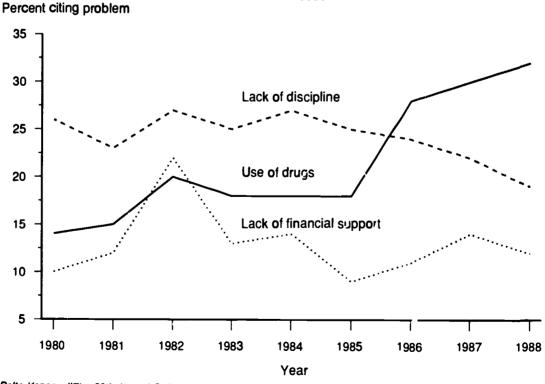
Figure 5.—Highest degree earned by persons 18 years old and over: 1984



· Total persons age 18 and over = 170 million

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports,* Series P-70. No. 11, "Educational Background and Economic Status: Spring 1984."

Figure 6.—items most frequently cited by the public as the chief problem facing the local public schools: 1980 to 1988



SOURCE: Phi Delta Kappan, "The 20th Annual Gallup Poll of the Public's Attitudes Toward the Public Schools," September 1988.



Table 1.—Estimated number of participants in elementary and secondary education and in higher education: Fali 1988

[in millions]

	All levels (elementary,	Elementary	and secondary	schools	Institutions of higher education 1				
Participants	secondary, and higher education)	Total	Public	Private	Total	Public	Private		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Total	65.2	50.3	44.5	5.6	14.9	11.5	3.4		
Enrollment ² Feachers and faculty Other professional, administrative, and	58.3 3.4	45 4 2.6	40 2 2 3	5.2 0 3	12 B 3 C 7	10 0 0.5	2 6		
support staff	3.5	22	20	02	13	09	0.		

¹ Includes colleges and universities, but excludes noncollegiate postsecondary institu-

¹ Preliminar s include enrollments in local public school systems and in most private schools glously affiliated and nonsectarian) Excludes subcollegiate departone of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, ments of insand Federal cole. Element sy and secondary includes most kindergarten and some nursery scho enrollment. Excludes preprimary enrollment in schools that do not offer first grade. wher education comprises full-time and part-time students enrolled in degree-cred. and nondegree-credit programs in universities, other 4-year colleges, and

Includes full-time and part-time faculty with the rank of instructor or above

NOTE -The enrollment figures include all students enrolled in elementary and secondary schools and in colleges and universities. The data for teachers and other staff in public and private elementary and secondary schools are reported in terms of full-time equivalents. The staff data for institutions of higher education include all professional, administrative, and support personnel Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Educator: Statistics, unpublished projections and estimates. (This table was prepared January 1989.)

Table 2.—Enrollment in educational institutions, by level and control of institution; Fall 1980 to fall 1995

[In thousands]

Level of instruction and type of control	Fail 1980	Fall 1982	Fall 1983	Fall 1984	Fall 1985	Fall 1986	Fall 1987 1	Estimated fall 1988	Projected fall 1989	Projected fall 1990	Projected fall 1995
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
All levels	58,414	57,678	57,532	57,237	57,313	57,794	58,140	58,286	58,682	59,325	62,057
Public	50,444 7,971	49,348 8,330	49,035 8,497	48,773 8,465	48,988 8,325	49,552 8,242	49,999 8,140	50,241 8,045	50,511 8,171	51,063 8,262	53,543 8,514
Elementary and secondary education 2	46,318	45,252	45,067	44,995	45,066	45,290	45,371	45,438	45,585	46,112	49,122
Public Private	40,987 5,331	39,852 3 5,600	39,352 5,715	39,295 3 5,700	39,509 5,557	39,837 5,452	40,024 5,347	40,196 5,241	40,323 5,272	40,772 5,340	43,453 5,669
Grades K-8 4	31,666	31,356	31,312	31,216	31,244	31,520	32,004	32,426	32,915	33,549	35,123
Public	27,674 3,992	27,156 3 4,200	26,997 4,315	26,918 3.4,300	27,049 4,195	27,404 4,116	27,886 4,118	28,390 4,036	28,818 4,097	29,373 4,176	30,751 4,372
Grades 9-12	14,852	13,896	13,755	13,777	13,822	13,770	13,367	13,013	12,680	12,563	13,999
Public	13,313 1,339	12,496 3 1,400	12,355 1,400	12,377 3 1,400	12,460 1,362	12,434 1,336	12,138 1,229	11,806 1,206	11,505 1,175	11,399 1,164	12,702 1,297
Hig ation *	12,097	12,426	12,485	12,242	12,247	12,505	12,768	12,849	13,087	13,213	12,935
Undergraduate First-professional Graduate Private Undergraduate Undergraduate	9,457 8,442 114 901 2,640 2,033	9,896 8,713 113 870 2,730 2,112	9,683 8,697 113 872 2,782 2,149	9,477 8,493 114 870 2,765 2,125	9 479 8,477 112 890 2,768 2,120	9,715 8,661 112 941 2,790 2,137	9,975 8,920 110 944 2,793 2,128	10,045 8,985 114 946 2,804 2,152	10,188 9,075 115 998 2,899 2,200	10,291 9,189 115 1,007 2,922 2,218	10,090 8,966 113 1,011 2,845 2,142
First-professional Graduate 7	163 443	165 453	165 468	165 475	162 486	158 494	158 508	154 498	164 535	166 538	163 540



¹ Pretrimary.

§ Includes enrollments in local public school systems and in most private schools (religiously stillleted and nonsectarian) Excludes subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, and Federal schools Excludes preprimary pupils in schools without elementary grades

³ Fatimated

Example of the control year colleges.

fincludes unclassified students below the baccalaureste level

⁷ Includes unclassified postbaccalaureate students

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Some data have been revised from previously published figures.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Dats and "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys, and Projections of Education Statistics to 2000 (This table was prepared 1 ay 1989)

Table 3.—Enrollment in educational institutions, by level and by control of institution: 1869-70 to fall 2000 [in thousands]

	Total	Elementa-	Public ele	mentary and schools	secondary	Private ele	mentary and schools 1	secondary	Hig	her education	n 2
Year	enroil- ment, all levels	ry and secondary, total	Total	Kindergar- ten ^hrough grade 8	Grades 9 through 12	Total	Kindergar- ten through grade 8	Grades 9 th 3h	Total	Public	Privat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
869 –70	_	-	6,872	6,792	80			-	52		
87 9-8 0	_	l – i	9,868	9,757	110			_	116	_	
889-90	14,491	14,334	12,723	12,520	203	1,611	1,516	95	157	_	
899-1900	17,092	16,855	15,503	14,984	519	1,352	1,241	111	238	_	
909 –10	19,728	19,372	17,814	16,899	915	,,558	1,441	117	355	_	ļ.
919-20	23,876	23,278	21,578	19,378	2.200	1,699	1 400	014			
92 9- 30i	29,430	28,329	25,678	21,279	4,399	2,651	1,486	214	598	-1	
939-40	29,539	28,045	25,434	18,832	6,601	2,611	2,310	341	1,101		
949-50	31,151	28,492	25,111	19,387	5,725	3,380	2,153 2,708	458	1,494	797	
M 1959	44,497	40,857	35,182	26,911	8,271	5,675	4,640	672 1,035	2,659 3,640	1,355	1,3
DII 1964	52,996	47,716			ŀ	·				2,181	1,4
ali 1965	54,394	48,473	41,416 42,173	30,025	11,391	³ 6,300	³ 5,000	1,300	5,280	3,468	1,8
il 1966	55,629	49,239	43,039	30,563 31,145	11,610	6,300	4,900	1,400	5,921	3,970	1,8
ıli 1967	56,803	49,891	43,891		11,894	3 6,200	3 4,800	3 1,400	6,390	4,349	2,0
d 1968	58,257	50,744	44,944	31,641 32,226	12,250	³ 6,000	3 4,600	³ 1,400	6,912	4,816	2,0
	·		44,044	32,220	12,718	5,800	4,400	1,400	7,513	5,431	2,0
ii 1969	59,124	51,119	45,619	32,597	13,022	3 5,500	3 4,400	3 1,300	8,005	5,897	2,1
II 1970	59,853	51,272	45,909	32,577	13,332	5,363	4,052	1,311	8,581	6,426	2,1
# 1971	60,230	51,281	46,081	32,265	13,816	3 5,200	3 3,900	³ 1,300	8,949	6,420	2,1
JI 1972	59,959	50,744	45,744	31,831	13,913	3 5,000	3 3,700	3 1,300	9,215	7,071	2,1
JI 1973	60,031	50,429	45,429	31,353	14,077	³ 5,000	3 3,700	3 1,300	9,602	7,420	2,1
JI 1974	60,277	50,053	45,053	30,921	14,132	³ 5.000	3 3,700	34.000			
II 1975	60,976	49,791	44,791	30,487	14,304	3 5,000	3 3,700	3 1,300	10,224	7,989	2,2
# 1976	60,496	49,484	44,317	30,006	14,311	5,167	3,825	3 1,300	11,185	8,835	2,3
JI 1977	60,003	48,717	43,577	29,336	14,240	5,140	3,797	1,342 1,343	11,012	8,653	2,3
l 1978	58,896	47,636	42,550	28,328	14,223	5,086	3,732	1,353	11,286 11,260	8,847 8,7 <u>9</u> 8	2,4 2,4
1979	58,215	46,645	41,645	07.004	40.744	1	ľ			0,755	٤,٠
I 1980	58,414	46,318	40,987	27,931 27,674	13,714	3 5,000	3 3,700	³ 1,300	11,570	9,037	2,
I 1981	57,971	45,599	40,099	27,267	13,313	5,331	3,992	1,339	12,097	9,457	2,€
1982	57,678	45,252	39,652	27,156	12,833	3 5,500	3 4,100	3 1,400	12,372	9,647	2,7
l 1983	57,532	45,067	39,352	26,997	12,496 12,355	³ 5,600 5,715	3 4,200	³ 1,400	12,426	9,696	2,7
l 1984	57.007		[3,713	4,315	1,400	12,465	9,683	2,7
1985	57,237 57,313	44,995	39,295	26,918	12,377	³ 5,700	³ 4,300	3 1,400	12,242	9,477	2,7
1986	57,794	45,066	39,509	27,049	12,460	5,557	4,195	1,362	12,247	9,479	2,7
1987 4	58,140	45,289	39,837	27,404	12,434	³ 5,452	3 4,116	³ 1,336	12,505	9,715	2.7
1 1988 •	58,286	45,371 45,437	40,024 40,196	27,886	12,138	3 5,347	³ 4,118	³ 1,229	12,768	9,975	2,7
1		·	40,190	28,390	11,806	5,241	4,036	1,206	12,849	10,045	2,8
1 1989 5	58,682	45,595	40,323	28,818	11,505	5,272	4,097	1,175	13,087	10,188	2,8
1990	59,325	46,112	40,772	29,373	11,399	5,340	4,176	1,164	13,213	10,188	2,0 2,9
1991 •	59,951	46,718	41,306	29,803	11,503	5,412	4,237	1,175	13,233	10,308	2,9
1993 •	60,495	47,369	41,883	30,189	11,694	5,486	4.292	1,194	13,126	10,228	2,8
,	61,037	48,011	42,455	30,473	11,982	5,556	4,332	1,224	13,026	10,154	2,8
1994 •	61,599	48,644	43,023	30,642	12,381	5,621	1				
1995	62,057	49,122	43,453	30,751	12,702	5,669	4,356 4,372	1,265	12,955	10,102	2,8
1996	62,463	49,493	43,788	30,785	13,003	5,705	4,372	1,297	12,935	10,090	2,8
1997 •	62,745	49,697	43,974	30,767	13,207	5,703		1,329	12,973	10,121	2,8
1998	62,884	49,722	43,997	30,763	13,234	5,725	4,374 4,373	1,349 1,352	13,048 13,162	10,178	2, J
1999	62,950	49,668					[1,002	13,102	10,264	2,8
2000 •	62,908	49,530	43,954 43,835	30,603	13,351	5,714	4,351	1,363	13,282	10,356	2,9
	52,500	70,000	70,000	30,417	13,418	5,695	4,324	1,371	13,378	10,427	2,9

Beginning in fall 1980, data include estimates for an expanded universe of private schools. Therefore, these totals may differ from figures shown in other tables, and direct comparisons with earlier years should be avoided
 Data for 1989–70 through 1949–50 include resident degree-credit students enrolled at any time during the academic year. Reginning in 1959, data include all resident and extension students enrolled at the beginning of the fall term.

 Estimated.
 Residents data.

tion, residential schools for exceptional children, and Federal schools. Elementary enrollment includes some prekindergarten pupils. Higher education enrollment includes students in colleges, universities, professional schools, teachers colleges, and 2-year colleges. leges. Higher education enrollment projections are based on the middle alternative projections published by the National Center for Education Statistics. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems; Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems, Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, Projections of Education Statistics to 2000, Common Core of Data, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared May 1989)



Preliminary data
 Based on "Early Estimates" surveys

⁻Data not available

NOTE —Elementary and secondary enrollment includes pupils in local public school systems and in most private schools (religiously affiliated and nonsectanan), but generally excludes pupils in subcollegiate re-partments of institutions of higher educi.

Table 4.—Teachers in elementary and secondary schools, and senior instructional staff in institutions of higher education, by control of institution: Fall 1970 to fall 1995

[In thousands]

Level of instruction and type of control	Fall 1970	Fall 1975	Fall 1980	Fall 1981	Fall 1982	Fall 1983	Fall 1984	Fail 1985	Fall 1986	Fall 1987 ¹	Esti- mated fall 1988	Project- ed fall 1989	Project- ed fall 1990	Project- ed fall 1995
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
All levels	2,762	3,079	3,171	3,143	3,1∵6	3,187	3,225	3,265	3,314	3,363	3,390	3,447	3,486	3,65
Public	2.369 393	2,639 440	2,679 492	2,634 509	2,627 529	2,638 549	2,673 552	2,710 555	2,754 560	2,802 561	2,828 562	2,674 573	2,906 580	3,059 59
Elementary and secondary teachers 2	2,288	2,451	2,485	2,438	2,446	2,463	2,508	2,550	2,592	2,627	2,649	2,691	2,724	2,90
Public schools	2,055 233	2,196 3 255	2,184 301	2,125 3 313	2,121 3 325	2,126 337	2,168 3 340	2,207 343	2,244 3 348	2,279 3 348	2,304 345	2,340 352	2,3 6 7 357	2,529 38
Elementary teachers	1,281	1,352	1,401	1,380	1,402	1,418	1,448	1,483	1,517	1,551	1,567	1,592	1,827	1,71
Public schools	1,128 153	1,180 3 172	1,189 212	1,159 3 221	1,171 3 231	1,178 240	1,205 3 243	1,237 246	1,267 3 250	1,297 3 254	1,316 251	1,336 256	1,385 261	1,44: 27
Secondary teachers	1.007	1,099	1,084	1,057	1,044	1,045	1,060	1,067	1,075	1,076	1,081	1,099	1,097	1,19
Public schools	∌27 80	1,016 3 83	995 89	965 3 92	950 3 94	948 97	963 3 97	970 97	977 შეგ	952 3 94	987 94	1,003 96	1,001 96	1,087 104
Higher education senior instructional staff 4	474	628	³ 686	705	³ 710	724	3 717	3 715	3 722	· 373ơ	741	755	762	74:
Public institutions Private institutions	314 160	443 185	³ 495 ³ 191	509 196	3 506 3 204	512 212	3 505 3 212	³ 503 ³ 212	³ 510 ³ 212	³ 523 ³ 213	524 217	534 221	539 223	520 21

¹ Preliminary data



Includes teachers in local put. " school systems and in most private schools (religiously affiliated and nonsectorian) Excludes subcctlegiate departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, and Federal schools Teachers are reported in terms of full-time equivalents.

³ Estimated on the basis of enrollment.

⁴ includes full-time and reart-time faculty with the rank of instructor or above in colleger, universities, professional achoots, teachers colleges, and 2 year colleges. Excludes teaching assistsn's

NOTE -Some data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, *Projections of Education Statistics to 2000*, and Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, unpublished data. (This table was prepared May 1989.)

Table 5.—Educational institutions, by level and control of institution: 1976-77 to 1987-88

Level and control of institution	1976-77	1978-79	1980-81	1982-83	1984-85	1986-87	1987-88
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All institutions	-	_	117,707	_	_	_	_
Elementary and s/condary schools	_		106,746		109.623		
Elementary	74.053	73,062	72.659	_	72,534	_	_
Secondary	26,457	25,259	24.856	_	24.758	_	_
Combined	4.859	4,904	5,202	_		_	-
Other	-,000	7,504	4,029	_	6,545 5,786	_	_
Public schrols			05.000	04.740			
Elemen.ary	64 400	-	85,982	84,740	84,007	83,455	83,24
Seconder	61,123	60,312	59,326	58,051	57,231	58,801	59,31
Secondary	23,857	22,834	22,619	22,383	22,320	21,406	20,75
Combined	1,521	1,670	1,743	1,605	1,596	1,983	2,179
Other	_	_	2,294	2,701	2,860	1,265	1,000
Private schools	19,910	19,489	20,764	_	1 25,616	_	_
Elementary	12,930	12,750	13,333	_	1 15,303		_
Secondary	2,600	2.425	2,237	_	1 2,438	1	_
Combined	3,338	3.234	3,459	i	1 4,949	_	_
Other	1,042	1,080	1,735	_	1 2,926	_	_
Postsecondary institutions	_	_	² 10.961			12,362	12,056
Public	_	_	² 2.393	_	- 1		2,250
Private nonprofit		_	£ 2,359	_	_	2,363	
Proprietary	_	-		-	-	3,432	3,254
	-	_	² 6,209	-	-	6,567	6,552
Noncollegiate institutions	_	-	² 7,730	_	_	8,956	8,469
Public	-		2 896	_	_	830	653
Private nonprofit	-		² 790	_	_	1,797	1,581
Proprietary	- !	-	² 6,044	-	-	6,329	6,229
nstitutions of higher education 3	3.046	3.134	3,231	3,280	3.331	3,406	3,587
2-year colleges	1,133	1,193	1.274	1,296	1.306	1,336	1,452
Public	905	924	945	933	935	960	992
Private nonprofit	188	188	182	363	186		
Proprietary	40	81	147		,	173	186
	70	91	14/	(4)	185	203	274
4-year colleges	1,913	1.941	1.957	1.984	2,025	2.070	2,135
Public	550	550	552	560	566	573	599
Private nonprofit	1,348	1.376	1,387	1,424	1,430	1,462	1,487
Proprietary	15	15	18	(4)	29	35	49
	.5	.5	.6	(7)	29	35	49

¹ Data are for 1985-86 Data were collected from a sample survey that differed significantly from earlier surveys. The sample survey was designed to correct an undercount of about 10 percent that was known to have occurred in earlier surveys

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data and Private School surveys, Higher Education General Information Survey, "Institutional Characteristics of Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, "Institutional Characteristics." (This table was prepared March 1989)



⁸ Recause of changes in survey procedures, figures are not directly comparable with data for 1986–87 and 1987–88

³ Includes only those institutions designated as institutions of higher education by the Higher Education General Information Survey system Includes branch campuses Beginning in 1980, total includes some schools accredited by the National Association of Trade and Technical Schools

⁴ Included under "private nonprofit"

⁻Data not available

Table 6.—Percent of the population 3 to 34 years old enrolled in school,1 by age: April 1940 to October 1987

	Total.	0 4		7 45 40	444-4-	40	2	0 to 24 yea	rs	05 40 00	00 4-
Year	3 to 34 years	3 and 4 years	5 and 6 years	7 to 13 years	14 to 17 years	18 and 19 years	Total	20 and 21 years	22 to 24 years	25 to 29 years	30 to
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
940 ²		_	43.0	95.0	79.3	28.9	6.6	_	_		
945	_	_	60.4	98.1	78.4	20.7	3.9	I –	_	_	
947	_	_	58.0	98.5	79.3	24.3	10.2	_	i –	3.0	
948	_	_	56.0	98.1	81.8	26.9	9.7	l	l –	2.6	
349	_	_	59.3	98.6	81.6	25.3	9.2	-	_	3.8	
50	_	_	58.2	98.7	83.4	29.7	92	_	_	3.0	
51		_	54.5	99.1	85.2	26.2	8.6	l –	l –	2.5	
52	_	_	54.7	98.8	85.2	28.8	9.7	l –	_	2.6	
953	_	_	55.7	99.4	85.9	31.2	11.1	_	l _	2.9	
954	_	_	77.3	99.4	87.1	32.4	11.2	-	_	4.1	
955	_	_	78.1	99.2	86.9	31.5	11.1	_	_	4.2	
56	_	_	77.6	99.3	88.2	35 4	12.8	_	_	5.1	
957	_	_	78.6	99.5	89.5	34 9	14.0	l –	_	_	
958	_	_ :	80.4	99.5	89.2	37.6	134	_	_	_	
759	_	_	80.0	99.4	90.2	36.8	12.7	_	_	_	
60	_	_	80.7	99.5	90.3	38.4	13.1	_	_	4.9	
61	_	_	81.7	99.3	91.4	38.0	137	_	_		
62	_	_	82.2	99.3	92.0	41.8	15.6	l	_	_	
63	_	_	82.7	99.3	92.9	40.9	17.3	l _	i _		
384	_	_	83.3	99.0	93.1	41.6	16.8	-	_	5.2	
85	55.5	10.6	84.9	99.4	93.2	46.3	19.0	27.6	13.2	6.1	
66	56.1	12.5	85.8	99.3	93.7	47.2	199	29.9	13.2	6.5	
67	56.6	14.2	87.4	99.3	93.7	47.6	22.0	33.3	13.6	6.6	
)68	56.7	15.7	87.6	99.1	94 2	50.4	21.4	31.2	13.8	7.0	
)69	57.0	16.1	88.4	99.2	94.0	50.4	23.0	34.1	15.4	7.9	
70	56.4	20.5	89.5	99.2	94.1	47.7	21.5	31.9	14.9	7.5	
071	56.2	21.2	91.6	99.1	94.5	49.2	21,9	32.2	154	8.0	
72	54.9	24.4	91.9	99.2	93.3	46.3	21.6	31.4	14.8	8.6	
73	53.5	24.2	92.5	99.2	92.9	42.9	20.8	30.1	14.5	8.5	
74	53.6	28.8	94.2	99 3	92.9	43.1	21.4	30.2	15.1	9.6	:
75	53.7	31.5	94.7	99 3	93.6	46.9	22.4	31.2	16.2	10.1	
78	53.1	31.3	95.5	99.2	93.7	46.2	23.3	32.0	17.1	10.0	
77	52.5	32.0	95.8	99.4	93.6	46.2	22.9	31.8	16.5	10.8	
978	51.2	34.2	95.3	99.1	93.7	45.4	21.8	29.5	16.3	9.4	
79	50.3	35.1	95.8	99.2	93.6	45.0	21.7	30.2	15.8	9.6	
60	49.7	36.7	95.7	99.3	93.4	46.4	22.3	31.0	16.3	9.3	
81	48.9	36.0	95.7 94.0	99.2	94.1	49.0	22.5	31.6	16.5	9.0	
82	48.6	36.4	94.0 95.0	99.2	94.1 94.4	49.0 47.8	23 5	34.0	16.8	9.6	
183	48.4	36.4 37.5		99.2 99.2	94.4 95.0	50.4	23.5	32.5	16.6	9.6	
84	47.9	36 3	95.4 94.5	99.2	94.7	50.4 50.1	22.7 23.7	33.9	17.3	9.1	
085	48.3	38.9	96.1	99.2	94.9	51.6	24.0	35.3	16.9	9.2	
988	48.2	38.9	95 3	99.2	94.9	54.6	23 6	33.0	17.9	88	
987	48.6	38.3	95.1	99.5	95.0	54.6 55.6	25.5	38.7	17.5	9.0	
	₩.0	30.3	90.1	88.5	8 5.0	JJ.0	20.0	j 30./	17.5	5 .0	

¹ includes enrollment in any type of graded public, parochial, or other private school in regular school systems. Includes nursery schools, kindergartens, elementary schools, colleges, universities, and professional schools. Attendance may be on either a full-time or part-time basis and during the day or night. Enrollments in "special" schools, such as trade schools, business colleges, or correspondence schools, are not included

⁸ Data are as of April 1940. Data for all other years are as of October

— Data not available.

NOTE -Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population

SOURCE- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Historical Statistics of the United States, Colonial Times to 1970, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, various years, and unpublished data. (This table was prepared March 1969.)



14 ALL LEVELS: ENROLLMENT RATES

Table 7.—Percent of the population 3 to 34 years old enrolled in school,1 by race/ethnicity, sex, and age: October 1987

Sex and age	All races	White	Black	Hispanic origin ²	Sex and age	All races	White	Black	Hispanic origin ²
1	2	خ	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Both sexes					Male (continued)				
Total, 3 to 34 years	48.4	47.7	51.7	45.3	14 and 15 years		98.8	98.1	99.
3 and 4 years	38.3	38.2	36.8	00.0	18 and 17 years	92 3	92.5	91 8	91 (
and 6 years	95.1	94.8	95.8	28.3	18 and 19 years	57.9	57.3	58 7	44.
7 to 9 years	99.6	99.8	99.7	92.5	20 and 21 years	41 2	42.1	30.3	30.
10 to 13 years	99.5	99.4	99.8	99 0	22 to 24 years	18 7	18.4	15.5	10.
14 and 15 years	98.6	98.5		99.3	25 to 29 years		8.8	8 4	8.
16 and 17 years	91.7	91.8	98.3	97.5	30 to 34 years	50	5.0	3.4	3.
16 and 19 years	55.6	55.3	91.5	86.4		ļ		i	
20 and 21 years	38.7		53 2	41.2	Female	I	1		
22 to 24 years	17.5	39.8	28.7	28 3			1		
25 to 29 years	17.5	17.3	15.0	12.5	Total, 3 to 34 years	47 4	46.7	49.8	45.4
25 to 29 years	9.0	8.7	9.3	8.1	[i		1
30 to 34 years	5 8	5.7	8.0	4.4	3 and 4 years	36.5	36.4	34.4	28.
Mole		1	į	ì	5 and 8 years	94 5	944	94.1	91.
mare .					7 to 9 years	99.5	99 5	99.3	98.
Total 0.4-04					10 to 13 years	99 2	99 1	99.7	98.0
Total, 3 to 34 years	49.8	48.8	54.0	45.2	14 and 15 years	98.4	98.3	98.6	95.2
	- 1			J	18 and 17 years	91.1	91.0	912	81.6
and 4 years	40 0	39.8	39.0	27 7	18 and 19 ars	53 4	53 3	48.2	38.0
and 6 years	95.7	95.2	97.4	93.8	20 and 21 rs	36.4	37.3	27.4	25.8
to 9 years	99.7	99.8	100.0	99.4	22 to 24 ye	18.4	16.2	14.8	14.7
0 to 13 years	99.7	99.7	99.8	100.0	25 to 29 years	90	8.7	10.0	7.9
					30 to 34 years	6.7	6.4	8.1	7.8 5.1

¹ includes enrollment in any type of graded public, parochial, or other private school in regular school systems. Includes nursery schools, kindergartens, elementary schools, high schools, colleges, universities, and professional schools. Attendance may be on either a full-time or part-time basis and during the day or night. Enrollments in "special" schools, such as trade schools, business colleges, or correspondence schools, are not included.

NOTE -- Data are based upon a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional popula-

SOURCE U.S. Departr.ent of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey, unpublished data (This table was prepared March 1989)



^{*}Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Table 8.—Years of school completed by persons age 25 and over and 25 to 29, by race: 1910 to 1988

	Percen	t, by years of completed	school	Median		Percen	t, by years of completed	school	Median
Race, age, and date	Less than 5 years of elementa- ry school	4 years of high school or more	4 or more years of college	school years completed	Race, age, and date	Less than 5 years of elementa- ry school	4 years of high school or more	4 or more years of college	school years completed
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
All races					White 2 (continued)				
5 and over				į.	25 to 29	i			
1910 '	23 8	13 5	27	81	1920 1	129	22 0	45	8.
1920 1	22 0	16 4	33	82	April 1940	34	41 2	64	10
1930 1	17.5	19 1	39	8.4	April 1950	33	56 3	8.2	12
April 1940	13 7	24.5	46	86	April 1960	22	63 7	118	12
April 1950	11.1	34 3	62	93	March 1970	09	77 8	173	12
April 1960	8.3	41.1	7.7	105	March 1975	10	84 4	22.8	12
March 1970	53	55 2	11 0	122	March 1980	l ö.ä	86 9	23.7	12
March 1975	42	625	13 9	123	March 1982	0.5	86 9	22 7	12
March 1960	34	68.6	170	125	March 1985	08	86 8	23 2	12
March 1962	30	71 0	177	126	March 1986	09	86 5	23 5	12
March 1965		73 9	40.4	126	March 4007		863	23 0	12
	2.7		19.4		March 1987	08	866	23 0	12
Merch 1986	27	74.7	19 4	12.8	March 1988	10	866	235	12
March 1967	24 24	75 8 76 2	19 9 20 3	127 127	Black and other races 2				i
5 to 29		""	200	,	5.50x 2.10 50.10 12555				
April 1940	59	38 1	59	103	25 and over	1			1
April 1950	46	528	77	121	April 1940	418	77	1.3	5
April 1980	28	607	110	12.3	April 1950	326	137	22	6
		75 4	164		April 1950 .	23 5	217	35	8
	11			126			36 1	61	10
Merch 1975	10	63 1	21 9	128	March 1970 . March 1975.	147 117	46 4	92	11
March 1980	08	85 4	22 5	129		1			
March 1962	0.8	86 2	21 7	128	March 1960	88	54 6	111	12
March 1985,	0.7	86 1	22 2	129	March 1982	7.4	58 1	124	12
March 1968	0.9	86 1	22 4	129	March 1985	60	63 2	154	12
March 1987	0.9	86 0	22 0	128	March 1986 .	5.5	653	152	12
March 1968	10	85 9	22 7	128	March 1987	51	867	157	12
					March 1988	51	65.7	164	12
White ²					25 to 29				
5 and over					1920 1	44 6	63	12	5
April 1940 .	10 9	26 1	49	8.7	April 1940	27 0	123	16	7
April 1950	89	36 4	66	97	April 1950	16 1	23 6	28	8
April 1960	67	43.2	81	108	April 1980	7.2	38 6	54	10
March 1970 .	42	57 4	116	122	March 1970	22	58.4	100	12.
March 1975	33	64 5	14.5	124		_		_	
	. '] _ [March 1975	07	73 8	15.4	12
March 1980 .	26	70 5	178	125	March 1980	10	77.0	15 2	12
March 1982	24	72 8	18 5	126	March 1982	07	82 2	158	12
March 1985	2 2	75 5	20 0	127	March 1985	0.5	82 4	167	12
March 1986 .	2 2	76 2	20 1	127	March 1986	09	84 3	183	12
March 1987 .	20	770	20 5	127	il e				l
March 1988	20	77 7	20 9	127	March 1987	11	84 1	189	12
		1			March 1988	12	82 0	18 1	12

¹ Estimates based on retrojection, by the Bureau of the Census, of 1940 census data on education by age 2 Persons of Hispanic ongin are included, as appropriate, in the "white" or in the

Some data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Census of Population, 19°0, Vol. 1, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-20, Series P-19, No. 4, 1960 Census Monograph, "Education of the American Population," by John K. Folger and Charles B. Nam. and unpublished data. (This table was prepared December 1988.)



[&]quot;black and other races" category

³ NOTE -Data for 1975 and subsequent years are for the connstitutional population

Table 9.—Years of school completed by persons 1 age 18 and over, by age, sex, and race/ethnicity: 1988

[in thousands]

		Elementa	ary level					
Age, sex, and race	Total population 1	Less than		High s			College	•
1		8 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	5 years or more
	2	3	4	5	88	7	8	9
18 and over	177,677	10,876	8,403	22,464	70,194	32.932	40.000	40.40
18 and 19 years old 20 to 24 years old	7,221 18,640	88 446	132 312	2.610 2,041	3,453 7,801	935 6,213	19,622 3 1,749	13,18 27
25 years old and over	151,816	10,341	7,959	17,813				
25 to 29 years old 30 to 34 years old	21,523 21,446	502 635	330 288	2,205	58,940 9,093	25,784 4,514	17,870 3,4 6 3	12,91 1,39
35 to 39 years old 40 to 49 years old	18,854 28,604	697	285	1,877 1,523	8,796 7,162	4,554 4,184	3,345 2,772	1,95 2,25 3,57 1,79
50 to 59 years old. 60 to 69 years old	21,870	1,203 1,873	735 1,285	2,854 3,080	11,345 8,943	5,261 3,047	3,636 2,049	3,57
70 years old and over	20,595 18,724	2,212 3,417	1,888 3,148	3,309 2,967	8,039 5,562	2,475 1,769	1,499 1,086	1,17 77
Men							= =====	
18 and over. 18 and 19 years old	64,776 3,581	5,429 54	3,824	10,724	31,143	15,439	10,311	7,90
20 to 24 years old	9,254	250	7 9 145	1,439 1,067	1,621 3,848	387 2,999	1 786	15
25 years old and over 25 to 29 years old	71,941 10,669	5,125	3,600	8,217	25,674	12,053	9,525	7,74
30 to 34 years old 35 to 39 years old	10,651	286 349	154 115	1,190 1,028	4,375 4,219	2,166 2,112	1,733 1,738	764
4C to 49 years old	9,321 13,959	372 618	147 377	705	3,266 4,946	2,045	1,497	1,09 1,28
50 to 59 years old 60 to 69 years old	10,485 9,478	681 1,123	688 880	1,287 1,318 1,551	3,757	2,516 1,461	1,982 1,180	2,23 1,19
70 years old and over Women	7,377	1,496	1,239	1,139	3,159 1,952	1,099 654	909 486	759 410
8 and over 18 and 19 years old	92,902	5,444	4,579	11,743	39,051	17,494	9,308	5, 26 4
20 to 24 years old	3,640 9,586	34 194	53 187	1,171 974	1,832 3,953	549 3,213	963	119
5 years old and over	79,878	5,218	4,359	9,597	33,26	13,731		5,165
25 to 29 years old 30 to 34 years old	10,854	216 286	178 173	1,015 649	4,718	2,348	8,345 1,750	633 860
35 to 39 years old 40 to 49 years old	533 1 045	325 585	138 358	818	4,577 3,896	2,442 2,119	1,807 1,275	962
50 to 59 years old 60 to 69 years old	11,385	792	597	1,587 1,762	8,399 5,186	2,745 1,586	1,654 869	1,338 594
70 years old and over	.1,117 11,347	1,089 1,921	1,008 1,909	1,758 1,828	4 880 3,610	1,376 1,115	590 600	415 363
White 2 8 and over								
18 and 19 years old	152,644 5,927	8,299 72	7,262 95	18,119 2,036	61,090 2,905	28,640 817	17,402	11,833
20 to 24 years old	15,625	38∌	245	1,563	6,390	5,224	1,557	259
5 years old and over 25 to 29 years old.	131,092	7,839	6,923	14,520	51,795	22,599	15,842	11,574
30 to 34 years old 35 to 39 years old	18,070 18,078	437 531	269 238	1,710 1,431	7,837 7,415	3,784 3,857	3,031 2,922	1,222
40 to 49 years old	16,059 24,683	582 942	225 5.95	1,142	8,073	3,598	2,421	1, 686 2,01 6
50 to 59 years old 60 to 69 years old	19,001 18,308	1,247	1.091	2,240 2,465	9,857 8,055	4,624 2,730	3,197 1,824	3,228 1,589
70 years old and over	16,894	1,550 2,552	1,617 2,867	2,830 2,702	7,465 5,294	2,350 1,878	1,413 1,034	1,085 747
Black ² 8 and over .	19,549	2,067	004			ł		
18 and 19 years old 20 to 24 years old	1,043 2,576	15	961 30	3,677 486	7,541 432	3,173 79	1,227	702
5 years old and over		49	61	424	1,195	712	125	9
25 to 29 years old .	15,930 2,701	2,003 26	870 48	2,966 444	5,914	2,382	1,102	693
30 to 34 years old 35 to 39 years old	2.571	76 71	37	397	1,279 1,187	532	254 248	78 113
40 to 49 years old 50 to 59 years old 60 to 69 years old	2,122 2,913 2,250	174	38 119	336 557	931 1,216	432 455	196	119
60 to 69 years old	2,250 1,861	345 575	165 227	581 442	706 421	234 95	201 120	118
70 years old and over	1,512	736	236	229	194	81	49 34	119 190 118 52 23
and over	12,605	3,067	803	2,108	3,854	1,696	700	070
16 and 19 years old 20 to 24 years old	690 1,975	45 247	33 88	304 389	260 780	48	702 	373 — 12
years old and over	9,940	2,775	682	1,415	2,813	1,258	i	
25 to 29 years old 30 to 34 years old	2,044 1,741	327 359	90 74	353 243	701	342	634 165	361 65
35 to 35 veers old	1,553	372	71	217	538 495	305 229	150 97	70 73
40 to 49 years old 50 to 59 years old 80 to 69 years old 	1,857 1,322	519 498	124 132	262 180	553 297	215 98	106	65 70 73 79 50 17
70 years old and over .	852 571	378	98 93	118	158	55	70 31	50 17 8
your old gill over ,	571	324	93	42	74	16	15	

lation, they are included in the table to permit various types of aggregations. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Causus, Current Population Survey, unpublished data. (This table was prepared December 1988.)



¹ Chillian noninstitutional population.
2 Includes persons of Hispanic origin
3 Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race
— Data not applicable or available.

NOTE.—Data are based on sample surveys of the nonnetitutional population Although cells with fewer than 75,000 people are subject to relatively wide sampling var-

Table 10.—Number of persons age 18 and over who hold a bachelor's or higher degree, by field of study, sex, race, and age: Spring 1984

[Numbers in thousands]

		s	ех	Rs	ICO			A	ge		
Field of study	Total	Men	Women	White	Black	18 to 24 years old	25 to 34 years old	35 to 44 years old	45 to 54 years old	55 to 64 years old	65 years old and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Total population, 18 and over	170,232	80,834	89,398	147,147	18,475	28,494	40,474	30,480	22,264	22,060	26,458
Number of persons with bachelor's or higher degree Percent of population	26,381 15.5	14,711 18,2	11,670 13.1	24,036 16 3	1,334 7.2	2,036 7.1	8,595 21 2	7,057 23.2	3,474 15 6	2,812 12.7	2, 40 1 9.1
Agriculture and forestry Biology Business and management Economics Education Engineering English and journalism Home economics Law Liberal arts and humanities. Mathematics and statistics Medicine and demistry. Nursing, pharmacy, and health technologies Police science and law enforcement. Psychology	427 620 4,462 462 5,297 2,176 1,029 368 928 2,371 541 872 1,151 741	389 322 3,346 391 1,514 2,000 406 21 777 979 351 707 194 553 113 294	38 298 1,116 71 3,783 176 623 345 151 1,392 190 165 957 188 41	419 556 4,058 403 4,890 1,952 975 330 860 2,215 488 776 997 669 140	7.2 21 238 23 347 72 35 23 45 73 33 32 57 17 14	22 62 504 43 155 286 97 9 24 235 35 32 79 60 15	212 155 271 1,490 150 1,466 591 285 110 273 784 200 269 433 235 598	23.2 101 117 1,303 1188 1,699 477 213 66 335 517 128 251 281 189 71 1198	15 6 77 581 72 743 322 146 25 139 286 90 107 168 113 89	70 53 385 53 566 317 145 90 93 227 62 140 110 66 10	9.1 34 38 198 24 667 182 144 65 64 323 28 81 78 78
Religion and theology	467 1,764 157 1,647	402 840 142 970	65 924 15 677	445 1,560 138 1,458	18 156 15 80	17 134 13 155	114 731 69 629	77 486 26 402	103 143 21 204	59 158 18 131	96 113 10 126

Percentage distribution of degree holders, by field

Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture and forestry	16	26	03	1.7	_	11	18	14	1.3	2.5	1.4
Biology	2.4	22	2.6	2.3	16	3.0	32	17	2.2	19	1.6
Business and management	169	22.7	96	169	17.8	24 8	17.3	18.5	167	13.7	82
Economics	1.8	27	06	1.7	17	21	17	17	2.1	1.9	10
Education	20.1	103	32.4	20 3	26 0	76	17 1	24 1	214	20.1	27.8
Engineering	8.2	13.6	15	81	54	140	69	68	93	11.3	7.6
English and journalism	39	28	53	41	26	48	33	30	42	5.2	60
Home economics	14	01	30	14	1.7	U.4	13	0.9	0.7	32	2.7
Law	3.5	53	13	3.6	34	12	32	47	40	3.3	2,7
Liberal arts and humanities	90	67	11.9	92	55	115	9.1	73	82	8.1	13,5
Mathematics and statistics	21	24	1.6	20	25	17	23	18	2.6	2.2	1.1
Medicine and dentistry	33	48	14	32	24	11	31	3.6	3.1	50	3.4
Nursing, pharmacy, and health technologies	4.4	1.3	8 2	41	43	39	50	40	48	3.9	3.2
Physical and earth sciences	28	38	1.6	28	13	29	2.7	27	33	2,3	3.2
Police science and law enforcement	06	08	04	06	10	07	07	10	_	0.4	_
Psychology	2.8	2.0	39	29	20	34	33	28	2.6	2,1	22
Heligion and theology	1.8	27	06	19	13	08	13	1.1	30	21	4.0
Social sciences	67	57	79	65	117	66	85	69	41	5.6	47
Vocational and technical studies	06	10	01	06	11	06	08	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.4
Other fields	62	6.6	58	61	66	76	73	5 7	5.9	47	5.2

⁻Data not available or not applicable

NOTE —Data are based on sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-70, No. 11, "Educational Background and Economic Status Spring 1984." (This table was prepared October 1987.)



Table 11.—Highest educational level and degree earned by persons age 18 and over, by sex, race, and age: Spring 1984

[Numbers in thousands]

		,								
Sex, race, and age	Total	Not high school graduate	High school graduate only	Some college, no degree	Vocation- al	Associate degree	Bache- lor's degree	Master's degree	Profes- sional degree	Doctor's degree
11	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11
Total population, 18 and										
over	170.232	44,324	60.358	30,301	3,105	5,768	48.000	E 705	4 7 4 4	
Men	80,834	20,448	26,407	15,444	1,023		18,069	5,79 5	1,744	76
Women	89,398	23,878	33,951	14,857	2,082	2,804 2,964	9,581 8,488	3,110 2,685	1,432 312	58 18
			_	'	2,002	2,551	0,100	2,003	312	10
White, total	147,147	35,855	53,120	26,255	2,769	5,108	18,339	5,353	1.634	70
Men	70,278	16,606	23,270	13,444	919	2,498	8,703	2,923	1,355	550
Women	78,871	19,249	29,859	12,811	1,850	2,810	7,636	2,430	279	14
Black, total	10 475	7 400	0.040					,		
Men	18,475	7,133	8,043	3,229	254	482	963	286	53	3
	8,274	3,263	2,589	1,589	70	197	418	101	35	14
Women	10,201	3,870	3,454	1,640	184	285	547	185	18	10
Age	i									
18 to 24 years old	28,494	5.346	11.048	8,698	389	978	4 000			
25 to 34 years old	40,474	5,770	14,973	8,231	806		1,968	63		
35 to 44 years old	30,480	5.067	10.883			2,099	8,353	1,585	509	147
45 to 54 years old	22,264	-,		5,428	678	1,366	4,318	1,947	538	255
55 to 64 years old		5,883	8,959	2,832	455	662	2,109	993	249	123
65 years old and mass	22,060	7,977	7,789	2,875	385	422	1,750	681	258	129
65 years old and over	26,458	14,261	8,706	2,436	391	241	1,570	526	193	114
_				Percentage (disamou tion, b	y highest deg	ree earned			
Total population, 18 and	Ī									
OVer	100.0	26.0	35.5	17.8	1.8	3.4	10.6	3.4	1.0	0.5
Men	100 0	25.3	32.7	19.1	1.3	3.5	11.3			
Women	100.0	26.7	38.0	18.6	23			3.8	1.8	0.7
	100.0	20.7	30.0	10.0	23	3.3	9.5	30	0.3	0.2
White, total	100.0	24.4	36 1	17.8	1.9	35	11.1	3.8	1.1	0.5
Men	100.0	23.8	33.1	19.1	1.3	36	12.4	42	1.9	0.8
Women	100 0	25.0	38.8	18 7	2.4	3.4	9.9	3.2	0.4	0.2
Black, total	100.0	00.0	20.7	4				_	ľ	
Men		38.6	32.7	17.5	1.4	28	5.2	15	0.3	0.2
	100.0	39.4	31.3	192	08	2.4	5.0	1.2	0.4	0 2
Women	100.0	37.9	33.9	18.1	1.8	2.8	5.4	1.8	0.2	0.2
lge	ľ		!				ļ	}		
18 to 24 years old	100.0	18.8	38.8	30.5	1.4	ا . ا	ادرم	أمم	,,,	
25 to 34 years old	100.0	14.3	37.0			3.4	6.9	0.2	(1)	(1)
35 to 44 years old	100.0	18.8		20.3	2.0	5 2	15.7	3.9	1.3	0.4
45 to 54 years old	100.0		35.7	17 8	2.2	45	14.2	8.4	1.8	9.0
55 to 64 years old		26 4	40.2	12.7	20	3.0	9.5	4.5	1.1	0.8
85 years old and over	100 0	36.2	35 3	12.1	1.7	1.9	7.9	3.1	1.2	0.6
00 TOELS ON BING OVER	100.0	54 0	25.3	9.2	1.5	0.9	59	2.0	0.7	0.4

¹ Less than 05 percent.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Ropulation Reports*, Series P-70, No. 11, "Educational Background and Economic Status Spring 1984." (This table was prepared October 1987.)

NCTE,—Data are based on sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



⁻⁻ Data not available or not applicable

Table 12.—Years of school completed by persons age 25 and over, by State: April 1980

	Number of persons	<u>P</u>	ercent of population c	ompleting at least—	
State	25 years old and over (in thousands)	High sch	ool	Coll	ege
	Over (in thousands)	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more
1	2	3	4	5	6
United States	132,836	81.7	66.5	31.9	1(
Vabama	2,217	75 0	56.5	24.7	1;
Vaska	211	91.0	82.5	43.7	2
vizone	1,559	85.0	72 4	38 0	17
rkansas	1,337	73.2	55 5	22.3	10
alifornia	14,044	85.8	73 5	42.0	19
olorado	1,664	89.4	78 6	44.1	2
onnecticut	1,900	83.7	70.3	35.9	2
elaware	345	85.2	68.6	32 4	1
strict of Columbia	399	83 0	67.1	415	ż
orida	6,250	82.4	66.7	31.6	1.
eorgia	3,086	76.3	EC 4	27.0	10
awaii	548	83.8	56.4 73.8	27 9	
aho	514	87.4	73.8	38.8 37 2	2
nois	6,679				
diana	3,136	81 5 83 4	66.5 66.4	31.4 24.6	1
	4 700	20.0			
WA	1,700	83.3	71.5	28 6	1
\$n\$8\$	1,388	85.4	73.3	34.2	1
entucky	2,087	68.7	53.1	21 8	1
sine	2,281 662	75.1 83.4	57.7 68.7	26 7 29 4	1
				254	•
aryland	2,499	83.5	67.4	34 9	2
iohia. a	3,463	85.6	72.2	35.8	2
ichigen	5,254	84.9	68 0	30.0	1
linewotaliseissippi	2,346 1,368	83.3 73.0	73 1 54.8	34.5 25 6	1° 1;
No. and					
lissourilontana	2,919 451	78.3	63.5	27 2	1
ebraska		85.7	74.4	36 5	1
	912	84.9	73.4	32.8	1
evadaew Hampshire	480 542	90.4 85.3	75 5 72.3	35 1 35 1	1
ew Mexico	4,504	82 3	67 4	31 5	1
	707	82 3	68 9	34 7	1
sw York	10,721	81.7	66 3	32.2	1
orth Carolina	3,403	75.4	54 8	27.0	1
orth Dakota	365	75 2	66 4	35.1	1
hio	6,292	84.6	67.0	26 5	1
klahoma	1,770	81.6	66.0	31 2	1
regon	1,580	88.5	75.6	38.5	1
ennsylvania	7,240	81.6	64 7	24 3	1
hode Island	575	793	61 1	28 3	1
outh Ceroline	1,733	743	53 7	26.7	1
outh Dakota	390	78.0	67.9	31.7	i
nnessee	2,692	723	56.2	245	1:
X88	7,944	793	62 6	33 8	10
ah	705	93 0	80.0	44 1	1:
ermont	205	90.0	74.0		1:
rginia	295 3,133	83 3 78 4	71 0 62.4	34.7	
ashington		- 1		34.0	11
est Virginia	2,439	89 7	77 6	40 2	11
	1,147	72 0	56 0	20 4	10
/isconsin	2,705	82.0	69 6	29 2	1:
/yoming	255	90.0	779	37 9	1

NOTE.—Data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1986 (This table was prepared September 1988.)



Table 13.—Years of school completed by persons age 25 and over in the 15 largest States and the 15 largest metropolitan areas: March 1987

	Per	cent completing	-		Per	cent completing	
State	Less than 4 years of high school	4 years of high school or more	4 years of college or more	Metropolitan area 1	Less than 4 years of high school	4 years of high school or more	4 years of college or more
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States 2	24.4	75.6	19.9				
California	21 1	78.9	23.5	Atlanta, Georgia	20 3	79.7	26.0
Florida	229	77.1	19.7	Baltimore, Maryland	27.5	79.7 72.5	20.
Geo::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	28 8	71.2	19.1	Boston, Massachusetts	16.0		33.3
Illinois	23 6	76 4	20.2	Chicago, Illinois	22.8	84.0	
Indiana	24 0	76.0	13 3	Dallas, Texas	22.8 18.8	77.2 81.2	24 2 28 0
Massachusetts	196	00.4					_
		80 4	26.5	Detroit, Michigan	26 5	73.5	17.8
Michigan	24 5	75 5	16 5	Houston, Texas	20 4	79.6	32 4
Missouri	21 9	78 1	17 9	Los Angeles/Long Beach,	25.0		
New Jersey	23 1	76 9	00.0	California	250	75.0	21.4
New York	25 0	75 0	23 3	Minneapolis/St Paul, Minnesota	12.9	87 1	25.7
	250	/50	23.2	Nassau/Suffolk, New York	15.2	84.8	27.3
North Carolina	322	678	16 6	New York, New York	29.7	70.3	25.0
Оню	24 4	75 6	150	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	23 2	76.8	20.0
Pennsylvania	24 5	75 5	17.2	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	22 9	77.1	14.8
Texas	28 0	720	198	St Louis MO/II	20.2	79.8	21.7
/irginia	27 7	72 3	23 5	Washington, DC/MD/VA	12.0	88.0	37.5

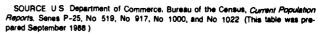
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Senes P-20, No. 428, "Educational Attainment in the United States March 1967 and 1986." (This table was prepared October 1988.)

Table 14.—Estimates of resident population, by age group: July 1, 1960 to July 1, 1987

[In thousands]

Year	Total, all ages	Total, 3 to 34 years	3 and 4 years	5 and 6 years	7 to 13 years	14 to 1 <i>7</i> years	18 and 19 years	20 and 21 years	22 to 24 years	25 to 29 years	30 to 34 years
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
960	179,979	90,722	8,063	7,811	25,155	11,211	4,886	4,443	6,425	10,823	11,90
961	182,992	92,597	8,207	7,924	25,293	12 046	5,411	4,635	6,587	10,756	11,73
962	185,771	94,396	8,190	8,108	25,790	12,751	5,617	4,943	6,710	10,730	11,54
963	188,483	96,275	8,152	8,251	26,326	13,492	5,461	5,467	6,930	10,740	11,34
964	191,141	98,281	8,206	8,233	27,011	14,264	5,429	5,685	7,258	11,051	11,14
96 5	193,526	100.210	8,190	8,190	27,563	14,146	6,450	5,503	7,902	11,226	11,040
966	195,576	101,993	8,031	8,251	28,032	14,398	7,183	5,417	8,198	11,521	10,962
96 7	197,457	103,635	7,888	8,237	28,392	14,727	6,928	6,289	8,278	11,943	10,95
968	199,399	105,363	7,645	8,074	28,732	15,170	6,988	6,972	8,082	12,624	11,07
969	201,385	106,931	7,253	7,930	28,907	15,549	7,119	6,787	8,980	13,119	11,28
970	203,984	108,653	6,962	7,703	28,969	15,921	7,410	6,850	9,728	13.604	11,50
971	206,827	110,482	6,805	7,344	28,892	16,326	7,644	7,106	10,596	13,927	11,842
972	209,264	112,287	6,789	7,051	28,628	16,637	7,854	7,447	10,418	15,142	12,32
973	211,357	113,954	6,938	6,888	28,159	16.864	8,044	7,656	10,615	15,894	13,094
974	213,342	115,641	7,117	6,864	27,599	17,033	8,196	7 893	10,864	16,428	13,64
975	215,465	1.7,006	6 912	7.014	26,904	17,125	8,416	8,089	11,228	17,183	14,13
976	217,563	118,073	6,437	7,194	26,321	17,117	8,604	8,240	11,554	18,177	14,428
977	219,760	118,853	6,190	6,978	25,878	17,042	8,613	8,456	11,856	18,180	15,66
978	222,095	119,414	6,208	6,499	25,593	16,944	8,617	8,628	12,120	18,585	16,218
979	224,567	120,126	6,252	6,256	25,174	16,610	8,698	8,653	12,443	19,077	16,961
980	227,255	121,149	6,369	6.293	24,803	16,140	8,713	8,664	12,716	19.697	17,754
981	229,637	122,057	6,551	6,327	24,428	15,599	8,553	8,723	12,892	20,200	18,786
982	231,996	121,916	6,689	6,429	24,184	15,040	8,425	8,700	12,887	20,200	18,808
983	234,284	122,158	6,924	6,606	23,803	14,720	8,204	8,551	12,938		
984	236,477	122,422	7,104	6,742	23,495	14,705	7,816	8,424	12,938	21, 20 2 21,5 3 5	19,211 19,696
98 5	233,736	122,715	7,212	6.976	23,135	14,865	7,500	8,186	12,814	21,758	20,269
986	241,000	122,934	7,275	7,160	23,190	14,797	7,322	7,808	12,603	22,005	20,774
987	243,400	122,940	7,228	7,263	23,560	14,467	7,315	7,491	12,301	21,980	21,335

NOTE —Some data have been revised from previously published figures





Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area
 Includes data for all States and the District of Columbia

Table 15.—Estimates of school-age¹ resident population, by race and sex: July 1, 1960 to July 1, 1987 [in thousands]

Year		Total			White 2	1		Black ²		C	other races	2
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Femal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
960	44,176	22,437	21,739	38,366	19.532	18,832	5,366	2,677	2.690	446	228	2
76 1	45,263	22,995	22,269	39,220	19,975	19,246	5,575	2,782	2,792	469	238	2
962	48,648	23,706	22,941	40.352	20,560	19,791	5,802	2,897	2,906	496	251	2
963	48,070	24,438	23,633	41,524	21,164	20,361	6,025	3,009	3.016	520	264	2
964	49,509	25,174	2∉336	42,692	21,765	∴,329	6 272	3,135	3,137	545	275	2
965	46 500	25,377	24,522	42,891	21,872	21,019	6,440	3,220	3,221	567	285	2
966	50,561	25,784	24,898	43,469	22,176	21,293	6,619	3.3√ າ	3.311	594	300	2
87	51,357	26,135	25,224	43,969	22,438	21,529	6,768	3,383	3.384	622	314	3
88	51,974	26,456	25,517	44,422	22,677	21,744	6,903	3,453	3,450	649	325	3
69	52,386	26,675	25,711	44,697	22,826	21,871	7,016	3,511	3,505	673	338	3
70	52,593	26,793	25,801	44,783	22,877	21,906	7,108	3,561	3.547	703	355	
), ,	52,562	26,780	25,782	44,644	22,809	21,834	7.182	3,600	3,583	737	371	
)72	52,316	26,658	25,658	44,336	22,655	21,681	7,211	3,615	3,596	768	388	
)73	51,910	26,456	25,455	43,898	22,434	21,464	7,213	3,617	3,596	799	405	
)74	51,498	<i>2</i> 6,249	25,249	43,454	22,210	21,244	7,213	3,618	3,596	830	420	•
75	51,044	26,022	25,022	42,950	21,956	20,994	7,199	3,611	3,588	895	456	
976	50,633	25,822	24,811	42,477	21,721	20,755	7,208	3,617	3,591	948	483	4
77	49,897	25,456	24,441	41,737	21,350	20,386	7,167	3,600	3,568	994	506	4
78	49,038	25,024	24,013	40,883	20,919	19,964	7,116	3,576	3,540	1,039	530	
79	48,041	24,524	23,517	39,910	20,427	19,484	7,037	3,538	3.498	1,094	560	
80	47,236	24,139	23,098	39,003	19,982	19,020	6,997	3,523	3,472	1,237	634	•
81	48,353	23,695	22,659	38,118	19,532	18,586	6,924	3,491	3,433	1,310	672	6
82	45,654	23,345	22,307	37,399	19,167	18,231	6,879	3,472	3,408	1,375	706	•
83	45,129	23,087	22,042	36,859	18,899	17,960	6,842	3,457	3,384	1,428	733	
84	44,943	23,000	21,942	36,596	18,770	17,826	6,847	3,464	3,384	1,499	767	;
85	44,975	23,026	21,949	36,502	18,727	17,775	6,897	3,493	3,406	1,575	805	
86	45,148	23,120	22,028	36,532	18,745	17,786	6,957	3,527	3,431	1,661	848	
87	45,290	23,199	22,093	36,528	18,747	17,780	7.021	3,563	3,458	1,741	888	

¹ Includes persons 5 to 17 years of age ² Includes persons of Hispanic ongin

NOTE.—Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25, No. 519, No. 917, No. 1000, and No. 1022 (This table was prepared September 1988)



Table 16.—Total and school-age resident population, by State: 1970 to 1987

[in thousands]

·												
	197	70 1	19	75 ²	198	80 1	198	95 ²	191	86 ²	19	87 ³
State	Total, all ages	5- to 17- year- olds	Total, all ages	5- to 17- year- olds	Total, all ages	5- to 17- year- olds	Total, all ages	5- to 17- year- olds	Total, all ages	5- to 17- year- olds	Total, all ages	5- to 17 year- olds
1	_ 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Unifod States	203,302	52,540	215,465	51,044	226,546	47,406	238,736	44,975	241,096	45,148	243,400	45,29
Alabama	3,444	934	3,679	903	3,894	866	4,022	815	4,050	820	4,083	82
Alaska	303	88	376	102	402	91	522	108	532	111	525	11
Arizona	1,775	486	2,285	555	2,718	578	3,193	605	3,279	619	3,386	63
Arkansas	1,923	498	2,160	512	2,286	495	2,360	472	2,371	472	2,388	47
California	19,971	4,999	21,538	4,924	23,668	4,681	26,358	4.755	27,001	4,874	27,663	5,00
Colorado	2,210	589	2,586	617	2,890	592	3,234	594	3,266	599	3,29₺	60
Connecticut	3,032	788	3,083	734	3,108	638	3,171	554	3,193	549	3,211	54
Delaware	548	148	587	144	594	125	622	114	633	115	644	11
District of Columbia	757	164	707	137	638	109	623	90	623	91	622	9
Florida	6,791	1,609	8,518	1,800	9,746	1,789	11,364	1,802	11,694	1,848	12,023	1,89
Seorgia	4,588	1,223	5,064	1,252	5,463	1,231	5,975	1,224	6,100	1,245	6.222	1.25(
ławaii	770	204	686	208	965	197	1,051	195	1,065	1,245	1.083	1,259 191
daho	713	200	832	210	944	213	1,004	223	1,002	223	998	22
linois	11,110	2,859	11,292	2,674	11,427	2,401	11,537	2,192	11,551	2.187	11,582	2,17
ndiana	5,195	1,386	5,366	1,307	5,490	1,199	5,500	1,093	5,503	1,084	5,531	1,080
owa	2,825	743	2,831	694	2,914	604	2,881	552	2,850	540	0.004	504
(ansas	2,249	573	2,281	520	2,364	468	2,449	451	2.459	543 453	2,834 2,476	530 458
Centucky	3,221	844	3,468	835	3,661	800	3,729	750	3,726	745	3,727	738
ouisiana	3,645	1,041	3,886	1,012	4,206	968	4,486	940	4,499	941	4,461	930
laine	594	260	1,072	260	1,125	243	1,165	222	1,172	220	1,187	220
faryland	3,924	1,038	4,139	1,026	4,217	896	4,393	791	4,461	788	4 525	701
lassachusetts	5,689	1,407	5,758	1,339	5,737	1,153	5,319	978	5,834	960	4,535 5,855	792 947
tichiyan	8,882	2,450	9,118	2,298	9,262	2,067	9,088	1,826	9,139	1,809	9,200	1,795
linnesota	3,806	1,051	3,933	987	4,076	865	4,192	788	4,213	786	4,246	788
lississippi	2,217	635	2,399	618	2,521	599	2,614	582	2,624	583	2,625	580
lissouri	4,678	1,183	4,808	1,114	4.917	1,008	5,035	936	5,064	939	5,103	940
lontana	694	197	748	186	787	167	825	164	817	162	809	160
ebraska	1,485	389	1,543	364	1,570	324	1,605	303	1,598	302	1.594	302
evada ew Hampshire	489	127	620	148	800	160	937	163	967	169	1,007	176
OM Hemberse	738	189	829	201	92 .	196	999	184	1,027	187	1,057	190
ew Jersey	7,171	1,797	7,338	1,734	7.365	1,528	7,561	1,347	7,625	1,332	7,672	1,318
ew Mexico	1,017	311	1,160	311	1,303	303	1,451	304	1,479	308	1,500	312
ew York	18,241	4,358	18,003	4,081	17,558	3,552	17,746	3,184	17,795	3,146	17.825	3,113
orth Carolina orth Dakola	5,084	1,323	5,547	1,306	5,882	1,254	6,262	1,192	6,331	1,191	6,413	1,189
O an Darkota	618	175	639	157	653	136	685	133	679	132	672	132
hio	10,657	2,820	10,770	2,590	10,798	2,308	10,747	2.094	10,748	2.075	10,784	2,063
klahoma	2,559	€10	2,775	628	3,025	621	3,306	628	3,306	635	3,272	2,000 935
regon	2,092	534	2,330	J34	2,633	525	2,386	496	2,702	498	2,724	499
ennsylvania hode island	11,801 950	2.925 225	11,906 943	2,704	11,864	2,376	11,863	2.097	11,894	2,081	11,936	≥,068
			343	212	947	186	967	165	975	164	98.6	154
outh Carolina	2,591	720	2,902	7?2	3,122	703	3,335	677	3,381	682	3,425	685
Mnessee	666	187	681	166	691	147	708	137	708	138	709	138
XAS	3,926 11,199	1,002 3,002	4,276 12,569	998	4,591	972	4,767	922	4,800	923	4,855	923
ah	1,059	3,002	1,236	3,065 322	14,229 1,461	3,137 350	16,389 1,645	3,360 420	16,689 1,664	3,439	16,789	3,482
ermont	445			1		330	.,545	+2V	1,004	431	1,680	445
rginia	445 4 651	118 1,197	480 5,047	117	511	110	535	100	541	101	548	101
ashington	3,413	881	3,621	1,198 856	5,347	1,113	5,702	1,029	5,795	1,031	5,904	1,038
est Virginia	1,744	442	1,842	420	4,132 1,950	834 414	4,408	813	4,463	817	4,538	827
				72U	1,930	414	1,937	388	1,917	382	1,897	373
leconsin	4,418	1,203	4.579	1,151	4,706	1,011	4,776	917	4,783	913	4,807	913

¹ As of April 1

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Some data have been reviued from previously published figures.

SOURCE 'I'S Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Fupulation Estimates, unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared September 1988.)



^{*} Estimates as of July 1

* Preliminary estimates as of July 1

Family status	1970	1980	1985	1988	1987	1988	Change. 1970 to 1980	Change, 1980 to 1988
1	_ 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
_			In thousa	inds			Percent cl	hange
All families	51,456	59,550	62,706	63,558	64,491	65,133	15.7	9.4
Married-couple family	44,728	49 112	50,350	50,933	51,537	51,809	9.8	5.5
No own children under 18	19,196	24,151	26,140	26,304	26,892	27,209	25.8	12.7
With own children under 18	25,532	24,961	24,210	24,630	24,645	24,600	-22	- 1.4
One own child under 18	8,163	9,671	9,640	9,868	10,032	9,904	185	- 1.4 2.4
Two own children under 18	8,045	9,488	9,456	9,580	9,606	9,576	17.9	0.9
Three or more own children			٠,	0,000	3,500	3,370	17.9	0.:
under 18	9,325	5,802	5,115	5,182	5,006	5,120	-37 8	11.6
Other family, male householder, no					i			
spouse preser `	1,228	1,733	2,228	2,414	2510	2715		
No own children under 18	887	1,117	1,331	1,479	2,510	2,715	41.1	58.7
With own children under 18	341	616	826	935	1,554	1,669	25.9	49.4
One own child under 18	179	374	584	600	955	1,047	80.6	70.0
Two own children under 18	87	165	213	1	608	657	108 9	75.7
Three or more own children	٠, ١	105	213	260	257	296	89.7	79 4
under 18	75	77	100	75	90	94	27	22.1
Other family, female householder, no							-	
spouse present	5,500	0.705	10.400	40.044				
No own children under 18		8,705	10,129	10,211	10,445	10,608	58.3	21.9
With own children under 18	2,642	3,261	4,123	4,106	4,147	4,325	23.4	32.9
One own child under 18	2,858	5,445	6,006	6,105	6,297	6,273	90 5	15.2
Two own children under 18	1,008	2,398	2,885	2,857	3,079	3,017	137.9	25.8
Three or more own children	810	1,817	1,977	2,061	2,072	2,039	124 3	12.2
under 18	1,040	1,230	1,144	1,186	1,147	1,217	183	-1.1
					1,147			
Aff families	400.0		Percent of all				Change in perce	ntage points
 	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Married-couple family	86 9	82.5	803	£01	79.9	795	-4.5	2.9
No own children under 18	373	40.6	41 7	41.4	41 7	41.8	33	1.2
With own children under 18	49.6	41.9	38 6	38 8	38 2	37 8	-77	-4.1
One own child under 18	15.9	16.2	15 4	15.5	15.6	15.2	04	- 1.0
Two own children under 18	156	159	15 1	15 1	149	14.7	0.3	- 1.2
Three or more own children			İ					
under 18	18 1	9.7	8.2	8.2	78	79	-8.4	-1.9
Other family, male house, der, no							1	
spouse present	24	29	3.6	3.8	39	42	05	1.3
No own crildren under 18	17	19	21	23	24	26	0.2	0.7
With own children under 18	0.7	10	14	15	1.5	1.6	0.4	0.6
One own child under 18	03	06	0.9	0.9	0.9	10	03	0.4
Two own children under 18	02	0.3	03	0.4	04	05	0.1	0.4
Three or more own children				• • •	• • •		V.1	0.2
under 18	0.1	01	02	01	01	01	(r)	(')
į.								
Other family, female householder, no	1	440	16 2	16 1	162	16 3	20	4 7
spouse present	107	146			102	103	3.9	17
Spouse present	10 7 5 1	14 6 5 5			RA.	£. 7	0.2	4 2
spouse present		5 5	66	6 5	64 68	6.7	03	
spouse present No own children under 18 With own children under 18 One own child under 18	5 1	5 5 9 1	66 96	6 5 9 6	88	96	36	0.5
Spouse present	5 1 5 6	5 5 9 1 4 0	66 96 46	6 5 9 6 4 5	9 8 4 8	9 6 4.6	3 6 2 1	1.2 0.5 0.6
spouse present No own children under 18 With own children under 18 One own child under 18	5 1 5 6 2 0	5 5 9 1	66 96	6 5 9 6	88	96	36	0.5

¹ Less than .05 percent

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-20, No. 411, 419, 424, and 432 (This table was prepared December 1988)



⁻Not applicable

Table 18.—Characteristics of families with own children under 18, by family status and race/ethnicity:1 1987

[Numbers in thousands]

	L	All n	aces			Wh	ite ²			Bla	ck ²			Hispanie	c origin ^s	
•			Other	amilies			Other	iamilies			Other	families			Other	families
Family characteristics	Total	Married- couple families	Male house- holder, no spouse present	Female house- holder, no spouse present	Total	Marned- couple families	Male house- holder, no spouse present	Female house- holder, no spouse present	Total	Married- couple families	Male house- holder, no spouse present	Female house- holder, no spouse present	Total	Married- couple families	Male house- holder, no spouse present	Fernal house holder no spous preser
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Total families	64,491	51,537	2,510	10,445	55,676	46,410	2,038	7,227	7,096	3,742	386	2,967	4,403	3,118	253	1,03
otal families with own children under 18 ercent of all families	31,898 49 5	24,645 47.8	955 38.0	6,297 60.3	26,717 48.0	21,787 46.9	789 38.7	4,141 57 3	4,184 59.0	2,023 54.1	136 35.2	2,025 58.3	2,859 64.9	2,034 65 2	96 37 9	72 70
1 child under 16	13,719 11,936 4,464 1,255 346 178	10,032 9,606 3,628 985 264 129	608 257 71 15 4	3,079 2,072 766 254 78 49	11,539 10,179 3,677 957 238 126	8,892 8,582 3,174 822 208 108	504 218 49 13 4	2,142 1,379 454 122 26 18	1,779 1,385 625 260 88 46	822 698 317 129 42 16	89 31 13 2 —	868 656 295 129 46 30	984 1,020 569 189 59 37	672 738 417 132 49 26	51 28 17 	26 25 13
otal own children under 18	57,808 1.81	45,429 1.84	1,444 1.51	10,935 1.74	48,109 1.80	40,034 1 84	1,169 1 48	6,905 1.67	7,820 1.87	3,806 1.88	216 1.59	3,798 1 88	6,009 2.10	4,325 2 13	159 1 67	1,5 2.
otal families with own children under 6	14,674 22.8	11,966 23 2	294 11 7	2,414 23 1	12,415 22.3	10,657 23 0	233 11.4	1,525 21 1	1,821 25.7	924 24 7	54 14 0	843 28.4	1,578 35.8	1,179 37 8	35 13.8	3
1 child under 6	10,030 4,021 571 51	8,031 3,429 471 35	235 54 5 —	1,764 538 96 16	8,469 3,437 476 33	7,123 3,081 423 30	188 41 5	1,158 315 48 3	1,284 442 79 16	662 226 33 3	44 11 —	578 206 46 13	1,001 458 108 10	736 354 83 6	27 6 2	2
otal own children under 6 verage number of children per family with children	19,558 1 33	16,087 1,34	371 1.26	3,099 1.28	16,5 4 9	14,364 1 35	289 1 24	1,896 1,24	2,399 1.32	1,187 1,28	73 —	1,140 1 35	2,201 1.39	1,653	46 —	5
otal families with own children under 3	8,742 13 6	7,392 14 3	161 6.4	1,189 11 4	7,470 13 4	6,619 14.3	124 6 1	727 10.1	991 14.0	522 13 9	32 8.3	436 14.7	881 20.0	687 22 0	18 71	1 17
1 child under 3	7,669 1,018 54	6,510 850 32	141 17 2	1,018 151 20	6,568 865 37	5,821 769 30	107 15 2	641 81 5	849 125 17	466 55 2	30 2 —	353 68 15	730 134 - 17	581 94 13	13 5 —	1
otal own children under 3	9,620 1,10	8,094 1 09	190 1 18	1,336 1 12	8,202 1,10	7,266 1.10	147 1.19	769 1.09	1,114 1 12	556 1.06	^8 	520 1.19	1,008	773 1.13	24	1.

¹ Race of family is defined as race of head of household

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 411 (This table was prepared August 1988)

NOTE.—Average and percents are only shown when the base is 75,000 or greater. Even though the standard errors are large, smaller estimated numburs are shown to permit users to combine categories in various ways. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



Includes persons of Hispanic origin
 Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race
 Data not available

Table 19.—Poverty status of persons, families, and children under 18, by race/ethnicity: 1959 to 1987

		Number be	iow the pov	erty ievei, ı	n thousands	3	<u> </u>	Perc	ent below t	the poverty	level	
			n all familie	s		lies with			n all familie	s		lies with
Year and race/ ethnicity	All					ouseholder, nd present					female ho	nd presen
	persons	Total	House- holder	Related children under 18	Total	Related children under 18	All persons	Total	House- holder	Related children under 18	Total	Related children under 18
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ali races											 -	1
1959	39,490	34,562	8,320	17,208	7,014	4,145	224	20 B	10.5	20.0	40.4	70.0
1960	39,851	34,925	8,243	17,288	7,014	4,095	22 4 _2 2	20 B 20 7	18 5 18 1	26 9 26.5	49 4	72.2
1965	33,135	28,358	6,721	14,388	7,524	4,562	173	13.8	139	20.5	48.9	68.4 64.2
1966	28,510	23,809	5,784	12,146	6,861	4,262	147	13.1	11.8	17.4	46.0 39.8	58.2
1970	25,420	20,330	5,260	10,235	7,503	4.689	12.6	109	10 1	14.9	38 1	53 0
1971	25,559	20,405	5,303	10,344	7,797	4,850	12 5	10.8	10.0	,,,	20.7	53 1
1972	24,460	19,577	5,075	10,082	B,114	5,094	119	10.8	93	15 1 14 9	38.7 38.2	53.1
1973	22,973	18,299	4,828	9,453	8,178	5,171	11,1	97	88	14.2	37.5	52.1
1974	23,370	18,817	4,922	9,967	8,462	5,361	11.2	99	8.8	15.1	36.5	51.5
1975	25,877	20,789	5,450	10,682	8,846	5,597	12 3	109	97	16.1	37.5	52.7
1976	24,975	19,632	5,311	10,081	9,029	5,583	11,8	10 3	94	158	27.2	52.0
1977	24,720	19,505	5,311	10,028	9,205	5,658	11.6	102	93	16.0	37.3 36.2	50.3
1978	24,497	19,062	5,280	9,722	9,269	5,687	11 4	100	91	15.7	35.6	50.5
1979	26,072	19,964	5,461	9,993	9,400	5,635	11 7	102	92	16.0	34.9	48.8
1980	29,272	22,601	6,217	11,114	10,120	5,866	13 0	11 5	103	17.9	367	50.8
1981	31,822	24,850	6,851	12,068	11,051	6,305	140	125	11.2	19 5	38.7	523
1982	34,398	27,349	7,512	13,139	11,701	6,696	150	13 6	12.2	21 3	40.6	56.0
1983'	35,303	27,933	7,647	13,427	12,072	6,747	15 2	139	12.3	21.8	40.2	55.4
1984	33,700	26,458	7,277	12,929	11,831	6,772	144	13 1	116	21.0	38.4	54.0
1985	33,064	25,729	7,223	12,483	11,600	6,716	14.0	126	11 4	20 1	37 6	53.6
1986	32,370	24,754	7,023	12,257	11,944	6,943	136	120	109	19.8	34.2	54.4
1987	32,546	24,979	7,059	12,435	12,076	7,074	13.5	121	10 B	20.0	33 6	54 7
White ¹							1					
1960 1965	28,309	24,262	6,115	11,229	4,296	2,357	17 8	162	149	20 0	39.0	59.9
1970	22,496	18,508	4,824	8,595	4,092	2,321	13 3	11.7	11.1	14 4	35.4	52.9
975	17,484 17,770	13,323 13,799	3,708 3,838	6,138	3,761	2,247	9 9	81	80	10 5	28 4	43.1
980	19,699	14,587	4,195	6,748 6,817	4,577 4,940	2,813 2,813	9 7 10 2	83 86	77 80	12 5 13.4	29.4 28 0	44.2 41.6
1981	21,553	16,127	4 670	7.400								
1982	23,517	18,015	4,670 5,118	7,429 8,282	5,600 5,686	3,120	11.1	95	88	14 7	29 8	42 B
983	23,984	18,377	5,220	8,534	6,017	3,249 3,388	12 0 12 1	10 6 10 7	96	16.5	30.9	46.5
1984	22,955	17,299	4,925	8,086	5,866	3,377	11 5	10 1	97 91	17 0 16 1	31 2 29 7	47.1 45.9
1985	22,860	17,125	4,983	7,838	5,990	3,372	11 4	99	91	15 6	29 8	45.2
1986	22,183	16,393	4,811	7,714	6,171	3,522	11 0	94	86	153	30.6	463
1987	21,409	15,604	4,592	7,550	5,918	3,474	10 5	91	B 2	15.0	29.5	45 B
Black ¹						Ì						
1959	9,927	9,112	1,860	5,022	2,416	1,475	55 1	54 9	48 1	65 5	70.6	816
970	8,867	8,090	1.620	4,774	3,160	2,107	41 8	40 9	35 5	50 6	65 3	76.6
1975	7,548 7,545	6,683 6,533	1,481 1,513	3,922	3,656	2,383	33 5	32.2	295	41 5	58.7	67 7
1980	8,579	7,190	1,826	3,884 3,906	4,168 4,984	2,724 2,944	31 3 32 5	30 1 31 1	27 1 28.9	41 4 42 1	54 3 53 4	66 0 64.8
1981	0 172	7 700				į	!		1			
1982	9,173 9,697	7,780 8,355	1,972 2,158	4,170 4,368	5,222	3,051	34 2	33 2	30 B	44.9	56.7	67.7
983	9,682	8,376	2,156	4,273	5,698 5,736	3,269 3,187	35.6 35.7	34 9 34 7	33 0	47 3	58 8	70.7
1984	9,490	8,104	2,094	4,320	5,666	3,187	33.8	33 2	32 3 30 9	46 2 46 2	57 0 54.8	68.3
1985	8,926	7,504	1,983	4,057	5,342	3,181	31.3	30 5	28 7	40 2	53.2	66.2 66.9
986	8,983	7,401	1,987	4,039	5,473	3,251	31 1	29 7	28 0	427	53.8	67.1
987	9,683	7,952	2,149	4,297	5,797	3,394	33 1	318	29 9	45.1	54.8	68 3
Hispanic origin ²						1	1		j			
975 980	2,991	2,755	627	1,619	1,053	694	26 9	26 3	25 1	33 1	57.2	68 4
981	3,491 3,713	3,143	751	1,718	1,319	809	25 7	25 1	23 2	33 0	54.5	650
982	4,301	3,349 3,865	792 916	1,874	1,465	909	26 5	25 9	24 0	35 4	55.9	873
983	4,633	4,113	981	2,117 2,251	1,601	990	29 9	29 2	27 2	38 9	60 1	718
984	4,806	4,192	991	2,231	1,670 1,764	1,018	28 0	273	25 9	37 7	55 1	70.6
985	5,238	4,605	1,074	2,517	1,983	1,093	28 4	27 4	25 2	38 7	56 2	710
986	5,117	4,469	1,085	2,413	1,921	1,194	29 0 27 3	28 3 26 5	25 5 24 7	39 6	55 7	72.4 66 7
38 7	5,470	4,793	1,183	2,631	1,987	1,241	28 2	277	25 8	37 1 39 3	52 9 55 0	70 1
ii ii			.,	_,	.,55.	.,=-,	202	- ' '	236	393	33 0	701

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Senes P-60, No. 181. (This table was prepared October 1988.)



¹ Includes persons of Hispanic origin ² Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race

Table 20.—Average grade that the public would give the schools in their community and in the Nation at large: 1974 to 1988

	All a	duits	No childre	n in school	Public scho	parents	Private sch	ool parents
Year	Nation	Local community	Nation	Local community	Nation	Local community	Nation	Local community
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1974	-	2.63	_	2.57		2.80		2 15
1975		2 38	_	2.31	_ !	2.49	_	1.81
1976	_	2 38	<u> </u>	2.34	_	2.48	_	2.22
1977	_	2.33	_	2.25		2.59	_	2.05
1978	_	2.21	_	2.11	-	2.47	` - ₁	1.69
1979	_	2.21	_	2.15	_	2.38		1.88
1980	_	2.26	_	_	_	_	_	_
1981	1.94	2 20	_	2 12	- i	2 36		1.88
1982	2 0 1	2.24	2.04	2.18	2 01	2.35	2.02	2.20
1983	1.91	2 12	1.92	2.10	1.92	2.31	1.82	1.89
1984	2 09	2.36	2 11	2.30	2.11	2 49	2.04	2.17
1985	2 14	2.39	2.16	2.36	2 20	2.44	1.93	2.00
1986	213	2.36		2 29		2.55		2.14
1987	2.18	2.44	2 23	2 38	2.22	2.61	2.03	2.01
1988	2.08	2.35	2 02	2.32	2.13	2.48	2.00	2.13

⁻Data not available

SOURCE "The Annual Gallup Poll of the Public'a Attitudes "oward the Public Schools," *Phi Delta Kappan*, various years (This table was prepared March 1989)

NOTE —Average passed on a scale where A = 4, B = 3, C = 2, D = 1, and F = 0

Table 21.—Items most frequently cited by the general public as the chief problems facing the local public schools: 1970 to 1988

Problems				_		Percent					
Flooiens	1970	1975	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Use of drugs	11	9	14	15	20	18	18	16	28	30	32
Lack of discipline	18	23	26	23	27	25	27	25	24	22	19
Lack of financial support	17	14	10	12	22	13	14	9	11	14	12
Getting good teachers i	12	11	6	11	10	8	14	10	6	9	11
Poor curriculum/standards	6	5	11	14	11	14	15	11	8	8	11
Large schools/overcrowding	_	10	7	5	4	3	4	5	5	8	6
Moral standards		-	_	1	2	4	1	2	5	7	6
Parents' lack of interest	3	2	6	5	5	6	5	3	4	6	7
Pupils' lack of interest/truancy	_	3	5	4	5	5	4	5	3	6	5
Drinking/alcoholism	-		2	2	3	3	4	3	5	6	5
Low teacher pay	_	_	_ !		_	_	4	2	3	5	4
Integration/busing	7	15	10	11	6	5	6	4	3	4	4
Teachars' lack of interest .	_	_	6	4	7	Ä	5	7	4	5	3
Lack of proper facilities	11	3	2	2	2	1	2	- 1	71	2	1

⁻Date not available

SOURCE "The 20th Annual Gallup Poll of the Public's Attitudes Toward the Public's Schools," *Phi Delta Kappan*, September 1988 (This table was prepared September 1988)



			P	ercent who	rated key a	spects of the	er schools a	AS:		
Key aspects of schools	Exc	ellent	G	ood	F	air	Pe	oor	Not	sure 1
	Parents	Teachers	Parents	Teachers	Parents	Teachers	Parents	Teachers	Parents	Teacher
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Degree to which most teachers seem to		<u> </u>			_					†
care about their students	31	49	39	44	21	6	9	(²)	(²)	(²)
ers in your school	26	51	48	43	20	6	4	(2)	2	(2)
School's physical facilities	26	27	46	39	20	23	7	12	1	(2)
Amount of support for the school shown		l :	-				•	'-	•	1 ''
by the parents	26	22	41	36	23	31	9	11	1	(²)
Relations between parents and teachers]					_] ''	•	\ \ \ \
in your school	25	18	47	52	21	24	7	5	1	(2)
Success of the school in preparing stu-							•	1	•	''
dents for education beyond high		}								
school	17	23	40	49	20	+4	8	3	16	11
Success of the school in preparing stu-							•	!		1
dents for jobs after high school	12	10	32	45	19	21	13	5	25	20
Degree to which most students seem				l i]		_		
motivated to learn	15	9	44	43	30	38	9	9	2	1 1
Effectiveness of the school board in		[ł I			_	
dealing with school matters	15	11	43	40	27	35	11	14	4	1
Extent to which the school enables stu-								'		
dents to achieve some success in						[[l j		
their work each day	20	31	50	59	23	10	5	(4)	2	(²)
Availability and responsiveness of teach-								''	-	\ ''
ers (perents) when you need to con-										1
tact them	38	16	38	38	16	34	8	12	1	1

¹ includes not applicable 2 Less than 0.5 percent.

NOTE,-Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100

SOURCE Metropolitan Life/Louis Harris Associates, Inc., *The American Teacher, 1987.* (This table was prepared September 1987.)



Table 23.—Beliefs held by the parents and teachers of public school students about what activities and programs would "help a lot" to improve education: 1987

		Percent of pa	rents, by race		Dave 104 0
Selected activities and programs	All parents	White parents	Black parents	Hispanic pare its	Percent of teachers
1	2	3	4	5	6
laving the school notify the parents immediately about any problems					
involving their child	88	88	89	88	77
laving parents limit television until all homework is finished	79	77	86	83	80
laving parents spend much more time with their children in support of					
school and teachers	70	69	73	69	84
Distributing a newsletter to keep parents informed about what's happen-				•••	
ing in school	68	66	71	80	51
stablishing a homework hotline which students can call for advice on	•••		''	••	
how to deal with homework assignments	64	62	70	72	42
laving the school give more guidance to teachers about how to involve	- -		, ,	'-	
parents better in the future	60	57	72	61	41
setting teachers and parents to meet together and talk about school		J.	'-	01	7.
policies	58	56	71	62	52
roviding counseling and support services to children with emotional,	30	30	′'	UZ	32
mental, social, or family problems	80	79	85	84	81
Developing school programs to involve parents with students who have	00	,,,	85	04	1 8'
special needs	73	72	76	72	67
Developing school programs to involve members of the community with	73	12	70	12	0,
students who have special needs	62	60	73	62	53
Developing educational programs designed for students who are fre-	02	,,,	/3	62	53
quently absent from school	54	53	57	64	44
Beginning the education process earlier by enrolling students in pre-	54	33	3/	61	44
school education programs	49	40			31
	49	43	73	55	31
exhaping different approaches to education outside the traditional	40		4		
school	40	39	49	40	41
troviding optional daycare programs with an educational component	••				l
after the regular school hours	39	33	64	50	24

SOURCF: Metropolitan Life/Louis Harris Associates, Inc., *The American Teacher,* 1987 (This table was prepared September 1987)

Table 24.—Rating of school problems by teachers and students: 1988

	Perc	ent of teachers	who say prob	lem is "very se	nous" at their so	hool	Percent of students who
Selected problems	Total	Inner city	Urban	Suburban	Small town	Rural	say they know 10 or more students involved in each problem
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
he number of students requiring constant disci-							
pline	14	27	19	11	12	10	30
he number of students who lack basic skills		_					
(Students' item can't read)	16	38	16	12	14	13	5
he number of teenage pregnancies 1	12	28	9	5	13	12	9
he number of students drinking alcohol 2	33	32	20	24	38	38	47
he number of students using drugs 2.	14	26	11	14	12	15	25
he number of incidents involving violence in	• •		• • •		"-	13	20
school 2	4	10	4	3			
lave threatened or become violent with other	•		•			_	
students	-	-	_	_	_		23
lave threatened or become violent with teachers	_	_	_	_	-	_	5
The number of dropouts 1	9	30	11	6	6	9	9

¹ Asked of junior high and high school students and teachers only

-Data not available

SOURCE Metropolitan Lifa/Louis Hama and Associates, Inc., *The American Teacher*, 1988 (This tahle was prepared May 1989.)



6

² Asked of all atudents and junior high and high school teachers

Table 25.—Total expenditures of educational institutions related to the gross national product, by level of institution: 1959-60 to 1987-88

				Total expen	ditures for edu	cation (amounts	ın millions)	
Year	Gross national		All education	al institutions	All eleme secondar	ntary and y schools	All colleges a	nd universities
rear	product (in billions)	School year	Amount	As a percent of gross national product	Amount	As a percent of gross national product	Amount	As a percent of grass mational product
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1959	\$495.8	1959-60	\$23,860	4.9	\$16,713	34	\$7,147	1.4
1961	533.8	1961-62	28,503	5.3	19,673	3.7	8,830	1.3
1963	606 9	1963-64	34,440	5.7	22,825	3.8	11,615	1:
1965	705.1	1965-66	43,682	62	28,048	40	15,634	2.3
1967	816.4	1967–68	55,652	6.8	35,077	4.3	20,575	2.5
1969	963.9	1969-70	68,459	7.1	43,183	4.5	25,276	2.0
1970	1,015 5	1970-71	75,741	7.5	48,200	47	27,541	2.7
1971	1,102.7	1971-72	80,672	7.3	50,950	46	29,722	2.7
1972	1,212.8	1972-73	86,875	7.2	54,952	45	31,923	26
1973	1,359 3	1973-74	95,396	7.0	60,370	44	35,026	2.6
974	1,472.8	1974-75	108,664	7.4	66,846	4.7	39.818	2.7
1975	1,598.4	1975-76	118,706	7.4	75,101	47	43,605	2.7
976	1,782.8	1976-77	126,417	7.1	/9 194	44	47,223	2.6
977	1,990.5	1977-78	137,042	6.9	86,544	4.3	50,498	2.5
1978	2,249.7	1978-79	148,308	6.6	93,012	4.1	55,296	2 5
979	2,508.2	1979-80	165,627	6.6	103,162	41	62,465	2.5
980	2,732.0	1980-81	182,849	6.7	112,325	41	70,524	2.6
961	3,052.6	1981-82	197,801	6.5	120,486	39	77.315	2.5
982	3,166 0	1982-83	212,081	67	128,725	41	83,356	2.6
983	3,405.7	1983-84	228,597	6.7	139,000	4.1	89,597	26
964	3,772.2	1984-85	247,657	66	149,400	40	98.257	2.6
985	4,014 9	1985-86	269,485	6.7	161,800	4.0	107,685	2.7
986	4,240.3	1986-87 1	290,900	6.9	175,100	4.1	115,800	2.7
987	4,526.7	1987-88 2	310,700	6.9	187,100	41	123,700	2.7

¹ Preliminary ² Estimated.

NOTE —Total expenditures for public elementary and secondary schools include current expenditures, interest on school debt, and capital outluy. Data for private elementary and secondary schools are estimated. Total expenditures for colleges and universities include current-fund expenditures and additions to plant value. Excludes expenditures of noncollegiate postsecondary institutions. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Common Core of Data survey, and "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" survey, and unpublished data, and Council of Economic Advisors, *Economic Indicators* (This table was prepared January 1989)



Table 26.—Total expenditures of educational institutions, by level and control of institution: 1899–1900 to 1988–89
[In millions]

Cabaalyaaa	T akal	Elementar	and secondary	schools	Colleg	ges and universition	98
School year	Total	Total	Public	Private ¹	Total	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
899-1900		_	\$215	_		_	
1 909 –10	_	_	426	_	_	_	
919-20	_	_	1,036	_ !	_	_	_
929-30		_ [2,317	_	\$632	\$292	\$34
939-40	_	_	2,344	_	758	392	36
949-50	6 9 044	\$6.040	E 000	***	2 222	4 400	4.00
	\$8,911	\$6,249	5,838	\$411	2,662	1,430	1,23
951-52	10,735	7,861	7,344	517	2,874	1,565	1,30
953-54	13,147	9,733	9,092	641	3,414	1,912	1,50
955-56	15,907	11,727	10,955	772	4,180	2,348	1,83
1957–58	20,055	14,525	13,569	956	5,530	3,237	2,29
959-60	23,860	16,713	15,613	1,100	7,147	3.904	3.24
l?61–62	28,503	19,673	18,373	1,300	8,830	4,919	3,91
963-64	34,440	22,825	21,325	1.500	11,615	6.558	5.05
965-66	43,682	28,048	26,248	1.800	15.634	9,047	6,58
967-68	55,652	35,077	32,977	2,100	20,575	12,750	7,82
1 969 –70	68,459	43,183	40.683	2,500	25,276	16,234	9.04
1970-71	75,741	48,200	45,500	2,700	27,541	18.028	9,51
971-72	80,672	50,950	48,050	2,900	29,722	19,538	10.18
972-73	86,875	54,952	51,852	3,100	31,923	21,144	10,10
973–74	95,396	60,370	56,970	3,400	35,026	23,542	11,48
974–75	108,664	68,846	64,846	4,000	20.010	26.066	40.05
1975–76	118,706	75,101	70,601	4,500	39,818	26,966	12,85
	126,417	79,101			43,605	29,736	13,86
973-77	137.042		74,194	5,000	47,223	31,997	15,22
		86,544	80,844	5,700	50,498	34,031	16,46
978-79	148,308	93,012	86,712	6,300	55,296	37,110`	18,18
979-80	165,627	103,162	95,962	7,200	62,465	41,434	21,03
980–81	182,849	112,325	104,125	8,200	70,524	46,559	23,96
981-82	197,801	120,486	111,186	9,300	77,315	50,813	26,50
982-83	212,081	128,725	118,425	10,300	83,356	54,338	29,01
983-84	228,597	139,000	127,500	11,500	89,597	58,124	31,4.
984-85	247.657	149,400	137,000	12,400	98,257	63.704	34,55
985-86	269,485	161,800	148,600	13,200	107.685	70.069	37,61
986-872	290,900	175,100	160,900	14,200	115,800	75,000	40.80
987-881	310,700	187,100	172,000	15,100	123,700	80,600	43,10
988-891	330,500	199,100	183,400	15,700	131,400	85,500	45,80
	555,555	183,100	100,400	15,700	131,400	00,000	40,00

¹ Estimated ² Preimmary

NOTE —Total expenditures for public elementary and secondary act, ools include current expenditures, interest on school debt, and capital outlay Data for private elementary and secondary schools are estimated. Total expenditures for colleges and universities include current-fund expenditures and additions to plant value. Excludes expenditures of

noncollegiate postsecondary institutions. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, "Common Core of Data" survey, and "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" survey (This table was prepared January 1969)



⁻Data not available

Table 27.—Percentage of households contributing to education and other charitable organizations and average annual donation, by type of charity: 1987

	Pornontono of total	Average annua	al contribution
Type of charity	Percentage of total households 1	Per contributing household	Per total households
1	2	3	4
Religion	52 5	\$715	\$375
Health	23 9	130	31
Human services	23.9	210	50
routh development	18.5	88	16
ducation	15 1	293	44
Environment	10.8	87	9
Arts, culture, and humanities	8.0	260	21
Public and societal benefit	65	153	10
Private and community foundations	48	145	7
nternational, foreign	42	281	12
Other	1.3	(²)	10

¹ Percents do not total 100 because of respondents giving to more than one type of charity.

² Too few cases to report.

SOURCE Independent Sector, The Gallup Organization, Giving and Volunteering in the United States, 1968 (This table was prepared December 1988)



Table 28.—Estimated total expenditures of educational institutions, by level, control of institution, and source of funds: 1975-76 to 1985-86

[Amounts in billions]

Level and control of institution	197	5-76	1979	9-80	1982	2-83	1983	3-84	1984	4-85	1985	5-86
and source of funds	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percer
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All levels										_		
Total public and private	\$118.7	100.0	\$165.6	100.0	\$212.1	100.0	\$228.6	100.0	\$247.7	100.0	\$269.5	100.0
Federal		11 3	18.9	11.4	18 7	8.8	19.7	86	21 3	8.6	23.5	8.7
State	45.0 34.5	37.9 29.0	64.3 43.3	38.8	81.3 55.4	38 4	87 0	38.1	96.1	38.8	105 4	39.
All other	25 9	29.0 21.8	39.1	26 1 23 6	55.4 56.6	26 1 26.7	60.1 61.8	26.3 27 0	63.3 66.9	25 6 27 0	67.8 72.8	25. ⁻ 27.0
Total public	100.3	100 0	137 4	100.0	172 8	100.0	185.6	1000	200 7	100.0	218.7	100.0
Federal		107	14.8	108	14 2	8.2	14.8	8.0	15.8	7.9	17.3	7.
State	447	44.5	63.9	46 5	80.8	46.8	86 4	46 6	95.5	47.6	104.7	47.
All other	34 4 10 6	34.2 10 6	43 1 15.6	31.4 11 3	55 2 22 6	31 9 13.1	59.9 24.6	32.3 13.2	63.1 26.3	31.4 13.1	67.5 29.1	30. 13.
Total private	184	100 0	28.2	100 0	39.3	100 0						
Federal	27						43 0	100.0	47.0	100.0	50 8	100.0
State	03	14.5 1.7	4 1 0.4	14.5 1 6	4 6 0.5	11 6 1.4	4.9 0.6	11.5 1 3	5.5 0.7	11.7 1.4	6.2 0.7	12.2 1.4
Local	01	0.7	02	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.0	05	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.9
All other	153	83 1	23 5	83.4	34 0	86 5	37 2	86.7	40.6	86 4	43.6	85.9
Elementary and secondary schools												
Total public and private	75.1	100.0	103.2	100.0	128.7	100.0	139.0	100.0	149.4	100.0	161.8	100.0
Federal	63	84	94	91	84	6.5	8.7	6.2	9.1	6.1	9.9	6.
State	31.4	418	447	43.3	56.5	43 9	60.7	43.6	66.8	44.7	73.2	45.
Local	32 7 4 7	43.5 63	41 6 7.5	40 3 7.3	53 2 10 7	41.3	57 8	41.6	60 8	40.7	65.0	40.
Fotal public	706	100 0	96.0	100 0		100 0	11 9	8 5	12.8	8.6	13.6	8.4
Federal	63	89	94		118.4		127.5	100.0	137.0	100.0	148.6	100.0
State	31.4	44 5	44 7	9.8 46.6	8 4 56.5	7 1 47.7	8.7 60.7	6.8 47 6	9.1 66 8	6.6 48.7	9.9 73.2	6.1 49.1
Local	32 7	46 3	41.6	433	53 2	44 9	57 8	453	608	44.3	65.0	43.6
All other	02	03	0.3	03	04	03	0.4	03	0.4	0.3	04	0.3
Total private 1	45	100.0	7.2	100 0	103	100 0	11 5	100.0	12 4	100 0	13.2	100.0
All other	45	100 0	7.2	100 0	103	100 0	11.5	100 0	12.4	100.0	13.2	100.0
institutions of higher education												
otal public and private.	43.6	100.0	62.5	100.0	83.4	100.0	89.6	100.0	98.3	100.0	107.7	100.0
rederal	71	163	95	15 2	103	12 4	11 0	123	122	12 4	136	12.6
State	136	31 1	196	31 4	24 9	29.8	26.3	29 4	29.4	29 9	32.2	29.9
Local	18 211	4 1 48 5	1 7 31 6	2 7 50 6	2.2 46 0	26 55 2	2.3 49 9	2 6 55 7	2.5 54.1	2 6 55.1	2.7 59.1	2.5 54.9
otal public	29 7	100 0	41 4	100 0	54 3	100 0	58 1	1000	63 7	100 0	70.1	100.0
Federal	44	149	54	13 1	58	106	61	10 5	67		7.4	100.5
State	133	44 6	19 2	46 3	243	44 8	25 7	443	28 7	10 6 45 1	31.5	45.0
Local	17 104	5 6 34 9	1 5 15 3	3 7 36 9	2 0 22 3	3 7 41 0	2.1	36	23	36	2.5	3.6
otal private.	13 9	100.0	21 0	100 0	29 0	100 0	315	100 0	25 9 34 6	100 0	37 6	100.0
Federal .	27	192	41	19 4	46	157	4.9	157	55	15.9	6.2	16.5
State	0.3	23	0 4	2.1	05	1.9	0.6	18	07	1.9	0.2	1.9
Local	0.1	09	02	0.8	02	07	0.2	07	02	06	02	0.6
All Other	10.8	77.8	163	77 7	23 7	81 7	25 7	818	28 2	81.6	30 4	80.9

¹ Some private elementary and secondary school revenues come from Federa', State, and local sources +lowever, comprehensive data are not available to delineate the sources of revenues for private suncois

penditures for that year. Other Federal programs, not included in this table because they dr not support regular educational institutions, would increase the Federal share even further Typical examples of these payments would be Federal support for libraries and museums Additionally, the Federal contribution to education through tax expenditures is not reflected in this table. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data and "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, and unpublished data. (This table was prepared November 1987.)



NOTE—Estimates of expenditures by source of funds are derived from flata collected on revenue sources. Faderally supported student aid that goes to higher education institutions through students furtion payments is shown under "All other" rather than "Federal" Such payments would add substantial amounts and several percentage points to the Federal share. For example, approximately \$8.8 billion was spent on financial aid through students in 1983–84, which amounts to about 3 percent of total education ex-

Table 29.—Governmental expenditures, by level of government and function: 1970-71 to 1985-86

Expenditure, by function		All gover	nments 1			Federal G	overnment		S	ate and local	governments	2
Experiorative, by furction	1970-71	19 7 5–76	1980-81	1985–86	1970-71	1975-76	1980-81	1985-86	1970-71	1975-76	1980-81	1985-86
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
						in mi	lions					
General expenditure	\$301,096	\$476,146	\$827,877	\$1,285,032	\$150,422	\$220,595	\$422,301	\$796,209	\$150,674	\$256,731	\$407,449	\$606,56
Selected Federal programs National defense and international relations Postal service Space research and technology Education and libraries	80,910 8,683 3,334 64,042	100,414 13,748 3,691 106,255	174,564 20,466 5,523 158,012	312,183 30,985 7,275 227,664	80,910 8,683 3,334 4,629	100,414 13,748 3,691 9,039	174,564 20,466 5.523 12,408	312,183 30,985 7,275 31,967	60,174	98,465	- - 147,649	21^ 76
ocial services and income maintenance Public welfare	20,446 14,835 2,031 23,722	45,129 27,570 3,468 29,646	74,643 47,378 5,075 46,578	100,438 68,706 6,578 62,165	2,220 3,630 1,086 4,062	13,694 6,884 1,892 3,533	22,395 11,277 2,799 7,724	70,334 19,708 6,407 21,102	18,226 11,205 945 19,819	32,604 20,686 1,576 26,447	54,121 36,101 2,276 39,231	76,730 53,613 2,70 56,300
Public safety Police protection Correction	5,706 1,979	10,735 4,004	16,851 7,806	26,228 15,755	478 94	1,204 220	1,904 413	3,644 862	5,228 1,885	9,531 3,784	14,947 7,393	22,689 14,95
Environment and housing Natural resources Housing and community development	13,740 4,467	16,958 5,435	43,599 13,894	67,695 19,210	10,658 1,913	12,296 2,264	38,896 6,808	60,970 19,162	3,082 2,554	4,662 3,151	6,175 7.086	9,074 11,28
Sovernmental administration Financial administration General control 3	3,612 3,567 21,688 28,334	6,574 6,777 39,575 56,167	10,944 11,514 97,641 93,389	17,297 23,125 181,231 118,500	1,341 540 16,599 10,245	2,614 1,066 29,306 18,710	3,714 1,973 80,510 30,927	5,400 3,219 144,167 58,824	2,271 4,432 5,089 15,764	3,960 8,268 10,269 33,328	7,230 12,771 17,131 55,338	11,897 19,906 37,064 76,569
						Percentage	distribution				<u>-</u>	
General expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Selected Federal programs National defense and international relations Postal service	26 9 2 9 1 1 21 3	21.1 29 08 223	21.1 25 07	24 3 2 4 0 6 17.7	53 8 5.8 2.2 3 1	45.5 6.2 1 7 4 1	413 48 13 29	39 2 3 9 0 9 4 0	39 9	- - - 38 4		35 2
ocial services and income maintenance Public welfare	68 4.9 0.7 7.9	95 58 07 6.2	90 57 06 5.6	7.8 53 05 4.8	15 24 07	62 31 09	5 3 2.7 0.7	88 25 08	12 1 7 4 0 6	127 81 06	36 2 13 3 8 9 0 6	12 7 8.8 0 4
Public safety Police protection Correction	19	23	20 09	20	03 01	1 6 0 5 0.1	1.8 0.5 0.1	27 05 01	13.2 3.5 1.3	10.3 3 7 1 5	96 37 18	9.3 3 7 2 5
nvironment and housing Natural resources Housing and community development	4 6 1 5	36	53 17	5.3 1.5	71 13	5.6 1.0	9 2 1 6	77	2.0	18	15	1 5 1 9
iovernmental administration Financial administration	12 12 72 94	1 4 1 4 8 3 11 8	13 14 118 113	1 8 1 8 14 1 9.2	0 9 0.4 11 0 6 8	1 2 0 5 13 3 8 5	09 05 1)1 73	07 04 181 74	15 29 34 105	15 32 40 130	18 31 42 136	2.0 3.3 6.1 12.6

^{*} Excludes duplicative intergovernmental transactions



a General expenditures include expenditures to the Federel Government (\$2,106,000 in 1985-86), which are excluded from direct general expenditures

³ Includes judicial and legal expenditures and expenditures on general and public buildings and other governmental administration

⁻Not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances*, vanous years (This table was prepared September 1988.)

Table 30.—Direct general expenditures of State and local governments for all functions and for education, by level and State: 1986–87

[In millions]

:	Total direct				Education ex	penditures			
State	general expendi-		Elementary	and secondary	education	F	ligher education		
	tures 1	Total	Total	Current expenditure	Capital outlay	Total	Current expenditure	Capital outlay	Other education
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	\$653,60 0 .3	\$226,657.9	\$156,781.7	\$145,148.9	\$11.532.8	\$60,240.3	\$54,071.7	\$6,168.6	\$9,635.
Alabama	8,472.8	3,190.7	1,718 6	1,611 8					
Alaska	5,226.7	1,245 8	959.8	756.4	106.8	1,056.1	929 0	127.1	418.
Arizona	9,490.4	3,824 7	2,363 0		203.5	228.2	209.5	187	59.
Arkansas	4,553.0	1,892 6		1,890 9	472.2	1,154.6	1,021.7	132.9	107.
California	84,581.5	27,013.5	1,275.2	1,045.4	229.8	479 5	44C S	33 3	137.
	•	•	17,778 0	16,805 1	972 9	8,354.1	7,551 8	802.3	881.
Connectivit	9,345.3	3,418.6	2,395.9	2,082.3	313.6	957 1	876.3	80.8	65.
Connectic it	9,393.6	2,849 7	2,186.6	2.092.0	94.5	507.8	465.5	42.3	155.
Delaware	1,925.3	740.0	425 7	412 7	13 0	256.8	223.0	35.8	57.
District of Columbia	3,211 3	566.9	481 2	428.1	53 1	85 8	80 9	4.9	
Florida	28,270.5	9,033.5	6,892.5	6,127 4	765.1	1,622.4	1,381.5	241.0	0.0 518.
Georgia	14,912.2	5,226.2	3,874.2	3,466.1	408.1	1 101 0			
Hawaii	3.066.3	820.8	514.5	443 7	70.9	1,181.3	1,056.6	124 7	170.
daho	2.078.0	815.4	500.1			291.9	259.6	32.3	14.4
llinois	29.189.9	9,999.3	8.778.7	463.1	37.0	282.0	243 5	38.5	SC 1
ndiene	11,956 5	5,007 8		6,323.0	455 7	2,638.4	2,338.7	299.7	582.1
			3,178 2	2.931 4	246.8	1,582 3	1,453 5	128.8	247.3
lowe	7,126.2	2,808 5	1,658 8	1,574.3	64.5	1,051 8	923 0	128.8	97.8
Kansas	6,169.5	2,375.2	1,577.1	1,480,2	96 9	751 2	693.4	57.8	47.0
Centucky	7,775.8	2,€79 1	1,650 3	1,550 4	99 9	329 3	757 6	71.7	
ouisiana	11,013.4	3,415.3	2,299.1	2,118.0	181.1	928 9			199.4
Maine	2,937.8	1,046.3	737.8	668.7	69.1	242.4	845 1 211.4	83.8 31.1	187.3 66.1
Waryland	12,527.4	4,2428	2,858 9	2.687 0	171 9	3 400 E	10010		
Massachus atts	17,525 5	5,005.4	3,718 1	3.611.0		1 199.5	1,064.8	134.7	184.4
Aichigan	26,662.1	10,000 8	6,749 9	6,460 1	107.1	1,031.7	923.0	108.8	255.8
Ainnesota	13,930,2	4,8022	3,187 4		289.9	2.965.9	2,682.3	283.5	285.0
Aississippi	5,319.2	1,931.1	1,245.0	2,972.7 1,151 1	214 7 93.9	1,424 2 592.4	1,292 0 551 5	132 2 40 9	190.8 92.7
Aissouri	10.552 8	4,037.9	2,779 2		I		i		9.
Aontana	2,330.9	8703		2,590 8	188 5	1,136.8	967.3	1698	121.9
lebraska	3,949.9		636.9	605 8	31 1	184 5	160.1	24.4	48.9
levada	2,826 4	1.573 4	1,027 9	969 3	58.6	495.9	432 0	63.8	49.7
lew Hampshire		806 2	582 4	529 4	52 9	198 8	182 2	16.8	25 1
1	2,365.1	854 4	638 0	566.3	71 7	188.9	155.6	33.4	27 5
lew Jersey	23,280.6	7,647 3	5,799.6	5,540.2	259 4	1,589.6	1 454 2	405.0	050 4
lew Mexico	4,041.1	1,508 6	1,016.3	887 7	128.5		1,454.3	135.3	258.1
lew York	89,520 5	20,261 9	15,343 4	14.575 5	767.9	445.8	399 5	46.2	46.8
lorth Carolina	13,324.9	5,768.9	3,6690	3,366 7		3,844.1	3,392.3	451 8	1,074.5
lorth Dekota	1,948 3	726.6	439.1	397 5	302 3 41 6	1,892 1 262 €	1,652.8 243.8	239 3 18 9	207 8 24.8
)hio	26,255 4	9,619.8	0.705.7					.00	24.0
klahoma	7,249.1		6,785.7	6.459.1	€ 26 6	2,627 6	2.321.8	306.0	206.5
regon		2,749 4	1.907 6	1,676 1	23 ' 5	766 2	712.1	54 1	75 5
ennsylvania	7,653 4	2,900 2	1,992.9	1.895 6	97.J	828 4	743 7	84 7	78.9
hode Island	26,049 8 2,749 3	9,908.1 876.9	7,560 3	7,085 1	475.2	1,558 4	1,394 2	162 2	791.4
			587.4	574 0	13 5	2017	196 3	54	87.7
outh Carolina	7,263.8	3,028 6	1,944 4	1,730 8	213.6	915 6	826.1	89.5	168.7
outh Dekote	1,803 5	589.7	401 3	378 9	224	166 7	155.4	11.3	21,7
9nnessee	10.086 8	3,400.8	2.098 3	1,937 2	161 1	1,013 9	930.3	83.7	
5X28	39,018 7	15.754.2	11,176 1	9.8111	1,364 9	4,316 9	3,874 2		288.6
tah	4,278 2	1,786.9	1,083 1	989.8	93 3	636 4	556.2	442.7 80 3	261 2 87.4
ermont	1,506 6	605 6	389 2	37 8 9	103	178 4			
rginia	14,168.9	5,538 0	3,740 7	3,482 8	257 9		167.8	10.6	38.0
ashington	12,602 1	4,579 7	3,088 3			1,602 2	1,461.2	141.0	193.1
est Virginia	4,313 3	1.611 2	1,1733	2.749.9	338 4	1,348 8	1,211.2	137.3	142.8
'20nsin	13,666 5	5,1118		1,090 3	830	357 0	339.7	17.3	80 9
yorning	2,167 8		3.337 8	3,220 5	1170	1,594 9	1,479 6	115.3	:79 4
	2,107 0	791 2	579 1	506 5	725	196.5	180 8	15.7	157

^{*}Includes State and local government expenditures for education services, social services and income maintenance, transportativable safety, environment and street on tures.



² includes State education administration and services, tuition grants, fellowships, aid to private schools, and special programs. Capital expenditures for other education are included under elementary and secondary.

NOTE —Current expenditu: data in this table differ from figures appearing in other tables because of slightly varying definitions used in the survey of Governmental Finances Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1986–87* (This table was prepared June 1989.)

Table 31.—Direct general expenditures of State and local governments for all functions and for education, by level and State: 1985-86

[In millions]

					Education e	xpenditures			
State	Total direct general		Elementan	and secondary	education		Higher education	-	
	expenditures 1	Total	Total	Current expenditure	Capital outliny	Total	Current expenditure	Capital outlay	Other education ²
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	\$604 ,455.0	\$210,818.5	\$145,110.7	\$134,837.2	\$10,273.6	\$56,535.1	\$51,318.3	\$5,216.8	\$9,172.6
Alabama	8,614.5	3,213 0	1,756 7	1,609.5	147.2	1,041.6	940.4	101.2	414.7
Alaska	5,039.4	1,213 6	886.63	743 6	1430	279.4	228 0	51.4	47.6
Arizona	8,428 8	3,274.4	2,103.0	1,709.0	394.0	1,072.9	956.5	118 4	∌8.5
Arkansas	4,371.0	1,877.0	1,271 6	1,032 5	239.1	476 5	416.4	60.1	129.0
California	76,082.2	24,463.4	15,827.8	15,143.7	684 0	7,776.6	7,080 2	696.4	859.
Colorado	8,38 7 8	3,101 3	2,178 0	1,926.2	251 8	862 2	797.3	65.0	81.
Connecticut	8,235 5	2,377 3	1,765 2	1,698 1	67 1	476.9	460.9	16.1	135.
Delaware	1,783 4	701 4	406 6	393 3	133	241.8	2108	31.0	53.0
District of Columbia	2,938.2	501.9	420 1	384.0	36.1	81 8	77.8	4.0	_
Flonda	24,790.1	8,213 5	6,117 2	7,546 5	570 7	1,551.6	1,402.1	149 5	544 8
Georgia	13,424 9	4,649 3	3,213.5	2,920.6	290 9	1,284 3	1,138 3	145.9	151.6
Hawaii	2,865 9	805 8	468 4	419.3	49 1	322 6	289.0	33.6	14.8
ldaho	1,984 2	764 9	483.8	433 8	50 0	246.5	2167	29 7	34.6
Illinois	27,155.0	9,197.9	5,303 2	5,925.5	377.7	2,386 8	2,176.2	210 5	507.9
Indiana	10,984.2	4,500 4	2,912 2	2,679.0	233 2	1,349.9	1,221.3	128.6	238.4
owa	6,951 4	2,672.2	1,624 2	1,524 4	99 6	945 4	827.4	118.0	102.6
Kansas	5,862.4	2,301 2	1,526 8	1,420 4	106 4	730 7	683.6	47.2	43.7
Kentucky	7,162 1	2,569 7	1,602 0	1,502.4	99 6	781 7	718.0	63 6	186.0
Louisiana	10,907 7	3,530 9	2,346 4	2,139 9	206 5	956.7	867.5	89.2	227.9
Maine	2,703.5	954.9	653.4	608 6	44 7	237 5	211 1	26.4	64.1
Maryland	11,514 3	3,890 1	2,609.9	2,473 7	136 1	1,1126	1,022 7	89.9	167.7
Massachusetts	15,811 5	4,616.6	3,463 9	3,301 3	162 6	916 6	831.0	85 6	236.1
Michiga 1	25,360 0	9,445 1	6,466 3	6,208 5	257 9	2,704 1	2,432.5	271 6	274 7
Minnesota	12,846 4	4,235 1	2,953 6	2,744.8	218.9	1,095.4	1,016.2	79.3	176.0
Mississippi	5,135 9	1,856 9	1,177 8	1,126 2	51 à	581 5	556.8	24 7	97.6
Missouri , .	9,698 3	3,569 3	2,562 2	2,400 3	161.9	894.2	800 5	93.7	112.9
Montana	2,280.0	8- `5	625 3	588 2	37 1	175 C	1592	15.8	40.2
Nebraska	3,826 0	1,474 8	983 9	932 3	515	446.9	4123	34.6	44.1
Nevada New Hampshire	2,564 3 2,078 9	744 7 724 9	529 4 531 9	502.0 498 6	27 4 33 3	190 6 171 8	168.6 167.3	22 0 4 5	24.7 21.2
				4900	33.3	1718	107.5	7.5	
New Jersey	21,313 7 3,987 1	6,984 7 1,579 7	5,410 3 995 2	5,131 9 858 0	278 4 137.3	1,358 1 540.8	1,251 6 479.2	106 5 61 7	216 3 43.6
New York	64,256 5	18,446 7	13,988 0	13.350 2	637.8	3,472 3	3.206.1	266 2	986 3
North Carolina	12,099 3	5,322 1	3,356 2	3,147 5	208 7	1,770 6	1,604 2	166.4	195.3
North Dakota	1,838 0	706 3	420 9	391 9	29 0	258 1	240 2	17.8	27.3
Ohio	24.616.2	9,202 1	6,589 4	6,24 , 2	3463	2.436.8	2,160.4	276 4	175.9
Oklahoma	7,364 4	2,869 3	1,936 3	1,680.0	256 2	838 6	758.9	79.7	114.4
Oregon	7,210 4	2,651 7	1,803.6	1,717.1	86 5	783 2	732.6	50 6	64.9
Pennsylvania	25,957 5	9,170 3	6,946 1	6,576 6	369 4	1,490 7	1,361 8	128.9	733.5
Rhode Island	2,604 3	8193	535 8	526 7	91	205 5	1929	12.6	/8.0
South Carolina	6,661 6	∠,713 3	1,724 9	1,567 6	157 2	825.8	756 3	69 4	162.6
South Dakota	1,595 6	560 5	402 7	379.0	23 7	136 8	126 2	106	20.9
Tennessee	9,213 7	3,131 1	1,885.3	1,721 9	163 3	984 9	900 2	84 7	260.9
Texas	36,759 9	15,452 5	10,847 1	9,395 9	1,451 3	4,334 4	3,901.2	433.2	271 0
Jtah	4,132 9	1,748 9	1,097 2	946 6	150 6	587 3	534 0	53 3	64.4
/ermont	1,365 9	534 5	2194	310 3	91	181 3	164 0	17 4	33.8
√irginia	12,803 2	5,101 ?	3,480 9	3,284 7	196 2	1,436 0	1,277 9	158 1	184.6
Washington	11,447 1	4,178 9	2,733.6	2,491 2	242 4	1,297 0	1,1979	99.1	148.4
West Virginia	4,140 8	1,596 9	1,1436	1,075 9	67.8	369 9	3476	22 3	83 4
Visco⊲sin	13,011 5	4,900 7	3,101.8	2,974 3	1273	1,617 2	1,460 3	156 9	181.9
Wyoming.	2,267 4	7,000 / 1	0,101.0 1	2,8740	1270	1,017 2	1,400 0 1	130 8	101.0

Includes Stata and local government expenditures for education services, aocial services and income maintenance, transportation, public safety environment and housing, governmental administration, interest on general debt, and other general expenditures.

2 Includes State education administration and services, tuition grants, fallowships, aid to private achoots, and special programs. Capital expenditures for other education are included under elementary and secondary.

—Data not applicable or not available.

NOTE -Current expenditure data in this table differ from figures appearing in other tables because of slightly varying definitions used in the Governmental Finances and Common Core of Data surveys Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Governmental Finances in 1985-86 (This table was prepared August 1988.)



Table 32.—Direct general expenditures per capita of State and local governments for all functions and for education, by level and State: 1985–36

	1				ducation expend	ntures per cap	HT8		
State	Total, all direct general	То	tal		nd secondary ation	Higher e	ducation	Other ed	lucation 2
	expenditures per capita ¹	Amount	As a percent of I functions	Amount	As a percent of all functions	Amount	As a percent of all functions	Amount	As a percent of all function
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Uni' ad States	\$2,50 7.31	\$874.49	34.9	\$60 1. 9 3	24.0	\$234.51	9.4	\$38.05	1.
Alabama	2,125 47	792 76	37.3	433 43	20 4	257 00	121	102.32	4.1
Alaska	9,437 11	2,272 75	24.1	1,660 36	176	523.22	55	89.17	0.5
Arizona	2,541 10	987 15	38 8	634.02	250	323.45	127	29.68	1.
Arkansas	1,842.74	791.31	42 9	536 07	29.1	200.87	10.9	54.37	3.0
California	2,819.84	906 69	32 2	586 62	20.8	288.23	10.2	31.84	ĭ.:
Colorado	2,567.44	949 28	37 0	666.66	260	263 92	10.3	18.70	0.
Connecticut	2,582.47	745 46	28 9	553.52	21 4	149.56	5.8	42.37	1.0
Delaware	2,817.37	1,108.09	39.3	642 31	22.8	382 04	136	83.73	3.0
District of Columbia	4,693 58	801 78	17.1	671 15	143	130.63	28	-	J.,
Florida	2,123 35	703.51	33 1	523.95	24.7	132.90	6.3	46.66	2.2
Georgia	2,199 36	761 68	34 6	526 46	23 9	210.40	96	24.83	1.1
Hawaii	2,698.60	758 74	28 1	441.02	163	303.80	11.3	13.92	0.5
Idaho	1,978 24	762 64	38 6	482 40	24.4	245.72	124	34.53	1.7
illinois	2,350 47	796 15	33 9	545.59	23 2	206.59	8.8	43 96	1.9
Indiana	1,995.67	817.67	410	529 11	26 5	245 25	12.3	43.31	2.2
lowa	2,438 22	937 29	38.4	569 69	23 4	331.59	13.6	36 00	4 5
. 4nses	2,382 11	935 09	39.3	620.40	26.0	296 92	12.5	17.77	1.5 0.7
Kentucky	1,921 15	689.29	35 9	429 72	22.4	209.68	10.9	49.89	2.6
Louisiana	2,423.38	784 48	32.4	521 30	21 5	212 55	8.8	50.63	2.1
Maine	2,302 83	813 36	35 3	556.52	24.2	202 26	88	54 58	2.4
Maryland	2,579.95	871 63	338	584 78	22 7	249.28	9.7	37.57	1.5
Massachusetts	2,711 17	791.59	29 2	593 95	21 9	157 16	5.8	40.49	1.5
Michigan	2,773 10	1,032 82	37 2	707 09	25 5	295.69	10.7	30 03	1.1
Minnesota	3,048.51 1,956.54	1,005.00 707 40	33 0	703.29	23 1	259.95	8.5	41.77	1.4
	1,550.54	707 40	36 2	448 70	22.9	221 53	11 3	37 17	1.9
Missoun	1,914 40	704 57	36.8	505 77	26 4	176 52	9.2	22.28	1.2
Montana Nebraska	2,783 94	1,026 30	36 9	763 53	27 4	213.65	7.7	49 12	1.8
Nevada	2,394 23 2,662 87	922 91	38 5	615 70	25 7	279 65	11.7	27.57	1.2
New Hampshire	2,024.25	773.29 705.83	29 0 34 9	549 73 517 90	20.6 25.6	197 89 167 25	74	25.67	1.0
No rersey				017 00	230	107 23	8.3	20.68	1.0
New Mexico	2,797 08 2,695 77	916 63 1,068 08	328	710 01	25 4	178.23	6.4	28 39	1.0
New York	3,615 61	1,037 96	39 6	672 92	25 0	365 68	13 6	29 48	1.1
North Carolina	1,911 11	840 64	28 7 44 0	787 08	21 8	195 38	5 4	55. 50	1.5
North Dakota .	2,706 94	1,040 22	38 4	530 13 619 93	27 7 22 9	279 67 380 07	14 6 14 0	30.85 40.23	1 6 1.5
Ohio	2,289 45	855 85	07.						
Oklahoma	2,228 26	874 22	37.4	612 86	26 8	226.64	9.9	16.36	0.7
Oregon	2,672 48	982 84	39 2 35 8	585.86 668 51	263	253.74	11.4	34 61	1.6
Pennsylvania	2,183 32	771 33	35 3	584.24	25 0 26 8	290.29 125 38	10.9	24 05	0.9
Rhode Island	2,671 35	840 32	31 5	519.55	206	210 76	5 7 7.9	61 70 80.01	2.8 3.0
South Carolina	1,972 05	803 22	40 7	E40.00	1	1		l	
South Dakota	2,253 67	791 62	35 1	510.62 568 81	25 9	244 46	12.4	48 14	2.4
Tennessee	1,918 31	651 90	34 0	392 52	25 2 20 5	193,26 205 06	8.6	29.56	1.3
Texas,	2,203 57	926 30	420	650.23	29 5	259 82	107	54 32	2.3
Jtah	2, 182 22	1,050 39	42 3	659.23 659.98	26 5	352 76	11 8 14 2	16.25 38.65	0.7 1.6
/ermont .	2,561 78	987 91	38 6	590 30	20.0			[
/irginia .	2,212 40	881 59	39 8	601.50	23 0 27 2	335 19	13 1	62.42	2.4
Washington .	2,564 88	936 35	36.5	612.48	27 2	248 14 290 61	11 2	31.94	14
Vest Virginia	2,157.80	832 13	38.6	595 %	27 6	192 74	11 3 8 9	33.25	1.3
Visconsin ,	2,719 23	1,024 17	37 /	645.19	238	337 98	12 4	43 44 38 00	2.0 1.4
	4,472 28	1,666 83							

¹ Includes State and local government expenditures for education services, social services and income maintenance, transportation, public safety, anvironment and housing, governmental administration, interest on general debt, and other general expenditures.



² Includes State education administration and services, tuition grants, fellowships, aid to private schools, and special programs

⁻⁻⁻ Data not applicable or not available

NOTE - Becarise of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1986–87* (This table was prepared August 1988.)

Table 33.—Gross National Product, State and local expenditures, personal income, disposable personal income, median family income, and population: 1929 to 1988

	Gross N Product,			nd local ures ¹ in ons		Dispos- able		e personal per capita		Population
Year	Current dollars	Constant 1982 dollars	All general expendi- tures	education expendi- tures	Personal income, in billions	personal income, in billions of 1982 dollars	Current dollars	Constant 1982 dollars	Median family income	in thou- sands ²
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1929	\$103.9	\$709 6	_	_	\$84 3	\$498 6	\$671	\$4,091	_	121,878
1933	560	498 5	_		46.3	370.8	357	2,950	_	125,690
1939	913	7166	_		72 1	499.5	532	3,812	_	131,028
1940	100.4	772.9	\$9,229	\$2,638	77.6	530.7	568	4,017	-	132,122
1941	125.5	909 4			95.2	604.1	689	4,528	_	133,402
1942	159 0	1,080.3	9,190	2 500	122 4		863	5,138	_	134,860
943			9,190	2,586		693 0				136,739
	192.7	1,276.2	0.000	0.700	150.7	721.4	972	5,276	_	
1944	211 4	1,380 €	8,860	2,793	164.5	749.3	1,052	5,414	_	138.397
1945	2134	1,354 8	-	_	170 0	739.5	1,066	5,285	-	139,928
1946	212.4	1,096.9	11,028	3,356	177.6	723 3	1,124	5,115		141,389
1947	235.2	1,066 7		5,555	190 2	694.8	1,171	4,820	\$3,031	144,126
1948	261 6	1,108.7	17,684	5,379	209.2	733 1	1,283	5,000	3,187	146.631
1949	260.4	1,109.0	,004	3,57 8	206.4	733.2	1,260	4,915	3,107	149,188
1950	288 3	1,203.7	22,787	7,177	200.4	791.8	1,368	5,220	3,319	151.684
1			,, ~,	''''		'				
1951	333 4	1,328.2	-	_	256 5	8190	1,475	5,308	3,70 9	154.287
1952	351 6	1,389 0	26,098	8,318	273.8	844.3	1,528	5,379	3,890	156.954
1953	3716	1,435 3	27,910	9,390	290.5	880 0	1,599	5,515	4,242	159.565
1954	372.5	1,416 2	30,701	10,557	293.0	894.0	1,604	5,505	4,167	162.391
1955	405 9	1,494 9	33,724	11,907	314 2	944.5	1,687	5,714	4,418	165,275
1956	420.2	1.525 6	26 711	10.000	207.0	0004	1 760	6 001	4,780	168,221
1957	428.2	.,	36,711	13,220	337.2	989 4	1,769	5,881		171,274
	451.0	1,551 1	40,375	14,134	356.3	1,012.1	1,833	5,909	4,966	
1956	456 8	1,539.2	44,851	15,919	367 1	1,028 8	1,865	5,908	5,C87	174.141
959	495.8	1,629 1	48,887	17,283	390 7	1,067.2	1,946	6,027	5,417	177,073
1960	515.3	1,665.3	51,876	18,719	409 4	1,091 1	1,986	6,036	5,620	180.760
961	533 8	1,708 7	56,201	20 574	426 0	1,123.2	2,034	6,113	5.735	183,742
1962	5746	1,799 4	60,206	∠2,216	453 2	1,170.2	2,123	6,271	5,956	186,590
1963	606 9	1,873.3	63,977	23,729	476 3	1,207 3	2,197	6,378	6,249	189,300
964	649 8	1,973 3	69,302	26,286	510 2	1,2910	2,352	6,727	6,569	191,927
965	705.1	2,087 6	74,678	28,563	552 0	1,365 7	2,505	7,027	6,957	194,347
		·								
966	772 0	2,208 3	82,843	33,287	600 8	1,431.3	2,675	7,280	7,532	196.599
1367	816 4	2,271 4	93,350	37,919	644 5	1,493 2	2,828	7,513	7,933	198,752
968	892 7	2,365 6	102,411	41,158	707 2	1,551 3	3,037	7,728	8,632	200.745
969	963 9	2,423 3	116,728	47,238	772 9	1,599.8	3,239	7,891	9.433	202,738
1970	1,015 5	2,416 2	131,332	52,718	831 8	1,668 1	3,489	8,134	9, 8 67	205,089
1971 .	1,102 7	2,484 8	150,674	59,413	894.0	1,728 4	3,740	8,322	10,285	207.692
1972.	1,102 7	2,608 5	168,550	65,814	981 6	1,720 4	4,000	8,562	11,116	209,924
1973	1,359 3	2,744 1	181,357	69,714	1,101 7	1,9163	4,481	9,042	12,051	211.939
1974	1,472 8	2,729.3	198,959	75,833	1,210 1	1,896 6	4,855	8,867	12,902	213,898
1975	1,598 4	2,695 0	230,721	87,858	1,313 4	1,931 7	5,291	8,944	13,719	215,981
1	-	•	200,721		1,010 4	1,501 /	0,201	0,544		
1976	1,782 8	2,826 7	256,731	97,216	1,451 4	2,001 0	5,744	9,175	14,958	218,086
1977	1,990 5	2,958.6	274,215	102,780	1,607 5	2,066 6	6,262	9,381	16,009	220,289
978	2,249 7	3,115.2	296,983	110,758	1,812 4	2,167 4	6,968	9,735	17,640	222,629
1979	2,508 2	3,192.4	327,517	119,448	2,034 0	2,212.6	7,682	9,829	19,587	225.106
1980	2,732.0	3,187 1	369,086	133,211	2,258 5	2,214 3	8,421	9,722	21,023	227,754
981	3.052 6	3,248 8	407,449	145,784	2,520.9	2,248.6	9,243	9,769	22,388	230,182
982	3,166 0	3,166 0	438,896	154,282	2,520.9 2,670 8	2,248.6	9,243	9,709	23,433	232.549
983	3,405 7	3,100 0	466.421	163,876	2,838 6	2,201 5	10,340	9,930	24,674	234,829
004	3,772 2	3,501.4	505,008		3,108 7					237,028
985	4,014 9	3,618 7	553,899	176,108 192,686	3,108 / 3,325 3	2,469 8 2,542 8	11,257 11,861	10,419 10,625	26,433 27,735	239,322
•	7,017 9	0,0107	000,000	192,000	3,323 3	2,542.0	11,001	10,023	27,700	
986	4,240 3	3,721.7	605,594	210,819	3,531 1	2,640 9	12,496	10,929	29,458	241,650
1987 1988	4,526 7	3,847 0	656,064	226,658	3,780 0	2,686.3	13,157	11,012	30,853	243,944
	4,861.8	3,995 0				2,789 4	14,107	11,331		246,180

¹ Data for years prior to 1963 include expenditures for government fiscal years ending during that particular calendar year. Data for 1963 and later years are the aggregations of expenditures for government fiscal years which ended on June 30 of the stated year. General expenditures exclude expenditures of publicity owned utilities and liquor storas. and of insurance-wast activities. Intergovern nental payments between State and local governments are excluded. Fayments to the Federal Government are included.

and Hawaii beginning 1960. Annual data are for July 1 through 1958 and are averages of quarterly data beginning 1959. Quarterly data are averages for the period

SOURCE Executive Office of the President, Economic Report of the President, 1989, and Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators, January 1989 (This table was prepared February 1989)



² Population of the United States including Armed Forces overseas, includes Alaska

⁻⁻ Data not available

NOTE -Some data have been revised from previously published figures.

Table 34.—Gross National Product Price Defiator, Consumer Price Index, and education price indexes: 1919 to 1988

Year	GNP Implicit				ol year	1
	Price Deflator	Consumer Price Index 1	Year	Consumer Price Index ²	Elementary/ Secondary Price Index	Higher Education Price Index
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
919		173	1919-20	191		i
929	14 6	17.1	1929-30	17.1		
934	_	13.4	1934-35	13.6		
939	12 7	139	1939-40	14.0	_	
940	13 0	140	1940-41	14.2	_	_
941	13 8	44.7				
942	14.7	147	1941-42	15 6	-	_
943	15.1	163 173	1942-43	16 9	_	_
944	153	176	1943-44	17 4		i –
945	15 7	180	1944-45	178	_	
1	15 7	160	1945–46	18 2	_	_
946	194	19.5	1946-47	21 2		
947	22 1	223	1947-48	23 3		_
948	23.6	24 1	1948-49	24 1		
949	23 5	23 8	1949-50	23 7		_
950	23 9	24 1	1950-51	25 1	_	_
951	25.1	26.C	1054 50	20.3		
952	25.1	26.5	1951-52	26 3	_	_
953	25 9	26 7	1952-53	267		_
954	26 3	26 S	1953-54 1954-55	26 9		_
955	27 2	268	1955-56	26.8	-	_
	2, 2	200	1955-56	26.9	_	_
956	28 1	27 2	1956-57	27.7	_ :	
957	29 1	28 1	1957-58	28 6	_	-
958	29 7	28 9	1958-59	290	[_
959	30 4	29 1	1959-60	29 4		_
960	30 9	29 6	1960-61	298		25.1
961	31 2	29 9	1004 00		İ	
962	31 9	30 2	1961-62	30 1		26.1
963	32 4	30 Z 30 6	62-63	30 4	-	27.1
964	32 9	31 0	63 -64 1964-65	30 8	-	28.1
D65 .	33 8	31 5	1965-66	31 2 31 9	=	29. 3 30. 8
966	1					55.5
107	35 9	32 4	1966-67	32 9		32.4
168	35.9	33 4	1967-68	34.0		34 3
069	37 7 39 8	34 8	1968-69	35 7	-	36.7
70	42 0	36 7	1969-70	37 8	-	3 9 .2
	420	38 8	1970-71	39 7	-	41.6
<u></u>	44.4	40 5	1971-72	41 2	_	44.0
72	46 5	418	1972-73	42 8	_	463
	49 5	44 4	1973-74	46 6	_	496
	54 0	493	197475	518	51 6	53.8
775 .	59 3	53 8	1975-76	55.5	56 1	57.4
76	63 1	56 9	4076 77			
77	673	60 6	1976-77	58 7	59 9	61 1
78 .	722	65 2 1	1977-78 1978-79	62 6	64 0	65 2
79	78 6	726	1979-80	68 5	69 9	702
8C	85 7	82 4	1980-81	77 6 86 6	76.3 85.5	77.2 85 5
81					000	03.3
82	94 0	90 9	1981-82	94 1	93.8	94.0
83	100 0	965	1982-83	98 2	100 0	100.0
84	103 9	996	1983-84	101 8	105 9	105 4
85	107 7	103 9	1984-85	105 8	113 4	1125
	110 9	107 6	1985-86	108 8	120 0	117.4
86	1139	109 6	1986-87	111 2	125 7	122.3
87	1:77	1136	1987-88	115 8	125 /	122.3
88	121 7	1183	1988-89	121 2		_

¹ Index for urban wage earners and clencal workers through 1977, 1978 and later figures are for all urban consumers

NOTE -Some data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE Council of Economic Advisers. Economic Indicators, January 1989, U.S. Department of Education, National Institute of Education, Inflation Measures for Schools and Colleges: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Price Index, and Research Associates of Washington. "Higher Education Prices and Price Indexes 1988 Update" and "School Price Index 1988 Update" (This table was prepared March 1989)



² Consumer Price Index adjusted to a school-year basis (July through June)

⁻ Data not available

CHAPTER 2

Elementary and Secondary Education

Growing concern about the quality of education in elementary and secondary schools has prompted careful examinations of student learning experiences. Results from a number of achievement tests have highlighted the mediocre performance of students in mathematics, reading, and writing. Moreover, minority students have scored much lower than the average in these important areas. Other analyses have focused on the resources and outcomes of education institutions. The evaluation of these issues has caused increased information needs that are only partially met by available data.

This chapter contains a variety of statistics on public and private elementary and secondary education. These data are derived from surveys conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and other public and private organizations.

The Center conducts annual surveys of public school statistics and periodic surveys of teacher characteristics and private schools. The Common Core of Data is a survey of public elementary and secondary school and school district data available through administrative records of State education agencies. Each State provides summary data on enrollment, staff, revenues, and expenditures. In addition, listings and selected statistics of school districts and schools are obtained. National and State summary statistics from the Common Core of Data have been published annually in the Digest, and in a series of reports and bulletins.

The Center has also conducted periodic surveys of private elementary and secondary schools for many years. Summary statistics on enrollments, teachers, and schools were collected in the 1985-86 Survey of Private Schools. Additional information on private schools has been made available by the National Catholic Educational Association.

Other recurring reports of the Center which have appeared from time to time are the studies of preprimary education and of offerings and enrollments in high school subjects. The most recent statistics in these areas are summarized in the tables which follow.

This chapter of the Digest also utilizes data on student achievement from the National Assessment of Educational Progress; on public school enrollment by race or ethnicity from the Office for Civil Rights, U.S.

Department of Education; on the characteristics, subjects taught, and average salaries of public school tea hers from the National Education Association and the American Federation of Teachers; on mandatory ages of attendance, graduation requirements, and minimum competency testing for students and teachers from the Education Commission of the States; and on the Scholastic Aptitude Test scores of college-bound high school seniors from the College Entrance Examination Board.

The Center is developing a new plan to expand the coverage of its elementary and secondary statistical program. This new survey system will provide more information on the finances of elementary and secondary schools and will allow cross comparisons of teacher, student, and school characteristics. For example, the linking of student performance with teacher and school characteristics may provide the data for a systematic study of successful school environments.

Additional information on public school libraries and the use of microcomputers in public and private schools is tabulated in chapter 7 of this report. Comparisons of the income and employment of high school graduates and dropouts, and college enrollment of high school graduates are in chapter 5. Tabulations of international data are in chapter 6. Further information on survey methodologies can be found in the Guide to Sources in the appendix.

Highlights

- In fall 1985, public elementary and secondary school enrollments increased for the first time since 1971. Enrollment continued to rise, resulting in an increase of 2 percent from 1985 to 1988. (Tables 2 and 37)
- In contrast to the declining elementary and secondary school enrollments during the 1970s and early 1980s, there was substantial enrollment growth in preprimary education. Between 1970 and 1980, preprimary enrollment of 3- to 5-year-olds rose by 19 percent. From 1980 to 1987, preprimary enrollment increased an additional 22 percent. An important feature of the increasing participation of young children in preprimary schools is the high proportion in full-day programs. In 1987



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- Despite drops in total elementary and secondary school enrol!ment during the late 1970s and early 1980s, increasing numbers of children were served in programs for the handicapped. In 1977–78, about 8.6 percent of children were served in these programs compared to 11.1 percent in 1987–88. Most of this increase may be attributed to the proportion of children who were identified as learning disabled, which rose from 2 percent of all children in 1977–78 to 5 percent of all children in 1987–88. (Table 45)
- Of the 404,000 full-time and part-time private school teachers in 1985–86, about 76 percent were women. About 62 percent of the teachers were under age 40. Ninety-five percent of the private school teachers had a bachelor's degree or above. (Table 52)
- About one-third of all private schools had a basic tuition (excluding discounts) of more than \$1,500 in 1985–86. There was considerable variation in the tuition charges by different types of schools. Catholic schools tended to charge the least, with 12 percent charging over \$1,500. Schools with no religious orientation charged the most, with 80 percent charging over \$1,500 per year. (Table 53)
- During the 1970s and early 1980s, public school enrollment decreased, while the number of teachers increased. As a result, the pupil-teacher ratio declined markedly. Between 1970 and 1980, the pupil-teacher ratio for public schools fell from 22.3 to 18.8. After 1980, the number of pupils per teacher continued downward, reaching 17.5 in 1988. (Table 56)
- The average salary for public school teachers has grown rapidly in recent years, reaching \$28,044 in 1987-88. After adjustment for inflation, teachers' salaries rose 19 percent between 1980-81 and 1987-88, recouping the losses in purchasing power suffered during the 1970s. (Table 66)
- In general, public school teachers have higher salaries than private school teachers. In 1985–86, the average salary for public school teachers was \$25,198 compared to \$14,400 for private school teachers. (Tables 52 and 66)
- Teachers have expressed more satisfaction with their jobs in recent years. About 87 percent of teachers felt satisfied with their jobs in 1988 compared to 81 percent in 1984. (Table 65)
- The number of nonteaching staff employed by public schools has grown at a faster rate than the number of pupils and teachers. In 1960-70, there

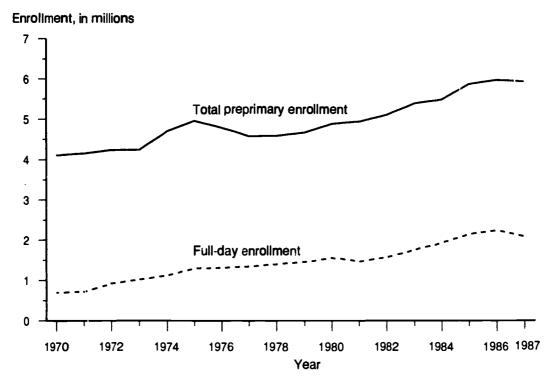
- were 13.5 pupils per staff member (total staff) compared to 9.3 pupils per staff member in 1987. During the same time period, the proportion of the total staff who were teachers declined from 60 percent to 53 percent. (Table 71)
- Comparisons of the number of public and private high school graduates and the 17- and 18-year-old population show that the proportion of young people graduating from high school has not increased over the past 20 years. At its highest point in 1968-69, there were 77.1 graduates for every 100 persons 17 or 18 years of age. This ratio declined during the 1970s, falling to a low point of 71.4 in 1979-80. The ratio has risen slightly since then, reaching 74.0 in 1988-89. (Table 89)
- Students at ages 9, 13, and 17 were reading better in 1984 than they were in 1971. The improvements in the achievement of minority and disadvantaged urban students between 1971 and 1984 have reduced the gap between their performance and that of other students. However, the average reading proficiency of black and Hispanic 17-year-oids is only slightly higher than that of white 13-year-olds. (Tables 95 and 97)
- Between 1977-78 and 1987-88, combined verbal and mathematics SAT scores increased by 7 points. However, there was considerable diversity among students from different racial ethnic groups. Scores for white students rose by only 4 points compared to an increase of 51 points for black students and 38 points for Mexican-American students. (Table 108 and 111)
- Eighth graders were more afraid to ask questions in their mathematics classes than in their English, social studies, or science classes. Females and members of mincrity groups were more reluctant to ask questions in mathematics classes than males or white students. (Table 119)
- Eighth-grade students at Catholic and other private schools were more likely to say that they "get along well with teachers" than students at public schools. Students at private schools were also more likely to feel that "rules for behavior are strict" than students at public schools. (Table 124)
- The proportion of public and private high school seniors who had ever used an illicit drug rose from 55 percent in 1975 to 66 percent in 1981. After 1981 the proportion of seniors who had ever used drugs fell, reaching 57 percent in 1987. Also, there has been a drop in the proportion of high school seniors who have used cocaine, from 17 percent in 1985 to 12 percent in 1988. (Table 129)



- · States are the most important funding source for public elementary and secondary schools. In 1986-87, 50 percent of all revenues came from State sources, 44 percent came from local sources, and 6 percent came from the Federal government. (Table 138)
- The expenditure per student in public schools has risen significantly in recent years, even after allow-

ing for inflation. In 1987-88, the average current expenditure per student in average daily attendance was \$4,227. This represents an increase of 27 percent since 1980-81, after adjustment for inflation. (Table 145)

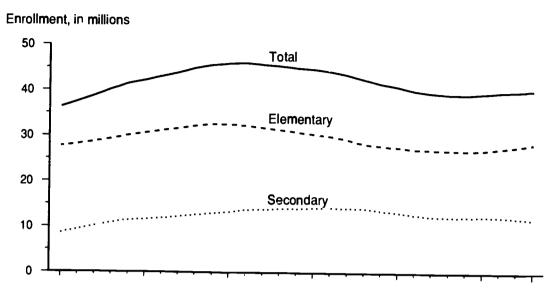
Figure 7.—Preprimary enrollment, by attendance status: October 1970 to October 1987

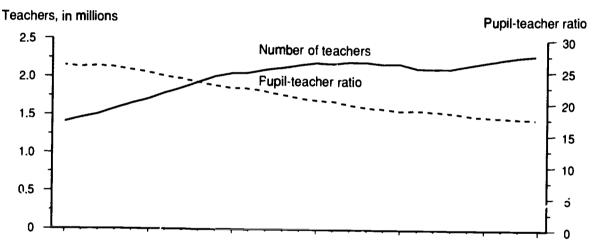


SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Preliminary Enrollment, various years; and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey, unpublished data.

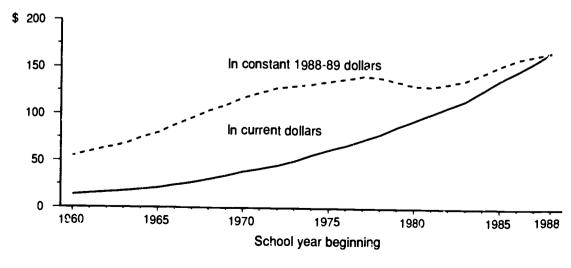


Figure 8.—Enrollment, number of teachers, pupil-teacher ratios, and expenditures in public schools: 1960-61 to 1988-89





Current expenditures, in billions



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems; Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems; Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, and Common Cyre of Data surveys.

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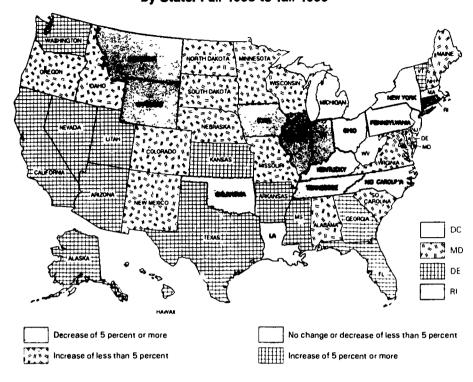
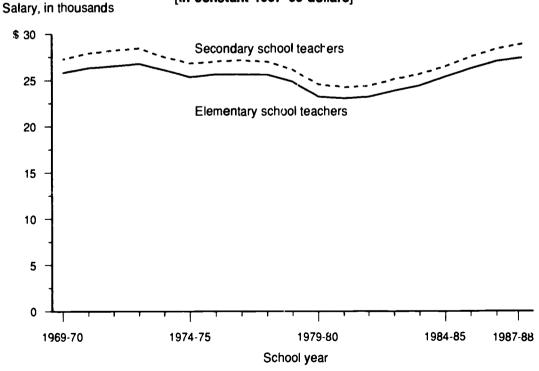


Figure 9.—Percent change in public elementary and secondary enrollment, by State: Fall 1983 to fall 1988

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data surveys.

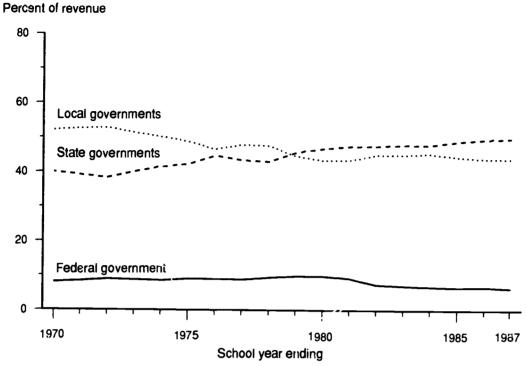
Figure 10.—Average annual salary for public elementary and secondary school teachers: 1969-70 to 1987-88 [In constant 1987-88 dollars]



SOURCE: National Education Association, annual Estimates of School Statistics, (Latest edition 1987-88. Copyright (2) 1988 by the National Education Association All rights reserved.)

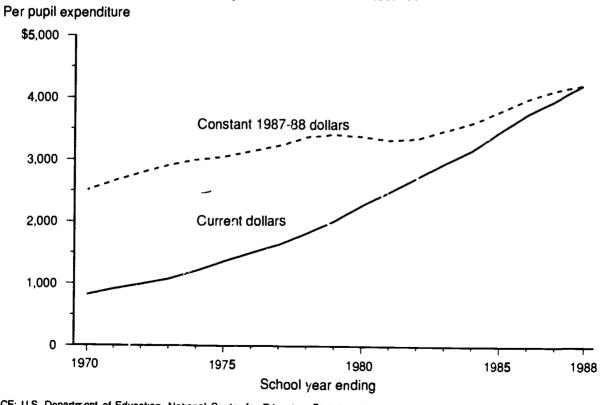


Figure 11.—Sources of revenue for public elementary and secondary schools: 1969-70 to 1986-87



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education, Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, and Common Core of Data surveys

Figure 12.—Current expenditure per student in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools: 1969-70 to 1987-88



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Sta. Lics of State School Systems, Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems; Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education; and Common Core of Data surveys.

Item	186 9 –70	1879-80	1889-90	1899-1900	1909-10	191 9 –20	192 9 -30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	196 9 –70	1979–80	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Population, pupile, and instructional staff														
Total population, in thousar, is	39,818	50,156	62,948	75.995	90,492	104,512	121,770	130,880	148,665	179,323	201.385	224,567	238,736	241.09
Population aged 5-17 years, 1 thousands	12,055	15.066	18,543	21,573	24,009	27,556	31,417	30,150	30,168	43,881	52,386	48,041	44,975	45.148
Percent of total population 5-17	30 3	30.0	29.5	28 4	26 5	26 4	25 8	23.0	20 3	24.5	25 8	21 4	18.8	18.7
Total enrollment in elementary and secondary schools, in thousands	6,872	9,867	12,723	15,503	17 814	21,578	25,678	25,434	25,112	36,087	² 45,619	² 41,645	² 39,509	2 39 837
Kindergarten and grades 1-8, in thousands	6,792	9,757	12,520	14,984	16,899	19,378	21,279	18,833	19,787	27,602	2 32,597	² 27,931	² 27,049	² 27,404
Grades 9-12, in thousands	3 80	110	203	519	915	2,200	4,399	6,601	5,725	8,485	3 13,022	2 13,714	² 12,460	² 12,434
Enrollment as a percent of total population	173	197	20 2	20 4	197	20 6	21 1	19 4	169	20 1	22 4	18 5	165	16.5
Percent of population aged 5-17 enrolled	57.0	65 5	686	71 9	74.2	78.3	81.7	84 4	83.2	82.2	86.9	86 7	878	88 2
Percent of total enrollment in high schools									l	į				
(grades 9-12 and postgraduate)	12	11	16	3 3	51	102	17 1	26 0	22 7	23 5	28 5	32 9	31 5	31.2
High school graduates, in thousands	_	_	22	62	111	231	592	1,143	1,063	1,627	2,589	2,748	2,382	2,433
Average daily attendance, in thousands Total number of days attended by pupils	4,077	6,144	8,154	10,633	12,827	16,150	21,265	22,042	22,284	32,477	41,934	38,289	36,523	36,858
enrolled, in millions	539	801	1,098	1,535	2,011	2,615	3.673	3,858	3,964	5,782	7,501	4 6.835		
Percent of enrolled pupils attending daily	59 3	623	64 1	68 6	72 1	74 8	82 8	86 7	88 7	90.0	90.4	4 90.1	_	_
Average length of school term, in days	132 2	1303	134 7	144 3	1575	161 9	172 7	175 0	177 9	178 0	178.9	4 178 5	_	_
Average number of days attended per pupil	78 4	81 1	86 3	99 0	113	121 2	143	151 7	157 9	160.2	161.7	4 160 8	_	_
Total instructional staff, in thousands	_	_	_		_	678	880	912	962	1,464	2,253	2,441	_	_
Supervisors, in thousands	_	_	_	-	_	7	7	5	9	14	32	435	_	_
Principals, in thousands	_	-	-		_	14	31	32	39	64	91	106	_	-
Teachers, librarians, and other nonsupervisor														
instructional staff, in thousands	201	287	364	423	523	657	843	875	914	1,387	2,131	2,300	2,321	2,36
Men, in thousands	78	123	126	127	110	93	140	195	195	4 402	4 691	4 782	-	
Women, in thousands	123	164	238	296	413	585	703	681	719	4 985	4 1,440	4 1,518	_	-
Percent men	38 7	428	345	29 9	21 1	141	16 6	22 2	21 3	4 29 0	4 32 4	4340		_
						Amour	nts in millio	ns of curre	nt dollars	т —				
Finance				•			**					•••	A	
Total revenue receipts from	_	_	\$143	\$220	\$433	\$970	\$2,089	\$2,261	\$5,437	\$14,747	\$40,267	\$96,881	\$149,128	\$158,827
Federal Government .	-	_	_	_	-	2	7	40	156	652	3,220	9,504	9,976	10,146
State governments	-	_	_	_	-	160	354	684 1,536	2,166	5,768	16,063	45,349	73,620	79,023
Local sources, including intermediate.	-	_	- 1	_	-	808	1,728	1,536	3,116	8,327	20,985	42,029	65,533	69,659
Percent of revenue receipts from						03	0.4	18	29	44	80	98	67	
Federal Government	_	_	_	_	-	16 5	169	303	398	39 1	39 9	468	49 4	6.4 49 8
Local sources, including intermediate			_	_	_	83 2	82 7	68.0	573	56.5	52 1	43 4	43 9	43 9
Total expenditures for public schools	\$63	\$78	\$141	\$215	\$426	\$1.036	\$2,317	\$2,344	\$5.838	\$15.613	\$40.683	\$95,962	4\$148.600	4 \$160.900
Current expenditures	,,,,	-	114	180	356	861	1,844	1,942	4,687	6 12.329	6 34,218	6 86,984	6 137,165	6 146.589
Capital outlay	_	_	26	35	70	154	371	258	1,014	2,662	4,659	6,506	.5.,.66	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Interest on school debt	_		1	_	-	18	93	131	101	490	1,171	1,874	_	
Other expenditures 7	_		_	_	_	3	10	13	36	133	636	* 598	_	_
Percent of total expenditures devoted to						_	, -		1					
Current expenditures	_		813	83 5	836	83 1	79 6	828	803	6 79 0	6841	6906	_ :	
Capital outlay	_		187	16 5	164	148	160	11.0	17.4	170	11 5	68	_	
Interest on school debt	_	_	_	_		18	4.0	56	1.7	3.1	2.9	2.0	_	_
	1					0.3		06				•06		1

6

Table 35.—Historical summary of public elementary and secondary school statistics: 1869-70 to 1986-87—Continued

item	1869-70	1879-80	1889-90	1899-1900	1909-10	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1969-70	1979-80	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	,	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		· — — —	_				Amounts II	n current de	ollars				1	
Annual salary of instructional staff *	\$189 —	\$195 —	\$252 —	\$325 —	\$485 —	\$871 —	\$1,420 1,634	\$1,441 1,356	\$3,010 3,400	\$5,174 5,413	\$8,840 8,750	10 \$16,715 19,087	10 \$26,405 28,381	10 \$27,746 29,539
population National income ¹ per capita Current expenditure ¹¹ per pupil in A.D.A. ¹² Total expenditure ¹⁴ per pupil in A.D.A National income per pupil in A.D.A	1.59 — — 15 55 —	1.56 — — 12.71 —	2 23 13 13 99 17 23 	2.83 — 13 16.67 ∠0.21	2 71 	9.91 53.32 64 16 	19.03 667 86 70 108.49 3.845	17.91 587 88.09 105.74 3,502	39 1,520 209 159 10,312	87 2,272 375 472 12,547	202 3,829 816 955 18,656	427 9,1 \ 7 2,272 2,506 53,470	4 622 13,546 3,756 4 4,069 88,547	4 667 14,256 3,977 44,365
Current expenditure per day 15 per pupil in A.D.A	0.12	0.10	¹³ 0.10 0 13	¹³ 0 12 0 14	¹³ 0 18 0 21	0.33 0.40	0.50 0 63	0.50 0 60	1 17 1.46	211	4 56 5 34	12.73 13.95		93,252
						Amou	ints in cons	stant 1986-	87 dollars					
Annual salary of instructional staff Persocial income 1 per er of labor force 1 Total school expenditure: r capita of total	<u>-</u>	_	_	_		\$5,084 —	\$9,228 10,618	\$11,470 10,793	\$14,137 15,969	\$19,587 20,492	\$26,030 25,765	¹⁰ \$23,949 27,348	10 \$26 ,991 29,011	10 \$ 27,746 29,539
population	_ _ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _	58 — 311 374 —	124 4.334 563 705 24,986	143 4,672 701 842 27,874	184 7,139 981 746 48,433	330 8,601 1,420 1,787 47,498	595 11,275 2,403 2,812 54,935	612 13,062 3,255 3,591 76,612	4 636 13,847 3,839 4 4,159 90,513	4667 14,256 3,977 44,365 93,252
Current expenditure per day 15 per pupil in A.D.A Total expenditure per day per pupil in A.D.A	_ =	=	=	_	_	1 93 2 33	3.25 4.09	3 98 4.78	5.50 6.86	7.99 10.03	13 43 15.72	18.24 19.99	_	

¹ Data on population and labor force are from the Bureau of the Census, and data on personal income and national income are irom the Bureau of Economic Analysis. U.S. Department of Commerce Population data through 1959-60 are based on tictal population from the decennial census. Beginning in 1969-70, population data are resident population, excludin armed forces overseas, as of July 1

2 Fall enrollnis it.

3 Data for 1870-71

⁴ Estimated by the National Center for Education Statistics

⁸ Prior to 1919-20, data are for the number of different persons employed rather than number of positions

Because of the modification of the scope of "current expenditures for elementary and secondary schools," data for 1959-60 and later years are not entirely comparable with pnor years

7 Includes aummer achools, community colleges, and adult education. Beginning ir. 1959-60, also includes community services, formerly classified with "current expenditures for elementary and secondary schools."

* Excludes community colleges and adult education

Average includes supervisors, principals, teachers, and other nonsupervisory instructional staff

10 Estimated by the National Education Association

11 Excludes current expenditures not allocable to pupil costs

12 "A D A" means average daily attendance in elementary and secondary schools

13 Includes interest on school debt

if The expenditure figure used here is the sum of current expenditures allocable to pupil costs, capital outlay, and interest on school debt.

15 Per day rates derived by dividing annual rates by average length of terms

-Data not reported

NOTE —Kindergarten enrollment includes a relatively small number of nursery school pupils. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Some data have been revised from previously published figures.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics of State School Systems, Statistics of Public Elementary and Sucondary School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, FY 1990; Common Core of Data survey, and Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators (This table was prepared January 1999)

Grade	Fall	Fall	Fall	F."	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fali	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fall	Fail
	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Numbers in thousands

							Numbe	ers in thou	JSanos						
All grades	45,429	4E,053	44,791	44,317	43,577	42,550	41,645	40,987	40,099	39,652	39,352	39,295	39,509	39,837	40,024
Elementary	31,353	30,921	30,487	30,006	29,336	28,425	27,931	27,674	27,267	27,156	26,997	26,918	27,049	27,404	27,886
Kindergarten1	2,639	2,784	2,945	2,919	2,742	2,652	2,675	2,689	2,687	2,845	2,860	3,010	3,192	3,310	3,388
1st grade	3,239	3,200	3,236	² 3,330	3,295	3,062	2,938	2,894	2,951	2,937	3,080	3,113	3,239	3,358	3,467
2nd grade	3,192	3,107	3,027	3,084	23,199	3,148	2,896	2,800	2,782	2,790	2,781	2,904	2,941	3,054	3,173
3rd grade	3,338	3,171	3,038	2,986	3,060	² 3,158	3,096	2,908	2,806	2,763	2,772	2,765	2,895	2,933	3,046
4th grade	3,505	3,345	3,112	3,024	2,979	3,046	² 3,130	3,115	2,918	2,798	2,758	2,772	2,771	2,896	2,938
5th grade	3,538	3,510	3,281	3,115	3,019	2,980	3,055	² 3,130	3,127	2,912	2,798	2,761	2,776	2,775	2,901
6th grade	3,592	3,559	3,476	3,297	3,111	3,036	2,999	3,038	² 3,180	3,142	2,928	2,823	2,789	2,806	2,811 2,911
7th grade	3,741	3,711	3,619	3,576	3,384	3,228	3,128	3,087	3.183	2 3,288	3,247	3,044	2,938	2,900 2,870	2,839
8th grade	3,676	3,708	3,636	3,581	3,533	3,355	3,1€ :	3,091	3,059	3,123	² 3,222	3,186	2,982	2,070	2,038
Elementary				534	524	760	848	921	574	558	550	541	525	502	473
ungraded	339	307	567	534	524	/60	040	921	5/4	336	550	34 1	323	302	4/3
Elementary special education	557	519	548	561	490	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Secondary	14,077	14,132	14,304	14,310	14,240	14,125	13,714	13,313	12,833	12,496	12,355	12,377	12,460	12,434	12,138
9th grade	3,801	3,832	3,879	3,823	3,779	3,726	3,516	3,380	3,286	3,248	3,330	2 3,44,0	3,439	3,257	3,143
1Cth grade		3,675	3,723	3,737	3,686	3,610	3,527	3,375	3,217	3,137	3,103	3,145	² 3,230	3,215	3,020
11th grade	3,322	3,301	3,354	3,373	3,388	3,312	3,241	3,195	3,039	2,916	2,861	2,819	2,866	² 2,954	2,936
12th grade	2,915	2,95≿	2,986	3,015	3,026	3,023	2,969	2,925	2,907	2,787	2,678	2,599	2,550	2,601	² 2,681
Postgraduate	7	14	23	23	13	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Secondary ungraded.	73	63	63	84	145	454	462	438	383	407	383	374	375	407	359
Secondary special								445							(4)
education	309	296	276	254	203	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(*)	(4)
,								Percent	,						
All grades	100.0	100 า	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Elementary	69.0	68.6	₁38.1	67.7	67.3	66 8	67.1	67.5	68.0	68 5	68.6	68.5	68.5	68 8	69.7
Kindergarten 1	5.8	6.2	6.6	6.6	6.3	62	64	6.6	6.7	72	7.3	7.7	8.1	8.3	8.5
1st grade	7.1	7.1	7.2	7 5	76	72	7.1	7 1	7.4	7.4	78	79	8.2	84	8.5
2nd grade	7.0	6.9	68	7.0	7.3	74	70	68	69	70	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.9
3rd grade		70	68	€.7	70	7.4	7.4	7.1	70	70	70	70	7.3	7.4	7.6
4th grade	7.7	7.4	69	68	6.8	72	7.5	76	73	71	70	7 1	7.0	7.3	7.3
5th grade	78	7.8	7.3	70	69	70	73	75	78	73	11	7.0	7.0	70	7.2
6th grade	7.9	79	7.8	74	71	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.9	79	74	72	7.1	70	7.0
7th grade	8.2	8.2	8 1	8.1	78	/6	7.5	75	79	8.3	8.3	77	7.4	7.3 7.2	7.3 7.1
8th grade Elementary	81	8.2	81	8.1	8.1	79	76	75	76	79	8.2	8.1	7.5	-	
ungraded	0.7	0.7	13	12	12	18	20	2.2	14	14	14	14	13	1.3	1.2

5tn grace	/ 0	7.0	7.3	70	0.5	70	, 3	1.3	, 0	, 5	′ ' '	7.0	7.0	. • •	
6th grade	7.9	79	7.8	74	7 1	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.9	79	74	72	7.1	70	7.0
7th grade	8.2	8.2	8 1	8.1	78	/6	7.5	75	79	8.3	8.3	77	7.4	7.3	7.3
8th grade	8 1	8.2	81	8.1	8.1	79	76	75	76	79	8.2	8.1	7 5	72	7.1
Elementary				}		ŀ	i		i					_ [
ungraded	07	07	13	12	12	18	20	2.2	1 4	14	1 4	14	13	1.3	1.2
Elementary special			Ī						į						
education	1.2	1 2	12	13	11	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
•											•				
Secondary	310	31 3	31 9	32.3	32 6	33.2	32 9	32 5	32 0	315	31 4	31.5	31.5	31 2	30.3
9th grade	8 4	8 5	8.7	86	e 7 '	88	8.4	8 2	8 2	82	85	88	8.7	82	79
10th grade	80	8.2	83	8 4	8.5	8 5	85	8.2	80	79	79	8.0	8 2	8.1	7.5
11th grade	7.3	73	75	7.6	78	7.8	7.8	7.8	76	74	73	72	7.3	7.4	7.3
12th grade	6.4	6.6	6.7	6 8	69	7 1	7.1	7 1	7 2	7.0	6.8	6.6	6 5	6.5	
Postgraduate	(5)	(5)	01	0.1	(6)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Secondary ungraded	02	01	0.1	0.21	03	11	11	1 1	10	10	10	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9
Secondary special			1	1											
education	07	07	0.6	J.6	0.5	(41	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
		•							1					1	



¹ Includes a relatively small number of prekindergarten pupils

² Figures are shown in normal progression and indicate enrollment in successive grades of the pupils who enterud the first grade in fall 1976, including retained and accelerated pupils. Because some pupils spend more than t year in the first grade, and because of transfers between public and private schools, school ratention rates should not be calculated directly from first-grade enrollment

² Included in "secondary ungraded."

⁴ Included in "secondary ungraded."

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department or Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems, and Common Cora of Data survey (This table was prepared December 1988)

Table 37.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by level and State: Fall 1981 to fall 1988

	Fall 1981		Fall 1982		Τ	Fall 1983		F## 1961 t		
State or other area		 	T	T	 -				Fall 1984	,
	Total	Total	Kindergarten through grade 8 2	Grades 9 to 12	Total	Kindergarten through grade 8 ²	Grades 9 to 12	Total	Kindergarten through grade 8 2	Grades 9 to 12
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	40,009,496	39,651,837	27,155,903	12,495,934	39,351,994	26,997,330	12,354,664	39,295,210	26,9 17,755	12,377,45
Alabama	743,448	724,037	509,952	214,065	721,901	510,814	211,067	712,586	514,355	198,23
Arizona	90,858 507,199	89,413 510,296	63,211	26,202	98,206	70,284	27,922	104,599	75,206	29,39
Arkaneas	437,121	432,565	359,229 304,443	151,067 126,122	506,682	354,415	152,267	530,062	373,235	156,82
California	4,046,156	4,065,486	2,801,818	1,263,668	432,120 4,089,017	2,813,524	127,145 1,275,493	432,868	304,518	128,15
Colorado				' '	1	2,010,324	1,273,483	4,151,110	2,845,962	1,305,14
Connecticut 6	544,174 505,386	545,209 486,470	379,599	165,610	542,196	376,775	165,421	545,427	376,216	169,21
Delaware	95,072	92,848	335,997 81,367	150,473	477,585	328,574	149,011	468,145	323,391	144,75
District of Columbia .	94,975	91,105	84,696	31,279 26,409	91,406	61,181	30,225	91,767	61,961	29,80
Florida	1,487,721	1,484,734	1,038,998	445,736	88,843 1,495,543	63,297 1,044,107	25,548 451,436	87,397	6≥ 808	24,58
Georgie				,	1,100,010	1,044,107	451,436	1,524,107	1,061,736	462,37
Hawai	1,056,117 162,805	1,053,689 162,024	739,178	314,511	1,050,859	738,258	312,601	1,062,315	745,837	316,47
ideho	204,524	202,973	110,2∩2 145,4≀6	51,822	162,241	110,419	51,622	163,860	111,650	52,210
Illinois	1,924,084	1,880,289	1,286,858	57,557 593,431	206,352	148,363	57,989	208,060	148,937	59,14
Indiana	1,025,172	999,542	663,547	335,995	1,853,318 984,384	1,271,525	581,791	1,834,355	1,254,477	579,87
(mm	1		300,047	JJ5,885	-01 ,304	670,440	313,944	972,659	661,779	310,88
íowa Kansas	516,216	504,983	337,728	167,255	497,267	333,198	164,089	491,011	328,635	162,178
Kentucky	409,909	407,074	282,879	124,195	405,222	282,389	122,833	405,347	282,182	123,16
Louisiana	658,350 782,053	651,084 784,027	457,505	193,579	647,414	454,931	192,483	644,421	451,111	193,310
Maine	216,293	211,986	561,411 148,848	222,616	800,193	577,234	222,959	800,941	578,911	222,030
•	2.10,230	211,900	140,040	65,138	209,753	145,814	63,939	207,537	142,176	65,361
Maryland	721,841	699,201	₹61,794	237,407	683,491	451,716	231,775	673,840		
Massachusetts	947,037	906,984	596,990	311,994	878,644	578,306	300,538	859,391	446,244 586,028	227,596
Michigan Minneeota .	1,603,034	1,761,521	1,156,5′	604,924	1,735,881	1,132,701	603,180	1,896,982	1,107,814	293,363 589,168
Miselssippi	733,741 471,615	715,190	471,670	243,520	705,233	486,578	238,658	701,697	464,107	237,590
	471,015	488,294	326,996	141,296	487,744	327,509	140,235	466,058	325, 154	140,604
disaouri	818,705	802,535	548,751	255,784	795,453	546,155	242 222			•
Montane	153,435	152,335	106,869	45,486	153,646	108,268	249,296 45,378	793,793	545,062	248,731
lebraska	273,340	269,009	186,26	82,744	266,998	185,941	81,057	154,412 265,599	106,796 184,818	45,616
Vevada	151,339	151,104	102,639	48,465	150,442	102,358	48,084	151,633	104,963	80,961 48,670
······································	163,827	160,197	107,349	52,848	159,030	106,303	52,727	156,614	105,525	53,089
low Jersey	1,199,643	1,172,520	778,606	395,912						,
New Mexico	268,091	255,632	189,968	78,664	1,147,841 269,711	781,464 191,824	386,377	1,129,223	747,182	382,041
lew York	2,760,774	2,718,678	1,781,336	957,342	2,874,818	1,735,517	77,867 939,301	272,478	194,928	77,550
forti- Carolina forth Dakota	1,108,960	1,096,815	788 755	328,060	1,069,606	761,053	328,553	2,645,811 1,088,724	1,712,219 755,313	933,592
	117,708	117,078	81,171	35,907	117,213	82,321	34,892	118,711	63,635	333,411 35,076
XNIO	1,898,501	1,860,245	1 050 040				Ì	,	00,000	35,076
Xiahoma	582,572	593,825	1,258,642 423,140	601,603 170,685	1,827,300	1,240,344	586,956	1,805,440	1,220,019	565,421
Oregon	457,165	448,184	306,964	13(,20)	591,389 447,109	420,913	170,476	589,690	416,664	173,026
ennsylvania	1,839,015	1,763,969	1,157,356	626,813	1,737,952	307,121 1,130,767	139,988	446,884	305,626	141,256
hode Island	142,815	139,362	89,487	49,895	138,180	90,342	607,185 45,836	1,701,880 134,034	1.102,776	599,104
iouth Carolina				-		50,542	45,636	134,034	89,372	44,662
outh Dakota	609,156 125,657	608,518	424,382	184,158	604,553	423,016	181,537	602,718	4 22,417	180,301
ennesses	838,297	123,897 828,264	85,990 590,839	37,907	123,060	86,324	36,736	123,314	86,724	36,590
exas	2,935,547	2,985,659	2,149,813	237,425 635,848	822,057 2,989,796	587,014	235,043	817,212	581,452	235,760
tah	355,554	370,163	275,145	95,038	378,208	2,155,012 280,792	834,784	3,040,305	2,18F,511	851,794
armont		1			5. 5,200	200,782	97,416	390,141	283,340	100,801
ermont . Irginie	93,163	91,454	64,181	27,273	90,416	63,452	26,964	90,089	62,738	27,351
/ashington	989,546 750,188	975,727 739,215	682,630	293,097	966,110	674,016	292,094	965,22?	667,215	298,007
/est Virginia	377,772	375,115	507,515 266,950	231,700 108,165	736,239	503,551	232,668	741,177	502,392	238,785
feconein	804,262	784,830	503,871	280,959	371,251 774,646	263,254	107,997	362,941	255,112	107,829
lyoming .	99 541	101,665	74,394	27,269	99,254	500,778 72,103	273,868 27,151	767,542	497,175	270,367
Outlying areas						72,103	£1,151	101,261	73,049	26,212
merican Samoa .]	ļ	ſ	ł		1			
mencan sampa . 'am	9,896 25,084	25 6 7 6			10,124	7,535	2,589		_	
orthern Marianas	25,084 5,300	25,878	19,168	8,508	26,249	19,331	6,918	_	_	_
verto Rico	721,419	708,794	522,366	186,428	4,499	3,215	1,284	4,841	3,571	1,310
ust Termory of the Pacific	_		522,500		701,925 39,623	519,143 34,105	182,782	692,923	512,235	180,718
rgin Islands	25,525	25,699	19,294	8,405	26,126	19,298	5,518	26 420	40.00	-
						. 5,250	6,828	26,122	19,131	8,9 9 1

Table 37.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by level and State: Fall 1981 to fall 1988—Continued

		Fall 1985			Fall 1986			Fall 1987		Estimated Fall 1988 1
State or other area	Total	Kindergarten through grade 8 ²	Grades 9 to 12	Total	Kindergarten through grade 8 ²	Grades 9 to 12	Total	Kindergarten through grade 8 2	Grades 9 to 12	Total
1	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
United States	39,508,825	27,048,856	12,458,969	39,837,459	27,403,707	12,433,752	40,021,244	27,885,878	12,138,366	³ 40,196,263
Alabama	730,460	517,361	213,099	733,735	518,982	214,753	729,234	521,004	∠′98,230	4 730,032
Alaska ^F	107,345	77,211	30,134	107,973	77,996	29,977	105,678	76,694	28,984	4 104,077
Arizona	548,252	386,057	162,195	534,538	371,419	163,119	572,421	412,50	159,920	577,463
Arkansas	433,410	303,536	129,874	437,438	306,851	130,587	437,036	307,248	129,788	455,694
California	4 255,554	2,926,705	1,328,849	4,377,989	3,045,684	1,332,305	4,489,322	3,172,094	1,317,228	4,610,978
Colorado	550,642	378,735	171,907	558,415	386,304	172,111	560,236	391,966	168,250	4 560,082
Connecticut ^a	482,C26	321,203	140,823	468,847	321,823	147,024	465,465	326,∠30	139,215	463,000
Delaware	92,901	63,082	29,819	94,410	84,607	29,603	95,659	68,714	28,945	4 96,678
District of Columbia	87,092	62,494	24,598	85,612	62,458	23,156	86,435	62,857	23,578	85,51
Florida	1,562,283	1,086,250	476,033	1,807,320	1,120,938	486,382	1,664,774	1,171,809	492,965	1,726,815
	4470504	750 750		4 000 405	777.004	242 424	4 4 4 0 0 4 7	705 000	045.045	444400
Georgia Hawai.	1,079,594	756,752 111,564	322,842 52,605	1,096,425 164,640	777,991 113,256	318,434 51,384	1,110,947 168,160	795,032 115,854	315,915 50,306	41,111,365 4167,227
idaho .	08,662	149,380	59,289	208,391	149,613	58,778	212,444	153,356	59,086	214,600
Idano . Minois	1.826.478	1,248,496	579,982	1.825,185	1,249,340	575.845	1,811,446	1,251,790	559,656	* 1,787,886
Innois Indiana	966,106	654,061	312,045	966,780	653,613	313,167	964,129	658,656	305,473	963,653
II KARATA	300,100	034,001	312,045	# 30 ,7 0 0	033,013	313,107	504,129	0.00,000	303,473	#03,03 3
lows	485,332	324,332	161,000	481,286	323,536	157,750	480,826	328,436	152,390	4 477,393
Kansas	410,229	285,671	124,558	416,091	291,564	124,527	421,112	298,516	122,596	428,376
Kentucky	643,833	448,768	195,065	642,778	446,901	195,877	642,696	449,033	193,663	4 638,073
Louisiana .	768,349	573,068	215,281	795,188	580,771	214,417	793,093	582,742	210,351	4 791,099
Maine	206,101	140,413	65,688	211,752	143,671	68,081	211,817	145,499	66,318	4 211,474
**	674 500	446,321	225.239	675,747	456.043	219.702	683,797	473,220	210,577	4 689,337
Maryland	671,560			833,918		274,500	825,32C	585,042		
Massachusettes	644,330	559,057	285,273		559,418			1.086.325	260,276 520,019	1 500 000
Michigan	1,689,828	1.103,969	585,859	1,681,880 711,134	1,108,798 479,130	573,082	1,606,344 721,481	496,553		1,590,000 4724,059
Minnesota Mississipoi .	705,140 471,195	487,957 329,981	237,183 141,214	496,639	356,052	232,004 142,587	721,461 505,550	480,003 364,129	224,928 141,421	4 503,326
wieszappi .	4/1,195	329,901	171,217	490,000	356,052	142,307	505,550	304,129	141,421	- 505,520
Mesouri	795,107	544,197	250,910	800,606	549,348	251,258	802,060	557,073	244,987	4 806,639
Montana	153,869	107,918	45,951	153,327	107,572	45,755	152,207	108,017	44,190	4 151,944
Nebraska	265,819	184,296	81,523	267,139	185,282	81,857	268,100	188,168	79,934	269,407
Nevada	154,948	107,070	47,878	161,239	112,164	49,075	168,353	119,077	49,276	4 176,494
New Hampshire	160,974	106,912	54,062	163,717	109,948	53,769	168,045	113,965	52,080	4 165,679
New Jersey	1,110,194	740,497	375.697	1,107,487	742,324	365,143	1.092,982	747,402	345,580	4 1,080,868
New Mexico	277,551	187,479	90.072	281,943	191,037	803,00	287,229	195,413	91,816	4 280,682
New York	2,621,378	1,703,430	917,948	2,607,719	1,7 :3,465	894,254	2,594,070	1,735,527	858,543	2,580,000
North Carolina	1.086 165	749,451	336,714	1,085,248	748,451	336,797	1.085,976	753,595	332,381	41,081,138
North Dakota	118,570	53,702	34,868	118,703	83,930	34,773	119,004	84,379	34,625	4 118,176
								1		
Ohio	1,793,965	1,206,174	567,791 178,048	1,793,508 593,183	1,208,110	585,398 175,898	1,793,411	1,219,967 410,995	573,444	1,782,473 585,000
Ok ' na.	592,327	414,279		593,183 449,307	417,287		584,212		173,217	4481,751
Oregan Researchisesse	447,527	305,416	142,109 590,663	1,674,161	308,527 1,064,581	140,780 609,600	455,895 1.668,542	317,920 1,077,812	137,975 590,730	1,654,580
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	1,683,221	1,092,558 89,958	43,484	134,126	91,407	42,719	134,061	93,094	40 967	4 133,585
INCOME INTERIOR	133,742	09,500	43,404	.54,120	31,707	72,/13	. 57,001	55,554	70 801	. 33,300
South Carolina	606,643	424,125	182,518	611,629	427,751	183,878	614,921	431,585	183,336	4615,773
South Dekota	124,291	87,644	36,647	125,458	89,373	36,985	126,817	91,362	35,455	4 128,534
Tennessee	813,753	574,517	239,236	818,073	577,045	241,028	823,783	582,432	241,351	820,300
Texas	3,131,705	2,260,679	871,026	3,209,515	2,317,454	892,061	3,236,787	2,350,856	885,931	4 3,264,605
Utah	403,395	298,760	104,635	415,994	308,389	107,605	423 388	313,953	109,433	425,690
Vermont	90,157	62,703	27,454	92,112	63,392	28,720	92,75٤	65,012	27,743	95,744
Vermont Virginia	968,104	665,151	302,953	975,135	673,237	301,898	979,417	685,172	294,245	968,024
V/ashington	749,708	506,890	242,816	761,428	521,333	240,095	775,755	540,936	234,619	4 790,459
West Virginia	357,923	249,034	106,689	351,837	243,538	108,299	344,236	236,926	107,310	4 335,912
Wisconsin	768,234	5/1,402	266,832	767,819	509,584	258,235	772,363	521,533	250,830	775,000
Wyoming	102,779	73,988	28,791	100,955	72,239	28,716	98,455	70,369	28,086	497,793
•								 		
Outlying areas			ļ							
American Samca				11,055	£,133	2,922	11,248	8,313	2,935	_
Guam	26,043	19,266	6,777	25,676	18,522	7.154	25,936	18,713	7,223	
Northern Marienas						,	5,819	4,371	1,448	-
Puerto Rico	686,914	507,973	178,941	679,489	503,012	176,477	672,837	498,853	173,984	-
True: Territory of the Pacific Virgin Islands	25,448	18,690	6,758	24,435	17,778	6,657	24,020	17,131	6,880	
	1 25 44R	15.590	B / 5B	24.435	17.778	6 657		17.131	6.880	_



¹ Data estimated by State education agencies
² Includes a relatively small number of prekindergarten students
³ Includes imputation for nonreporting State
⁴ Actual data.
⁸ Beginning in 1983, data include students enrolled in public schools on Federal bases and other special arrangements
⁸ Beginning in 1988, data include State vocational/technical schools

⁷ Data not reported

⁻⁻ Data not available

NOTE —Some data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared January 1989.)

Table 38.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by grade and State: Fall 1987

	Total, all			Prekindergarten	through grade	8 and elementa	ary unclassified		
State or other area	levels	Total	Prekinder- garten 1	Kınder- garten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	40,024,244	27,885,878	192,051	3,195,553	3,407,090	3,172,850	3,046,401	2,937,695	2,900,64
Alabama	729,234	521,004	_ [54,454	62,293	59,613	60,235	56,671	
Alaska	105,678	76,694	-	9,759	10,567	9,186	8,645	8,273	56,99
Arizona	572,421	412,501	(²)	49,182	53,285	48,711	45,990	44,032	7,999 43,350
Arkansas	437,036	307,248	- 1	33,695	37,225	35,263	33,683	32,468	32,686
California	4,489,322	3,172,094	-	392,112	393,533	366,613	347,207	335,078	330,39
Colorado	560,236	391 986	2,333	47,065	49,274	46,132	43,793	44.400	40.00
Connecticut	465,465	326,250	3,830	38,426	39,627	35,361	33,953	41,406	40,80
Delaware	95,659	66,714	281	7,772	9,103	7,941	7.455	32,489	31,986
District of Columbia .	86,435	62,857	3,436	6,579	7,587	7,033	6,448	7,027 6,055	6,786
Flonda	1,664,774	1,171,809	5,939	145,384	143,854	130,833	127,904	121,543	5,803 1,20,423
Georgia	1,110,947	795,032	_	92,592	97,353	92,812	90.630		
Нажан	166,160	115,854	250	13,888	13,975	13,562	89,630	83,226	82,210
Idaho	212,444	153,356		17,354	18,287	17,947	12,875	12,162	12,057
tilinois	1,811,446	1,251,790	24,541	131,000	142,619		17,563	16,968	16,633
Indiana	964,129	658,656	801	71,405	80,991	142,121 74,714	135,186	128,340	127,887
			55.	71,400	00,331	74.714	71,854	70,400	69,421
lowa	480,826	328,436	1,068	39,608	38,817	37,512	35,536	34,301	33,828
Kansas	421,112	298,516	641	36,335	37,130	34,366	32,290	31,108	30,824
Kentucky	642,696	449,033		49,206	54,536	51,388	49,491	48,446	48 325
Louisiana	793,093	582,742	1,305	70,222	71,582	66,241	64,517	62,411	61,005
Maine	211,817	145,499	1,620	16,988	18,227	15,792	15,496	15,165	14812
Maryland	683,797	473,220	10,032	53,146	58,466	54,096	54 000		
Massachusetts	825,320	565,042	4,783	67,138	69,099	62,640	51,826	49,555	48,477
Michigan	1,606,344	1,086,325	4,510	139,645	126,380	118,615	59,939 114,751	58,163	57,445
Minnesota	721,481	496,553	5,693	62,391	61,291	57,906	55,082	110,315	107,760
Mississippi	505,550	364,129	154	37,766	46,425	42,079	39,859	52,761 39,223	51,167 39,5 98
Missouri	802,060	557,073	_	62,141	65,757	64,455	62,849	61,263	60,078
Montana	152,207	108,017	96	12,720	13,272	12,637	11,801	11,734	
Nebraska	268,100	188,166	1,478	23,255	23,188	22,052	20,714	20,057	11,507 19,544
Nevada	168,353	119,077	-	13,859	15,550	14,246	13,303	12,771	12,583
New Hampshire	166,045	113,965	(2)	5,991	18,085	13,457	12,626	12,215	11,946
New Jersey	1,092,982	747.402		78,991	85,932	80,647	78,772	76,156	75,882
New Mexico	267,229	195,413	(²)	23,411	25,364	23,560	21,726	21,293	20,548
New York	2,594,070	1,735,527	20,821	183,910	207,689	192,401	183,326	181,309	174,289
North Carolina	1,085,976	753,595	833	84,705	85,622	82,943	81,002	79.536	80,104
North Dakota	119,004	84,379	530	10,193	10,581	9,801	9,366	9.189	9,023
Ohio	1,793,411	1,219,967	_	141,046	151.200	141,457	136,023	130,372	100 700
Oklahoma	584,212	410,995	2,382	48,529	54,941	46,889	44,181	43,254	129,788 42,910
Oregon	455,895	317,920	1,514	30,699	38.242	35,881	36,629	35,330	35,419
Pennsylvania	1,668,542	1,077,812	- 1	124,471	136,411	123,262	118,902	114,588	112,801
Rhode Island	134,061	93,094	303	10 173	12,439	10,440	9,815	9,449	9,417
South Carolina	614,921	431,585	_	41,725	55,612	50,052	49.050		
South Dakota	126,817	91,362	367	11,165	11,312		48,256	47.256	47,544
ennessee	823,783	582,432	-	62,046	71,358	10,853 63,160	10,251	9.702	1 524
exas	3,236,787	2,350,856	70,739	258,953	291,838		62,962	61,272	61,386
/tah	423,386	313,953	-	37,235	37,239	267,937 37,933	255,260 36,575	247,433 33,159	242,202 34,640
/ermont	92,755	65,012	_	7,867	9 000	7			-
irginua	979,417	685,172	1.79A	78,874	8,380 79,758	7,560	7,211	6,989	6,846
Vashington	775,755	540,936	2,071	64,898	68,313	75,983	73.733	70 88	69,674
Vest Virginia	344,236	236,926	508	24,629	26,420	63,718 25,487	61,217	58.~13	58,016
Visconsin	772,533	521,533	11,074	62,509	62,247	59,138	24,154 56,38 i	25,515 53,928	25,707 53,006
Vyoming	98,455	70,369		8,516	8,811	8,424	8,168	7,538	7,521
Outlying areas									
merican Samoa	11,248	8,313	1,123	757	POE	BEO.			
iuem	25,938	18,713	379	,2,204	825	850	804	788	826
orthern Marianas	5,819	4,371	3/8	457	2,255	2,089	2,091	2.019	2,038
uerto Rico	672,837	498,853	_	31,244	506 61,602	525	486	439	456
irgin Islands	24,020	17,131	_	1,805	1,892	57,865	57,538	58,984	58,432
			_	1,000	1,082	1,850	1,804	1,817	1,810

Table 38.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by grade and State: Fall 1987—Continued

	Prekinderg	arten through unclas		elementary		Gra	des 9 through unclas		ndary	
State or other area	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Elementary unclassified	Total	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12	Secondar unclassi- fied
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
United States	2,811,089	2,910,511	2,838,671	473,325	12,138,366	3,143,219	3,019,961	2,935,615	2,680,843	358,72
Alabama	55.025	59.245	58,472	_	208,230	59,480	53,174	49.834	45,742	_
Alaska	7,580	7,411	7,278	_	28,984	7,549	7,181	7,094	7,160	_
Anzona	41,104	41,305	40,269	5,270	159,920	43,183	40,840	38,951	36,513	43
Arkansas	32,110	33,743	33,810	2,555	129,788	33,489	33,337	32,346	29,499	1,11
California	319,686	321,898	311,579	53,993	1,317,228	345,645	345,144	332,980	266,028	27,42
Colorado	39,316	39,752	38,541	3,589	168,250	42,018	41,889	42,006	39,231	5,10
Connecticut	30,877	31,984	31,729	15,988	139,215	34,707	34,202	35,480	34,805	2
Delaware	6,570	7,068	6,711		28,945	7,684	7,576	6,816	6,867	i -
District of Columbia	5,303	5,987	5,710	2,916	23,578	5,665	5,650	5,391	4,806	2,06
Flonda	119,972	127,935	128,022	_	492,965	142,768	135,151	117,937	97,109	-
Georgia	60,579	83,067	60,797	12,766	315,915	93,881	75,196	73,504	65,703	7,23
Hawa»	11,526	10,707	10,865	759,6	50,306	11,791	11,454	11,621	10,476	4,96
idaho	15,948	15,806	15,503	1,347	59,088	15,000	14,772	14,647	13,885	78
Illinois	122,444	124,138	121,278	52,236	559,658	133,306	135,447	131,210	123 049	36,64
indiana	68,011	72,199	70,202	8,658	305,473	77,715	75,196	74,403	69.331	8,32
lowa	32,340	33,383	31,815	10,228	152,390	33,296	35,296	36,907	≎6,965	9,92
Kansas	29,580	29,932	29,038	7,272	122,596	30,098	30,499	30,448	28,792	2,76
Kentucky	46,636	47,250	44,641	9,114	193,663	51,188	49,605	47,244	41,586	4,04
Louisiana	58,676	60,828	54,841	10,914	210,351	61,716	55,124	46,655	42,745	4,11
Maine	14,596	15,330	15,204	2,269	66,318	16,651	16,647	16,541	15,587	912
Maryland	46,532	48,134	46,717	6,239	210,577	53,370	51,237	50,624	48,642	6,64
Mas-achusetts	58,480	58,673	59,272	11,410	260,278	65,364	65 339	65,354	64,221	
Michigan	105,723	110,865	111,021	36,740	520,019	126,510	119,837	118,324	111,287	44,06
Minnesota Mississippi	49,044 36,424	51,353 38,710	49 865 35,503	8,388	224,928 141,421	51,90C 38,370	54,804 35,224	58.659 31,841	59,585 30,281	5,70
тиковиванул	30,424	1	33,303		141,421	36,370	03,EE4	31,041	30,201	3,70.
Missor	57,612	60,007	58,423	4,488	244,987	64,700	62,28 0	61,232	54,936	1,83
Montana	11,060	10,930	10,588	1,672	44,190	10.620	10,773	11,295	10,906	590
Nebraska	18,879	19,861	19,138	942	79,934	19,123	20,374	20,690	19,747	-
Nevada New Hampshire	11,929 11,540	11,988 12,169	11,906 12,584	3,352	49,276 52,060	12,112 13,206	12.508 13,120	13,020 12 955	11,604 12,226	3; 57;
New Jerstv	73,335	75,801	74.848	40,715	345,580	§1,639	80,8%	83,009	82.653	17,41
New Mexico	19,626	20,290	19,595	40,713	91,816	21.818	20,632	18,435	16,946	14,58
New York	172,021	180,015	171,808	37.138	558,543	207,361	203,499	201,482	172,904	73,29
North Carolina	77,844	83,391	83,024	14,531	332,381	91 845	87,173	81,024	72,339	70,7.0
North Dakota	8,542	8,684	8,470	_	34,625	8,735	3,559	8,627	8,704	_
Ohio	126,542	133,475	130,061	_	573,444	148,582	142,339	145,416	137, 127	i -
Oklahuma	41,240	39,999	41,652	5,013	172,217	43,738	43,659	43.056	40,552	2,21
Oregon	34,120	34,310	33,160	2,616	137,975	34,359	34,569	34,530	33,495	1,04
Pennsylvania	110,510	118,333	118,544	_	590,730	133,426	133,449	131,877	130,830	61,14
Rhode Island	9,022	9,633	9,543	2,930	40,967	10,524	10,097	9,8 : 7	9,397	1,13
South Carolina	45,984	47,749	47,407	_	183,336	54,004	47.599	43,138	38,596	_
South Dakota	9,262	9,249	8,573	1,104	35,435	3,461	8,769	8,987	3,829	38
Tenne 3888	58,730	62,973	61,192	17,353	241,351	36,160	62,961	59.011	53,219	
Texas	237,689	244,507	234 498	4 700	885,931	264,329	228,118	210,751	182,734	0.70
Utah ,	32,967	30,331	29,148	4,726	109,433	28,117	26,792	26,684	25,076	2,764
Vermont	6,692	6,781	6,686		27,743	6,439	6,314	6,473	6,380	2,13
Virginia	67,629	70,161	71,870	25,304	294,245	79,449	73,855	~1,400	69,422	11!
Washington West Virginia	54,536 24,767	55,396 26,998	54,358 26,164	6,577	234,819	59,149 27,171	58,120 26,220	60,073 25,193	58,477	E 40
Wisconsin	49,624	52,862	51,784	9,000	107,310 250,830	27,171 59,832	26,230 60,960	25,193 63,059	23,296 63,351	5,420 3,62
Wyoming	7,115	7,312	5,964	- 5,000	28,086	7,009	7,057	7,162	6,741	3,62
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	832	787	721	_	2,935	715	756	736	64?	8
Guam	1,905	1,817	1,916	_	7,223	2,587	1,797	1,607	1,107	14
Northern Marianas	497	404	441	160	1,448	377	373	323	322	5
Puerto Rico	55,899	58,726	51,246	9,517	173,984	45,838	46,887	42,185	35,105	3,96

¹ The U.S. total represents an undr nount because prekindergarten enrollment data au not reported by many States.

2 Prekinderg #ten students included under unclassified student counts

—Data not n corried or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 39.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by grade and State: Fall 1986

Ctato or other area	Total, all	<u> </u>	F F	rekindergarten	through grade	8 and elementa	ary unclassified		
State or other area	levels	Total	Prekinder- garten ¹	Kınder- garten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	39,837,459	27,403,70 7	183,435	3,126,573	3,358,019	3,054,105	2,932,867	2,895,820	2,774,9
Alabama	733,735	518,982	- i	53,672	64,231	£7,357	58,682	56,939	53,8
Maska	107,973	77,996	-	10 334	10 621	9,080	8,648	8,445	
Anzona 2	534,538	371,419	_	43,/59	48,259	42,764	40,831		7.8
Arkansas	437,438	306,851	_	34,070	37,490	34,501	32,880	40,157	37,4
California	4,377,989	3,045,684	-	380,608	374.272	343,780	330,354	32,799 325,902	32,1 314,2
Colorado	558,415	386,304	2,227	45,843	48,078	44,239	41,771	44.44	
Connecticut 3	468,847	J21,823	3,620	37,432	38,626	34,357	- 1	41,114	39,9
Delaware	94,410	64,807	286	7,696	9,014	7,582	32,722	31,912	30,9
District of Columbia .	85,612	62,456	3,405	6,546			6,851	6,620	6.4
ionda	1,607,320	1,120,938	4,287	134,732	7,845 133,743	7.096 123.061	6,458 117,387	6,200 117,394	5,5 11 4 ,9
ieorgia	1,096,425	777,991	_ !	88,748	07.004				
lawaii	164,640	113,256	304		97,804	86,941	85,014	81,587	78,9
laho	208,391	149,613	304	13,642	13,779	13,092	12,355	12,146	11,7
inois	1,825,185	1,249,340	25 111	16,646	18,528	17,679	17.018	16,672	15,8
diana	966,780		25,111	134,370	149,921	137,427	129,502	128,759	122,
	<i>3</i> 00,700	653,613	662	70,624	80,654	71,790	70,057	68,759	66,
wa	481,286	323,536	981	40,195	39,140	36,095	34,555	33,904	32.3
ansas	416,091	291,564	495	36,358	36,162	32,650	31,138	30,998	29,2
entucky	642,778	446,901	_	49,578	55,793	50,334	48,705	48,508	46,2
ouisiana	795,188	580,771	1,287	68,146	73,190	66,232	63,106	62,325	58.5
aine	211,752	143,671	889	17,040	17,463	15,665	15,230	14,695	14,4
aryland	675,747	456,045	9,361	50,505	55,915	51,196	48,875	40.070	
assachuse(is	833,918	559,418	3,702	66,595	67,360	60,682		48,378	44,9
icnigan	1,681,880	1,108,798	8,696	135.067	125.643		58,117	57,235	55,8
innesota	711,134	479,130	6,008	60,893	59,063	116,298	111,125	108,000	104,0
ississippı	498,639	356,052	110	33,418	46,900	54,315 40,521	52,093 39,123	50,287 40,102	48,3 36,8
issouri	800,606	549,348	_	62,575	65,801	50.000	20.015		•
ontana	153,327	107,572	138	12,923		62,393	60,345	58,984	55,7
ebraeka	267,139	185,282	1,487		13,422	12,127	11,928	11,684	11,1
ovada	161,239	112,164	1,407	23,355	22,859	21,000	20,094	19,799	18,8
w Hampshire	163,717	109,948	=1	13,202 5,812	14,511 17,054	13,022 12,601	12,280 12,028	12,135 11,631	11,5 11,2
w Jersey	1,107,467	742,324	6.054	70.054				11.551	
w Mexico	281,943		6,054	78,251	84,901	79,591	76,200	75,927	73,3
w York		191.037		23,108	24,880	22,337	21,405	20,628	19,5
rth Carolina	2,607,719	1.713,465	18,783	181,664	204,405	187,764	181,399	178,888	169.7
rth Dakota	1,085,248	748,451	778	81,093	86,020	80,915	79,583	79,686	76.3
ntn Dakota	118,703	83,930	609	10,126	10,438	9,625	9,344	9,243	8.0
o	1,793,508	1,208,110	-1	141,923	150,467	136,708	130,136	128,943	125,5
lahoma	593,183	417,287	2,495	52,321	54,596	45,908	44,540	43,781	41,7
egon	449,307	308,527	1,617	26,878	37,519	36,440	34,954	34,941	
nnsylvania	1,674,161	1,064,561	-	124,171	132,931	119,946	114,179		33.5
ode island	134,126	91,407	372	9,834	12,081	9,999	9,452	112,088 9,318	108,5 9,0
uth Carolina	611,629	427,751	_	41,415	55,229	48,298	46,798		
uth Dakota	.25,458	89,373	925	11,124	11,422	10,333	9,774	46.874	45,1
V168866	9.8.073	577,045	992	61,359	67,741	63,015		9,565	9,2
CBS	3,209,515	2,317,454	62,804	248,628	291,251		61.090	61,142	58,3
h	415,994	308,389	-	37,466	38,813	259,702 37,007	249,382 33,551	245,742 35,182	236,4 33,2
mont	92,112	63,392	281	7,196	9 424				
inia	975,135	673,237	1,462		8,131	7.276	6.992	6,730	6,8
shington	761,428	521,333	1,996	75,204	80,288	73,265	70,095	69,422	66,2
st Virginia	351,837	243,538		62,897	65,789	60.442	57,484	56,847	53,6
consin	767,819	509,584	501	25,821	27,567	24,731	26,027	26,266	25,1
orning	100.955	72,239	10,710	62,635 9,075	61,096 9,313	56,272 8,652	53,332	52,639	48,8
Outlying areas					0,010	0,032	7,878	7,848	7,4
erican Samoa	11,055	8,133	1,189	636	040				
em	25,676	18,522			849	785	780	831	8
erto Rico	679,489		385	2.157	2,225	2.114	2,039	2,065	1,9
gin Islands	24,435	503,012	-	31,163	63,123	59,059	58,804	59,981	58,3
g 101011100	Z7,730	17,778	_	1,791	1,963	1,918	1,874	1,843	1,8

Table 39.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by grade and State: Fall 1986—Continued

	Prekindergi	arten through unclass	grade 8 and sified	elementary		Grad	es 9 through unclas		ndary	
State or other area	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Elementary unclassi- fied	Total	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12	Secondary unclassified
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
United States	2,806,012	2,899,751	2,870,158	501,974	12,/33,752	3,256,860	3,215,073	2,953,682	2,600,640	407,497
Alabama	56,059	60,804	57,261	_	214,753	82,612	56,014	50,731	45,396	_
Alaska	7,870	7,749	7,574	_	29,977	7,872	7,894	7,423	6,788	_
Arizona 2	37,587	38,364	38,060	4,206	163,119	44,263	43,903	139,685	35,777	391
Arkansas	32,307	34,341	34,053	2,221	130,587	34,501	35,02	531,354	28,729	978
California	308 878	312,983	304,787	50,062	1,332,305	348,672	363,756	341,809	251,281	26,787
Colorado	39,878	39,895	40,066	3,285	172,111	44,478	44,794	42,543	37,327	2,969
Connecticut 3	31,309	32,112	32,229	16,590	147,024	37,191	37,775	37,293	34,742	23
Delaware	8,591	8,885	6,880		29,603	8,103	8,145	6,734	6,621	_
District of Columbia	5,322	8,303	6,085	1,601	23,156	5,884	6,193	5,706	4,230	1,143
Florida	118,947	130,072	126,414	-	486,382	145,470	136,424	114,825	89,663	_
Georgia	81,027	81,996	83,280	12,668	318,434	90,274	83,611	72,877	64,282	7,390
HawaiiIdaho	10,994 15,499	10,667 15,661	10,618 14,956	3,915 1,095	51,384	11,896	12,258	11,858	10,281	5,091
Illmoi:	122,637	123,647	123,175	52,083	58,778 575,845	15,080 141,211	15,389 144,222	14,496 133,117	13,164 119,827	649 37,668
Indiana	68,185	70,049	71,842	14,617	313,167	79,787	78,522	73,522	66,764	14,572
lowa	32,778	32,174	32,068	9,247	157,750	38,316	38,047	37,707	38,222	9,458
Kansas	29,015	29,193	29,040	7,222	124,527	30,940	32,346	30,163	28,218	2,860
Kentucky	48,211	45,499	47,108	8,960	195,877	55,438	51,772	46,040	38,991	4,038
Louisiana	58,014	60,567	56,533	12,780	214,417	63,616	55,460	47,672	42,746	4,923
Maine	14,968	15,330	15,789	2,17/	68,081	17,829	17,766	16,394	15,182	910
Maryland	46,081	47,828	47,315	5,606	219,702	57,118	56,031	51,860	47,584	7,109
Massachusetts	57,152	80,234	81,328	11,048	274,500	70,205	70,855	89,623	63,817	
Michigan	108,475 48,661	112,139 ¹ 49,789 ¹	113,378 49,703	65,698	573,082	133,796	129,457	121,917	105,858	82,054
Mississippi	36,482	37,688	37,060	7,755	232,004 142,587	54,693 39,196	59,579 36,808	59,914 32,/34	57,818 28,405	5,444
Missouri	57,275	58,691	58,861	8,680	251,258	67,105	85,771	59,943	54,738	3,701
Montena	10,994	10,780	10,877	1,731	45,755	11,249	11,887	11,297	10,681	641
Nebraska	19,572	19,338	18,974	-	81,857	20,650	21,532	20,298	19,377	_
Nevada	11,203	11,625	11,740	885	49,075	12,273	13,299	12,448	11,023	32
New Hampshire	11,458	12,556	12,405	3,202	53,789	14,547	13,982	13,185	11,641	434
New Jersey	75,123	78,814	78,245	39,884	365,143	87,477	89,290	88,333	81,896	18,147
New Mexico	19,652	19,835	19,651		90,906	21,820	20,551	18,563	16,794	13,178
New York	171,644	180,834	174,025	64,300	894,254	220,033	227,779	200,730	171,545	74,167
North Carolina	80,185 8,478	84,775 8,662	85,448 8,739	13,591	338,797 34,773	95,311 8,733	93,087 8,879	79,460 8,957	68,939 8,204	_
O- 3	128,725	132,161	133,448		585,398		153.511			
Oklahoma	40,479	42,881	42,731	5,791	175,896	154,659 45,930	46,210	144,266 42,597	132,962 38,606	2,553
Oregon	33,724	33,152	33,088	2,819	140,780	35,552	36,757	35,364	32,009	1,098
Pennsytvania	111,931	119,215	121,509		609,600	139,761	142,565	137,798	126,701	62,775
Rhode Island	8,996	9,801	9,865	2,671	42,719	11,238	10,872	10,267	9,247	1,095
South Carolina	46,254	48,907	48,881	_	183,878	55,488	50,193	42,133	38,064	_
South Dakota	8,931	8,646	8,518	926	36,085	8,929	9,402	9,069	8,346	339
Tennessee	59,261	113 860	82,213	18,038	241,028	87,900	65,455	57,728	49,945	_
Texas	240,049 30,504	248,668 29,519	238,791 28,311	4,783	892,061 107,605	269,256 26,935	235,943 27,698	199,583 26,402	187,279 23,782	2,788
l	·			.,. 55		-		· 1		
Vermont Virginia	6,682 87,2 5 5	8,711 71,181	8,783 73,489	25,337	28,720 301,698	8,685 82,294	6,818 78,806	6,892 72,570	6,158 68,104	2,387 124
Washington	53,757	54,323	54,187	20,007	240,095	59,514	63,047	60,844	56,690	124
West Virginis	25,537	27,963	27,392	8,628	108,299	28,278	27,311	24,499	22,845	5 366
Wiscorain	50,419	51,592	52,335	9,692	258,235	61,791	85,680	85,524	61,122	4,118
V/yoming	7,417	7,332	7,247		28,718	7,411	7,602	7,155	8,429	119
Outlying areas		ļ				7	1			· · ·
American Samoa	810	718	892	-1	2,922	790	758	599	808	67
Guam	1,814	1,888	1,847		7,154	2,893	1,754	1,253	1,104	350
Puerto RicoVirgin Islands	54,870 1,807	57,499	50,997	9,323	176,477	48,012	48,855	12,059	33,840	3,911
~ # \$11 13461 125	1,50/)	2,443	1,664	651	6,857	2,188	1,474	1,378	1,148	473

SOUR/2E U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared October 1987.)



9.7

¹ The U.S. total represents an undercount because prekindergarten enrollment data are not reported by many States.

² Data represent a count as of the 40th day of the term rather than the 100th day as reported in previous years. The 40th-day counts tend to be slightly lower than 100th-day counts.

³ Data include enrollment in State vocational/technical centers, which were not reported in previous years
----Data not reported or not applicable

Table 40.—Membership and attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1980-81, 1985-86, and 1986-87

	ļ	1980-81	·	L	1985-86			1986-87	
State	Estimated average daily membership (ADM)	Average daily attendance (ADA)	ADA as a percentage of ADM:	Estimated average daily membership (ADM) 1	Average doily attendance (ADA)	ADA as a percentage of ADM	Estimated average daily membership (ADM) 1	Average daily a ^{tt} endance (ADA)	ADA as a percentage of ADM
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	² 40,256,675	37,703,744	93.7	² 38,705,754	36,523,103	94.4	_	36,858,329	_
Alabama	741,534	701,925	947	724,327	686,716	94 8	727,190	690,256	94
Alaska	86,604	83,745	967	103,124	98,535	95.6	103,116	96,004	93.
Anzona	491,812	476,149	96.8	524,481	494,504	94 3	547,440	518,277	94.
Arkansas	441,432	417,080	94 5	428,668	408,601	95.3	431,915	409,388	94.
California .	-	4,014,917	-		4,245,090	_	_	4,429,792	-
Colorado	527,721	508,750	96 4	529,154	507,876	96.0	535,134	513,587	96
Connecticut	534,400	501,085	93 8	459,200	452,058	98 4	462,300	444,285	96.
Delaware	97,713	89,609	91 7	91,251	84,936	93 1	93,008	86,655	93
District of Columbia.	98,871	85,773	868	84,962	76,241	89 .	84,608	76,822	90.0
Florida	1,510,225	³ 1,389,487	92 0	1,563,443	1,442,921	92 3	1,612,051	1,489,146	92.4
Georgia	1,046,400	988,612	94 5	1,048,300	1,004,799	95.9	1,050,704	1,023,127	97.4
Hawaii	162,666	151,713	93 3	161,764	151,174	93.5	163,686	152,287	97.4 93.0
Idaho	203,250	190,144	93 6	_	198,141	-	100,000	198,449	3 3.0
Ilhnois	1,876,356	1,765,357	94 1	1,707,117	1.604.265	94.0	1,707,551	1,574,128	92.2
Indiana	994,492	944,424	95 0	949,256	870,463	91 7	947,000	873,733	92.3
lowa	524,800	501,403	95 5	476,240	454,341	95 4	474,378	453,150	95.5
Kansas	384,870	374,451	97 3	385,551	371,655	96 4	393,216	378,073	96.1
Kentucky	659,950	614,676	93 1	612,078	577,190	94 3	611,643	579,22 6	94.7
Louisiana	773,000	715,844	92 6	756,550	732,230	968	772,710	736,474	95.3
Maine	220,000	207,554	94 3	205,412	198,358	96 6	204,722	197,539	96.5
Maryland	725,818	664,866	91.6	668,217	592,383	88 7	668,878	595,618	89.0
Massecrius tts .	1,020,382	950,675	93 2	844,625	745,991	88.3	837,310	727,680	86.9
Michigan	-	1,711,139	-1	-	1,481,068		_	1,476,471	-
Minnesota	750,073	710,836	94 8	699,109	669,385	∂5.7	708,117	674,245	95 2
Mississippi	471,100	446,515	94 8	450,898	448,117	99 4	496,241	473,424	95 4
Missoun	831,448	756,536	91 0	_	714,230		_	724,710	_
Montana	148,300	141,641	95.5	146,229	138,829	94 9	146,183	139,199	95.2
Nebraska	274,830	263,797	96 0	262,431	250,975	95 6	263,588	252,457	95.8
Nevada	141,825	138,481	97 6	148,836	143,941	96 7	157,864	143,398	91.0
New Hampshire	162.656	150,316	92 4	154,345	147,561	95 6	156,974	143,963	95.5
New Jersey	1,265,089	1,121,272	88 6	1,111,000	1,029,797	92 7	1,100,500	1,024,611	93.1
New Mexico	271,198	240,496	88 7	264,748	252,892	95 5	268,765	243,340	90.5
New York .	2,808,160	2,475,055	88 1	2,558,000	2,276,842	89.0	2,533,700	2,266,283	89 4
North Carolina .	1,123,506	1,055,651	94 ∪	1,075,289	1,014,795	94 4	1,073,524	1,020,702	95.1
North Dakota .	116,416	³ 111,759	96.0	116,790	108,947	93 3	117,981	109,074	92.5
Ohio .	1,948,600	1,801,914	92 5	1.775,167	1,660,718	93 6	1,776,100	1,664,709	93 7
Oklahoma	574,000	542,800	94 6	585,000	553,370	94 6	582,227	550,949	94 6
Oregon	449,925	417,009	92 7	442,300	401,476	908	442,900	402,855	91 0
Pennsylvania . Rhode Island	1,897,000	1,754,782	92 5	1,671,800	1,560,746	93 4	1,644,100	1,554,642	94.6
nriode Island	142,457	135,096	94 8	132,707	122,109	920	102,715	122,024	91 9
South Carolina	601,708	580,132	96 4	583,170	558,716	95 8	587,866	564,508	96.0
South Dakota Tennessee	127,068	121,663	95 7	123,457	118,269	95 8	123,000	118,902	96 7
lennessee . Texas	857,373	797,237	93 0	808,303	762,225	94 3	813,576	766,521	94.2
Utan	2,794,671 340,827	2,647,288 323.048	.4 7 94 8	400,667	2.923,741 379,249	94 7	408,521	2,977,783	
V							400,021	386,306	94.6
Vermont	95,940 1 000,378	90,8114 938,7£4	94 7 93 8	88,500	85,875	97 0	91,431	85,985	94.0
Washington	751,287	704,650	93 8	960,292	904,347	94 2	966,176	911,261	94 3
West Virginia	,51,207	351,823	93 0	743,172	696,372	93 7	756,317	708,564	93.7
Wisconsin	771,485	743,505	96 4	749,842	330,145	-	707.050	324,791	
Wyoming	,	91,361	30 4	101,098	694,351 95.547	926	727,850	682,560	93 8
		-1,001		101,000	50,047	94 5	101,098	94,176	93 2

Pata compiled by the National Education Association
 Jordal includes estimates for nonreporting States

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey, and National Education Association, *Estimates of School Statistics*, 1987–88 (Copyright © 1988 by the National Education Association All rights reserved.) (This table was prepared September 1988.)



³ Data estimated by Stata education agencies

⁻Data not available

Table 41.--Average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1969-70 to 1986-87

State	1969-70	1975-76	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States .	41,934,376	41,269,720	38,288,911	37.703,744	37,094,652	36,362,978	36,404,261	1 36,523,103	36,858,32
labama	777,123	716,371	711,432	701,925	690,084	679,742	684,211	686,716	690,25
lasks	72,489	81,564	79,945	83,745	87,253	80,264	96,257	98,535	96,00
nzcna	391,526	455,692	481,905	476,149	468,081	482,185	477,520	494,504	518,27
tansas	414,158	423.720	423,610	417,080	410,426	404,282	405,077	408,601	409,38
aliforria 2	4,418,423	4,366,617	4,044,736	4,014,917	4,016,214	4,098,300	4,139,461	4,245,090	4,429,79
olorado	500,388	527,434	513,475	508,750	514,808	503,162	505,321	507,876	513,58
onnecticut	618,881	596,175	507,362	501,085	484,161	452,061	446,981	452,053	444,28
slawsre	120,819	116,553	94,058	89,609	86,052	84,118	84,407	84,936	86,65
strict of Columbia .	138,600	119,255	91,576	85,773	82,521	77,859	76,023	76,241	76,82
onda	1,312,693	1,435,570	1,464,461	1,389,487	1,454,118	1,388,717	1,416,104	1,442,921	1,489,14
90rgia	1,019,427	998,898	989,433	988,612	979,047	978,530	989,713	1,004,799	1,023,12
BWaji	168,140	162,903	151,563	151,713	148,636	150,137	150,572	151,174	152,28
aho	170,920	182,215	189,199	190,144	190,872	194,533	197,902	198,141	198,449
nois	2.084.844	1,990,158	1,770,435	1,765,357	1,678,944	1,616,711	1,600,380	1,604,265	1,574,12
diana	1,111,043	1,049,889	983,444	944,424	925,411	893,464	883,592	870,463	873,73
wa	624,403	574,773	510,081	501,403	487,405	467,965	461,392	454,341	453,150
insas	470,296	419,022	382,019	374,451	371,061	368,354	369,524	371,655	378,073
entucky	647,970	622,484	619,868	614,676	607,376	585,861	579,441	577,190	579,220
xuisiana	776,555	768,097	727,601	715,844	716,995	724,153	/32,864	732,230	736,474
laine	225,146	227,841	211,400	207,554	201,427	200,159	198,125	199,358	197,539
aryland	785,989	793,848	686,336	664,866	637,792	602,077	596,478	592,383	595,61
assachusetts	1,056,207	1,070,996	935,960	950,675	852,031	806,193	779,869	745,991	727,680
ichigan	1,991,235	1,971,774	1,758,427	1 711,139	1,662,798	1,514,671	1,490,452	1,481,068	1,476,471
innesota	864,595	827,239	748,606	710,836	700,897	663,780	669,930	669,385	674,245
ississippi	524,623	479,076	454,401	446,515	441,880	437,790	435,587	448,117	473,424
ISSOURI	906,132	864,958	777,263	756,536	732,526	715,182	712,197	714,230	724,710
ontana	162,664	156,473	144,608	141,841	139,434	139,387	139,905	138,819	139,199
ebraska	314,516	296,915	270,524	263,797	258,654	252,484	250,647	250,975	252,457
evada	113,421	128,106	134,995	138,481	139,543	139,115	140,402	143,941	143,598
w Hampshire	140,203	159,836	154,187	150,316	148,251	144,733	144,655	147,561	149,963
ew Jersey	1,322,124	1,310,042	1,140,111	1,121,272	1,110,685	1,037,865	1.043.047	1,029,797	1,024,611
ew Mexico	259,997	256,764	253,453	240,496	239,710	246,451	248,758	252,892	243,340
ew York	3,099,192	3,012,893	2,530,289	2,475,055	2,396,594	2,321,800	2,309,169	2,276,842	2,266,283
orth Carolina	1,104,295	1,120,207	1,072,150	1,055,651	1,039,849	1,022,138	1,018,795	1,014,795	1,020,702
orth Dakota	141,961	126,277	118,986	111,759	112,836	111,630	109,427	108,947	109,074
hio	2,246,282	2,103,243	1,849,283	1,801,914	1,748,908	1,693,851	1,675,530	1,660,718	1,664,709
klahoma	560,993	558,528	548,065	542,800	546,689	553,236	552,835	553,370	550,949
regon	436,736	425,126	418,593	417,009	410,107	401,398	401,154	401,476	402,855
ennsylvania	2,169,225	2,064,312	1,808,630	1,754,782	1,691,235	1,601,944	1,571,831	1,560,746	1,554,642
hode Island	163,205	158,752	139,195	135,096	129,780	123,501	122,653	122,109	122,024
outh Carolina .	600,292	591,900	589,612	580,132	575,248	602,183	559,340	558,716	564,508
outh Dakota	158,543	141,120	124,934	121,663	119,023	117,192	117,137	118,269	118,902
ennessee	836,010	826,335	806,696	797,237	785,336	774.346	769,862	762,225	766,521
9X8S	2,432,420	2,549,517	2,608,817	2.647.288	2,664,282	2,745,339	2,879,823	2,923,741	2,977.783
tah	287,405	289,171	312,813	323,048	334,577	356,072	366,574	379,249	386,306
ermont	97,772	98,015	95,045	90,884	88,448	86,404	85,734	85,875	85,985
rginia	995,580	1,018,034	955,105	938,794	919,481	900,378	901,994	904,347	911,261
ashington	764,735	723,083	710,929	/04.655	695,771	685,068	688,759	696,372	708,584
est Virginia	372,278	366,395	353,284	351,823	348,632	343,320	336,196	330,145	324,791
risconsin	880,609	858,407	770,554	743,505	729,839	699,089	696,071	694,351	682,560
/yominç	81,293	82,147	89,471	91,381	92,874	93,804	94,583	95,547	94,176

¹ Revised from previously published data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Security Education, Statistics of State School Systems, and Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared January 1989)



² Data for California are not strictly comparable with those for other States because California's attendance figures include excused absences

Table 42.—Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by race or ethnicity and State: Fall 1986

_		P	ercent of enrollment,	by race or ethnicity		
State	Total	White 1	Black ¹	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	Amencan Indian/ Alaskan Native
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
United States	100.0	70.4	16.1	9.9	2.8	0.
Alabaina	100 0	62 0	37 0	01	04	0.
Alaska	100 0	65 7	4.3	17	33	25
Arizona	100 0 100 0	62 2 74 7	40	26 4	13	6
California	100 0	53 7	24 2 9 0	0 4 27.5	0.6 9 1	0. 0.
Colorado	100 0	78 7	45	13 7	20	1
Connecticut	100 0	77.2	121	89	15	0.
Delaware	100 0	68 3	27 7	2.5	1.4	0.
District of Columbia	100 0 100 0	4 0 65.4	91 1 23 7	39 j 95 j	09 1.2	0. 0.:
Georgia	100.0	60 7	37 9	06	08	(4
Hawaii	100 0	23 5	23	22	71 7	o'
Idaho	100 0	92.6	03	45	08	1.3
Ilinois	100 0	69 8	18 7	9.2	23	0.
Indiana	100.0	88 7	90	17	05	0.
owa	100 0	94 6	30	09	1.2	0.3
Cansas	100.0	85 6	76	44	19	0.0
Kentucky	100 0	89 2	10 2	01	0.5	0 (
Louisiana	100 0 100 0	56 5 98 3	41 3 0 5	0.8 0.2	11 08	0.3 0.2
Manyland	100 0	59.7	35 3	17	31	0.2
Massachusetts	100.0	83 7	74	6.0	28	0.2
dichigan	100 0	76 4	198	18	12	0.8
Minnesota	100 0	93 9	21	09	1.7	1.5
Assissippi	100 0	43 9	55 5	0.1	04	0.1
dissouri	100 0	83 4	149	07	0.8	0.2
Montana	100 0	92 7	03	09	05	5.5
lebraska . levada	100 0 100 0	91 4 77.4	44	24	08	10
New Hampshire	100.0	98 0	96 07	75 05	3.2 0.8	2.3 0.1
New Jersey	100 0	69 1	174	10 7	2.7	0 1
lew Mexico.	100.0	43 1	23	45 1	08	8.7
lew York	100 0	68 4	16 5	12 3	27	0.2
North Carolina	100 0	68 4	28 9	04	06	1.7
North Dakota	100 0	92 4	06	11	08	5.0
Ohio	100 0	83 1	150	10	07	0.1
Okiahoma	100 0 100 0	79 0	78	16	10	10.6
Pennsylvania	100 0	89 6 84 4	22	39	2.4	17
Rhode Island	10(0	87 9	12 8 5 6	18 37	12	0.1 0.3
South Carolina	100 0	54 6	44 5	02	06	0.1
outh Dakota	100 0	90 6	05	06	07	7.6
Cennessee	100 0	76 5	22 6	02	0.6	(2)
Texas	100 0 100 0	51 0 93 7	14 4 0 4	32 5	20	02
				30	15	1,5
/ermont /irginia	100 0 100 0	98 4	03	02	06	06
Vashington	100 0	72 6 84 5	23 7	10	26	0.1
Vest Virginia	100 0	95 9	4 2 3 7	38	51	2.3
Visconsin	100 0	86 6	89	19	03	0. 0 1.0
Wyoming	100 0	90 7	09	59	06	1.9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100 0	30 <i>i</i>	0.9	28	V6	1.

¹ Excludes persons of Hispanic origin

NOTE —The above tabulation was derived from a sample survey of public school districts from the 1986 Elementary and Secondary School Civil Rights Survey. State estimates the survey of

mates may differ from other data sources because of variations in survey methodology Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights, 1986 State Summanes of Elementary and Secondary School Civil Rights Survey. (This table was prepared July 1989.)



9.

² Less than 0 05 percent

Table 43.—Enrollment of 3-, 4-, and 5-year-old children in preprimary programs, by level and control of program and by attendance status: October 1965 to October 1987

[Numbers in thousands]

	Total			Enrollment by lev	vel and control			Enrollment by	attendance
Year and age	population, 3 to 5 years	Total	Percentage	Nursery	school	Kınderg	arten		
	old	Total	enrolled	Public	Private	Public	Private	Full-day	Part-day
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1965									
otal, 3 to 5 years pid	12,549	3,407	27 1	127	393	2.291	596	-	
3 years old	4,149	203	49	41	153	5	4	-	
4 years old 5 years old .	4,238 4,162	683 2,521	16 1 60 6	68 18	213	284	118	-	
-	4,102	2,521	80.6	18	27	2.002	474	-	
1970									
otal, 3 to 5 years old 3 years old	10,949 3,516	4,104	37 5	332	762	2,498	511	698	3,40
4 years old	3,620	454 1,007	12 9 27 8	110 176	395	12 318	10 117	142	3
5 years old	3,814	2.643	693	45	45	2,168	384	230 326	71 2,3
1975		j	l			-,,,,,	33.	-	-,0
otal, 3 to 5 years old	10,185	4,955	48 7	570	1,174	2,682	528	1,295	3,69
3 years old	3,177	683	21 5	179	474	11	18	259	3,6
4 years old	3,499	1,418	40.5	332	644	313	129	411	1,00
5 years old .	3,509	2,854	813	59	57	2,358	381	625	2,22
1977							1	1	
ital, 3 to 5 years old	9,249	4,577	495	557	1,054	2,474	492	1,348	3,22
3 years old .	2,978	645	21 7	184	431	14	16	211	43
4 years old .	3,061	1,290	42 1	321	570	270	128	429	86
5 years old	3,210	2,642	823	52	53	2,189	347	708	1,93
1979				i					
otal, 3 to 5 years old	9,119	4,664	51 1	633	1,228	2,381	421	1,454	3,21
3 years old	3,025	746	24 7	216	509	16	5	305	44
4 years old	3,070	1,393	45.4	359	664	247	123	421	97
5 years old	3.024	2,525	83 5	58	56	2,119	293	728	• 79
1960		•					i		
tal, 3 to 5 years old	9,284	4,878	52 5	628	1,353	2.438	459	1,551	3,32
3 years old	3,143	857	273	221	604	16	17	321	53
years old .	3,072	1,423	46 3	363	701	239	120	467	95
5 years old .	3,069	2,598	84 7	44	48	2,163	322	763	1,83
1961					1	1			
tal, 3 to 5 years old	9,421	4,937	52 4	_	_	_		1,472	3,46
3 years old	3,266	891	27 3	-1	_	_	_	279	61
4 years old	2,985	1,442	48 3	-				431	1,01
5 years old	3,170	2,604	82 1	-	-	-	-1	762	1,84
1962		1			1	i	i		
tal, 3 to 5 years old	9,873	5,105	517	729	1,423	2,459	494	1,574	3,53
3 years old	3,387	928	27.4	312	578	27	10	280	64
4 years old	3,271	1,496	45 7	377	781	225	113	4-2	1,05
5 years old	3,215	2,681	83 4	40	64	2,207	370	852	1,82
1963		- 1					1		
tal, 3 to 5 years old	10,254	5,384	52 5	809	1,538	2,416	623	_	_
3 years old	3,574	1,004	28 1	314	631	21	39		-
4 years old	3,414	1,619	47.4	402	813	231	173	-	-
5 years old	3,266	2./61	84.5	93	94	2.164	410	-	-
1984			-			1	į	1	
otal, 3 to 5 years old	10,612	5,480	516	742	1,593	2.668	476	1,929	3,55
bic sneey 8	3,609	1,004	27 8	295	658	30	22	401	60
4 years old	3,579	1,603	44 8	376	860	257	110	521	1,08
5 years old	3,423	2.872	83 9	72	76	2,381	344	1,007	1,86
1985		1				1		1	
tal, 3 to 5 years old	10,733	5.865	546	846	1,631	2,847	541	2,144	3,72
3 years old	3,594	1,035	28 8	278	679	52	26	350	68
years old	3,598	1,768	49 1	496	€59	276	135	643	1,12
5 years old	3,542	3,065	96 5	73	94	2,519	379	1,151	1,91
1906		l				1			
tal, 3 to 5 years old	10,866	5,971	54 9	829	1,715	2,359	567	2,241	3,73
3 years old	3,607	1,041	28 9	257	737	26	21	399	64
4 years old	3,618	1,772	49 0	498	903	257	115	622	1,15
5 years old	3,643	3,157	86 7	75	75	2,576	432	1.220	1,93
1967		l	ŀ	l	ļ	1	1	İ	
tal, 3 to 5 years old	10,872	5.931	54 6	819	1,736	2,842	534	2,090	3,84
3 years old .	3.569	1,022	28 7	264	703	24	31	378	64
4 years old .	3 597 3,708	1,717	47.7	431	881	280	125	548	1,16
5 years old		3,192	86 1	124	152				

⁻Deta not available

NOTE —Data are based on sample surveys of the civilian nonnatitutional population. Although cells with fewer than 75,000 children are subject to wide sampling variation, they are included in the table to permit various types of aggregations. Enrollment data for E-year-olds include only those atudents in preprimary programs. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SCURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, *Prepintary Enrollment*, various years, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey, unpublished data. (This table was prepared March



Table 44.—Public school pupils transported at public expense and current expenditures for transportation: 1929-30 to 1986-87

	Average daily	Pupils transported a	t public expense	Expenditures for	transportation
School year	attendance, all students 1	Number	Percent of total	Total 2 (in thousands)	Average for pupil transported
1	2	3	4	5	6
929-30	25,678,015	1,902,826	7.4	\$54.823	\$29
931-32 .	26,275,441	2,419,173	92	58,078	24
933-34	26,434,193	2.794.724	106	53,908	19
935-36	26,367,098	3,250,658	123	62,653	18
937-38	25,975,108	3,769,242	14 5	75,637	20
939-40	25,433,542	4,144,161	163	83,283	20
941-42	24,562,473	4,503,081	18.3	92,922	21
943-44	23,266,616	4,512,412	19 4	107,754	24
945-46 .	23,299,941	5,056,966	21 7	129,756	26
947–48	23,944,532	5,854,041	24 4	176,265	30
949-50	25,111,427	6,947,384	27 7	214,504	31
951-52	26,562,664	7,697,130	29 0	268,827	35
953-54	25,643,871	8,411,719	32.8	307,437	37
955 -56	27,740,149	9,695,819	35 0	353,972	37
957-58	29,/22,275	10,861,689	36.5	416,491	38
959-60 .	32,477,440	12,225,142	37 6	486,338	40
961-62	34,682,340	13,222,667	38 1	576,361	44
963-64	37,405,058	14,475,778	38.7	673.845	47
965-66	39,154,497	15,536,567	39 7	787,358	51
967- 68	40,827,965	17,130,873	42 0	981,006	57
9 69- 70	41,934,376	18,198,577	43 4	1,218,557	67
971-72. ,	42,254,272	19,474,355	46 1	1,507,830	77
973-74	41,438,054	21,347,039	51.5	1,858,141	87
975-76	41,269,720	21,772,483	52.8	2,377,313	109
977-78	40,079,590	3 21,800,000	54 4	2,731,041	125
979-80	38.288.911	21,713,515	56.7	3.833.145	177
980-81	37,703,744	3 22,272,000	59.1	3 4,408,000	198
981-82.	37,094,652	3 22,246,000	60.0	3 4.793.000	215
982-83	36,635,868	3 22,199,000	60 6	35,000,000	225
983-84.	36,362,978	3 22,031,000	60 6	³ 5,284,000	240
984-85	36,404,261	3 22,320,000	61.3	3 5,722,00	256
985-86	36,523,103	3 22,041,000	60 3	3 6,123,000	278
986-87	36,858,329	3 22,397,000	608	³ 6,551,000 j	27 d 292

¹ Pupil transportation data through 1951-52 are based on enrollment, data for 1953-54 and subsequent years are based on average daily attendance

NOTE -- Some data have been revised from - aviously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, and unpublished data, and School Bus Fleet, © by Bobbit Publishing Co. December-January issues (This table was prepared January 1989.)



Excludes capital outlay for years through 1979-80 Beginning in 1980-81, total transportation figures include capital outlay
 Estimate based on data appearing in Decembe -January issues of School Bus Fleet

Table 45.—Children 0 to 21 years old served in federally supported special education programs, by type of handicap: 1976-77 to 1987-88

Type of nandicap	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Numl	er served,	1 in thouse	ands				
All conditions	3,692	3,751	3,889	4,005	4,142	4, 198	4,255	4,298	4,315	4,317	4,374	4,446
Learning disabled	796	964	1,130	1,27F	1,462	1,622	1,741	1,806	1,832	1,862	1,914	1,928
Speech impaired	1,302	1,223	1,214	1,186	1,168	1,135	1,131	1,128	1,126	1,125	1,136	953
Mentally retarded	959	933	901	869	829	786	757	727	694	660	643	582
Senously emotionally disturbed	283	288	300	329	346	ა39	352	361	372	375	383	373
Hard of hearing and deaf	87	25	85	80	79	75	73	72	69	66	65	56
Orthopedically handics, oed	87	87	70	66	58	58	57	56	56	57	57	47
Other health impaired	141	135	105	106	98	79	50	53	68	57	52	45
Visually handicapped	38	35	32	31	31	29	28	29	28	27	26	22
Multihancicapped	_	_	50	60	68	71	63	65	69	86	97	77
Deaf-blind		_	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Preschool handicapped 2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	363

Percentage dictribution of children served

1976- 1977- 1978- 1979- 1980- 1981- 1982- 1983- 1984- 1985- 1986-

All conditions	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Learning disabled	216	25.7	29 1	31 9	35 3	38 6	40 9	42.0	42 4	43 1	43 8	43.4
Speech impaired	35.3	32 6	31.2	29 6	28 2	270	26.6	26 2	26.1	26 1	26 0	?1 4
Mentally retarded	26.0	24 9	23 2	21 7	20.0	187	17.8	16.9	16 1	153	14 7	.3 1
Seriously emotionally disturbed .	77	77	77	8.2	84	81	83	84	86	8.7	88	8.4
Hard of hearing and deaf	24	23	22	20	19	18	17	17	16	1 5	15	13
Orthopedically handscapped	24	23	18	16	1.4	14	1.3	13	1.3	13	1.3	1.1
Other health impaired	38	36	27	2.6	24	1.9	1 2	12	16	13	1.2	1.0
Visually handicapped .	10	09	08	08	08	07	07	07	07	06	06	0.5
Multihandicapped	-	— i	1.3	15	1.6	17	1.5	15	16	20	2.2	17
Deaf-blind	_	-	01	(4)	01	(4)	(4)	01	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Preschool handicapped 2	(3)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	8.2

Number served as a percent of total enrollment 5

											— т	
All conditions	8.33	8.61	9.14	9.62	10.11	10.46	10.73	10.92	10.98	10.93	10.97	11.10
Learning disabled,	1 80	221	2 66	3 06	3 57	4 04	4 39	4.59	4 66	471	4 80	4.82
Speech impaired	2 94	2 81	2 85	2 85	2 85	2.83	2.85	2 87	2.87	2 85	2 85	2 38
Mentally retarded	2.16	2 14	2 12	2 09	2.02	1 96	1 91	1 85	1.77	1 67	1.61	1 45
Seriously emotionally disturbed .	0 64	0 66	0 71	079	0 85	0 85	υ 89	0.92	0 95	0 95	0 96	0 93
Hard of hearing and deaf	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 19	0.19	0 19	0 18	0 18	0 17	0 17	0 16	0.14
Orthopedically handicapped	0 20	0 20	0 16	0.16	0.14	0.14	0.14	0 14	0 14	0 14	0.14	0 12
Other health impaired	0 32	0 31	0 25	0 25	0 24	0 20	0 13	0 13	0 17	0 14	0 13	0.11
Visually handicapped.	0.09	0.08	0 08	0 08	0 08	0 07	0 07	0 07	0 07	0 07	0 07	0 06
Multihandicapped		_	0.12	0 14	0 17	0 18	0 16	0 17	0 17	0 22	0.24	0.19
Deaf-blind	_	_	0 01	0 01	0 01	(*)	0 01	0.01	(6)	0.01	(6)	(6)
Preschool handicapped 2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	0 91
					-	1				1		

¹ Includes students served under Chapter t and Education of the Handicapped Act (EHA)

Time of benderen

NOTE —Counts are based on reports from the 50 States and District of Columbia only (i.e., figures from U.S. territories are not included). Some of the increase in 1987-88 may be due in part to new legislation passed in Fall 1986 which mandates public school specal education services for all handicapped children ages 3 through 5 by the 1990-91 school year and provides a State grant program for handicapped children from birth to age 2 Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, Annual Report to Congress on the Implementation of The Education of the Handicapped Act. various years. National Center for Education Statistica. Common Core of Data survey, and unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared December



² includes preschool children 3-5 years served under the EHA and 0-5 years served under Chapter I

³ Beginning in 1987-88, States are no longer required to report preschool handicapped students (0-5 years) by handicapping condition. Prior to this, these students were included in the counts by handicapping condition

⁴ Less than 05

⁵ Based on the enrollment in public schools, kindergarten through 12th grade, including a relatively small number of prekindergarten students

Less than 005

⁻Data not available

Table 46.—Percentage distribution of handicapped persons 3 to 21 years old receiving special education services, by educational environment: 1985–86

Type of handicap	All environ- ments	Regular class	Resource room	Separate class	Public separate school facility	Private separate school facility	Public residen- tial facility	Private residen- tial facility	Correc- tion facility	Home- bound/ hospital environ- ment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
All conditions	190.0	26.4	41.5	24.5	3.6	1.6	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.
Learning disabled	100 0	153	61 7	21 1	09	0.5	(')	(')	(')	
Speech impaired	100 0	66 3	۰, ۹	55	08	1.5	<u>(i)</u>		- iii	į,
Mentally retarded	100 0	30	24 9	56 5	98	19	29	<u> </u>	ij	i)
Seriously emotionally disturbed	100 0	88	33 8	35.8	88	4.5	18	23	1.7	2
Hard of hearing and deaf	100 0	194	21 5	34 5	79	40	110	11	(1)	Ō
Orthopedically handicapped	100 0	26 4	16 6	33 2	106	4.0	0.6	(')	<u> </u>	8
Other health impaired	100 0	263	190	26 1	43	26	31	όβ	<u>(6</u>	17
/isually handicapped	100 0	34.2	25 4	20 7	41	22	108	10		1 4
Aulthandicapped	100 0	4 1	156	44 3	193	95	30	21	<u>6</u>	1.
Deaf-blind	100 0	68	17 4	23 9	123	33	26 3	88	: i	1:

¹ Less than 05 percent

NOTE —This table raffects a compilation of data reported by the State: There are some reporting variations, e.g., estimated or incomplete data and nonstandard definitions, from State to State Data exclude U.S. Territories and schoole operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, Tenth Annual F. sport to Congress on the Implementation of The Education of the Handicapped Act, 1988 (This table was prepared August 1988)

Table 47.—Number of children 3-5 years old served under The Education of the Handicapped Act, by State: 1986-87 and 1987-88

State	1986-87	1987-88	Percent change 1986-87 to 1987-88	State	1986-87	1987-88	Percent change 1986-87 to 1987-88
1	22	3	4	1	2	3	4
United States	263,168	284,563	8.1				
Alabama	2.666	6,987	162 1	Missouri.	5,297	4,836	-8.7
Alaska	767	981	27 9	Montana	1,404	1,420	1
Arizona	2,623	2,752	49	Nebraska	2,750	2,666	_ 3 .1
Arkansas , ,	2,505	2,534	12	Nevada	844	871	3.4
California	<i>2</i> 3,700	29.138	22 9	New Hampshire	1,105	1,118	1.2
Colorado	1,489	2,126	42.8	New Jersey	12,506	13,095	4.7
Connecticut	4,506	4,793	64	New Mexico	1,249	1,268	1.5
Delaware	709	822	15 9	New York	5,410	3,265	-39 6
District of Columbia ,	370	398	76	North Carolina	5,541	6,682	20 6
Flonda	8,947	10,487	172	North Dakota	1,008	1,021	1,3
Georgia	4,442	4 981	12 1	Ohio	7,205	7,359	2 1
Hawaii	581	521	6.9	Oklahoma	5,635	5,388	-44
Idaho	1,270	974	- 23 3	Oregon	1,177	1,297	10.2
Illinois	22,076	19.964	-96	Pennsylvania	7,134	9,533	33.6
Indiana	5,099	5,046	-10	Rhode Island	1,200	1,390	15.8
lowa	4,929	5,072	29	South Carolina	5,671	6.973	23 (
Kansas	2,801	2,855	19	South Dakota	1,813	1,844	17
Kentucky	4,343	6.861	580	Tennessee	6,746	C.548	2.9
Louisiana	5,130	5,1ô2	06	Texas	20,137	20,989	42
Maine	2,148	2,865	33 4	Utah	2,093	20,969	3.1
Maryland	5,971	6.150	30	Vermont	487	500	27
Massachusetts	8.041	8,034	-01	Virginia	8,944	8,987	05
Michigan	12,517	12,268	-20	Weehington	6,562		
Minnesota	8,731	8,934	23	West Virginia		7,259	10 6
Mississippi	2.841	4.854	709		2,813	2,749	-23
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,041	4,034	709	Wisconsin	8,934	9,271	3 8
		İ		Wyoming	301	417	38.5

NOTE—The Education of the Handicapped Act was amended in October 1986 to extend the right to a free and appropriate education to handicapped children ages 3 through 5 years. The States have until the 1990-91 school year to fully implement the law As of October 1988, 22 States and the District of Columbia guaranteed a free appropriate public education to handicapped children age 3 ^ younger, and 22 more States planned to change by the 1990-91 school year.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services. Annual Report to Congress on the Implementation of The Education of the Handicaoped Act. 10th and 11th editions (This table was prepared December 1988.)



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State	State- mandated gifted and talented programs	Discretion- ary State- supported gifted and talented programs	Gifted and talented students receiving services	Gifted and talented students as a percent of enrollment	State	State- mandated gifted and talented programs	Discretionary State- supported gifted and talented programs	Gifted and talented students receiving services	Gifted and talented students as a percent of enrollment
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Alabama	X X X	×	16,834 ² 3,854 ² 20,000 ² 19,928 219,073	1 2 3 3 3.7 3 3.4 4 6 5.1	Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey		x x x	2 4,500 2 19,000 5,321 — 111,190	2 9 7.1 3 3 — 9.9
Colorado Connectrcut Delaware Flonda Georgia	X (*) (*) X X		2 19,000 3,815 47,463 38,000	4.1 4.1 3.0 13.5	New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	X X X	X X	² 5,063 ² 125,000 62,329 1,365 ² 50,000	1 1.8 4 6 4 5 0.7 2.8
Hawaii	x x	X X	² 15,193 ³ 2,510 ² 86,000 ² 27,900 ² 8,600	9.2 1.2 4.0 2.9 1 8	Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	x x x	x x	38,084 15,338 2 78,000 2 5,200 35,264	6.4 3.6 14.7 3.9 5.8
Kansas	X X X	x	² 11,786 ² 25,000 ² 14,000 — ² 54 700	3.0 139 1.9 81	South Dakota Tennessee	X X	X X	² 4,791 13,852 113,000 22,000	3.8 1.7 1 3.5 5.5
Massachusetts		X X X X	119,708 55,171 14,145 2 16,000	7 5 7.9 2.8 2 0	Virginia	x x x	x x	6 81,741 21,708 10,787 — 2 2,700	8 5 2.9 3.1 — 2.7

¹ Percent based on enrollment figures collected by the National Center for Education



² Estimated by reporting State
3 Data for 1985-86
4 Legislation only mandates that all gifted and talented studen's be identified
5 Delaware does not have a State mandate for services to gifted and talented students, but it has gifted programs in all districts

Fiscal year 1986

X=indicates that legislation has been passed

⁻Data not available

NOTE -The District of Columbia was not included in the survey

SOURCE Council of State Directors of Programs for the Gifted. The 1997 State of the States Gifted and Talented Education Report. (This table was prepared November 1987.)

Table 49.- Enrollment in grades 9 to 12 in public and private schools compared with population 14 to 17 years of age: 1889-90 to fall 1987

[Numbers in thousands]

	En	rollment, grades 9 to 1	21	Daniela - 4444 47	Enrollment as a percent of	
Year	All schools	Public schools	Private schools 2	Population 14 to 17 years of age 3	percent of population 14 to 17 years of age	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
1889-90	298	203	95	5.355	5.6	
18991900	630	519	111	6,152	10	
1909–10	1.032	915	117	7,220	14 3	
1919–20	2,414	2,200	214	7,220	31.2	
1929–30.	4,741	4,399	4341	9,341	50	
		,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5,541		
1939–40	7,059	6,601	⁵ 458	9,720	72.6	
1949-50	6,397	5,725	672	8,405	76.1	
1951-52	6,533	5,882	656	8,516	76.8	
1953-54	7,038	6.290	747	8,861	79.4	
1955–56	7,696	6,873	823	9,207	83.6	
1957-58	8,790	7,860	504	40.400		
Fall 1959	9,306		931	10,139	86 7	
		8,271	1,035	11,155	83.4	
	10,489	9,369	1,120	12,046	87.1	
- *	12,170	10,883	1,287	13,492	90 2	
Fall 1965	13,010	11,610	1,400	14,146	92.0	
Fall 1966	13,294	11,894	1,400	14,398	92.3	
Fail 1967	13,650	12,250	1,400	14,727	92.7	
Fall 1968	14,118	12,718	1,400	15,170	93 1	
Fall 1969	14,322	13,022	1,300	15,549	92.1	
Fall 1979	14,643	13,332	1,311	15,921	92.0	
Fall 1971	15 116	10.010	4 000			
Fall 1972	15,116	13,816	1,300	16,326	92 6	
	15,213	13,913	1,300	16,637	91.4	
P-II 4074	15,377	14,077	1,300	16,864	91.2	
Cell 4075	15,432	14,132	1,300	17,033	90 6	
Fall 1975	15,604	14,304	1,300	17,125	91 1	
Fall 1976	15,671	14,311	1,360	17,117	91 6	
Fall 1977	15,600	14,240	1,359	17,042	915	
Fail 1978	15,576	14,223	1,353	16,944	919	
Fall 1979	15,014	13,714	1,300	16,610	90 4	
Fall 1980	14,652	13,313	1,339	16,140	90.8	
Fall 1981	4.005					
<u> </u>	14,233	12,833	1,400	15,599	91.2	
	13,896	12,496	1,400	15,040	92 4	
Fall 1983	13,755	12,355	1,400	14,720	93 4	
Fall 1984	13,777	12,377	1,400	14,705	93.7	
Fall 1985	13,822	12,460	1,362	14,865	93 0	
Fall 1986	13,770	12,434	1,336	14,797	93.1	
Fail 1987	13,367	12,138	1,229	14,467	92.4	

¹ includes a relatively small number of secondary ungraded and postgraduate students

NOTE -includes enrollment in public schools that are a part of State and local

school systems and also in most nonprofit-making private uchools, both religiously affiliated and nonsectanan. Excludes enrollment in subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, and Federal schools. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Some figures have been revised from previously published data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems, Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, Common Core of Data survey, and Projections of Education Statistics to 2000 (This table was prepared March 1989)



² Data for most years are partly estimated

³ Data for 1890 through '950 and for 1960 are from the decennial censuses of poputation. The other figures are Bureau of the Census estimates as of July 1 preceding the opening of the school year

⁴ Data are for 1927-28

⁵ Date are for 1940-41

⁶ Preliminary data

Table 50.—Enrollment in foreign language courses compared with enrollment in grades 9 to 12 of public secondary schools: Fall 1948 to fall 1985

[In thousands]

Language	Fall	Fall	Fali	Fail	Fail	Fali	Fali	Fall	Fali	Fall	Percent of enrol	change ir Iment
	1948	1960	1 96 5	1968	1970	1974	1976	1978	1982	1985	19£5 to 1976	1976 to 1985
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total enrollment, grades 9 to 12	1 5,602	8,589	11,610	12,718	13,332	14,132	14,310	14,125	12,496	12,460	23.3	-12.9
All foreign languages 2												
Number enrolled	1,170 20.9	2,522 29.4	3,659 31.5	3,890 30.6	3,779 28.3	3,295 23 3	3,174 22.2	3,200 22.7	2,910 23 3	4,029 32 2	-:33 	26 9
Modern foreign languages												
Number enrolled	741 13.2	1,867 21.7	3,0 5 8 26 4	3,518 27 7	3,514 26.4	3,127 22 1	3,023 21 1	3,048 21 6	2,740 21 9	3,852 30 9	-1.4 	27.4 —
Spanish												
Number enrolled	443 7.9	933 10 9	1,427 123	1,698 13.4	1,811 13 6	1,678 11 9	1,717 120	1,631 11 5	1,563 12 5	2,334 18 7	20.3	35 9 —
French					ı				İ			
Number enrolled Percent of all students	254 4.5	744 8 7	1,251 10 8	1,328 10.4	1,231 9 2	978 6 9	888 6.2	856 6 1	858 6 9	1,134 9 1	-29.0 —	27.7 —
German												
Number enrolled	43 0 8	151 1 8	328 2.8	423 3 3	411 3 1	393 2 8	353 2 5	331 23	267 2 1	312 2.5	75 —	-11 5
Russian												
Number enrolled Percent of all students	_	10 0.1	27 0 2	24 0.2	20 0 2	15 0 1	11 0 1	9 0.1	6 (³)	6 (3)	-57 9 —	-46 7
Italian			1									
Number enrolled	-	20 0 2	25 0 2	27 0 2	27 0 2	40 0 3	46 0.3	46 0.3	44 0 4	47 04	80.7 —	3.1
Other modern foreign languages 4												
Number enrolled Percent of all students	1 (³)	9 01	9 01	18 0.1	15 0 1	23 0.2	9	176 1 2	3 (3)	18 0.1	-9.0 	_
Latin				1			1					
Number enrolled	429 7.7	655 7 6	591 5 1	372 2 9	265 2 0	167 1 2	150 1,1	152 1.1	170 1 4	177 1,4	-74.6 	17.6 —

¹ Estimated.

NOTE —Because of inunding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey, American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages, "Report of Foreign Language Enrollment in Public Secondary Schools, Fall 1985." (This table was prepared October 1987)



² Includes enrollment in ancient Greek (not shown separately). Fewer than 1,000 students were enrolled in this language in each of the years shown

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

Includes students enrolled in unspecified modern foreign languages in 1978, a relatively large number of students were not identified by field of study
 —Data not reported, not available, or not applicable

Table 51.—Summary statistics on private elementary and secondary schools, by level and affiliation of school: Fall 1983

Level and affiliation of school	Schools	Enrollment	egarevA	Staff,† in thou time equ		Pupils per statf	Teachers as	Pupis per
		thousands	school size	Total	Teachers	member	total staff	teacher
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All private schools	27,694	5,715	206	542	337	10.5	62.2	16.
Elementary schools 2	15,€31	3,240	207	235	158	13.8	67.2	20.
Catholic	7,897	2,260	286	138	95	16.4	685	23.
Other religiously affiliated	5,109	630	123	57	38	11 1	66.s	16.
Not religiously affiliated	2,6.24	351	134	40	25	87	63 0	13
Secondary schools 3	2,621	1.047	399	104	65	10.0	620	16.
Catholic	1,490	848	569	69	47	123	67.6	18
Other religiously affiliated	669	106	158	18	9	60	53 5	11.
Not religiously affiliated	462	93	201	18	9	52	48.6	10.
combined elementary and secondary				ł				
schools4	5,241	1,130	216	127	81	89	63.5	14.5
Catholic	191	70	366	7	4	98	59.0	163
Other religiously affiliated	3,185	556	175	57	37	97	64.0	15.
Not religiously affiliated	1,865	504	270	63	40	80	53.5	12.0
Other schools 5	4,201	297	71	76	34	39	44.8	8.
Catholic	161	14	87	6	2	24	34.4	7.0
Other religiously affiliated	1,002	64	64	9	5	74	57.8	12
Not religiously affiliated	3,037	220	72	62	27	36	44.0	8.

¹Includes principals, assistant principals, teachers, guidance counselors, libranans and media specialists, teacher aides, and other professional and nonprofessional staff ²Includes schools beginning in prekindergarten to grade 6 and ending in grade 8 or

NOTE -Data are based upon a sample survey and may not be strictly comparable with data reported elsewhere. Includes only schools which offer first grade or above Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. "1983-84 Private School Survey" (This table was prepared September 1986)



Includes schools having no grade below grade 7
 Includes schools with grade spans comprising both elementary and secondary levels includes special education schools, alternative schools, and vocational schools

Table 52.—Characteristics of private school teachers,1 by level and affiliation of school: 1985-86

i			Lavel of	school	i	Religio	us affiliation of	school
Teacher characteristics	All private schools	Elementary	Secondary	Combined	Other	Catholic ²	Other religiously affiliated ²	Not religiously affiliated
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Number of teachers, in thousands	404	190	83	96	35	185	127	92
Sex (percent)								
Total	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	_	_
Male	24 1	103	486	29.9	25 4	_	_ :	_
Female	75.9	89.7	51 5	70 1	74.6	_	_	_
Status (percent)								
Total	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	400.0	400.0		
Full-time teachers	77.9	77.1	100.0 82.9	100 O	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.0
Other teachers	22.2	22 9	17.1		743	832	71 7	75.9
1	22.2	27.9	17.1	23.3	25 7	16.8	28.3	24.1
Highest degree (percent)		i			İ		i	
Total	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0
No degree	3.5	3.5	09	55	4.3	16	65	3 2
Associate	1.7	22	0.2	2.1	17	1.3	2.3	1.7
Bachelor's	64 0	74.1	48 5	58.0	62 5	66.7	63.6	59.3
Master's	29 4	19.8	48 6	32.0	29.9	29 5	26 4	33 €
Doctor's	1.3	05	2.0	25	1.6	0.9	1.3	2.3
Age (percent)		İ		1				
Total	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Under 30 years	24 0	25 2	180	22 3	363	219	27 2	23 7
30 to 39 years	37 6	36.2	39 2	38.1	40.4	36 7	378	39.2
40 to 49 years	23.2	23 2	25.0	25.5	13.0	23 6	21 8	24.6
50 to 59 years	10.5	10.3	123	10.5	79	11.8	9.6	9.5
60 years or older	46	51	56	36	2.4	6.0	3.6	3.1
Race/ethnicity (percent)				"		0.0	30	J. 1
Total	100 0	100.0	400.0				_ [
White	92 2	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0
Black	3.8	91 1 4 8	95 0	92 6	911	93.5	91 9	90.2
Hispanic	2.9	29	1.4	33	5.0	25	40	5.9
Other	1.1	13	29	3.3	24	34	2.9	2 2
Years of teaching expenence (per-	1.1	'3	07	08	15	0.7	11	1,8
cent)			-	į				
Total	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Less than 5 /ears	24 8	25.2	18.6	23 7	40 6	20.8	27.5	29.4
5 to 9 years	27.0	27 7	22 6	29.2	27.5	24.5	30 7	26 8
10 years or more	48 2	47 1	58 8	47.1	31.9	54.8	41 8	43.8
Average salary 3	į		ļ				i	
Base salary	\$14,400	\$12,900	\$17,100	\$14,900	\$14,900	\$13,900	\$13,600	\$16,500
Earned income 4	15,600	13,700	19,000	16,500	16,600	15,100	14,800	18,000

¹ Tabulation includes full-time and part-time teachers

NOTE -Data are based on a sample surver and may not be strictly comparable with

data reported elsewhere Elementary schools have no grade higher than 8 Secondary schools have no grade lower than 7 Combined schools have any other grade spans. Other schools includes special education, alternative, and vocational schools includes only schools which offer first grade or above. Data in other tables reflect full-time-equivalent teachers. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "1985-86 Private School Survey" (This table was prepared October 1986)



² Includes schools with a religious orientation or religious affiliation

³ Average salary of full-time teachers only

⁴ includes base salary, additional compensation for additional duties, summer school salary, and nonschool-related income

⁻Data not available

Table 53.—Characteristics of private schools, by level and affiliation of school: 1985-86

[Percentage distribution]

			Level of	school		Religio	us affiliation of	school
School characteristics	All private schools	Elementary	Secondary	Combi	Other	Catholic 1	Other religiously affiliated 1	Not religiously affiliated
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Number of schools	25,616	15,303	2,438	4,949	2,926	9,911	10,771	4.93
Number of school days in 1984-85								
Total	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.
Less than 180 days	35 7	37 4	33.1	43 5	15.5	32.8	42.4	26.
180 days	498	50 0	57 3	47.8	46.4	573	48.8	37
More than 180 days	14.5	12.6	97	8.8	38 2	9.9	88	36.
Numuca of hours in session each day, 1985-86					_			00
Total	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.
5 hours or less	5.6	4.0	16.0	23	107	8.6	1.4	8.
More than 5 hours to 6 hours	46.2	51.6	41 5	27.3	53 5	62.1	32.0	45.
More than 6 hours to 7 hours	42.4	41 5	37.2	53 0	33.9	27.5	57.1	40
More than 7 hours	5.8	2.9	5.4	17.4	2.0	1.9	9.4	6.0
Years in operation							5	0.0
Total	100 0	100.0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0
10 years or less	25.5	20 2	9.9	41.4	39 2	1.7	45.2	30.
11 to 24 years	24.2	16.5	27.5	36 7	40.8	14.2	25.5	41.0
25 years or more	50 3	63 3	62 6	21 9	20.0	84.1	29.3	28.2
Mean enrollment per school	234	218	541	211	94	363	142	174
Ainority enrollment, 1985-86					54	303	142	17-
Total	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100.0
None	12 1	13.9	25	16.2	33	72	21.8	06
Less than 5 percent	26.8	31 2	253	20.9	154	38	18.7	21.0
5 to 14 percent	22.4	198	36.1	23.4	22.9	20.4	20 9	
15 to 24 percent	106	7.7	14.4	11.6	21.1	89	12.7	29.4 9.8
25 to 49 percent	10.0	78	11.8	5.1	28 6	7.2	8.4	
50 to 74 percent	8 1	71	3.7	17.2	2.1	38	10.9	19.3
75 to 89 percent	18	2.1	0.7	1.0	25	25		11.0
90 percent or more	8.1	10.4	54	4.6	41	11.5	1 2 5.4	1.7 7.1
uition group				7.0	7'	11.3	5.4	7.1
Total	100 0	100 0	400.0	400.0				
Less than \$500	13 0		1000	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0
\$500 to \$1,000	27.9	18.8 35 1	4.8	5 4	11	25 6	6.3	1.1
\$1,001 to \$1,500	26.4	29 1	44	29 6	50	37.1	30 8	1.0
\$1,501 to \$2,500	14 6	8.3	34 4	22 7	9.3	25.7	30.7	17.6
More than \$2,500			28 7	18 0	31.8	77	20.4	16.0
	18.2	8.8	27.8	24 4	52.9	3.9	119	64.3

¹ includes schools with a religious orientation or religious affiliation

NOTE.—Data are based on a sample survey and may not be strictly comparable with data reported elsewhere Elementary schools have no grade ingher than 8 Secondary schools have no grade lower than 7 Combined schools have any other grade spans. Other schools include special education, alternative, and vocational schools includes

only schools which offer first grade or above. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "1985-86 Private School Survey." (This table was prepared October 1986.)



	Enr	oliment, fall 198	30	Tea	achers, fall 198	o T	High scho	ool graduates,	1979-80
State	Total	Catholic	Other private	Total	Catholic	Other private	Total	Catholic	Other private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States ²	4,961,755	3,136,209	1,823,546	277,413	143,827	133,586	294,536	192,476	102,06
Alabama	62,669	14,720	47,949	3,625	668	2,957	3,877	668	3,20
Alaska	3,800	1,029	2,771	284	76	208	175	57	11
Arizona	40,261	18,306	21,955	2,291	778	1,513	1,802	992	81
Arkansas California	18,423 513,709	7,223 262,690	11,200 251,019	1,119 26,913	376 10,097	743 16,816	1,114 24,862	493 15,910	62 8,95
					-				•
Colorado	35,250 88,404	17,120	18,130 26,644	2,342 5,887	892 2.880	1,450 3,007	1,860 8,568	850 4,688	1,01 3,88
Delaware	23,374	61,760 14,725	5,649	1,361	668	693	1,466	1,080	38
District of Columbia	21,203	12,214	8,989	1,624	646	978	1,614	1,075	53
Florida	204,988	74,268	130,720	11,779	3,245	8,534	10,355	4,786	5, 56 9
Georgia	82,505	13,297	69,208	5,302	617	4,685	5,272	841	4,43
Hawaii	37,147	15,059	22,088	2,051	626	1,425	2,628	921	1,70
daho	5,839	2,189	3,650	312	108	204	314	134	1,70
Illinois	349,463	278,240	71,223	17,126	12,075	5,051	20,338	17,684	2,65
Indiana	100,234	63,237	36,997	5,271	3,029	2,242	5,359	3,531	1,82
lowa	55,227	44,790	10,437	3,059	2,405	654	3,837	3,307	530
Kansas	33,889	25,610	8,279	1,990	1,301	689	1,811	1,475	330
Kentucky	69,728	50,226	19,502	3,843	2,497	1,346	4,390	3,299	1,09
ouisiana	158,921	112,099	46,822	8,190	5,143	3,047	9,275	6,700	2,57
Maine	17,540	6,733	10,807	1,460	331	1,129	1,835	215	1,62
Maryland	106,447	68,168	38,279	6,541	3,442	3,099	6,851	4,645	2,20
Massachusetts	138,333	104,720	33,613	9,323	5,153	4,170	12,632	8,145	4,48
Michigan	211,871	129,992	81,879	10,050	5,517	4,533	13,063	8,296	4,76
Vinnesota	88,966	64,418	24,548	4,876	3,264	1,612	4,403	3,004	1,39
Mississippi	50,116	11,342	38,774	3,032	605	2,427	3,722	572	3,15
Missoun	126,319	95,194	31,125	7,047	4,862	2,185	7,371	5,890	1,48
Viontana	7,668	4,684	2,984	491	274	217	453	328	12
Nebraska	38,574	30,169	8,405	2,329	1,771	558	2,842	2,612	230
Nevada	6,599	4,305	2,294	316	171	145	299	288	1
New Hampshire	20,721	11,239	9,482	1,499	557	942	2,151	677	1,47
New Jersey	229,878	189,876	40,002	12,774	8,828	3,946	14,043	11,494	2,549
New Mexico	18,027	9,217	8,810	1,162	426	736	931	315	610
New York	579,670	425,981	153,689	31,618	18,285	13,333	32,366	24,643	7,72
North Carolina	58,078	9,323	48,755	3,919	417	3,502	2,781	310	2,47
North Dakota	10,659	8,230	2,429	645	479	166	714	575	139
Оню	268,357	227,888	40,469	13,878	11,018	2,860	15,734	13, 01	2,03
Oklahoma	16,335	7,381	8,954	1,126	403	723	1,035	491	. 54
Oregon	27,828	14,357	13,471	1,626	754	872	1,684	835	849
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	402,058 29,875	314,367 25,015	87,691 4,860	20,705 1,748	13,416 1,132	7,289 616	26,033 2,102	20,756 1,685	5,271 411
					1				
South Carolina	49,619 10,898	7,555 6,882	42,064 4,016	3,218 815	367 437	2,851 378	2,693 639	332 400	2,36 ⁻ 239
Tennessee	71,617	15,185	56,432	4,623	817	3,806	5,226	1,241	3,98
Texas	148,534	79,766	68,768	9,242	4,165	5,077	7,089	3,929	3,160
Utah	5,555	3,055	2,500	309	121	188	479	210	26
Vermont	7,555	4,082	3,473	668	23*	437	921	278	64:
Virginia	75,069	23,060	52,009	5,208	1,135	4,073	4,473	1,252	3,22
Washington	55,950	27,356	28,594	3,168	1,265	1,903	3,097	1,566	1,53
West Virginia	12,608	8,466	4,142	742	467	275	850	597	25:
Wisconsin	162,361	110,014	52,347	8,654	5,508	3 146	6,950	4,703	2,24
Wyoming	3,036	1,387	1,649	232	82	150	157	· _	157

-Oata not available

NOTE - Tabulation includes only schools which offer first grade or above

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Private Elementary and Secondary School Universe" survey. (This table was prepared May 1986.)



Includes special education, vocational/technical, and atternative schools
 Oata represent an undercount of approximately 5 percent because some schools were not included in the survey universe

Table 55.—Summary statistics on Catholic elementary and secondary schools, by level: 1919-20 to 1987-88

School year	N	umber of schoo	ls		Enrollment		In	structional staff	1
OCHOOL YOU	Total	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Elementary	Secondary	Totai	Elementary	Secondary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
919–20	8,103	6,551	1,552	1,925,521	1,795,673	129,848	49,516	41,592	7,92
929-30	10,046	7,923	2,123	2,464,467	2,222,598	241,869	72,552	58,245	14,30
939–40	10,049	7,944	2,105	2,396,305	2,035,182	361,123	81,057	60,081	20,97
949–50	10,778	8,589	2,189	3,066,367	2,560,815	505,572	94,295	66,525	27,77
all 1960	12,893	10,501	2,392	5,253,791	4,373,422	880,369	151,902	108,169	43,73
all 1962	13,148	10,646	2,502	5,494,347	4,485,221	1,009,126	159,079	112,199	46,88
all 1964	13,249	10,832	2,417	5,600,519	4,533,771	1,066,748	171,198	117,854	53,34
967–68	12,627	10,350	2,277	5,198,326	4,105,805	1,092,521	187,800	2 129,800	² 58,00
968–69	12,215	10,113	2,102	4,940,600	3,859,709	1,080,891	190,600	² 131,200	² 59,40
969–70	11,771	9,695	2,076	4,658,098	3,607,168	1,050,930	195,400	² 133,200	² 62,20
970–71	11,350	9,370	1,980	4,363,566	3,355,478	1,008,088	166,208	112,750	53,45
971-72	10,841	8,982	1,859	4,034,785	3,075,785	959,000	159,083	106,686	52,39
972-73	10,504	8,761	1,743	3,790,000	2,871,000	919,000	155,964	105,384	50,58
973-74	10,317	8,589	1,728	3,621,000	2,714,000	907,000	153,883	102,785	51,09
974-75	10,127	8,437	1,690	3,5()4,000	2,602,000	902,000	150,179	100,011	50,16
975–76	9,993	8,340	1,653	3,415,000	2,525,000	890,000	149,276	99,319	49,95
976-77	9,904	8,281	1,623	3,365,000	2,483,000	882,000	150,610	100,016	50,59
977–78	9,797	8,204	1,593	3,289,000	2,421,000	868,000	150,648	99,739	50,90
978–79	9,723	8,159	1,564	3,218,000	2,365,000	853,000	147,948	98,539	49,40
979–80	9,640	8,100	1,540	3,139,000	2,293,000	846,000	147,294	97,724	49,57
980-81	9,559	8,043	1,516	3,106,000	2,269,000	837,000	145,777	96,739	49,03
981-82	9,494	7,996	1,498	3,094,000	2,266,000	828,000	146,172	96,847	49,32
982-83	9,432	7,950	1,482	3,026,000	2,225,000	801,000	146,460	97,337	49,12
983–84 ³	9,380	7,917	1,463	2,969,000	2,179,000	790,000	146,913	98,591	48,32
264-85 ³	9,325	7,876	1,449	2,903,000	2,119,000	784,000	149,888	99,820	50,06
985-86 ³	9,220	7,790	1,430	2,821,000	2,061,000	760,000	146,594	96,741	49,85
986–87 ³	9,102	7,693	1,409	2,726,000	1,998,000	728,000	141,930	93,554	48,370
987-88	8,992	7,601	1,391	2,623,000	1,942,000	681,000	139,887	93,199	46,680

¹ Beginning in 1970-71, includes full-time teaching staff only

NOTE.—Data reported by the National Catholic Educational Association and data reported by the National Center for Education Statistics are not directly comparable because survey procedures and definitions differ

SOURCE National Catholic Educational Association, A Statistical Report on Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools for the Years 1967-68 to 1969-70, as compiled from the Official Catholic Directory (copyright © 1970 by the National Catholic Educational Association), Catholic Schools in America (1978 edition, copyright © 1978 by the Franklin Press), and United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1967-1988 (copyright © 1988 by the National Catholic E:lucational Association, All rights reserved) (This table was prepared December 1988)



² Includes estimates for the nonreporting schools

³ Data revised from previously published data

Table 56.—Public and private elementary and secondary teachers and pupil-teacher ratios, by level: Fall 1955 to fall 1990

		d private elemer		Public eleme	ntary and secor	ndary schools	Private eleme	ntary and secon	ndary schools
Year	Kindergarten to grade 12	Elementary	Secondary	Kindergarten to grade 12	Elementary	Secondary	Kındergarten to grade 12	Elementary	Secondar
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				Number	of teachers, in the	ousands			
55 56	1,286 1,354	627 854	459 499	1,141 1,199	733 751	408 447	¹ 145 ¹ 155	1 94 1 103	1 1 1 5
57 , 58 59	1,424 1,475 1,531	698 931 952	526 544 580	1,259 1,306 1,355	786 815 832	473 491 524	1 165 1 169 1 176	1 112 1 116 1 120	,
30 31	1,600	991	609	1,408	858	550	1 192	¹ 133	1
52 33	1,643 1,708 1,790	992 1.021 1,050	651 686 739	1,461 1,508 1,578	869 886 908	592 621 669	182 1200 1212	123 1135 1142	1
4	1,865	1,086	779	1,648	940	708	1 217	' 146	1
35 36 . 37	1,933 2,012 2,079	1,112 1,153 1,188	822 859 891	1,710 1,789 1,855	965 1,006 1,040	746 763 615	223 1 223 1 224	147 1147 1148	1
8 9	2,161 2,242	1,223 1,258	938 985	1,936 2,013	1,076 1,107	860 907	225 1 229	147	1
70 71	2,288 2,293	1,281 1,263	1,007 1,030	2,055	1,128 1,111	927 952	233 1 230	153 1 152	1 1
'2 '3	2,334 2,369	1,294 1,306	1,040 1,063	2,063 2,103 2,133	1,140 1,149	963 984	231	1 154 1 157	1
' 4 '5	2,410 2,451	1,331 1,352	1,079	2,165 2,196	1,167 1,180	998 1 016	1 245 1 255	1 164 1 172	1 (
8 7	2,454 2,488	1 340	1,105 1,113	2,186 2,209	1,166 1,185	1,620 1,024	268 279	183 190	1
78 79	2,478 2.459	1,375 1,375 1,378	1,103 1,081	2,206 2,183	1,190 1,190	1,016 993	272 1 276	165 1 188	1
10 11	2,485 2,438	1,401 1,360	1,084 1,057	2,184 2,125	1,169 1,159	995 965	301 1 313	212 1 221	1 9
12 13 14 .	2,446 2,463 2,508	1,402 1,418	1,044 1,045	2,121 2,126	1,171 1,178	950 948	1 325 337	1 231 240	1 9
5	2,550	1,448 1,483	1,060 1,067	2,168 2,207	1,205 1,237	963 970	1 340 343	¹ 243 246	1 9
162 173 183	2,592 2,627 2,649	1,517 1,551 1,567	1,075 1,076 1,081	2,244 2,279	1,267 1,297	977 982	1 348 348	1 250 254	1
99 4 90 4	2,043	1,367	1,001	2,304 2,340 2,367	1,316 1,336 1,365	987 1,003 1,001	345	251	
	<u> </u>				upil-teacher ratios				
55 56	27 4 27 0	31 4 30 7	20 3 20 8	26 9 26 5	30 2 29 6	20 9 21 2	1317 1316	1 40 4 1 38 8	¹ 15 ¹ 17
7 8	26 8 26 8	30 3 30 0	20 9 21 4	26 5 26 2 26 1	29 1 28 7	21 3 21 7	1 31 5	1 38 4	¹ 17 ¹ 18
9 0	26 7 26 4	30 0 29 4	21 2 21 4	26 0 25 8	28 7 28 4	21 5 21 7	1322	138 7 136 1	¹ 18 18
1 2	264 263	29 6 29 5	21 5 21 4	25 6 25 7	28 3 28 5	217 217	1 32 5 1 30 5	39 0	¹ 19 ¹ 18
3 4	26 0 25 6	29 3 28 7	21 2 21 2	25 5 25 1	28 4 27 9	21 5 21 5	1 29 7	1 35 2	¹ 18 ¹ 18
5 6	25 1 24 5	26 4 27 7	20 6 20 2	24 7 24 1	27 6 26 9	20 8 20 3	28 3 1 27 8	33 3 1 32 7	18 ¹ 18
7 8 9	24 0 23 5 22 8	26 9 26 0 25 2	20 1 20 2 19 8	23 7 23 2 22 7	26 3 25 4 24 8	20 3 20 4 20 0	1 26 8 25 8 1 24 0	131 1 29 9 127 8	¹ 18 17 ¹ 16
0	22 4	24 6	196	223	24 4	19 9	23 0	26 5	16
1 2 3	22 4 21 7 21 3	25 0 24 0 23 1	19 1 19 0 19 1	22 3 21 8 21 3	24 9 24 0 23 0	19 3 19 1 19 3	1226 1216 1212	125 7	¹ 16 ¹ 16 ¹ 16
4 5	208	22 6	18 5	20 8	22 6	187	1 20 4	1236	1 16
5 6 7	20 2 20 2 19 6	21 7 21 7 20 9	18 6 18 3 17 9	20 4 20 3 19 7	21 7 21 8 21 1	18 8 18 5 18 2	* 19.6 19.3 15.4	1215 209 200	¹ 15 15
8 9	19 2 19 0	20 9 20 5	17 1 17 0	19 3 19 1	21 0 20 6	173 172	187	20 2	15 15 15 14
0 1	186 187	20 1 20 2	16 8 16 7	16 6 16 9	20 3 20 5	16 9 16 9	17 7 1 17 6	18 8 1 18 6	15 1 15 1 14
2 3	185 183	20 0 20 0	16.5 16.0	18 7 18 5	20 4 20 4	16 6 16 2	1 17 2 17 0	1 18 2 18 0	¹ 14 14
4 5	179	19 6	15 6 15 5	18 1	20 0 19 6	15 7 15 7	168	1 17 7 17 1	14 1 14 14
16 ² 17 3	175	18 7 18 3	15 8 15 7	17 9 17 8 17 6	19 1 18 7	160 160	1 15 7 1 15 4	165 162	14 1 13 1 13 1 12
83 94	172	187	150	17 4 17 2	19 2 19 1	15 2 14 7	152	1161	-
10 ⁴			1	17.2	191	147			

¹ Estimated

NOTE —Data for teachers are expressed in full-time equivalents. Distribution of unclassified teachers by level is estimated. Distribution of elementary and secondary

school teachers by level is determined by reporting units. Kindergarten includes a relatively small number of nursery school teachers and students. Bucause of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Sta-Itstics of Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools, Common Core of Data survey and Projections of Education Statistics. unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared March 1989)



² Data have been revised from previously published figures
³ Preliminary

⁴ Projected

⁻Data not available

Table 57.—Public elementary and secondary teachers, by level and State: Fall 1984 to fall 1988

[In full-time equivalents]

State or other area	Number of teachers,	Number of teachers.	N	lumber of teac	ners, fall 1986	5'	<u> </u>	Number of tea	chers, fall 198	7	Estimate number of
State or other area	fall 1984	fail 1985	Totai	Elementary	Secondary	Unclassi- fied	Total	Elementary	Secondary	Unclassi- fied	teachers fall 1988
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United States	2,168.298	2,206,884	2,244,445	² 1,155,771	² 916,096	² 17 2,578	2 2,278,813	² 1,210,841	2 900,336	2 167,636	2 2,303,7
Alabama	36,647	36,138	36,971	(3)	(°)	(3)	37,716	20,239	17,477	_	4 38,6
Alaska .	6,127	6,814	6,448	2,524	3,924		6,113	3,011	2,990	112	6,3
Arizona.	26,900	27,935	29,104	21,083	8,021	i –	30,707	22,322	8,385		4 31,91
Arkansas California	23,985 178,310	24,767 184,151	24,944 190 484	12,217 115,110	12,204 75,374	523	25,572 195,864	12,148 139,435	12,106	1,318	28,48
Calanda		i				_		139,435	56,195	234	(
Colorado Connecticut	28,824	29,894	30,704	15,694	15,010		31,168	15,506	15,662	-	31,70
Delawara	32,618 5,577	32,903	34.252	12,142	16,729	5,381	35,050	12,374	16,900	5,776	35,80
District of Columbia	5,889	5,745 6,137	5,883	2,837	3,046		5,951	2,907	3,044		6,00
Florida	86,264	58,973	5,984 91,969	3,291 40,356	2,031 36,438	662 15,173	6,23 <i>2</i> 95,857	2,665 41,736	2,585 37,470	1,002 16,651	6,57 99,39
Georgia	56,294	57,374	57,881	31,012	i					·	
Hawai.	7,078	7,276	7,291		19,703	7.166	62,280	33,847	21,407	7,026	60,38
daho	10,147	10,255	10,234	3,978 4,850	3,130 4,532	183	7,684	4,230	3,260	174	4 7,95
Minois	102 013	102,657	104,609	58,327	30,254	852 16,028	10,258 105,217	5,337	4,814	107	10,35
ndiana	51,308	51,976	52,896	24,246	23,554	5,096	53,749	58,844 25,804	30,098 23,699	16,275 4,2 48	102,70 54,0 0
owa	31,882	31,770	30,958	14,634	15,385	939	30,873				
Kansas	26,331	26,686	27,064	13,413	10,785	2,866	27,317	15,917 13,911	14,017	939	4 31,29
Kentucky	32,850	33,506	34,507	22,895	11,612	2,000	35,239	23,350	10,598	2,808	27,65
ousiana.	42,180	42,609	42.929	23,615	12,502	6,812	42,920		11,889	0.700	4 35,51
Maine	13,261	14,226	13,685	7,654	4,428	1,603	14,204	23,615 9,186	12,512 5,018	6,7 9 3	4 43,35 4 15,14
Maryland	38.030	38,433	39.491	19,127	20,364	_	40,093	19,891	20 202		
Massachusetts	56,504	56,845	59 066	18,931	32,343	6,792	59,517	19,673	20,202 32,574	7.070	40,30
Aichiga n	81,185	82,193	83,130	43,037	20,195	19,898	80.081	43,460	20,270	7,270 16,351	(
Annesota	40,108	41,314	0,957	20,089	20,868		42,132	21,803	20,329	10,351	42,54
Анванаррі	25,388	26,102	26,119	14,890	11,329	-	(3)	(9)	(3)	(9)	27,21
Aucacin	47,366	48,170	48,9 2 9.8 8	24,973	23,365	564	49,632	25,242	23,512	876	50,00
fontana	9,597	9,705		6,665	3,153	- 1	9,659	6,564	3,095	_	(2
lebraska	17,656	17.667	17.718	9,485	8,263	-	17,713	9,605	8,108	-	4 17,89
levada lew Hampshire	7,496 10,065	7,751 10,104	7, 508 10,308	4,216 6,206	3,692 4,094	_	8,348 10,363	4,579	3,789	-1	8,06
			1	i	1,004	-	10,363	6,257	4,106	-	10,46
lew Jersey	73,774	74,236	75,558	38,793	28.209	8,556	78,335	39,130	29,433	9,772	79,75
lew Mexico	14,538	14,781	14,876	8,249	4,400	2,227	15,175	8,502	4,386	2,287	15,66
lew York	163,044	165,573	168,940	75,944	68,733	24,263	170,236	78,455	67,372	24,409	172,00
lorth Carolina Iorth Dakota	56,084 7,794	57,638 7,796	58,103 7 779	29,506 5,025	20.512 2,754	8.085	59,771	30,483	21,067	8,221	60,91
				1 5,525	2,/34	-	7.832	4,956	2,674	-	46,81
Ohio Oklahoma	98,061	98,264	98,894	53,135	45,759	_	99,641	54,642	44,999	_	99.020
regon	34,894 24,444	35,752	35,041	15,892	15,324	3,825	34,515	15,950	14,991	3,574	34,400
ennsylvania	101,484	24,605 101,665	24,619 102 993	13,800	10,049	766	24,911	13,929	10,193	769	4 25,14
lhode Island	8,752	8,844	8 16	44,298 3,994	47,861 3,783	10,834	103,307 8,934	44,837 3,974	47,305 3,761	11,165 1,199	102,450 4 9,23 3
iouth Carolina	33,764	34,645	35.349	ļ						.,,,,,	
outh Dakota	8,579	8,340	6,031	22,905 4,693	12,444	_	35,701	23,138	12,563		35,40
ennesser	39.636	40,023	41,103	25,599	3,281	57	8,172	4,780	3,339	53	48,250
exaa	172,865	181,051	186,385	95,480	15,504 86,808	4.097	42,082	26,462	15 620		44,000
Itah	16 169	17,126	17,752	9,008	6,410	2,334	187,159 17,124	96,826 9,251	86,211 5,916	4,122 1,957	189,974 17,892
fermont.	6,327	6,397	(3)	(3)	(9)		6 000	1			·
irgenia	57,498	57,339	58,141	32.538	25,097	(³) 506	6,938 59,928	2,876	3,244	818	7,110
Vashington	35,796	36,202	37,065	17,793	15,719	3,553	36,344	33,919 18,677	25,525	484	60.615
Vest Virginia	22,732	22,733	22,931	10,839	8,460	3.632	22,702	10,956	16,005 7,985	3,662 3,761	38,625
/isconsin , /yoming	47,082	46,482	47.039	23,948	17,277	5,814	47,721	28,344	16,854	2,523	22,000 47,900
. •	7,191	7,296	7,201	4,270	2,124	807	6,798	2,427	3,491	880	6,481
Outlying areas			ļ					T			
merican Samoa iuam	_	1,329	1,430	401 726	185 677	37	656	444	179	33	_
orthern Mananss	310	-,020	.,450	- 120	6''	27	1,407 305	705 202	675 103	27	-
uerto Rico	32,520	32,683	32.361	17 494	13.035	1.832	33,069	17,814	13,314	1,941	_
irgin Islands	1,665	1,631	1,606	788	680	138	1,590	788	.0,017	1,5791	_

NOTE -- Distribution of elementary and secondary teachers determined by reporting

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data surveys. (This table was prepared February 1989.)



¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures ² U.S. total includes imputation for nonreporting State or States

³ Data not reported ⁴ Actual fall 1988 data

⁻ Data not available, not reported, or not applicable

Table 58.—Teachers, enrollment, and pupil-teacher ratios in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: Fall 1985 to fall 1987

		Fall 1985			Fall 1986 1			Fail 1987	
State or other area	Teachers	Enro!Iment	Pupil- teacher ratio	Toachers	Enrollment	Pupil teach: : ratio	Teachers	Enrollment	Pupil- teacher ratio
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	2,206,884	39,508,625	17.9	2 2,244,445	39,837,459	² 17.7	² 2,278,813	40,024,244	2 17
labame	36,138	730,460	20,2	36,971	733,735	19.8	37,716 (729,234	19
laska	6,814	107,345	15.8	6,448	107,973	167	6,113	105,678	17
rizona	27,935	546,252	19.6	29,104	534,538	18.4	30,707	572,421	18
	24,767	433,410	17.5	24,944	437,436	17.5	25,572	437,036	1.
rkansas	184,151	4,255,554	23.1	190,484	4,377,969	23 0	195,864	4,489,322	2:
olorado	29,894	550,842	18.4	30,704	558,415	18.2	31,168	560,236	1
onnecticut	32,903	462,026	14.0	34,252	468,847	13 7	35,050	465,465	1
elaware	5,745	92,901	162	5,883	94,410	160	5,951	95,659	1
istrict of Columbia	6,137	87,092	14.2	5,984	85,612	14.3	6,232	86,435	1
o.ida	88,973	1,562,283	17.6	91,969	1,607,320	17.5	95,857	1,664,774	1
eorgia	57,374	1,079,594	18.8	57,881	1,096,425	18.9	62,280	1,110,947	1
ewaii	7,276	164,169	22.6	7,291	164,640	22.6	7,684	166,160	2
laho	10,255	208,669	20 3	10,234	208,391	20 4	10,258	212,444	2
inois	102,657	1,829,478	17.8	104,609	1,825,185	17.4	105,217	1,811,446	1
ndiana	51,976	966,106	18 6	52,896	966,780	183	53,749	964,129	1
wa	31,770	485,332	15 3	30,958	481,286	15.5	30,873	480,826	1
enses	26,686	410,229	15.4	27,064	416,091	154	27,317	421,112	1
entucky	33,506	643,833	19.2	34,507	642,778	186	35,239	642,696	1
ouisiana	42,609	788,349	18 5	42,929	735,188	185	42,920	793,093	1
faine	14,226	206,101	14 5	13,685	211,752	15 5	14,204	211,817	1
laryland	38,433	671,560	17.5	39,491	675,747	17 1	40,093	683,797	1
lassachusetts	56,845	844,330	14 9	58,066	333,918	14.4	59,517	825,320	1
lichigan	82,193	1,689,828	20 6	83,130	1,681,880	20 2	80,081	1,606,344	2
linnesota	41,314	705,140	17.1	40,957	711,134	17 4	42,132	721,481	1
Aississippi	26,102	471,195	18.1	26,219	498,639	19.0	· -	505,550	
lissouri	48,170	795,107	165	48,902	800,606	16 4	49,632	802,060	1
fontana	9,705	153,869	15 9	9,818	153,327	156	9,659	152,207	1
lebreska	17,687	265,819	15.0	17,748	267,139	15 1	17,713	268,100	1
levada	7,751	154,948	20.0	7,908	161,239	20.4	8,348	168,353	2
lew Hampshire	10,104	160,974	15 9	10,300	163,717	15 9	10,363	166,045	1
lew Jersey	74,236	1,116,194	15 0	75,558	1,107,467	14.7	78,335	1,092,982	1
lew Mexico	14,781	277,551	18 8	14,876	281,943	190	15,175	287,229	1
lew York,	165,573	2 621,378	158	168,940	2,607,719	15 4	170,236	2,594,070	1
iorth Carolina	57,638	1.086,165	18.8	58,103	1,085,248	18 7	59,771	1,085,976	1
iorth Dakota	7,796	118,570	15 2	7,779	118,703	15 3	7,632	119,004	1
Xhio	98,264	1,793,965	18 3	98,894	1,793,508	18 1	99,641	1,793,411	
klahoma	35,752	592,327	16.6	35,041	593,183	16 9	34,515	584,212	•
>regon	24,605	447,527	18 2	24,615	449,307	183	24,911	455,895	•
ennsylvania	101,665	1,683,221	166	102,993	1,674,161	163	103,307	1,668,542	1
Rhode Island	8,844	133,442	15 1	8,916	134,126	15 0	8,934	134,061	1
iouth Carolina	34,645	606,643	17 5	35,349	611,629	173	35,701	614,921	•
outh Dakota	8,340	124,291	14 9	3,031	125,458	15 6	8,172	126,817	
ennessee	40,023	813,753	20 3	41,103	818,073	199	42,082	823,783	•
'exas	181,051 17,126	3,131,705 403,395	17.3 23 6	136,385 17,752	3,209,515 415,994	17 2 23 4	187,159 17,124	3,236,787 423,386	
				, 52					
/e.mont	6,397	90,157	14 1	58,141	92,112 975,135	168	6,938 59,928	92,755 979,417	
/irginia	57,339	968,104	169			20 5	38,344	775,755	
Vashington	36,202	749,706	20 7	37,065	761,428	153	22,702	344,236	
Vest Virginia	22,733	357,923	157		351,637 767,819	163	47,721	772,363	
Visconsin	46,482 7,296	768,234 102,779	16 C 14 1	47,039 7,201	100,955	14 0	6,798	98,455	
Outlying areas		_		623	11,055	17 7	656	11,248	
	1,329	26,043	196	1,430	25,676	180	1,407	25,936	
Suam	1,529	20,043		1,750			305	5,819	
	32,683	686,914	21 0	32,361	679,489	21 0	33,069	672,837	
Puerto Rico		25,448	156		24,435	15.2	1,590	24,020	
Virgin Islands	1,631	- FU,440	130	1,000	27,700	192	1,000	,,,,,	1

¹ Some data have been revised from previously published figures

²U.S. total includes imputation for nonreporting State



SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data surveys. (This table was prepared January 1989.)



Villingness to teach again (percent) Certainly would 49 9 52 7 44 9 37 5 21 8 Probably would 26 9 25 4 29 5 26 1 24 6	item	1961	1966	1971	1976	1981	1986
Sex (percent) Men	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Median age (years) All teachers Median age (years) All teachers Median age (years) All teachers A	Number of teachers, in thousands	1,408	1,710	2,055	2,196	2,184	2,20
Worden age (years)	Sex (percent)						
Medan age (years) All teachers	Men	31 3	31 1	34 3	32.9	33.1	31
All teachers Men	Women .	68 7	69 0				68
Men	Median age (years)				ľ		
Mean Mean	All teachers .	41	36	35	33	37	4
Accele (percent) White	. 1177			33	33	38	4
White		70	40	37	33	36	4
Black							
Artal status (percent) Single Marred Marred Moved, divorced, or separated 97 90 86 80 691 719 713 730 Widowed, divorced, or separated 97 90 86 86 86 85 85 85 86 86 85 85 86 86 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86		-1	- [89
Amtal status (percent) Single 223 220 195 201 185		-	-			- 1	6
Single	Outer	-	-	36	12	07	3
Married 68 0 69 1 71 9 71 3 73 0 Widowed, divorced, or separated 97 9.0 8.6 8 5 8.5 lighest degree held (percent) Less than bachelor's 14 6 70 2 9 0.9 0.4 Bachelor's 61 9 69 6 69 6 61 6 50 1 49 3 Doctor's 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.3 ollege credits earned in last 3 years Percent who earned credits — — 80 7 63 2 56 1 Mean number of credits earned in last 3 years — — 80 7 63 2 56 1 Percent who earned credits — — — 80 7 63 2 56 1 Mean number of credits earned in last 3 years — — 80 7 63 2 56 1 Jed edual years of teaching expenence 11 8 8 8 8 12 Jeaching for first year (percent) 80 9 1 9 1 9 1 5 5 2.4							
Married 68 0 69 1 71 9 71 3 73 0 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 8.5 86 86 8.5 86 <					20 1	18 5	12
ghest degree held (percent) Less than bachelor's Bachelor's Bachelor's Master's or specialist degree 23 1 23 2 27.1 37.1 49.3 Doctor's			69 1	71 9	71 3	73 0	75
Less than bachelor's 146 70 696 696 616 501	Widowed, divorced, or separated	97	9.0	8.6	86	8.5	11
Bachelor's Separative Sep						1	
Master's or specialist degree 23 1 23 2 27.1 37 1 49 3 Doctor's			70	29	09	04	0
Doctor's Doctor's		61 9	69 6	69 6	61 6		48
Dictor's		23 1	23 2	27.1	37 1		50.
Percent who earned credits	Doctor's	04	01	0 4	04		0
Mean number of credits earned							
Mean number of credits earned		-!		80 7	63.2	56.1	53.
Per age number of pupils per class Elementary teachers, not departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers, departmentalized Elementary teachers 28 26 27 25 23 Mean number of students taught per day by secondary teachers 138 132 134 126 118 Perage number of hours in required school day erage number of hours per week spent on all teaching duties All teachers 47 47 47 47 46 46 48 Elementary teachers 48 49 47 46 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	Mean number of credits earned 1	-	-	14	_		56.
Perage number of pupils per class Elementary teachers, not departmentalized 29 28 27 25 25 22 25 25 25 23 22 25 25	edian years of teaching expenence	11	8	8	8	12	15
Elementary teachers, not departmentalized	eaching for first year (percent)	80	9 1	9 1	5 5	2.4	3
Elementary teachers, departmentalized 28 26 27 25 23 22 23 22 25 23 22 25 23 23	verage number of pupils per class						
Secondary teachers, departmentalized		29	28	27	25	25	2
Secondary teachers	Elementary teachers, departmentalized .	- i	-1	25		- 1	
Mean number of students taught per day by secondary teachers	Secondary teachers	28	26				2:
rerage number of hours in required school day rerage number of hours per week spent on all teaching duties All teachers	Mean number of students taught per day			_			٠.
rerage number of hours per week spent on all teaching duties All teachers	by secondary teachers	138	132	134	126	118	9-
rerage number of hours per week spent on all teaching duties All teachers	erage number of hours in required school day	7.4	73	7.2	7.0		_
All teachers	verage number of hours per week spent on all		, •	, ,	/3	7.3	7:
Elementary teachers 49 47 46 44 44 48 Secondary teachers 46 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48		47	47	47	40		
Secondary teachers							4!
In school year	Connedon, Associates						47 51
In school year	erage number of days of classroom teaching						•
erage number of nonteaching days in school year — 5 4 5 6 erage annual salary as classroom teacher 2 \$5,264 \$6,253 \$9,261 \$12,005 \$17,209 tal income, including spouse's (if married) — \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 llingness to teach again (percent) Certainly would 49 9 52 44 9 37 5 21 8 Probably would 49 9 25 4 29 5 26 1 24 6	ın school year .	_	181	181	180	180	180
erage annual salary as classroom teacher tall income, including spouse's (if married) — \$15,264 \$6,253 \$9,261 \$12,005 \$17,209 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$29,831 \$15,021 \$19,957 \$15,021	erage number of nonteaching days in					150	100
tal income, including spouse's (if married) — \$15.021 \$19.957 \$29,831 llingness to teach again (percent) Certainly would 49 9 52 44 9 37 5 21 8 Probably would 26 9 25 4 29 5 26 1 24 6	school year	-	5	4	5	6	
Ilingness to teach again (percent) Certainly would	erage annual salary as classroom teacher tal income, including spouse's (if married)	² \$5,264 —	\$6,253 —				\$24,504 \$43,413
Probably would 26 9 25 4 29 5 26 1 24 6	ilingness to teach again (percent)					,	- ·-,···
Probably would 26 9 25 4 29 5 26 1 24 6		499	52 ′	44 9	37.5	21.8	22 7
Change should over	Probably would						26 3
Charices about even 125 129 130 175 176	Chances about even	125	129	13 0			
Probably would not 79 71 89 134 240							198
Certainly would not 28 20 37 56 120	Certainly would not						22 0 9 3

Table 59.—Selected characteristics of public school teachers: Spring 1961 to spring 1986

NOTE -Data are based upon sample surveys of public school teachers. Because of

rounding, percents may not add to 100 0

SOURCE National Education Association, Status of the American Public School Teacher, 1985-86 (Copyright © 1987 by the National Education Association All rights reserved) (This table was prepared July 1987)



¹ Measured in semester hours

² includes extra pay for extra duties

⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 60.—Public secondary school teachers, by subject taught: Spring 1966 to spring 1986

[Percentage distribution]

Teaching field in which largest portion of time was spent	1966	1971	1976	1981	1986
1	2	3	4	5	6
Total secondary school teachers, in thousands	746	927	1,016	995	970
All fields	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Agriculture	1 6 2 0 7 0 18.1 6 4	06 37 59 20.4 48	06 24 46 199 42	1 1 3 1 6.2 23 8 2 8	0.6 1.5 6.5 21.8 3 7
Health and physical education	6 9 5.9 5.1 13.9 4 7	83 51 62 144 38	7 9 2.8 3 9 18 2 3 0	65 36 5.2 153 37	5 6 2 6 2 2 19.2 4.8
Science	10.8 15.3 0.4 1.9	10 6 14.0 1 1 1.0	13 1 12 4 3 0 4.0	12.1 11.2 2.1 3.3	11.0 13.6 3.5 3.4

NOTE —Data are based upon sample surveys of public school teachers. Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100.0

SOURCE National Education Association. Status of the American Public School Teacher, 1985-86 (Copyright © 1987 by the National Education Association All rights reserved) (This table was prepared July 1987)

Table 61.—Teacher candidates' reasons for majoring in education and their perceptions of readiness to teach: Spring 1986

Students' reasons for becoming teachers	Percent citing reason	Facet of teaching	Percent perceiving readiness
1	2	3	4
Helping children grow and learn	90 63 54 53 52 44 41 20 20	Use proper teaching methods	83 82 80 80 75 75 74 72 68 56 68

SOURCE American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education. *Teaching Teachers. Facts and Figures, 1987* (This table was prepared October 1988)



Table 62.—Selected characteristics of public school teachers' current teaching assignments,1 by State: 1987

	A	<u> </u>				Percent o	teachers				
State	Average number of students	Number o	of students p	er typical	Feelings at	oout most t	ypical class	Average wee	number of h	ours per	Teaching subjects
	per class	19 or less	20 to 29	30 or more	Too large	About right	Too small	Less than 40	40 to 59	60 or more	unquali- fied to teach
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United States	23	20	64	16	36	62	1	11	78	11	20
Vlabama	26	10	61	28	38	61	1	10	83	7	20
Alaska	21 25	33 15	60 65	7	25	74	2	6	80	15	29
vrkansas	22	24	68	21 7	43 29	56	2	7	82	11	25
California	20	7	38	55	66	71 33	1 2	8	82 75	11 16	20 28
olorado	23	21	69	11	31	67					
onnecticut	20	40	60	· c	26	74	2	9	78	13	23
elaware	23	20	72	ğ	37	63	0	21 10	72	7	15
londa	26	12	58	31	49	50	1	10	78 82	11 8	13 16
eorgia	25	11	74	16	37	63	1	6	80	14	24
awai	26	12	61	28	55	44	1	14	72	14 14	24 29
aho	24	15	67	18	38	59	2	6	81	12	29 22
nois	23	24	59	16	31	67	2	10	76	14	18
diana	23	21	69	8	35	65	0	9	78	13	19
va	21	36	58	7	20	79	1	7	78	15	18
Insas	20	42	53	5	20	77	3	9	78	12	16
ntuckyuisiana	24 24	14	72	15	37	62	1	15	77	8	25
sine	20	16 29	71 71	13	34 28	64 70	1 3	17	72 80	10 12	20 17
ryland	25	11	66	23							17
ssachusetts	21	28	67	4	41 27	59	1	7	79	15	20
chigan	25	11	66	22	47	71 52	2	20	73	7	18
nnesota	25	13	69	18	44	55	1 1	14	79 81	7	22
ssissippi	24	12	71	17	32	66	2	10	81	11 9	25 17
ssoun	22	24	66	19	32	67	1	10	78	11	15
ontana	20	36	61	3	24	72	4	6	84	10	14
braska	20	40	53	6	21	74	r.	7	78	15	18
wada	26	13	61	27	48	50	2	13	75	11	20
w manipshire	21	32	65	3	26	73	1	8	80	11	12
w Jersey	20 23	35	60	4	25	74	1	23	72	6	20
w Mexico	23	19 23	72 69	9	32	66	2	12	76	12	21
rth Carolina	25	7	83	8 10	31 47	67	2	19	72	9	14
rth Dakota	19	45	51	4	10	53 74	1 7	5 9	82 78	13 13	20 18
o	24	18	76	6	34	65	1	12	78		
ahoma	21	34	59	6	25	72	3	10	78 77	10 13	20
gon	23	19	75	6	33	65	2	6	78	16	21 20
nnsylvania	23	18	73	9	38	62	ō	14	81	5	15
ode Island	22	20	78	2	33	66	0	28	70	2	16
uth Carolina	23	20	73	6	29	70	2	11	80	9	17
uth Dakota	15 25	42	55	3	20	77	3	8	77	15	21
(88	22	12 28	65 61	23	53	45	1	9	80	11	19
h	28	6	49	11 45	24 58	74 41	1	6 10	79 79	16 11	19 30
mont	19	44	54	1						İ	
jinia	22	21	71	8	23 33	76 67	1	10	80	10	19
shington	25	13	68	19	44	54	2	6	80 83	11	22
st Virginia	21	26	71	4	20	78	2	12	75	10	30 23
iconsin	22	21	74	5	29	69	2	9	82	9	23 17
oming	20	41	56	2	20	76	4	6	81	12	17

SOURCE The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching. *The Condition of Teaching A State-by-State Analysis*, 1988 (This table was prepared January 1989)

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



¹ As reported by the teachers ² includes time spent inside and outside of school

Table 63.—Percentage of teachers involved in making selected decisions, by State: 1987

State	Choosing textbooks	Shaping the curnculum	Tracking students into special classes	Setting promotion and retention policies	Deciding school budgets	Evaluating teacher performance	Selecting new teachers	Selecting new adminis- trators
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	79	63	45	34	20	19	7	7
Alabama	71 79	51 68	47	38 45	19 24	8	4 8	3 7
Alaska	79 78	61	55 47	43	18	13 17	12	9
Arizona	38	51	44	39	9	12	4	3
California	74	62	40	41	35	8	17	11
Colorado	83	70	55	38	36	14	20	11
Connecticut	73	68	47	33	22	13	7	10
Delaware	84	71	40 —	30 —	21	8	5	12
District of Columbia	64	42	39	21	20	6	5	3
Georgia	74	54	52	35	19	20	3	4
Hawaii	91	69	53	37	57	14	9	2
Idaho	83	67	48	34	17	7	13	8
Illinois	86	62	45	39	12	11	4	5
Indiana	90	71	45	35	13	7	5	5
lowa	90	75	48	37	15	7	6	10
Kansas	90	76	46	37	13	10	5	4
Kentucky	85 63	64 4 0	53 36	45 27	16 10	13	3	6
Lcuisiana	89	82	60	47	29	14	16	14
Maryland	61	44	44	24	18	8	4	4
Massachusetts	76	71	46	29	29	11	8	13
Michigan	87	66	42	41	15	7	7	8
Minnesota	88 81	79 59	63 50	45 36	20 11	14 17	17 4	12 5
· ·	85	69	42	35	18	8	5	5
Missoun	90	78	55	44	17		7	5
Nebraska	87	75	54	32	19	9	5	6
Nevada	73	46	38	25	27	6	5	1
New Hampshire	79	76	56	42	32	11	20	19
New Jarsey	73	66	40	33	11	6	2	5
New Mexico	88	67	43	34	15	8	4	4
New York	78 76	62 53	44 43	36 36	18 28	7	9	11
North Dakota	92	71	48	43	8	7	4	4
Oho	84	70	40	29	14	11	5	5
Oklahoma	92	62	46	37	10	8	3	3
Oregon	87	72	56	41	29	10	20	13
Pennsylvania	84 68	74 70	38 40	33 31	14 17	7 6	5 5	9
							-	
South Carolina	87 90	61 76	46 55	30 49	23 10	16	8	3 8
South Dakota	71	55	45	38	16	13	3	4
Texaa	78	62	42	24	20	8	4	3
Utah	76	63	46	26	23	20	10	4
Vermont	93	85	56	50	39	16	17	20
Virginia	82	61	41	30	16	14	4	3
Washington		68	53	36	25	7	18	12
West Virginia	67 87	43 77	39 51	27 34	12 29	11 9	4 7	8
Wisconsin	89	81	57	39	34	8	16	14
	50	"	1			۱ ۱	.0	''

-- Data not available

SOURCE The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, *Teacher Involvement in Decisionmaking A State-by-State Profile, September 1988* (This table was prepared October 1988)



Table 64.—Percent of teachers reporting various problems in their school, by State: 1987

State	Disruptive classroom behavior	Student absentee- ism	Student apathy	Lack of parental support	Violence against students	Violence against teachers	Alcohol	Drugs other than alcohol	Abused/ neglected students	Poor health among students
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	87	83	88	90	44	24	49	54	89	69
Alabama	92	84	87	89	40	22	44	52	83	65
Alaska	87 87	80	84	90	34	17	53	60	92	74
Arkansas	90	89 88	90 91	91 92	45	22	38	51	90	7€
California	90	89	87	90	46 49	24 26	53 42	59 48	90 90	74 74
Colorado	88	86	89	90	48	22	51	56	90	74
Connecticut	84	75	83	85	42	23	44	48	86	59
Delaware	92	86	90	95	54	28	50	54	91	76
Florida	92	89	92	94	 58	38	 45	 57	 88	73
Georgia	91	84	91	90	48	28	39			
Hawaii	93	91	93	95	76	44	45	45 53	89 89	71 7 4
Idairo	88	87	91	92	42	21	55	56	92	74 72
Illinois	79	74	85	89	34	18	39	42	84	62
Indiana	89	84	89	91	41	19	51	59	89	71
lowa	80	78	86	87	35	16	63	63	88	61
Kansas Kentucky	81	78	87	86	33	18	52	53	88	67
Louisiana	88 85	86 82	89	89	38	23	35	45	90	74
Maine	85	79	89	88 88	43 32	29 13	36 45	45 48	83 96	67 75
Maryland	90	78	86	89	50	27	43	49	85	
Massachusetts	84	82	85	85	48	28	5€	62	86	64 63
Michigan	87	80	89	89	50	24	45	50	91	72
Minnesota	86 81	80 80	88 82	89 89	39 37	19 22	61 41	59 50	94 77	68 32
Missouri	90	87	89	92	45	24	56	58		
Montana	78	77	86	88	32	19	58	55	90 88	76 64
Nebraska	83	75	88	88	36	18	62	55	88	63
Nevada	88 87	85 76	92 82	92 88	50 38	30 16	51 49	54 50	92 92	71
New Jersey	87	71	83	85	41	1	1			69
New Mexico	83	89	90	89	43	21 23	42 58	45 65	81	54
New York	91	82	90	90	46	26	59	64	90 91	71 56
North C: olina	91	87	92	94	48	32	45	50	89	76
North Dakota	81	65	81	85	22	11	57	52	83	53
Ohio	87	80	90	90	46	24	55	58	92	71
Oklahoma	85	84	90	90	37	23	56	63	91	70
леgon Pennsylvania	86 84	83 83	86	90	42	15	48	54	93	77
ihode island	91	83	89 85	89 89	45 53	25 22	57 47	60 54	89 88	68 67
outh Carolina	87	76	85	93	46	27	39	45		
outh Dakota	74	68	82	84	28	16	55	49	86 88	72 64
ennessee	88	88	90	91	41	26	39	47	91	76
lah	81 87	85 82	89 86	92 88	41 44	24 18	51 43	61 48	89 86	71 34
/ermont	86	77	83	88	36	14	ľ			
irginia	91	82	88	91	43	25	54 41	58 46	95 88	77 70
/ashington	88	87	91	91	44	19	56	62	95	70 79
/est Virginia	87	86	88	91	39	21	41	45	89	7 9 76
/isconsin	84 79	76	86	91	39	24	57	55	93	66
гуотнад	/9	76	83	87	25	10	40	41	89	66

-Data not available

SOURCE The Carnegie Foundstion for the Advancement of Teaching. *The Condition of Teaching A State-by-State Analysis, 1988* (This table was prepared January 1989)



Table 65.—Job satisfaction of public school teachers: 1984 to 1988

	į	Perce	ent of teac	hers	
Item	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
1	2	3	4	5	6
Satisfaction with job as a teacher in public schools Very satisfied	40 41 16 2		33 48 15 4	40 45 12 2	50 37 11 2
Seriously considered leaving teaching to go into some other occupation	-	51	55	52	_
Likely to leave the teaching profession to go into some other occupation within the nex* 5 years .	_	27	27	22	26

-Data not available

SOURCE Metropolitan Life/Louis Harns Associates, Inc., The American Teacher, 1988, copyrighted (This table was prepared January 1989)

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

Table 36.—Estimated average annual salary of teachers in public elementary and secondary schools: 1959-60 to 1987-88

		Current dollars		Con	stant 1987-88 dollar	s¹
School year	All teachers	Elementary teachers	Secondary teachers	All teachers	Elementary teachers	Secondary teachers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1959–60	\$4,995	\$4,815	\$5,276	\$19,693	\$18,983	\$20,801
1961-62	5,515	5,340	5,775	21,255	20,580	22,257
1963-64	5,995	5,805	6,266	22,517	21,803	23,535
1965–66	6,485	6,279	6,761	23,544	22,796	24,546
1967-68	7,423	7,208	7,692	25,285	24,553	26,201
1969–70	8,626	8,412	8,891	26,453	25,797	27,265
1970-71	9,268	9,021	9,568	27,026	26,306	27,901
1971-72	9,705	9,424	10,031	27,321	26,530	28,238
1972-73	10,174	9,893	10,507	27,532	26,771	28,433
1973-74	10,770	10,507	11,077	26,759	26,105	27,521
1974-75	11,641	11,334	12,000	26,037	25,351	26,840
1975-76	12,600	12,280	12,937	26,319	25,651	27,023
1976-77	13,354	12,989	13,776	26,357	25,637	27,190
1977-78	14,198	13,845	14,602	26,260	25,607	27,007
1978-79	15,032	14,681	15,450	25,421	24,827	26,128
1979-80	15,970	15,569	16,459	23,830	23,232	24,560
1980-81	17,644	17,230	18,142	23,595	23,041	24,261
1981-82	19,274	18.853	19,805	23,725	23,207	24,379
1982-83	20,695	20,227	21,291	24,425	23,873	25,129
1983-84	21,921	21,460	22,557	24,949	24,424	25,673
1984-85	23,593	23,182	24,193	25,840	25,390	26,498
1985–86	25,198	24,666	25,866	26,825	26,258	27,536
1986-87	26.556	25,978	27,262	27,656	27,054	28,392
1987-88	28,044	27,423	28,895	28,044	27,423	28,895

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Based on the Consumer Pnce Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

NOTE -Data for some recent years have been revised since originally published

SOURCE National Education Association, Estimates of School Statistics, and unpublished data (Latest edition 1987-88 Copyright © 1988 by the National Education Association) ciation. All rights reserved.) (This table was prepared December 1988.)



Table 67.—Estimated average annual salary of teachers in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1969-70 to 1987-88

State			Curre	nt dollars				Constar	nt 1987-88	dollars 1		Percent change 1979-80 (
	1969–7∂	1979-80	1983-84	1985–86	1986-87 2	1987-88	1 969-7 0	1979-80	1983-84	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88 in constai dollars
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
United States	\$8,626	\$15,970	\$21,921	\$25,198	\$26,556	\$28,044	\$26,453	\$23,830	\$24,949	\$26,825	\$27,856	
Alabama	8,818	13,060	17,682	23,090	23,200	23,320	20,908	19,488	20,124	24,581	24,161	
Alaska	10,560	27,210	37,807	39,115	39,769	40,424	32,384	40,602	43,029	41,640	41,417	11
Arizona	8,711	15,054	21,642	24,680	25,972	27,388	26,713	22,463	24,631	26,273	27,G48	-(
Arkensas	8,307	12,299	18,929	19,519	19,904	20,340	19,341	18,352	19,267	20,779	20,729	18
Celifornia	10,315	18,020	24,843	29,130	31,219	33,159	31,632	26,889	28,274	31,011	32,513	16
Colorado	7,781	18,205	23,278	25,892	27,387	28,651	23.800	24,181	26,491	27,564	20 500	4.
Connecticut	9,262	18,229	22,627	26,810	28,902	33,487	28,403	24,217		•	28,522	15
Delaware	9.015	18,148	20,934	24,824	27,487	29,575	27,646	24,096	25,752	28,328	30,100	27
District of Columbia	10,285	22,190	28,167	33,211	33,797	34,705		, ,	23,826	26,214	28,605	18
lorida	8,412	14,149	19,4 7	22,250	23 833	25,198	31,540 25,797	33,111 21,113	32,627 22,190	05,355 23,586	35,197 24,821	18
Seorgia	7,278	40.050	10.000				1		22,100	20,	24,021	''(
lawaii	9,453	13,853	18,630	23,046	24,200	26,177	22,313	20,871	21,203	24,534	25,203	2.
daho	6,890	19,920	24,357	25,845	26,815	28,785	28,989	29,724	27,721	27,513	27,926	_<
linois		13,811	17,985	20,969	21,480	22,242	21,129	20,310	20,469	22,323	22,370	į.
ndiana	9,569	17,601	24,191	26,897	28,238	29,663	29,345	26,264	27,532	28,633	29,408	1.
**************************************	8,833	15,599	21,538	24,325	25,581	27,386	27,088	23,278	24,513	25,895	26,841	15
wa	8,355	15,203	20,149	21,890	22,815	24,867	25.622	22,686	22,932	23,090	23,552	
ansas	7,812	13,890	19,411	22,644	23,459	24,647	23,343	20,428	22,092	24,106	24,431	17
entucky	8,953	14,520	19,660	20,948	22,478	24,274	21,322	21,666	22,376	22,300	23,407	10
ouisiana	7,028	13,760	18,400	20,303	21,196	21,209	21,552	20,532	20,942	21,614		
laine	7,572	13,071	17,328	19,583	21,257	23,425	23,221	19,504	19,721	20,847	22,074 22,138	18
faryland	9.383	17,558	23,870	26,800	28,893	20,000	00.774				}	.``
lassachusetts	8,764	17,253	22,958	26,800	28,410	30,933	28,774	26,200	27,187	28,530	30,090	15
lichigan	9.826	19,663	27,104	30,067		30,019	26,878	25,744	26,129	28,530	29,587	14
linnesota	8,658	15,912	24,350		31,500	32,926	30,133	29,341	30,848	32,008	32,805	10
lississippi	5,798	11,850	15,812	27,360 18,472	28,340 19,447	29,900 20,669	26,551 17,780	23,743 17,682	27,713 17,996	29,126	29,514	20
ľ	7 700				1	.	,,,,,	17,002	17,000	19,665	20,253	14
lissourilontana	7,799 7,606	13,682 14,537	19,269	21,945	23,435	24,703	23,917	20,416	21,931	23,362	24,406	17
ebraska		, ,	20,890	22,482	23,206	23,798	23,325	21,892	23,548	23,933	24,168	8
	7,375	13,518	18,785	20,939	21,834	23,246	22,818	20,168	21,380	22,291	22,739	13
evada	9,215	16,295	22,360	25,610	26,960	27,600	28,259	24,315	25,449	27,263	28,077	11
ew Hampshire	7,771	13,017	17,376	20,263	21,869	24,091	23,831	19,424	19,776	21,571	22,775	19
ew Jersey	9,130	17,161	23,264	27,170	28,718	30,720	27,998	25,607	26,477	28,924	29,908	18
ew Mexico	7,796	14,887	20,571	21,817	23,850	24,351	23,907	22,214	23,412	23,225	24,838	8
ew York	10,338	19,812	27,319	30,490	32,000	34,500	31.697	29,563	31,092	32,458	33,326	
orth Carolina	7,494	14,117	18,311	22,340	23,879	24,900	22,981	21,065	20,840	23,782	24,868	14
orth Dakote	8,896	13,263	19,260	20,816	21,284	21,660	20,534	19,791	21,920	22,160	22,166	15 8
hio	8,300	15,289	21,290	24,518	26,288	27,606	25.453	22 704	04.004			
klahoma	6,882	13,107	18,630	21,419	21,468		,,	22,784	24,231	26,101	27,377	17
regon	8,818	18,266	23,155	25,660	26,690	22,006	21,105	19,558	21,203	22,802	22,358	11
nnsylvania	8,858	18,515	22,703	25,853	27,422	28,060	27,042	24,272	26,353	27,317	27,796	13
node (sland	8,776	18,002	25,337	29,470	31,079	29,174 32,858	27,164 28,913	24,643 26,862	25,839 26,837	27,522 31,373	28,558 32,367	15
outh Carolina	6 007	40.000							20,507	31,373	32,307	18
with Dakota	6,927	13,063	17,384	21,595	23,201	24,241	21,243	19,492	19,785	22,989	24,182	19
Mnessee	8,403	12,348	18,480	18,095	18,781	19,750	19,838	18,425	18,756	19,263	19,559	8
	7,050	13,972	17,910	21,384	22,627	23,785	21,820	20,849	20,384	22,765	23,565	12
xas	7,255 7,644	14,132 14,909	20,170 20,007	24,483 22,603	24,903	25,655	22,248	21,087	22,956	26,042	25,935	17
	·	17,508	20,007	22,003	23,035	22,621	23,441	22,247	22,771	24,062	23,989	1
rmont	7,968	12,484	17,606	20,796	21,835	23,397	24,435	18,628	20,038	22,139	22,740	20
ginia	8,070	14,060	19,876	23,095	25,039	27,436	24,748	20,980	22,394	24,586	26,077	23
ashington	9,225	18,820	24,385	26,209	27,285	28,116	28,290	28,083	27,730	27,901	28,416	0
est Virginia	7,850	13,710	17,489	20,627	21,448	21,736	23,460	20,458	19,905	21,959	22,335	5.
sconsin	8,963	16,006	22,811	26,347	27,815	28,998	27,488	23,884	25,962	28,048	28,968	5. 17.
Annina I	8,232	16,012	25,197	27,224	28,103	27,260		,	,	20.070	20.500 I	17.

¹ Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor Price index does not account for different rates of change in the cost of living among States.

SOURCE National Education Association, Estimates of School Statistics, and unpublished data (Latest edition 1987-88 Copyright © 1988 by the National Education Association All rights reserved) (This table was prepared December 1988)



^a Data revised from previously published figures

Table 68.—Minimum and average teacher salaries, by State: 1986-87 and 1987-88

	Minimum		Minimum		Minimum (beginning)	Percent 1986–87 (change, to 1987-88
State	(beginning) salary 1986–87	Average salary 1986–87	(beginning) salary 1987–88	Average salary 1987-88	salary as a percent of average salary, 1987-88	Minimum salary	Average salar
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States	\$17,604	\$26,615	\$18,557	\$28,085	66.1	5.4	5.9
Alabama	118,200	23,500	1 18,200	² 23,201	78 4	(3)	-1.3
Alaska	1 26,000	42,063	26,880	40,510	66 4	34	-3.7
Arizona	¹ 18,000	25,972	¹ 19,300	27,388	70.5	7.2	5.5
Arkansas	15,891	19,904	15,996	20,340	78 6	07	2.3
California	20,780	31,276	² 21,900	² 33,200	66.0	5 4	6.2
Colorado	16,090	27,387	16,813	28,651	58 7	4.5	4.6
Connecticut	19,369	29,170	20,703	33,776	613	6.9	15.0
Delaware	17,758	27,467	¹ 19,100	29,573	64 6	76	7.3
District of Columbia	18,879	33,797	19,116	34,705	55 1	13	2.7
Florida	18,173	23,833	1 19,500	25,198	77 4	7.3	5
Georgia	¹ 18,600	24,632	1 19,400	25,736	75 4	4.3	4.5
Hawas	17,607	26,093	18,698	28,445	65.7	6.2	9 (
Idaho	14,246	21,476	14,793	22,242	66 5	38	3.6
Illinois	16,972	28,212	² 17,804	² 29,716	59 9	4.9	5.3
Indiana	16,254	25,616	¹ 17,300	2 27,067	63 9	6.4	5.7
lowa	15,428	22,615	18,721	24,867	75 3	21.3	10.0
Kansas	16,371	23,459	17,377	24,647	70.5	61	5
Kentucky	15,250	22,467	16,150	24,274	66 5	59	8 (
Louisiana	14,966	21,196	² 14,966	21,209	70.6	(³)	0.
Maine	14,229	21,257	15,863	23,425	67.7	11 5	10.2
Maryland	17,140	28,893	19,478	30,933	63 0	13 6	7.
Massachusetts	1 17,600	28,922	1 18,800	1 30,800	61.0	68	6.9
Michigan	1 18,700	31,528	1 20,100	1 34,050	59.0	75	8.0
Minnescta	18,687	28,339	² 19,625	² 29,756	66 0	5.∂	5.0
Мізвізвіррі	¹ 15,400	19,448	1 16,600	² 20,750	80.0	78	6.7
Missouri	16,777	23,435	17,717	24,704	71 7	56	5 4
Montana	· -	23,340	· —	23,774	-1	_	1.9
Nebraska	14,697	² 21,797	1 15,350	1 22,995	66 8	4.4	5 5
Nevada	17,660	26,962	18,523	27,599	67 1	49	2.4
New Hampshire	¹ 15,500	21,869	1 17,300	24,019	72 0	11 6	9.0
New Jersey	1 19,300	28,718	1 20,500	2 30,788	66 6	62	7 :
New Mexico	18,153	24,155	17,897	² 24,523	73 0	-1 4	1 !
New York	19,669	4 32,000	² 20.650	², 4 34,300	60 2	50	7.5
North Carolina	16,700	23,775	¹ 17,600	² 25,073	70 2	54	5.
North Dakota	15,082	21,284	15,218	21,660	70 3	09	1.0
Ohio	15,765	26,288	16,374	27,606	59 3	39	5 (
Oklahoms	16,409	22,563	16,432	² 23,100	71 1	01	2.4
Oregon	17,367	26,691	18,022	28,080	64 2	38	5:
Pennsylvania	1 17, 100	27,422	1 18,400	29,177	63 1	76	6.9
Rhode Island	16,400	31,079	17,302	2 32,858	52 7	5 5	5
South Carolina	16,948	23,201	² 17,609	24,241	72 6	3.9	4.5
South Dakota	13,870	18,781	15,020	19,758	76 0	83	5.3
Tennessee	16,086	23,526	² 16,970	24,748	68 6	55	5.3
Texas	18,281 15,311	24,890 23,035	¹ 18,800 15,266	¹ 25,387 ² 22,783	74 1 67 0	28 -03	2 ·1.
Vermont	13,877 16,781	23,089 25,041	14,966 18,439	24,507 2 27,436	61 1 67 2	7 8 9.9	6.
Virginia	17,334	27,285	17,905	2 27,960	64 0	33	2.
West Virginia	115,055	21,446	15,055	21,736	69.3	(³)	1.
Wisconsin	17,362	27,815	18,332	29,206	628	5.6	5.0
Wyoming	18,679	28,230	1 19,000	27,926	68 0	17	-1
			,- 50				1

¹ Estimated by the American Federation of Teachers See NOTE ² Preliminary or State estimate ³ Less than .05 percent ⁴ Median salary — Data not available

NOTE -Data in this table reflect results of surveys conducted by the American Federation of Teachers Because of diffening survey and estimation methods, these data are not entirely comparable with figures appearing in other tables

SOURCE American Federation of Teachers. Survey and Analysis of Salary Trends, 1988 (This table was prepared November 1988)



Table 69.—Average annual salary of instructional staff¹ in public elementary and secondary schools and average annual earnings of full-time employees in all industries: 1929-30 to 1987-88

j	Current	dollars	C	onstant 1987-88 dollar	S 2
School year	Average salary of instructional staff	Earnings per full— time employee working for wages or salary ³	Average salary of instructional staff	Earnings per full- time employee working for wages or salary	Ratio of instructional staff salary to salary for all full-time employees
1	2	3	4	5	6
1929-30	\$1,420	\$1,386	\$9.610	\$9,380	1 0:
1931–32 ,	1,417	1,198	11,386	9.626	1 18
1933-34	1,227	1.070	10,734	9.360	1 1
1935–36	1,283	1.160	10.815	9,779	1.1
1937-38	1,374	1,224	11,111	9,898	1.1
1939–40	1,441	1,282	11.045		
1941–42	1,507		11,945	10,627	1 1 2
1943-44		1,576	11,196	11,709	0.96
	1,728	2,030	11,488	13,496	0.85
	1,995	2,272	12,669	14,428	0.88
947-48	2,639	2,692	13,120	13,384	0.98
1949-50	3,010	2.930	14,723	14,332	1 03
1951-52	3,450	3,322	15,206	14,642	1 04
1953-54	3.825	3,628	16,477		
955-56	4,156	3,924	17,909	15,628	1 05
957-58	4,702	4,276	19,073	16,909 17,345	1.06 1.10
959-60	5.174	4 622		·	
961–62	5,700	4,632	20,398	18,262	1 12
062 64		4,928	21,968	18,992	1 16
963-64	6,240	5,373	23,437	20.181	1.16
965-66	6,935	5,838	25,178	21,195	1.19
967-68	7,630	6,444	25,990	21,950	1 18
969-70	8,840	7.334	27.109	22,491	1 21
970-71	9.698	7.815	28,280	22,789	
971-72	10,213	8,334	28,751	,	1 24
972-73	10,634	8.858		23,461	1.23
973-74	11,254	9,647	28,776 27,961	23,970 23,968	1 20 1 17
974–75	10.107			20,000	
	12,167	10,420	27,214	23,306	1 17
9/3-/6	13,124	11,218	27,414	23,432	1.17
976-77	13,840	11,991	27,316	23.667	1 15
977-78	14,698	12,829	27 184	23,727	1 15
978-79	15,764	13,851	26,659	23,424	1.14
979–80	16,715	15,095	24,942	00.50	
980-81	18,404	16,495		22,524	111
981-82	20.327	17,818	24,611	22,058	1 12
982-83	21,641		25,021	21,933	1 14
983-84	22,994	18,883 19,749	25,542	22,286	1 15
	·	15,145	26,170	22,477	1 16
984-85	24,757	20,626	27,115	22,591	1 20
	26,405	21,514	28,110	22,902	1 23
986-87	27,746	22,426	28.896	23,355	
987-88	29,299		29,299	23,333	1.24
		-	23,233		_

NOTE —Some data revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, and unpublished fata, National Education Association, Estimates of School Statistics, 1987–88, and unpublished data (Copyright © 1988) by the National Education Association All rights reserved), and U.S. Department of Commerce, Survey of Current Business, July issues (This table was prepared November 1988)



Includes supervisors, principals, classroom teachers, and other instructional staff
 Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics,
 U.S. Department of Labor
 Calendar-year data from the U.S. Department of Commerce have been converted to
 a school-year basis by averaging the two appropriate calendar years in each case
 —Data not available.

Table 70.—Average annual salary of instructional staff1 in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1939-40 to 1987-88—Continued

State or other area				Current	dollars				Constant 1987-88 dollars 2						
	1939-40	1949–50	1959–60	1969-70	1979- 80 ³	1985- 86 ⁴	1986- 87 ⁴	1987-88	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1969-70	1979-80	1985-86	1986-8
1	2	3	4	_ 5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
/ermont	981 899 1,706 1,170 1,379 1,169	2,348 2,328 3,487 2,425 3,007 2,798	4,466 4,312 *5,643 3,952 *4,870 4,937	8,225 8,200 9,500 7,850 9,150 3,532	13,300 14,655 19,735 14,395 16,335 16,830	22,184 23,957 27,370 21,529 31,500 27,461	23,293 25,671 28,468 22,425 32,800 28,230	25,525 28,126 29,344 22,711 35,100 27,140	8,132 7,452 14,141 9,698 11,431 9,690	11,485 11,387 17,056 11,862 14,708 13,686	17,607 17,000 22,247 15,581 19,200 19,464	25,223 25,146 29,133 24,073 28,060 26,164	19,846 21,868 29,448 21,480 24,375 25,113	23,616 25,504 29,137 22,919 33,534	24,25 26,73 29,64 23,35 34,15
Outlying areas American Samoa Buam Buerto Rico Buerto Rico Buerto Rico	- - -	· –	852 4,107 ¹⁰ 2,360 3,407	5,130 7,800 —	-	-	- - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - -	3,359 16,192 9,304 13,432	15,110 22,975 	- - -	29,234 — — —	29,40

1 Includes supervisors, principals, classroom teachers, and other instructional staff

² Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor Price index does not account for different rates of change in the cost of living among States

3 Estimated ⁴ Estimates revised from previously published data

* Excludes kindergarten teachers

Includes administrators

7 Includes clencal assistants to instructional personnel

Includes attendance personnel

⁹ Excludes vocational schools not operated as part of the regular public school system

10 Median salary

-Data not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics Statistics of State School Systems, National Education Association, Estimates of School Statistics, and unpublished data (Latest edition 1987-88 Copyright (*) 1988 by the National Education Association All rights reserved (This table was prepared December 1988)





Table 70.—Average annual salary of instructional staff1 in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1939-40 to 1987-88—Continued

State or other area				Current	dollars				Constant 1987-88 dollars 2						
	1939-40	1949–50	1959–60	1969-70	1979- 80 ³	1985- 86 ⁴	1986- 87 ⁴	1987-88	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1969-70	1979-80	1985-86	1986-8
1	2	3	4	_ 5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
/ermont	981 899 1,706 1,170 1,379 1,169	2,348 2,328 3,487 2,425 3,007 2,798	4,466 4,312 *5,643 3,952 *4,870 4,937	8,225 8,200 9,500 7,850 9,150 3,532	13,300 14,655 19,735 14,395 16,335 16,830	22,184 23,957 27,370 21,529 31,500 27,461	23,293 25,671 28,468 22,425 32,800 28,230	25,525 28,126 29,344 22,711 35,100 27,140	8,132 7,452 14,141 9,698 11,431 9,690	11,485 11,387 17,056 11,862 14,708 13,686	17,607 17,000 22,247 15,581 19,200 19,464	25,223 25,146 29,133 24,073 28,060 26,164	19,846 21,868 29,448 21,480 24,375 25,113	23,616 25,504 29,137 22,919 33,534	24,25 26,73 29,64 23,35 34,15
Outlying areas American Samoa Buam Buerto Rico Buerto Rico Buerto Rico	- - -	· –	852 4,107 ¹⁰ 2,360 3,407	5,130 7,800 —	-	-	- - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - -	3,359 16,192 9,304 13,432	15,110 22,975 	- - -	29,234 — — —	29,40

1 Includes supervisors, principals, classroom teachers, and other instructional staff

² Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor Price index does not account for different rates of change in the cost of living among States

3 Estimated ⁴ Estimates revised from previously published data

* Excludes kindergarten teachers

Includes administrators

7 Includes clencal assistants to instructional personnel

Includes attendance personnel

⁹ Excludes vocational schools not operated as part of the regular public school system

10 Median salary

-Data not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics Statistics of State School Systems, National Education Association, Estimates of School Statistics, and unpublished data (Latest edition 1987-88 Copyright (*) 1988 by the National Education Association All rights reserved (This table was prepared December 1988)





							_							
			School dis	tr ct admini	strative ataf	1		_		Inatruction	al staff			
Year	Total	Total	Interrie- riate district ataff	School district superin- tendents	Assist- ants to superin- tendents	Supervi- sors of instruc- tion	Total	Principals and assistant principals	Tuachers	Teacher aides	Librar- ians	Guid- ance counsel- ors	Psycho- logical person- nel	Other instruc- tional staff
1	2	3	4	5	8	;	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
949-50 959-80 969-70 all 1960 all 1964 all 1965 all 1965 all 1966	1,300,031 2,069,263 3,367,772 4,167,606 4,062,619 4,160,521 4,233,671 4,312,469	33,642 42,423 65,292 78,784 3 65,222 3 67,404 3 74,541 3 75,134	5,843 9,901 7,113 —	16,025 13,361 13,014 13,269 — —	(¹) 5,386 13,818 3 44,961 — —	9,774 13,775 31,537 320,554 — —	963,110 1,457,329 2,292,577 2,853,895 2,892,135 2,757,129 2,822,925 2,868,577	43,137 63,554 90,593 107,061 124,536 129,297 131,564 133,464	913,671 1,353,372 2,023,253 2,183,538 2,168,298 2,206,884 2,244,445 2,278,813	(2) (2) 57,418 325,755 288,967 306,860 330,398 337,061	(*) ;7,363 42,689 48,018 47,024 47,442 47,938 48,215	(2) :4.643 48.763 63.973 63.310 66.646 68.580 71.024	(2) 2,121 6,168 14.033 (5) (6) (6) (7)	6.302 6,277 3 23,693 3 116,517 (5) (6) (6)
				-	_		Percentage	distribution						
1949-50 1959-60 1969-70 Fall 1980 Fall 1984	190 0 100 0 100 0 100 0 100 0	28 20 19 19	04 05 02 —	14 06 04 03	(¹) 03 04 211	08 07 309 305	74 1 89 8 68 1 68 8 366 3	33 30 27 26 31	70 3 61 8 60 1 52 4 53 4	(2) (2) 1 7 7 8 7 1	(2) 0 8 1 3 1 2 1 2	(2) 07 14 15	(2) 0 1 0 2 0 3 (5)	0 5 0 3 30 7 3 2 8 (5)
Tall 1985 Fall 1986 Fall 1987	100.0 100.0 100.0	318 318 317	=	=	-		3 66 3 3 66 7 3 66 5	31 31 31	53 0 53 0 52 8	7 4 7 8 7 8	11	1 6 1 6 1 6	(*) (*) (*)	(6) (6) (6)
							Pupis per .	uaff membe	o r					
1949-50 . 1959-60 . 1969-70 Fall 1960 .	193 188 135 96 97	748 4 829 3 696 8 520 2 3 602 5	4,297 7 3,553 4 8,413 4	1,393 1 2,633 2 3,505 3 3,088 9	6,532 2 3,349 9 3 911 8	2.569 2 2.554 1 3 1,446 5 3 1,994 1	26 1 24 1 19 9 14 3 3 14 6	582 1 553 6 503 6 382 8 315 5	27 5 26 0 22 5 18 8 18 1	(2) (2) 794 5 125 8 136 0	2.026 3 1.068 6 853 6 835 6	2.402 7 935 5 640 7 620 7	(2) 16,589 1 7,396 0 2,920 7 (5)	3.984 7 5.605 1 3 1,925 4 3 351 8 (5)
all 1965 . all 1966 all 1967	95 94 93	3 586 1 3 534 4 3 532 7	Ξ	=	=	=	3 14 3 3 14 1 3 14 0	305 302 \ 299 9	17 9 17 7 17 6	128 8 120 6 118 7	632 6 631 0 630 1	592 8 580 9 563 5	(5) (5) (5)	(6) (5) (5)

Table 71.—Staff employed in public elementary and secondary school systems, by functional area: 1949–50 to fall 1987—Continued

				Support staff			
Year	Total	Secretanal and clencal personnel	Transportation staff	Food service	Plant operation and maintenance	Health	Recreational and other staff
1	18	17	18	19	20	21	22
1949-50 1959-60 1969-70 Fall 1980 Fall 1984	303,280 589,531 1,009,913 1,229,929 1,305,262	31,824 75,930 164,478 223,647 (a)	^1,626 1 3,111 1 5,351 (4) (*)	68,814 161,925 270,338 (4) (8)	105,874 192,655 273,395 (*)	\$,412 16,104 26,562 (4) (5)	5,730 29,807 99,791 3 1,006,282 (8
Fall 1985 Fall 1986 (all 1987	1,335,988 1,338,205 1,368.758	(6) (6) (6)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (8)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5)	(\$ (5)
				Perc. tage distribution	ın		
1049-50 1959-60 1969-79, Fall 1980 Fall 1984	23 3 28 2 30 0 29 5 3 32 1	2 4 3 8 4 9 5 4 (⁵)	63 54 - 2 (4)	5 3 7 8 8 0 (4) (5)	8 1 9 2 8 1 (4) (5)	07 08 08 (4) (5)	0 4 1 4 3 0 3 24 1 (5
Fall 1985 Fall 1986 Fall 1987	⁹ 32 1 ⁹ 31 6 ⁹ 31 7	(5) (6) (5)	(5) (5) (6)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (6)	(5) (5) (5)	(* (5 (5
				Pupils per staff memb	er		
1949-50 1959-80 1969-70 Fall 1980 Fall 1984	82 8 59 7 45 2 33 3 30 1	789 1 463 4 277 4 183 3 (5)	307 6 311 0 260 2 (4) (5)	364 9 217 3 168 7 (4) (5)	237 2 182 6 166 9 (4)	2.668 0 2,184 7 1,7*7 4 (*) (5)	4,382 1,180 457 3 40 7 (6
Fall 1985 Fall 1986 Fall 1987	³ 29 8 ³ 29 8 ³ 29 2	(5) (5) (5)	(6) (5) (6)	(8) (8) (5)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (6) (5)	(6 (8

¹ Data included in column 5

NOTE —Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of variations in data collection instruments, some categories are only roughly comparable over time. Because of "ounding, details may not add to totals."

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems. Common Core of Data survey, and unpublished estimates (This table was prepared January 1989.)



² Data included in column 10

³ Data not comparable with figures for other years

⁴ Data included in column 22

^{*} Deta included in column 18

⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 72.—Staff employed in public school systems, by type of assignment and State: Fall 1987

[In full-time equivalents]

		School d	strict staff		· ·	School	ol staff			
State or other area	Total	Officials and adminis- trators	Administra- tive support staff	School adminis- trators	School and library support staff	Teachers	Instruction- al aides	Guidance counselors	Libranans	Other support services staff
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States 1	4,312,469	75,134	141,347	133,464	188,899	2,278,813	337,061	71,024	48,215	1,038,512
Alabama	70,655	1,480	_	1,910	2,147	37,716	3,677	1,023	1,207	21,49
Alaska 2	7,285	196	73	357		6,113	277	112	130	21,30
Arizona	59,095	1,207	4,523	1,335	653	30,707	4,564	739	596	14,77
Arkansas California	47,741	1.215	897	1,306	1,657	25,572	2,587	976	757	12,774
California	392,299	10,101	19,603	14,531	21,476	195,864	49,985	5,332	1,188	74,219
Colorado	59,263	987	2,253	2,421	3,812	31,168	4,052			
Connecticut 3	40,214	1,017		1,457	5,512	35,050	4,052	990 2,055	726	12,85-
Delaware	10,790	145	355	374	442	5,951	718	174	635	0.540
District of Columbia	11,130	445	232	296	172	6,232	636	273	119 182	2,512
Florida	184,608	2,718	-1	5,567	_	95,857	17,564	4,020	2,421	2,662 56,461
Georgia	119,320	637	3,775	4,105	اممما				ł	•
Hawaii	18,036	184	3,773	4,105	4,014	62,280	11,898	1,319	1,859	29,433
Idaho	16,205	299	334	532	556	7,684	1,339	441	258	7,710
Illinois	186,595	1,706	334	4,236	1,654	10,258	923	244	171	2,888
Indiana	105,326	1,438	392	2,676	6,931	105,217 53,749	11,555	2,686	2,169	57,372
lowe	ł	1				33,745	9,637	1,485	1,055	27,963
iowa	56,670	612	872	1,425	4,271	30,873	3,050	928	680	13,959
Kentucky	47,569	459	2,058	1,474	1,939	27,317	2,523	996	923	9,880
Louisiana	69,192	1,394	3,930	1,640	2,488	35,239	5,182	915	1,079	17,325
Maine	88,794 24,410	2,125	2,581	2,266	2,102	42,920	7,477	796	1,112	27,415
1	24,410	492	1,508	830	241	14,204	2,683	441	222	3,781
Maryland	73,717	304	2,201	2,327	3,328	40,093	5,316	1,403	1,041	47.704
Massachusetts ,,,	103,471	2,319	5,572	2,105	2,996	59,517	8,024	2,075	682	17,704
Michigan	170,034	2,741	13,330	12,020	5,565	80,081	12,457	3,676	1,551	20,181 38,613
Minnesota	74,027	1,609	3,260	1,634	3,102	42,132	6,389	855	766	14,280
Mississippi 4	-	-	-1		-	_	-		/	14,200
Missouri	96,736	1,194	_ '	4,101		49,632	0.540	4 000		
Montana 2	12,477	174	- 1	487		9,659	3,540	1,902	1,273	35,094
Nebraska	31,809	514	1,526	1,038	_	17,713	1,011 2,472	323 513	329	494
Nevada 2	9,736	179		408		8,348	2,472	290	498 166	7,535
New Hampshire	18,635	147	576	567	1,169	10,363	1,501	481	192	345 3,639
New Jersey	141,257	1,863	12,546	5,119	22 237	76,335		1		•
New Mexico	29,347	341	£ .	726	1,820	15,175	8,193 3,070	2,778	1,587	8,594
New York	327,428	4,086	23,003	6.885	7,845	170,236	23.825	496	230	6,871
North Carolina	114,243	2,040		3,643	7,045	59,771	17,002	5,028	3,268	83,252
North Dakota	13,533	343	334	367	471	7,632	899	1,982 164	2,043	27,762
Ohio	184.815	E 070					030	104	167	3,156
Oklahoma	63.822	5,278	6,087	4,743	14,375	99,641	7,721	2,920	1,701	42.349
Oregon	47,211	580 895	958	1,761	3,505	34,515	3,750	1,026	662	17,065
Pennsylvania	185,629	7,808	1,636 6,920	1.397	2,387	24,911	3,995	1,064	759	10,167
Rhode Island	14,569	145	709	3,859	6,981	103,307	10,187	3,169	1,921	41,477
1		1	709	526	547	8,934	901	328	220	2,25 9
South Carolina	62,557	790	2,051	1,994	3,032	35,701	5,652	1,170	1,074	11,093
South Dakota	14,202	153	592	430	567	8,172	1,178	249	183	2,678
ennessee	83,256	632	-1	4,112	4,065	12,082	7,401	1,031	1,318	22,615
exas	377,240	5,942	4,126	12,357	28,743	187,159	27,945	5,334	3,406	102,228
/tan	32,264	322	797	804	1,553	17,124	2,561	412	319	8,372
/ermont	12,755	374	264	685	680	6,938			F	
/irginia	114,439	1,785	679	3,085	5,457	59,928	1,279 8,405	2/4	175	2,086
Vashington .	68,405	1,006	2,111	2,247	3,599	38,344	5,120	2,080	1,754	31,266
Vast Virginia.	41,415	525	1,630	1,308	595	22,702	2,888	1,240 558	1,114	13,624
Visconsin .	80,340	1,051	2,119	2,019	4,411	47,721	5,812	1,457	371	10,838
Vyoming	13,373	333	304	324	798	6,798	1,266	170	1,136	14,614 3,247
Outlying areas									133	3,247
mencan Samoa .	1,206	22	<u></u>		_	_	1			
uam	2,884	11	75	64	45	656	24	22	8	290
orthern Marianas	512	<u> </u>	16	60	128	1,407	73	51	26	1,128
uerto Rico	42,314	313	16	31 2,230	63	305	62	7	8	20
irgin Islands	3,254	126	26 268	85	482 118	33,069	2,278	615	729	2,572
				65.1	119	1,590	332	68	43	624

¹ U.S. totals include imputations for Connecticut. Mississippi, Montans, and Nevada, which are not reflected in State totals.



Support staff underreported
 Support staff not reported
 Data not reported

⁻Data not available or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey, and unpublished estimates (This table was prepared January 1989.)

Table 73.—Staff employed in public school systems, by type of assignment and State: Fall 1986

[In full-time equivalents]

		School dis	strict staff			Scho	ol staff			Other
State or other area	Total	Officials and adminis- trators	Adminis- trative support staff	School adminis- trators	School and library support staff	Teachers	Instructional aides	Guidance counselors	Librarians	support services staff
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States 1	4,233,671	74,541	138,212	131,564	188,065	2,244,445	330,398	68,580	47,938	1,009,92
Nabama	70,907	1,125		1,949	485	36,971	3,812	971	1,192	24,40
Naska	9,810	349	18	369	1,063	6,448	1,184	166	156	5
vrizona	56,207	1,141	4,293	1,285	619	29,104	4,363	693	583	14,12
rkansas	46,372	1,230	1,014	1,254	1,387	24,944	2,513	809	837	12 38
California	385,244	9,817	19,4 6 6	14,541	21,173	190,484	50,774	5,084	1,187	72,71
olorado	58,537	1,061	1,982	2,397	4,015	30,704	3,963	976	757	12,68
onnecticut 2	39.284	1,011	-	1,453		34,252	_	1,950	618	-
elaware	10,597	139	356	383	438	5,883	658	162	117	2,46
istrict of Columbia	11,945	533	126	295	1,277	5,984	622	155	168	2,78
ionda	177,639	2,584	-	5,336	1,458	91 969	16,333	3,789	2,331	53,83
Georgia	111,317	659	3,739	3,614	3,849	57,881	10,093	1,220	1,848	28,41
awai	15,892	181	-	391	_	7,291	935	427	251	6,41
laho	16,039	295	425	519	536	10,234	877	241	165	2,74
linois	185,572	1,842	_	4,204	1,605	104,609	11,329	2,764	2,199	57,02
ndiana	104,482	1,244	452	2,897	6,792	52,896	8,820	1,450	1,049	28,88
wa	56,825	620	872	1,400	4,280	30,958	2,831	896	679	14,28
ansas	47,227	445	2,025	1,466	1,896	27,064	2,544	1,002	900	9,88
entucky	67,721	1,386	3,842	1,627	2,305	34,507	4,784	859	1,060	17,35
.ouisiana	88,591	2,194	2,598	2,267	2,100	42,929	7,477	799	1,112	27,11
faine	22,966	598	1,310	825	205	13,685	2,307	443	204	3,38
flaryland	72,931	248	2,023	2,289	3,306	39,491	5,034	1,370	1,037	18,13
Aassachusetts	101,905	2,320	5,520	2,041	3.121	58,066	8,024	2,134	699	19,98
Michigan	171,931	2,612	13,202	11,979	5,401	83,130	11,920	3,488	1,557	38,64
finnesota	69,836	1,592	3,109	1,547	2,961	40,957	5,114	860	759	12,93
Aississippi 3	40,687	788	795	1,203	1,596	26,219	6,878	648	678	1,88
fissoun	91,609	1,212	_	3,631	i –	48,902	3,490	1,890	1,280	31,20
Aontana 3	12,613	182	-	494	i –	9,818	982	320	328	48
lebraska	31,576	522	1,511	1,037	_	17,748	2,505	514	500	7,23
Nevada 3	9,212	171		393		7,908		288	155	29
New Hampshire	18,387	147	576	567	1,106	10,300	1,542	457	186	3,50
lew Jersey	139,541	2,429	12,166	5,074	22,289	75,558	7,817	. 2,357	1,608	10,24
lew Mexico	28,548	490	614	708	1,773	14,876	2,591	479	224	6,79
lew York	317,782	3,940	22,705	6,748	7,420	168,940	28,399	4,864	3,219	71,54
North Carolina	110,628	1,929	_=	3,495	i	58,103	16,482	1,876	2,020	26,72
North Dakota	13,693	348	343	374	464	7,779	€72	164	175	3,17
Ohio	182.796	5,238	5,768	4,760	14,279	98,894	7,345	2,927	1,705	41,88
Oklahoma	65,253	573	1,021	1,801	3,806	35,041	3,825	1,014	675	17,49
Oregon	46.598	903	1,582	1,392		24,615	3,828	1,064	758	10,09
Pennsylvania	184.868	7,808	6,828	3,884	7,012	102,993	9,703	3,150	1,916	41,57
Rhode Island	14.317	142	641	530	504	8,916	861	333	220	2,17
South Carolina	61,847	776	1,978	1,962	3,013	35,349	5,459	1,146	1,075	11,08
South Dakota	13.903	157	573	457	494	8,031	1,103	229	171	2,68
Tennessee	80.968	598	_	4,346		41,103	6,256	932	1,306	22,51
Гехаз	374.986	5,892	4,091	12,253		186,385	27,774	5,346	3,377	101,36
Jtah	30.501	371	730	807	1,311	17,752	3,001	378	329	5,82
/ermont 4	_	_	_		_	- 1	_	_	_	
/irginia	108,455	1,582	561	2,857	4,886	58,141	8,137	1,905	1,678	28,70
Washington	65,955	1,029	2,008	2,265	3,297	37,065	4,755	1,205	1,092	13,23
Vest Virginia	41.653	531	1,651	1,319		22,931	2,824	548	372	10,86
Visconsın	79,386	1,042	2,199	2,005		47,039	5,321	1,439		14,40
Wyoming	14,326	336	296	324	869	7,201	1,350	173	149	3,62
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1,162		71	67		623	45	-	8	29
Guam	2,985	16	_	59	126	1,430	81	60	31	1,18
Northern Marianas					:					
Puerto Rico	40,979 3,258		69 141	2,043 79			1,914 337		645 42	2,69 80

¹ U.S. totals include imputations for Connecticut, Mississippi Montana, Nevada, and Vermont, which are not reflected in State totals
2 Support staff not reported
3 Support staff underreported
4 Data not reported
—Data not available, not reported, or not applicable

NOTE -Some data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, January 1989)



Table 74.—Staff and teachers in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: Fall 1985 to Fall 1987

		Fall 1985			Fall 1986 1			rail 1987	
State or other area	Staff	Teachers	Teachers as a percent of staff	Staff	Teachers	Teachers as a percent of staff	Staff	Teachers	Teachers as a percent o staff
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	2 4,160,521	2,206,884	² 5 3. 0	² 4,233,671	2 2,244,445	² 5 3. 0	² 4,312,469	² 2,278,81 3	² 52.
Alabama	68,992	36,138	52 4	70,907	36,971	52 1	70,655	37,716	53.4
Alaska	13,370	6,814	51 0	9,810	6,448	65 7	³ 7,285	6,113	83.9
Arkansas	53,675 46,411	27,935	52 0	56,207	29,104	51 8	59,095	30,707	52.0
California	378,883	24,767 184,151	53 4 48 6	46,372 385,244	24,944 190,484	53 8 49 4	47,741 392,299	25,572 195,864	53.0 49.9
Colorado	58,199	29,894	51 4	58,537	30,704	52 5	59,263	31,168	
Connecticut	4 37,720	32,903	4 87 2	4 39 284	34,252	4 87 2	4 40,214	35,050	52. 4 87.
Delaware	10,370	5,745	55 4	10,597	5,883	55 5	10,790	5,951	55.2
District of Columbia	10,471	6,137	58.6	11,945	5,984	50 1	11,130	6,232	56.0 56.0
Fiorida	172,552	88,973	51 6	177,639	91,969	51 8	184,608	95,857	51.9
Georgia	108,735	57,374	52 8	111,317	57,88.	520	119,320	62,280	52.2
Hawai	17,100	7,276	42 5	15,892	7,291	45 9	18,036	7,684	42.6
daho	16,036	10,255	63 9	16,039	10,234	638	16,205	10,258	63 3
llinois	181,515	102,657	56 6	185,572	104,609	564	186,595	105,217	56.4
Indiana	102,274	51,976	50.8	104,482	52,896	50 6	105,326	53,749	51.0
owa	58,779	31,770	54 0	56,825	30,958	54.5	56,670	30,873	54 5
Kansas	46,549	26,686	57 3	47,227	27,064	573	47,569	27,317	57.4
Kentucky Louisiana	65,557	33,506	51 1	67,721	34,507	510	69,192	35,239	50 9
Louisiana	88,403 23,253	42,609 14,226	48 2 61 2	88,591 22,966	42,929 13,685	46 5 59 6	88,794 24,410	42,920 14,204	48.3
Appdand					10,000	330	24,410	14,204	58.2
Aaryland	71,264	38,433	53 9	72,931	39,491	54 1	73,717	40,093	54 4
Aichigan	98,560	56,845	57 7	101,905	58,066	570	103,471	59,517	57 5
Namanata	168,603	82,193	48 7	171,931	83,130	48 4	170,034	80,081	47 1
Alississippi	70,721 55,580	41,314 26,102	58 4 47.0	69,836 3 40,687	40,957 26,219	58 6 3 64 4	74,027	42,132	56.9
Aissoun	90,339	48,170	53 3	91,609	48,902	53 4	06.706	40.000	
Montana	3 12,752	9,705	³ 76 1	12,613	9,818	² 77 8	96,736 3 12,477	49,632 9,659	513
lobraska	30,896	17,687	57 2	31,576	17,748	56 2	31,809	17,713	³ 77.4
levada	³ 8,865	7,751	3874	3 9,212	7,908	3 85 8	3 9,736	8,348	55 7 3 85.7
lew Hampshire	16,958	10,104	59 6	18,387	10,300	560	18,635	10,363	55 6
lew Jersey	137,638	74,236	53 9	139,541	75,558	54 1	141,257	78,335	55 5
lew Mexico	27,786	14,781	53 2	28,548	14,876	52 1	29,347	15,175	55 5 51 7
lew York	311,704	165,573	53 1	317,782	168,940	53 2	327,428	170,236	52.0
lorth Carolina.	109,934	57,638	52 4	110,628	58,103	525	114,243	59,771	52.0
lorth Dakota	13,671	7,796	57 0	13,693	7,779	568	13,533	7,632	56 4
Ohio	182,105	98,264	54 0	182,796	98,894	54 1	184,815	99,641	53.9
Oklahoma Oregon	66,658	35,752	53 5	65,253	35,041	53 7	63,822	34,515	54.1
Pennsylvania	46,425	24,605	53 0	46,598	24,615	528	47,211	24,911	528
Rhode Island	182,910 13,962	101,665 8,844	55 6	184,868	102,993	55 7	185,629	103,307	55 7
South Carolina	i		63 3	14,317	8,916	62 3	14,569	8,934	61.3
outh Dakota	61,132 14,559	34,645	56 7	61,847	35,349	57 2	62,557	35,701	57.1
ennessee	78,321	8,340	57 3	13,903	8,031	578	14,202	8,172	57 5
9xes	357,365	40,023 181,051	51 1	80,968	41,103	50 8	83,256	42,082	50 5
Jtah	29,486	17,126	50 7 58 1	374,986 30,501	186,385 17,752	49 7 58 2	377,240 32,264	187,159 17,124	49 6 53.1
ermont.	12,238	6,397	:23	_	_		12,755	6,938	54.4
irginia	105,659	57,339	54.3	108,455	58,141	53 6	114,439	59,928	54 4 52 4
Vashington	64,159	36,202	56 4	65,955	37,065	562	68,405	38,344	56 1
Vest Virginia	41,347	22,733	55 0	41,653	22,931	55 1	41,415	22,702	54 8
/isconsin	77,805 14,374	46,482 7,296	59 7	79,386	47,039	593	80,340	47,721	59 4
_	17,017	7,290	50 8	14,326	7,201	50 3	13,373	6,798	50 8
Outlying areas	_			1 400					
uam	2,395	1,329		1,162	623	53 6	1,206	656	54 4
orthern Mananas	2,000	1,328	55 5	2,985	1,430	479	2,884	1,407	48.8
uerto Rico	41,242	32,683	79 2	40,979	32,361	70.0	512	305	59 6
irgin Islands	3,329	1,631	49 0	3,258	1,606	79 0 49 3	42,314	33,069	78.2
· 1	-, }	.,00.	75 0	الانتارات	1,000	453	3,254	1,590	48 9

¹ Some data have been revised from previously published figures

- Data not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey, and unpublished estimates (This table was prepared January 1989.)



² U.S. totals include imputations for underreporting and nonreporting States

³ Support staff underreported

⁴ Support staff not reported

Table 75.—Staff, enrollment, and pupil-staff ratios in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: Fall 1985 to fall 1987

		Fall 1985	Т		Fall 1986 1			Fr.il 1987	
State or other area	Staff	Enrollment	Pupil-staff ratio	Staff	Enrollment	Pupil-staff ratio	Staff	Enrollment	Pupil-staff ratio
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Un!ted States	² 4, 160,521	39,508,625	² 9.5	² 4,233,671	39,837,459	² 9.4	² 4,312,469	40,024,244	29,
Alabama	68,992	730,460	106	70,907	733,735	103	70,655	729,234	10.
Alaska	13,370	107,345	80	9,810	107,973	11.0	³ 7,285	105,678	14
Anzona	53,675	548,252	10.2	56,207	534,538	95	59,095	572,421	9
Arkansas	46,411	433,410	93	46,372	437,438	94	47,741	437,036	9.:
California	378,883	4,255,554	11 2	385,244	4,377,989	114	392,299	4,489,322	11
Colorado	58,199	550,642	95	58 ,537	558,415	95	59,263	560,236	9
Connecticut .	4 37,720	462,026	4 12.2	4 39,284	468,847	41:9	4 40,214	465,465	4 11.0
Delaware	10,370	92,901	90	10,597	94,410	89	10,790	95,659	8 9
District of Columbia	10,471	87,092	83	11,945	85,612	7 2	11,130	86,435	7.8
Florida	172,552	1,562,283	91	177,639	1,607,320	9.0	184,608	1,664,774	9.
Georgia	108,735	1,079,594	99	111,317	1,096,425	98	119,320	1,110,947	9.
Hawaii	17,100	164,169	96	15,892	164,640	10.4	18,036	166,160	9;
ldaho	16,036	208,669	130	10,039	208,391	130	16,205	212,444	13.1
Illinois	181,515	1,826,478	10 1	185,572	1,825,185	98	186,595	1,811,446	9
Indiana	102,274	966,106	94	104,482	966,780	9.3	105,326	964,129	9.
lowa	58,779	485,332	83	56,825	481,286	85	56,670	480,826	8.9
Kansas	46,549	410,229	88	47,227	416,091	88	47,569	421,112	8
Kentucky	65,557	643,833	98	67,721	642,778	95	69,192	642,696	9.3
Louisiana	88,403	788,349	8 9	88,591	795,188	90	88,794	793,093	8.9
Maine	23,253	206,101	19	22,966	211,752	9.2	24,410	211,817	8.7
Maryland	71,264	671,560	5 -	72,931	675,747	93	73,717	683,797	9.3
Massachusetts.	98,560	844,330	86	101,905	833,918	82	103,771	825,320	8.0
Michigan	168,603	1,689,828	100	171,931	1,681,880	98	170,034	1,606,344	94
Minnesota .	70.721	705,140	100	69,836	711,134	102	74,027	721,431	9.7
Mississippi	55,580	471,195	85	3 40,687	498,639	3 12 3	- 1,521	505,550	-
Misscuri	90,339	795,107	88	91,609	800,606	87	96,736	802,060	8 3
Montana	³ 12,752	153,869	³ 12 1	³ 12,613	153,327	3 12 2	3 12 77	152,207	³ 12.2
Vebraska	30,896	265,819	86	31,576	267,139	8.5	31,809	268,100	8 4
Nevada	³ 8,865	154,948	³ 17 5	9,212	161,239	³ 17 5	3 9,736	168,353	3 17 3
New Hampshire	16,958	160,974	95	18,387	163,717	89	18,635	166,045	8.9
New Jersey.	137,638	1,116,194	8 1	139,541	1,, 467	79	141,257	1 092,982	7.7
New Mexico .	27,786	277,551	10 0	28,548	281.943	99	29,347	287,229	9.8
New York	311,704	2,621,378	8.4	317,782	2,607,719	8 2	327,428	2,594,070	7 9
North Carclina	109,934	1,086,165	99	110,628	1,085,248	98	114,243	1,085,976	9 5
North Dakota	13,671	118,570	8 7	13,693	118,703	8 7	13,533	119,004	8.8
Ohio	182,105	1,793,965	99	182,796	1,793,508	98	184,815	1,793,411	9.7
Oklahoma .	66,858	592,327	89	65,253	593,183	91	63,822	584,212	9.2
Oregon	46,425	447,527	96	46,598	449,307	96	47,211	455,895	9 7
Pennsylvania .	182,910	1,683,221	92	184,868	1,674,161	91	185,629	1,668,542	9 (
Rhode Island	13,962	133,442	96	14,317	134,126	94	14,569	134,061	9.2
South Carolina	61,132	606,643	99	61,847	611,629	99	62,557	614,921	9 8
South Dakota	14,559	124,291	8 5	13,903	125,458	90	14,202	126,817	8.9
Tennessee	78 321	813,753	10 4	80,968	818,073	10 1	83,256	823,783	9.9
Texas	357,365	3,131,705	88	374,986	3,209,515	86	377,240	3,236,787	86
Utah	29,486	403,395	137	30,501	415,994	136	32,264	423,386	13.1
Vermont	1∠,238	90,157	7.4		92,112		12,755	92,755	7.3
Virginia:	105,659	968,104	92	108,455	975,135	90	114,439	979,417	86
Washington	64,159	749,706	117	65.955	761,428	115	68,405	775,755	11 3
West Virginia	41,547	357,923	87	41,653	351,837	8 4	41,415	344,236	8.3
Wisconsin	77,805	768,234	99	79,386	767,819	97	80,340	772,363	9 6
₩yoming	14,374	102,779	72	14,326	100,955	70	13,373	98,455	74
Outlying areas									
Amencan Samoa	-	_	—]	1,162	11,055	95	1,206	11,248	93
Guam , .	2,395	26.043	109	2,985	25,676	86	2,884	25,936	9 (
Northern Marianas							512	5,819	11 4
Puerto Rico	41,242	686,894	16 7	40,979	679.489	166	42,314	672,837	15 9
Virgin Islands	3,329	25,386	76	3,258	24,435	75	3,254	24,020	7 4

¹ Some data revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey, and unpublished estimates. (This table was prepared January 1989.)



²U.S. totals include imputations for underreporting and nonreporting States

³ Support staff underreported

⁴ Support staff not reported

Table 76.—Selected characteristics of secondary school principals: 1965, 1977, and 1987

[Percentage distribution]

Item	1965	1977	1987	Item	1965	1977	1987
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Sex				Years as principal			
Total	100	100	100	Total	100	100	100
Male	89	93	88	1 to 3	22	19	23
Female	10	7	12	4 to 5	13	15	10
				6 to 7	11	12	13
Race	1			8 to 9	10	11	10
Total	100	100	100	10 to 14	18	21	22
White		96	94	15 to 19	10	11	12
Black		3	4	20 or more	15	10	11
Other		1	3	25 6. 110.6			
	į	.	•	Undergraduate major			
Aue				Total	100	100	100
Total	100	100	100	Business	100	100	100
24 to 34	16	9	3	Education	12	12	14
35 to 39	18	16	16	Fine arts/humanities	31	15	16
40 to 44	16	22	24	Physical education	11	17	16
45 to 49	15	22	21	Sciences	18	20	
50 to 54	15	19	19	Social sciences			20
55 and over	20	13	!		14	26	24
55 and over	20	13	16	Other	9	2	7
Highest degree held		1		Average work week	}	1	
Total	100	100	100	Total	100	100	100
Less than bachelor's	0	0	0	Fewer than 40	8	0	0
Bachelor's	10	1	1	40 to 49	17	17	14
Master's	39	14	17	50 to 59	45	61	59
Master's degree with	1			60 or more	29	22	27
additional courses	41	56	44				
Special degree or				Would make same career			
equivalent	6	9	16	choice again	ľ	1	
Master's degree plus	-	١-	.0	Total	ര	100	100
all doctoral courses	6	9	8	Definitely yes	M	37	43
Doctoral degree (Ph D.	-	- 1	• i	Probabl 'es	- 6 l	32	29
⊿ [d.D)	1	9	13	Uncertain	81	15	15
Other.	i	2	13	Probably not		12	11
	'	2	'	1	2	3	3
			-	Definitely not	(')	3	3

¹ Data not comparable to later years

-Data not available

SOURCE National Association of Secondary School Principals, *High School Leaders and Their Schools*, Vol. I, 1988. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 77.—Secondary school principals' beliefs about educational issues and purposes: 1965, 1977, and 1987

		nt agreeing statement	with	Balada abaut adalah adalah adalah		Rank	
Beliefs about educational issues	1965	1977	1987	Beliefs about educational purposes	1965	1977	1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
School programs should include		_		Acquisition of basic skills	1	1	1
instruction on drug/alcohol abuse	_	-	92	Development of positive self-concept			
High schools should develop special				and good human relations	7	2	2
programs for gifted students	19	92	92	Development/practice of intellectual			
High schools should develop special				inquiry and problem solving	4	3	3
programs for the handicapped, ethnic				Preparation for a changing world	5	8	4
minority, and non-English-speaking	_	75	65	Development of moral/spintual values	2	4	5
Computer competence is essential for				Career planning and training in specific			
all students	_		69	entry-level occupational skills	_	5	6
More stringent requirements are needed				Understanding of the American value			
for all students in traditional				system (political, economic, social)	3	7	7
academic subjects	_	_	63	Development of skills to operate in a tech-			
Schools require far too little academic				nological society	8	10	8
work of students	16	56	46	Develop knowledge and skills in prepara-	- 1		
Standardized testing in all subjects is	,,	•	,,	tion for family life,	_	6	g
necessary to improve instruction	_ 1		40	Physical fitness and useful leisure-		_ [_
Disinterested youth or those hostile		į		time sports	6	9 ¦	10
toward school should not be required			•	Appreciation for and expenence with the	- 1	- 1	
to attend high school	34	59	47	fine arts	1	11	11
School attendance should be compulsory	۱ ۳]	~	1110 2.10	1	!	
to high school graduation or age 18	39	15	34		i		
The academic year should be lengthened .	22	12	32		!	Į.	

-Data not available

SOURCE National Association of Secondary School Principals, High School Leaders and Their Schools, Jol 1, 1982 (This table was prepared November 1988)

Table 78.—Administrative roadblocks reported by secondary school principals: 1965, 1977, and 1987

2 11		Percent	
Problem	1965	1977	1987
1	2	3	4
ime taken up by administrative detail	87	90	83
.ack of time	86	86	79
nability to obtain funds	<u> </u>	79	76
Apathetic or irresponsible parents	-	79	70
New State guidelines and requirements	-	-	69
ime to administer/supervise student activities	<u>-</u>	_	68
/anations in the ability of teachers	88	84	64
nability to provide teachers time for professional development	83	59	62
nsufficient space and facilities	78	66	61
Resistance to change by staff	64	56	57
Problem students	_	76	55
Defective communications among administrative levels	41	54	55
ongstanding traditions	47	40	51

-Data not available

SOURCE National Association of Secondary School Principals. *High School Leaders and Their Schools*, Vol. I, 1988. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 79.—Public school districts and public and private elementary and secondary schools: 1929-30 to 1937-88

		_	Public schools 2	 	Private sc	hools 2, 3
School year	Public school districts 1	Elementa	ry schools	Secondary		
		Total	Orie-teacher	schools	Elementary	Secondary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1929-30	_	238,306	149,282	23.930	9,275	3,258
1931–32	127,531	232,750	143,391	26,409	9,734	3,289
1933-34		236,236	139,166	24,714	9,992	3,205
1935-36	_1	232,174	131,101	25,652	9,992	
1937-38	119,001	221,660	121,178			3,327
	113,001	221,000	121,178	25,467	9,992	3,327
1939–40	117,108	_	113,600	_	11,306	3,568
1941–42 .	115,493	183,112	107,692	25,123	10,285	3,011
1943-44	111,383	169,905	96,302	28,973	10,285	3,011
1945-46	101,382	160,227	86,563	24,314	9,863	
1947-48	94,926	146,760	75,096	25,484		3,294
	04,020	140,700	73,090	23,464	10,071	3,292
1949-50	83,718	128,225	59,652	24,542	10,375	3,331
1951-52	71,094	123,763	50,742	23,746		
1953-54	63,057	110,875	42,865	25,637	10,666	3,322
1955-56	54,859	104,427	34,964		11,739	3,913
1957-58 .	47,594	95,446		26,046	12,372	3,887
	47,554	95,445	25,341	25,507	13,065	3,994
1959-60	40,520	91,853	20,213	25,784	13,574	4,061
1961-62 .	35,676	81,910	13,333	25,350	14,762	
1963-64	31,705	77,584	9,895	26,431	14,702	4,129
1965-66	26,983	73,216	6,491	26,597	45.00	4,451
1967-68	22,010	70,879			15,340	4,606
	22,010	70,079	4,146	27,011	-	_
1970-71	17.995	65,800	1,815	25,352	14,372	0
1973-74	16,730	65,070	1,365	25,906		3,770
1975-76	16,376	63,242	1,166	25,330	-	_
1976-77	16,271	62,644	1,111			
1978-79	16,014			25,378	16,385	5,904
	10,014	61,982	1,056	24,504	16,097	5,766
1980-81	15,912	61,069	921	24,362	16 700	F 070
1982-83	15,824	59,656	798		16,792	5,678
1983-84	15,747	59,082	838	27,988		
1984-85	10,747	58,827		23,947	420,872	4 7,862
1985-86		30,027	825	23,916		_
	_	-	-	-	420,252	4 7,387
1986-87	5 15,713	60,784	763	22.200		
1987-88	5 15,577	61,490		23,389	-	_
··· · • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- 13,377	01,490	729	22,937	-1	_

¹ Includes operating and nonoperating districts

NOTE -Excludes schools not reported by level, such as special education schools for the handicapped. Some data revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems, Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, Private Schools in American Education, and Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared February 1989)

Table 80.—Public school districts and enrollment, by size of district: 1986-87 and 1987-88

F		1986-87			1987-88	
Enrollment size of district	Number of districts	Percent of districts	Percent of students	Number of districts	Percent of districts	Percent of students
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total .	15,713	100.0	100.0	15,577	100.0	100.0
25,000 or more. 10,000 to 24,999	173 447	1 1 2 8	27 9 17 1	171 464	1.1	27 3
5,000 to 9,999 2,500 to 4,999	915 1,823	58 116	16 5 16 4	937	30 60	17 4 16.5
1,000 to 2,499	3,504	22 3	147	1,912 3,561	123 229	16.8 14.7
600 to 999 300 to 599	1,754 2,257	11.2	35 25	1,796 2,290	115	36
1 to 299 Size not reported ¹	4,071 769	25 9 4 9	13	4,041 405	14 7 25 9 2 6	25 13

¹ includes school districts reporting enrollment of 0



NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

² Schools with both elementary and secondary programs are included under elementary schools and also under secondary schools

³ Data for most years are partly estimated

⁴This figure is from a sample survey and should not be compared directly with the data for earlier years

Because of expanded survey coverage, data are not directly comparable with figures for earlier years

⁻Data not available

⁻Data not reported

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared April 1989)

Table 81.—Number and percentage of public elementary and secondary education agencies, by State and type of agency: 1987-88

State or other area	Total agencies	Regular sch including s union cor	upervisory	service age supervise		State-op agen		Federally-or other a	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	17,063	15,577	91.3	1,144	6.7	183	1.1	159	0.9
Alabama	132 56	129 55	97 7 98 2	0	00	0	00 18	3	2.3 0.0
Arizona	242	240	99 2	2	08	0	0.0	0	0.0
Arkansas	352 1,157	331 1,084	94.0 93 7	18 67	5 1 5 8	3 6	09 0 5	0 0	0.0 0 0
Colorado	199	177	88 9	21	10 6	1	0.5	o	0 0
Connecticut	176 22	166 19	94 3 86 4	6 0	24 00	4 3	2.3 13 6	0	0.0 0.0
District of Columbia	1	1	100.0	0	0 0	0	00	0	0.0
Florida	67	67	100 0	0	00	0	00	0	0.0
Georgia	186 1	186 1	100 0 100 0	0	00	0	00	0	0 0 0.0
idaho	115	115	100 0	0	0.0	ő	00	ŏ	0.0
Illinois	1,069	986	92 2	46	43	5	05	32	3.0
Indian	331	303	91 5	24	73	3	0.9	1	0.3
lowa	468 304	436 304	93 2 100 0	15 0	32	17 0	36 00	0	0.0 0.0
Kentucky	258	178	69 0	0	00	78	30 2	2	0.8
Louisiana	89 298	66 200	74 2 67 1	6 97	6 7 32 6	6 0	67 00	11	12 4 0.3
Maryland	24	24	100 0	0	00	0	00	o	0 0
Massachusetts	428	396	92 5	32	75	0	00	0	0.0
Michigan	624 505	563 436	90 2 86 3	57 69	91	4 0	06 00	0	0.0 0.0
Mississippi	167	152	91 0	15	90	ŏ	00	ŏ	0.0
Missoun	545	544	99 8	1	02	0	00	0	00
Nebraska	632 1,010	550 891	87 0 88 2	80 112	12 7 11 1	2 7	03	0	ა 0 ნ 0
Nevada	17	17	100 0	0	00	0	00	Ō	0.0
New Hampshire	229	173	75 5	0	00	0	00	56	24.5
New Jersey	622 88	604 88	97 1 100 0	15 0	24 00	3	05	0	0.0 0.0
New York	763	722	94 6	41	5 4	0	00	0	0.0
North Carolina	142 353	140 303	98 6 85 8	0 39	00 110	2 5	14	0 6	0 0 1. 7
Оню	797	703	88 2	92	11.5	2	03	0	
Oklahoma	655	611	93 3	20	31	6	00	24	00 37
Oregon	340	304	89 4	29	85	6	18	1	03
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	601 41	501 40	83 4 97 6	98 0	163	2	03 24	0	0 0 0 0
South Carolina	95	91	95 8	0	00	3	32	1	1,1
South Dakota	227	194	85 5	13	57	0	00	20	88
Tennessee	141 1.095	141 1,063	100 0 97 1	0 20	00 18	0	00 10	0	0 0 0.1
Utah	48	40	83 3	6	125	2	42	ö	0.1
Vermont	334	275	82 3	59	177	0	0.0	ō	00
Virginia Washington	157 296	136 296	86 6 100 0	19 0	121	2 0	13	0	0.0 0 0
West Virginia	55	55	100 0	ŏ	00	ŏ	00	ŏ	00
Wisconsin	451 58	431 49	95 6 84 5	20 5	4 4 8 6	0 4	00 69	0	00
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1	1	100 0	0	00	0	00	o	00
Guam Northern Mananas	1 1	1 1	100 0 100 0	0 0	00	0	0 0 0 0	0	0.0 0 0
Puerto Rico	1	1	100 0	0 0	00	0	00	0	00
Virgin Islands	1	1	100 0	0	00	0	00	0	0.0

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 82.—Enrollment of the 130 largest public school districts: Fall 1987

Name of school district	State	Rank order ¹	Enrollment, fall 1987	Name of school district	State	Rank order 1	Enrollmen fall 1987
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
New York City Schools	NY	1	939,933	Davis County	Utah		40.00
Los Angeles Unified	Calif	ż	568,754	Brevard County	Fla	66 67	49,68
City Of Chicago .	111	3	419,537	Ysieta ISD	Tex	68	49,51 49,31
Dade County Schools	Fla	4	253,720	Northside ISD	Tex	69	46,82
Philadelphia City	Pa	5	194,698	San Juan Unified	Calif	70	46,71
Houaton ISD	Tex	6	191,708	Buffalo City Schools	NY	71	46,28
Detroit .	Mich	7	181,583	Jefferson County	Aia	72	46,23
Hawaii Dept Of Education	Hi	8	168,160	St Louis City	Mo	73	46,12
Broward County Dallac 150	Fia Tex	9	137,366 130,885	Sacramento City Unified Wichita	Calif Kans	74 75	46,06 45,68
Hillsborough County	Fla						-
San Diego City Unified	Calif	11 12	118,171 11 6 ,557	Cumberland County Seattle	N.C.	76	44,21
Fairfax County .	Va	13	112,599	Toledo City	Wash	77	43,85
Baltimore City .	Md	14	110,189	Seminole County	Оhю Fla	78 79	43,57
Memphis City .	Tenn	15	107,345	Birmingham City	Ala	80	43,51 42,98
Duval County .	Fla	16	105.049	Tulsa City	Okla	81	42,738
Prince George's County	Md	17	104,412	Charleston County	SC	82	42,730 42,501
Clark County	Nev	18	100,C27	Escambia County	Fla	83	42,066
Montgomery County	Md	19	96,271	Corpus Christi ISD	Tex	84	41,650
lefferson County	i y	20	93,198	Volusia County	Fla	85	41,829
dilwaukee	Wis	21	91,648	Omaha Public Schools	Nebr	86	41,416
Palm Beach County	Fla	22	89,944	Arlington ISD	Tex	87	41,414
Orange County .	Fla	23	88,878	Anchorage	Alaska	88	40,941
Pinellas County. DC Public Schools	Fia	2.	88,866	Fulton County	Ga	89	40,154
OC Fublic Schools	DC	25	86,435	Minneapolis Special	Minn	90	39,993
Orleans Parish School Board	La	26	84,201	Pittsburgh City	Pa	91	39,921
Mbuquerque	N Mex	27	82,416	Oklahoma City	Okla	92	39,149
Sattimore County efferson County	Md	28	81,152	North East ISD	Tex	93	38,688
Mecklenburg County-Charlotte	Colo N C	29 30	75,337 74,680	Forsyth County-Winston-Salem Santa Aria Unified	N C Calif	94 95	38,588 38,184
DeKalb County	Ga	31	73,865	Lee County	-	20	-
rante	Utah	32	73,312	Aldine ISD	Fla Tex	96 97	37,708
Reveland City	Ohio	33	72.639	Kanawha County	W Va	98	37,657 36,636
fobile County	Ala	34	67,619	Garden Grove Unified	Calif	99	36,289
lashville-Davidson County	Tenn	35	67,538	Chesterfield County	Va	100	36,056
ort Worth ISD	Tex	36	67,191	Alpine	Utah	101	36,005
Columbus City	Ohio	37	65,562	Montgomery County Schools	Ala	102	35,964
Itlanta City	Ga	38	65,417	Kansas City	Mo	103	35,500
Inne Arundel County	Md	39	64,432	Brownsville ISD	Tex	104	35,255
cobb County	Ga	40	64,172	San Bernardino City Unified	Calif	105	35,033
an Francisco Unified	Calif	41	63.881	Prince William County	Va	106	34,960
ong Beach Unified I Paso ISD	Calif	42	62,641	Pasadena ISD	Tex	107	34,880
resno Unified	Tex	43	61,800	Garland ISD	Tex	108	34,603
an Antonio ISD	Calif Tex	44 45	61,539 61,501	Akron City Washoe County	Ohio Nev	109 110	34,563 34,538
ustin ISD	Tou	46		-			
olk County	Tex Fla	46	61,402	Cypress-Fairbanks ISD	Tex	111	34,073
ordan	Utah	47	61,391 61,230	Clayton County Shelby County	Ga	112	33,893
/ake County	NC	49	59.687	Richmond County	Tenn	113	33,753
oston	Mass	50	59,445	Calcasieu Parish School Board	Ga La	114	33,373 33,192
enver County	Colo	51	59,439	Saint Paul	24.00		
lesa Unified	Ariz	52	59,367	Chatham County	Minn Ga	116 117	32,981 32,616
irginia Beach City	Va	53	58.763	Norfolk City	Va	118	32,511
efferson Parish School Board	La	54	57,827	Jackson Municipal	Miss	119	32,493
ast Baton Rouge Parish School Board	La	55	57,810	Fort Wayne Community Schools	Ind	120	32,405
ucson Unified	Arız	56	55.175	Anoka	Minn	121	32,375
winnett County	Ga	57	54,754	Rochester City Schools	NY	122	32,375
incinnati City	Ohio	58	53.078	Richardson ISD	Tex	123	32,080
ortland addo Parish School Board	Oreg La	59 60	52,996 52,930	Mt Diablo Unified Dayton City	Calif	124	31,763
		80	32,830	Daytor City	Ohio	125	31,392
akland Unified ewark	Calif	61	51.298	Gaston County	NC	126	31,217
reenville County	NJ SC	62 63	50 888	Fayette County	Ky	127	31.191
nox County	Tenn	64	50.886	Montebello Unified Stocklop City Hayland	Calif	128	31.154
dianapolis Public Schools	Ind	65	50.533 50.496	Stockton City Unified Colorado Springs	Calif	129	31,051
	1		30,430	Colorado Obilinga	Colo	130	30,702

^{*} Public school districts ranked by size of enrollment in fall 1987 ISD = Independent School District

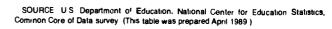




Table 83.—Selected statistics for public school districts enrolling more than 20,000 pupils, by State: 1986-87

		!	Class				R	evenues an	d expenditui	es ² 1986-8	7 (in thousa	nds of dolla	rs)		Curr
Name of district, by State	Ctata	1987	room	Pupils per	Number of			receipts			T .	openditures	,	Interest	expe
Name of district, by State	State	Enroll- ment	teach- ers, ¹ 1987	teacher 1987	schools, 1987	Total	Federal	State	Local	Total expendi- tures 3	Total	Instruc- tion	Capital outlay	Interest on school debt	94 198 87 4 dolla
1	2	3	4	÷	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Districts with more than 20,000 students.	-	12,246,325	602,274	20.3	17,307	\$46,460,028	\$3,447,414	\$22,882,129	\$20,130,485	\$45,697,258	\$42,111,097	\$24,677,848	\$2,868,480	\$717,681	83
unchorage	Alaska	40,941	1,986	20 8	79	281,874	8,724	202,132	71,018	281,779	233,727	142,704	37,805	10.246	
Irmingham City	Ala	42,987	2,076	20 7	90	110.611	15,396	59,960	35,255	106,538	103,094	56,748	3,372	72	
luntsville City efferson County	Ala	25,127	1,318	19 1	39	71,214	10,382	35,921	24,931	72,893	66,075	37,774	6,020	798	2
lobile County	Ala	46,233	2,278	20 3	74	110,089	8,984	68,199	35,906	110,028	107,324	64,344	1,152	1,552	2
fontgomery County Schools	Ala Ala	87,619 35,964	3,110	21 7	86	147,389	20,122	91,599	35,668	153,065	141,759	81,873	8,834	2,471	2
	~16	35,904	1,784	20 2	51	78,661	12,212	48,636	17,633	79,197	74,550	44,935	4,647	0	2
lesa Unified	Arız Arız.	59,387 24.858	2,700 1,204	22 0	59	173,285	8,014	101,648	65,625	176,868	131,620	78,461	34,814	10,433	:
ucson Unified	Ariz.	55,175	2,320	20 8 23 8	27	76,174	1,606	41,363	33,205	72,371	62,177	36,242	5,323	4,870	
/ashington School	Anz	21,583	1,097	197	87 32	194,508 66,660	10,096 2,284	101,110 42,452	63,302 21,923	198,791	179,838	105,120	18,434	519	
		'	1,007		J E	00,000	2,204	42,432	21,823	66,895	58,255	37,944	6,996	1,444	
ttle Rock ulaski County Special	Ark Ark	26,854	1,546	17.4	50	58,510	8,178	17,021	35,312	63,556	56,445	35,027	5,933	1,179	
mesic county species	A/K	22,280	1,186	18 8	37	82,381	4,544	41,114	36,724	81,197	72,997	43,990	5,469	2,731	
3C Unified.	Cairf	21,416	861	24 9	29	81,728	3,335	62,265	18,128	77.922	75,238	45,781	2.354	330	
aheim Union High	Cairf	21,804	897	24 3	19	93,692	2,345	59,517	31,830	81,543	79,050	46,583	1,737	756	
kersfield City Elementary pistrano Unified .	Calif	21,225	915	23 2	32	85,109	5,476	42,750	18,883	81,398	59,281	35,688	2,116	/30	
empton Unified	Cairl Cairl	21,920 26,205	919 1,125	23 9 23 3	26 35	63,973	666	30,454	32,853	58,907	54,784	33,181	2,979	1,144	
ast Side Union High	Cald	22,507	943	23 9	12	109,397 86,540	12,312 4,187	63,135	13,950	102,853	99,998	54,700	2,764	91	
emont Unified .	Calif	25,974	1,118	23 2	38	84,761	2,585	52,903 58,935	31,450 23,241	82,384 79,941	78,740	43,708	2,562	1,081	
esno Unified .	Calrl	61,539	2,818	23 5	84	211,253	17,241	156,572	37,441	199,854	78,668 189,893	48,156	1,103	170	
arden Grove Unified .	Calif	36,289	1,474	24 8	57	127,960	6,681	80,710	40,569	121,569	118,292	115,319 74,521	9,704 3,039	257 238	
endale Unified	Cairl	21,332	833	25 6	28	67,797	3,473	48,877	15,648	65,011	62,544	37.865	2,404	62	
cienda La Puente Unified	Cairl.	22,782	874	26 0	35	88,228	4,574	69,813	13,841	84,956	82,772	51,149	2,184	0	
di Unfied ng Beach Unified.	Calif	21,379	899	23 8	35	81,844	2,118	48,664	11,065	61,120	55,372	34,780	5,137	610	
e Angeles Unified	Cairl Calif	62,641 568,754		-1	_	227,157	19,447	171,101	36,609	215,997	212,101	123,783	3,896	0	
ontebello Unified.	Calif	31,154	1,153	27 0	28	2,379,388 109,771	197,359 8,953	1,810,356	371,873	2,284,966	2,210,177	1,275,145	71,262	3,527	
oreno Valley Unified	Calif	20,518	829	24 8	20	63,262	2,035	86,498 54,896	14,320 8,531	105,819	101,525	60,221	3,729	365	
Diablo Unified .	Cairl	31,763	1,366	23 2	44	113,244	2,956	69,936	40,352	54,755 101,092	38,442 98,636	22,188	16,243	70	
kland Unified	Catif	51,298	2,217	23 1	93	196,559	19,014	146,033	31.513	201,813	197,847	81,447 108,262	2,098 2,379	358	
ange Unified	Calif	24,618	1,047	23 5	37	85,398	2,827	45,393	37,379	82,158	79,061	45,550	2,481	1,587 636	
sadena Unified .	Calri	22,064	923	23 9	31	80,228	6,065	58,371	15,792	80,663	78,534	43,755	2,071	58	
mona Unified way Unified	Calif	23,852	935	25 5	32	82,448	6,548	67,481	8,419	80,980	78,275	46,215	2,665	40	
chmond Unified	Cairl Cairl	20,212 28,222	828 1,208	24 4	20	57,199	1,242	33,132	22,825	53,394	51,771	31,220	1,418	207	
/araide Unified	Cairi	27,474	1.096	23 4 25 1	48 36	95,872 95,142	6,550 4,743	63,666	25,656	93,499	92,208	50,938	1,211	80	
cramento City Unified	Cairl	48.064	1,906	24 2	71	160,150	13,221	59,858 117,332	20,541	82,136	80,001	44,877	1,754	381	
	Calif	22,294	899	248	29	77,770	1,028	37,225	29,597 39,517	160,035 67,715	154,153 63,587	92,768	5,552	330	
	Calri	35,033	1,423	24 6	52	113,846	7,193	86,203	20,450	109,885	107,693	39,827 62,862	3 135 2,087	994	
	Calif	118,557	4,773	24 4	154	444,848	32,757	237,486	174,604	432,180	421,837	235,205	9,992	106 351	
	Calif	63,661	2,920	21 9	110	242,950	19,059	181,095	42,796	235,435	220,360	124,003	15.074	35	;
	Calif	29,333	1,442	20 3	40	117,293	6,818	85,248	45,427	111,036	107,645	65,780	2,361	1.031	
	Calif	48,710 38,184	2,062 1,546	22 7	85	158,953	6,246	115,754	36,953	151,436	148,232	84,480	4,926	278	
	Calif	31,051	1,295	24 7 24 0	41 42	133,801	8,198	87,608	37,994	127,765	110,896	89,305	16,323	747	;
1	Calif	26,285	1,029	25 5	20	104,171 91,784	10.108 4,646	78,271 68,867	15,792 20,251	104,892 89,931	101,828 86,706	57,812 51,366	2,622 3,107	242 117	;
ams-Arapahoe (Aurora)	Cala	25.054				ļ		i		1		31,300	3,107	'''	•
	Colo Colo	25,951	1,409	18 4	43	102,834	3,869	50,004	48,960	122,083	85,221	47,551	26,832	10,030	
	Colo	20,635 26,739	1,147 1,430	18 2	41	66,009	2,122	26,583	57,303	88,621	77,675	42,996	9,131	1,818	
	Colo	30,702	1,430	18 7 19 0	35 53	119,001 109,724	873 5,380	31,135 48,044	86,993 56,299	127,967 104,049	95,043	54,965	24,033 7,760	8,891	
											96,160	57,662		129	3



Table 83.—Selected statistics for public school districts enrolling more than 20,000 pupils, by State: 1986-87—Continued

			Class-				R	evenues and	expenditur	es ² 1986-8	7 (in thousa	nds of dollar	s)		Curr
Name of district, by State	State	1987 Enroll-	room teach	Pupils per	Number of		Revenue	receipts			Current ex	penditures		Interest	expe ture
		ment	ers,1 1987	teacher 1987	schools, 1987	Total	Federal	State	Local	Total expendi- tures ³	Total	Instruc- tion	Capital outlay	on school debt	94 198 87 4 dolla
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	10
efferson County lorthglenn-Thornton	Colo Colo	75,337 20,602	3,555 1,094	21 2 18 8	123 33	296,587 75,899	6,966 1,826	135,123 41,656	154,498 32,416	298,185 80,745	282,933 61,273	165,072 35,357	12,658 14,347	2,593	;
lartford	Conn	25,058	1,635	15 3	31	104,008	12,907	62,618	28,482	94,794	93,045	70,462	535	5,125 1,214	
C Public Schools	DC	86,435	5,498	15 7	188	441,372	44,771	0	396,601	439,554	403,419	254,805	36,135	0	
lachua County	Fia	23,927	1,333	17 9	38	86,265	7,266	53,203	25,796	93,614	80,305	41,225	10,384	2,925	
ay County	Fla	21,541	1,193	18 1	32	69,798	6,454	45,298	18,046	68,812	65,636	37,331	2.872	104	
revard County	Fla	49,510	2,853	17.4	68	168,880	10,731	91,115	67,033	167,957	151,607	84,456	15,580	770	
roward County	Fia	137,366	7,104	193	165	564,894	29,963	243,805	291,126	538,235	488.640	258,081	45,836	3,758	
ade County Schools	Fia	253,720	14,014	18 1	292	1,026,930	82,435	521,069	423,426	1.018.743	936,261	540,212	78,428	3,758 4,053	
uval County	Fla	105,049	5,623	18 7	146	351,048	28,597	223,919	93,532	343,928	321,699	172,310	20,686		
scambia County	Fia	42,066	2,402	17 5	68	143,187	13,146	94,755	35,287	140,519	134,598			1,543	
illsborough County	Fla	118,171	6,962	17 0	165	451,587	37,725	261,614	152,249	465,399		72,543	5,281	641	
e County	Fla	37,708	1,923	196	59	142,27	9,128	50.522	82,626	138,442	397,655	214,206	60,939	6,806	
son County	Fla	24,927	1,414	176	40	94.672	7,170	58.941	28,582	94,348	118,178	58,915	19,559	705	
anatee County	Fia	23,766	1,316	18 1	38	92.073	6.137	39.686	46,250		86,853	46,016	4,859	636	
arion County	Fia	26,433	1,469	18 0	35	90,549	7,595	56,557	26,397	88,452	78,452	42,633	8,889	1,111	l
raloosa County	Fla	24.662	1.388	17.8	34	78,338	6,489	49,583	22,266	93,712	85,598	46,656	7,908	206	
ange County .	Fla	88,878	5,042	17.6	127	327,465	21,301			74,366	72,668	38,717	1,203	495	
im Beach County	Fia	89,944	5,587	16 1	124	371,914		169,593	136,570	308,383	286,081	158,127	19,194	1,108	
sco County.	Fla	30,305	1,743		40		19,228	110,277	242,410	374,709	325,930	175,933	47,696	1,083	
nelias County .	Fla	88,866		17 4		110,029	6,929	63,560	39,540	103,292	94,879	49,913	6.861	1,552	
olk County			5,321	16 7	129	359,679	19,296	168,747	171,636	345,217	310,752	176,090	32,916	1,549	ĺ
vasota County	Fla	61,391	3,504	175	102	204,080	17,512	122,677	63,891	200,128	186,912	104,930	12,443	773	i
minole County	Fla	26 123	1,533	170	34	121,020	6,352	36,500	78,168	119,113	102,108	53,614	15,906	1,098	
olusia County	Fla Fla	43,511 41,829	2,264 2,232	19 2 18 7	45 59	135,461 149,440	6,352 8,817	84,211 72,915	44,898 67,708	134,038 146,199	1 16,947 126,235	64,729 68,455	16,443 14,070	647 5.893	
danta City	Ga	65,417	3,737	17 5	113	309,010	15,139	124,895	168,976	281,352	267,194	129,675	14,158	0	
bb County	Ga	24,346	1,335	18 2	39	80,586	7,161	46,021	27,404	74,927	69,308	39,017	5.025	595	
atham County	Ga	32,616	1,792	18 2	50	118,799	9,224	62,072	47,503	104,666	99,115	54,045	5,484	67	
lyton County .	Ga	33,893	1,796	18 9	41	95,566	3,751	49,419	42,396	93,379	88,106	47,651	4.118	1,154	
bb County	Ga	64,172	3,538	18 i	74	177,640	4,692	83,742	89,206	179,690	148,871	81,345	25.079	5,740	
Kalb County	Ga	73,865	4,100	180	103	313,216	5,221	133,904	174,092	267.635	248,401	132,986	16,295	2,938	
ton County .	Ga	40,154	2,203	18 2	72	159,813	4,529	58,283	97,001	127,274	117,641	67,131	7,838	1,795	
innett County	Ga	54,754	2,945	186	54	158,707	2,073	81,786	74,848	144.517	121,711	67,025	18,078	4,727	
scogee County	Ga	30,570	1,636	187	53	139,324	11,800	59,487	68,038	130,686	125,825	55,906	4,312	549	
hmond County	Ga	33,373	1,766	18 9	50	99,621	7,863	55,039	36,719	86,169	82,350	46,441	2,162	1,656	
wair Dept Of Education	Hi	166,160	9,270	179	229	536,251	58,523	455,827	21,901	536,251	488,293	302,165	47,958	0	
ise City ISD	idaho	22,047	1,088	20 3	40	52,430	3,566	24,962	23,901	52,571	49,678	36,910	1,635	1,257	
y Of Chicago .		419,537	21,753	193	597	1,/04,896	207,052	877,238	620,606	1,621,231	1,567,355	869,748	41,863	12,013	
ckford . nool District 48	III III	27,655 26,141	1,646 1,323	16 8 19 8	55 49	99,448 83,241	5,370 3,584	45,888 35,435	48,199 44,221	93,099 77,951	86,929 73,722	51,844 47,008	3,027 1,677	3,144 2,552	
neulle Vanderburch Caboole		20.70-	4 24 -									,	.,,	2,552	
ansville-Vanderburgh Schools	Ind	22,727	1,312	173	36	78,451	4,939	37,242	36,269	76,760	70,955	38,829	5,624	182	
t Wayne Community Schools	Ind	32,405	1,639	198	54	103,791	5,714	53,1 46	44,932	105,338	97,069	52,617	7,096	1,173	
ry Community Schools Ianapolis Public Schools	ind ind	27,673	1,436	193	43	94,469	8,828	55,047	30,593	95,075	89,576	47,010	4,010	1,489	
th Bend Community Schools	Ind Ind	50,496 21,861	2,912 1,288	173 170	91 36	213,070 74,149	17,626 4,324	118,891 37,103	76,554 32,722	191,754 75,781	178,411 67,175	92,377 36,797	13,343 8,181	0 424	
Moines Independent Community	lowa	30,429	1,821	16 7	63	109,173	6,913	57,367	44,893	109,551	103,581	84,887	5,429	541	
nene City	Van-	00 000					1	_	l	!	l	j	- 1		
ness City	Kans	23,239	1,196	19 4	48	81,729	4,103	51,727	25,899	79,130	74,701	44,541	4,038	442	
wnee Mission Public School	Kans	30,343	1,866	16.3	54	110,569	1,612	27,379	81,578	111,855	103,219	68,597	8,401	234	

Table 83.—Selected statistics for public school districts enrolling more than 20,000 pupils, by State: 1986-87—Continued

	1		Class-				Re	venues and	d expenditur	es ² 1986-8	7 (in thousa	inds of dollar	rs)		Current
Name of district, by State	State	1987 Enroil-	room teach-	Pupils per	Number of		Revenue				T	penditures		Interest	expende ture pe
		ment	ers,1 1987	teacher 1987	schools, 1987	Total	Federal	State	Local	Total expendi- tures 3	Total	Instruc- tion	Capital outlay	on school debt	pupil, 1986- 87 4 (in dollars)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Wichita	Kans	45,689	2,400	190	94	162,220	4,945	61,476	95,800	156,219	145,822	85,316	9,153	1,244	3,23
Fayette County	Ky Ky	31,191 93,198	1,918 5,287	163 176	54 159	76,023 246,703	5,623 23,748	41,044 139,543	29,356 83,413	84,454 307,368	78,738 285,992	55,350 176,479	2,630	3,086	2,60
Caddo Parish School Board .	La	52,930	2,506	21 1	72	132,438	13,437	79.061				l i	14,018	7,358	3,00
Calcadeu Parleh School Board	La	33,192	1,484	22 4	58	81,595	7,331	50.069	39,940	150,369	141,817	73,192	7,159	1,392	2,74
East Baton Rouge Parish School Board	La	57,810	3,443	16 8	102	148,870	15.258		24,195	100,5 9	82,339	39,778	14,663	3,518	2,42
Jefferson Parish School Board	La.	57,827	3,147	18 4	85	145,161	14,432	96,690	38,922	180,628	173,674	80,786	6,234	721	2,87
Lafayette Parish School Board	La	27,571	1,571	17.5	40	62,913	6.010	91,333	39,396	199,641	167,281	81,855	24,195	8,165	2,89
Orleans Parish School Board	La	84,201	4,663	18 1	123	224,549		42,283	14,620	75,769	67,698	36,851	1,547	6,523	2,41
Rapides Parish School Board	La	24,324	1,207	20 2	49	61,684	41,250	122,383	60,916	275,149	250,972	118,240	20,700	3,477	2,94
St. Tammany Parish School Board	La	26,415	1,471	180	42	61,076	9,219	40,754	11,711	64,451	61,961	30,466	1,812	678	2,55
Terrebonne Parish School Board	La	21,210	1,167	18 2	42	46,434	4,299 5,407	37,878 30,405	18,900 10,622	88,845 55,012	67,847 5≥,031	34,966 25,270	16,946 2,407	4,052 573	2,58 2,42
Anne Arundel County	Md	64,432	3,555	18 1	113	234,902	11.045	00.074				ŀ	- 1		
Baltimore City	Md	110,189	5,696	193	179	375,492		69,671	154,186	207,580	198,076	120,261	8,864	640	3,11
Baltimore County	Md	81,152	4,945	164	149	349,888	50,202	182,528	142,762	381,358	348,272	204,750	9,457	3,629	3,11
Carroll County	Md	20.664	1.085	190	32		11,926	72,168	265,793	344,619	324,643	188,127	17,427	2,549	4,02
Frederick County	Md	25,242	1,389	18 2	41	61,661	2,834	25,061	33,765	60,661	56,086	34,66	4,424	151	2,84
Howard County	Md	26,653	1,469			83,692	3,704	28,671	51,317	82,845	73,756	43,325	8,013	1,076	3,10
Montgomery County .	Md	96,271	5,570	18 1	44	1,4,727	3,164	23,860	87,704	112,852	100,860	56,979	11,127	865	4,03
Prince George's County	Md			173	156	468,411	13,101	60,468	394,841	474,656	437,184	268,821	30,855	6,617	4,70
•		104,412	5,692	183	171	398,125	2,39.2	131,744	243,989	386,405	369,254	204,265	15,035	2,116	3,56
Boston	Mass	59,445	-1	-1	119	349,431	37,421	106,282	205,729	331,569	313,645	188 711	5,640	40.004	
Springfield .	Mass	22,915	-1	-	42	88,037	9,510	63,638	14,889	85,778	84,569	52,440	243	12,284	5,76
Worcester .	Mass	20,323	-	-	48	86,083	10,111	44,486	31,484	88,295	83,449	48,841	4,180	965 667	3,54 4,17
Detroit	Mich	181,583	-	_	280	768,900	78,388	435,952	254,560	744,389	714,702	200 074	47.074		
Flint City	Mich	30,449		-1	54	128 466	8,488	55,671	64,307	131,477	129,898	398,274	17,971	11,696	3,51
Grand Rapids City	Mich	27,155	-1	-	80	130.961	8,043	48,256	74,662	114,744	109,312	63,203	1,579	0	3,896
Lansing	Wich	22,689	-	-	43	99,571	4,968	31,600	63,003	96 744		58,871	3,273	2,160	2,72
"tica Community Schools	w ch	24,031		-	41	92,022	959	24,313	66,750	86,646	93,991 81,377	50,186 47,417	1,908 1,476	846 3,793	3,67 3,26
Anoka	Minn	32.375	1,708	.90	38	110,751	3,352	70,259				i	İ	i	
Minneapolis Special	Minn I	39,993	2,089	191	55	185,012	12,098		37,141	109,786	103,587	56,575	5,407	793	.343
Saint Paul	Minn	32,981	1,782	18.5	51	151,155	11,036	62,077	110,837	189,317	170,016	89,570	14,441	4,860	4,50
Jackson Municipal .	Miss			1				60,737	79,382	147,509	137,667	72,426	6,126	3,716	4,59
•		32,493	-	-	55	92,337	11,648	39,090	41,599	85,171	82,143	41,934	2,175	853	2,66
Kansas City	Mo	35,500	2,137	16 6	74	138,253	14,087	42,186	81,979	139,334	134,499	76,735	4 705		
Parkway Socioeffold	Mo	23,306	1,231	189	25	82,444	537	15,196	66,711	81,067	75,162	45,639	4,785	50	3,715
Springfield	Mo	23,229	1,286	18 1	56	63,973	3,309	21,583	39,081	67,059	61,034	39,345	4,127	1,778	3,357
St Louis City	Мо	46,128	3,401	136	129	239,323	28,405	1 '6,603	94,315	225,152	219.089	121,136	5,349 5,732	676 331	2,603 4,545
Lincoln Public Schools Omaha Public Schools	Nebr Nebr	25,974	1,567	166	46	95,846	4,952	16,330	74,564	91,170	86,695	43,936	4,505	0	3,518
]]	41,416	2,240	18 5	82	154,985	10,469	38,721	105,795	151,907	144,908	70,539	6,999	ŏ	3,568
Clark County Vashoe County	Nev Nev	100,027 34,538	4,438 1,663	22 5 20 8	125 62	318,582 115,553	13,884 2,550	208,304 72,152	96,394 40,850	301,579 113,783	284,933 104,890	166 509 64,667	12,831 5,873	3,815 3,020	3,116 3,236
Suncombe County	NC	21,939	1,321	166	38	79,022	3,832	43,398	31,792	76,226		l			
Cumberland County	NC	44,216	2,399	184	69	123,106	13,258	79,645	30,202		62,511	37,892	12,584	1,131	2,857
orsyth County-Winston-Salem	NC .	38,588	2,417	160	55	129,311	7,372	75,567		124,327	119,763	76,120	3,993	571	2,718
iaston County	NC	31,217	1,667	18 7	54	88,163	5,855	59,039	46,372	125,514	122,622	76,747	1,776	1,116	3,126
ireensboro City	NC	20,906	1,266	16.5	38	78,681	4,348		23,269	88,924	81,562	54,537	4,753	609	2,535
luilford County	NC	23,984	1,427	168	40	83 613	3,623	43,517	30,815	75,524	73,425	46,560	2,099	0	3,360
leckienburg County—Charlotte	NC	74.680	3,889	192	106	261,191		45,881	34,109	78,947	74,600	45,179	3,108	1,238	3,125
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		,	-,	102	100	201,191	15,232	145,396	100,563	253,425	244,264	147,475	8,293	868	3,35

Table 83.—Selected statistics for public school districts enrolling more than 20,000 pupils, by State: 1986-87—Continued

			Class-				R	evenues and	d expenditur	es ² 1986-8	7 (in thousa	nds of dollar	rs)		Currer
Name of district, by State	State	1987 Enroll-	room teach-	Pupils per	Number of		Revenue	receipts			Current ex	penditures		Interest	expend ture po
	Sidio	ment	ers,1 1987	teacher 1987	schools, 1987	Total	Federal	State	Local	Total expendi- tures ³	Total	Instruc- tion	Capital outlay	on school debt	946- 1986- 87 4 (I dollars
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
ake County	NC	59,687	3,422	17.4	80	185,785	8,576	107,708	69,500	180,549	170,007	104,619	10.038	504	2.9
ersey City	ИJ	28.865	1.812	159	37	164,024	15,437	100,881	47,706	147,950	140.838	95.199	4,783	2,329	4,5
ewark	NJ	50,888	3,329	153	82	306,807	43,800	202,336	60,670	281,931	274,436	169,348	7,495	2,323	5,0
aterson 	ИЛ	22,500	1,589	14 2	33	116,917	12,194	79,287	25,436	108,414	92,572	64,100	13,964	1,878	3.8
buquerque	N Mex	32,416	4,424	18 6	117	254,587	20,184	213,417	20,986	261,821	227,752	102,730	32.800	1,269	3,0
uffalo City Schools	NY	46.282	2,974	156	74	230,784	22,371	135,405	73.007	233,971	226,897	129,539	5,102	1,972	5,1
w York City Schools	NY	939,933	52,953	17.8	993	5.012,085	384,658	1,921.006	2,706.421	4,486,907	4,250,852	2.891,277	173,144	62.911	4,5
ochester City Schools racuse City Schools	NY	32,241	2.270	142	54	184,801	12.943	81,644	90,214	187,994	176.663	106,106	8,260	3.071	5.
•	N.Y	21,640	1,911	11 3	33	112.701	7,339	54,433	50,929	117,990	108,018	64.957	7,099	2,874	5,
kron City	Опю	34,563	1,863	18 6	58	134.244	11,899	64,250	58,095	136,274	128,738	86,906	7,151	384	3.
ncinnati City eveland City	Ohio	53,078	2,757	193	87	227.078	19.075	105,026	102,977	221,135	208,590	135,154	7 900	4,645	4.0
evening City Sumbus City	Ohio Ohio	72,639	3.578	20 3	130	364,652	23,478	163,054	178,120	375,993	362,988	202,603	8,432	4,573	4.
lyton City	Ohio	65.562 31.392	3,568 1,510	18 4 20 8	139 42	284,922	25,829	120,351	138,742	264,852	256,055	161,283	4.920	3.876	3,
oledo City	Ohio	43,574	2,240	195	66	146,465 176,531	16,506 11,650	65,343 85,412	64,612 79,469	143,075 169.634	137,454 165,853	79 266 101,392	5,621 2,567	0 1,214	4,0 3,0
klahoma City	Okla	39.149	1,892	20 7	84	120,266	10,653	64.070							
isa City	Okla	42,738	2,040	21 0	89	137,753	8.250	61,273 68.850	48.340 60.654	129,942 140,111	108,667 130,679	67,715 88,444	19.031 9.296	2,245 136	2, 2,
everton	Oreg	21,921	1,098	20 0	36	89,391	1,884	47.002	70.004				ł		
ortland	Oreg	52,996	2,299	23 1	100	264,915	15,662	17,283 45,630	70.224 203.623	86,088 251,851	80.682 229.072	46,716	3,584	1,822	3.
llem/Keizer	Oreg	25.726	1,074	240	48	93,826	4.974	28.779	50.074	109,563	91,603	119.626 51,263	15,915 13,886	6,864 4,074	4,4 3.6
Hadelphia City	Pa	194.698	10.756	18 1	255	849,089	100,139	447,948	301.002	871,675	798,785	439,458	34.836	38.054	
tsburgh City	Pa	39,921	2,437	16 4	79	206,698	15,621	84,999	106.078	253,468	215,327	111,777	30.530	7,610	4,0 5,3
ken County	sc	22,892	1,149	19 9	37	60,173	4,357	32,539	23,277	64,639	52.690	29.358	9,791	2,158	
rkeley County	SC	26,129	1.373	190	36	65,085	7,800	36,594	20.687	63,358	55,043	30.628	5,102	3,212	2. 2.
arleston County	sc	42,501	2,464	172	70	119,616	12,739	52,038	54,839	121,050	107,417	58,506	6,854	6,779	2.
senville County rry County	S C	50.886	2,971	17	92	132.674	6.091	67.176	59,406	138,351	123.906	70,750	10.066	4,379	2.
hland	sc	23,271 27.438	1,401 1,630	166	35	66,114	6.086	24,534	35,495	67 054	58,578	31,710	4,921	3.556	2
			1	168	52	95,415	9.566	37,704	48,145	92,513	84,910	46.409	3,737	3,866	3
attanooga City milton County	Tenn	23.077 21,436	1,194 1,150	19 3	52	67.152	11,349	23,990	31,813	72.014	64,966	42, 48	6,199	849	2.
ox County	Tenn Tenn	50 533	2,531	18 6 20 0	37	48,412	2,937	20.095	25,379	47,095	45,139	32.590	1,230	726	2
Imphis City	Tenn	107,345	5,225	20 5	94 163	131,972	13,631	49,697	68,644	122,650	115,986	82,151	2,426	4,239	4.
shville—Davidson County	Tenn	67,538	3.868	175	119	301,460 210,969	35.098 15,006	105.834	160,528	362,939	270,936	179,194	87,929	4.074	2,
elby County	Tenn	33,758	1,692	20 0	36	65,769	5,355	68,151 27,158	127,812 33,256	216,934 61,540	187.336 57,145	123,201 39,293	25,367 2,979	4.231 1,417	2. 1.
ine ISD	Tex	37,657	1.971	19 1	35	102,526	5,058	45.823	51,645	96.647			.	l	,
ef ISD	Tex	24,980	1,310	19 1	26	100.611	492	21,303	78,817	88,284	86.954 77.061	52,024	7.649	2.244	2.
anilo ISD	Tex	27.532	1,597	172	47	83,336	4,800	43,985	34,551	83,215	75,911	43,303 44,963	5.532	5,690	3,
ington ISD	Tex	41,414	2.218	187	47	120,306	3.623	37,440	79.243	125,106	103,851	62,077	6.619 12,100	685 9,156	2,
stin ISD	Tex	31,402	3,879	158	103	243,201	12,414	69,445	161,342	297,341	223,841	123,217	64,302	9,130	2,0 3,1
surnont ISD	Tex	20,794	1,194	17.4	32	77,794	6,049	27,034	44,711	79,267	68,350	38,651	10,629	288	3,
ownsville ISD	Tex	35.255	1,986	178	35	112,847	15,352	79,391	18,104	114,838	92.676	59,161	19,143	3,016	2.
er Creek ISD nroe ISD	Tex	20,053	1,112	180	21	68,795	1,487	20,645	46,663	66,321	56,504	33,535	6.265	3,552	2.
nroe ISD rpus Christi ISD	Tex	21,155	1,268	16 4	29	77,281	2,128	28,394	46,759	79,697	67,444	38,309	5,769	6.484	3.
prese—Fairbanks ISD	Tex	41,850 34,073	2,172 2,119	193	61	122,964	10,329	67.831	45,004	123,644	113,264	65,238	9.276	1,104	2.
ias ISD	Tex	130,885	6.904	16 1 19 0	32	123,078	1,060	31,619	90,398	133,462	99,408	57,355	19,920	14,134	3,
or County ISD	Tex	25,770	1,457	177	188 35	459,393 93,684	35,313 4,693	119,022	305,058	468,456	422,147	246,217	37,338	8,972	3.
Pago ISD	Tex.	61,800	3,392	18 2	74	33,004	4,093	29,989	49,003	83,012	75,389	43,549	6,396	1,227	2.0

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Table 83.—Selected statistics for public school districts enrolling more than 20,000 pupils, by State: 1986-87—Continued

Name of district, by State State First				Class-		 		Re	evenues and	d expenditur	es 2 1986-8	7 (:n thousa	inds of dollar	s)		Curre
Total Federal State Local Lo	Name of district, by State	State		room				Revenue	receipts		Total	Current ex	penditures		Interest	exper ture
Fort Bend ISD			ment	ers,¹ 1987			Total	Federal	State	Local	expendi-	Total			on school	999 1986 874 dolla
Fort Worth ISD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Fort Worth ISD Tex 67.191 3, 184 21: 1 110 208,858 17.546 23.70 97.600 20.0531 45.358 44.847 27.848	Fort Bend ISD	Tex	28,738	1,467	196	30	101 015	1 776	22.152	66.006	101.000		 			
Jardam (SD Tex 34,803 1.776 19.5 52 104,777 3.138 47,277 54,306 112,306 112,306 112,006 100,000 10	Fort Worth ISD	Tex													5,249	2
Gouten ISD		Tex	34,603	1.776											7,144	2
wing ISD		Tex	191,708	10,499	183										12,118	:
All Signatures of the control of the		Tex	21,238	1.197	177											1
Hen ISD Tax 23,653 1,371 174 23 69,490 954 34,190 54,346 78,499 67,033 38,915 4,035 6,035		Tex	21,338	1,211	176	26										i
seredo (SD) Tex			23,853	1,371	17.4	23									590	
ABBOOK ISD Tex 30.677 '.991 15.4 58 97.021 7.598 49.859 39.573 96.884 89.686 48.847 6.451 7.777 1.778			22.005	1,264	17 4	27										ļ
sequel ISD Tex			30.677	1,991	15 4	58	97,021									1
orth basis ISD Tex 38,688 2,128 18 2 39 109,000 4,122 4,888 62,110 109,246 99,984 60,094 4,782 4,4880 1,867 187 130,200 7,511 6,65 50 7,511 17,716 113,851 88,314 2,189 2,189 1,100 1,100,100 1,100,100 1,100,100 1,100,100					20 7	32	61,754									
ormased SID Tex 46,822 2,546 184 57 130,200 7,511 65,970 56,779 147,716 113,851 68,314 24,189 9,67				2,128	182		109,100									
Basedona SD					18 4	57	130,200	7,511								
chardson ISD Tex 32,080 1,940 155 50 137,182 101 2,355 27,837 81,110 114,422 81,835 50,755 18,315 14,300 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393 19,3393 18 1 1 17,301 19,3393					187		111,213									!
Tex 32,080 1,940 16.5 5 37,182 10.1 26,298 110,784 131,017 118,452 68,466 2,144 19,000 10.2							111,301	2.355	27.837							Ì
Tex 61.501 3.393 181 97 208.152 24.641 129.265 54.585 201.583 192.038 116.420 7.227 2.51 10.386 10.386 2.585 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 191.40 79.399 97.618 91.870 7.227 2.51 10.386 2.850 11.50 10.4162 33.652 141.542 121.184 73.656 11.702 8.65 11.702 8.70							137.182	101	26,298							
Tex							208,152	24,641	128,926							
Head ISD Tex 49.316 2.778 178 48 149.967 12.153 104.162 33.652 141.542 121.184 73.656 11.702 8.65							101,388	2.850	19.140							
ains County bear County bear C	SIOTA ISD	Tex	49.316	2.778	178	48	149,967	12,153	104.162						8.656	
Utah 49,684 2110 235 69 123,923 7,772 80,375 35,776 138,681 110,333 69,162 16,862 Adam 10 Utah 73,312 3,316 221 98 18,680 7,575 108,383 67,751 188,781 162,616 10,1916 221,883 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,381 32,864 80,982 11,388 3,081 37,735 19,753 182,864 80,982 11,381 32							83,463	3.220	55.621	24,622	83.068	66.450	43.053	12 387	4 221	
Trian Utah 61,230 2,746 223 67 146,265 7,376 92,812 46,077 143,513 128,640 80,982 11,388 3,48 11 148,674 11,364 12,376 1,089 218 46 82,361 6,443 27,046 48,872 83,052 73,324 3,178 8,767 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96								7,772	80,375	35,776						
State City Utah 23.760 1.089 21.8 46 82.361 6.443 27.046 48.872 83.052 73.324 31.75 8.767 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6									106,383	67,751	188,781					
## Bebar County Utah 23,760 1,089 218 46 82,361 6,443 27,046 48,872 83,052 73,324 3,178 8,767 96 96 96 96 96 96 96									92,812	46,077	143,513					
Second County Va 24.673 1.092 22.4 39 61.369 3.881 37.735 19.753 69.405 55.204 31.151 11.578 2.624 2.624 2.625 2										48,872	83.052					
Nesterfield County	and County	Utan	24.243	1,082	22 4	39	61,369	3,881	37,735	19,753	69,405				2.623	
resterfield County Va 36,056 2,363 15.3 48 125,859 3,344 59,367 63,148 136,836 116,053 66,095 66,095 64,115 refrax County Va 28,309 1,864 15.2 49 118,410 3,961 46,926 67,523 117,542 111,101 61,344 5,091 1,355 refront News City Va 24,404 1,521 16.0 33 94,136 7,246 45,719 41,171 99,107 90,355 49,586 4,315 refront News City Va 32,511 2,299 14.1 56 135,486 16,436 61,717 57,333 144,632 140,323 75,080 4,309 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 144,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 144,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 144,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 144,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 144,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 146,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,684 183,607 162,674 100,543 17,237 3,699 refront News City Va 24,796 1,860 1,86		. ∨a	24.673	1.495	165	35	88 987	4 647	44.015	40.324	06 000	70 700				
Inflax County		Va	36,056	2.363												
enrico County		Va	112,599	7,499	150	179										
Neport News City Va 24,404 1,521 160 33 94,136 7,246 45,719 41,171 99 107 90,355 49,586 7,763 964 1,000 1,00		Va	28,309	1,864	152	49										
A 32,511 2,299 14 1 56 135,486 16,436 61,717 57,333 144,632 140,323 75,080 4,309 16,000 16,00				1,521	160											
nee William County hmond City ya 34,960 2,199 15 9 52 139,156 3,281 60,129 75,746 141,055 132,911 72,792 5,329 grina Beach City ya 58,763 3,376 17 4 66 192,334 12,170 94,480 85,684 183,607 143,968 74,828 9,889 215 grina Beach City ya 58,763 3,376 17 4 66 192,334 12,170 94,480 85,684 183,607 162,674 100,543 17,237 3,694 ke Washington wash 43,850 2,325 18 9 108 191,255 17,393 120,786 53,076 198,200 181,454 94,457 12,594 4,155 coma Wash 27,757 1,407 19 7 58 95,923 6,619 67,079 22,225 97,031 89,762 48,300 5,555 1,714 coma Wash 29,487 1,566 18 8 66 135,148 9,629 88,273 37,245 135,833 114,775 63,352 15,543 nawha County W Va 36,636 2,383 15 4 112 122,330 9,969 65,790 46,571 115,817 112,948 69,562 2,816 53 disponsible County W Va 36,636 1,409 15 5 42 106,129 4,580 25,232 76,317 105,099 99,927 65,014 4,348 828		Va	32,511	2,299	14.1											
chmond City Va 24,796 1,866 133 61 145,616 12,438 47,495 85,683 154,077 143,968 74,828 9,889 9,889 9,889 17,237 3,696 184 Wash 20,533 927 22 1 37 75,308 191,255 17,393 120,786 53,076 198,200 181,454 94,457 12,594 160 Wash 27,757 1,407 19 7 58 95,923 6,619 67,079 22,225 97,031 89,762 48,300 5,555 1,714 10,000 181,454 94,457 12,594 11,200 181,454 94,457 12,594 12,					15 9	52	139,156								0	
17.4 66 192,334 12,170 94,480 85,684 183,607 162,674 100,543 17,237 3,696 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543 17,237 100,543					133	61	145,616									
Pattle Wash 43.850 2.325 18.9 108 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 100ma 191.255 17.393 120.786 53.076 189.200 181.454 94.457 12.594 4.150 12.594 135.893 114.775 135.893 114	rginia Beach City	Va	58,763	3,376	17.4	66	192,334								3,696	!
Namble Wash 43,850 2.225 18.9 108 191,255 17,393 120.786 53,076 198.200 181,454 94,457 12.594 4,155 12.594 1.566 18.8 66 135,148 9,629 88,273 37,245 135,833 114,775 63,352 15,543 15,515 12.394 12.390 18.395 114,775 12.594 112,13					22 1	37	75,308	2,203	51.977	21 128	80 899	67.055	36.401	11.000	27/2	
Dokane Wash 27.757 1,407 197 58 95.923 6,619 67.079 22.225 97.031 89,762 48,300 5.555 1,714 1,775 69,352 15,543 114,775 69,352 15,543 114,775 69,352 15,543 114,775 69,352 15,543 114,775 69,352 15,543 114,775 69,619 69,619 67.079 22.225 97.031 89,762 48,300 5.555 1,714 11,775 69,352 15,543 114,775 114,77		1			189	108	191,255									;
wash 29.487 1.566 18.8 66 135,148 9,629 88,273 37,245 135,833 114,775 63,352 15,543 5,515 114,775 63,352 15,543 15					197	58										4
adison Metropolitan Wis 21,846 1,409 155 42 106,129 4,580 25,232 76,317 105,099 99,927 65,014 4348 824	coma	Wash	29.487	1.566	188	66									1,/14 5,515	3
adison Metropolitan Wis 21,846 1,409 155 42 106,129 4,580 25,232 76,317 105,099 99,927 65,014 4,348 824	anawha County	W∨a	36.636	2,383	15 4	112	122,330	9,969	65,790	46,571	115,817	112,948	69,562	2,816	53	2
1. (a. a.a.)		Wis	21,846	1,409	15.5	42	106.129	4.580	25.232	76 317	105.000	200.00	65.044			
WIS 91,648 5,565 165 145 405,323 35,966 219,897 149,440 423,555 403,325 050,005	ilwaukee	₩is	91,648	5.565	16 5	145									824	4
acine Wis 21,955 1,376 16.0 37 97,351 4,150 423,300 402,376 252,965 21,190 0	scine	Wis	21,955												0 605	4

¹ Data exclude teachers reported as working in school district offices rather than in schools ² Current expenditures by local school districts only Excludes expenditures by State education agencies for local school districts

3 Includes expenditures not shown separately

4 Current expenditure per pupil based on fall enrollment collected by the Bureau of the Census

ISD-Independent school district

-- Data not available or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Common Core of Data survey. U.S. Department of Commerce, "Survey of Local Government Finances." (This table was prepared March 1989)



Table 84.—Public elementary and secondary schools, by type of school: 1967-68 to 1987-88

Type of school						School	ol year					
	1967-68	1970-71	1972-73	1974-75	1976-77	1978-79	1980-81	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1986-87	1987-88
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total, all public schools				_	_	_	85,982	84,740	84,178	84,007	83,455	83,24
Total, regular schools 1	94,197	89,372	88,864	87,456	86,501	84,816	83,688	82,039	81,418	81,147	82,190	82,24
Schools with elementary grades only												
Total 2	67,186	64,020	62,942	61,759	61,123	60,312	59,326	58,051	57,471	57,231	58,801	59,311
Middle schools 3		2,080	2,308	3,224	4,180	5,879	6,003	6,875	6.885	6,893	7,452	7.641
One-teacher schools	4,146	1,815	1,475	1,247	1,111	1,056	921	798	838	825	763	729
Other elementary schools	63,040	60,125	59,159	57,288	55,832	53,377	52,402	50,378	49,748	49,513	50,586	50,941
Schools with secondary grades only												
Total 4	23,318	23,572	23,919	23,837	23.857	22.834	22,619	22.383	22,336	22,320	21,406	20,758
Junior high schools 5 3-year or 4-year high	7,437	7,750	7,878	7,690	7,434	6,282	5,890	5,948	5,936	5,916	5,142	4,900
schools	10,751	11,265	11,550	11,480	11,658	11,410	10,758	11,678	11,670	11,671	11,453	11,279
schools	4,650	3,887	3,962	4,122	4,130	4,429	4,193	4,067	4,046	4,021	4,197	4,048
schools *	480	670	529	545	635	713	1,778	690	684	712	614	531
Combined elementary-secondary schools	3,693	1,780	2,003	1,860	1,521	1.670	1,743	1,605	1,611	1,596	1,983	2,179
Other schools 7	_						2,294	2,701	2,760	2,860	1,265	1,000

¹ Excludes special education, alternative, and other schools not classified by grade



epan

a includes schools beginning with grade 6 or below and with no grade higher than 8

a includes schools with grade spans beginning with 4, 5, or 6 and ending with grade 6,

<sup>Includes achoots with grade spane organisms who is, or a find to the schools with no grade lower than 7
Includes achoots with grades 7 and 8 or grades 7 through 9
Includes achoots with other grade spans, incomplete high schools, and vocational/technical high schools when separately reported</sup>

⁷ Includes special education, alternative, and other schools not classified by grade

⁻Data not available

SOURCES U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, and Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared December 1988)

		Numb	per of schools,	by type			Enrollm	ent, by type of	school 1	
Enrollment size of school	Total ²	Elementary 3	Secondary 4	Combined elementary/ secondary ⁶	Other ²	Total ²	Elementary ³	Secondary 4	Combined elementary/ secondary 5	Other ²
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total	83,248	59,311	20,758	2,179	1,000	39,914,335	24,438,562	14,438,779	915,585	121,309
Percent a	100.00	100.00	100 00	100 00	100.00	100 00	100 00	100.00	100,00	100.00
Under 100	901	7 03	10.25	24.97	62 80	0 95	0 84	0 85	2.74	21 24
100 to 199	11 31	11 23	10 80	14 23	19 90	3 48	4.03	2 29	4.90	23,52
200 to 299	12.90	14.46	9 1 1	9.78	8 60	8 62	8 60	3,25	5 66	17.27
300 to 399	14 93	17 78	8.26	8.81	3 30	10 67	14 65	4,16	7.36	9 24
400 to 499	13 78	16 18	8 19	8 90	2 10	12.61	17.08	5 30	9.50	7.72
500 to 599	11 10	12 55	7 92	7 80	1,10	12.40	16.15	6.25	;0 14	5.00
600 to 699	7 80	8 43	6 59	5 83	0 70	10.28	12.81	6 14	8.97	3.75
700 to 799	5 36	5 22	6 11	4 08	0 40	8 16	9.17	6 57	7 25	2.36
800 to 999	5.82	4 68	9 10	7 11	0 40	10 53	9 73	11.68	15.06	2 82
1,000 to 1,499	5 17	2 22	13 46	6.20	0.70	12.67	601	23 67	17.49	7 08
1,500 to 1,999	1 71	0 19	6 02	1 42	(7)	5 99	0 76	14.92	5.71	(7)
2,000 to 2,999	0 99	0.02	3 72	0 73	(7)	472	0 13	12 58	3.90	(1) (2)
3,000 or more	0 13	0 01	0.46	0 14	(7)	0.91	0.06	2 34	1 31	<u>(7</u>
Average enrollment a,	_	_	-	_	_	490	424	696	420	121

These enrollment data should be regarded as approximations only Totals differ from those reported in other tables because this table represents data reported by schools rather than by States or school districts
 Includes special educatic , alternative, and other schools not classified by grade



Includes schools beginning with grade 6 or below and with no grade higher than 8 4 Includes schools with no grade lower than 7 5 Includes schools with elementary and secondary grades

⁶ Data by size of school for those schools reporting enrollment ⁷ Less than 0 005 percent —Data not applicable

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared December 1988.)

Table 86.—Public elementary and secondary schools, by type and State: 1987-88

			i	Comb	oined elementary	secondary sch	ools 4	
State or other area	Total, all schools 1	Schools with elementary grades only ²	Schools with secondary grades only ³	Total	Prekinder- garten, kindergarten, or first grade to grade 12	Other schools ending with grade 12	Other combined schools	Unclassified schools ⁵
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	83,248	59,311	20,758	2,179	1,305	398	476	1,000
Alabama	1,298	837	280	181	146	8	27	1,000
Alaska	456 965	169 707	66 229	221	166	6	49	
Arkansas	1,112	672	432	18 8	15 5 :	2 0	1 3	11
California	7,123	5,086	1,797	115	59	35	21	125
Colorado	1,323	922	371	16	4	4	8	14
Connecticut	970	717	227	9	6	i l	2	17
District of Columbia	167 188	107 125	44	16	11	2	3	0
Flonda	2,379	1,746	41 450	2 183	102	0	2	20
Cassas				103	102	39	42	0
Georgia	1,724 229	1,306 164	380 53	38	19	17	2	0
Idaho	565	367	174	10 10	8 7	11	1	.2
Kinois	4,263	3,118	980	21	12	1 6	2	14 144
Indiana	1,926	1,408	447	35	18	13	4	36
owa	1,633	1,061	531	23	3	14	6	18
Kansas	1,463	1,003	458	2	0	ő	2	0
Kentucky	1,399 1,599	1,028 1,117	337 378	.0	_0	0	0	34
Vaine	749	597	137	88 12	52 9	17	19	1 6 3
Waryland	1,206	945	227	22	12			
Massachusetts	1,795	1,384	379	25	16	6 5	4 4	12 7
Michigan	3,620 1,570	2,709	792	51	28	14	9	68
Mississippi	955	1,019 608	526 224	25 110	12 82	3 17	10 11	0 13
Vissoun	2,150	1,504	603	10	0		1	
Montana	775	558	213	'1	ŏ	6	4	33 3
Nebraska	1,557	1,147	377	13	8	4	i	ő
New Hampshire	305 435	222 323	74 86	6 16	1 6	4 4	1 6	3 10
New Jersey	2,246	1,747	424	3	1			_
lew Mexico	648	468	173	ž	i l	2	0	72 5
New York	3,971 1,952	2,713	1,000	169	101	28	40	89
orth Dakota	691	1,419 431	468 247	40 13	18	9 6	13 2	25 0
Ohio	3,743	2.724	986	00				
Oklahoma	1,889	1 241	633	33 6	13	10 2	10	0 9
Pregon Pennsylvania	1,214	898	306	8	2	2	4	2
Rhode Island	3,313 298	2,443 230	787 59	41 2	15 1	9	17	2 42
outh Carolina						١	1	7
outh Dakota	1,100 790	827 496	262 284	14	10	1	3	0
ennessee	1,578	1,159	337	0 57	40	0 2	.0	10
exas	5,787	4,051	1,390	346	218	69	15 59	25 0
	725	478	211	6	0	1	5	30
fermont	333	270	46	14	14	o	0	3
Vashington	1,761 1,852	1,319 1,275	379 498	28	9	10	9	35
Vest Virginia	1,084	739	289	79 26	43 6	15	21	30
Visconsin	2,002	1,423	563	4	0	0	20	12
	389	284	103	1	0	1	0	1
Outlying areas merican Samoa	30	24	e		_ [_ [_
iuam	37	30	6 5	0	0	0	0	0
orthern Marianas	26	22	4	0	ů l	8	0	1 0
irgin islands	1,756 34	1,229 24	315	189	4	0	185	23
	J-4	24	8	1	0	0	1	1

¹ includes special education, alternative, and other schools not classified by grade

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared December 1988)



span
2 Includes schools beginning with grade 6 or below and with no grade higher than 8
3 Includes schools with no grade lower than 7
4 Includes schools with both elementary and secondary grades

⁶ Schools not reported by grade span

Table 87.—Public elementary schools, by grade span and State: 1987-88

		Ĺ		Schools, by grad	de span		
State or other area	Total	Prekinder- garten, kındergarten, or 1st grade to grades 3 or 4	Prekinder- garten, kindergarten, or 1st grade to grade 5	Prekinder- garten, kındergarten, or 1st grade to grade 6	Prekinder- garten, kindergarten, or 1st grade to grade 8	Grades 4, 5, or 6 to 6, 7, or 8	Other and unclassified grade spans 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States	59,311	5,034	13,046	21,518	5,552	7,641	8,520
Alabama	837	75	188	228	123	147	76
	169	7	14	103	17	10	18
	707	47	57	332	155	64	52
	672	74	62	405	5	76	50
	5,086	229	952	2,655	538	475	237
Colorado	922	58	230	439	16	121	58
	717	62	184	256	55	98	62
	107	40	5	17	1	18	26
	125	6	2	102	6	4	5
	1,746	46	741	443	20	226	270
Georgia	1,306	108	386	276	41	216	279
	164	1	8	137	12	4	2
	367	40	58	175	23	40	31
	3,118	314	462	815	774	386	367
	1,408	57	406	647	55	166	77
Owa	1,061	139	252	386	35	172	77
	1,003	88	157	421	177	111	49
	1,028	31	267	266	272	126	66
	1,117	138	235	266	66	193	219
	597	83	67	110	112	81	144
Maryland	945	25	427	274	15	138	66
	1,384	222	334	397	74	208	149
	2,709	209	704	859	58	360	519
	1,019	100	120	590	14	79	116
	608	77	55	183	49	89	155
Missouri	1,504	103	249	575	156	178	243
	558	45	44	141	219	38	71
	1,147	64	76	558	268	38	143
	222	5	61	103	18	20	15
	323	50	50	98	41	40	44
New Jersey	1,747	219	360	394	302	254	218
	468	21	139	192	9	68	39
	2,713	215	582	1,267	61	336	252
	1,419	138	358	406	153	245	119
	431	12	10	275	57	10	67
Ohio	2,724	316	575	1,049	130	399	255
	1,241	102	210	335	307	157	130
	898	63	237	324	128	118	28
	2,443	262	634	966	58	291	232
	230	28	29	110	5	21	37
South Carolina	827	99	248	145	30	175	130
	496	32	56	179	124	46	59
	1,159	107	192	370	247	143	100
	4,051	407	1,328	864	154	784	514
	478	12	101	314	3	40	8
Vermont	270	30	16	129	63	19	13
	1,319	120	399	327	8	193	272
	1,275	79	258	521	58	142	217
	739	70	87	438	60	57	27
	1,423	130	314	522	169	187	101
	284	29	60	13-1	11	34	16
Outlying areas		_	_	_			
American Samoa Suam	24	0	0	0	23	0	1
	30	0	21	0	0	6	3
	22	0	0	1	2	1	18
	1,229	151	32	749	7	42	248
	24	1	0	23	0	0	0

¹ Schools not reported by grade span

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared December 1988.)

NOTE —Excludes schools not reported by level, such as special education schools for the handicapped



Table 88.—Public secondary schools, by grade span and State: 1987-88

				Sc	hools, by grade	span		
State	Total	Grades 7 to 8 and 7 to 9	Grades 7 to 12	Grades 8 to 12	Grades 9 to 12	Grades 10 to 12	Other spans ending with grade 12	Other and unclassified grade spans 1
1	_ 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	20,758	4,900	3,549	499	9,820	1,459	81	450
Alabama	280	29	79	12	407		_	
Alaska	66	16	11	1	137 29	11	2 1	10
Arizona	229	89	7	1	120	10	i i	2
Arkansas	432 1,797	78 514	233 81	4 42	38	63	[i]	15
			01	42	953	154	9	44
Colorado	371 227	107 61	69	0	149	39	2	5
Delaware	44	13	15 4	4	136	7	1	3
District of Columbia	41	26	7	2 0	21 12	3 2	0	1
Flonda	450	99	48	10	220	37	1	1 35
Georgia	380	69	20	78	191	10	1	11
Hawaii	53	22	6	1	24	io l	i l	0
Idaho	174	56	38	1	53	23	ŏ	3
Illinois	980	279	18	4	639	14	8	18
	447	103	112	2	213	14	0	3
owa	531	98	166	5	233	29	o	0
Kansas	458	111	54	2	271	18	1	1
Kentucky	337	58	52	4	187	17	0	19
Maine	378 137	76 28	78 18	8 2	192 82	13 6	1 0	10 1
Maryland	227	51	8	3				
Massachusetts	379	91	41	9	148 221	10 15	1	6
Michigan	792	181	129	28	400	45	0	2 9
vinnesota	526	85	293	6	92	45	2	3
Aississippi	224	49	44	11	73	33	ī	13
Missouri	603	98	226	20	220	29	1	9
Montana	213	40	1	1	167	3	o l	Ĭ
levada	377 74	50	231	4	64	25	0	3
New Hampshire	86	21 17	19 19	0	25 41	6 4	0	1 5
lew Jersey	424	85	38	14	ĺ			_
New Mexico	173	49	33	2	260 71	18 12	2	7
lew York	1,000	251	219	15	410	70	i	5 34
iorth Carolina .	468	137	31	5	219	63	ò l	13
North Dakota	247	20	182	8	21	11	3	2
Ohio	986	253	129	24	512	49	7	12
Okiahoma Oregon	633	139	58	2	313	96	7	18
regerr	306 787	76 181	30 194	6	178	15	0	1
ihode Island	59	20	7	15 3	274 24	95 5	9	19 0
outh Carolina .	262	52	24	14	146	46		
outh Dakota	284	107	0	' ŏ	165	16 10	0	9
ennessee	337	81	42	3	170	36	ŏ	2 5
exas	1,390	289	186	21	790	48	4	52
tah	211	69	26	2	54	49	5	6
ermont .	46	0	33	o	13	o	o	0
irginia /ashington .	379 498	92	16	71	163	26	0	11
/est Virginia .	289	133 97	68 37	16	224	45	3	9
/isconsin	563	126	57	1 8	89 331	60 38	4	1
lyoming	103	28	19	2	42	11	0	2 1
Outlying areas						-		
mencan Samoa	6	o	0	0	5	o	o	1
uam	5	0	0	o	5	ŏ	ŏ	ò
orthern Marianas.	215	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
irgin Islands	315 8	156 5	19	2	2	123	2	11
	٧	Ð ļ	0	0	2	1	0	0

¹ Schoola not reported by grade span

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared December 1988.)

NOTE —Excludes schools not reported by level, such as special education schools for the handicapped



Table 89.—High school graduates compared with population 17 years of age: 1869-70 to 1988-89

[Numbers in thousands]

			Hig	h school graduates	<u> </u>		Graduates as
School year	Population 17 years old ¹	T-4-12	Sea	(Cont	rol	percent of 17-year-old
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Total 2	Men	Women	Public ³	Private 4	population
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
869-70	815	16	7	9	_		2
879-80	946	24	11	13	-	_	2
369-90 ·	1,259	44	19	25	22	22	3
399-1900	1,489	95	38	57	62	33	6
909-10	1,786	156	64	93	111	45	8
19-20	1,855	311	124	188	231	80	16
929-30	2,296	667	300	367	592	75	29
39-40	2,403	1,221	579	643	1,143	78	50
47-48	2,261	1,190	563	627	1.073	117	5
149-50	2,034	1,200	571	629	1,063	136	59
951-52	2.086	1,197	569	627	1,056	141	57
953-54	2,135	1,276	613	664	1,129	147	59
	2,133	1,415	680	735	1,252	163	63
955-56	2,272	1,434	690	744	1,270	164	63
956-57 957-58	2,325	1,506	725	781	1,332	174	į õ
	-						
58-59	2,458	1,627	784	843	1,435	192	60
59 -60	2,672	1,858	895	963	1,627	231	6
60-61	2,892	1,964	955	1,009	1,725	239	6
61-62	2,768	1,918	938	980	1,678	240	6:
062-63	2,740	1,943	956	987	1,710	233	70
963-64	2,978	2,283	1,120	1,163	2,008	275	76
964-65	3,684	2,658	1,311	1,347	2,360	298	72
65-66	3,489	2,665	1,323	1,342	2,367	298	70
66-67	3,500	2,672	1,328	1,344	2,374	298	7/
67-68	3,532	2,695	1,338	1,357	2,395	300	70
968-69	3.659	2.822	1,399	1,423	2.522	300	7
069-70	3,757	2,889	1,430	1,459	2,589	300	7
	3.872	2.937	1,454	1,483	2,637	300	7
770-71	3,973	3,001	1,487	1,514	2,699	302	7
71-72	4,049	3,036	1,500	1,536	2,730	306	7
		0.010		4 504	0.700	310	7.
73-74	4,132	3,073	1,512	1,561	2,763		1
74-75	4,256	3,133	1,542	1,591	2,823	310	7:
)75–76	4,272	3,148	1,552	1,596	2,837	311	7:
76-77	4,272	3,155	1,548	1,607	2,840	315	7:
777-78	4,286	3,127	1,531	1,596	2,825	302	7:
78-79	4,327	3,117	1,523	1,594	2,817	300	7
79-80	4,262	3,043	1,491	1,552	2,748	295	7
80-81	4,207	3,020	1,483	1,537	2.725	295	7
81-82	4,121	2,995	1,471	1,524	2 ,70 5	290	7
82-83	3,939	2,888	1,437	1,451	2,598	290	7:
183-84	3,753	2,767	_	_	2,495	272	7:
984-85	3,658	2.677		_	2,414	263	7
	3,621	2,642		_	2,382	260	7
905-86		2,642	_		2,433	260 265	7
986-87 °	3,696		_	-			7
987-88 6	3,779	2,793	-	-1	2,493	300	1
988-89 •	3,761	2,781	-	-	2,491	291	7

Derived from Current Population Reports. Senes P-25

NOTE -includes graduates of regular day school programs. Excludes graduates of other programs, when separately reported, and recipients of high school equivalency certificates. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Statistics of Public High Schools, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States, Statistics of State School Systems. Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, Common Core of Data surveys, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Current Population Reports. Series P-25 (This table was prepared January 1989)



Includes graduates of public and private schools
 Data for 1929–30 and preceding years are from Statistics of Public High Schools and exclude graduates of high schools which failed to report to the Office of Education

excuse graduates of high schools which failed to report to the Unice of Education

4 For most years, private school data have been estimated based on periodic private
school surveys. For years through 1957–58, private includes data for subcollegiate
departments of institutions of higher education and residential schools for exceptional
children.

5 Data have been revised from previously published figures.

⁶ Estimated

⁻Data not available

Table 90.—General Educational Development (GED) credentials issued and age of test takers: 1974 to 1987

Vaca	Total, in		Percentage di	stribution of GED test	takers, by age	
Year	thousands 1	19 years old or less	20- to 24-year-olds	25- to 29-year-olds	30- to 34-year-olds	35 years old or over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1974	294	35	27	13		
1975	340	33	26		9	1
1976	333	31	28	14	9	1
1977	332	40		14	10	1
1978	381	31	24	13	8	1
	30.	31	27	13	10	1
1979	426	37				
1980	479		28	12	13	1
981	489	37	27	13	8	1:
1002		37	27	13 [8	1
082	486	37	28	13	8	1!
963	465	34	29	14	8	19
984	407					
OPE	427	32	28	15	9	10
Ove	413	32	26	15	10	10
987	428	32	26	15	10	17
967	444	33	24	15	10	10

¹ Number of persons receiving high school equivalency certificates based on the GED test

SOURCE American Council on Education, General Educational Development Testing Service, GED Statistical Report, various years. (This table was prepared January 1989.)

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



Table 91.—Public high school graduates, by State: 1969-70 to 1988-89

United States Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut . Delaware Destrict o Columbia ⁶ Flonda Georgia Hanual	2 2.588./27 45,286 3,297 22,040 26,068 260,908 30,312 34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	3 2,822,638 46,633 4,220 25,685 26,836 273,411 34,963 42,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	4 2,747,678 45,190 5,223 28,633 29,052 249,217 36,804 37,683 7,582 4,959 87,324	5 2,725,285 44,894 5,343 28,416 29,577 242,172 35,897 38,369 7,349 4,848	6 12,494,885 42,021 5,457 28,332 27,049 232,199 32,954 33,679	7 2,414,020 40,002 5,184 27,877 26,342 225,448	8 12,382,457 39,620 5,464 27,531 26,227 229,026	9 1 2,433,018 42,463 5,692 29,549 27,101 237,414	10 2,492,791 2 43,799 2 5,907 2 29,777 2 27,664	11 2,490,631 45,476 5,900 3,000 28,765	89 12 -8.6 13 10 4 9 1
Alabama Alaska Arzona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut . Delaware District o Columbia ⁶ Flonda Georgia	45,286 3,297 22,040 26,068 260,908 30,312 34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478	46,633 4,220 25,665 26,836 273,411 34,963 442,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	45,190 5,223 28,633 29,052 249,217 36,804 37,683 7,582 4,959	44,894 5,343 28,416 29,577 242,172 35,897 38,369 7,349	42,021 5,457 28,332 27,049 232,199 32,954 33,679	40,002 5,184 27,877 26,342 225,448	39,620 5,464 27,533 26,227	42,463 5,692 29,549 27,101	2 43 799 2 5,907 2 29,777 2 27,664	45,476 5,900 s1 000	1 3 10 4 9 1
Alaeka Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District o Columbia 6 Flonda Georgia	3,297 22,040 26,068 260,908 30,312 34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	4,220 25,685 26,836 273,411 34,963 4 42,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	5,223 28,633 29,052 249,217 36,804 37,683 7,582 4,959	5,343 28,416 29,577 242,172 35,897 38,369 7,349	5,457 28,332 27,049 232,199 32,954 33,679	5,184 27,877 26,342 225,448	5,464 27,533 26,227	5,692 29,549 27,101	² 5,907 ² 29,777 ² 27,664	5,900 51,000	10 4 9 1
Alaeka Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District o Columbia 6 Flonda Georgia	3,297 22,040 26,068 260,908 30,312 34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	4,220 25,685 26,836 273,411 34,963 4 42,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	28,633 29,052 249,217 36,804 37,683 7,582 4,959	28,416 29,577 242,172 35,897 38,369 7,349	5,457 28,332 27,049 232,199 32,954 33,679	27,877 26,342 225,448	27,533 26,227	29,549 27,101	² 29,777 ² 27,664	ა 000	9 1
Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut . Delaware District o Columbia ⁶ Flonda Georgia	26,068 260,908 30,312 34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	26,836 273,411 34,963 4 42,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	29,052 249,217 36,804 37,683 7,582 4,959	29,577 242,172 35,897 38,369 7,349	27,049 232,199 32,954 33,679	26,342 225,448	26,227	27,101	2 27 664		
California Colorado Connecticut . Delaware District o Columbia ⁶ Flonda Georgia	260,908 30,312 34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	273,411 34,963 4 42,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	249,217 36,804 37,683 7,582 4,959	242,172 35,897 38,369 7,349	232,199 32,954 33,679	225,448					-27
Connecticut . Delaware District o Columbia ⁶ Florida Georgia	34,755 6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	4 42,792 8,235 5,367 86,481	37,683 7,582 4,959	38,369 7,349	33,679	20.055			3 248,345	3 253,854	46
Delaware Destrict o Columbia ⁶ Flonda Georgia	6,985 4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	8,235 5,367 86,481	7,582 4,959	7,349		32,255	32,621	34,200	35,352	33,800	-5 (
District o Columbia ⁶ Flonda Georgia	4,980 70,478 56,859 10,407	5,367 86,481	4,959		6,410	32,126 5,893	33,571 5,791	31,141 5,895	33,000 2 5,963	32,500 5,781	-15 (-21 (
Flonda	70,478 56,859 10,407	86,481			4.073	3,940	3,875	3,842	² 3,894	3,940	-18 7
	10,407	1	J. 10E4	88,755	85,908	81,140	83,029	82,184	88,262	91,208	2 (
Hannel		59,803	61,621	62,963	60,718	58,654	59,082	60,918	² 61,765	62,285	-1 ⁻
Idaho	12,296	11,283 12,631	11,493 13,187	11,472 12,679	10,454 11,732	10,092 12,148	9,958 12,059	10,371 12,243	² 10,751 ² 13,347	10,709 13,400	-6 5
Illinois	126,864	4 141,316	135,579	136,795	122,561	117,027	114,319	116,075	119,090	116,158	-15 1
ındiana	69,984	74,104	73,143	73,381	65,710	63,308	59,817	60,364	64,492	64,541	-120
lows	44,063	43,605	43,445	42,635	37,248	36,087	34,279	34,580	34,219	34,116	-20 (
Kansas	33,394	32,458	30,890	29,397	26,730	25,983	25,587	28,933	2 27,148	27,296	-71
Kentucky	37,473	42,368	41,203	41,714	39,645	37,999	37,288	36,948 39,084	2 39,672 2 38,763	40,685 3 38,480	-2 5 -16 7
Louisiana Maine	43,641 14,003	47,691 14,830	46,297 15,445	46,199 15,554	39,400 13,935	39,742 13,924	39,965 13,906	13,692	² 13,758	14,647	-5 6
Maryland	46,462	55,408	54,270	54,050	50,684	48,299	46,700	46,107	47,120	45,800	-15 3
Massachusetts	63,865	4 79,000	73,802	74,831	65,885	63,411		61,010	3 61,595	3 60,668	-18 9
Michigan Minnesota	121,000 60,480	135,509 66,535	124,316 64,998	124,372 64,166	55,376	105,908 53,352	101,042 51,988	53,533	³ 100,503 ² 52,126	³ 99,004 52,984	-20 4 -17 4
Mississippi	29,653	27,243	27,586	28,083	26,324	25,315	25,134	26,201	27,896	26,835	-44
Missouri	55,315	62,375	62,265	60,359	53,388	51,290	49,204	50,840	² 51,316	52,500	-13 (
Montana .	11,520	12,293	12,135	11,634	10,224	10,016	9,761	10,073	² 8,948	3 8,890	-23 6
Nebraska	21,280	22,249	22,410	21,411	18,674	18,036	17,845 8,784	18,129	3 18,560 2 9,397	3 18,581 0 770	-13 3 7 6
New Hampshire	5,449 8,516	7,232 11,050	8,473 11,722	9,069 11,552	8,726 11,478	8,572 11,052	10,648	10,796	2 11,021	9,7 7 2 11,241	-27
New Jersey	86,498	4 96,000	94,564	93,168	85,569	81,547	78,781	79,376	79,959	75,211	-19
New Mexico	16,060	18,438	18,424	17 '	15,914	15,622	15,468	15,701 163,765	15,868 165,900	15,592	-13 (-19 7
New York North Carolina	190,000 68,886	210,780 70,094	204,064 70,862	198 ac 69,395	174,762 66,803	166,752 67,245	162,165 65,865	65,421	2 88,147	159,400 69,047	-0
North Dakota	11,150	10,690	9,928	9,924	8,569	8,146	7,610	7,821	² 8,438	8,043	-19 (
Опю	142,248	158,179	144,169	143,503	127,837	122,281	119,561	124,923	2 125,085	126,625	-111
Oklahoma	36,293	37,809	39,305 23,939	38,875	35,254	34,626	34,45 <i>2</i> 26,286	35,514 27,165	² 36,145 ² 28,058	36,500 28,300	-6 -1
Oregon Pennsylvania	32,236 i 151.014	30,668 163,124	146.458	28,729 144,645	27,214 132,412	26,870 127,226	122,871	121,219	125,200	119,350	-17
Rhode Island	10,146	11,042	10,864	10 719	9,652	9,201	8,749	8,627	2 8,694	9,001	-16 (
South Carolina	34,940	38 ,312	38,697	38,347	36,800	34 ,500	4 34,500	4 3 ,000	36,300	36,800	-4 (
South Dakota	11 757	11,725	10,689	10,385	8,638 44,711	8,206	7,870 43,263	8,074 44,731	² 8,415 ² 47,904	8,275 46,093	-20 3 -9 (
Tennessee Texas	49.000 139.046	49,363 159,487	49,845 171,449	50,646 171,665	161,58.	43,293 159,234	161,150	168,430	2 171,318	179,375	4
Utah	18,395	19,668	20,035	19,886	19 606	19,890	19,774	20,930	2 22,226	22,966	15 5
Vermont	6,095	6,455	6,733	6,424	6,002	5,769	5 794	5,968	6,218	6,166	-4
Virginia	58,562	65,570	66,621	67 126	62,177	60,959	63,113	65,008	66,731 51.764	66,000	-1 2
Washington West Virginia	50,425 26,139	50,990 24,631	50,402 23,369	50,046 23,580	44,919 22,613	45,431 22,262	45,805 21,870	49,873 22,401	51,754 2 22,406	51,306 22,572	-4:
Wisconsin Wyoming	66,753 5,363	70,979 5,648	69,332 6,072	67,743 6,161	62,189 5,764	58,851 5,687	58,340 5,587	56,872 5,933	² 58,429 ² 6,148	57,000 6,213	-15 S
ř	3,303	3,048	0,0,2	0,101	3,734	5,007	5,557	5,555	5,1-10	5,210	-
Outlying areas	5 367	448					608	647			
American Samos Guam	972	1,117	_		-	1.099	840	898	_	_	-
Northern Marianas	_	_	_	-	265		_	289	-	' -	ļ -
Puerto Rico	24,917	27,071	_	-	33,166	31,519	31,597	30,137	-	1 =	-
Trust Territory of the Pacific Virgin Islands	6 432	641	_	_	998	1,008	1,044	1,170	_	=	_

¹ National total includes estimates for nonresponding States

NOTE —Cata include graduates of regular day school programs, but exclude graduates of other programs and persons receiving high school equivalency certificates. They also exclude graduates of subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education, Federal schools for American Indians and on Federal installations, and residential schools for exceptional children. All 1987-88 and 1988-89 numbers are State estimates. unless Otherwise indicated

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data surveys. (This table was prepared January 1989.)



² Actual fail 1988 count

³ Data estimated by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES)

Data estimated by reported State
 Beginning in 1983-84 graduates from adult programs are excluded

Data are for 1970-71

⁻Data not reported

Table 92.—Percentage of high school dropouts among persons 14 to 34 years old, by age, race/ethnicity, and sex: October 1970, 1975, 1980, and 1986

Year, race/ethnicity, and sex	Total, 14 to 34 years	14 and 15 years	16 and 17 years	18 and 19 years	20 and 21 years	22 to 24 years	25 to 29 years	30 to 34
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
October 1970						· · · · ·		
All races	17 0	18	80	16.2	16 6	187	22 5	26
Male	16 2	17	71	16 0	16 1	17 9	21 4	26
	17 7	19	89	16 3	169	19 4	23 6	28.
Nhte ¹	15 2	17	73	14,1	146	163	199	24
Male Female	14.4	1.7	63	13 3	14 1	153	19.0	24
Гепцие	160	18	84	14 8	15 1	17 2	20 7	24
Black1	30 0	2.4	128	31 2	29 6	37 8	44 4	43
Male	30 4	20	133	36 4	29 6	39 5	43 1	43 45.
remaie	29 5	28	12 4	26.6	29 6	36.4	45 6	41,
October 1975]	Ì			
Total	14 1	18	86	16 0	16 6	14 5	15 4	20.5
Mule	132	16	76	15 5	164	140	14 4	18
	150	20	96	16.5	16 7	150	16 5	22.0
/hite1	128	17	8.4	147	148	126	140	18 (
Male	12 1	14	73	13 7	145	12 6	13 2	17.
	13 5	1.9	96	15 6	150	127	14.7	19.
lack1	23 4	26	10 2	25 4	287	27 8	27 9	38.6
Male	219	24	97	27 7	30 4	25 9	25.5	33.1
	24 7	28	10 7	23 4	27 3	29 2	29 9	39 (
spanic ongin ²	33 0	40	13 2	30 1	31 6	41 7	42.9	48 7
Male	29 9	19	11.1	26 3	30 2	400	40.6	45 (
remale	35 7	62	15 5	33 5	32 7	43 2	44 8	51.9
October 1980								
Il races	130	17	88	15 7	15 9	15 2	13 9	14 6
Female	13 2 12 8	13	8 9	16 9	178	16 4	13 8	14.0
	120	22	88	14 7	14 3	14 0	14 0	15 2
/hite¹	121	17	92	14 9	145	13 9	12 7	13 4
Female	12 4 11 8	12	93	16 1	156	15 4	12.7	13 1
	110	21	92	138	13 4	126	12 7	13.6
ack¹ Male	188	20	69	21.2	248	24 0	22 6	23 5
Female	190 187	15	72	22 7	313	24 9	22.1	21 9
	107	25	66	198	196	23 3	22 9	24 8
spanic ongin² Male	35 2	ر 37	16 5	39 0	416	40 6	40 9	45 4
Female	35 6 34 9	33 79	18 1	43 1	41 4	42 9	40 1	43 9
_	343	, ,	150	34 6	419	38 6	41 7	47 0
October 1986								
I races	119	24	6 1	123	148	143	13 9	12 F
Female	12 4 11 4	24 25	6 5 5 7	13 1	163	15 3	14 3	13 C
-4-1		2.5	3,	115	13 4	13 4	13 5	12 1
hite¹ Male	113	22	6 5	119	143	143	133	11.3
Female	12 î 10 6	22	6 9 6 0	128	15 9	15 0	142	11 9
	.00		90	110	129	13 0	12 4	10.7
nck¹ Male	15.5	3 4	47	149	18 1	173	18 2	29 8
Female	15.5 15.5	30	47	146	198	194	16 7	21 7
	.55	30	47	152	16 7	15 6	19 4	20 1
spanic origin ² Male	32 2	37	14 5	26 8	34 9	38 2	38.5	40 5
Female	33 9 30 4	37	14 4	29 1	38 7	40 8	40 3	398
	30 4	37	147	24 1	30 9	35 1	36 7	41 1

NOTE —Dropouts are persons who are not enrolled in school and who are not high school graduates. People who have received GED credentials are counted as craduates. Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population.

SC JRCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. *Current Population Reports*, Senes P-20, Nos. 222, 303, 362, 392, 409, and 429, and unpublished data (This table war prepared October 1987)



¹ Includes persons of Hispanic origin 2 Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race

Table 93.—Students with handicaps exiting the educational system, by age, handicapping condition, and basis of exit: United States and outlying areas, 1985-86

	All rea		Gradua dipk		Gradua certif		Read			pped ut ²	Other rea	
Student charactenstics	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percen
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Age group												
itc 15	60,532	100.0	-	_	_	_	_	_	9,302	154	51,230	84
6 to 21	213,623	100.0	90,921	426	36,871	173	5,182	24	56,156	26 3	24,493	11.
16	23,265	100 0	833	36	803	3.5	111	05	13,309	57 2	8,209	35.
17	40,346	100 0	14,458	35.8	4,128	102	120	03	14,580	36.1	7,060	17.
18	73,300	100.0	41,645	56 8	11,905	16.2	203	03	14,412	197	5,135	7 (
19	38,504	100.0	21,832	56 7	7,492	195	177	05	6,740	175	2,263	5 9
20	13,488	1000	5,651	419	3,482	258	430	3.2	2,894	21.5	1,031	7.0
21	24,720	1000	6,502	26 3	9,061	36.7	4,141	168	4,221	17 1	795	3 :
Handicapping condition												
All conditions, 16 to 21	213.623	1000	90,921	_ 6	3/2.871	173	5,182	24	56,156	263	24,493	11.
Learning disabled	103,967	100.0	51,628	497	13,150	126	590	0.6	26,644	25 6	11,955	11.
Speech impaired	13,445	1000	5,032	37.4	3,399	25 3	103	08	2,381	177	2,530	18
Mentally retarded	53,581	100.0	18,447	34.4	15,136	28.2	3,018	56	12,858	24 0	4,122	7
Emotionally disturbed	28,968	100 0	9,691	33 5	2,534	87	657	2.3	11,803	40 7	4,283	14.
Hard of hearing/deaf	3,703	1000	2,066	55.8	711	19.2	74	2.0	486	13 1	366	9.
Orthopedically impaired		100.0	1,426	53 9	492	186	104	39	384	14.5	241	9.
Other health impaired	3,049	100 0	1,094	03.9	456	150	132	4.3	941	30.9	426	14.
Visually handicapped		1000	865	59.7	174	12.0	48	33	180	124	181	12.
Multihandicapped	2.634	1000	640	743	749	28 4	399	15 1	466	177	380	14.
Deaf-blind	181	100 0	32	17.7	70	38 7	57	31.5	13	7.2	9	5.0

¹ Upper age limits for service eligibility vary by State

NOTE —It can be assumed that a substantial proportion of the "Other" category includes students who are no longer in school and have neither graduated nor reached

the maximum age. Therefore, the overall dropout figure probably exceeds 26 percent. Since exiting data have been collected for only 2 years, caution should be exercised in their interpretation

SOURCE J.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services. The Tenth Annual Report to Congress on the Implementation of The Education of the Handicapped Act, 1988 (This table was prepared October 1988)

Table 94.—Employment status, wages earned, and living arrangements of special educa.'on students out of high school more than 1 year: 19871

Type of handicap	Percent of youth working for pay		A	Percent 6	earning	Percent living		
	Full-time	Part-time	Average hourly wage earned	Less than \$3 00	More than \$5 00	Independently ²	With parents	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
All conditions	29.2	17.2	\$4.35	11.9	21.0	17.3	68.9	
Learning disabled	379	19 3	4 63	76	25 0	22 0	66.6	
Speech impaired .	28 8	21 2	4 09	13 9	26 5	13 2	73.0	
Mentally retarded	198	116	3 68	24 7	11 5	9.2	75	
Emotionally disturbed	18 5	2: 5	3 94	163	12 4	15 1	65.9	
Hard of hearing	22 9	22 6	4 08	6.5	2ი 2	166	77 :	
Donf	23 6	14 7	4 08	3 4	66	20 2	71 (
Or apedically impaired	13	126	(3)	(3)	(3)	11 8	76.0	
Other health impaired	139	14 9	(3)	(3)	(3)	158	70 (
Visually handicapped	100	14 3	3 12	29 3	106	26 0	64 -	
Multihandicapped.	. 13	4 4	(3)	(3)	(3)	31	50 2	
Deaf-blind	00	9 5	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3	

¹ Data based on students who completed, reached maximum age for services, or dropped out of high school during the 1985-86 school year

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services. The Eleventh Annual Report to Congress on the Implementation of The Education of the Handicapped Act. 1989 (This table was prepared December 1988)



² These figures reflect an estimate of those who were actually known to have dropped out and does not include youth who simply stopped coming to school or whose status was unknown

3 includes students who died or no longer received special education services but

reason for exit unknown

⁻Data not available or not applicable

² Living independently includes living alone, with a spouse or roommate in military housing, or in a college dormitory

³ Too few cases to report

Table 95.—National Assessment of Educational Progress in reading for ages 9, 13, and 17, by selected characteristics of participants: 1974-75, 1979-80, and 1982-84

	Reading proficiency score								
Selected characteristics of participants	Age 9			Age 13			Age 17 *		
	1974-75	1979-80	1983-84	1974-75	1979-80	1983-84	1974-75	1979-80	1983-84
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All participants .	209.6	213.5	213.2	254.8	257.4	257.8	284.5	284.5	288,2
Sex			******				204.5	204.5	200.4
Male	204 2	208 5	210 0	248 4	252 8	0505			
Female	215 1	218 5	2163	261 2	252 8 261 8	2535	279 2	281 1	283 4
	2.01	2103	2103	2012	2018	2623	289 6	287 9	293 1
Race	1		1	1			j		
White	215 9	219 7	220 1	260 9					
Black	181 9	188 9	188 4		263 1	263 4	290 7	291 0	294 (
Hispanic	1829	189 1	193 0	224 4	231 9	236 8	244 0	246 1	263 5
	102 9	109 1	193 0	231 1	236 0	239 2	254 7	261 7	268 7
Television watched per day	1		ĺ		1		f	,	
0 to 2 hours	_	217 4	2196	ì	2012				
3 to 5 hours	_ [220 0	2198	-	261 3	266 8	-	288 2	295.3
6 hours or more	=			-	256 4	261 9	-1	278 2	284 4
s modes of more	_	208.8	202 2		243 8	2462	-	263 7	270 1
Parental education	1		1	1	1		1		
Not high pohent and the	189 9	100.0				1	J		
Graduated high school	211 2	193 0	197 1	237 5	237 4	2415	264 1	263 2	269 5
Post high school		2117	211 4	253 4	252 8	2538	280 6	276 9	280 6
r ost mgm school	221 1	224 9	224 3	268 9	269 7	268 4	297 7	296 5	300 0
Reading material in the home 2			-			+	ļ		
0 to 2 items	195.8	199.3	201 0	232 9	200.0				
3 items	2115	214 7	2173	232 9	239 2	2412	257 2	264 5	266 7
4 items	222 2	224 6	225 9	265 3	253 0	2558	276 2	279 4	283 4
	222	2240	2259	205 3	265 4	265 5	292 6	291 3	294 7
Region				1			ľ	ļ	
Northeast .	214 2	219 6	217 1	057.6				İ	
Southeast	200 8	208 9	207 2	257 6	258 9	261 0	287 4	284 0	290 8
Central	215 1	215 1		248 2	251 9	257 0	276 7	280 3	284.3
West	2065		217 2	260 3	263 4	2593	290 0	287 2	289 ∠
*****	2005	211 0	2114	252 0	254 9	254 5	281 1	285 1	288 7
Type of community		ľ		1	i		-		
Rural 3	204 0	210 3	205.0						
Disadvantaged metropolitan 4	185 1	186 0	205 8	247 9	254 3	255 5	2813	278 1	282 8
Advantaged metropolitan 5	226 2		194 4	229 1	241 6	2396	2610	258 3	265 9
- Maring Boo High Cholistil .	226 2	231 9	231 4	271.5	275 2	274 7	3012	299.1	30 / 8

¹ All participants of this age were in school

NOTE -The NAEP scores have been evaluated at certain performance levels. A scure of 300 (adept) implies an ability to find, understand, summanze, and explain relatively complicated literary and informational material. A score of 250 (intermediate) implies an ability to search for specific information, interrelate ideas, and make generalizations about literature, science, and social studies materials. A score of 200 (basic) implies an ability to understand, combine ideas, and make inferences based on short uncomplicated passages about specific or sequentially related information. A score of t50 implies an ability to follow written directions and select phrases to describe pictures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Institute of Education, National Assessment of Educational Progress, The Reading Report Card (This table was preparcd May (986)



² The 4 items for the scale were (1) newspaper subscription, (2) magazine subscription, (3) more than 25 books in home, and (4) encyclopedia at home

³ Students in this group attend schools in communities with a population under 10,000 where most of the residents are farmers or farm workers

⁴ Students in this group attend schools in or around cities with a population greater than 200,000 where a high proportion of the residents are on welfare or are not regularly employed

Students in this group attend schools in or around cities with a population greater than 200,000 where a high proportion of the residents are in professional or managerial

⁻ Data not available

Table 96.—National Assessment of Educational Progress in reading for grades 3, 7, and 11, by selected characteristics of participants: 1985–86

Outputed at a control of much annuals	Readi	ing proficiency score	
Selected characteristics of participants	Grade 3	Grade 7	Grade 11
1	2	3	4
Total	38.1	48.9	56.1
Sex Male Female .	37 3 38 9	47 5 50 3	54 5 57 7
Race White Black Hispanic	39 8 33 4 . 33 2	50 3 45 2 44 4	57 3 51 5 51.3
Region Northeast Southeast. Central West	39 1 37 2 39 3 36 9	50 7 48 1 49 0 48.0	57.4 54.8 56 5 55.4
Type of community Disadvantaged urban ¹ Advantaged urban ² .	31 9 41 2	43 8 51 6	51 2 59 5
Score quartile Upper quartile Lower quartile	47 4 25 9	58 2 38 1	67 [^] 43 4

¹ Students in this group attend schools in or around cities with a population greater than 200,000 where a high proportion of the residents are on welfare or are not regularly employed.



² Students in this group attend schools in or around cities with a population greater than 200,000 where a high proportion of the residents are in professional or managerial positions.

NOTE —These reading proficiency levels are on a different scale from the proficiency levels previously reported in National Assessment studies and should not be compared with those results

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Assessment of Educational Progress, Who Reads Best? (This table was prepared August 1988.)

Table 97.—Percentage of students at or above selected reading proficiency levels, by race/ethnicity, and age: 1970-71 to 1983-84

1	1				Advanced 5	
	2	3	4	5	6	
1 970- 71						
l-year-olds	90 4	58 3	156	11		
White 7	94 2	65 1	183	1.3	(6	
Black	703	22 3	13		(°	
Hispanic	-	_	- 13	00	(°,	
3-year-olds	00.7			İ		
White 7	997	92 3	57 0	93	(*)	
Black	99 9	96.1	63 8	10 9 į	(*)	
Black Hispanic	98 3	72 2	20 4	04	(° (°)	
				_	_	
7-year-olds	(⁶)	96 6	80.0	37.2	4.9	
White 7	(8)	98 4	85 4	41.4	5.5	
Black	(8)	83.6	41 1	69	0.2	
Hispanic	_	-		-		
1974-75		1				
-year-olds White	93 3 95 9	61 7	14 0	0.7	(°) (°)	
Disale		68 4	166	0.8	(*)	
t transport	81 5	32 0	19	0.0	(*)	
Hispanic	823	33 5	3.2	00	(•) (•)	
3-year-olds	99 6	92.8	57.5	9.7	(*)	
White	100 0	96 2	64 3	11.5	(*)	
Black	98 0	753	23 9	15	(6)	
Hispanic	98 2	81 4	29.8	13	(*)	
7-year-olds	(°)	97 5	82 0			
White	(6)	99 1	87 5	36.1	3 5	
Black	(*)	86 0		40 6	40	
Hispanic	(6)	92 4	45 0	71	0.0	
197 9-8 0	()	32 4	56.5	12.9	0.5	
year-olds	94 4	65 1	170	0.8	(8)	
White	96 8	71 7	20 3	10	(*)	
Black	85 3	39 4	39	0.0	(°)	
Hispanic .	843	37 6	44	0.0	(°) (°)	
3-year-olds	99 8	24.0				
White	99 9	94 3	59 3	10.9	(*)	
Black		96 7	66 0	13 1	(*)	
Hispanic	99.4 99.4	84 1 85 2	29 6 33 7	14 27	(°)	
Tugar alda			55.	- '	(*)	
/-year-olds White .	(°)	97 9	82 8	34 8	3 1	
	(°)	99 3	88 9	39 9	36	
Black . Hispanic .	(8) (6)	88 8	45 8	61	0.0	
1983-84	(e)	96 5	63 2	12 7	0.4	
year-olds .	93 9	64 2	10.1			
White	96 4	71 1	18 1	10	(6)	
Black	83 6	393	22 0	12	(*)	
Hispanic	88 2	43 8	45 47	0 1 0.0	(°)	
Lynner-olde				0.0	(*)	
l-year-olds White.	99 8	94 5	60 3	11 3	(6)	
Winter	99 9	96 5	66 9	136	(6) (9)	
Black	99 4	87 1	35 3	23	(e)	
Hispanic	100 0	86 3	39 4	17	(*) (*)	
-year-olds .	(8)	98 6	83 6	39 2	49	
White	(8)	99 2	88 9	45 1		
Black	(8) (8)	965	65 8	15.5	58	
lispane .	(6)	96 8	00.0	133	0.8	

¹ Able to follow brief written directions and select phrases to describe pictures



² Able to understand combined ideas and make references based on short uncomplicated passages about specific or sequentially related information

³ Able to search for specific information, interrelate ideas, and make generalizations

about interature, science, and social studies materials

4 Able fo find, understand, summanze, and explain relatively complicated literary and

^{Able to understand the links between ideas even when those links are not explicitly stated and to make appropriate generalizations even when the texts lack clear introduc}tions or explanations

⁶ Virtually no students were able to read at this level

⁷ Includes Hispanic

Virtually all students were able to read material at this level

⁻ Data not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Institute of Education, National Assessment of Educational Progress, *The Reading Report Card.* (This table was prepared May 1986)

Table 98.—Percentage distribution of students and average reading proficiency by principals' ratings of school problems, by grade and type of problem: 1984

Grade and school problem	Per b	centage distable y extent of pro	ution of students blem in school		Average reading proficiency of students, by extent of problem in school				
	Not a problem	Minor	Moderate	Senous	Not a problem	Minor	Moderate	Serious	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
4th grade							İ		
Student absenteeism	47.4	40 1	106	20	222 7	215 1	205.5	202.	
Lack of parent interest	29.0	35.5	29 7	58	228 9	218 7	208.9	196	
Discipline	31 2	51.9	15.8	11	225 8	216 2	206.8	196	
Lack of teacher commitment/	[- 1				i			
motivation	49.2	420	8.5	03	219.9	216.5	208.5	196	
Teacher absenteeism	49 9	34.4	5.5	0.2	221 4	2120	2106	200.	
Teacher turnover	74 2	21 8	36	0.4	219 5	211 7	207 6	225.0	
Low standards for students	610	31.3	6.4	13	221 1	213 3	205.7	211	
Vandalism	574	38 3	43	00	220 4	214 5	205.7	_	
8th grade			į						
Student absenteeism	33.1	477	17.4	18	267 0	260.0	253.6	243.	
Lack of parent interest	23.6	36.7	30.9	88	270.3	263 5	254.2	248	
Discipline	18.3	58.2	22 9	05	269 0	261 4	254 2	247.	
Lack of teacher commitment/				Ì	•				
motivation	33 3	54 7	110	10	264.2	259 8	256.7	252.	
Teacher absenteeism	46.2	46 7	63	09	263.7	260 1	248.1	247.	
Teacher turnover	66 0	27 1	51	18	262.0	259.6	259.1	249.	
Low standards for students	44 8	44.7	98	0.6	265.7	258 5	251.0	252.	
Vandalism	45.1	476	72	02	263 2	260.2	251 0	237.	
11th grade				1					
Student absenteeism	16 1	33 7	39 6	105	296 7	293 2	287.5	275.	
Lack of parent interest	18 9	32 6	35 9	126	301 7	293 4	284.8	275.	
Discipline	14.7	61 2	22 5	15	298 6	291.0	280 9	271.	
Lack of teacher commitment/			1	1					
motivation	172	57 8	21 8	3 1	297 5	289 8	285 4	275.	
Teacher absenteeism	29 4	50 6	18 2	1.8	293 5	289 3	286.1	276.	
Teacher turnover	58 8	32 1	83	0.9	290 9	290 3	281.8	266.	
Low standards for students.	41 4	39 3	18.1	12	295 1	288 2	282 3	268.	
Vandalism	27 9	58 7	12 7	07	292.3	289.8	285.2	26 7.	

-Data not available

NOTE —The NAEP scores have been evaluated at certain performance levels A score of 300 (adept) implies an ability to find, understand, summanze, and explain relatively complicated literary and informational material A score of 250 (intermediate) implies an ability to search for specific infor nation, interrelate ideas, and make generalizations about literature, science, and social studies materials. A score of 200 (basic)

implies an ability to understand, combine ideas, and make inferences based on short uncomplicated passages about specific or sequentially related information. A score of 150 implies an ability to follow written directions and select phrases to describe pictures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. "School Climate and Reading Performance," October 1988 (This table was prepared November 1988)



Table 99.—Writing performance of 4th, 8th, and 11th graders, by selected characteristics of students: 1984

Salastad abased and a discount and a				T			
Selected characteristics of students	Grade 4	Grade 8	Grade 11	Selected characteristics of students	Grade 4	Grade 8	Grade 1
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
All students	158	205	219				
Sex				Barrata I			
Male	150	196	209	Parents level of education			1
Female	166	214	209	Not high school graduate .	143	189	199
	100	214	229	Graduated high school	154	202	215
Race/ethnicity		1		Post high school	166	213	227
White	163	211	224	Number of house			
Black	138	186	200	Number of types or reading materials in	i		
Hispanic	146	188	200	the home *			
Asian-American	163	211	219	0 to 2	147	186	197
	.55		218	3	154	198	205
Reading proficiency		-	i	4	159	203	216
Rudimentary 1	133	_		5	164	210	223
Basic ²	145	177	183	Bosso	ŀ	j	
Intermediate 3	160	195	202	Region	i	1	
Adept 4	171	210	216	Northeast	161	209	222
Advanced 5	180	222	227	Southeast	154	203	216
			221	Central	160	206	220
lours of TV viewing daily	- 1	ŀ	į.	West	157	203	217
0 to 2 hours	164	211	222	Size and time of annual			
3 to 5 hours	160	207	216	Size and type of community	1	ĺ	
6 hours or more	150	196	207	Rural 7	153	203	213
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.00	130	207	Disadvantaged urban *	142	188	201
	ĺ	-	H	Advantaged urban 9	170	221	228

¹ Able to follow bief written directions and select phrases to describe pictures

Students in this group attend schools in or around cities with a population greater than 200,000 where a high propurtion of the residents are on welfare or are not regularby employed

NOTE —The writing scale score ranges from 0 to 400 and is defined as the average of a respondent's estimated scores on 10 specific writing tasks. The average response method is used to estimate average writing achievement for each participant as if each had performed all 10 writing tasks.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement National Assessment of Educational Progress, *The Writing Report Card* (This table was prepared June 1987)



² Able to understand, combine :leas, and make references based on short, uncomplicated passages about specific or sequentially related information.

³ Able to search for specific information, into related ideas, and make generalizations about interature, science, and social studies material

⁴ Able to find, understand, summanze, nd explain relatively complicated literary and informational material.

^{*} Able to understand the links between ideas, even when those links are not explicitly stated, and to make appropriate generalizations, even when the texts lack clear introductions and explanations

⁶ Indicates availability of five types of reading and reference materials—a dictionary, an encyclopedia, books, newspapers, and magazines

⁷ Students in this group attend schools in communities with a population under 10,000 where most of the resident* are farmers or farm workers

by employed

* Students in this group attend schools in or around cities with a population greater than 200,000 where a high proportion of the residents are in professional or managerial positions

⁻Data not applicable

Table 100.—Percentage of students writing at a minimal level or better,1 by sex and race/ethnicity, by age: 1974, 1979, 1984

		Sex			Race/ethnicity	
Age, writing task, and year	All students	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Age 9						
nformative writing						
1979	53 4	47 1	59 4	58 4	33 5	29.
1984	55 7	50 9	60 7	59 7	36 0	51
ersuasive writing						
1979	63 7	58.8	68 7	68 0	44 1	45
1984	58 2	51 1	65 8	62 6	40 1	50
naginative writing		i		_		
1974	36 7	30 9	426	41 3	173	22
1979	41 4	36 8	46 1	43 6	29 9	36
1984	54 6	50 7	58 2	573	44 8	46
Age 13						
nformative writing						
1979	74 4	66 5	80 6	77 3	60 6	65
1984	81 4	78 6	84 2	84 9	64 4	78
ersuasive writing				ŀ		
1979	27.8	278	279	30 1	18 2	18
1984	34 1	33 6	34.6	37 0	26 2	19
naginative writing						
1974	69.0	63 5	74 1	708	57 1	67
1979	60 7	55 8	65 9	623	53 1	58
1984	66 7	61 1	73 1	65 3	75 3	65
Age 17 ²						
nformative writing						
1979	87 1	816	918	89 4	728	78
1984	89 0	87 4	90 7	91 3	795	86
ersuasive writing						
1979	60 6	58 7	62 4	62 7	52 5	46
1984	. 63.8	62 3	65 4	67 2	55 7	52
naginative writing						
1974	76 4	72 1	80 1	77 6	70 3	67
1979	71 3	66 0	7 6 7	72 5	64 7	55
1984	75 1	706	795	76 4	68 4	76

¹ Standards for minimal performance level differ by grade level ² All participants of this age group were in school

NOTE—Informative writing is used to share knowledge and convey messages, instructions, and ideas. Persuasive writing attempts to bring about some action or change imaginative writing provides a special way of sharing our experiences and understanding the world. Five levels of proficiency were defined for each task non-rateable, unsatisfac-tory, minimal, adequate, and elaborated. Non-rateable responses included those that were blank, off-task, and unreadable. Unsatisfactory responses were those that failed to reflect a basic und rstanding of the purpose of the writing. Minimal responses recognized the elements needed to complete the task, but were not managed well enough to ensure that the intended purpose of the writing was achieved. Adequate responses included the features critical to accomplishing the purpose of the writing and were likely to have the intended effect. Elaborated responses went beyond the merely adequate, reflecting a higher level of coherence and elaboration

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, National Assessment of Educational Progress, Writing Trends Across the Decade, 1974-1984 (This table was prepared June 1987)



Table 101.—Student values and attitudes toward writing, by grade level: 1984

Statements about writing	Percentage of students half	reporting the statemen the time, by grade level	t is true more than
	Grade 4	Grade 8	Grade 11
1	2	3	4
Writing is important	78 6		
Writing helps me learn about myself .	53 6	726	69.
Writing helps me study		44 6	49
Writing helps me come up with new ideas	74 0	71.5	65
Writing helps me think more clearly	69 6	61.7	59
	56 1	44 0	51 .
Writing helps me tell others what I think.	57 6		
Writing helps tell others what I fee!	548	50 6	55
Writing helps me understand my own feelings		50 3	55.
Writing can help me get a good job	54 4	43 3	48.4
Writing helps me share my ideas.	46 0	50 7	57.
,	63 5	56 6	61.
Writing helps me show people I know something	68 4		
eople who write well have a better chance of cetting good jobs		61 5	62 9
People who write well are more influential	53 8 51 0	45 7	56.1
like to write		47 4	56 4
am a good writer	57 0	41 2	39.4
	57 8	42 1	40.7
think writing is a waste of time.	40.7		
People like what I write	19 7	13 5	8.3
write on my own outside of school	53 2	36 5	36 7
don't like to write things that will be graded	48 2	35 4	28.8
I didn't have to write for school, I wouldn't write anything	36 0	31 7	30 4
wouldn't write anything	31 4	18 9	16.2

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, National Assessment of Educational Progress, *The Writing Report Card* (This table was prepared June 1987.)

Table 102.—National Assessment of Educational Progress in literature and U.S. history for 11th graders, by student characteristics: Spring 1986

Student characteristic	Percentage	Averag	e score	Student standard	Percentage	Averag	e score
	distribution	History	Literature	Student characteristic	distribution	History	Literature
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
United States	100.0	285.0	295.0				
Sex				Parents' level of education			
Male				No high school diploma	8.5	260 8	266 2
Female	51 1	290 7	282 8	Graduated high school	27 2	273.8	273 4
remaie	489	279 0	287 3	Post high school	22 0	289.7	288 3
				Graduated college	39 1	297 7	297.6
Race				Positing materials in the harms			
White	769	290 8	289 9	Rea ling materials in the home			İ
Black	129	263 1	267 5	0 to 3 types	13 5	265 1	265 4
Hispanic	71	262 5	264.8	4 types	23 9	279 6	279 3
•		2023	204 6	5 types	62 5	2916	291 7
Region							
Northeast	240	2938	293 0	Parents lungs at heme			
Southeast	210	278 4	282 6	Parents living at home Both			
Central	28 8	286 8	284 3	One parent	78 4	290 5	290 3
West	26 2	280 2	280 4	Neither	183	280 5	282 1
	1 202	2002	200 4	Neither	33	268 3	271 6
Size and type of community				Mothers working outside the home			
Rural	4.5	275 1	273 7	Full time			_
Urban disadvantaged	53	262 U	265 2	Part time	52 8	287 6	28 8 1
Urban advantaged	13 5	301 1	3014	Not at all	198	293 3	292 5
	1		551.4	1 HOLALAN	24 7	286 3	286 2
School program		į	1	i			
Academic	52 3	298 8	298 7				
General	37 8	271 4	271 7			- 1	
Vocational/technical	100	266 3	265 9				

NOTE —As with the NAEP reading scale, these scales range from 0 to 500. For the literature and U.S. history scales, the mean and standard deviation were set to 285 and 40, respectively. These values were chosen to be similar to the mean and standard deviation for 11th graders on the 1983-84 reading scale.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Ecucation, National Assessment of Educational Progress "Literature and U.S. History" (This table was prepared in August 1988.)



Table 103.—Percentage of students at or above five mathematics proficiency levels, by race/ethnicity and age: 1977–78, 1981–82, and 1985–86

Year, age, and race/ ethnicity	Simple anthmetic facts	Beginning skills and understanding	Basic operations and beginning problem solving	Moderately complex procedures and reasoning	Multi-step problem and algebra
1	2	3	4	5	6
1977-78					
9-year-olds	96.5	70 3	19 4	0.8	(י)
White	983	76 0	22 5	09	(')
Black	878	42 5	43	(¹)	(*)
Hispanic	93 5	54 3	10 8	05	(t)
13-year-olds	(²)	94 5	64 9	17 9	0 9
White	(2)	97.5	729	21 4	11
3lack	(²)	79.5	28 9	21	(1)
Hispanic	(²)	85 9	35 6	3 4	0 1
17-year-olds	(²)	99.8	92 1	51.4	7.4
White	(2)	100 0	95 8	573	86
3lack	(2)	98 7	70 0	180	04
Hispanic	(2)	99 3	77 4	22 1	11
1981-82					
9-year-olds	972	71 5	18 7	06	(1)
White	98.6	76 9	21 5	07	(1)
Black	904	46.7	4.5	(¹)	(1)
Hispanic	95 0	55 0	92	(¹)	(¹)
13-year-olds	(2)	97 6	71 6	178	0.5
White	(2)	99 1	78 5	20 9	0.6
Black	(2)	89 0	38 1	3.3	(¹)
Hispanic	(²)	96 1	54 2	62	02
17-year-olds	(²)	99 9	92 9	48 3	5 4
White	(2)	100 0	96 3	54 5	63
Black .	(2)	99 6	75 3	173	06
Hispanic	(2)	99 9	81 3	20 6	0.5
1985-86					
9-year-olds	978	73 9	20 8	06	(¹)
White	98 9	79 2	24 5	07	(¹)
Black	93.0	53 3	54	(¹)	(*)
Hispanic	96 4	58 7	80	(¹)	(')
13-year-olds. ,	(²)	98.5	73 1	15 9	0.4
White	(2)	99 2	78 7	18 6	0.5
Black .	(2)	95 5	49 4	40	0 1
Hispanic	(2)	96 1	55 2	5 4	03
17-year-olds	(²)	99 9	96 0	51 1	6 4
White	(2)	99 9	98 3	58 0	76
Biack	(2)	100 0	86 0	21 7	03
Hispanic	(2)	98 9	908	26 8	12

¹Virtually no students were able to perform at this level

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress, *The Mathematics Report Card*, prepared by Educational Testing Service (This table was prepared January 1989.)



²Virtually all students were able to perform at this level

Table 104.—Mathematics proficiency scores for 9-, 13-, and 17-year-olds, by selected characteristics of students: 1977-78, 1981-82, and 1985-86

Selected characteristics of		9-year-olds			13-year-olds			17-year-olds	
students	1977-78	1981-82	1985-86	1977-78	1981-82	1985-86	1977-78	1981-82	1985-86
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Alf students	219	219	222	264	269	269	300	299	30
Sex							- 300	200	
Male	217	217	222	004				- 1	
Female	220	221	222 222	264	269	270	304	302	30
	220	221	222	265	268	268	297	296	29
Race/ethnicity				[1				
White	224	224	227	272	274	274			
Black	192	195	202	230	240	249	306	304	308
Hispanic	203	204	205	238	252	254	268	272	279
	1			230	232	234	276	277	283
Television watched per day		I	1	ļ	1		1		
0 to 2 hours	- 1	218	202	_	273	276	205		
3 to 5 hours	i	227	229	_	269	271	305	303	310
6 or more hours	-	215	213	-	256	255	296 279	294 280	299 282
Reading materials in the		1							
home 1				1			1		
O to 2 items	201	203	208	239	250	255	277	281	281
3 items	221	221	224	260	267	266	296	295	297
4 items	231	231	234	275	279	276	308	306	309
Region				ľ					
Northeast	227	226	226	273	077		İ		
Southeast	209	210	218		277	277	307	304	307
Central	224	221	226	253	258	264	292	292	297
West	214	219	217	269	273	266	305	302	304
		219	217	260	266	270	296	294	299
Parental education		1	į		j	1	ŀ		
Less than high school	200	199	201	245	251	252	000		
Graduated high school	219	218	218	263	263	263	280	279	279
Some college	230	225	229	273	275	274	294	293	293
Graduated college	231	229	231	284	282	280	305	304	305
			20,	204	202	260	317	312	314

¹The 4 items in the scale were newspaper subscription, magazine-subscription, more than 25 books in the home, and encyclopedia in the home

—Data not available

NOTE.—Performers at the 150 level know some basic addition and subtraction facts, and most can add two-digit numbers without regrouping. They recognize simple situations in which addition and subtraction apply. Performers at the 200 level have considerable understanding of two-digit numbers and know some basic multiplication and division facts. Performers at the 250 level have an initial understanding of the four basic operations. They can also compare information from graphs and charts, and are developing an ability to analyze simple logical relations. Performers at the 300 level can compute

decimals, simple fractions, and percents. They can identify geometric figures, measure lengths and angles, and calculate areas of rectangles. They are developing the skills to operate with signed numbers, exponents, and square roots. Performers at the 350 level can apply a range of reasoning skills to solve multi-step problems. They can solve routine problems involving fractions and percents, recognize properties of basic geometric figures, and work with exponents and square roots.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress, *The Mathematics Report Card*, prepared by Educational Testing Service (This table was prepared January 1989)



Table 105.—Percentage of students at or above five science proficiency levels, by race/ethnicity and age: 1976-77, 1981-82, and 1985-86

Year, age, and race/ ethnicity	Know everyday science facts	Understand simple scientific principles	Apply basic scientific information	Analyze scientific procedures and data	Integrate specialized scientific information
1	2	3	4	5	6
1976-77					
9-year-olds	936	67 9	26 2	35	(¹)
White	97 8	76 5	313	43	(1)
Black	83 1	42 1	38	0.5	(1)
Нізрапіс	73 1	27 7	8.5	0 1	(r)
13-year-olds	(²)	85 9	49 2	10 9	0.7
White	(²)	91 9	56.7	13 1	0 9
Black	(2)	63 1	19 1	23	0.2
Hispanic	(2)	57 1	15 1	1 2	(¹)
17 -year-olds	(2)	97.2	818	41.7	8 5
White	(²)	99 2	88 4	47.4	9.9
Black	(²)	92.7	617	19 1	20
Hispanic	(²)	84 5	40 9	83	0 6
1981-82					
9-year-olds	950	70 4	24 8	22	(¹)
White	98.1	78 0	30 1	27	(1)
Black	84 6	41 8	38	(¹)	(1)
Hispanic	81 2	38 7	44	0 4	(1)
13-year-olds	(2)	89 6	51 5	9 4	0.4
White	(²)	94 5	58 7 i	11.2	0.4
Black	(2)	74.5	25 8	24	(1)
Hispanic	(²)	66 8	18 6	08	(¹)
17-year-olds	(2)	95 8	76 8	37.5	7.2
White	(2)	98 7	85 0	44.0	8.8
Black	(²)	86 1	46 6	12 5	1 4
Hispanic	(2)	81 0	36 5	67	0 1
1985-86					
9-year-olds	963	71 4	27 6	34	(1)
White	98 5	78 4	32 6	43	(¹)
Black	89 6	49 1	88	02	(1)
Hispanic	87 5	45 1	10 7	04	(1)
13-year-olds	(2)	91 8	53 4	94	02
White	(2)	96 4	619	118	03
Black	(²)	76 1	27 6	16	(¹)
Hispanic	(2)	74 3	20 2	09	(1)
17-year-olds	(2)	96 7	808	41 4	7.5
White	(2)	98 6	87 6	48 8	9 0
Black	(²)	92 9	61 6	15.5	0.5
F panic	(²)	898	529	123	1.0

¹ Virtually no students were able to perform at this level

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, *The Science Report Card. 1988.* prepared by Educational Testing Service (This table was prepared January 1989.)



² Virtually all students were able to perform at this level

Table 106.—Eighth graders' achievement on history, mathematics, reading, and science tests: 1988

				Dist	tribution of	eighth gra	iders' achieve	ment by	score qua	rtile 1			
Achievement test and score quartile	s	ex			Race/ethn	icity		Socioeconomic status 2			Control of school		
·	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Amencan Indian	Low	Middle	High	Public	Catholic	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
fistorv	100.0	100.0	100 G	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100.0			
Lower quartile	25.3	25.3	19.6	41 9	با04	21 7	43 1	44 4	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100
Lower middle quartile	22.2	268	23.0	31 9	26 2	199	310		23 5	8 8	27 1	126	11.3
Upper middle quartile	25 3	260	28 2	17.4	20.1	26 4		28 2	26.5	169	25 1	21.0	18.
Upper quartile	27.3	21.8	29.2	8.8	133	32.1	18 4	18 1	27.9	28 5	25.0	31 3	28.
			23.2	0.0	133	32.1	74	9.2	22 1	44.8	22.8	35 1	418
fathematics	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	400.0	400.0					i	
Lower quartile	25.4	25.0	18.3	49 0	39 2	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0	1000	100 0	100.0	100.0
Lower middle quartile	24 4	26.0	24.1	28 7		18 8	463	44 3	23 8	93	268	169	8.3
Upper middle quartile	24.4	24.3	27.0		30 1	19 7	29.1	30 8	26 9	16 1	25 6	24.7	17 6
Upper quarti/ >	25.8	248		151	19.9	22 3	163	170	27.0	26 2	23 7	28 6	28.4
oppor qual 5	20.0	24 6	30.6	7.2	108	39 2	83	79	22 3	48.5	238	29 7	45 7
eading	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	400.0	400.0			- 1		1		
Lower quartile	30.4	213	19.9	45 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	1000	1000	100 0	100.0
Lower middle quartile	25.0	25.0			38 2	23 5	44 9	44 0	24 2	11.1	27 7	138	10.4
Upper middle quartile	22.7		23.5	29.4	30 5	22 6	30 0	29 1	27 0	169	25 6	23 1	16.6
Upper quartile	21.9	25.6	26.2	166	20.1	24.6	18 5	18 5	25 8	26 3	23 7	28.2	25.8
oppor quartito	21.9	28.?	30.4	9.0	11 2	29 3	66	8.4	23 0	45 7	23.0	34 9	47.2
cience	100 0	1000	100.0	400.0				İ		į	i		
Lower quartile	25.4	25 9	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0
Lower middle quartile	21.7		19.2	47.7	37 8	22 0	46 9	423	24 7	111	27.2	17.2	11 0
Upper middle quartile	25.7	26.7	22.4	30.1	30 7	23 0	27 4	29 2	25 5	169	243	25 3	21.1
Upper quartile		260	28.8	15 9	20.6	24.6	17.4	193	_73	29 4	25 2	313	29.4
obbo domina	27 1	214	29 6	63	109	30 3	83	91	22.6	42.5	23 4	26 1	38 5

¹ Twenty-five percent of all students fall into each one of the quartile groupings

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Data are preliminary

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "National Education Longitudina," Study of 1988" survey. (This table was prepared June



¹ I wenty-nive percent or an students rail into each one of the quartile groupings. ² Socioeconomic status was measured by a composite score on parental education and occupations, family income, and household characteristics. The "Low" SES group is the lowest quartile, the "Middle" SES group is the middle two quartiles, and the "High" SES group is the upper quartile.

Table 107.—Science proficiency scores for 9-, 13-, and 17-year-olds, by selected characteristics of students: 1976-77, 1981-82, and 1985-86

Colonia de la constanta de la colonia de la		9-year-olds	}		13-year-old:	S		17-year-oid	s
Selected characteristics of students	1976-77	1981-82	1985-86	1976-77	1981-82	1985-86	1976-77	1981-82	1985-8
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All students	219.9	220.9	224.3	247.4	250.2	251.4	289.6	283.3	288.
Sex	_								
Male	. 222.1	221.0	227 3	251 1	255 7	256 1	297.1	2919	294.9
Female .	2177	220 7	221 3	243 8	245 0	246 9	282 3	275.2	282
Race/ethnicity							•		
White	229 6	229.1	231 9	256 1	257 3	259 2	297 7	2932	297.
Black	191.9	189 0	199 4	208 1	2172	221 6	262 3	248 7	259.
Hispanic	174 9	187 1	196 2	2134	225 5	226 1	240 3	234.8	252.
Region									
Northeast	224 5	221 8	228 2	255.3	254 1	257 6	296 4	284.4	292.
Southeast	205 1	214.0	218.8	235 1	238 7	247.1	276.4	276 2	
Central	225 3	226 3	227 9	2538	253 9	249.4	294 1	289.3	294.
West	220 9	219 9	222 1	243.0	252 4	252 3	286 6	280 9	283.
Parental education	ĺ	İ	,			į			
Less than high school	198 5	198 2	203 6	223.5	225 4	229.4	265 4	258.6	257.
Graduated high school	223 0	2:8.1	2196	245 4	243 2	244 8	284 4	2753	277.0
Some college	237 2	229.2	235 8	2603	258 9	257 8	295 7	290.1	295.
Graduated college	. 232.3	230.6	235 2	266 5	263.5	264 4	309 3	300 2	303.

NOTE —Performers at the 150 level know some general scientific facts of the type that could be learned from everyday experiences Performers at the 200 level are developing some understanding of simple scientific principles, particularly in the life sciences Performers at the 250 level can interpret data from simple tables and make inferences about the outcomes of experimental procedures. They exhibit knowledge and understanding of the life sciences, and also demonstrate some knowledge of basic information from the physical sciences Performers at the 300 level can evaluate the appropriateness of the design of an experiment and have the skill to apply their scientific knowledge in interpreting information from text and graphs. These students also exhibit a

growing understanding of principles from the physical sciences. Performers at the 350 level can infer relationships and draw conclusions using detailed scientific knowledge from the physical sciences, particularly chemistry. They also can apply basic principles of genetics and interpret the societal implications of research in this field.

SCURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress, *The Science Report Card, 1988*, prepared by Educational Testing Service (This table was prepared January 1989.)



Table 108.—Scholastic Aptitude Test score averages for college-bound high school seniors, by sex: 1966-67 to 1987-88

School year	<u>-</u>	Verbal score		Ma	afnematical score	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Mele	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
966-67	466	463	468	492	514	
967-68	466	464	466	492	512	46
968–69	463	459	466	493		47
969-70	460	459	461	488	513 509	47
970–71	455	454	457	488	507	46 4 6
971-72	453	454	452	484	505	46
972-73	445	446	443	481	502	
973-74	4+4	447	442	480	_	46
974-75	434	437	431	472	501	45
975–76	431	433	430	472	495 497	44 44
976–77	429	431	427	470	497	44
977-78	429	433	425	468		44
978-79	427	431	123	467	494 493	44
979-80	424	428	420	466		44
980-81	424	430	418	466	491 492	44: 44:
981-82	426	431	421	467	493	
982-83	425	430	420	468		440
983-84	426	433	420	471	493	4
984-85	431	437	425	475	495	44
985-86	431	437	426	475	499 501	452 451
986-37	430	435	425	476		
987-88	428	435	425	476 476	500 498	453 4 55

NOTE —Possible scores on each part of the SAT range from 200 to 800. Data for the years 1966-67 through 1970-71 are estimates derived from the test scores of all participants.

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board, College-Bound Servors, 1988 Profile of SAT and Achievement Test Takers (Copyright © 1988 by the College Entrance Examination Board All rights reserved) (This table was prepared September 1988)

Table 109.—Scholastic Aptitude Test score averages, by race/ethnicity: 1975-76 to 1987-88

Racial/ethnic background	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978–79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1986-87	1987-88
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
SAT-Verbal										<u> </u>	<u>:-</u>	
All students	431	429	429	427	424	424	426	425	426	431	430	421
White	451	448	446	444	442	442	444	443	445	440		
Black ,	332	330	332	330	330	332	341	339	342	449	447	445
Mexican-American .	371	370	370	370	372	373	377	375	376	346	351	353
Puerto Rican	364	355	349	345	350	35%	330	358		382	379	382
Asian-American , ,	414	405	401	396	396	39,	398	395	358	368	360	355
American Indian	388	390	387	386	390	391	388		398	404	405	408
Other	410	402	399	393	394	388	392	388 386	390 388	392 391	393 405	393 410
SAT-Mathematics												
All students	472	470	468	467	466	436	467	468	471	475	476	476
White	493	489	485	483	482	483	483	484	487		<u>_</u>	
Riack	354	357	354	358	360	362	366			490	489	490
Mexican-American	410	408	402	410	413	415	;	369	373	376	377	384
Puerto Rican	401	397	388	388	394	398	416 403	417	420	426	424	42 F
Asian-American	518	514	510	511	509			403	405	409	400	402
American Indian.	420	421	419	421		513	513	514	519	518	521	522
Other	458	457	450	447	426	425	424	425	427	426	432	435
• • • •	456	457	450	447	449	447	449	446	450	448	455	460

TE —Possible scores on each part of the SAT range from 200 to 800. No race/ ethnic group data are available prior to 1975-76. No data are available for 1985-86 due to changes in the Student Descriptive. Questionnaise completed when students registered for the test.

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board. *National Report on College - nund Seniors*, 1988 (Copyright © 1988 by the College Entrance Examination Board All rights reserved.) (This table wer prepared October 1988.)



Table 110.—Distribution of Scholastic Aptitude Test scores, by sex of student: 1975-76 to 1987-88

	Number of					Percer	nt of students w	rith specified so	cores				
Year	test takers	200 or higher	2250 or high e r	300 or higher	350 or higher	400 or higher	450 or higher	500 or higher	550 or higher	600 or higher	650 or higher	600 or higher	650 or higher
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
						Verbai			-				
Total													
975-76 980-81 984-85 985-86 986-87 987-88 Men	999,809 994,046 977,361 1,000,748 1,080,426 1,134,364	100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	96.26 95.46 95.96 95.81 96.08 95.81	89.26 87 32 88 81 88 92 88 57 88 62	77 47 75 34 77.22 77 55 76 62 76 44	60 27 58 44 60 62 61 77 60 18 60 53	43 01 40 64 43 23 43.17 43.02 +2 38	28 11 25 76 27 38 23 03 27 85 26 91	15 58 13 87 15 33 15.75 15 44 14 94	8 20 7 00 7 88 7 87 8.14 7 32	3 55 3 01 3 55 3 25 3 42 3 22	1 23 1 03 1 16 0 99 1 07 0 92	0 0 0 0
975-76	494,626 478,448 471,992 481,477 520,326 544,065	100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100.00	96 39 95.97 96.30 96 19 96 23 96 14	89 54 88 50 89 71 89 87 89 12 89 54	77.90 77.16 78.69 79.10 77.72 78.21	60.90 60.73 62.58 63.74 61.79 62.92	43 65 42 89 45 35 45.17 44 91 45 04	28 69 27 53 29 21 29 77 29.71 29 25	16 04 17 03 16 1 17 02 16.93 16 70	8 49 7 67 8 79 8 71 9 22 8 44	3 69 3 30 4 06 3 68 4 02 3 82	29 1 13 1 34 1 11 1 26 1 13	0 0 0 0
975-76 980-81 984-85 985-86 986-87 987-88	505,193 515,598 505,369 519,271 560,100 590,299	100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100.00 100.00	96 14 94 99 95 64 95 46 95.93 95.50	88 97 86 23 87 96 88 04 88 07 87.76	77 05 73 66 75 66 76.11 75 60 74 82	59 65 56 32 58 79 59 95 58.67 58 33	42 38 38 56 41 26 41 31 41 26 39 93	27 55 24.11 25 66 26 42 26 13 24 76	15 13 12 80 14 04 14 57 14 05 13.32	7 92 6 39 7 02 7 09 7 14 6 29	3 42 2 73 3 07 2.85 2 87 2 66	1 17 0 94 0 98 0 88 0 90 0.74	0 0 0 0 0
						Mathemati	CB					<u> </u>	
Total 975-76 980-81 984-85 985-86. 986-87 987-88 Me n	999,776 993,672 977,361 1,000,747 1,080,426 1,134,364	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00	98 78 98 85 99 15 98 91 98 91 99 08	93 65 92 99 93 99 93 63 93 30 93 93	83 55 82 77 83 83 84 64 84 22 84 62	70 87 70 48 71 85 71 98 71 61 72 17	57.16 55.57 57 98 57 41 57 40 57 43	41 82 40 59 43.36 42 32 42 37 43 03	26 94 25 98 29 33 29 29 29 67 29 55	16 34 14 45 17.08 17 95 18 32 17 60	8 49 7 08 8 63 9 56 9 94 9 26	3 75 2 71 3 58 4 08 3 66 3 78	1 0 0 1 1
75-76 80-81 84-85 85-86 86-£7 87-88 Women	494,619 478,301 471,995 481,477 520,326 544,065	100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	99 13 99 20 99 37 99 24 99 16 99.31	95 37 94 98 95 53 95.38 94 91 95 37	87 63 87 17 87 73 88.49 87 75 87 91	77 29 77 17 76.05 78 26 77 36 77 48	65 30 63 99 65 78 65.53 64 90 64 40	50 65 49 45 51 80 51 16 50 74 50 71	34 93 33 92 37 09 37 47 37 66 36 91	22 71 20 38 23 09 24 49 24 82 23 63	12 70 10 75 12 59 14 00 14 47 13 43	6 02 4 46 5 65 6 44 6 15 5 96	1 1 1 1 1
75-76 90-81 24-85 35-86 36-87 37-88	505,157 515,371 505,366 519,270 5€0,100 590,299	100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	98 45 98.53 98.95 98 61 98 67 98 87	91 96 91 14 92 56 92 01 91 80 92 60	79 56 78 69 80 19 81 07 80 93 81 58	64 59 64 27 66 06 66 16 66 26 67 28	49 20 47 76 50 70 49 87 50 44 51 00	33 17 32 37 35 48 34 12 34 59 35 94	19 12 18 60 22 08 21 70 22 25 22 78	10 ;1 8 94 11 46 11 88 12.29 12 05	4 37 3 66 4 94 5 45 5 74 5 42	1 53 1 09 1 65 1 89 1 73 1 77	0000

NOTE —Possible scores on each part of the SAT range from 200 to 800. In some years, mathematics and verbal test results were not available for each student

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board, National Report on College-Bound Seniors, various years (Copyright © 1988 by the College Entrance Examination Board All rights reserved) (This table was prepared December 1988)



Table 111.—Scholastic Aptitude Test score averages, by class rank¹ and sex: 1975-76 to 1985-86

						Class	rank					
Test and year	Тор	tenth	Secon	d tenth	Secon	d fifth	Thire	l fifth	Fourt	h fifth	Lowe	st fifth
	Maie	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Verbal									_			
1975-76	528	519	459	453	418	412	377	365	356	338	345	321
1976-77	523	513	455	449	418	412	377	367	356	337	351	323
1977-78.	521	510	456	446	418	410	379	366	359	338	351	323
1978-79 .	521	507	454	443	417	408	377	365	356	336	348	323
1979-80 .	516	505	452	441	416	406	376	364	355	335	350	325
1980-81 .	520	503	455	441	419	406	379	363	360	335	354	321
1981-82	518	505	456	443	421	409	381	366	360	337	358	324
1982-83.	516	502	454	441	419	409	382	367	363	338	356	326
1983-84	521	503	459	443	424	410	386	368	366	339	357	322
1984-85	524	508	463	448	427	415	389	374	369	345	361	327
1985-86	522	50A	461	448	424	413	389	373	372	347	368	332
Change, 1976 to												
1986	-6		2	-5	_ 6	1	12	8	:6	9	23	11
Mathematics					_			1	=			_
1975-76	616	547	532	472	479	426	424	376	395	344	381	332
1976-77	611	543	531	470	481	426	426	377	35.7	345	388	335
1977-78	605	539	527	466	477	426	423	378	3'37	348	386	336
1978-79	604	537	526	466	477	426	423	379	333	348	385	337
1979-80	502	539	525	467	476	427	423	381	394	349	388	339
1980-81	601	538	527	468	479	428	425	381	397	349	391	340
1981-82	603	539	528	469	481	429	427	382	398	349	392	340
1982-83	605	541	530	470	480	430	427	381	399	350	392	337
1983-84	607	548	533	476	484	435	429	385	399	352	387	340
1984-85	610	550	538	481	488	439	434	390	403	356	393	342
1985-86	614	550	539	479	486	436	434	387	406	357	402	342
Change, 1976 to												
1986	-2	3	7	7	7	10	10	11	11	13	21	13

¹ Self-reported class rank

NOTE -- Possible scores on each part of the SAT range from 200 to 800

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board. *National Report on College-Bound Seniors*, vanous years (Copyright © 1986 by the College Entrance Examination Board All rights reserved.) (This table was prepared May 1987.)



Table 112.—Scholastic Aptitude Test score averages, by intended area of study:1 1977-78 to 1987-88

					Int	ended area of s	tudy			
Test and year	Arts and humanities	Biological sciences and related areas	Business, commerce, and communica- tions	Computer and informa- tion sciences	Educa- tion	Engineering	Mathe- matics	Physical sciences	Social sciences and related areas	Miscel- laneous ²
1	2	3	4	5	c	7	8	9	10	11
Verbal										į
1977-78	439	436	409	420	396	448	464	499	448	422
1978-79	436	435	408	419	392	445	459	498	446	420
1979-80	434	433	406	417	389	444	455	495	448	419
1980-81	434	433	406	416	391	446	456	498	446	420
1981-82 .	. 436	434	409	417	394	449	455	496	450	424
1982-83	438	432	409	413	394	448	453	496	451	421
1983-84	440	434	410	411	398	453	457	501	451	423
1984-85	445	439	414	413	404	453	459	506	454	429
1986-87	447	438	415	403	408	456	475	507	452	410
1987-88	444	434	414	400	407	453	468	500	447	409
Change,										
1977-78 to 1987-88.	5	-2	5	-20	11	5	4	1	1	-13
Mathematics										
1977-78	454	474	448	499	422	540	585	566	464	461
1978-79	452	472	448	498	420	536	580	561	463	458
1979-80	452	472	446	496	418	535	577	560	463	459
1980-81	453	472	446	492	418	534	572	558	463	459
1981 -8 2 .	452	470	446	489	419	537	569	558	464	461
1982-83	454	470	445	484	418	539	572	560	466	460
1 98 3- 84	456	475	449	483	425	543	578	564	467	463
1984-85	462	480	455	488	432	545	578	569	471	469
1986-87	469	482	459	476	437	554	602	576	472	453
1987–88 .	471	482	462	470	442	547	596	568	472	455
Change,					ļ					
1977-78 to 1987-88	17	8	14	- 20	2	7	11	2	8	-6

¹ Students indicated their first and second choices of fields of study. Only their first choices are reported here.

NOTE -- Possible scores on each part of the SAT range from 200 to 800. No data are

available for 1985-86 due to changes in the Student Descriptive Questionnaire completed when students registered for the test

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board. *National Report on College-Bound Seniors*, various years (Copyright © 1988 by the College Entrance Examination Board All rights reserved.) (This table was prepared December 1988.)



² Includes "trade and vocational," 'other," and "undecided" through 1984-85 Data for 1986-87 and 1987-88 exclude "other"

Table 113.—Scholastic Aptitude Test score averages, by State: 1974-75 to 1987-88

	1974	1-75	1979	9-80	198	0-81	198	4-85	198	5-86	198	6-87	198	7-88	Percen
State	Verbal	Math	Verbal	Math	Verbal	Math	Verbal	Math	Verbal	Math	Verbal	Math	Verbal	Math	of gradu- ates taking SAT 1988 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
United States	434	472	424	466	424	466	431	475	431	475	430	476	428	476	_
Alabama	426	457	448	482	457	488	481	513	476	514	478	515	480	520	
Alaska	461	481	450	482	449	486	446	477	445	479	445	479	441	475	4
Arizona	496	525	475	516	476	514	473	512	466	509	463	505	455	500	2
Arkarisas California	482	510	480	514	477	510	481	517	482	519	480	521	479	516	
Camonia	435	473	424	472	426	475	424	480	423	481	424	482	424	484	4
Colorado	479	515	468	515	467	513	473	521	466	514	466	514	460	511	2
Connecticut	442	471	431	466	430	463	440	475	440	474	439	473	436	472	8
Delaware District of	439	476	431	469	429	470	444	474	442	475	440	470	433	466	6
Columbia	_	_		_ !				_		_					
Florida	441	474	424	464	424	463	421	463	426	469	423	470	422	468	4:
Georgia	397	427	389	425	390	426	399	438	402	440	400	440	404	444	6:
Hawaii	414	478	396	472	390	464	401	476	403	477	404	477	404	480	5
Idaho	493	524	482	518	486	523	472	510	475	512	473	502	467	501	10
Illinois	460	510	459	507	459	508	468	522	466	519	463	521	464	520	18
Indiana	418	463	407	450	406	451	415	460	415	459	415	459	412	458	5
lowa	523	568	508	554	515	566	521	576	519	576	515	574	513	577	:
Kansas	503	540	497	538	502	542	504	550	498	544	498	547	494	541	10
Kentucky	470	507	471	507	474	509	491	529	483	519	479	519	475	515	10
Louisiana	456	491	462	499	461	494	473	503	474	507	473	509	476	513	10
Maine	437	471	427	467	426	465	432	466	434	466	433	466	430	466	59
Meryland	436	471	422	463	423	461	405	475	436	475	437	477	433	475	60
Massachusetts	434	469	423	464	422	462	434	472	436	473	435	474	432	474	73
Michigan .	451	498	452	505	456	508	467	517	462	514	459	513	457	513	13
Minnesota	ะูกค	552	491	544	486	539	481	537	482	540	472	531	470	531	17
Mississippi	477	503	481	508	473	502	489	528	485	516	487	521	482	519	4
Missoun	465	500	458	508	462	504	475	518	476	519	474	518	471	519	14
Montana	500	547	488	544	485	539	492	547	485	541	479	530	471	529	20
Nebraska	459	507	484	539	489	537	497	549	493	549	488	545	487	545	10
Nevada New Hampshire	465 <u>†</u> 449 †	497 485	445 441	485 485	445 ; 439 ;	487 479	441 450	480 489	445 450	485 485	439 450	484	440	486	24
			!		j			403	430	405	450	488	446	487	68
New Jersey New Mexico	424 486	454 516	415 ± 482	452 524	414 474	450 510	425 484	464	424	465	425	467	424	469	69
New York	441	484	424	465	427	471	427	521 473	489	527	484	525	478	524	12
North Carolina	399	428	393	429	391	427	398	435	427 399	471 436	425 400	469 438	420	469	72
North Dakota	510	554	499	549	494	544	513	568	508	556	509	558	401 498	440 555	58 5
Ohio	456	499	455	499	457	500	460	504	460	503	455	499	452	499	
Oklahoma	480	514	478	518	485	526	497	531	487	521	486	520	483	522	23 9
Oregon	440	468	428	465	431	469	444	484	444	486	444	484	441	482	50 50
Pannsylvania	430	470	423	463	421	459	428	465	429	465	428	463	424	462	63
Rhode Island	432	469	417	458	415	452	429	466	432	466	433	465	431	469	64
South Carolina	382	412	375	409	374	406	391	424	395	431	397	435	400	438	57
South Dakota	523	561	500	551	519	561	534	575	531	567	513	563	5:1	559	6
Tennessee	477	511 ;	480	513	475	514	489	521	486	521	487	524	485	524	13
Texas Utah	431 516	467 553	416 515	455 ; 546 ;	415 511	455	419	459	419	458	416	459	417	462	45
		1	;	340	311	548	511	543	506	541	503	540	498	536	6
Vermont Virginia	439 431	476	432	468	427	467	441	478	442	474	440	474	437	472	64
Washington	489	463	423	460	424	461	435	473	435	473	434	473	430	472	63
West Virginia	462	522 † 502 †	476	521 499	472	517	465	508	461	502	455	496	448	494	37
Wisconsin	492	502 i	462 472	499 , 533 [,]	458 477	495	468	507	462	502	458	496	451	496	14
Wyoming	506	548	472 484	525	477	533	477	534	478	536	475	534	473	534	14
, Jy	J00 ,	540	404	525	4/6	528	495	539	484	534	483	533	474	527	12

¹ Based on the number of high school graduates in 1988 as projected by the 'Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education, and number of 1988 seniors who took the SAT

NOTE -Possible scores on each part of the SAT range from 200 to 800. Rankings of

States based on SAT scores alone are invalid because of the varying proportions of students in each State taking the tests

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board, "National SAT Scores Show Little Change for Third Straight Year, But Averages for Most Ethnic Groups Continue to Rise." (Copyright © 1988 by the College Entrance Examination Board. All rights reserved.) (This table was prepared December 1988.)



⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 114.—American College Testing (ACT) score¹ averages, by sex: 1976 to 1988

Type of test and sex	1970	1975	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Composite, total	199	18 6	18 4	18 5	18 6	18 5	18.5	18 4	18 3	18.5	186	18 8	187	18 8
Male	203	195	19.2	193	193	193	193	192	19 1	193	194	196	195	196
Female	19 4	178	17.8	178	17 9	17 9	178	178	17.6	179	17 9	18 1	18 1	18 1
English, total	18 5	17 7	177	17.9	179	17 9	178	179	17 8	181	18 1	18 5	18.4	18 5
Male	176	17 1	170	17.4	17.4	17 3	173	173	17 3	17.5	176	17 9	17.9	180
Female	19 4	18 3	182	183	18 4	18 3	18 2	18 4	18.2	186	186	18 9	189	190
Math, total	200	17 6	17 4	175	17.5	17.4	17.3	17 2	16.9	173	17 2	17 3	172	17 2
Male	21 1	193	18.9	191	19.1	18 9	18 9	186	18 4	186	186	18.8	186	18.4
Female	188	16 2	161	16 2	162	16 2	160	160	15 7	161	160	16.0	16 1	16.4
Social studies, total	197	17 4	173	17 1	17.2	172	17 2	173	17.1	173	17.4	17.6	17.5	17 4
Male	20 3	18.7	18 2	180	18 1	18 2	18.3	18 1	18 0	18 1	18 3	18.6	18 4	
Female	190	16 4	165	16 4	16 4	16 4	16.3	166	16.4	165	166	16 9	16.7	18 4 16 6
Natural science, total	208	21 1	209	20 9	21 1	21 1	21 0	20.8	20 9	210	21 2	21 4	21 4	21 4
Male	216	22 4	22 3	22 3	22 3	22 4	22 3	22.2	22.4	22 4	22 6	22 7	228	
Female	200	20 0	196	198	20 2	20.0	20 0	197	19 6	199	20 0	20 2	20 1	22 8 20.2

¹ Scores on each test range from 1 to 36

SOURCE The American College Testing Program, High Schoo Profile Report, 1988 (This table was prepared May 1989)



Table 115.—Average number of Carnegie units earned by high school graduates in various subject fields, by student characteristic: 1982 and 1987

Charactenstic	Total	English	History/ social studies	Math	Computer science	Science	Foreign language	Vocational education 1	Arts	Physical education	Other ²
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1982 graduates											
All students	21.2	3.80	3.10	2.54	0.11	2.19	1.05	3.98	1.39	1.93	14
Sex											
Male	21 0	3 76	3 09	2 61	0 13	2 25	0.86	3 91 أ	1 23	206	1.06
Female	21 5	384	3 12	2 46	0 10	2 13	1 23	4 05	1.55	1 81	1.20
Race											
White	21 4	3.78	3 15	2 59	0 12	2 27	1 13	3 89	1.45	1 89	1.12
Black	20 5	3.70	2 97	2 44	0 12	1 99	0 73	4 15	1.45	1.98	1.12
Hispanic	20 8	3 79	2 94	2 22	0 10		0 78				
						1 79		4.55	1 27	2 13	1 25
Asian	22 0	3 94	3 04	3 11	0 19	2 56	1.81	2 56	1 22	2 21	1.34
Academic track											
Academic	22 6	4 17	3 52	3.34	0 15	3 01	1 71	2 16	1 39	1 92	1.18
Vocational	20 8	3 48	2 69	174	0 06	1 43	0 35	7 54	0 96	1.80	0.78
Both	24 7	4.41	3 74	2 99	0 12	2 58	0 55	6 56	0 89	201	0.77
Neither	19 4	3 44	2 71	1 91	0 09	1 53	0 70	3 96	1 70	2.00	1 32
Control											
Public	21 1	3 77	3 05	2 46	0 11	2 14	0.94	4.21	1 42	1 98	0 98
Private	22 7	4 10	3 52	3 16	0.08	2 57	1 95	2 09	1 20	150	251
1987 graduates											
All students.	23.0	4.03	3.33	2.97	0.43	2.59	1.46	3.65	1.43	1.97	1.14
Sex	1						_		_		
Mole	22 9	4 01	331	3 03	0 47	2 66	1.29	3.67	1 24	2 13	1 07
Female	23 1	4 05	3 35	2 92	0 40	2 53	1 63	3 64	1 60	1,81	1.21
TOTALO		, , ,		- 02	0 40	2 33	1 00	0.54		1.01	
Race White			2.22								
	23 1	3 99	3 30	2 98	0 45	2 64	1 50	3 69	1 48	1,94	1.11
Black	22 5	4 14	3 31	2 90	0 35	2 39	1.12	4 01	1 20	2.01	1.11
Hispanic .	22 9	4 23	3 23	2 77	0 36	2 33	1 27	3 57	1 35	2.40	1.37
Asian .	24 5	4 31	3 64	3 72	0 57	3.17	2 17	2 08	1 12	2.57	1 14
Academic track											
Academic .	238	4 24	3 62	3 46	0 50	3 10	1 95	2 23	1 50	1,94	1 21
Vocational	22 .	3 61	2 73	1 99	0 24	1 65	0 49	7 74	0 94	1.91	0.83
Both	24 2	4 22	3 47	3 00	0 34	2 46	0 83	6 40	0 79	1.88	3 79
Neither	20 7	3 57	2 76	2 07	0 40	1 68	0 89	4 08	1 83	2 12	1.29
Control											
Public .	22 9	4 01	3 31	0.00	0.40	0.57	4.07	2.00	4 4 4		
Private	22 9	4 25	:	2 92	0 43	2 57	1 37	3 88	1 44	2.06	0 94
rivate	23 /	4 25	3 53	3 44	0 44	2 81	2 37	1.52	1 26	1.08	2.96

¹ Includes non-occupational vocational education vocational general introduction, agniculture, business, marketing, health, o cupational home economics, trade and industry, and technical courses

NOTE -- The Carnegie unit is a standard of measurement that represents one credit for the completion of a 1 year course

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "1987 High School Transcript Study." (This table was prepared December 1988.)



 $^{^2}$ includes personal and social courses, religion and theology, and all other courses not included in the other subject field.

Table 116.—Average number of Carnegie units earned by high school graduates in vocational education courses, by student characteristic: 1982 and 1987

Charact ensuc	Total	Non- occupational vocational education	Vocational general introduction	Agnculture	Business	Marketing	Health	Occupational home economics	Trade and industry	Technical
1	2	3	4	5	€	7	8	9	10	11
1982 graduates										
All students	3.98	1.84	0.37	0.17	0.78	0.08	0.04	0.09	0.60	0.01
Sex						Î İ				
Male	3.91	1 75	036	0 29	0 29	0 07	0 02	0 04	1 07	0 02
Female	4 05	1 93	0 38	0 06	1 23	0 09	0 06	0.14	0 15	0 01
Race										
White	3 89	1 78	0 36	0.18	0 80	0.08	0 03	0 09	0 F 3	0.02
Black	4 15	1.96	0 41	0 06	074	010	0 10	0 10	0 67	0.01
Hispanic	4 55	2 17	0 43	0.18	0 73	0 07	0 05	0 10	0 81	0 01
Asian	2 56	1 37	018	0 05	0 45	0 03	0 03	0.03	0 41	0.01
Academic track										
Academic	216	1 28	0 18	0 04	0 37	0.03	0 02	0 04	0 19	0 01
Vocational	7 54	2 13	0 77	0 51	1 83	0 18	0 08	0 17	1.85	0.02
Both Neither	6 66 3 96	1 95 2 34	0.54	0.54	1 78	0 21	0 12	0 14	1 37	0.01
Neither	390	2 34	0 36	0 09	0 59	0 08	0 03	0 11	0 34	0 02
Control										
Public Private	4 21 2 09	1 94 1.03	0 3C 0 20	0 18	0 81	0 09	0 04	0.10	0 65	0 01
	209	1.03	0 20	0.04	0.55	0 03	0 02	0 03	0 18	0 01
1987 graduates All students	3.65	1.64	0.34	0.17	0.68	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.56	0.01
Sex	- 3.03	1.04	0.34	0.17	0.00	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.50	0.01
Male .	3 67	1 61	031	0 28	0 34	0 07	0 03	0 05	0.00	0.02
Female	3 64	167	037	0 06	1.01	0 12	0.03	0 15	0.96 0.18	0.02
					,,,,,	0.2	0.07	0.5	0 10	001
Race White	3 69	1 66	0 33	0 20	0 69	0 10	0.04	0.09	0 57	0 01
Black	4 01	1 83	0 44	0 09	0 74	0 10	0 09	0.19	0 50	0 01
Hispanic	357	1 64	030	0 06	070	0 11	0 05	0.19	0 62	0 00
Asian .	208	1 01	0 20	0 01	0 44	0 08	0 03	0 05	0 25	0.01
Academic track				1 1						
Academic .	2 23	1 29	0 20	0 04	0 42	0 03	0 02	0 04	0 18	0 01
Vocational	7 74	2 22	072	0.58	1 54	0 03	0 13	0 28	1 95	0.01
Both	6 40	1 67	0.58	0 59	1 49	0 23	0 13	0 23	1 46	0.01
Neither	4 08	2 35	0 40	0 10	0 58	0 10	0 04	0 12	0 38	0 01
Control		1								
Public	3 88	174	0 36	0 19	071	0 11	0 05	0 11	0 60	0 01
Private	1 52	2 73	015	0 01	0 43	0.01	0 01	0.00	0 :7	0 01

NOTE —The Carnegie unit is a standard of measurement that represents one credit for the completion of a 1 year course

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, 1987 High School Transcript S.,..1911 (This table was prepared December 1988.)



Table 117.—Percentage of high school graduates earning minimum credits in selected combinations of academic courses: 1982 and 1987

	Year of graduation	Se	ex		Race/e	thnicity	
II students	and course combinations taken 1	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8
1962 graduates							
4 ENG, 3 SS, 3 SCI, 3 MATH, .5 COMP, & 2 FL 2 4 ENG, 3 SS, 3 SCI, 3 MATH, & .5 COMP 3	1.9 2.7	2 0 3.3	1.7 2.1	2.2 3 1	0.7 1.0	05 09	6.0 7.1
4 ENG, 3 SS, 3 SCI, & 3 MATH	8.8 13.4 29.2	8.5 14 3 29 1	9 2 12.6 29.3	10 1 14.9 30.2	5.2 10.1 28.1	3 5 6.3 23.5	17.0 21.0 34.5
1967 graduates		- 1		33.2	20.1	20.5	04.5
4 ENG, 3 SS, 3 SCI, 3 MATH, .5 COMP, & 2 FL 2	12 0 16.3 20.9 28 6	13.3 18.4 20.9 30.1	10 9 14.4 20.9 27.2	12 7 17.2 21.8 29 7	8.3 11 7 16.1 24 3	5 5 8.6 11.8	24.3 28 1 41.9
4 ENG, 3 SS, 2 SCI, & 2 MATH	54.6	54.6	54.7	53.5	57 2	17.9 55.1	48.3 71.8
-		Incre	ase from 1982	2 to 1987, in pe	rcentage poin		
Difference from 1982 to 1987							
4 ENG. 3 SS, 3 SCI, 3 MATH, 5 COMP, & 2 FL 2	10.2 13.6 12.1 15.2 25.4	11.2 15 1 12.4 15 8 25 5	9.2 12.3 11.8 14.7 25.4	10 5 14.1 11.7 14 8 23.4	7.6 10.7 10.9 14.2 29.1	5.0 7.7 8.4 11.6 31.6	18.2 21.0 24.9 27.2 37.3

NOTE -- Calculations based on unrounded figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "1987 High School Transcript Study." unpublished abulations, (This table was prepared December 1988)



¹ ENG = English; SS = Social Studies, SCI = Science; COMP = Computer Science, and FL = Foreign Language

² The National Commission on Excellence in Education recommended that all college-bound high school students follow these courses as a minimum

³ The National Commission on Excellence in Education recommended that all high school students follow these courses as a minimum

Table 118.—High school courses taken by persons age 16 and over, by sex, race, and age: Spring 1984
[Numbers in thousands]

		_ S	ex	Ra	се			Α	ge		
Courses taken	Total	Men	Women	White	Black	16 to 24 years old	25 to 34 years old	35 to 44 years old	45 to 54 years old	55 to 64 years old	65 years old and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Persons over 18 who have attended 12 years of school or more	129,856	62,334	67,522	114,366	12,180	25,512	35,177	25,716	16,634	14,380	12,438
				Nu	mber of pe	rsons comp	leting cours	es			
Algebra Trigonometry or geometry Chemistry or physics	102,696 71,429 62,352	50,837 37,456 33,812	51,859 33,973 28,540	90,689 63,582 54,268	9,272 5,662 5,922	20,106 13,764 11,771	27,554 19,804 17,111	20,314 14,409 12,714	12,882 8,105 7,579	11,437 7,685 6,979	10,404 7,662 6,197
English, 3 years or more Foreign language, 2 years or more	121,383 56,855	57,852 24,384	63,531 32,471	107,092 50,493	11,486 4,456	24,262 10,187	32,638 16,093	24,291 11.622	15,407 6,422	13,268 ಪ,867	11,519 6,665
Industrial arts, shop, or home economics, 2 years or more Business courses, 2 years or	73,883	36,243	37,640	63,758	8,230	15,300	20,708	14,896	9,874	7,701	5,404
more	54,297	16,043	38,254	47,865	5,190	10,967	14,165	11,280	7,315	6,184	4,386
				Perc	entage of p	ersons com	pleting cou	rses			
Algebra Trigonometry or geometry Chemistry or physics English, 3 years or more Foreign language, 2 years or	79 1 55 0 48 0 93 5	81 6 60 1 54 2 92 8	76 8 50 3 42 3 94 1	79 3 55 6 47 5 93 6	76 1 46 5 48 6 94 3	78 8 54 0 46 1 95 1	78 3 56 3 48 6 92 8	79 0 56 0 49 4 94 5	77 4 48 7 45 6 92 6	79 5 53 4 48 5 92 3	83 6 61 6 49 5 92 6
more	43 8 56.9	39 1 58 1	48 1 55 7	44 2 55 7	36 6 67 6	39 9 60 0	45 7 58 9	45 2 57 9	38.6 59 4	40 3 53 6	53 6 43 4
Business courses, 2 years or more	41.8	25 7	56 7	419	42 6	430	40 3	43 9	44 0	430	353

¹ Includes only persons completing 12 years of school or more

NOTE -Data are based on sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Senes P-70, No. 11, "Educational Background and Economic Status Spring 1984" (This table was prepared October 1987)



Table 119.—Eighth graders' attivides about selected classes, by selected student and school characteristics: 1988

						Percent	who agre	e with statem	ent					
Class subject and attitude	Ali 8th	s	ех			Race/ethnici	ty		Socio	economic s	tatus 1	Control	of school a	attended
	graders	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian	Low	Middle	High	Public	Catholic	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mathematics class								 						
Look forward to	56 6	58 7	54 6	52 8	69 2	64.2	67 6	63 7						
Afraid to ask questions	20 9	18 6	23 2	193	22 0	286	23 1		62 7	55 9	52 3	57 0	53 8	53
Useful in my future	88 0	89 0	869	87.4	89 3	897	90 4	32 5 85 1	25 7	20 3	17 7	21 4	190	14
ingl _n class			000	0, 4	09 3	09/	90 4	851	88 0	87 8	88 3	88 0	88 3	86
Look forward to	500			_				i i		i				ĺ
	56 9	52 0	616	52 2	72 8	675	63 6	660	62 7	55 7	53 8	578	46 4	56
Afraid to ask questions	15 4	15 6	153	142	16 7	20 7	17 4	196	19 4	15.5	11.5	15 7	152	111
Useful in my future	84 1	80 6	876	829	87 9	88 1	88 0	80 7	833	83 4	86 4	84 1	84 0	85 1
Social studies class	1	1						i 1		•••	35.4	• • • •	040	. 05
Look forward to	58 5	62 1	55 0	560	67.6	63 3	64 0	602		1				
Afraid to ask questions	15 1	14 1	16 1	13 7	16.5	208	19 1	22 2	58 5	578	59 9	590	54 0	558
Useful in my future	59 1	610	57.3	569	66 7	630	64.7		194	15 2	10 7	15 4	136	12
icience class			5. 5	300	007	630	04 /	64 3	612	57 2	60 9	59 3	55 4	61 5
Look forward to	613	65 1	57.5	50.0					i					
Afraid to ask questions	149	14 2		59 0	68 3	66 6	67 2	643	629	60 5	61 2	617	54 7	63 4
Useful in my future	68 7	72 3	15.5	13 5	160	208	162	25 6	18 7	14 8	11.5	15.2	140	110
Oseiur iii iiiy lulure	96 /	123	65 2	67 6	71 7	70 4	74 5	676	68 1	676	71 4	68 9	643	706

¹ Socioeconomic status was measured by a composite scor∉ on parental education and occupations, family income, and household characteristics. The "Low" SES group is the lowest quartile, the "Middle" SES group is the middle two quartiles, and the "High" SES group is the upper quartile.

NOTE -Data are preliminary

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)

Table 120.—Expected occupations of 8th graders at age 30, by selected student and school characteristics: 1988

Expected occupation at	All 8th	S	ех			Race/ethnici	ty		Socio	economic st	latus 1	Control	of school a	attended
age 30	graders	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Amencan Indian	Low	Middle	High	Public	Catholic	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Craftsperson or operator	42	76	09	43	32	53	36	66	71	10				
Farmer or farm manager	10	17	0.3	12	01	06	06	03		43	14	4 5	24	2 (
Housewife/homemaker	23	02	44	25	09	29		1	10	12	0.5	10	03	10
Laborer or farm worker	0.6	10	01	0.5	06	08	11	31	32	19	22	22	21	3 8
Miktary, police, or security	"	, ,	0.	0.5	0.6	08	0 7	02	11	04	03	06	02	0 1
officer Professional, business, or	96	14 9	43	90	11.4	110	70	170	115	102	65	100	64	60
managenal	28 6	196	376	28 7	29 3	26 0	34 9	23 0	20 1	27.6	38 9	27 6	20.0	
Business owner	62	68	56	63	5.8	5 7	64	5.7	47	64			36 2	36 9
Technical	62	83	42	5.7	80	73	76	65	64		72	60	76	80
Salesperson, clencal, or			- 1	٠. ا	00	, 5	, 0	65	04	66	5 1	64	56	4 2
office works	28	12	4.5	27	29	38	23			1	1			ı
Science or engineering		, -	7.5		2.5	30	23	23	38	29	17	29	21	18
professiona!	59	85	33	61	42	48	97	64			. 1	i	i	
Service worker	49	21	77	49	64	39			34	53	94	56	75	7 6
Other employment	170	17.6	16.5	177	163	i5 1	23	34	72	50	25	5 1	32	3 0
Don't know	10 5	10.4	106	102		,	13 4	11 9	15 7	179	16 6	170	17 7	16 4
	,03	.0 4	100	102	104	125	105	135	143	101	75	108	83	9 1

¹ Socioeconomic status was measured by a composite score on parental education and occupations, family income, and household characteristics. The "Low" SES group is the lowest quartile, the "Middla" SES group is the middle two quartiles, and the "High" SES group is the upper quartile.

NOTE -Data are preliminary

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988" survey. (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 121.—Sex education in public and private schools: 1986

[Percent of all teenagers]

One advantage by goods level and	.	Age of	student respo	nding		Reg	on	
Sex education, by grade level and content of class	All teenagers	12-13 years	14-15 years	16-17 years	Fast	Midwest	South	West
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ever had sex education course or class	59	42	60	73	65	54	45	80
Beginning in								
1st to 4th grade	6	13	4	4	7	7	2	6
5th grade	20	40	19	10	16	20	20	23
6th grade .	18	21	19	16	28	13	12	20
7th grade	18	19	22	14	23	12	14	22
8th grade	13	5	13	17	14	9	13	15
9th grade	15	-	17	21	5	24	25	6
10th grade or later	7	-	(')	16	4	6	10	8
In one Grade or more					1			
Just one grade	49	52	46	50	43	50	62	42
In more than one grade	49	44	52	49	56	46	38	55
Contents of sex education class				i				
Biological facts about reproduction.	52	83	89	92	97	82	89	88
Coping with sexual development	46	66	83	83	85	76	84	71
Different types of birth control	39	48	63	79	71	55	74	65
Preventing sexual abuse	32	56	55	53	46	49	61	62
Facts about abortion	32	39	57	59	57	45	54	60
Where to get contraceptives	30	31	45	67	55	45	60	44
Percent who have had comprehensive		1	i			-		
sex education 2 .	35	40	60	70	64	49	64	62

¹ Less than 5 percent

SOURCE Pranned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc., Louis Harris and # sociates, Inc., American Teens Speak Sex, Myths, TV, and Birth Control, September-Catober 1986 (This table was prepared November 1988)

Table 122.—Public attitudes toward sex education and provision of birth control information, referrals, and contraceptives in the public schools: 1988

	Percentage of adults w	tho favor the following prac	ctices in public schools
Adult characteristics ¹	Teaching sex education	Dispensing birth control information and contraceptives	School clinic referrals to family planning clinics
1	2	3	4
· Total	89	73	80
Race			
White	88	71	81
Black	92	88	75
Hispanic	90	73	73
Education			
Less than high school	80	65	71
High school graduate	90	72	81
Some college	92	80	86
4 years college or more	94	78	82
Mantal status			
Married	87	68	78
Were marned	86	70	79
Never been married	94	86	86
Perception of teenage pregnancies as a serious problem			•
Serious problem	89	73	80
Nct a serious problem	88	74	74

¹ Adults, 18 years old and older

SOURCE Planned Parenthood Federation of America, Inc., Louis Harris and Associates, Inc., Public Attitudes Toward Teenage Pregnancy, Sex Education and Birth Control, May 1988 (This table was prepared November 1988)



² "Comprehensive" sex education includes at least four of the six content areas listed above

⁻Data not applicable

Table 123.—Participation of high school seniors in extracurricular activities, by selected student characteristics: 1972 and 1982

	Percent of seniors participating in activities												
Student characteristics	Athletics 1	Debating, drama, band, chorus ²	Subject- matter clubs	Vocational education clubs	Newspa- per, magazine, or yearbook clubs	Student council, government, political clubs	Hobby clubs	Cheerleaders, peo club. majorettes	Honorary clubs				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
All 1972 seniors	44.5	32.9	25.8	23.0	20.4	19.6	18.7	17.3	14.8				
Sex													
Male	58 2	269	20 4	16 0	147	18 6	23 7	53	44.				
Female	32 1	398	31 2	29 8	26 7	210	133	296	11 1 19.4				
Race					207	210	133	290	19.4				
White .	44.5	326	05.0										
Black	497	406	25 0 33 1	21 9	20 7	19 2	183	173	15 7				
	437	40 6	33 1	33 1	21 2	25 5	197	20 5	11.6				
Father's highest level of education		I]					
Less than high school	39 3	31 1	24 1	30 O	194	15 4	169	15 6	12.5				
High school graduate 3	46 7	329	25 7	21 9	21 4	20 2	180	196	16.1				
College graduate 4	51 4	402	286	124	24 2	27 6	20 8	17.5	23 1				
High school curriculum							200	", ",	20 1				
Geraral	43 3	330	223	24 3	17.5	45.5	40.4						
Academic	53 4	397	296	148	25 7	15 5 26 7	194	15.5	70				
Vocational	313	219	22 9	37 2	15 4	12 1	177	20.2	25.2				
				- 3/2	154	121	18 7	15 2	6 6				
Air 1982 seniors	51.5	34.6	20.6	23.6	18.3	16.3	20.0	13.7	15.6				
Sex			I										
Male	61 7	25 8	164	20 2	133	13 1	23 5						
Female	418	429	24 6	26 7	23 1	193	167	41	12 1				
Race				20.	20 1	193	107	22.8	18.8				
White	51 1	340	197	00.0			ĺ						
Black	54 5	43 1	239	22 2 30 0	19 1	15 6	19 1	13 5	16 8				
Father's highest level of	343	431	239	300	16 0	19 7	195	168	12 5				
education	i			1	į		ł						
Less than high school	43 4	29 4	21 2	31 0	146	12 2	184	118	10 6				
High school graduate 3	52 4	33 8	198	24 1	179	15 9	199	14 6	14 9				
College graduate 4	62 6	424	23 1	13 4	25 9	24 1	210	14.4	26 8				
High school curriculum				į					-2 -				
General	49 5	33 1	167	22 9	15 0	116	20 8	126	7.7				
Academic	61 1 [†]	419	25 4	12 7	25 5	24 7	196	157	28 4				
Vocational	40 7	26 C	18 7	40.2	124	105	195	15/	28 4				

^{*}In 1972 includes participation in team athletics, intramurals, letterman's clubs, and sports clubs. In 1982, includes varsity athletic teams and other athletic teams—in or out of school



of school

In 1972, includes debating, drama, band, and chorus in 1982, includes debating, drama, band orchestra, chorus, and dance

³ Includes attendance at a vocational trade or business school or 2 year college, or attendance at a 4-year college resulting in less than a bachelor's degree

⁴ includes those with a bachelor's or higher-level degree

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, 'National Longitudinal Study of 1972" and High School and Beyond surveys (This table was prepared August 1987.)

Table 124.—Eighth graders' stitludes about school climate, by student and school characteristics: 1988

					Perc	cent who stre	ongly agree	e or agree w	ith stater	nt				
Statements about school climate	All 8th	s	●x			Race/ethnici	ty		Socio	economic s	tatus ¹	Control of school attended		
сипида	graders	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian	Low	Middle	High	Public	Catholic	Other private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Students get along well														
with teachers	87 1	876	68 5	68 1	60 5	68 4	73 0	652	643	68 2	71 5	65 6	754	80
There is real school spirit	68 6	67.2	699	69 8	65 0	64 9	68 7	674	67.9	68 9	68 7	68 1	705	74
Rules for behavior are						1								
strict	68 5	709	68 1	68 5	68 7	68 4	67 3	65 4	68 2	68 1	⊸∂ 4	67 1	784	77
Nacipline is fair	C9 1	873	70 9	69 7	65 0	707	72 5	635	67 1	68 3	72 7	68 9	69 4	72
Other students often dis-														
rupt class	77 9	78 2	77 5	77.3	80 5	791	76 1	790	79 1	78 5	75 6	790	708	87.
reaching is good	80 2	78 9	81 5	800	80 0	813	83 4	76 7	78 8	795	63 0	796	829	F .
eachers are interested in			1	i										
students.,	75 2	749	756	74 7	76 6	768	78 6	68 5	740	748	77 3	73 9	830	
eachers praise my effort	1							1 1						i
wh.vn I work hard.	633	63 0	635	60 3	72 1	70 7	70 8	633	68 8	617	630	523	669	74
often feel "put down														
my teachers	21 8	23 4	20 1	21 7	21 5	226	17 1	30 5	23 7	21 9	196	218	22 4	19:
feachers listen to what it			- 1			'		!						
have to say	68 4	66 9	69 9	67 1	732	708	749	621	68 9	66 9	70 9	67 5	733	78
don't feel safe at this	1			}				1 1						
echool	11.6	133	103	99	150	18 1	12 2	174	153	12 1	79	125	78	5.
Neruptions by other stu-	i							i l					i i	
dents interfere with my	1		l										!	
learning	39 6	39 3	29 9	35 7	54 9	449	45 1	55 2	48 0	39 4	32 1	410	31 5	28.
disbehaving students often	Í		l	ļ					į					
get away with it	52 8	57 s	48 0	519	53 4	55 7	55 3	590	52 7	52 2	53.9	533	50 5	45.1

¹ Socioeconomic status was measured by a composte score on parental education and occupations, family income, and household characteristics. The "Low" SES group is the lowest quartile; the "Middle" SES group is the middle two quartiles, and the "High" SES group, □ ™2 upper quartile.

NOTE -- Data are preiminary

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statletics, "National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988" survey. (This table was prepared June 1989.)

Table 125.—Eighth graders' attendance patterns, by student and school characteristics: 1988

			_			P	ercent of 8	ith graders							
Attendance pattern	All 3th	s	ex]	Race/ethnicity						Socioeconomic status ¹			Control of school attended		
	graders	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Incren	L~w	Middle	high	Public	Catholic	Other private	
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Number of days resed over the past 4 weeks				_					·						
None	45 2	49 2	413	44 8	50 0	418	57 9	32 6	39 4	460	49.2	44 1	53 5	52 8	
1 of 2 days	33 7	32 2	35 3	35 1	27 8	319	28 5	35 1	32 9	33 ა	35 0	33 9	328	32 5	
3 or 4 days .	13 3	11.7	150	13 6	138	16 1	73	210	16 2	13 4	10 4	139	8.5	95	
5 or more days.	77	69	85	72	8 4	102	62	112	11.4	71	5 4	8 1	51	5 2	
Number of times late over the past 4 weeks															
None	63 1	625	537	68 3	53 8	52 4	66 2	529	59 1	639	65.4	628	59.3	57 8	
1 or 2 days	25 2	25 4	25 1	24 2	28 6	28 1	23 5	28 9	263	247	25 3	25 3	22 6	28.5	
3 or more days	11 7	121	112	95	176	195	103	182	14 6	1000	93	119	81	133	
Cut classes										i				1	
Never or almost never	91 1	79 4	92 €	92 0	910	65 6	91 7	673	88 3	913	93 6	906	958	94 2	
At least sometimes	89	106	711	80	90	14.4	83	127	117	87	64	94	42	58	

[&]quot;Socioeo, nomic status was measured by a composite score on parental education and occupations, family income, and household characteristics. The "Low" SES group is the lowest quartile; the "Middle" SES group in the middle two quartiles, and the "High" SES group is the upper quartile.

NOTE -- Data are pr. 4minary

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 126.—incidence of student infractions, disciplinary actions, and perceived changes in amount of classroom disruption in public secondary schools, by school characteristics: 1983-84

	Ali public	Ту	pe 1		School size	9	Met	ropolitan s	tatus		District siz	0
Disruption or disciplinary action	second- ary schools	Junior high	Senior high	Less than 400	400 to 999	1,000 or more	Rural	Subur- ban	Urban	Less than 1,000	1,000 to 24,999	25,000 or more
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Percent	of schools	with occi	urrences	·i		I	L
Student infractions											,	
Student caught selling illegal drugs						ļ		 				
at school Theft of personal item reported to	35	31	39	10	38	63	21	46	51	11	40	45
school 2	82	80	84	71	85	93	79	84	89	72	84	87
school authorities	72	70	75	62	71	88	64	76	88	61	73	85
Disciplinary actions Suspension for disciplinary reasons	00											
In-school alternative to suspension	96 69	97 75	95 66	89 63	98 71	99	92	98	100	88	97	99
Expulsion	37	31	42	29	35	75 51	66 35	75 35	65 45	57 27	74 37	66 50
Transfer to special school for disruptive students	33	39	30	14	38	50	19				-	
1						30	19	43	52	12	34	56
					Occurr	ences per	100 stude	ents ³		-		
Student infractions												
Student caught selling illegal c				i				}		İ		
at school Theft of personal item reported to	02	02	02	02	02	02	01	02	0 5	0 1	02	0 4
school 2 Law violations reported to police by	12	08	14	17	09	11	14	10	13	20	10	1 1
school authorities	0.8	07	08	10	0.7	0.9	07	0.8	15			
Disciplinary actions		1	00		0.7	0.5	07	08	15	09	07	1 2
Suspension for disciplinary reasons	100	10 2	99	7 1) 1	13 7	66	40.0		{		
n-school alternative to suspension	99	10 1	99	60	09	13 1	71	10 9 12 1	18 8 12 9	47	10 4 11 2	153 113
Ex puls ion	03	02	03	04	02	02	02	02	06	03	02	05
Transfer to special school for disruptive students	03	ავ	أمما				_					• • •
Costophito Students			04	02	03	06	0 1	04	0 9	0 1	62	6 0
					Percent	of school	administr	ators				
Perceived change in amount of classroom disruption between 1980 and 1985 4												
-1)55	66	59	73	60	69	68	65	71	58	66	66	55
Same	22	28	18	27	20	19	24	20	22	22	23	66 17
ore .	12	13 -	10	13	11	13	12	9	20	11	11	16

¹ Some schools have both elementary and secondary grades. These schools are not shown separately because their number is small. These schools are included in the totals and in analyses by other school characteristics.



² Includes only thefts of items valued at \$10 or more reported by students to school authorities

³ Based on all schools, including those reporting no occurrences

^{*}School authorities compared current disruptive classroom behavior with that of 5 years ago on a 5 point scale ranging from 'much less now" to "much more now" Percents have been adjusted for "don't know" responses. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, 'Discipline in Public Secondary Schools (This table was prepared October 1986.)

Table 127.—Teacher perceptions of changes in disruptive student behavior, by sch. Jol characteristics: 1986-87

	Percent of to	eachers indicating th	at compared to 5 ye	ears ago disruptive b	ehavior is-	
School characteristics	Much less now	Somewhat less now	About the same	Somewhat more now	Much more now	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
All teachers	10	17	28	25	19	
School level 1						
Elementary .	8	12	27	29	24	
Middle school and junior high	13	22	24	22	20	
Senior high school	12	23	32	22	12	
School enrollment						
Less than 400	11	16	28	25	21	
400 to 999	10	17	28	26	19	
1,000 or more	10	19	30	24	17	
Metropolitan status						
Urban 2	15	16	20	23	26	
Suburban 3	- 8	16	32	26	18	
Rural 4	11	19	28	26	16	

¹ Elementary schools include all schools in which the lowest grade is less than 6 and the highest grade is less than 9, middle schools and junior high schools include all schools in which the lowest grade is greater than 5 and the highest grade is less than 10. Senior high schools include all schools in which the lowest grade is greater than 6 and the highest grade is greater than 9. The smill number of combined schools, which offer elementary and secondary-level education, are not shown by level of school, but are included in other totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Public School Teacher Perspectives on School Discipline" (This table was prepared December 1987)

Table 128.—Percent of teachers rating selected factors as limiting their ability to maintain order, by school level and metropolitan status: 1986-37

			School level 2		M	etropolitari statu	s
Factors rated as limiting teachers much or very much 1	All teachers	Elementary school	Middle and junior high school	Senior high school	Urban ³	Suburban 4	Rural ⁵
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Lack of or inadequate alternative placenie							
for disruptive students	39	43	39	35	52	36	36
Lack of student interest in learning	38	31	43	47	45	37	36
School or district restrictions on the use of strict	1						
penalties	22	21	25	23	34	21	17
Lack of administrative support	20	19	20	23	26	18	19
Likelihood of complaint from parents	19	23	17	14	23	18	18
Principal/administrate fear of being sued for disciplining		1				ŀ	
students.	18	19	15	18	21	17	18
Teacher fear of being sued for disciplining students	18	22	14	14	21	15	2
Lack of or inadequate teacher training in discipline							
procedures and school law	1	15	17	13	20	13	10
Court decisions on student misconduct	15	13	19	17	24	14 '	11
Teacher fear of being viewed as unable to control			1			1	
students	15	15	16	15	22	12	1:
Fear of student repnsal	6	5	5	6	11	3	
Lack of or inadequate security personnel	6	3	7	10	14	5	

 $^{^{1}}$ Teachers responded on a 6-point scale with 0="not at all", 1 "very little", 4="much", and 5="very much" Percents are based on teachers who indicated the factor limited them "much" or "very much"



² Within Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, inside central city

³ Within Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, outside central city

⁴ Outside of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

² Elementary schools include all schools in which the lowest grade is less than 6 and the highest grade is less than 9, middle schools and junior high schools include all schools in which the lowest grade is greater than 5 and the highest grade is less than 10 senior high schools include all schools in which the lowest grade is greater than 6 and the highest grade is greater than 9. The small number of combined schools, which offer both elementary and secondary-level education, are not shown by level of school but are included in other totals.

³ Within Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas inside central city

Within Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, outside central city

⁵ Outside of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Fast Response Survey System, "Public School Teacher Perspectives on School Discipline" (This table was prepared December 1987)

Table 129.—Trends in drug use among high school seniors, by type of drug and frequency of use: 1975 to 1988

Type of drug and frequency of use	Class of 1975	Class of 1976	Class of 1977	Class of 1978	Class of 1979	Class of 1980	Class of 1981	Class of 1982	Class of 1983	Class of 1934	Class of 1985	Class of 1986	Class of 1987	Class of 1988
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
					Per	centage r	eporting t	naving eve	r used dr				<u> </u>	<u>'3</u> .
Alcohol	90 4	919	92 5	93 1	93 0	93 2	92 6	92 8	92 6	92.6	92.2	91 3	92.2	00.0
Any illicit drug abuse .	55.2	58 3	616	64 1	65 1	65 4	65.6	64 4	62 9	61 6	606	576	92.2 56.6	920
Marijuana only	190	22.9	258	276	27 7	26 7	22.8	23 3	22 5	213	209	19 9	208	_
Any illicit drug other			'						223	213	209	199	20 8	_
than manjuana 1	36.2	35.4	35 6	36 5	374	38 7	42 8	41 1	40 4	40.3	39 7	37 7	35.8	_
Use of selected drugs]									
Cocaine	90	97	108	129	15 4	15.7	16 5	160	16 2	16 1	173	169	152	12.1
Heroin	22	18	18	16	1.1	11	1.1	12	1.2	1.3	12	111	132	12.1
LSD	113	11 0	98	97	95	93	9.8	96	8.9	80	75	72	8.4	7.7
Manjuana/hashish	47 3	52 8	56 4	59 2	60.4	603	59 5	58 7	57.0	54 9	54.2	50 9	50.4	47.2
PCP					128	96	7.8	60	56	5 C	49	48	30	2.9
					Percentag	e reportir	g use of	drugs in th	ne past 12	2 months				
Alcohol	84 8	85 7	87.0	87.7	88 1	879	87.0	868	87.3	86 0	85 6	04.5	05.7	
Any illicit drug abuse	45 0	48 1	51 1	538	54 2	53 1	52.1	49 4	47 4	458	463	84.5 44.3	85.7 41.7	85.3
Manjuana only	188	22 7	25 1	26 7	26 0	22 7	18 1	193	190	17.8	169	18.4	176	_
Any illicit drug other		1	į		ļ			1		., 0	10.0	10.4	'' 0	_
than marijuana 1	26 2	25 4	26 0	27 1	28 2	304	34.0	301	28 4	28 0	27.4	25 9	24.1	_
Jse of selected drugs	İ	į			l	ļ				ļ		ŀ		
Cocaine	56	60	72	9.0	120	123	12 4	115	114	116	13 1	12 7	10.0	7.0
Heroin	10	08	08	08	0.5	05	0.5	06	06	0.5	06	05	10 3 0.5	7.9 0.5
LSD	72	64	55	63	66	65	6.5	61	54	47	4 4	45	5.2	4.8
Marijuana/hashish	40 0	44 5	476	50 2	50 8	488	46 1	443	42 3	400	406	38.8	36.3	33.1
PCP	=				70	44	3 2	22	2.6	23	2.9	2.4	13	12
					Percenta	ge reporti	ng use of	drugs in t	the past 3	0 days		<u> </u>		
Ncohol	68 2	68 3	71 2	72 1	71 8	720	70 7	69 7	69 4	67.2	65 9	<u> </u>	60.4	
Any illicit drug abuse	30 7	34 2	37 6	38 9	38 9	37.2	36.9	325	30 5	29.2	29 7	65 3	66 4	63.9
Marijuana only	153	20.3	22 4	238	22.2	188	15.2	155	15 1	14.1	148	27 1	24 7	_
Any illicit drug other		i				100	13.2	133	13 1	14.1	146	13 9	13 1	_
than manjuana 1	154	139	15 2	15 1	168	184	21.7	170	15 4	15 1	14 9	13.2	11.6	_
ise of selected drugs			Ī							-				
Cocaine	19	20	29	39	5.7	52	58	50	40					_
Heroin	04	02	03	03	02	02	02	02	4 9 0 2	58	67	62	43	3.4
	23	19	21	21	24	23	25	24	19	03	03	02	02	02
LSD														
LSD Manjuana/hashish PCP	27 1	32 2	35 4	37 1	36 5	337	31 6	285	27 0	1 5 25 2	1 6 25 7	17	18	8 1 13.0

^{&#}x27;Other illicit drugs include any use of hallucinogens, cocaine, and heroin, or any use of other opiates, stimulants, sedatives, or tranquilizers not under a doctor's orders —Data not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration, *Drug Use Among American High School Students and Other Young Adults, National Trends Through 1987* and press release dated March 1987. (This table was progred March 1988) 1987 (This table was prepared March 1988)



NOTE —A revised questionnaire was used in 1982 and later years to reduce the inappropriate reporting of nonprescription stimulants. This slightly reduced the positive responses for some types of drug ahuse.

Table 130.—Percent of districts indicating a change in student alcohol and drug abuse over a 2-year period, by selected school district characteristics: 1984-85 to 1986-87

		Alcohol			Drugs	
District characteristic	Decreased	Remained the same	Increased	Decreased	Remained the same	Increased
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total	16	56	29	47	42	1
Metropolitan status						_
Urban	16	49	35	30	39	3
Suourban .	14	59	~9	47	46	
Rural	16	55	29	47	41	1:
Size						
Less than 2,500	16	59	25	46	44	
2,500-9,999	13	46	41	49	35	1
10,000 or more.	16	43	41	43	36	2
Region	1					
Northeast	16	52	32	51	43	
Central .	14	57	29	16	44	!
Southeast	ļ 16	50	34	50	39	1
West	17	59	24	44	40	11

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}$ -Data reported by school distinct administrators. Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education S'atistics, "District Efforts in Substance Abuse Education." (This table was prepared August 1988.)



Table 131.—Ages for compulsory school attendance and compulsory provision of services for special education students, by State: 1988

State	Compulsory attendance (December 1988)	Compulsory provision of services for special education (October 1988)	State	Compulsory attendance (December 1988)	Compulsory provision of services for special education (October 1988)
1			1	2	3
Alabama	7 to 16	¹ 6 to 20	Missoun	 	
Alaska	2 7 to 16	3 to 21	Montana	7 to 16	5 to 20
Arizona	8 to 16	¹ 6 to 21	Nebraska	67 to 16	⁷ 6 to 18
Arkansas	7 to 17	5 to 20	Nevada	7 to 16	Birth to 20
California	6 to 16	5 to 21	New Hampshire	7 to 17	5 to 21
	0.0.0	3 10 21	New mampshire .	6 to 16	3 to 20
Colorado	7 to 16	³ 5 to 20	New Jersey	0.5-40	• • • • •
Connecticut	7 to 16	3 to 21	New Mexico	6 to 16	³ 3 to 21
Delaware	5 to 16	4 to 20	New York	6 to 18	3 to 21
District of Columbia	7 to 17	3 to 21	North Carolina	⁸ 6 to 16	5 to 21
Florida	6 to 16	45 to 18	North Dakota	7 to 16	5 to 20
		3 10 10	NOTH DAKOLA	7 to 16	3 to 20
Georgia	7 to 16	5 to 21	Оно	6 to 18	
Наwaн	€ to 18	3 to 20	Oklahoma	7 to 18	5 to 21
idaho	7 to 16	¹ 6 to 20	Oregon		4 to 21
Illinois	7 to 16	3 to 21	Pennsylvania	7 to 18	9 6 to 20
indiana	7 to 16	3 5 to 17	Rhode Island	8 to 17	¹⁰ 6 to 21
		3 13 17	THOOP ISIANO	6 to 16	3 to 20
lowa	7 to 16	Birth to 20	South Carolina	11 5 to 17	£ 4= 00
Kansas	7 to 16	5 to 21	South Dakota	67 to 16	5 to 20
Kentucky	56 to 16	5 to 20	Tennessee	7 to 17	3 to 20
Louisiana	7 to 17	3 to 20	Texas	12 7 to 16	4 to 21
Maine	7 to 17	5 to 19	Utah		3 to 21
				6 to 18	3 to 21
Maryland	6 to 16	Birth to 20	Vermont	7 to 16	³ 5 to 21
Massachusetts	6 to 16	3 to 21	Virginia	5 to 17	
Michigan	6 to 16	Birth to 25	Washington	8 to 18	2 to 21
Minnesota	7 to 16	Birth to 20	West Virginia	6 to 16	3 to 21
Alssissippi	6 to 14	5 to 20	Wisconsin		5 to 22
		0 10 20	Wyoming	6 to 18	3 to 20
		li .	repoining	7 to 16	9 6 to 20

¹ In districts where kindergarten is available, special education services are available, all local school systems provide kindergarten

NOTE -The Education of the Handicapped Act (EHA) Amendments of 1986 make it mandatory for all States receiving EHA funds to serve all 5- to 18-year-old handicapped children at present and all 3- to 5-year-old handicapped children by 1991

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, The Eleventh , nnual Report to Congress on the Implemer ation of The Education of 1/2 Handicapped Act, 1989, Education Commission of the States, "Compulsory School A_aie Requirements, March 1987," and unpublished revisions (This table was prepared January 1989)



² Ages 7 to 16 or high school graduation

³ In some cases a local school system may choose to begin serv birthdate

^{*} Children are eligible for 13 years of schooling beginning in kind/irgai - i

⁶ Must have parental signature for leaving school between ages of 16 and 18

^{*} May leave after completion of eighth grade

⁷ In some cases a local school system may choose to begin services as of a child's birthdate in districts where kindergarten is available, special education services are available

^{*} The ages are 6 to 17 for New York City and Buffalo

In districts where kindergarten is available, special education services are available

¹⁰ In some cases a local school system may choose to begin services as of a child's birthdate. In districts where kindergarten is available, all local school systems provide kindergarten. ¹¹ Permits parental waiver of kindergarten at age 5.
¹² Must complete academic year in which 16th birthday occurs.

Table 132.—Average number of days per school year, classes per day, hours of class per day, and minutes per class in public high schools, by selected school characteri⊾tics: 1984-85

School charactenstic	Days per school year	Credit classes per day	Hours of class per day	Minutes per class
1	2	3	4	5
United States average	178.0	6.1	5.14	51.1
District enrollment size				
Less than 2,500 .	177 5	6:	5 22	51 0
2,500 to 9,999	1790	58	4 92	50.9
10,000 or more	179 1	. 59	5 19	53 2
Metropolitan status				
In SMSA,1 inside central city	1790	59	4 98	51 2
In SMSA,1 outside central city	179 0	59	4 92	49 7
Outside SMSA 1	177 4	61	5 26	51 8
Region				
North Atlantic .	180 2	60	4 45	44 8
Great Lakes and Plains	1778	60	5 10	51.2
Southeast .	177 9	58	5 33	54.9
West and Southwest	1767	63	5 6 1	53 2

¹ Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Public High School Graduation Requirements" (This table was prepared January 1988.



	1980				- <u> </u>	198	7				
a. .						Su	ibject areas			First graduating	
State	All courses	All courses	English/ lan- guage arts	Social studies	Mathematics	Sci- ence	Physical educa- tion/ health	Elec- tives	Other courses	class to which these requirements apply	Notes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Alabama Standard	20	22	4	3	2	2	15	9	5 home or personal	1989	Must become computer literate
Advanced diploma		22	4	4	3	3	15	4	management 5 home or personal management, 2 foreign language courses	1989	through related coursework Must become computer literate through related coursework One science unit must include a lab
Alaska .	19	21	4	3	2	2	1	9		1985	a lab
Arizona Arkansas	16	20	4	3	2	2		9		1991	
California	16	20	4	3	2 or 3	2 or 3	1	65	5 fine arts	1988	Social studies options 3 units or 2 units social studies and 1 practical arts Science and mathematics may be 3 science and 2 mathematics, or 2 science and 3 mathematics
	(1)	13	3	3	2	2	2	-	visual/performing arts or foreign language	19£,	The State board has published "Model Graduation Require- ments" to be used by local districts as a guide These include specifics in core sub- jects has computer studies
Colorado .		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	and foreign language Local boards determine require- ments State has constitutional prohibition against State re- quirements
Connecticut Delaware	(²) 18	20	4	3	3	2	1	6	1 arts or vocational education	1988	quirements
District of Columbia	10	19	4	3	2	2	15	65		1987	
Comprehensive .	18	205	4	2	2	2	15	8	1 foreign language	1985	Electives must include life skills seminar, or a test can be taken and passed in lieu of the
Career/vocational Fionda	-	23	4	2	2	2	15	15	1 foreign language, 9 special- ized preparatory	1985	Seminar
Standa:d	(2)	24	4	3	3	3	1	9	5 practical or vocational educa- tion, 5 performing arts, or speech or debate	1989	2 of the science units must include a lab
Academic scholars Georgia		26	4	3	4	4	1	7	2 foreign language, 1 fine arts	1984	2 of the science units must include a lab
Standard	20	21	4	3	2	2	1	8	1 fine arts, vocational education, computer technology, or ROTC	1988	
Advanced	-	21	4	3	3	3	1	4	noro	1988	2 of the science units must
Hawan	20	20	4	4	2	2	15		5 guidance	1	include a lab 2 of the science units must



Table 133.—State requirements for high school graduation, in Carnegie units: 1980 and 1987—Continued

	1980					1987	'			Fırst	
	_					Su	bject areas			graduating	
State	All	All courses	English/ lan- guage arts	Social studies	Mathematics	Sci- ence	Physical educa- tion/ health	Elec- tives	Other courses	class to which these requirements apply	Notes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Idaho	18	21	4	2	2	2	15	6	.5 each reading, speech, and consumer education; 1 humanities, 1 history/ government	1988	Practical arts may substitute for the 1 unit of humanities.
Illinois	16	16	3	2	2	1	45	2 25	.25 consumer education, 1 art, foreign language, music, or vocational education	1988	One year of mathematics may be computer technology One year of social studies must be U.S. history or half U.S. history and half American government.
Indiana Standard	16	195	4	2	2	2	15	8		1989	State does not use standard
Academic honors	_	24	4	3	4	4	15	4 or 5		1990	All districts must offer the
lowa	_		_	15	_	_	1	-		_	Academic Honors Program
Kansas	17	21	4	3	2	2	1	8	1, local coard determines	1989	
Kentucky Standard	18	20	4	2	3	2	1	7	1 additional mathematics, science, social studies, or vocational education	1987	
Commonwealth diploma	_	22	5	2	3	3	1	7		1986	Additional language course, 1 elective, and 1 additional unit of mathematics or science must be in advanced placement course.
Louisians Sterna	20	23	4	3	3	3	2	75	.5 computer literacy	1989	
Louisiana scholar program	_	23 24	4	3 3 5	3	3	2 2	75 45	.5 computer literacy 3 foreign language, 1 fine arts	1987 1983	
Regent's scholar program Maine	(3)	16	4	2	2	2	15	3.5	1 fine arts	1989	American history is required Al students must pass computer proficiency standards.
Maryland	20	20	4	3	3	2	1	5	1 fine, 1 practice ¹ arts	1989	F
Massachusetts	(2)	(2)	_	1	_	-	4	_		_	Legislative requirements in effect for many years. American history required, local boards determine additional requirements.

Table 133.—State requirements for high school graduation, in Carnegie units: 1980 and 1987—Continued

	1980					198	7				
						Su	bject areas			First graduating	
State	All courses	All courses	English/ lan- guage arts	Social studies	Mathematics	Sci- ence	Physical educa- tion/ health	Elec- tives	Other courses	class to which these requirements apply	Notes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Michigan .	(4)	(4)	_	5	_	_	-			_	Legislative requirements in effect for many years. Local board determine additional requirements. The State board, I January 1984, published graduation requirement guideline which local districts are urgently and the state of
Minnesota .	15	20	4	3	1	1	15	95		4000	to incorporate.
Mississippi .	16	18	4	2	2	2	-	8		1982 1989	2 of the science units mus
Missoun					j			İ			THOROUGH A MAD
Standard diploma College preparatory studies	20	22	3	2	2	2	1	10	1 practical arts, 1 fine arts	1988	
certificate	20	24	4	3	3	3	1	8	1 practical arts, 1 fine arts	1988	For college preparation, specific
Montana	16	20	4	15 OI 2	2	1	1	10 5 or		1986	core subjects must be taker and 3 electives must be in advanced courses Core requirements in effect for
				İ				10		500	several years. Social studies requirement has 2 alternatives
Nebraska	(2)	(2)			_	_				1991	For graduation, 200 credit hours required, with at least 80 percent in core cumculum courses. Local poards determine specific requirements State does in 1 use standard Carnegie units
	19	22 5	4	2	2	2	25	85	1 arts/humanities, .5 computer literacy	1992	Computer literacy may be waived by demonstration of compe- tency
New Hampshire	16	19 75	4	2 5	2	2	1 25	4	5 arts, 5 computer science, 3 from 2 of the following, arts, foreign language, practical arts, or vocational education	1989	,
New Jersey	-	21 5	4	2	3	2	4	4	1 fine, practical or performing arts, 5 career exploration, 1 world history/cultures	1992	110 credit hours required for graduation State does not use
New Mexico	20	23	4	3	3	2	1	9	1 communication skills	1990	standard Carnegie units. The State board requires that all students must achieve computer literacy prior to graduation. Emphasis in communication skills and writing. Students prepanng for college have advanced curriculum

Table 133.—State requirements for high school graduation, in Carnegie units: 1980 and 1987—Continued

	1980	1987									
						Su	bject areas			First graduating	
State	All	All courses	English/ lan- guage arts	Social studies	Mathematics	S.I- ence	Physical educa- tion/ health	Elec- tives	Other courses	class to which these requirements apply	Notes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
New York Local diploma	16	185	4	4	2	2	5	vanes	1 art and/or music, 3 to 5 A sequence of specific courses must be chosen by the student; choices vary for the two different diplomas	_	Half-unit is health only, 2 nor credit units of physical education beyond the total.
Regents' diploma	18	185	4	4	2	2	.5	vanes		1989	For Regents' diploma, student must pass comprehensiv exams in subject areas
North Carolina Standard	16	20	4	2	2	2	1	9		1987	1 science class must include lab
Scholars program	_	22	4	4	3	3	2	1	1 vocational education, 1 arts education	1984	
North Dakota	17 17	17 18	4 3	3 2	2 2	2 1	1 1	5 9		1984 1988	
High school graduation . College preparatory	18 0 10 5	20 15	4 4	2 2	2 3	2 2	_	<u>10</u>	4 from foreign language, computer science, economics, English, geography, government, mathematics, history, sociology, science, speech, psychology	1987 1988	Slight variations between 2-year and 4-year colleges. If foreign language elected, 2 years same language. Total hour requirement is less for colleging preparatory; curriculum is moringorous and restrictive.
Oregon	21	22] 	35	2	2	2	8	5 career development, 1 applied arts, fine arts, or foreign language	1988	rigorous and resultive.
Pennsytvania	13	21	4	3	з	3	1	5	2 arts/hurnanities	1989	Local boards determine the remaining 5 units. Computer science can be option instead of arts and humanities.
Rhode Island Basic diploma Career bound College bound	16 16 16	16 16 18	4 4 4	1 2 2	1 2 3	1 2 2		9 6 4	2 foreign language courses, 5 arts, 5 computer literacy	1989 1989 1988	
South Carolina Standard Academic achievement	. 18	20	4	3	3	2	1	7		1987	
honors	16	22 20	4 4	3	3 2	2 2	1 -	7 8	2 foreign language 5 computer studies, 5 fine arts	1986 1989	Increased total number of requirements being phased in 1988, and 20 in 198
Tennessee Standard diploma Honors, general education .	18 —	20 20 5	4 4	15	2	2	1 5 1 5	9 2	2 in same foreign language, 2 fine/visual or performing arts	1987 1987	
Honors, vocational education	_	20 5	4	3	3	3	15	2		1987	



Table 133.—State requirements for high school graduation, in Carnegle units: 1980 and 1987—Continued

	1980					198	7					
•						Si	ubject areas			First graduating		
State	All courses	All courses	English/ lan- guaçe arts	Social studies	Mathematics	Sci- ence	Physical educa- tion/ health	Elec- tres	Other courses	class to which these requirements apply	Notes	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Texas High school graduation Advanced honors program	18 18	21 22	4	2.5 2.5	3	2	2 15	7 2	.5 economics or free enterprise .5 economics or free enterprise, 2 foreign language courses, 1	1988 1988	Five units of the 22 must be in honors classes.	
Utah	15	24	3	3	2	2	2	9.5	computer science, 1 fine arts 1.5 arts, 1 vocational education; coursework must include computer science	1988	The State board makes specific course recommendations for college entry, vocational, etc.	
Virginia Standard diploma	18	145	•	3	2 or 3	2 or 3	1.5	_	1 arts	1989	Must have a total of 5 units in mathematics and/or science.	
Advanced studies diploma	18	21 23	4	3	3	3	2	6 4	additional mathematics or sci- ence, 1 fine or practical arts foreign language courses, 1 fine/practical arts	1 98 9	Must have a lab in each scienc class. Sequence must include	
Vashington	-	19	3	2.5	2	2	2	5.5		1991	earth science, biology, chemis try, and physics.	
Nest Virginia	18	21	4	3	2	2	2	7	fine/visual or performing arts 1 applied arts, fine or perform- ing arts, or a second lan- quage	1989		
Visconsin	(2)	13	4	3	2	2	2	-	guage	1989	Electives are the option of local school districts. The State recommends that districts	
Vyoming	18	18	(2)	1	(²)	(2)	(2)	(2)	Local boards determine remain- ing requirements		require a total of 22 units. Requirements in effect for a number of years. Local boards determine remaining requirements to reach the minimum of 18 total units.	

¹ State permits local board to set minimum academic standard

NOTE -Local school districts frequently have other graduation requirements in addition to State requirements

SOURCE Education Commission of the States, Cleaninghouse Notes, "Changes in Minimum High School Graduation Requirements, 1980 and 1985, September 1985", and "Minimum High School Graduation Course Requirements in the States, April 1987" (This table was prepared September 1988)



² Local boards determine requirements

³ State requires four credits in English/language arts. Local board determines remaining requirements

⁴ State requires one-half credit in social studies. Local board determines remaining requirements

⁻⁻ Data not available or not applicable

Table 134.—States using minimum-competency testing, by government level setting standards, grade levels assessed, and expected uses of standards: November 1985

					Expected u	ses		First
States using minimum- competency testing	Government level setting standards	Grade levels assessed	Grade promotion	High school gradua- tion	Early exit	Pemediation	Other 8	gradual ing clas assesse
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Alabama	State	3,6,9,11	1	х		x	x	1985
Arizona	State/local	8,12	(¹)	X	ļ i			1976
Arkansas	State	3,4,6,8			1 1	X		1
California	State/local	4-11,16 yr old+	X	X	X	X		1979
Colorado	Local	9,12		(²)				
Connecticut 3	State	4,6,8				x	x	
Delaware	State	1-8,11		×			X	1981
Flonda	State/local	3,5,8,11	X	Х	X			1983
Georgia	State	K,1,3,6,8,10	(4)	X		x	Х	1985
Hawaii 5	State	3,9-12	\ \ \	x		x		1983
Idaha	State	8-12				x	x	1982
Idaho	Local	Local Option	1		1	^		1 .302
Illinois		3,6,8,10			1	x	\forall	
Indiana	Local					^		
Kansas a	State	2,4,6,8,10 K-12	×	x		x	(-)	
Kentucky 7		K-12	^	^		^		
Louisiana •	State	2,3,4,5	×			X		
Maryland	State	7,9		X		X	X	1982
Massachusetts	Local	Local option				X		
Michigan	State	4,7,10				X		_
Mississippi	State	3,5,8,11		X			X	• 1987
Missouri	State	8+					x	
Nebraska	Locai	5+	1				Х	1
Nevada	State	3,6,9,11		X		X		1982
New Hampshire 10	State	4,8,12	(²)	(²)			(²)	
New Jersey	State	9–12		X		X	Х	1985
New Mexico .	State	Local option, 10-12					x	1981
New York	State	3,5,6,8-12	1	×		X		1979
North Carolina 11	State	3,6.8,10		X			х	1980
Ohio	Locai	Local option12					(2)	1990
Oklahoma 13	None	3.6,9,12					X	
Oregon	Local	Local option		×				1978
Pennsylvania.	State	3,5,8	i i	^	1	x		,
South Carolina 14	State	1,2,3,6,8,11	· x	x		â	x	1990
Tennessee 15	State/local	3,6,8,9-12	l â	l â		l		1982
Texas ¹⁸	State	1,3,5,7,9.11,12	^	î		,	_ ^	1987
1 itah	Local	Local option				×	×	1988
Utah	State	1-8	(17)	1	1	, î		1981
Vermont		K-6,10-12	(")	×		^		1981
Virginia	State/local	K-6,10-12 1-4,5-8,9-10	/2\	(2)		×	^	1961
Wisconsin	Local		(2)	(-)		l î		
Wyoming	Local	Local option	l	1	1	ı ^	1	1

¹ Legislation in 1983 called for development of a minimum course of study and chteria for high school graduation standards and for grade-to-grade promotion. Local school districts were to implement standards

2 Local option

Legislation in 1984 required the State superintendent to recommend process of using test results for promotion and graduation to the 1986 legislature * Grade 5 was added beginning with 1986–87 school year



³ A new program of State testing for grade 4 began in 1985 and expanded to grades 6 and 8 in 1986. The ninth grade State proficiency test, begun in 1980, was administered for the final time in 1986

⁴ Beginning in fail 1985, third grade students had to demonstrate acceptable performance on criterion-referenced tests in mathematics and reading before promotion to the fourth grade Beginning in 1988-89 school year, students must pass school readiness test to be eligible for first grade

Students have three options paper and pencil test, performance test, or course

First time taken (grade 9) must be paper-and-pencil test

The Kaneas Minimum Competency Assessment (MCA) was re-established by 1984 legislative action (SB 473) The MCA will be in effect for 5 school years. 1984-85 through 1988-89

Although first class assessed graduated in 1987, the first class required to pass for graduation will be the class of 1989

10 Students are tested in elementary, middle, and high school. Some local districts test

at grades other than 4, 8, and 12

11 Grades 3, 6, and 6 are given an annual standardized achievement test Local school districts use the results as a diagnostic tool

¹² Locally-based tests in the areas of English composition, mathematics, and reading are required at least once in grades 1-4. Tests in grades 5-8 and 9-11 will be implemented no later than 1989-90

¹³ Test was giv in in Oklahoma during the 1978-79 school year. There has been no followup to the program. However, a plan for Statewide testing was submitted for legislative action in January 1985

¹⁵ The South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 specified that the 11th-grade lest being used to gather baseline data be replaced in 1985–86 school year with an exit examination in the 10th grade All students graduating in 1990 and after must pass the examination

¹⁸ Local districts use the State-designated tests at grades 3, 6, and 8 for remediation and to advise on grade retention. The Tennessee high school test, first taken at grade

^{9,} is required for graduation

16 Texas HB 72 (1984) mandated the new testing program. New requirements became effective in 1985-86 school year

¹⁷ Vermont Basic Competency Program requires students to master the basics before they complete eighth grade

NOTE -Some States have dates for assessing the first high school graduating class but do not expect to use the results to determine whether students will graduate

SOURCE Education Commission of the States, Cleaninghouse Notes, "State Activity—Minimum Competency Testing, as of November 1985" (This table was prepared September 1986)

Table 135.—States requiring testing for initial certification of teachers, by authorizatic 1, year enacted, year effective, and test used: April 1987

State	Authority 1	Enacted	Effective	Test used 2
1	2	3	4	5
Alabama	St Bd	4000		
Arizona	Leg	1980	1981	State
Arkansas	_	1980	1980	State
California	Leg	1979	1983	NTE
Colorado	Leg.	1981	1982	State
	Leg.	1981	1983	California Achievemen
Connecticut	St Bd	1982	1985	24-1-
Delaware	St. Bd.	1982	1983	State
rionda	Lea	1978		Preprofessional Skills
Georgia	St Bd.	1975	1980	State
Hawaii	St Bd.		1980	State
1	Ot bu.	1986	1986	NTE
daho	Leg.	1987	1988	NTE
Illnois	Leg.	1985	1988	State
ndiana	Leg	1984	1985	
Ansas	Leg.	1984	1986	NTE
Kentucky	Leg.	1984	1985	To be determined NTE
i de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de	•		1903	NIE
Ouisiana	Leg.	1977	1978	NTE
Maine	Leg.	1984	1988	NTE
Maryland	St. Bd	1986	1986	NTE
Assachusetts	Lea.	1985	(3)	
Alchigan	Leg.	1986	1991	To be determined To be determined 4
/ississippi	Lea.	1975	1977	NTE
AISSOUT	Leg	1985	1988	1
Montana	B.P.E.	1985		To be determined
1807aska	Leg.	1984	1986	NTE
levada	St. Bd.	1984	1989 (³)	To be determined 4 To be determined
lew Hampshire	St Bd.			
lew Jersey		1984	1985	NTE
ew Mexico	St. Bd.	1984	1985	NTE
	St Bd.	1981	1983	NTE
	St Bd.	1980	1984	NTE
	St. Bd.	1964	1964	NTE
hio ⁵	St Bd.	1986	4000	
klahoma	Lea	1980	1987	NTE
regon	OTSPC.		1982	State
ennsylvania	St Bd.	1984	1985	C B.E.S.T.
hode Island		1985	1987	State
	St. Bd.	1985	1986	NTE Core Battery
outh Carolina	Lea.	1979	1000	1
outh Dakota	St Bd	1985	1982	NTE and State
9nnessee	St. Bd	1980	1986	NTE
3X88	Lea.		1981	NTE
rginia		1981	1986	State
***	Leg	1979	1980	NTE
ashington	St Bd	1984	(3)	To be determined •
est Virginia 7	St. Bd.	1982	1985	
isconsin	S P.I	1986		State
		1900	1990	To be determined

¹ St. Bd ⇒ State Board of Education, Leg = Legislature. BPE = Board of Public Education, OT.SPC.= Cregon Teacher Standards and Practice Commission, SPI. ⇒ Superintendent of Public Instruction

**NTE = National Teacher Examination, State = State developed test, CBEST = California Basic Education Skills Test



⁻aktorinia basec Education Smile 1934

3 Effective year is yet to be determined

4 For basic skills and subject-matter competencies

4 Required for individuals entering Ohio-approved education programs after July 1987

State and undetermined tests will be used

⁷ Required for individuals entening West Virginia-approved education programs as of

SOURCE Education Commission of the States, Clearinghouse Notes, "States Requiring Testing for Initial Certification of Teachers, April 1987." (This table was prepared June 1987.)

Table 136.—Percent of public high schools having or strengthening various policies, programs, or practices: 1987-88

			In o		Instituted or last strengthened since 1982-83							
Datas, era war, as asabas		Di	stnct sta	itus	s	chool	enrollme	ent	Suelli	<u> </u>		
Policy, program, or practice	Total	Rural	Sub- urban	Urban	Less than 300	320 to 799	800 to 1,499	1,500 or more	Total	Rural	Sub- urban	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Strict sanctions for disruptive students	98	98	99	95	97	97	98	98	49	55	40	51
Minimum academic standards for participation in athletics	96	97	96	97	96	96	97	96	47	44	49	53
Special recognition for academically outstanding students ¹	92	91	93	97	87	92	96	97	59	62	55	57
Programs to reduce absenteeism or tardiness	90	91	88	96	90	89	91	95	66	68	63	68
Instruction of students in study skills	77	76	76	84	72	78	77	83	61	61	60	66
Required in-service training of teachers in effective use of class	l	ĺ	•	l	Ì	İ		İ				1
time	73	76	68	75	77	72	72	68	65	71	59	53
Measures to reduce administrative burden on teachers	73	69	77	74	66	72	74	82	63	67	59	63
Nonfinancial recognition for outstanding teachers	70	66	72	85	56	73	75	85	54	54	54	56
Policy/guidelines on amount of required homework	47	42	48	65	38	47	50	58	52	50	50	63
Financial recognition for outstanding teachers	20	17	21	25	18	17	19	29	82	79	87	80

¹ Besides honor roll

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Public High School Principals' Perceptions of Academic Reform, May 1988." (This table was prepared November 1988.)

Table 137.—States requiring education, minimum curriculum standards, and teacher certification on substance abuse education, by State: 1986-87

State	State requires substance abuse education roviced State State State State State standards abuse education roviced State standards abuse education roviced roviced		State	State requires substance abuse education	Minimum curriculum standards provided	Certification requirement for all teachers	
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Total number with requirement	39	32	11				
Alabamr	x x	X X X		Missoun	x		×
Arkansas	x x	x x	x	Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	x X	×	×
Colorado	X X X	x x		New Jersey	X X X	 	x x
District of Columbia	x x	x x	×	North Carolina North Dakota	x	^	. ^
Georgia	x x	X X		Ohio Oklahoma	x x		×
Idano Illinois Indiana	x x	×	X X	Pennsylvania	x x	X X	
lowa	X	х		South Carolina South Dakota	x		
Kentucky	X X X	X X X	X	Tennessee Texas U.ah	X X	X X X	
Maryland	X X	×		Vermont	X X	X X	
Michigan	x	X X	×	Washington West Virginia Wisconsin. Wyoming	X X	X X X	

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "State Efforts in Substance Abuse Education." (This table was prepared August 1988.)



Table 138.—Revenues for public elementary and secondary schools, by source of funds: 1919-20 to 1986-87

	ļ	In thou	sands			Percentage of	istnbutic	
School year	Total	Federal	State	Local (including intermediate)1	Total	Feders	State	Local (including intermediate)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1919-20	\$970,121	\$ 2,475	\$160,085	\$807,561	100 0	03	16.5	-
1929-30	. 2,088,557	7,334	353,670	1.727.553	100 0	04		83.
1939-40	2,260,527	39,810	684,354	1,536,363	100.0	18	16 9	82
1941-42	2,416,580	34,305	759,993	1,622,281	100.0	14	30.3	68.0
1943-44	2,604,322	35,886	859,183	1,709,253	,00.0	1.4	31 4 33 0	67 · 65.6
1945-46		41,378	1,062,057	1,956,409	100 0			
1947-48	4,311,534	120,270	1,676,362	2,514,902		1.4	34 7	63 9
1949-50	5,437,044	155,848	2,165,689	3,115,507	100.0	28	38.9	58.3
1951-52		227,711	2,478,596		100.0	2.9	39 8	57.3
1953-54	7,866,852	355,237		3,717,507	100.0	3.5	38 6	57 9
		355,237	2,944,103	4,567,512	100 0	4.5	37 4	58.1
1955-56	9,686,677	441,442	3.828.886	5.416.350	100 0	4.0		
1957-58	12,181,513	486,484	4,800,368	6,894,661	100.0	46	39 5	55.9
1959-60	14,746,618	651,639	5,768,047	8,326,932	100.0	40	39 4	56.6
1961-62	17,527,707	760,975	6,789,190	9.977.542		44	39 1	56.5
1963-64	20,544,182	896,956	8,078,014	11,569,213	100.0 100.0	4.4	38.7 39.3	56.9 56.3
1965-66	25.356.858	1,996,954	0.000.010	10.00.000			38.3	56.3
1967-68	31,903,064		9,920,219	13,439,686	100.0	79	39 1	53 0
1969-70	40,266,923	2,806,469	12,275,536	16,821,063	100 0	8.8	38.5	52 7
1970-71	44,511,292	3,219,557	16,062,776	20,984,589	100.0	80	39 9	52.1
1971-72		3.753,461	17,409,086	23,348,745	100 0	84	39 1	52 5
10/1-/2	50,003,645	4,467,969	19,133,256	26,402,420	100.0	89	38.3	52.8
1972-73	52,117,930	4,525,000	20,843,520	26,749,412	100 0	87	400	51.3
973-74	58,230,892	4,930,351	24,113,409	29,187,132	100 0	85	41.4	5.1
974-75	G4,445,239	5,811,595	27,211,116	31,422,528	100 0	90	42.2	3. I 4£ '
975-76	71,206,073	6,318,345	31,776,101	33,111,627	100.0	89	44 6	
976-77	75,322,532	6,629,498	32,688,903	36,004,134	100.0	8.8	13 4	46.5 47.8
977-78	81,443,160	7,694,194	35.013.266	38,735,700	100.0			
.378- 79	87,994,143	8.600,116	40,132,136	39,261,891	100 0	9.4	430	47.6
979-80	96,881,165	9,503,537	45,348,814	42,028,813	100.0	98	45 6	44.6
960-81	105,949,087	9.768.262	50,182,659	45,998,166	100 0	9.8	46.8	43 4
981-82	110,191,257	8,186,466	52,436,435	49,568,356	100 0 100 0	9 2 7 4	47 4 47 6	43 4
982-83	117,497,502	9 990 999	50.000 :55				7, 0	45 0
983-84		8,339,990	56,282,157	52,875,354	1000	71	479	45 0
984-85	126,055,419	8,576,547	60,232,981	57,245,892	100 0	68	47.8	45 4
00C 000	137,294,678	9,105,569	67,168,684	61,020,425	100.0	6.6	489	44 4
	149,127,779	9,975,622	73,619,575	65,532,582	100 0	67	49 4	43 9
986-87	158,827,473	10,145,899	79,022,572	69,659,003	100 0	64	49.8	43.9

¹ Includes a relatively small amount from nongovernmental sources (gifts and tuition and transportation fees from patrons). These sources accounted for 0.4 percent of total revenues in 1967–68.

NOTE -Beginning in 1980-81, revenues for State education agencies are excluded

Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, and Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared Novembe, 1988)



² Revised from previously published figures

Table 139.—Revenues for public elementary and secondary schools, by source and State: 1986-87 [Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	ļ			venues, by source	,		
State or other area		Fede	oral	Sta	te	Local and	d other 1
_	Total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States 2	\$158,827,473	\$10,145,899	6.4	\$79,022,572	49.8	\$69,659,003	43.9
labama	2,070,639	241,402	11.7	1,372,963	66.3	456,274	22.0
laska	731,150	85,277	11.7	465,599	63.7	180,274	24.
/izona	2,106,564 1,111,619	189,004 128,173	9.0 11.5	1,017,425 608,757	48.3	900,134	42.3 33.3
alifornia	17,219,479	1,217,998	7.1	11,961,834	54.8 69.5	374,689 4,039,647	23.
olorado	2,395,723	117,590	49	935,154	39.0	1,342,978	56 .
onnecticut	2,606,381	114,873	4.4	1,043,373	40.0	1,448,136	55.
elaware	429,392	32,998	7.7	297,291	69.2	99,103	23.1
istrict of Columbia	439,795 6,610,567	45,460 475,228	10.3 7.2	2,725 3, 58 1, 688	0.6 54.2	391,610 2,553,651	69.0 38.0
eorgia	3,708,383	263,083	7.1	2,213,166	59.7	1,232,134	33.2
awaii	592,815	70,191	118	522,096	88.1	1,232,13 4 528	0.1
aho	544,525	48,203	9.6	342,286	62.9	154,036	28.3
noisdiana	6,025,415 3, 563 ,524	261,452 176,260	4.3 4.9	2,358,1 88 2,070, 46 9	39.1 58 1	3,405,775 1,316,795	56.9 37.0
wa.		·					
#NS48	1,846,332 1,681,665	94,574 80,984	5.1 4.8	621,104 712,445	44.5 42.4	930,654 888,236	50.4 52.8
entucky	1,656,267	192,268	11.6	1,069,039	64.5	394,960	23.8
ouisiana	2,416,437	277,627	11.5	1,331,213	55.1	807,597	33.4
aine	779,817	49,681	6.4	391,503	50.2	338,633	43.4
aryland	3,223,020	164,249	5.1	1,241,094	38 5	1,817,678	56.4
assachusetts	4,103,291 7,242,874	201,765 425,532	4.9 5.9	1, 650,688 2,525,785	45 1 34.9	2,050,838 4,291,557	50 .0 59 .3
innesota	3,101,661	131,723	4.2	1,765,775	56.9	1,204,163	38.8
ississippi	1,076,279	112,610	10.5	701,829	65.2	261,840	24.3
issouri	2,749,630	172,986	6.3	1,132,198	41.2	1,444,447	52.5
lontana	632,958	53,807	8.5	302 825	47.8	276,325	43.7
ebraska	1,005,585 595,821	61,695 26,432	6.1 4.4	226,670 235,572	22.5 39.5	717,221 333,817	71.3 56.0
ew Hampshire	647,069	21,828	3.4	38,076	5.9	587,165	90.7
ew Jersey	6,592,990	290,771	44	2,837,625	43.0	3,464,594	52.5
ew Mexico	1,008,277	123,188	12 2	757,266	75.1	127,823	12.7
ew York	15,757,034	762,061	4.8	6,688,733	424	8,306,241	52.7
orth Carolina	3,473,998 421,752	274,713 39,714	7.9 9.4	2,294,416 214,063	66 0 50.8	904,870 167,975	26 .0 39.8
hio	6.293.631	348.846	5.5	3,122,676	49.6	2,822,109	44.8
XIahoma	1,727,848	95,973	5.6	1,097,712	63 5	534,163	30.9
regon	1,863,501	123,033	6.6	522,195	28.0	1,218,273	65.4
ennsylvania	8,259,284 630,222	418,455 28,235	5.1 4.5	3,825,204 268,310	46.3 42.6	4,015,625 333,677	48.6 52.9
outh Carolina	1,987,657 417,550	175,915 49,341	8.9	1,113,738	56.0	698,004	35.1
outh Dakota	2,063,971	228,487	11.8 11.1	113,409 918,665	27.2 44.5	254,800 916,820	61.0 44.4
exas	11,900,931	846,464	71	5,603,133	47.1	5,451,335	45.8
ltah	1,153,356	69,986	61	627,118	54.4	456,252	39.6
emont	388,013	19,738	5.1	133,284	34.4	234,990	60.6
irginia/ashington	(³) 3,118,233	(3) 196,047	(3) 63	2,258,430	72.4	663,756	(³) 21.3
/est Virginia	1,237,866	93,293	75	864,138	698	280,434	22.7
/isconsin	3,303,237	154,314	47	1,141,259	34.5	2,007,664	60.8
/yorning	609,195	22,551	3.7	261,877	43.0	324,767	53 3
Outlying areas	***	40 -00		ł			
merican Samoa	20,479 92,078	13,523 10,709	66 0 11,6	_	_	6,956 81,369	34.0 88 4
orthern Marianas	14,908	5,180	34.7	_		9,728	65 3
uerto Rico	936,115	280,937	30 0		-1	655,178	70.0
/irgin Islands	99,249	17,425	176	- I	1	81,824	82 4

¹ includes revenues from local and intermediate sources, grits, and tutton and tees from patrons

NOTE -Excludes revenues for State education agencies. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



² includes estimates for the nonreporting State 2 Data not reported. —Data not available or not applicable

Table 140.—Revenues for public elementary and secondary schools, by source and State: 1985-86

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

			Re	evenues, by source	Ce		
State or other area	Total	Fed	ieral	St	ate	Local ar	nd other 1
		Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States 2	\$149,127,779	\$9,975,622	6.7	\$73,619,575	49.4	\$65,532,582	43.9
Alabama	1,986,491	235,322	11.8	1,321,745	66 5	429,424	21,6
Arizona	782,810	79,741	10 2	539,205	68 9	163,864	20.9
Arkansas	2,007,020 1,079,996	215,210 123,116	107	1,014,147	50 5	777,663	38.7
California	16,007,881	1,171,779	11 4	611,501 11,025,142	56 6 68 9	345,379 3,810,960	32.0
Colorado	2 267 046	440.004				3,610,900	23.8
Connecticut	2,267,016 2,277,099	110,024 80,594	4.9 3.5	881,499	38 9	1,275,493	56.3
Delaware	407,394	33 103	81	914,975 280,218	40 2	1,281,530	56 3
District of Columbia	409,605	45,337	11 i l	1,249	68 8 0 3	94,073 363,019	23 1 88.6
Florida	5,962,508	452 356	76	3,221,331	540	2,289,822	38.4
Georgia	3,366,707	275,316	82	1,923,713	57.4	4 407 070	
Hawaii	590,739	62,187	10.5	528,023	57.1 89 4	1,167,678 529	34.7
Idaho	486,636	46,415	95	279,168	57 4	161,053	0.1 33 1
Indiana	5,729,776 3,277,072	260,796 158,627	4.6	2,206,971	38 5	3,262,009	56 9
	3,277,072	130,027	4.8	1,888,764	57 6	1,229,681	. 37 5
lowa	1,702,969	88,962	52	733,255	43 1	880,752	51,7
Kentucky	1,643,294 1,505,838	79,459	48	725,160	44.1	838,675	51.0
Louisiana	2,588,291	200,835 274,425	13.3 10.6	949,256	630	355,747	23 6
Maine	721,744	44,833	62	1,416,359 361,824	54.7 50 1	897,506 315,088	34 7 43 7
Maryland	2,905,374	457.070			30.	313,000	40 /
Massachusetts	3.775,554	157,973 189,481	5.4 5.0	1,130,209	38 9	1,617,193	55.7
Michigan	6,892,074	404,502	5.9	1,575,964 2,403,943	41 7 34 9	2,010,109	53.2
Minnesota	2,886,042	122,686	43	1,606,933	55 7	4,083,629 1,156,423	59 3 40.1
Mississippi	996,395	119,613	120	644,898	64.7	231,884	23.3
Missouri	2,445,181	159.811	65	992,401	40 6	4 202 262	
Montana	632,539	44,012	70	310,239	49 0	1,292,969 278,288	52.9 44.0
Nebraska	942,535 494,762	61,156	65	228,657	24 3	652,722	69.3
New Hampshire	531,410	24,514 22,492	50 42	231,906 36,440	46 9 6 9	238,342	48.2
New Jersey	0.070.054				0.5	472,478	88 9
New Mexico	6,076,354 964,520	288,910 120,014	48	2,613,375	43.0	3,174,069	52.2
New York	14.682,429	840,343	12 4 5 7	726,954 6,028,229	75.4	117,551	12 2
North Carolina	3,223,445	284,176	8.8	2,133,317	41 1 66 2	7,813,857 805,951	53.2
North Dakota	425,481	38,145	90	225,941	53 1	161,396	25 0 37.9
Ohio	6,398,460	363,563	57	2,916,557			
Oklahoma	1,669,323	98,093	59	1.056.184	45.6 63.3	3,118,340	48 7
Oregon	1,763,012	115,942	66	503,279	28 5	515,046 1,143,791	30 9 64 9
Rhode Island	7,730,882 572,270	391,724	51	3,556,828	46.0	3,782,330	48.9
_	3/2,2/0	28,212	49	234,943	41 1	309,115	54.0
South Carolina	1,860,283	173,066	93	1,074,818	578	612,399	32 9
South Dakota	394,421	47,621	12 1	107,903	27.4	238,897	60.6
Texas	1,898,860 11,345,065	231,928 834,484	122 74	809,483	426	857,448	45 2
Jtah	1,113,449	63,805	57	5,400,940 619,104	47 6 55 6	5,109,641 430,540	45.0 38 7
/ermont	1	00.504				430,540	38 /
/irolnia	352,625	20,504	58	114,292	32.4	217,829	618
Mashington	2,935,529	179,207	(3) 6 1	2,174,259	(3) 74.1	ESC 200	(³) 19 8
West virginia	1,208,625	94,918	79	827.195	68.4	582,063 286,511	19 8 23.7
Visconsin	3 078,103 653,862	146.890 23,770	48 36	827,195 1,127,285	36 6	1,803,928	58 6
Outlying areas		25,775		246,549	37 7	383,542	58.7
American Samoa	14,997	10 000	24.5	ĺ			_
Buen	77,780	12,220 10,191	81 5 13 1	-	-	2,777	18 5
vortnern Marianas ,	13,146	4,584	34 9	8,562	65 1	67,588	86 9
Puerto Rico	856,809	278,720	32 5		-	578,090	67.5
FR MILL (SHOULD !!!	106,555	17,625	165		_	88,929	83 5

¹ includes revenues from local and intermediate sources, gifts, and tuition and fees from patrons.

NCTE --Excludes revenues for State education agencies. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOUHCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



^{*} Includes estimates for the nonreporting State

² Data not reported

⁻De a not available or not applicable

Table 141.—Summary of expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by purpose: 1919-20 to 1979-80

Purpose of expenditures	1919–20	1929–30	1939-40	1949–50	1959-60	1969-70	1971-72	1973-74	1^75-76	1979-80
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					Amounts in thou	sands of dollar	S			
Total expenditures, all schools	\$1,036,151	\$ 2,316,7 9 0	\$2,344,049	\$5,837,643	\$15,613,255	\$40,653,429	\$48,050,283	\$56,970,355	\$70,600,573	\$95,961,561
Current expenditures, all schools	864,396	1,853,377	1,955,166	4,722,887	12,461,955	34,853,578	42,213,093	50,477,845	62,607,754	87,581 727
Public elementary and secondary schools	861,120	1,843,552	1,941,799	4,687,274	12,329,389	34,217,773	41,817,782	50,024,638	62,054,105	86.984,142
Administration	36,752 632,556 115 707 30,432 9,286 36,387	78,680 1,317,727 216,072 78,810 50,270 101,993	91,571 1,403,285 194,365 73,321 50,116 129,141	220,050 3,112,340 427,587 214,164 261,469 451,663	528,408 8,350,738 1,085,036 422,586 909,323 1,033,297	1,606,646 23,270,158 2,537,257 974,941 3,266,920 2,561,856	1,875,504 28,148,306 3,145,231 1,179,540 4,096,404 3,372,790	2,275,726 32,608,652 3,815,224 1,476,349 5,626,662 4,222,025	2,808,956 39,687,404 } 6,675,499 7,321,317 5,560,928	4,263,757 53,257,937 9,744,785 11,793,934 7,923,729
Summer schools	(2) 3,277 (2) (1)	9,825 (2) (1)	(2) 13,367 (2) (1)	(2) 35,614 (2) (1)	13,263 26,858 34,492 57,953	106,481 128,778 138,813 261,731	90,554 — — 304,765	93,829 359,378	101,319 — 452,330	24,753 — — 572,832
Capital outlay 3	153,543 18,212	370,878 92,536	257,974 130,909	1,014,176 100,578	2,661,786 48 9,514	4,659,072 1,170,782	4,458,949 1,378,236	4,978,976 1,513,534	6,146,435 1,846,384	6,506,167 1,873,666
					Percentage	distribution		_	<u>-</u> _	
Total expenditures, all schools	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0
Current expenditures, all schools	83.4	80 0	83 4	80 9	79 8	85 7	879	88 6	88.7	91 2
Public elementary and secondary schools	83 1	79 6	828	80 3	79 0	84 1	870	878	87 9	90.6
Administration	35 610 112 29 09 3.5	3 4 56 9 9 3 3 4 2.2 4 4	39 599 83 31 2.1 55	38 533 73 3.7 45 77	34 535 69 27 58 66	3.9 57 2 62 2.4 8 0 6 3	3.9 58.6 6.5 2.5 8.5 7.0	4.0 57 2 6 7 2.6 9 9 7 4	40 562 } 95 104 79	4 4 55 5 10.2 12 3 8.3
Summer schools	(2) 0 3 (2) (1)	(2) 0.4 (2) (1)	(2) 0.6 (2) (1)	(2) 0 6 (2) (1)	01 02 02 04	03 03 03 06	0.2 — — 0.6	02 - - 06	01 - - 06	(4) — — 0 6
Capital outlay 3	14 8 1 8	16 0 4 0	11.0 5 6	17 4 1 7	170 31	11 5 2 9	93 29	8.7 2.7	8 7 2 6	6 8 2.0

¹ Prior to 1959-60, items included under "other school services" were listed under "auxiliary services." a more comprehensive classification which also included community services.

-Cata not available

NOTE —Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaska and Hawaii Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department c. Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, and Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared March 1986)



² Prior to 1959-60, data shown for adult education represent combined expenditures for adult education, summer schools, and community colleges

² Prior to 1989-70, excludes capital outlay by State and local schoolhousing authorities

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent

Table 142.—Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by State: 1959-60 to 1988-89 [In thousands of dollars]

State or other area	1959-60	1969-70	1979-AO	1980-81	1961-82	1982-83
1	2	3	4_	5	3	7
United Stater	\$12,329,389	\$34,217,773	\$86,944,142	\$94,321,093	\$12: 108.524	\$108,267,71
Alabama	171,130	422,730	1,148,713	1,393,137	1,423,748	1,486,52
Aleska	20,641	81,374	377,947	478,368	550,784	625.818
Artzone	104,054	281,941	949,753	1.075.362	1,152,564	1,242,926
Arkaneas	83,896	235,063	666,949	709,394	755,680	801,194
California	⁶ 1,481,908	3,831,595	9,172,158	9,936,842	10,727,266	,350,354
Colorado	136,760	369,218	1,243,049	1,369,883	1,500,214	1,605,885
Connecticut.	185,336	588,710	1,227,892	1,440,881	1,543,483	
Delewere	33,425	106,747	269,108	270,439		1,711,013
District of Columbia	45,617	141,138	298,448	295,155	275,210	294,222
Florida	276,506	961,273	2,766,468	3,336,657	312, 94 0 3,552,127	340,027 3,747,7 6 0
Beorgia	208,096	599,371	1,608,028	1 600 714	4 070 000	
lewel	42,499	141,324		1,688,714	1,976,268	2,123,586
deho			351,889	395,038	425,342	484,856
Mnois.	42,719	103,107	313,927	352,912	371,290	398,996
	663,849	1,896,067	4,579,355	4,773,179	4,928,668	5,106,290
ndlene	318,0/3	809,105	1,851,292	1,698,194	2,133,789	2,239,060
owa	197,768	527,086	1,186,669	1,337,504	1,400,580	1,474,443
(anses	153,346	362,593	830,133	958,281	1,044,483	1,131,758
Centucky	132,068	353,265	1,051,459	1,096,472	1,157,496	1,233,797
ouleiene	230,402	503,217	1,303,902	1,767,692	1,857,207	1,906,595
Asino	51 ,465	155,907	385,492	401,355	447,360	484,744
Aaryland	209,600	721,794	1,783,056	1,937,159	2.062.775	2,118,972
faccachusetts	324,408	907.341	2.638.734	2,794,762	2,673,115	2,792,653
Alchigen	605,048	1,799,945	4,642,847	5,196,249	5,221,346	5, 35 1, 620
Anneecta	267,376	781,243	1,786,768	1,900,322	2.035.842	2.075.572
feeiselppi	100,020	232,760	756,018	716,878	753,648	2,075,572 86 9,7 6 4
Meacuri	242,447	6- 2.030	1,504,988	1 640 050	. 7.5.70.	
fontana	54,079	127.178	358,118	1,643,258	1,715,761	1,772,111
lebraska	87, 69 2	231 812		380,092	418,027	456 ,519
levede	23.770	87, 73	581,615	629,017	699,487	759,197
law Hempshire	33,185	101,370	281,901 295,400 ;	287,752 340,518	338,206 372,027	364,766 402,307
low Jarsey	459,413	1,343,561	0.600.500		·	•
lew Mexico	73,396	183,73£	3,638,533	3,648,914	4,080,209	4,340,980
lew York	1,383,706		515,451	560,213	647,867	713, 599
lorth Caroline		4,111,839	8,760,500	9,259,948	10,258,454	10, 965,48 1
lorth Dekote	238,059 →0,254	878,193 97,895	1,880,862 228,483	2,112,417 254,197	2,191,269 307,659	2,206,325 318,784
Dhio			·			•
Kiehome	632,932	1,639,805	3,832,578	4,149,858	4.357,731	4,600,47 5
	151,181	339,105	1,055,844	1,1 93 ,373	1,481,497	1,560,103
regon	154,691	403,844	1,126,812	1,292,624	1,352,825	1,417,393
onneylvania	732,486	1,912,644	4,584,320	4,955,115	5,158,103	5,506,931
Rhode Island	48,686	145,443	: 62,046	395,389	394,485	454,062
outh Carolina	118,939	367,689	99, 964	1,006,088	1,096,871	1,158,595
outh Dekota	47,899	109,375	238, 132	242,215	273,794	292,102
ennesses	175,152	473,226	1,319,3 13	1,429,938	1,488,430	1,577,915
exas	605,577	1,518,181	4,997.681	5,310,181	5,939,849	7,442,159
Itah	69,755	179,961	518,251	587,648	626,218	702,162
ermont	24,132	78,921	189 811	224,901	247.035	227 520
Irginia	207,399	704,877	1,881,519			267,530
Vashington	239.069	699,984	1,825 "82	2,045,412	2,191,853	2,414,130
/est Virginia	108,873	249,404		1,791,477	1,844,060	2,206,231
feconein	254,626		8. 9,386	754,889	904,080	957,707
/yuming	32,175	777,288 69,584	1,£06,523 226,087	2,035,879 271,153	2,142,172 317,328	2,305,552 382,182
Outlying areas				= 		
merican Samoa	308	_1	_	_	_	
uem	3,020	18,652	_		50,000	51,173
orthern Merianes	· l				30,000	
uerto Rico	54,375	_	=1	713,000	870,000	7,714
rust Territory of the Pacific	- 1	_	=1	7 13,000	070,000	745,360
irgin lelande	1,682	_1	1	-		4
	١,٠ ٥٤	- 1		- 1	62,000	70 ,9 75



Table 142.—Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by State: 1959-60 to 1988-89--Continued [in thousands of dollars]

State or other area	1983-84	1 984- 85 ¹	1985–86	1986–87	Estimated 1987-88 ²	Estimated 1988-89 ²
1	8	9	10	11	12	13
United States	\$115,392,342	\$126,337,491	\$137,164,965	\$146,589,146	³ \$156,535,25 3	3 \$167,324,897
Alabama	1,396,804	1,590,856	1,761,154	1,775,997	1,899,500	2,323,800
Alaska	692,418	754,967	818.219	769,015	836,422	869,87
Arizona	1,326,552	1,436,844	1,649,832	1,836,908	2,354,751	(4
Arkansas	903,510	1,005,347	1,085,943	1,118,904	1,090,817	1,130, 0 00
California	12,143,642	13,477,768	15,040,898	16,512,668	(4)	(4
Colorado	1,897,085	1,868,058	2,018,579	2,129,964	2,253,720	2,397,958
Connecticut	1,818,683	2,117,798	2,144,094	2,414,708	2,680,000	2,900,000
Delaware	323,760	353,191	391,558	418,116	435,680	457,464
District of Columbia	371,113	387,918	406,910	441,135	488,662	526,94 1
Florida	4,071,134	4,589,068	5,092,668	5,850,083	8,142,971	6,864,156
Georgia	2,301,496	2,629,681	2,979,980	3,451,882	3,842,715	4,287,594
Hawaii	500,554	521,692	575,456	576,749	• 595, 066	606,967
ldeho	417,426	467,532	492,092	513,011	9 564 ,182	592,400
Illinois	5,332,586	5,662,354	6,066,390	6,463,564	8,574,000	8,800, 0 0
Indiana	2,434,738	2,696,072	2,851,080	3,106,616	3,385,000	3,688,000
lowa	1,532,171	1,599,874	1,644,359	1.725,428	1,863,462	1,938,001
Kansas	1,209,537	1,315,469	1,423,225	1,488,814	1,554,182	1,631,870
Kentucky	1,354,120	1,384,722	1,434,962	1,583,158	1,755,722	1,790,837
Louisiana	1.950,869	2,191,478	2,333,748	2.260,393	(4)	(4)
Maine	540,351	599,189	688,673	760,446	825,609	918,426
Maryland	2,322,890	2,446,771	2,634,209	2,845,404	3,086,900	3,380,887
Massachusetts	2,898,355	3,139,486	3,403,505	3,744,131	(4)	(4)
Michigan	5,386,329	5,735,303	6,184,767	6,427,558	(4)	(4)
Minnesota	2,253,402	2,461,571	2,637,722	2,818,390	3,004,403	3,160,632
Mississippi	982,605	1,023,720	1,058,301	1,112,535	(4)	(4)
Missouri	1,965,436	2,106,539	2,277,576	2,515,846	2,580,719	2, 761,36 9
Montana	502, 29 0	538,245	567,901	583,861	(4)	(4)
Nebraska	813,214	870,019	911,983	948,149	(4)	(4)
Nevada	374,201	397,254	495,147	513,014	(4)	(4)
New Hampshire	431,288	473,151	522,604	589,850	571,120	599,67d
New Jersey	4,666,185	4,897,534	5,735,895	6,099,473	6,500,000	7,000,010
New Mexico	721,641	784,442	808,036	865,789	• 1,103,318 j	1,21 6,24 3
New York	11,879,638	12,681,301	13,686,039	14,724,687	15,755,000	18,701, 00 0
North Carolina	2,353,506	2,674,774	2,991,747	3,193,337	3,581,720	3,814,532
North Dakota	337,961	365,341	379,470	374,941	382,440	390,089
Ohio	5,051,057	5,504,161	5,856,999	6,111,461	6,500,000	7,000,000
Oklahoma	1,581,443	1,575,487	1,740,981	1,707,396	1,750,000	1,780,000
Oregon	1,475,990	1,560,242	1,662,372	1,747,125	1,940,000	2,037, 00 0
Pennsylvania	5,843,492	6,660,369	6,750,520	7,176,886	7,400,000	7,850,000
Rhode Island	486,328	525,824	569,935	608,318	681,116	753,168
South Carolina	1,314,792	1,556,552	1,708,603	1.827.266	1.953.347	2.088.128
South Dakota	314,627	338,800	360,832	368,266	350,294	367,800
Tennessee	1,627,147	1,836,012	1,990,889	2,167,026	42,130,743	2,312,000
Texas	7,642,784	8,996,478	9,642,812	10,152,521	4 10,687,903	11,168,859
Utah	730,904	813,817	906,484	932,740	(4)	1,002,007
Vermont	290,206	313,026	348,164	378,264	397,781	421,627
Virginia	2,584,005	2,845,540	3,183,707	3,444,952	3,728,804	3,999,515
Washington	2,373,841	2,565,957	2,702,852	2,808,636	43,090,872	3,312,436
West Virginia	988,532	1,090,514	1,164,882	1,229,069	1,168,930	1,103,650
Wisconsin	2,455,671 424,251	2,855,729 453,874	2,893,797 488,616	3,086,878	• 3,312,841 473,337	3,511,612
 	727,231	750,074	400,010	489,825	472,327	458,157
Outlying areas American Samoa		10 240	14 007	40.403		
Guam	54,251	13,348 58,815	14,997	19,497	-	
Northern Marianas	5,534	9,394	78,545 12,556	78,278 15,714	_	_
Puerto Rico	822,589	856,743	842,827	881,552	_	
Trust Territory of the Pacific	JEE,000	34,002	V- 1,027	301,332	_	
Virgin Islands	70,411	_	76,751	94,918	_	_
	70,-711	- 1	, 0,, 0,	וסופודים		_

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Statistics of State School Systems, and Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared January 1989.)



¹ Data revised from previously published figures
2 Data estimated by State education agencies.
3 U.S. sotal includes NCES imputations for nonreporting States.
4 Includes an estimated \$144,942,000 for summer schools, adult education, and community colleges.

4 Actual data.

NOTE —Beginning in 1980-81, expenditures for State administration are excluded Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

Table 143.—Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by function and State: 1986-87 [Amounts in thousands of dollars]

			Current e	expenditures, by	function		
State or other area		Instru	ction	Support	services	Noninstr	uctional
	Total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total
1	2	3	4	5	5	7	8
United States	\$146,589,146	\$89,559,041	61.1	\$51,904,714	35.4	\$5,125,391	3.5
Alabama	1,775,997	1,130,136	63.6	539,105	30,4	106,756	6.0
Aleska		508,151	66.1	241,689	31 4	19,174	2.5
Arkansas	1,836,908	1,058,852	57 6	724,469	39 4	53,586	2.9
California	1,118,904 16,512,668	694,090 9,264,208	62.0 56.1	372,051 6,741,066	33.3 40 8	52,763 507,394	, 4.7 3 1
Colorado	0.400.064	4 074 044			1		
Connecticut	2,129,964 2,414,708	1,271,614 1,551,106	59.7 64.2	812,991 820,742	38 2 34.0	45,359	2.1
Delaware	418,116	279,436	66.8	128,639	30.8	42,859 10,041	1.8 2.4
District of Columbia	441,135	282,403	64 0	134,272	30 4	24,460	5.5
Florida	5,650,083	3,234,977	57 3	2,223,946	39.4	191,160	3.4
Georgia	3,451,882	2,169,086	62.8	1,189,963	34.5	92,833	2.7
Hawaii	576,749	352,509	61.1	193,565	33.6	30,675	53
idaho	513,011	313,385	61 1	176,247	34.4	23,378	4.6
Illinois	6,463,564	3,862,345	59 8	2,375,572	36.8	225,647	3.5
Indiana	3,106,616	1,952,446	62.8	1,084,723	34.9	69,447	2 2
lowa	1,725,428	991,684	57.5	682,326	39.5	51,417	3.0
Kansas	1,486,814	863,987	58 1	571,344	38 4	51,483	3.5
Kentucky	1,583,158	1,158,089	73 2	348,481	22 0	76,588	4.8
Maine	2,260,393 760,446	1,292,319 522,807	57.2 68.8	804,938 214,883	35.6 28 3	163,136 22,755	7.2 3.0
Maryland	2.845.404	1,793,494	62.0	004.070			
Massachusetts	3,744,131	2,448,329	63 0 65.4	994,370 1,196,833	34.9 32.0	57,550	2.0
Michigan	6,427,556	3,662,912	57.0	2,614,909	40 7	98,968 149,735	2.6 2.3
Minnesota	2,818,390	1,768,267	62 7	918,538	32 6	131,585	4.7
Mississippi	1,112,535	690,719	62 1	330,678	29 7	91,138	8.2
Missouri	2,515,846	1,541,808	61.3	909,931	36.2	64,107	25
Montana	583,861	366,171	62.7	190,282	32 6	27,408	4.7
Nebraska	948,149	603,861	63 7	318,088	33 5	26,200	2.8
Nevada	513,014 589,850	309,757 383,427	60 4 65.0	195,988 198,375	38 2 33 6	7,268 8,048	1.4 1.4
					1	0,040	1.4
New Jersey New Mexico	6,099,473 865,789	3,871,290	63 5	2,043,734	33 5	184,448	3.0
New York	14,724,687	498,202 9,645,110	57 5 65 5	323,560 4,619,447	37 4	44,027	5.1
North Carolina	3,193,337	2.094.563	65 6	966,844	31 4 30.3	460,130 131,930	3 1 4.1
North Dakota	374,941	230,538	61.5	127,722	34 1	16,682	4.4
Ohio	6,111,461	3,541,035	57 9	2,370,717	38.8	199,710	33
Oklahoma	1,707,396	1,110,882	65.1	535,254	31.3	61 260	3.6
Oregon	1,747,125	992,077	56 8	692,747	39 7	62,300	36
Pennsylvania	7,176,886	4,377,194	61 0	2,575,903	35 9	223,789	3 1
Rhode Island	608,318	407,519	670	184,668	30 4	16,130	2.7
South Carolina	1,827,266	1,116,218	61.1	618,629	33 9	92,416	5.1
South Dakota	368,266	219,929	59 7	126,286	34 3	22,051	6.0
Tennessee	2,167,026	1,514,878	69 9	508,728	23.5	143,420	66
Texas	10,152,521 932,740	6,066,336 614,264	59 8 65.9	3,493,531 282,289	34 4 30 3	592,654 36,187	5.8 3.9
Vernort	070.004					50,107	5.5
Vermont	378,264 3,444,952	240,677 2,241,056	63.6 65 1	130,665	34 5	6,922	18
Washington	2,808,636	1,638,310	583	1,117,993 1,075,030	32 5 38 3	85,903 95,296	2.5 3 4
West Virginia	1,229,069	592,721	48 2	574,025	46.7	62,323	5.1
Nisconsin	3,086,878	1,928,688	62 5	1,102,026	35 7	56,164	1.8
Wyoming	489,825	295,188	60 3	185,911	380	8,726	18
Outlying creas					Ī		
American Samoa	19,497 78,278	9,551	490	6,545	33.6	3,400	17.4
Northern Marianas	78,278 15,714	56,654 8,539	72 4 54,3	18,589	23 7	3,035	3.9
Puerto Rico	881,552	594,367	67.4	5,351 162,322	34 0 18 4	1,824	11 6 14 2
Virgin Islands	94,918	67,661	71.3	19,694	207	124,863 7,564	80
		. ,		,	-0,	,,,,,,,	00

NOTE —Excludes expenditures for State education agencies. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 144.—Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by function and State: 1985–86 [Amounts in thousands of dollars]

<u> </u>			Currant e	expenditures, by fu	nction	_	
State or other area		Instruc	ction	Support a	ervices	Noninstru	ctional
Sale of Sub-	Total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States	\$137,164,965	-83,462,935	60.8	\$48,852,935	35.6	\$4,849,095	
labama	1,761,154	1,118,483	63.5	537.691	30.5	104,980	
laska	818,219	541,546	66.2	255,421	31 2	21,252	
rizona	1,649,832	955,559	57 9	662,152	40 1	32,121	
rkansas	1,085,943	676,420	62.3	356,083	33.0	51,440	4
alifornia	15,040,898	8,415,884	56.0	6,111,299	40.6	513,715	:
olorado	2,018,579	1,200,851	59 5	774,383	38 4	43,344	:
onnecticut	2,144,094	1,363,717	63 6	743,232	34.7	37,145	
elaware	391,558	253,967	64.9	127,644	32.6	9,946	:
istrict of Columbia	406,910	254,805	62.6	130,747	32.1	21,358	:
orida	5,092,668	2,895,109	56 8	2,012,092	39.5	185,467	;
eorgia	2,979,980	1,885,703	63.3	1,007,347	33 8	86,931	:
awai	575,458	350,880	61.0	192,369	33 4	32,207	
aho	492,092	315,056	64.0	155,781	31.7	21,254	•
nois	6,066,390	3,556,582	56.6	2,305,962	38.0	203,846	
diana	2,851,080	1,781 592	62.5	1,020,017	35 8	49,370	
Ka	1,644,359	946,421	57.6	654,675	39.8	43,263	
N885	1,423,225	828,211	58.2	544,936	38 3	50,078	
entucky	1,434,962	1,026,444	71 5	330,205	23 0	78,313	
visiana	2,333,748	1,297,610	55.6	864,985	37.1	171,154	
aine	688,673	468,318	68.0	200,221	29.1	20,134	;
aryland	2,634,209	1,637,924	62 2	940,400	35.7	55,884	
assachusetts	3,403,505	2,213,363	65.0	1,099,116	32.3	91,026	
chigan	6,164,767	3,500,600	58.6	2,537,865	41.0	146,302	
nnesota	2,637,722 1,058,301	1,610,216 651,050	61.0 61 5	901,381 321,565	34.2 30.4	1 26 ,125 85,686	
issouri	2,277,576	1,392,684	61,1	822,362	36 1	62,530	;
ontana	567,901	355,125	62 5	186,364	32.8	26,411	
braska	911,983	576,959	63.3	311,042	34.1	23,982	
evada	495,147	296,488	59.9	192,810	38.9	5,849	
w Hampshire	522,604	340,222	65.1	174,181	33 3	8,202	
w Jersey	5,735,895	3,618,725	63.1	1,948,348	34.0	168,822	
w Mexico	808,036	455,058	58.3	310,485	38.4	42,494	
w York	13,686,039	9,178,233	67 1	4,072,574	29 8	435,233	
orth Carolina	2,991,747	1,958,425	65.5	898,757	30.0	134,565	
orth Dakota,	379,470	231,927	61.1	130,338	34.3	17,205	
No	5,856,999	3,409,066	58 2	2,291,306	39 1	156,627	
dahoma	1,740,981	1,110,373	63.8	588,132	32 6	62,476	
egon	1,682,372	939,291	56.5	663,996	39 9	59,085	
nnsylvania	6,750,520	4.098,291	60.7	2,433,506	36 0	218,722	
ode Island	589,935	380,740	66 8	173,820	30.5	15,376	
uth Carolina	1,708,603	1,073,964	60.5	577,888	33 8	96,751	
uth Dakota	360,832	214,777	59.5	124,794	34 6	21,260	
N/Nessee	1,990,689	1,335 799	69 6	467,968	23.5	137,122	
xes	9,642,812 906,464	5,706,235 588,867	59 2 65.0	3,400,414 281,510	35.3 31 1	535,563 36,108	
	·						
rmont	346,164 3,183,707	221,502 2,063,945	64 0 64.8	118,213 1,032,952	34 1 32.4	6,449 86,810	
sahington	2 702,652	1,400,891	51.8	1,210,360	44.8	91,401	
est Virginia	1,164,682	689,776	57.5	436,938	37.5	58,188	
sconsin	2,893,797	1,795,468	62 0	1,045,452	36 1	52,877	
oming	488,616	293,095	60.0	168,858	38.7	6,664	
Outlying areas							
mencan Samoa	14,997	8,890	59 3	3,850	25.7	2,258	1
uem	78,545	38,603	49.1	36,830	46.9	3,112	
orthern Marianas	12,558	7,335	58.4	3,279	26 1	1,942	1
perto Rico	642,827	537,191	63 7	164,066	19 5	141,570	1
irgin Islands	76,751	52,197	68 0	17,470	22 8	7,084	

NOTE.—Excludes expenditures for State education agencies. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 145.—Total and current expenditure per pupil in public elementary and secondary schools: 1919-20 to 1988-89

	Expend	liture per pupil in a	werage daily atter	ndance	Ex	penditure per pup	il in fall enrollmen	t 1
School year	Current	dollars	Constant 198	7-88 ² dollars	Current		Constant 198	
	Total expenditure	Current expenditure	Total expenditure	Current expenditure	Total expenditure	Current expenditure	Total expenditure	Current expenditure
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1919–20	\$64	\$ 53	\$389	\$324	\$48	\$40	\$291	\$243
1929-30	108	87	734	587	90	72		
1931-32	97	81	778	652	82		608	486
1933-34	76	67	667	590		69	659	552
1935–36	88	74	741	626	65 74	57 63	567 627	502 530
1937-38	100	84	806	678	86	70		
1939-40	106	88	876	730		72	692	582
1941-42	110	98	817		92	76	760	633
1943-44	125	117		730	94	84	700	625
1945-46	146	136	829	778	105	99	698	655
ļ	140	136	926	866	124	116	789	738
1947-48	205	181	1,018	902	179	158	889	700
1949-50	260	210	1,274	1.029	231	187		788
1951-52	314	246	1,386	1.084	275	215	1,130	913
1953-54	351	265	1,512	1,141	312	236	1,214	949
1955-56	387	294	1,668	1,268			1,344	1,014
į.		254	1,000	1,200	354	269	1,525	1,159
1957-58	447	341	1.815	1,384	408	311	1,655	1,262
1959-60	471	375	1,857	1,479	440	350	1,735	1,382
1961–62	517	419	1,993	1,615	485	393	1,870	
1963-64	559	460	2,098	1,729	520	428	1,953	1,515
1965–66	654	538	2,374	1,952	607	499	2,204	1,609 1,812
1967-68	786	658	2,679	2,242	732	612	0.400	
1969-70	955	816	2,929	2.502	878		2,492	2,086
1970-71	1,049	911	3,060	2,657		750	2,692	2,300
1971-72	1,128	990	3,175		970	842	2,828	2,455
1972-73	1,211	1,077		2,786	1,034	907	2,911	2,555
	1,211	1,077	3,276	2,914	1,116	993	3,021	2,687
1973-74	1,364	1,207	3,389	2,999	1,244	1,101	3.091	0.700
1974–75	1 545	1,365	3,455	3,052	1,424	1,258		2,736
1975-76	1,697	1,504	3,545	3,141	1,564	1,385	3,184	2,813
197 6 –77	1,816	1,638	3,585	3,232	1,673		3,267	2,894
1977-78	2,002	1,823	3,704	3,371	1,842	1,509 1,677	3,303 3,406	2,978 3,101
1978-79	2,210	2,020	3,737	3,417	2000			
1979-80	2,491	2,020	3,737		2,029	1,855	3,432	3,138
1980-81	3 2.762	2,272		3,390	2,290	2,089	3,417	3,117
1981-82	3 2,997		3 3,693	3,330	³ 2,540	2,291	³ 3,397	3,063
1982-83		2,726	3 3,690	3,355	³ 2,773	2,521	³ 3,413	3,104
1802-03	³ 3,232	2,955	³ 3,815	3,488	3 2,987	2,730	³ 3,525	3,223
1983-84	³ 3,506	3,173	3 3,991	3,612	3 3,240	2,932	3 3,688	3.337
1984-85	³ 3,763	3,470	3 4,122	3,801	3 3,486	3,215	³ 3,819	3,337 3,521
1985–86	3 4,069	3,756	3 4,331	3,998	3 3,761	3,472	34,004	
1986-87	³ 4,365	3,977	3 4,546	4,142	³ 4.039	3,680		3,696
1987-88	³ 4,645	44,227	3 4,645	4 4,227	3 4,297		³ 4,206	3,832
988-89	3 4,931	44,499	3 4,724	44,310	3 4,563	43,911	3 4,297	43,911
	.,	7,700	7,767	4,310	- 4,503	4 4,163	³ 4,370	43,987

Data for 1919-20 to 1953-54 are based on school-year enrollment

NOTE —Beginning in 1980-81, two changes in definitions were made. State administration expenditures are excluded from both "total" and "current" expenditures, and

"other programs" such as summer schools and community services are included in both "total" and "current" expenditures. Some data have been revised from previously published figures.

SOURCE U.S. Dispartment of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems, Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education, and Common Core of Data survey (This table was prepared May 1989).



² Based on the consumer price index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

³ Estimated ⁴ Preliminary data

Table 146.—Current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1959-60 to 1986-87

A. 					(Current dolla	LTS.				
State or other area	1959-60	1969-70	1974-75	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86 ²	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United States	\$375	\$816	\$1,365	\$2,272	\$2,490	\$2,726	\$2,955	\$3,17 3	\$3,470	\$3,756	\$3,977
Alabema	241	544	931	1,612	1,985	2.063	2,177	2.055	2,325	2,565	2,573
Aleska	546	1,123	2,439	4,728	5,688	6,312	7,325	6,627	7,843	6,304	6,010
Artzona	404 225	720 568	1,216	1,971	2,258	2,482	2,597	2,751	3,009	3,336	3,544
California	3 424	867	693 1,367	1,574 2,268	1,701 2,475	1,841 2,671	1, 5 71 2,733	2,235 2,963	2,482 3,256	2,656 3,543	2,733 3,7 2 6
Colorado	396	738	1,267	2,421	2,863	2,914	3,171	3,373	3,697	3 ,97 5	4,147
Connecticut	436	951	1,556	2,420	2,676	3,188	3,636	4,023	4,738	4,743	5,435
Delaware District of Columbia	456 431	900 1,016	1,514 1,779	2,861 3,259	3,016 3,441	3,1 96 3, 792	3,456 4,260	3,849 4,766	4,184 5,103	4,610 5,337	4,825 5,742
Florida	316	732	1,304	1,889	2,401	2,443	2,739	2,932	3,241	3,529	3,794
Georgia	253	588	1,055	1,625	1,708	2,019	2,169	2,352	2,657	2,966	3,374
Hawaii Idaho	325 290	841 603	1,376	2,322	2,604	2,862	3,239	3,334	3,485	3,807	3,767
Minois	438	909	1,01 6 1,51 6	1,659 2,587	1,856 2,704	1,945 2,936	2,070 3,100	2,146 3,298	2,362 3,538	2,484 3,781	2,585 4,105
ndiene	369	728	1,114	1,882	2,010	2,306	2,480	2,725	3,051	3,275	3,556
lowa	368	844	1,259	2,326	2,668	2,874	3,095	3,274	3,467	3,619	3,808
Kansas Kentucky	348 233	771 545	1,270 905	2,173 1,701	2,559 1,784	2,815 1, 906	3,058	3,284	3,560	3,829	3, 933 2,733
Louisiana	37.	648	1,130	1.792	2,469	2,590	2,100 2,691	2,311 2,694	2,390 2,890	2,486 3,187	3,069
Maine	283	692	1,108	1,624	1,934	2,221	2,458	2,700	2,024	3,472	3,650
Maryland Massachusetts	393 409	916	1,565	2,5 98 2,819	2,914	3,234	3,445	3,858	4,102	4,447	4,777
Michigan	415	859 904	1,481 1,524	2,819	2,940 3,037	3,137 3,140	3,378 3,307	3,5 9 5 3,556	4,0 26 3,848	4,582 4,178	5,145 4,3 5 3
Minnesota	425	904	1,544	2,387	2.673	2,905	3,065	3,395	3,874	3.941	4,350 4,180
Miesissippi	208	501	677	1,664	1,605	1,766	1,979	2,244	2,350	2,362	2,350
Missouri	344 411	709 782	1,149	1,936	2,172	2,342 2,998	2,468	2,748	2,958	3,189	3,472
Nebraska	337	738	1,351 1,271	2,478 2,150	2,683 2,384	2,790	3,289 2,984	3,604 3,221	3, 84 7 3, 4 71	4,091 3,634	4,184 3,756
Nevada	430	760	1,188	2,088	2,076	2,424	2,613	2,690	2,629	3,440	3,573
New Hampshire	347	723	1,180	1,916	2,265	2,509	2,750	2,980	3,271	3,542	3, 933
New Jersey	388 363	1,01 6 707	1,783 1,114	3,191 2,034	3,254 2,329	3, 674 2,703	4,007 2,902	4,496 2,928	4,504 3,153	5,570	5, 953
New York	562	1,327	2,308	3,482	3,741	4,280	4,686	5,117	5,492	3,195 6,011	3,558 6,49 7
North Carolina	237	612	1,092	1,754	2,001	2,107	2,138	2,303	2,825	2,948	3,129
North Dakota	367	690	1,111	1,920	2,275	2,727	2,852	3,028	3,339	3,483	3,437
Ohio	365	730	1,167	2,075	2,303	2,492	2,878	2,982	3,265	3,527	3,671
Okiahoma Oregon	311 488	604 925	1,027 1,561	1,926 2,692	2,199 3,100	2,673 3,2 99	2,805 3, 504	2,659 3,677	2,650 3,889	3,146 4,141	3,099 4,337
Pennsytvania	409	862	1,514	2,535	2,824	3,050	3,354	3,648	4.237	4,325	4,616
Rhode Island	413	891	1,604	2,601	2,927	3,040	3,570	3,938	4,287	4,667	4,985
South Carolina	220	613	1,032	1,752	1,734	1,907	2,017	2,183	2,783	3,058	3,237
South Dakota Tennessee	347 238	890 566	1,071 991	1,908 1,635	1,991 1,794	2,300 1,895	2,486 2,027	2,685	2,892	3,051	3,097
Texas	332	624	1,063	1,916	2,006	2,229	2,027	2,101 2,784	2,365 3,124	2,612 3,298	2,827 3,409
Jtah	322	626	1,024	1,657	1,819	1,672	2,014	2,053	2,220	2,390	2,415
/ermont	344	807	1,366	1,997	2,475	2,793	3,061	3,359	3,651	4,031	4,399
Virginia Washington	274 420	708 915	1,200 1,395	1,970 2,568	2,179 2,542	2,384 2,650	2,656 3,211	2,670 3,465	3,15F 3,725	3,520	3,780
West Virginia	258	670	1,395	1,920	2,542	2,650 2,593	2,765	2,879	3,725 3,244	3,881 3,528	3, 964 3,7 84
Misconsin	413 450	883 856	1,409 1,426	2,477 2,527	2,738 2,967	2,935 3,417	3,233 4,045	3,513 4,523	3,615 4,799	4,188 5,144	4,523 5,201
Outlying areas				_,,,,,	_,-,,	21411	-,,040	7,020	4,700	3,144	J,E01
Amencan Samoa	_	· _1	880	_	_		_ [_	1,262	1,387	1,846
3uar1	236	820	1,820	=	= !	2,133	2,186	2,301	2,489	3,383	3,344
Northern Marianas	_	-	_	- i			1,731	1,142	1,693	2,552	3,099
Puerto Rico	106	_	742	=	=	961	1,112	1,247	1,319	1,325	1,399
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 1		- 1	- 1		2,757	2,710	792	- 1	_



Table 146.—Current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1959-60 to 1986-87--Continued

State or other area					Consta	nt 1986-87	dollars1				
	1959-60	1969-70	1974-75	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-8
1	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
United States	\$1,420	\$2,403	\$2,931	\$3,255	\$3,197	23,222	\$3,349	\$3,468	\$3,650	\$3,839	\$3,97
Alabama	913	1,602	1,999	2,309	2,549	2.438	2,467	2,246	0.445	0.000	
Alaska	2,068	3,306	5,237	C,774	7,304	7,461	8,301	9,428	2,445 8,249	2,622 8,488	2,57 8,01
Arizona	1,528	2,120	2,611	2,824	2,900	2,910	2,943	3,007	3,164	3,410	3,54
Arkansas	852	1,671	1,918	2,256	2,184	2,176	2,233	2,442	2,610	2,717	2,73
California	1,605	2,554	2,936	3,249	3,178	3,157	3,098	3,238	3,424	3,622	3,72
Colorado	1,500	2,173	2,763	3,469	3,458	3,444	3,594	3,686	3,888	4.063	4,14
Connecticut	1,651	2,801	3,343	3,468	3,592	3,768	4,121	4,397	4,983	4,848	5,43
District of Columbia	1,725 1,632	2,650 2,999	3,251 3,8 20	4,099 4,670	3,875	3,780	3,916	4,206	4,401	4,712	4,82
Florida	1,202	2,156	2,801	2,707	4,419 3,084	4,482 2,888	4,827 3,104	5,209 3,204	5,366 3,408	5,456 3,608	5,742 3,79
Georgia	960	1,731	2,266	2,329	2,193	2,386	2,459	·			
Hawaii	1,229	2,475	2,959	3,327	3,344	3,383	3,671	2,570 3,644	2,794 3,644	3,032 3,891	3,374
ldaho	1,097	1,776	2,182	2,377	2,383	2,299	2,346	2,345	2,485	2,539	3,787 2,585
illinois	1,660	2,678	3,256	3,706	3,472	3,470	3,513	3,605	3,721	3,865	4,106
Indiana	1,396	2,144	2,393	2,697	2,581	2,726	2,811	2,978	3,209	3,348	3,556
lowa	1,392	2,486	2,703	3,333	3,425	3,397	3.507	3,578	3,646	3,700	3,806
Kansas	1,316	2,270	2,728	3,114	3,286	3,327	3,466	3,588	3,744	3,914	3,933
Kentucky	682 1,408	1,605	1,943	2,437	2,291	2,253	2,380	2,526	2,513	2,541	2,733
Maine	1,070	1, 908 2,039	2,428 2,390	2,568 2,613	3,171 2,483	3,061 2,625	3,050 2,785	2,944 2,950	3,145 3,181	3,258 3,549	3,069 3,850
Maryland	1,487	2,704	3,362	0.700	·			1	·		• • •
Massachusetts	1.548	2,530	3,362	3,722 4,039	3,741 3,775	3,822 3,708	3,904	4,216	4,314	4,546	4,777
Michigan	1,571	2,662	3,274	3,783	3,899	3,711	3,828 3,747	3,929 3,886	4,234 4,047	4,664 4,269	5,145
Minnesota	1,610	2,661	3,316	3,420	3,433	3,434	3,496	3,710	3,864	4,209	4,353 4,180
Mississippi	779	1,475	1,883	2,384	2,062	2,016	2,243	2,453	2,472	2,414	2,350
Missouri	1,302	2,086	2,467	2,774	2,789	2,768	2,797	3,003	3,111	3,260	3,472
Montana	1,555	2,302	2,902	3,548	3,446	3,544	3,727	3,938	4,046	4,181	4,194
Vebraska	1,276 1,629	2,168 2,266	2,729	3,080	3,062	3,196	3,381	3,520	3,650	3,714	3,756
New Hampshire	1,315	2,129	2,552 2,534	2,992 2,745	2,668 2,909	2,865 2,966	2,961 3,116	2,940 3,257	2,976 3,440	3,516 3,620	3,573 3,933
New Jersey	1,467	2.992	3,829	4,573	4,179	4 242	4.540	·			
New Mexico	1.373	2.082	2,392	2,914	2,991	4,343 3,195	4,542 3,289	4,913	4,736	5,694	5,953
New York	2,126	3,907	4,958	4.961	4,804	5,059	5,311	3,200 5,592	3,316 5,776	3,266 6,144	3,558
forth Carolina	898	1,803	2,345	2,514	2,570	2,490	2,423	2,516	2,761	3.014	6,497 3,129
Vorth Dakota	1,388	2,031	2,387	2,751	2,921	3,223	3,232	3,309	3,511	3,560	3,437
Ohio	1,382	2,150	2,507	2,973	2,957	2,945	3,033	3,259	3,455	3.605	3,671
Oklahoma Oregon	1,179 1,697	1,780	2,205	2,760	2,823	3,159	3,179	3,124	2,997	3,216	3,099
ennsylvania	1,550	2,72? 2,596	3,352 3,252	3,857 3,632	3,980 3,626	3,899 3,605	3,972 3.801	4,019	4,090	4,233	4,337
Rhode Island	1,565	2,624	3,445	3,727	3,758	3,593	4,045	3,986 4,303	4,456 4,509	4,421 4,771	4,616 4,985
outh Carolina	833	1,804	2,217	2,510	2.227	2,254	2,286	2,386	ì	· 1	•
South Dakota	1,313	2,031	2,300	2.733	2,556	2,719	2,200	2,300	2,927 3.042	3,126 3,119	3,237
ennessee	901	1,667	2,128	2,343	2,303	2,240	2,298	2,296	2,508	2,670	3,097 2,827
exas	1,258 1,221	1,838 1,844	2,284 2,199	2,745 2,374	2,576 2,336	2,635	3,095	3,042	3,285	3,371	3,409
ĺ				- 1	2,330	2,213	2,282	2,243	2,335	2,443	2,415
/ermont //irginia	1,302 1,038	2,377 2,084	2,933 2,576	2,861	3,178	3,301	3,469	3,671	3,840	4,121	4,399
Vashington	1,592	2,695	2,995	2,823 3,680	2,798 3,265	2,818 3,132	3,010 3,639	3,136 3,787	3,318	3,599	3,780
Vest Virginia	978	1,973	2,249	2,751	2,755	3,065	3,134	3,767	3,918 3,411	3,967 3,607	3,964 3,784
Visconsin	1,564 1,705	2,599 2,521	3,026 3,063	3,549 3,620	3,516 3,810	3,469	3,664	3,839	1,012	4,260	4,523
F		-,	5,505	3,320	3,010	4,039	4,584	4,943	5,047	5,227	5,201
Outlying areas			1 800		i	- 1					
iuem	895	2,414	1,890 3,909	_	=	2 501	2 477	2545	1,327	1,417	1,846
lorthun Marianas	-1	_,,,,,	-,505	_	_	2,521	2,477 1,962	2,515 1,248	2,618 1,780	3,458	3,344
ueito Rico	402	-	1,594	-1	_	1,136	1,260	1,363	1,387	2,608 1,354	3,099 1,399
rust Territory	4 005	-	00:0	-		- 1		-	833	.,504	
	1,025	-	3,312	-	-	3,127	3,124	2,962	1 - 1	3,295	4,161

¹ Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor These data do not reflect differences in inflation rates from Stat's to State.

-Date not available or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of State School Systems and Common Core of Data survey. (This table was prepared November 1988.)



² Some data revised from previously published figures 3 Estimated by the National Center for Education Statistics

CHAPTER 3

Postsecondary Education

A salient characteristic of postsecondary education in this country is its diversity. A great variety of types of colleges and universities offers a wide range of programs. For example, a junior college usually offers only the first 2 years of training at the college level, but a university normally offers a full undergraduate course leading to a bachelor's degree as well as first-professional and graduate programs leading to advanced degrees. Vocational and technical institutions offer training programs which are designed to prepare students for specific careers. Other types of postsecondary education providers, such as community groups, churches, and businesses, offer learning opportunities to adults. This variety of institutions serves a wide scope of individual needs but poses many problems of coverage and definitions for researchers.

In recent decades, postsecondary education has become more accessible to all segments of the population. The growth of public junior colleges and low-cost institutions means that the expenses of students attending these institutions can be held to a minimum. Federal and other programs also have attracted many students to higher education who otherwise would have found it difficult to finance a college education.

The Center has undertaken a major expansion in data collection at the postsecondary level in a survey called Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). IPEDS obtains data from each college and university on its enrollment; faculty and faculty salaries; degrees conferred; and finances, including revenues, expenditures, and property. This new annual study provides a comprehensive overview of postsecondary education by incorporating a survey system with a consistent set of definitions and survey forms for all types of postsecondary institutions.

This chapter provides an overview of the latest statistics from the IPEDS surveys. It also provides historical data that enable the reader to observe long-range trends in American higher education. In addition, it presents summary data from the Bureau of the Census on the characteristics and the majors of college students; and from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission on the race ethnicity, academic rank, and sex of college faculty members.

Additional data on postsecondary institutions from the survey, "Participation in Adult Education," compare adult learning activities by demographic characteristics of participants. Data on price indexes and on the number of degrees held by the general population may be found in chapter 1. Chapter 4 contains tabulations on Federal funding for postsecondary education. Information on employment outcomes for college graduates can be found in chapter 5. Chapter 7 contains data on college libraries. Further information on survey methodologies can be found in the Guide to Sources in 'he appendix.

Highlights

- College enrollment increased more than 40 percent between 1970 and 1980. Since 1980 enrollments have risen more slowly. Between 1980 and 1987, enrollment increased about 6 percent from 12.1 million to a record 12.8 million. Most of this growth was in part-time enrollment. Between 1980 and 1987, the number of men enrolled remained steady, while the number of women increased by 10 percent. (Table 148)
- The number of older students has been growing more rapidly than the number of younger students. Between 1970 and 1985, the enrollment of students under age 25 increased by 15 percent. During the same time period, enrollment of persons 25 and over rose by 114 percent. From 1985 to 1990, the Center projects a rise of 8 percent in enrollments of both age groups. (Table 150)
- There have been some differing enrollment trends at the undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional levels. Undergraduate enrollment increased rapidly during the 1970s, but it fell between 1983 and 1985. Between 1985 and 1987, undergraduate enrollment rose about 4 percent. Graduate enrollment had been steady at about 1.3 million in the late 1970s and early 1980s, but rose about 6 percent between 1985 and 1987. Enrollment in first-professional programs has shown small decreases, dropping about 4 percent between 1984 and 1987. (Tables 158, 159, 160, and 161)
- In the last several years, the number of women in graduate schools has exceeded the number of





men. Between 1982 and 1987, the number of male full-time graduate students increased by 5 percent compared to 14 percent for full-time women. Among part-time graduate students, men increased by only 3 percent compared to 17 percent for women. (Table 160)

- The proportion of college students who were minorities rose between 1976 and 1986. In 1976, 15.4 percent were minorities compared to 17.9 percent in 1986. Much of the change can be attributed to sharply rising numbers of Asian students. However, the proportion of students who were black fell from 9.4 percent in 1976 to 8.7 percent in 1986. The drop in the proportion of black students reflected the declining enrollments of black males and the relatively slow increase in enrollments of black women. (Tables 175 and 176)
- College faculty generally suffered losses in the purchasing power of their salaries from 1972-73 to 1980-81, when average salaries fell 17 percent after adjustment for inflation. Between 1980-81 and 1987-88, the average salaries rose by 16 percent, recouping most of the losses in purchasing power which occurred in the previous decade. Average salaries for men in 1987-88 (\$38,295) were considerably higher than the average for women (\$30,364) and have increased at a faster rate since 1980-81. (Table 192)
- The proportion of faculty with tenure has remained relatively stable in recent years. About 65 percent of full-time faculty had tenure in 1987-86, but there was a large difference between the proportion of men and women with tenure. Seventy percent of men compared to 50 percent of women had tenure in 1987-88. About 67 percent of the faculty at public institutions had tenure compared to 58 percent of faculty at private institutions. (T. ble 195)
- During the 1987–88 academic year, 12,056 institutions offered postsecondary education. Postsecondary education providers included 2,135 4-year colleges, 1,452 2-year colleges, and 8,469 vocational and technical institutions. (Tables 198 and 301)
- Despite the sizable numbers of small colleges, most students attend the larger colleges. In fall 1987, 40 percent of higher education institutions had fewer than 1,000 students; however, these institutions enrolled less than 5 percent of total college enrollment. Even though only 10 percent of the colleges enrolled over 10,000 students each, they accounted for 50 percent of total college enrollment. (Table 186)

- The total number of bachelor's degrees increased slowly in the 10-year period between 1976-77 and 1986-87, but there were notable shifts for men and women. Between 1976-77 and 1986-87, the number of bachelor's degrees awarded to men fell by 3 percent, while the number of degrees awarded to women rose by 20 percent. (Table 200)
- Between 1976-77 and 1986-87, the number of associate and bachelor's degrees rose while the number of master's degrees decreased. Associate degrees and bachelor's degrees increased by 8 percent during this period compared to a decline of 9 percent in master's degrees and an increase of only 3 percent in doctor's degrees. Although the number of first-professional degrees rose by 13 percent over the entire 1976-77 to 1986-87 period, they declined in the last years of the time period. (Table 200)
- Of the 991,000 bachelor's degrees conferred in 1986-87, the largest numbers of degrees were conferred in the fields of business and management (241,000), social sciences (96,000), engineering and engineering technology (93,000), education (87,000), and health professions (63,000). At the master's degree level, the largest fields were education (76,000) and business and management (67,000). The largest fields at the doctor's degree level were education (6,909), engineering (3,809), physical sciences (3,672), and life sciences (3,423). (Tables 205, 206, and 207)
- · There have been rapid increases in the number of bachelor's degrees conferred in occupational areas and large decreases in the number of degrees conferred in the liberal arts. From 1976-77 to 1986-87, the number of bachelor's degrees conferred in business and management rose by 60 percent. The number of degrees in computer and information sciences jumped by 519 percent. Other large increases occurred in the fields of communications (96 percent), engineering and engine-ring technology (89 percent), and health professions (11 percent). Large drops have been noted in life sciences (dcwn 29 percent), foreign languages (27 percent), social sciences (18 percent), and psychology (10 percent). One exception to the trend of increasing numbers of degrees in occupational areas has been the drop of 39 percent in education. It is important to note that the 10-year trend masks some recent developments in patterns of bachelor's degrees conferred. For example, between 1985-86 and 1986-87, there were decreases in the number of bachelor's degrees conferred in engineering, computer and information sciences, health sciences, and physical sci-

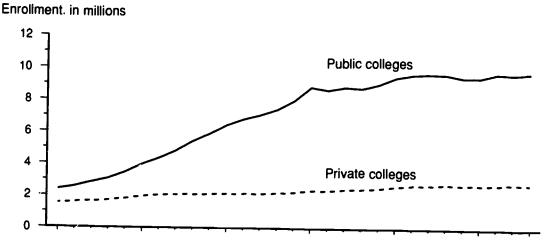


- Only about half of the students who enrolled fulltime in a 4-year college in 1980 graduated with a bachelor's degree by 1986, according to a recent High School and Beyond survey. About 55 percent of the students who enrolled in private 4-year colleges finished by 1986 compared to 46 percent for public 4-year colleges. (Table 254)
- For the 1987-88 academic year, annual undergraduate charges for tuition, room, and board are estimated at \$3,960 at public colleges and \$10,390 at private colleges. Between 1977-78 and 1987-88, charges at public colleges have risen by 110 percent and charges at private colleges by 150 percent. These increases surpassed the rise in the Consumer Price Index, which was about 85 percent during the same 10-year period. (Table 258)
- Trend data show continuing increases in higher education expenditures. After adjustment for infla-

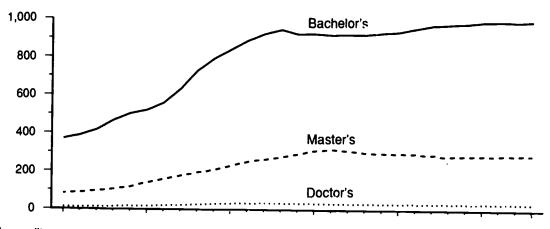
- tion, current-fund expenditures rose about 23 percent between 1975-76 and 1985-86. Expenditures increased more quickly at private institutions (32 percent) than at public institutions (18 percent). (Table 277)
- Administrative expenditures (institutional support and academic support, less libraries) have been rising more rapidly than most other types of college expenditures. Between 1930-81 and 1985-86, inflation adjusted administration expenditures per full-time-equivalent student rose 17 percent at public universities compared to 6 percent for instruction expenditures per student. At private universities, the per student administrative costs rose 24 percent and the instruction costs rose by 14 percent during the same time period. (Tables 282 and 285)
- Endowments of colleges and universities have risen rapidly in recent years. Between 1980-81 and 1985-86, the market value of endowments rose by 114 percent, from \$23.5 billion to \$50.3 billion. (Table 292)



Figure 13.—Enrollment, degrees conferred, and expenditures in institutions of higher education: 1960-61 to 1988-89

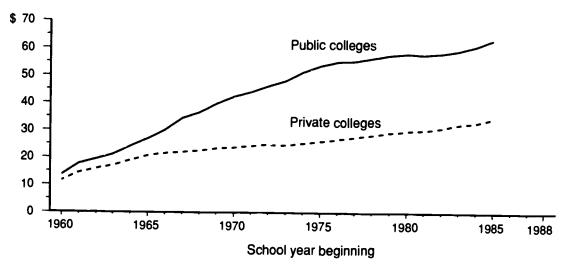


Degrees, in thousands



Expenditures,

in billions of constant 1985-86 dollars



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education," "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred," "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" and "Completions" surveys.



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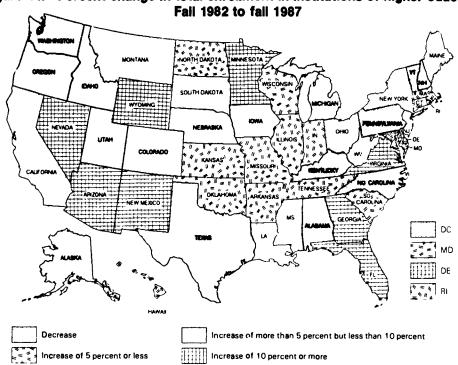


Figure 14.—Percent change in total enrollment in institutions of higher education:

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys.

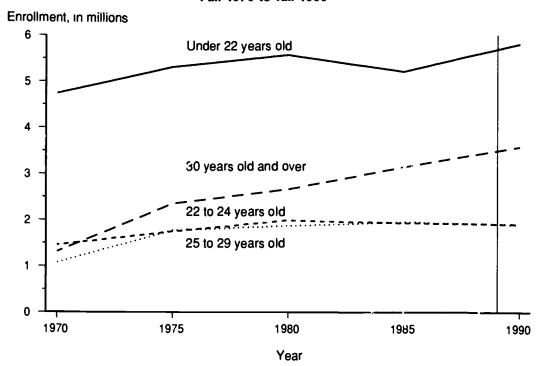
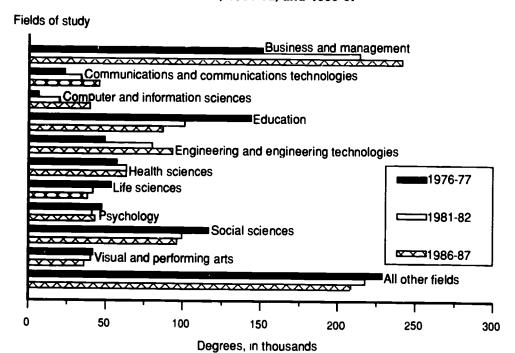


Figure 15.—Enrollment in institutions of higher education, by age:
Fall 1970 to fall 1990

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys, and *Projections of Education Statistics to 2000.* U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Publication Reports*, "Social and Economic Characteristics of Students," various years.



Figure 16.—Trends in bachelor's degrees conferred in selected fields of study: 1976-77, 1981-82, and 1986-87



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey.

Other, 2.6%

Federal Government, 10.5%

Private sources, 3.2%

Local governments, 3.6%

State governments, 45.0%

Figure 17.—Sources of current-fund revenue for public institutions of higher education: 1985-86

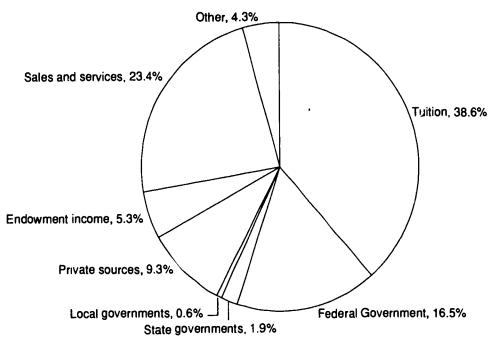
Total revenues = \$65.0 billion

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" survey.



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Figure 18.—Sources of current-fund revenue for private institutions of higher education: 1985-86



Total revenues = \$35.4 billion

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" survey.



Table 147.—Historical summa; of faculty, students, degrees, and finances in institutions of higher education: 1869-70 to 1986-87

item	1869-70	1679-80	1889-90	1899- 1900	190910	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-80	1 969- 70	1979-80	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Total Institutions 1	\$63	811	996	977	961	1,041	1,400	1,708	1,051	2,006	2,526	3,152	3,331	3,340	3,4
otal faculty ²	³ 5,553	3 11,522	3 15,809	23,868	36,480	46,C15	82,386	146,929	246,722	380,554	4 450,000	4 675,000	4717,000	4 715,000	4 722,0
Men	³ 4,887 ³ 636	³ 7,328 ² 4,194	³ 12,704 ³ 3,105	19,151 4,717	29,132 7,348	35,807 12,806	60,017 22,369	108,328 40,601	186,189 60,533	296,773 83,761	4 348,000 4 104,000	4 479,000 4 196,000	1 1	=	
otal fall enrollment *	3 52,286	3 115,817	³ 158,758	237,592	3 355,213	597,880	1,100,737	1,494,203	2,659,021	3,639,847	6,004,680	11,569,899	12,241,940	12,247,055	12,504,5
Men	3 41,180 3 11,126	3 77,972 3 37,845	³ 100,453 ³ 56,303	152,254 85,338	³ 214,648 ³ 140,565	314,938 282,942	619,935 480,802	893,250 600,953	1,853,068 805,953	2,332,617 1,307,230	4,746,201 3,258,459	5,682,677 5,887,022	5,863,574 6,378,366	5,818,450 6,426,605	5,884,9 6,619,5
arned degrees conferred Associate, total	_			_		-		_	_	_	206,023	400,910	454,712	446,047	437,1
Men Women			† I]	1 1	1		=			-	117,432 88,591	163,737 217,173	202,932 251,780	196,168 249,881	191,5 245,6
Bachelor's,* total	9,371	12,896	15,539	27,410	37,199	48,622	122,484	186,500	432,058	392,440	792,656	929,417	979,477	987,823	991,3
Men Women	7,993 1,378	10,411 2,485	12,857 2,682	22,173 5,237	28,762 8,437	31,980 16,642	73,615 46,869	109,546 76,954	328,841 103,217	254,063 138,377	451,380 341,276	473,611 455,80∂	482,528 496,949	485,923 501,900	480,8 510,4
First-professional,* total	(*)	(*)	(*)	(9)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(9)	(9)	(*)	34,578	70,131	75,063	73,910	72,7
Men Women	(*) (*)	(0)	(0)	(°)	(°) (°)	(9) (0)	(*) (*)	(9) (9)	(P) (P)	(9)	32,794 1,784	52,716 17,415	50,455 24,608	49,261 24,649	47,4 25,2
Master's, ⁷ total	0	879	1,015	1,583	2,113	4,279	14,969	26,731	38,183	74,435	208,291	298,081	286,251	288,567	289,5
Men . Women	0	868 11	821 194	1,280 303	1,555 558	2,965 1,294	6,5 · 6,044	16,508 10,223	41,220 16,963	50,660 23,537	125,624 82,667	150,749 147,332	143,390 142,861	143,508 145,059	141,3 148,1
Doctor's, total	1	54	149	382	443	615	2,299	3,290	6,420	9,829	29,866	32,615	32,943	33,653	34,1
Men Women .	1 0	51 3	147 2	359 23	399 44	522 93	1,946 353	2,861 429	5,804 616	8,801 1,028	25,890 3,976	22,943 9,672	21,700 11,243	21,819 11,834	22,01 12 0
inances, in thousands of dollars Total current-fund revenue Educational and general income Total current-fund expenditures. Educational and general expenditures.	<u>-</u>	-	\$21,464 —	\$35,084 —	\$76,883 67,917 —	\$199,922 172,929	\$554,511 483,065 507,142	\$71 571,288 674,688	\$2,374,645 1,833,645 2,245,661	4,688,352 5,601,376	\$21,515,242 16,486,177 21,043,113	\$58,519,982 56,913,588	\$92,472,694 — 89,951,263	\$100,437,616 	
Value of physical property Endowment funds *	=	=	95,426 78,788	253,599 194,998	460,532 323,661	741,333 569 071	377,903 2,065, 05 0 1,512,023	521,990 2,753,780 1,764,604	1,706,444 4,799,964 2,644,323	4,513,208 13,448,548 5,571,121	15,788,699 42,093,580 10 10,853,616	44,542,843 83,733,387 10 18,561,472	70,061,324 114,763,986 10 33,399,110	76,127,965 122,261,355 10 38,698,162	

¹ Prior to 1979-80, excludes branch cam ses

[●] Book value Includes other nonexpendable funds

SOU. CE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States, Education Directory, Colleges and Universities, Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education, Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities, Earned Degrees Conferred, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, and "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education," "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred," and "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, and Integrated Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" and "Completions" surveys (This table was prepared May 1989)



² Total number of different individuals (not reduced to full-time equivalent) Beginning in 1959-60, data are for the first term of the academic year. Beginning in 1969-70, data include only instructional facility with the rank of instructor or above

³ Estimated

⁴ Estimated number of senior instructional staff. Excludes graduate assistants

Data for 1869-70 to 1949-50 are for resident degree-credit students who enrolled at any time during the academic year

From 1869-70 to 1959-60, first-professional degrees included under bachclor's degrees

^{*} includes unexpended plant funds

¹⁰ Endowment funds only

⁻Data not available

Table 148.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by attendance status, sex of student, and control of institution: Fall 1957 to fall 1987

Ì		Attendanc	e status	Sex of a	student		Control of	institution	
Year	Total enrollment	5.8 8	D	14	101	0.4%-		Private	
		Full-time	Part-time	Men	Women	Public	Total	Nonprofit	Proprietary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	, 1Q
957	3,323,763		_	2,170,765	1,153,018	1,972,673	1,351,110		
959	3,639,847	2,180,982	1 1,458,865	2,332,617	1,307,230	2,180,982	1,458,865	_	
961	4,145,065	2,561,447	1 1,583,818	2,585,821	1,559,244	2,561,447	1,583,618		•
963	4,779,609	3,081,279	11,698,330	2,961,540	1,818,069	3,081,279	1,698,330	_	
964	5,280,020	3,467,708	1,812,312	3,248,713	2,031,307	3,467,708	1,812,312	_	
965	5,920,864	3,969,596	1 1,951,268	3,630,020	2,290,844	3,969,596	1,951,268	_	
966	6,389,872	4,438,606	11,951,266	3,856,216	2,533,656	4,348,917	2,040,955	_	
967	8,911,748	4,793,128	1 2,118,620	4,132,800	2,778,948	4,816,028	2,095,720	_	
168	7,513,091	5,210,155	2,302,936	4,477,649	3,035,442	5,430,652	2,082,439		
969	8,004,660	5,496,883	2,505,777	4,746,201	3,258,459	5,896,868	2,107,792		
70	8,580,887	5,818,290	2,764,597	5,043,642	3,537,245	6,428,134	2,152,753	_	
71	8,948,644	6,077,232	2,871,412	5,207.004	3,741,640	6,804,309	2,144,335	_	
72	9,214,860	6,072,389	3,142,471	5,238,757	3,978,103	7,070,635	2,144,225		
73	9,602,123	6,189,493	3,412,630	5,371,052	4,231,071	7,419,518	2,182,607		
74	10,223,729	6,370,273	3,853,456	5,622,429	4,601,300	7,988,500	2,235,229	_	
975	11,184,859	6,841,334	4,343,525	6,148,997	5,035,862	8,834,508	2,350,351	_	
976	11,012,137	8,717,058	4,295,079	5,810,828	5,201,309	8,653,477	2,358,660	2,314,298	44,30
77	11,285,787	6,792,925	4,492,862	5,789,016	5,496,771	8,846,993	2,438,794	2,386,852	52,14
78	11,260,092	8,667,657	4,592,435	5,640,998	5,619,094	8,785,893	2,474,199	2,408,331	85.8
979	11,569,899	6,794,039	4,775,860	5,682,877	5,887,022	9,038.822	2,533,077	2,481,773	71,30
980	12,096,895	7,097,958	4,998,937	5,874,374	6,222,521	9,457,394	2,639,501	2,527,787	² 111.7°
81	12,371,672	7,181,250	5,190,422	5,975,056	6,396,616	9,647,032	2,724,640	2,572,405	2 152,2
82	12,425,780	7,220,618	5,205,182	6,031,384	6,394,396	9,896,087	2,729,693	2,552,739	2 178,9
363	12,464,661	7,261,050	5,203,811	6,023,725	6,440,936	9,682,734	2,781,927	2,589,187	192,7
84	12,241,940	7,098,388	5,143,552	5,863,574	6,378,366	9,477,370	2,764,570	2,574,419	190,1
85	12,247,055	7,075,221	5,171,834	5,818,450	6,428,605	9,479,273	2,787,782	2,571,791	195,9
86 ³	12,504,501	7,120,076	5,384,425	5,884,976	6,619,525	9,714,709	2,789,792	2,572,651	4217,14
87 ·	12,768,307	7,231,506	5,538,801	5.932,131	6,836,176	9,975,064	2,793,243	2,602,205	191,0

--- Date not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education
Data System (IPEDS). "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February
1989)



Includes part-time resident students and all extension students
 Large increases are due to the addition of schools accredited by the National Association of Trade and Technical Schools
 Data have been revised from previously published figures
 Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

years.

8 Proliminary data.

Table 149.—Total enrollment in 4-year and 2-year institutions of higher education, by control of institution: Fall 1963 to fall 1987

Year	<u></u>	All institutions		P	ublic institutions	3	Pr	ivate institutions	
	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1£531	4,779,609	3,929,248	850,361	3,081,279	2,341,468	700.044			
9641	5.280.020	4,291,094	988,926	3,487,708	2,592,929	739,811	1,698,330	1,587,780	110,55
965 1	5,920,864	4,747,912	1,172,952	3,969,596		874,779	1,812,312	1,698,165	114,14
966 1	6.389.872	5,063,902	1,325,970		2,928,332	1,041,264	1,951,268	1,819,580	131,68
967 1	6,911,748	5,398,986	1,512,762	4,348,917	3,159,748	1,189,169	2,040,955	1,904,154	136.80
	3,5,, 40	3,300,000	1,512,702	4,816,026	3,443,975	1,372,053	2,095,720	1,955,011	140,70
968 1	7,513,091	5,720,795	1 732,296	5,430,652	3,784,178	1,646,474	0.000.400	4 000 017	
969 1		6,028,002	1.9. 6.658	5,896,868	4,050,144	1,846,724	2,082,439	1,936,617	145,82
970	8,580,887	6,261,502	2.319.385	6,428,134	4,232,722	2,195,412	2,107,792	1,977,858	129,93
971 1	8,948,644	6,462,733	2,485,911	6,804,309	4,438,442		2,152,753	2,028,780	123,97
972	9,214,860	6,458,674	2,756,188	7,070,635		2,365,867	2,144,335	2,024,291	120,04
	-,,	0,,00,0,	2,100,100	7,070,033	4,429,696	2,640,939	2,144,225	2,028,978	115,24
973	9,602,123	6,592,074	3.010.049	7,419,516	4.529.895	2.889.621	0.400.007		
974	10,223,729	6,819,735	3,403,994	7.988.500	4.703.018	3.285.482	2,182,607	2,062,179	120,42
975	11,184,859	7,214,740	3,970,119	8,834,508	4,998,142		2,235,229	2,116,717	118,51
976	11,012,137	7,128,816	3.883.321	8,653,477	4,901,691	3,836,366	2,350,351	2,216,598	133,75
977	11,285,787	7.242,845	4,042,942	8,846,993		3,751,786	2,358,600	2,227,125	131,53
		1,2 12,0 10	4,042,042	0,040,003	4,945,224	3,901,769	2,438,794	2,297,621	141,17
978	11,260,092	7,231,951	4,028,141	8,785,893	4,912,203	3,873,690	2,474,199	0040 740	
979	11,569,899	7,353,233	4,216,666	9.036,822	4.980,012	4,056,810	2.533.077	2,319,748	154,45
980	12,096,895	7,570,608	4,526,287	9,457,394	5,128,612	4,328,762		2,373,221	159,85
981	12,371,672	7.655.481	4.716.211	9,647,032	5,166,324	4,480,708	2,639,501	2,441,996	² 197,50
982	12,425,780	7,654,074	4,771,706	9,696,087	5,176,434		2,724,640	2,48 9,137	² 235,50
				3,000,001	3,170,434	4,519,653	2,729,693	2,477,640	252,053
983	12,464,661	7,741,195	4,723,466	9,682,734	5,223,404	4,459,330	2,781,927	2,517,791	004 404
984	12,241,940	7,711,167	4,530,773	9,477,370	5,198,273	4,279,097	2,764,570	2,517,791	264,130
985	12,247,055	7,715,978	4,531,077	9,479,273	5,209,540	4.269.733	2,767,782		251,676
966 ³	12,504,501	7,824,502	4,679,999	9,714,709	5,300,580	4,414,129		2,506,438	261,344
987 5	12,768,307	7,992,085	4,776,222	9,975,064	5,434,019	4,541,054	2,780,792	2,523,922	4 265,870
				-,0.0,-0	01004010	4,041,004	2,793,243	2,558,075	235,168

¹ Data for 2-year branch campuses of 4-year institutions are included with the 4-year

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989)



Institutions

**Large increases are due to the addition of schools accredited by the National Association of Trade and Technical Schools in 1980 and 1981

³ Data have been revised from previously published figures

⁴ Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

⁶ Preliminary data.

Table 150.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by attendance status, sex, and age: Fall 1970 to 1990

(In thousands)

		1970			1975			1980			1985			1986		1988	3 (estima	ted)	199	0 (projec	(bet:
Sex and age	Total	Full- time	Part- time	Total	Full- time	Part- time	Total	Full- time	Part- time	Total	Full- time	Part- time	Total	Full- time	Part- time	Total	Full- time	Part- time	Total	Full- time	Pa tin
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	2
on and women, total	0,581	5,815	2,706	11,185	6,841	4,344	12,097	7,098	4,999	12,247	7,075	5,172	12,506	7,120	5,384	12,849	7,371	5,478	18,213	7,420	5,
14 to 17 years old	259	242	17	276	242	36	247	216	31	235	203	32	200	182	16	248	163	85	226	140	
6 and 19 years old	2,600	2,406	194	2,786	2,510	276	2,901	2,580	320	2,600	2.322	276	2,727	2,415	312	2,909	2.597	312	3,022	2,639	1
and 21 years old	1,880	1,647	233	2,243	1,854	390	2,423	2.060	364	2,383	1.975	408	2,206	1,613	392	2,392	1,958	434	2,565	2,051	ı
2 to 24 years old	1,457	881	576	1,754	1,008	746	1,969	1,174	615	1,933	1,227	705	2,100	1,323	777	1,967	1,238	729	1,913	1,179	ı
5 to 29 years old	1.074	407	668	1,774	692	1,082	1,671	610	1,261	1,953	695	1,258	1,941	699	1,242	1,938	714	1,224	1,901	691	ı
) to 34 years old	487	100	388	967	279	687	1,243	264	979	1,261	310	951	1,301	333	968	1,326	325	1,001	1,360	327	
years old and over .	823	134	689	1,383	256	1,127	1,422	193	1,229	1,885	345	1,540	2,030	355	1,675	2,069	377	1,692	≥ 227	401	
total	5,044	3,505	1,540	6,149	3,926	2,222	5,874	3,689	2,165	5,616	3,608	2,211	5,885	3,600	2,285	5,948	3.ს36	2,310	6,010	3,593	L
to 17 years old	130	124	5	126	109	17	99	64	15	121	102	19	84	76	6	111	75	36	106	64	
and 19 years old	1,349	1,265	64	1,397	1,269	128	1,375	1,229	146	1,230	1,108	122	1,312	1,161	131	1,377	1,228	149	1,410	1,231	
and 21 years old	1,095	990	105	1,245	1,053	192	1,259	1,104	154	1,216	1,027	169	1,090	923	167	1,170	974	196	1,229	996	
to 24 years old	964	650	314	1,047	686	362	1,064	687	377	1,048	730	316	1,065	720	366	990	668	322	933	617	
to 29 years old	783	32/	456	1,122	474	649	993	379	615	991	395	596	1,026	410	616	969	394	595	962	376	
to 34 years old	308	72	236	557	184	373	576	129	447	574	149	424	605	167	438	590	162	428	602	163	
years old and over	415	75	340	654	152	502	507	77	430	639	97	542	683	121	562	715	134	581	768	145	
nen, total	3,537	2,311	1,225	5,036	2,915	2,120	6,223	3,409	2814	6,429	3,468	2,961	6,619	3,520	3,099	6,904	3,735	3.169	7,203	3,835	L
to 17 years old .	129	117	12	152	133	19	148	132	17	113	101	12	116	104	12	137	88	49	121	76	
and 19 years old.	1,250	1,140	110	1,389	1,241	147	1,526	1,352	174	1,370	1,214	156	1,415	1,234	161	1,532	1,369	163	1,612	1,409	
and 21 years old	786	657	128	998	800	198	1,165	955	209	1,166	948	216	1,115	690	225	1,222	984	238	1,336	1,055	1
to 24 years old	493	231	26%	706	322	384	925	487	438	885	497	388	1,014	504	411	977	570	407	980	561	
to 29 years old	291	60	212	652	216	433	676	232	646	962	299	662	916	269	626	949	320	629	939	313	1
to 34 years old	179	28	151	410	95	315	667	135	531	687	161	527	696	166	530	736	163	573	757	164	1
5 years old and over	409	59	349	729	105	625	914	115	799	1.246	248	996	1,347	233	1,114	1,354	243	1,111	1,458	258	1

NOTE --Distribution by age is based on samples of the civilian noninstitutional population. Because of rou. 'c' letails may not a id to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey,

and Projections of Education Statistics to 2000, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, "Social and Economic Characteristics of Students," various years. (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Table 151.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by level, sex, age, and attendance status of student: Fall 1987¹

Attendance statue and age of		All levels		1	Jndergradua	te	Fi	rst-professio	nel		Canada	
student	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Graduate	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	,	6	9	10	11	12	13
All students	12,768,307	5,932,131	6,636,176	11.047.902	5.068.684	5,979,218	268,467	170,133				
Under 18	207,065	87,168	119.917	206,271	86,732	119.539	47	33	98,334 14	1,451,938 767	893,3 14 403	758,62
18 and 19	2,696,652 2,392,038	1,253,964	1,442,368	2,695,692	1.253,615	1,442,277	194	106	88	566	263	36 30
22 to 24	2,025,725	1,168,820	1,223,218 947,490	2,375,398 1,724,578	1,160,269	1,215,109	7,269	4,102	3,167	9.371	4,429	4,94
25 to 29	1,839,916	926,758	913,160	1,327,826	915.014 639,577	809,562 688,251	99,644	63,161	36,463	201.505	100,040	101,46
30 to 34	1,242,344	558,441	683,903	921,165	386,317	534,848	95.381 33,065	63,701	31,660	416,707	223,478	193,221
35 to 39	882,763	337.774	544,989	647,596	231,380	418,218	16,159	20.691 9,368	12.374	288,114	151,433	136,68
40 to 49	872,120	288,231	583,889	654,007	209,118	444,889	9,698	4,959	6.791 4.939	219,006 208,215	97,026	121,98
50 to 64	291,698	96,263	193,435	238.029	60,086	157,943	2,076	1,114	964	51,591	74,154 17,063	134,051 34,528
Age unknown	102, 64 1 215,325	38,507 95,952	64,134 119,373	94,075 162,265	33,904 72,652	60.971 69,613	272 4,460	156 2,722	118	7,494	4,447	3,047
Full-time	7,231,506	3,610,916	3,820,588	e 482 nee				2.722	1,738	48,670	20,578	28,022
Under 18	113,938	48,513	65,425	6,463,066 113,659	3.163,754 48.348	3,299,312 65,311	241,804 45	153,661	88,143	526,636	293.503	233,133
18 and 19	2,331,202	1,066,972	1,242,230	2,330,703	1,068,703	1,242,000	190	31 103	14 67	234	134	100
20 to 21	1,919,332	948,534	970,798	1,905,791	941,234	964,557	7,170	4,037	3,133	309 6,371	166 3,263	143
22 to 24	1,251,794 727,279	15,068	535,706	1,034,268	590,066	444,202	96,885	61,446	35,439	120,641	05,578	3,106 56,065
30 to 34	371,825	412,056 181,798	315,223 190,027	462,354	248,357	215,997	86,390	57,807	28,583	176,535	107.692	70,643
35 to 39	217,470	90.852	126,518	248,644 148,050	107,274 53,779	141,370	26.779	16,882	10,097	96,402	57.842	38,560
40 to 49	170.162	32,798	107,36ŭ	119,511	41,948	94,271 77,565	12,130 6,737	6,968	5,162	57,290	30.105	27,165
50 to 64	38,224	14,556	23,668	27,116	10,122	16,994	1,261	3,296 683	3,441 576	43,914	17,554	26,360
65 and over	9,330	5,463	3,867	6,565	3,209	3,356	197	113	84	9.847 2.568	3,751 2,141	6,096
Age unknown	60.950	41,290	39,660	68,405	32.716	33.689	4.020	2,495	1.525	10,525	6,079	427 4,446
Part-time	5,536,601	2,321,213	3,215,588	4,584,836	1.904,930	2,879,906	26,663	16,472	10,191	925,302	399.611	E0E 404
Under 16	93,147	38,655	54,492	92,612	38,384	54.228	2	2	.0,.5.	533	269	525,491 264
20 to 21	365 (51) 47%,70%	165,012 220,266	200,438	365,169	164,912	200,277	4 !	3	1	257	97	160
22 to 24	773,931	362,147	252.420 411,764	469,607 690,308	219.055	250.552	99	85	34	3,000	1,166	1,834
25 to 29	1,112,637	514,700	597,937	865,474	324,948 393,220	365,360 472,254	2.759	1,735	1,024	80,864	35,464	45,400
30 to 34	870.519	376,643	493,876	672.521	279,043	393,476	6.991 6.286	5,89 ₄ 4,009	3,097	238,172	115,586	122,584
35 to 39	665,293	246,922	416,371	499,546	177,601	321,945	4.029	2,400	2,277 1,629	191,712 161,716	93,591	96,121
40 to 49	701,958	225,435	476,523	534,496	167,172	367,324	3.161	1.663	1,498	164,301	66,921 56,600	94,797 107,701
66 and over	253.474 93.311	83,707 33,044	169,767	210,913	69,964	140,949	817	431	386	41,744	13,312	28,432
Age unknown	134,375	54,662	60,267 79,713	98,310 95,860	30,695	57,615	75	43	32	4,926	2,306	2,620
, F			- 70,710	95,070	39,936	55.924	440	227	213	38,075	14.499	23.578
-					f	Percentage d	istribution				<u>-</u>	
Alf students	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	$\overline{}$			100.0				
Under 18	16	15	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Under 18	1 6 21 1	1 5 21 1	1 8 21.1	19 24 4	100.0			00	00	01	01	0.0
Under 18	1 6 21 1 16 7	15 211 197	1 8 21.1 17 9	1 9 24 4 21 5	100.0 1.7 24.7 22.9	100 0	100.0		0 0 0 1	01	01	00
Under 18	1 6 21 1 16 7 15 9	15 211 197 162	1 8 21.1 17 9 13.9	1 9 24 4 21 5 15 6	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 37 1	0 0 0 1	00	01	0 1 0 0 0.6	0 0 0 0 0 7
Under 18	16 211 167 159 144	15 21 1 197 162 158	1 8 21.1 17 9 13.9 13 4	19 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 37 1 35 5	00 01 24 371 374	0 0 0 1 3 2	01 00 06	01	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4
Under 18	1 6 21 1 16 7 15 9	15 211 197 162 158 94	1 8 21.1 17 9 13.9 13 4 10 0	1 9 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0 8 3	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 37 1 35 5 12 3	00 01 24 371 374 122	0 0 0 1 3 2 37 1 32 2 12 6	01 00 06 139 287	01 00 0.6 144	0 0 0 0 0 7
Under 18	16 211 167 159 144 97	15 21 1 197 162 158	1 8 21.1 17 9 13.9 13 4	19 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0 6 3 5 9	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6 4 6	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 3 7 1 3 5 5 12 3 6 0	00 01 24 37 1 37 4 12 2 55	0 0 0 1 3 2 3 7 1 3 2 2 1 2 6 6 9	01 00 06 139 287 196	01 00 0.6 144 322 216	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4 25.5
Under 18	16 211 167 159 144 97 69	1 5 21 1 19 7 16 2 15 6 9 4 5 7	18 21.1 17 9 13.9 13 4 10 0 6 0	1 9 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0 8 3	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 3 7 1 3 5 5 1 2 3 6 0 3 7	00 01 24 37 1 37 4 12 2 5 5 2 9	0 0 0 1 3 2 37 1 32 2 12 6 6 9 5 0	01 00 06 139 287 196 151	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4 25.5 16.0 16 1 17 7
Under 18	16 21 1 167 159 144 97 69 66 23	15 211 197 162 156 94 57 49 17	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 10.0 6.0 6.5 2.8	19 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0 6 3 5 9	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6 4 6 4 1	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 3 7 1 3 5 5 12 3 6 0	00 01 24 371 374 122 55 29 07	0 0 0 1 3 2 2 3 7 1 3 2 2 1 2 6 6 9 5 0 1 0	01 00 06 139 287 196 151 143 36	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4 25.5 16.0 16 1 17 7 4 6
Under 18	16 21 1 16 7 15 9 14 4 9 7 6 9 6 6 2 3	15 211 197 162 156 94 57 49	18 21.1 179 13.9 13 4 10 0 6 0 6 5 2 8	19 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0 8 3 5 9 5 9 2 2	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6 4 6 4 1	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4 2 6	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 3 7 1 3 5 5 12 3 6 0 3 7 0 6	00 01 24 37 1 37 4 12 2 5 5 2 9	0 0 0 1 3 2 37 1 32 2 12 6 6 9 5 0	01 00 06 139 287 196 151	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4 25.5 16.0 16 1 17 7
Under 18	1 6 21 1 167 159 14 4 97 69 66 23 06 17	15 211 197 162 158 94 57 49 17 06 16	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 10.0 6.0 6.5 2.8	19 24 4 21 5 15 6 12 0 8 3 5 9 5 9 2 2	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6 4 6 4 1 1 6 0 7	100 0 2 0 2 4 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4 2 6 1 0	100.0 0 0 0 1 27 37 1 35 5 12 3 60 3 7 0 6 0 1	00 01 24 371 374 122 55 29 07 01 16	00 01 32 371 322 126 69 50 10 01	01 00 06 13 9 28 7 19 6 15 1 14 3 3 6 0 5 3 3	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107 25 0.6 30	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4 25.5 16.0 16 1 17 7 4 6 0.4 3 7
Under 18	1 6 21 1 16 7 15 9 14 4 9 7 6 9 6 6 2 3 0 6 1 7	15 211 197 162 158 94 57 49 17 06 16	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 10.0 6.5 2.8 0.9 1.7	19 244 215 156 120 83 59 22 09 15	100.0 1.7 247 229 161 12.6 76 46 41 16 07 14	100 0 2 0 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4 2 6 1 0 1 5	100.0 0 0 0 1 27 37 1 35 5 12 3 6 0 3 7 0 6	00 01 24 371 374 122 55 29 07 01 16	00 01 32 371 322 126 69 50 10 01 1.6	01 00 06 139 287 196 151 143 36 05 33	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107 25 0.6 30	0 0 0 0 0 7 13.4 25.5 16.0 16 1 17 7 4 6 0.4 3 7
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Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21 22 to 24 35 to 29 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 40 55 to 64 65 and over Age unknown full-time Under 18 18 and 19 20 to 21. 22 to 24 23 to 29 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 64 65 and over Age unknown art-tim Under 18 18 and 19 20 to 21 22 to 24 25 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 64 65 and over Age unknown art-tim Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21 22 to 24 25 to 29 37 to 39 40 to 49 50 to 64 55 and over 42 unknown 24 unknown 25 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 30 to 34 35 to 39 30 to 34 35 to 39	16 211 167 159 144 97 66 23 06 17 1000 16 322 265 173 101 51 1000 17 68 85 140 201 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 1	15 211 197 162 158 94 57 49 17 06 16 1000 13 302 283 196 114 50 25 17 04 02 11 11 1000 17 71 95 15 15 16 17	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 1000 65 28 17 1000 16 343 268 148 87 52 35 30 07 01 11	19 244 215 156 120 83 59 22 09 15 1000 16 381 295 160 72 36 23 16 04 01 10 1000 102 151	100.0 1.7 247 229 161 12.6 76 46 41 106 01 15 344 296 187 76 34 17 13 03 01 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	100 0 20 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4 2 6 1 0 1 5 100 0 2 0 3 7 6 2 9 2 13 5 6 5 4 3 2 9 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	100.0 0 0 0 1 27 37 1 35 5 12 3 6 0 1 1 7 100 0 0 1 3 0 4 1 1 3 5 7 1 1 1 1 5 0 2 6 0 5 0 1 1 7 100.0 0 0 0 0 4 10 3 3 3 3 7 2 3 6	00 01 24 371 374 122 55 29 07 01 16 1000 01 26 400 376 10.9 45 21 01 16	00 01 32 371 322 126 69 50 10 01 1.6 100 00 01 36 40 23 32 41 15 59 39 07 01 17	01 00 139 287 196 151 143 36 05 33 100 0 01 12 229 339 163 109 63 119 05 20 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107 25 0.8 30 100 0 01 11 220 366 197 103 60 01 00 01 00 01 00 01 00 01 00 01 00 01 00 01 01	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49 50 to 64. 85 and over. Age unknown ull-time Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49. 50 to 64. 65 and over. Age unknown ull-time Under 18. 18 and 19. 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49. Under 18. 18 and 19. 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49. 50 to 61.	1 6 21 1 16 7 15 9 14 4 9 7 6 6 2 3 0 6 1 7 100 0 1 6 32 2 2 8 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 211 197 162 158 94 57 49 17 06 16 1000 13 302 2283 196 114 50 217 04 02 11 1000 17 71 95 156 222 162 106 97	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 10.0 65 28 17 1000 16 343 268 148 87 52 35 30 07 01 11 1000 17 62 78 168 168 1154 1168 1154 1168	19 244 215 156 120 83 59 22 09 15 1000 16 381 295 160 726 23 16 01 100 1000 100 1000 1001 1000 1	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6 4 1 1 1 6 0 7 1 4 100 0 15 34 4 29 6 18 7 7 7 3 4 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	100 0 20 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4 2 6 1 0 2 0 3 7 6 2 9 2 2 13 5 6 5 4 3 2 9 2 4 0 5 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 7 5 9 3 1 1 6	100.0 0 0 0 1 2 7 37 1 35 5 12 3 6 0 3 7 0 6 0 1 1 7 100 0 0 0 40 1 35 7 11 1 5 0 2 6 0 5 0 1 1 7	00 01 371 374 122 55 29 07 01 16 1000 01 26 400 376 10.9 45 21 01 16 1000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	00 01 32 371 322 126 69 50 10 01 1.6 1000 01 36 402 324 115 59 39 07 01 17	01 00 06 139 287 198 151 143 36 05 33 100 0 0 1 12 229 339 163 109 63 119 63 109 63 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107 25 0.6 30 100 0 01 1220 366 197 21 100 0 01 01 00 01 01 07 21	00 00 07 13.4 25.5 16.0 16.1 17.7 4 6 6 0.4 3.7 100 0 0.1 24 0 30.3 16.5 11.7 11.3 26 0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.
Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21 22 to 24 23 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 and over Age unknown uil-time Under 16 18 and 19 20 to 21. 22 to 24 25 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 on 64 65 and over Age unknown art-tin Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21 22 to 24 25 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 50 to 64 65 and over Age unknown. art-tin Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21 22 to 24 25 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 29 30 to 34 35 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 39 40 to 49 55 to 50 to 64	16 211 167 159 144 97 69 66 23 265 173 101 30 24 05 0.1 11 1000 17 88 85 140 201 157 120 120 144	15 211 197 162 156 94 57 49 17 06 16 1000 33 2263 196 114 02 11 1000 17 17 95 156 22 106 116 117 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 1000 65 28 09 17 1000 16 346 326 14 87 25 35 30 07 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19 244 215 156 120 83 59 22 09 15 1000 16 381 295 160 726 381 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	100.0 1.7 24 7 22 9 16 1 12.6 7 6 4 1 1 1 6 0 7 1 4 100 0 1 5 3 4 4 29 6 18 7 7 6 3 4 1 7 1 0 3 0 3 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	100 0 20 24 1 20 37 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 4 2 6 1 0 0 2 0 37 6 29 2 13 5 6 5 4 3 2 9 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 0 100 0 2 0 7 5 9 3 13 6 17 6 14 7 12 0	100.0 0 0 0 1 27 37 1 35 5 12 3 6 0 1 1 7 100 0 0 1 3 0 4 1 1 3 5 7 1 1 1 1 5 0 2 6 0 5 0 1 1 7 100.0 0 0 0 0 4 10 3 3 3 3 7 2 3 6	00 01 24 371 374 122 55 29 07 01 16 1000 01 26 400 376 10.9 45 21 01 16	00 01 32 371 322 126 69 50 10 01 1.6 1000 01 324 115 59 39 07 01 17	01 00 08 139 287 198 151 143 36 05 33 100 00 11 12 229 339 163 119 63 119 63 119 63 119 63 119 63 119 63 119 63 119 64 119 65 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 11	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107 25 0.6 30 100 0 0 11 122 366 197 103 60 13 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 2 6 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 2 6 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 2 6 0 2 2 3 3 1 6 7 1 8 0 2 0 5 5
Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49 50 to 64. 85 and over. Age unknown ull-time Under 18. 18 and 19 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49. 50 to 64. 65 and over. Age unknown ull-time Under 18. 18 and 19. 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49. Under 18. 18 and 19. 20 to 21. 22 to 24. 25 to 29. 30 to 34. 35 to 39. 40 to 49. 50 to 61.	1 6 21 1 16 7 15 9 14 4 9 7 6 6 2 3 0 6 1 7 100 0 1 6 32 2 2 8 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15 211 197 162 158 94 57 49 17 06 16 1000 13 302 2283 196 114 50 217 04 02 11 1000 17 71 95 156 222 162 106 97	18 21.1 179 13.9 13.4 10.0 65 28 17 1000 16 343 268 148 87 52 35 30 07 01 11 1000 17 62 78 168 168 1154 1168 1154 1168	19 244 215 156 120 83 59 22 915 1000 16 381 295 160 72 36 216 04 01 10 1000 1020 151 169 147 109 117	100.0 1.7 247 229 161 12.6 76 46 41 16 07 14 100.0 15 344 296 187 76 34 17 13 03 01 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	100 0 20 24 1 20 3 13 5 11 5 6 9 7 0 7 4 2 6 1 0 1 0 2 0 3 7 6 2 9 2 2 1 3 5 6 5 4 3 2 9 2 4 0 5 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 7 5 9 3 1 1 6 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	100.0 0 0 0 1 27 37 1 355 123 60 0 1 1 7 100.0 0 1 35 7 111 5 0 5 0 1 1.7 100.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 01 24 371 374 1225 55 29 07 01 16 1000 01 26 400 376 10.9 45 21 04 01 16	00 01 32 371 322 126 69 50 10 01 1.6 1000 01 36 402 324 115 59 39 07 01 17	01 00 06 139 287 198 151 143 36 05 33 100 0 0 1 12 229 339 163 109 63 119 63 109 63 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	01 00 0.6 144 322 216 140 107 25 0.6 30 100 0 01 1220 366 197 21 100 0 01 01 00 01 01 07 21	00 00 07 13.4 25.5 16.0 16.1 17.7 4 6 6 0.4 3.7 100 0 0.1 24 0 30.3 16.5 11.7 11.3 26 0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.

¹ Preliminary data.

SOURCE. U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, "Fall Enrollment, 1987" survey (This table was prepared February 1989.)



Table 152.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution, and age and attendance status of student: Fall 1987¹

		All institutions		Pu	ublic institutions		Priv	rate institu ins	
tendance statue and age of student	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	?-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
students	12,768,307	7,982,085	4,776,222	9,975,064	5,434,010	4,541,054	2,793,243	2,558,075	235,
Inder 18	207,085	114,510	92,575	154,713	66,232	88,481	52,372	48,278	4,
8 and 19	2,696,652	1,761,544	935,108	2,056,671	1,191,350	865,521	639,761	570.194	69,
0 to 21	2,392,038	1,735,485	656,553	1,617,443	1,198,031	619,412	574,595	537,454	37,
2 to 24	2,025,725	1,409,564	616,181	1,609,102	1,028,462	580,640	416,623	381,102	35,
5 to 29	1,839,916	1,107,823	732,093 565,626	1,439,550	740,906	698,644	400,366	366,917 228,916	33,
0 10 34	1,242,344	676,718	407,871	991,389 707,179	447,802 312,430	543,587 394,749	250,955 175,584	162,462	22 , 13,
5 10 39,	882,763 872,120	474,892 428,264	443,856	709,539	274,526	435,013	162,581	153,738	6,
0 to 49	291.696	107,484	184,214	249,162	67,226	161,956	42,518	40,258	2
0 to 64	102,641	22,430	80,211	93,232	13,636	79,596	9,409	6,794	-
ige unknown	215,325	153,371	61,954	148,864	93,409	53,455	68,481	59,962	6
-time	7,231,506	5,522,837	1,708,669	5,267,480	3,736,568	1,530,912	1,964,026	1,786,269	177
Inder 18	113,938	85,645	28,293	74,740	49,720	25,020	39,198	35,925	3
8 and 19	2,331,202	1,669,573	661,629	1,715,151	1,116,159	596,992	616,051	551,414	64
0 to 21	1,919,332	1,578,277	341,055	1,387,303	1,075,616	311,687	532,029	502,661	29
2 to 24	1,251,794	1,039,003	212,791	940,692	754,172	186,720	310,902	284,831	26 21
5 to 29	727,279	552,0 98 253,351	175,181 118,474	520,74 6 272,375	367,539 167,717	153,207 104,858	206,533 99,450	184,559 85,634	13
0 10 34	371, 82 5 217,470	145,171	72,299	155,825	91,330	84,495	61,645	53,641	7
5 to 39 0 to 49	170,162	107,961	62,181	121,602	63,858	57,744	48,580	44,123	- 4
0 to 64	38,224	22,305	15,919	26,189	11,199	14,990	12,035	11,106	•
5 and over	9,330	5,969	3,341	5,394	2,121	3,273	3,935	3,868	
ge unknown	80,950	63,444	17,506	47,263	35,137	12,126	33.567	28,307	
l- time	5,536,801	2,469,248	3,067,553	4,707,584	1,697,442	3.010.142	829,217	771,806	57
nder 18	93,147	28,865	64,282	79,973	18,512	63,461	13,174	12,353	
8 and 19	365,450	91,971	273,479	341,720	73,191	268,529	23,730	18,760	4
0 to 21	472,706	157,208	315,498	430,140	122,415	307,725	42,566	34,793	7
2 to 24	773,931	370,561	403,370	668,210	274,290	393,920	105,721	96,271	٤
5 to 29,	1,112,637	558,725	556,912	918,804	373,367	545,437	193,833	162,358	11
0 to 34	870,519	423,367	447,152	719,014	280,085	438,929	151,505	143,282	6
5 to 39	665,293	329,721	335,572	551,354	221,100	330,254	113,939	108,621	5
10 to 49	701,958	320,283	381,875	587.937	210,668	377,269	114,021	109,615	
0 to 64	253,474	85,179	168,295	222,993	58,027	166,966	30,481	29,152	1
5 and over	93,311	16,441 69,927	76,670 44,448	67,838 99,601	11,515 58,272	76,323 41,329	5,473 34,774	4,926 31,858	3
lge unknown	134,375	09,927	44,440	38,001	30,272	41,020	04,774		
				Perc	entage distributi	on			
students	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	1
Jnder 18	1,6	14	19	1.6	12	19	19	19	
8 and 19	21 1	22 0	196	20 6	21 9	19 1	229	223	
0 to 21 · ·	167	21 7	13 7	16 2	22 0	13 6	20 6	21 0	
2 to 24	159	17 6	129	18 1	16 9	126	149	14 9	
5 to 29 · · · · ·	14.4	13 9	153	14 4	13 6	154	143	143	
0 to 34 · · · ·	97	65	11 6 6 5	99	8 2 5 /	12 0 6 7	90 63	6 9 6 4	
5 to 39	69	59 54	93	71	51	96	56	60	
0 to 49	6 8 2 3	13	39	25	12	40	15	16	
i0 to 64	08	03	17	09	03	16	03	03	
5 and over	17	19	13	15	17	12	25	23	
-time	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	
Curity and the second second	16	16	17	14	13	16	20	20	
lerlar 18								30 9	
inder 18 .	32 2	30 2	38 7	32 6	29 9	390	314		
Inder 18 . 8 and 19		30 2 28 6	38 7 20 0	32 6 26 3	29 9 26 6	20 4	271	28 1	
8 and 19 ,	32 2								
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 26 5	28 6	20 0 12 5 10 3	26 3 17 9 9 9	26 6 20 2 9 6	20 4 12 2 10 0	27 1 15 6 10 5	28 1 15 9 10 3	
Inder 18	32 2 26 5 17 3 10 1 5 1	28 6 16 6 10 0 4 6	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9	263 179 99 52	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 8	27 1 15 6 10 5 5 1	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 8	
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 26 5 17 3 10 1	28 6 16 6 10 0 4 6 2 6	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2	263 179 99 52 30	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4	20 4 12 2 10 0 6 8 4 2	27 1 15 6 10 5 5 1 3 1	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 8 3 0	
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 26 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4	28 6 16 8 10 0 4 8 2 8 2 0	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2 3 6	263 179 99 52 30 23	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 6 4 2 3 6	27 1 15 8 10 5 5 1 3 1 2 5	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 8 3 0 2 5	
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5	28 6 16 6 10 0 4 8 2 8 2 0 0 4	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 6 0.9	26 3 17 9 9 9 5 2 3 0 2 3 0 5	26 6 20 2 9 8 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 6 4 2 3 6 1 0	27 1 15 8 10 5 5 1 3 1 2 5 0 8	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 6 3 0 2 5	
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 26 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5 0 1	28 8 18 8 10 0 4 8 2 8 2 0 0 4 0 1	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 6 0.9 0 2	26 3 17 9 9 9 5 2 3 0 2 3 0 5 0 1	26 8 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1	20 4 12 2 10 0 6 8 4 2 3 8 1 0	27 1 15 8 10 5 5 1 3 1 2 5 0 8	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 6 3 0 2 5 0 6	
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5	28 6 16 6 10 0 4 8 2 8 2 0 0 4	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 6 0.9	26 3 17 9 9 9 5 2 3 0 2 3 0 5	26 6 20 2 9 8 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 6 4 2 3 6 1 0	27 1 15 8 10 5 5 1 3 1 2 5 0 8	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 6 3 0 2 5	
Inder 18	32 2 2855 173 101 51 30 2.4 05 01 11	28 6 16 8 10 0 4 8 2 6 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2 3 8 0.9 0 2 1 0	26 3 17 9 9 9 5 2 3 0 2 3 0 5 0 1 0 9	26 8 20 2 9 8 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 8	27 1 15 8 10 5 5 1 3 1 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 7	28 1 159 103 48 30 25 08 02 16	,
Inder 18. 8 and 19 20 to 21 21 to 24 25 to 29 30 to 34 31 to 49 30 to 49 30 to 64 35 and over 36 unknown 31-time 31 inder 18	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5 0 1 1 1	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 8 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 6 0.9 0 2 1 0	26 3 17 9 9 9 5 2 3 0 2 3 0 5 0 1 0 9	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9	20 4 12 2 10 0 6 6 4 2 3 6 1 0 0 2 0 6	27 1 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17	28 1 159 10 3 4 6 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 6	,
Inder 18. 8 and 19 10 to 21 12 to 24 15 to 29 10 to 34 15 to 39 10 to 48 10 to 64 15 to and over 10 to 4 15 and over 15 and over 15 and over 15 and over 15 and over 15 and over 15 and over 16 and 19	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 7 8 8	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 6 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2 3 6 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9	263 179 99 52 30 23 05 01 09	26 8 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 6	271 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 18	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 8 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 6 100 0 1 8 2 4	,
Inder 18 . 8 and 19	32 2 2855 173 101 51 30 2.4 05 01 11 1000 17 88	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 8 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 6 0.9 0 2 1 0	263 179 99 52 30 23 05 01 09	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 8	271 156 105 51 31 25 06 02 17	28 1 159 10 3 48 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 8	
Inder 18. 8 and 19 0 to 21 5 to 29 0 to 34 0 to 34 0 to 49 0 to 49 0 to 49 0 to 64 15 and over 10ge unknown 1-time 8 and 19 10 to 21 12 to 24 12 to 24 12 to 24 13 to 24 14 to 25 15 to 29 15 and over 15 and over 15 and 19 16 to 21 17 to 21 18 and 19 18 and 19 19 to 21 19 to 21 19 to 21 19 to 21	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 7 8 8 6 5	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 8 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4 15 0	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 8 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 3 13 1	263 179 99 52 30 23 05 01 09 1000 17 73 91	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9 100 0 1 0 4 3 7 2 16 2	20 4 12 2 10 0 6 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 8 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 2 13 1	271 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 18 29 51	28 1 159 103 48 30 25 08 02 18 100 0 1 8 24 45 125	,
Inder 18. 8 and 19 20 to 21 21 to 24 25 to 29 30 to 39 30 to 49 30 to 49 315 and over 32 and over 33 and 19 34 and 19 35 to 21 36 to 21 37 to 22 38 and 19 39 to 22 39 to 22 30 to 23 30 to 24 30 to 25 30 to 25 31 to 29	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 7 6 8 8 5 14 0 20 1	28 8 18 8 10 0 4 8 2 6 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4 15 0 22 5	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2 3 6 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 3 13 1 16 2	263 179 99 52 30 05 01 09 1000 17 73 91 142 195	26 8 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9 100 0 1 0 4 3 7 2 16 2 22 0	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 6 4 2 3 6 1 0 0 2 0 6 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 2 13 1 16 1	271 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 18 29 51 127 234	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 8 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 6 100 0 1 8 2 4 4 5 12 5 23 8	,
Inder 18. 8 and 19 10 to 21 10 to 24 15 to 29 10 to 34 15 to 39 10 to 49 10 to 64 15 and over 10 to 40 11 time 11 time 12 to 24 15 to 19 15 to 29 16 and 19 17 to 24 18 to 29 18 to 10 to 24 19 to 10 to 24 19 to 10 to 34	32 2 2855 173 101 51 30 2.4 05 01 11 1000 17 88 65 140 201 157	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 8 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4 15 0 22 5 17 1	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2 3 8 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 3 13 1 16 2 14 8	263 179 99 52 30 05 01 09 1000 17 73 91 142 195	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9 100 0 1 0 4 3 7 2 16 2 22 20 16 5	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 8 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 2 13 1 16 1 14 6	271 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 16 29 51 127 234 163	28 1 159 10 3 48 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 8 100 0 1 8 2 4 4 5 12 5 2 3 8 18.8	,
Inder 18. 8 and 19 20 to 21 20 to 24 30 to 34 30 to 39 30 to 48 30 to 48 31 and over 32 and over 33 and 19 34 and 19 35 to 29 36 to 24 37 to 10 to 24 38 and 19 39 to 24 30 to 29 30 to 24 31 to 39 31 to 39	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 7 8 8 6 5 14 0 20 1 15 7 12 0	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 6 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4 15 0 22 5 17 1 13 4	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 8 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 3 13 1 16 2 14 8 10 9	263 179 99 52 30 23 05 01 09 1000 17 73 91 142 195 153	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9 100 0 1 0 4 3 7 2 16 2 22 0 16 5 13 0	20 4 12 2 10 0 6 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 8 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 2 13 1 16 1 14 8 11 0	27 1 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 18 29 51 127 23 4 18 3 13 7	28 1 159 10 3 4 8 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 8 100 0 1 8 2 4 4 5 12 5 23 6 18.8 14 1	,
Inder 18. 8 and 19 20 to 21 25 to 29 30 to 54 35 to 39 30 to 48 30 to 64 35 and over 36 unknown 3-time 36 and 19 37 to 21 38 and 19 39 to 22 39 to 24 39 to 24 30 to 64 30 to 64 30 to 64 31 to 21 32 to 24 35 to 29 30 to 54 31 to 54 32 to 24 33 to 55 to 29 34 to 56 to 39 35 to 29 36 to 68 37 to 68 38 to 68 39 to 68 30 to 68 .	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2.4 0 5 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 7 6 8 6 5 14 0 20 1 15 7 12 0	28 8 18 8 10 0 4 8 2 6 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4 15 0 22 5 17 1 13 4 13 0	20 0 12 5 10 3 8 9 4 2 3 6 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 3 13 1 16 2 14 6 10 9 12 4	263 179 99 52 30 05 01 09 1000 17 73 91 142 195 153 117	26 8 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9 100 0 1 0 4 3 7 2 16 2 22 0 18 5 13 0 12 4	20 4 12 2 10 0 8 6 4 2 3 6 1 0 0 2 0 6 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 2 13 1 16 1 14 6 11 0 12 5	271 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 18 29 51 127 234 183 137	28 1 15 9 10 3 4 8 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 6 100 0 1 8 2 4 4 5 12 5 23 8 18.8 14 1 14 2	,
Inder 18	32 2 28 5 17 3 10 1 5 1 3 0 2 4 0 5 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 7 8 8 6 5 14 0 20 1 15 7 12 0	28 6 18 6 10 0 4 6 2 6 2 0 0 4 0 1 1 1 100 0 1 2 3 7 8 4 15 0 22 5 17 1 13 4	20 0 12 5 10 3 6 9 4 2 3 8 0.9 0 2 1 0 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 3 13 1 16 2 14 8 10 9	263 179 99 52 30 23 05 01 09 1000 17 73 91 142 195 153	26 6 20 2 9 6 4 5 2 4 1 7 0 3 0 1 0 9 100 0 1 0 4 3 7 2 16 2 22 0 16 5 13 0	20 4 12 2 10 0 6 8 4 2 3 8 1 0 0 2 0 8 100 0 2 1 6 9 10 2 13 1 16 1 14 8 11 0	27 1 158 105 51 31 25 08 02 17 1000 18 29 51 127 23 4 18 3 13 7	28 1 159 10 3 4 8 3 0 2 5 0 8 0 2 1 8 100 0 1 8 2 4 4 5 12 5 23 6 18.8 14 1	,

¹ Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, "Fall Enrollment, 1987" survey (This table was prepared February 1989)



Table 153.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by level of enrollment, sex, attendance status, and type and control of institution: Fall 1987¹

Attendance status, and type and control		Total			Indergraduate	<u> </u>	Fin	st-profession	e i		Graduate	
of institution	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Woman	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	9	10	11	12	13
Total	12,768,307	6,932, 131	6,836,176	11,047,902	5,068,684	5,979,218	268,467	170,133	90,334	1,451,938	693,314	758.62
Full-time	7,231,506	3,610,916	3,620,588	6,463,086	3,163,754	3,299,312	244.004					
Part-time	5,536,801	2.321,213	3,215,588	4,584,838	1,904,930	2,679,906	241,804 26,663	153,661 16,472	88,143 10,191	526,636 925,302	293,503 399.811	233,133 525,49
Total 4-year	7,992,085	3.859.308	4,132,777	6,271,680	2,995,861	3,275,619	268.487					
Full-time	5,522,837	2,790,751	2,732,086	4.754.397	2,343,587	2,410,810	241,804	170,133	98.334	1,451,938	693,314	758,624
Part-time	2,469,248	1,068,557	1,400,691	1,517,283	652,274	865,009	26,663	153,661 16,472	68,143 10,191	526,636 925,302	293,503 399.811	233,133 525,491
Total 2-year	4,776,222	2,072,823	2,703,399	4,776,222	2,072,823	2,703,399						
Full-time	1,706,669	820,167	888,502	1,708,669	820,167	888,502		-	_	-	-	-
Part-time	3,087,553	1,252,656	1,614,897	3.067.553	1,252,656	1,614,697	= [_	=	=	-	=
Public, total	9.975.084	4,573,624	5,401,440	6.920,364	4,076,823	4,843,741				1		
Full-time	5,267,480	2,626,203	2,641,277	4,625,396	2,375,532		110,291	68,155	42,136	944,409	428,846	515,563
Part-time	4,707,584	1.947,421	2,760,163	4,094,986	1,701,091	2,449,866 2,393,675	105,375 4,916	65,449 2,706	39,926 2,210	336,707 607,702	185,222 243,624	151,485 364,076
Public 4-year	5,434,010	2,604,784	2.829,226	4,379,310	0.407.700				_,	111,111	2401024	001,010
Full-time	3,736,568	1.882.093	1.854.475	3,294,486	2,107,783	2,271,527	110,291	68,155	42,136	944,409	428,846	515,563
Part-time	1,697,442	722,691	974,751	1,084,824	1,631,422 476,361	1,663,064 608,463	105,375 4,916	65,449 2,706	39,926 2,210	336,707 607,702	185,222 243,624	151,485 364,076
Public 2-year	4,541,054	1,968,840	2.572.214	4,541,054	1,968,840	2.572.214	ł	1				
Full-time	1,530,912	744,110	786,802	1,530,912	744,110	786,802	-1	-		-1		_
Part-time	3,010,142	1,224,730	1,785.412	3,010,142	1,224,730	1,785,412	=	=	=	=	=	_
Private, total	2,793,243	1.358.507	1,434,736	2.127.538	992.061	1,135,477						
Full-time	1,964,026	984,715	979,311	1,637,668	788,222	849,446	158,176	101,976	56,198	507.529	264,468	243,061
Part-time	829,217	373,792	455,425	489,670	203,839	286,031	136,429 21,747	88,212 13,766	48,217 7,981	169,929 317,600	108,281 156,167	81,548 161,413
Private 4-year	2.558.075	1,254,524	1,303,551	1,692,370	888,078	1,004,292	455 455		i			
Full-time	1,786,269	906,658	677,611	1,459,911	712,165	747,748	158,178	101,978	56,198	507,529	264,468	243,061
Part-time	771,806	345,866	425,940	432,459	175,913	256,546	136,429 21,747	88,212 13,766	48,217 7.981	189,929 317,600	108,281 158,187	81,648 161,413
Private 2-year	235,168	103,963	131,185	235,168	103,983	131,185	-			,	.55,107	101,410
Full-time	177,757	76,057	101,700	177,757	76,057	101,700	-	-1	-		-1	_
Part-time	57,411	27,926	29,465	57,411	27,926	29,465	=	=		=	_	_

¹ Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Poetsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1987" survey (This table was prepared March 1989)



⁻⁻⁻ Data not applicable

Table 154.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by level of enrollment, sex, attendance status, and type and control of institution: Fail 1986

Attendance status,		Total		, U	Indergraduata		Fin	st-profession	el	_	Graduate	
and type and control of institution	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	12,504,501	5,884,976	6,619,575	10,798,900	5,017,878	5,780,924	270,413	173,062	96,551	1,435,288	693,238	742,050
Full-time	7,1 20 ,078 5,3 84 ,425	3,5 99,295 2, 265,68 1	3,520,781 3,096,744	6,352,508 4,446,292	3,146,527 1,871,349	3,205,981 2,574, 94 3	245,855 24,758	158,566 15,296	87,089 9,462	521,913 913,375	294,202 399,038	227,711 514,339
Total 4-yeer Full-time Part-time	7,824,502 5,423,580 2,400,922	3,823,854 2,774,642 1,049,212	4,000,649 2,648,938 1,351,710	6,118,801 4,656,012 1,462,789	2,956,754 2,321,674 634,880	3,162,047 2,334,138 827,909	270,413 245,655 24,758	173,862 158,566 15,296	98,551 87,089 9,462	1,435,288 521,913 913,375	893,238 294,202 399,038	742,050 227,711 514,339
Yotal 2-year Full-time	4,679,999 1,696,496 2,963,503	2,061,122 824,653 1,236,469	2,818,877 871,843 1,747,034	4,679,999 1,696,496 2,983,593	2,061,122 824,653 1,236,469	2,618,877 871,843 1,747,034	_	Ξ	- -	- -	_ _	=
Public, total Full-time Part-time	9,714,709 5,163,231 4,551,478	4,505,948 2,606,871 1,899,277	5,208,761 2,556,560 2,652,201	8,661,416 4,718,182 3,943,234	4,002,782 2,350,929 1,651,853	4,658,634 2,367,253 2,291,361	112,026 106,673 5,353	70,331 87,352 2,979	41,895 39,321 2,374	941,267 338,378 602,891	432,835 168,390 244,445	508,432 149,986 358,446
Public 4-year Full-time Part-time	5,300,580 3,657,130 1,643,450	2,570,825 1,864,602 706,223	2,729,755 1,792,528 937,227	4,247,287 3,212,081 1,035,206	2,067,659 1,606,860 458,799	2,179,628 1,603,221 578,407	112,026 106,673 5,353	70,331 67,352 2,979	41,895 39,321 2,374	941,267 338,378 602,891	#32,835 188,390 244,445	508,432 149,966 358,446
Public 2-year Full-time Part-time	4,414,129 1,506,101 2,908,028	1,935,123 742,069 1,193,054	2,479,006 764,032 1,714,974	4,414,129 1,506,101 2,908,028	1,935,123 742,069 1,193,054	2,479,006 764,032 1,714,974	_ _ _	Ξ	_	-	1 +	=
Private, total Full-time Part-time	2,789,792 1,956,645 832,947	1,379,028 992,624 386,404	1,410,764 964,221 446,543	2,137,384 1,634,326 503,058	1,015,094 795,598 219,498	1,122,290 838,728 283,562	158,387 138,982 19,405	103,531 91,214 12.317	54,856 47,768 7,088	494,021 183,537 310,484	260,403 105,612 154,591	233,618 77,725 155,893
Private 4-year Full-time Part-time	2,523,522 1,766,450 757,472	1,253,029 910,040 342,969	1,270,893 856,410 414,483	1,871,514 1,443,931 427,583	889,095 713,014 178,081	982,419 730,917 251,502	158,387 138,982 19,405	103,531 91,214 12,317	54,856 47,768 7,088	494,021 183,537 310,484	260,403 105,812 154,591	233,618 77,725 155,893
Privata 2-year 2 Full-time	265,870 190,395 75,475	125,999 82,584 43,415	139,871 107,811 32,060	265,870 190,395 75,475	125,999 82,584 43,415	139,871 107,811 32,060	_ _ _	=	_ _		1 1	=

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

-- Data not applicable

SOURCE. U.S. Department of f.ducation. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1988" survey (This table was prepared March 1989.)

Table 155.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by control and type of institution: Fail 1975 to fall 1987

		All ınsti	tutions			Public in	situtions			Private in	stitutions	
Year	Total	Univer- sities	Other 4-year colleges	2-year colleges	Total	Univer- sities	Other 4-year colleges	2-year colleges	Total	Univer- sities	Other 4-year colleges	2-year colleges
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1975	11,184,859	2,838,266	4,376,474	3,970,119	8,834,508	2,124,221	2,873,921	3,836,366	2,350,351	714,045	1,502,553	133,753
1976	11,012,137	2,780,289	4,348,527	3,883,321	8,653,477	2,079,929	2,821,762	3,751,786	2,358,660	700,369	1,526,765	131,535
1977	11,285,787	2,793,418	4,449,427	4,042,942	8,846,993	2,070,032	2,875,192	3,901,769	2,438,794	723,386	1,574,235	141,173
1978	11,260,092	2,780,729	4,451,222	4,028,141	8,785,893	2,062,295	2,849,908	3,873,690	2,474,199	718,434	1,601,314	154,451
1979	11,569,899	2,839,582	4,513,651	4,216,666	9,036,822	2,099,525	2,880,487	4,056,810	2,533,077	740,057	1,633,164	159,856
1980	12,096,895	2,902,014	4,668,594	4,526,287	9,457,394	2,154,283	2,974,329	4,328,782	2,639,501	747,731	1,694,265	197,505
1981	12,371,672	2,901,344	4,754,117	4,716,211	9,647,032	2,152,474	3,013,850	4,480,708	2,724,640	748,870	1,740,267	1 235,503
1982	12,425,780	2,883,735	4,770,339	4,771,706	9,696,087	2,152,547	3,023,887	4,519,653	2,729,693	731,188	1,746,452	1 252,053
1983	12,464,661	2,888,813	4,652,382	4,723,466	9,682,734	2,154,790	3,068,614	4,459,330	2,781,927	734,023	1,783,768	264.136
1984	12,241,940	2,870,329	4,840,838	4,530,773	9,477,370	2,138,621	3,059,652	4,279,097	2,764,570	731,708	1,781,186	251,676
1985	12,247,055	2,870,692	4,845,288	4,531,077	9,479,273	2,141,112	3,068,428	4,269,733	2,767,782	729,580	1,776,858	261,344
1986	12,504,501	2,897,311	4,927,191	4,679,999	9,714,709	2,160,703	3 139,877	4,414,129	2,789,792	736,608	1,787,314	2 265,870
1987 3	12,768,307	2,930,120	5,061,965	4,776,222	9,975,064	2,188,801	3,245,209	4,541,054	2,793,243	741,319	1,816,756	235,138
Percent change,												
1982 to 1987	2.8	16	61	0.1	29	1.7	73	0.5	23	1,4	4.0	-6.7

¹ Large increase is due primarily to the addition of colleges accredited by the National Association of Trade and Technical Schools in 1980 and 1981

years.
³ Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)



Because of Imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

²Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other years.

Table 156.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution, attendance status, and sex of student: Fall 1970 to fall 1987

Type and control of institution, sex and attendance status of student	1970 1	1975	1980	1 98 2	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987 ²
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10
Total	8,580,887	11,184,859	12,096,895	12,425,780	12,464,661	12,241,940	12,247,055	12,504,501	12,768,30
Full-time	5,818,290	8,641,334	7,097,958	7.220,818	7,261,050	7,098,388	7,075,221	7.400.070	7 004 50
Men	3,504,095	3,926,753	3,689,244	3,752,955	3,759,787	3,647,509		7,120,078	7,231,50
Women	2,312,195	2,914,581	3,408,714	3,467,663	3,501,263	3,450,879	3,607,720	3,599,295	3,810,91
Part-time	2,784,597	4.343.525	4,998,937	5,205,182	5,203,811	5,143,552	3,467,501	3,520,781	3,620,58
Men	1,539,547	2.222.244	2,185,130	2,278,429	2,263,938		5,171,834	5,384,425	5,536,80
Women	1,225,050	2,121,281	2,813,807	2,926,733	2,939,873	2,218,065 2,927,487	2,210,730 2,961,104	2,285,681	2,321,21
4-year, total	8,261,502	7,214,740	7,570,608	7.854.074			2,801,104	3,098,744	3,215,58
Full-time	4,587,379	5,080,256		7,654,074	7,741,195	7,711,187	7,715,978	7,824,502	7,992,08
Men	2,732,796		5,344,163	5,380,793	5,434,249	5,394,599	5,384,814	5,423,580	5,522,83
		2,891,192	2,809,528	2,822,274	2,845,083	2,806,181	2,781,412	2,774,842	2,790,75
Women	1,854,583	2,189,064	2,534,635	2,5 58 ,519	2,589,166	2,588,438	2,603,202	2,648,938	2,732,08
Part-time	1,874,123	2,134,484	2,226,445	2,273,281	2,306,946	2,318,568	2,331,364	2,400,922	2,469,24
Men	936,189	1,092,461	1,017,813	1,038,948	1,047,533	1,040,813	1.034.804	1,049,212	
Women	737,934	1,042,023	1,208,632	1,234,333	1,259,413	1.275,755	1,296,560	1,351,710	1,068,557 1,400,891
Public 4-year	4,232,722	4,998,142	5,128,812	5 4 70 404	5 000 101			.,	.,,
Full-time	3,086,491	3,469,821		5,178,434	5,223,404	5,198,273	5,209,540	5,300,580	5,434,010
Men	1,813,584		3,592,193	3,823,771	3,665,325	3,829,275	3,623,341	3,657,130	3,736,568
		1,947,823	1,873,397	1,889,326	1,910,181	1,880,078	1,863,689	1,864,602	1,882,093
Women	1,272,907	1,521,998	1,718,796	1,734,445	1,755,144	1,749,197	1,759,652	1,792,528	1,854,475
Part-time	1,146,231	1,5 26 ,321	1,536,419	1,552, 663	1,558,079	1,568,998	1,586,199	1,643,450	1,897,442
Men	609,422	760, 469	685,051	698, 071	697,852	894,506	893,115	706,223	722,891
Women	536,809	787,852	851,368	854,592	860,427	874,492	893,084	937,227	974,751
Private 4-year	2,028,780	2,216,598	2,441,996	2,477,640	2 517 701	0.540.004		1	•
Full-time	1,500,888	1,610,435	1,751,970	1,757,022	2,517,791	2,512,894	2,506,438	2,523,922	2,558,075
Men	919,212	943,369	936,131	932.948	1,768,924	1,785,324	1,781,273	1,766,450	1,786,269
Women	581.878	667,066			934,902	926,083	917,723	910,040	908,658
Part-time	527,892	606,163	815,839	824,074	834,022	839,241	843,550	856,410	877,811
Men	326,787		690,026	720,818	748,867	747,570	7 45,165	757,472	771,806
Women	201,125	331,992 274,171	332,782 357, 264	340,877 379,741	349,881	346,307	341,689	342,989	345,866
	'	2	337,204	3/8,/41	398,985	401,263	403,478	414,483	425,940
2-year, total	2,319,385	3,970,119	4,526,287	4,771,706	4,723,466	4,530,773	4.531.077	4,679,999	4,778,222
Full-time	1,228,911	1,781,078	1,753,795	1,839,825	1.826.801	1,703,789	1,890,607	1,896,496	
Men	771,299	1,035,561	879,718	930,681	914,704	641,348	826,308		1,708,669
Women	457,812	725,517	874,079	909,144	912,097	862,441	864,299	824,853	820,187
Part-time	1,090,474	2,209,041	2,772,492	2,931,881	2,896,665	2,826,984		871,843	888,502
Men	603,358	1,129,783	1,187,317	1,239,481	1,216,405	1,175,252	2,840,470	2,983,503	3,067,553
Women	487,116	1,079,258	1,605,175	1,892,400	1,680,260	1,651,732	1,175,926 1,664,544	1,236,469 1,747,034	1,252,856 1,814,897
Public 2-year	2,195,412	0.000.000			1	.,,,,,,,,,	1,00 1,0 11	1,747,004	1,014,087
Full-time		3,836,366	4,328,782	4,519,653	4,459,330	4,279,097	4,269,733	4,414,129	4,541,054
	1,129,185	1,662,621	1,595,493	1, 660, 321	1,633,790	1,518,331	1,496,905	1,506,101	1,530,912
Men	720,440	988,701	811,871	850,602	526,886	782,112	742,873	742.069	744,110
Women	408,725	873,920	783,822	809,719	806,904	756,219	754,232	764,032	788,802
Part-time	1,066,247	2,173,745	2,733,289	2,859,332	2,825,540	2,760,766	2,772,828	2,908,028	3.010.142
Men	589,439	1,107,680	1,152,268	1,194,889	1,175,319	1,137,818	1,138,011	1,193,054	
Women	478,808	1,066,065	1,581,021	1,664,443	1,850,221	1,822,950	1,834,817	1,714,974	1,224,730 1,785,412
Private 2-year	123,973	133,753	³ 197.505	252,053	204 400				.,, , , .
Full-time	99,748	98,457	3 158.302		264,136	251,878	281,344	4 265,870	235,168
Men	50,859			179,504	193,011	185,458	193,702	4 190,395	177,757
Women	48.887	46,860	3 87,845	80,079	87,818	79,236	83,635	4 82,584	78,057
		51,597	3 90,457	99,425	105,193	106,222	110,067	4 107,811	101,700
Part-time	24,227	35,296	3 39,203	72,549	71,125	66,218	87,642	4 75,475	57,411
Men	13,919	22,103	³ 15,049	44,592	41,086	37,436	37,915	4 43,415	27,926
Women	10.308	13,193	³ 24,154	27,957	30,039	28,782	29,727	70,710	21,020

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities," and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)



Data revised from previously published figures
 Preliminary data
 Large increase is due to the addition of schools accredited by the National Associations. tion of Trade and Technical Schools

4 Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

Table 157.—Enrollment and number of institutions of higher education, by affiliation of institution: Fall 1980 to fall 1985

				Enrol	iment				Number of i	nstitutions 2
	_				_	Fall 1985				
Affiliation	Total, fall 1980	Total, fall 1983	Total, fall 1984		Full-	time	Part-	time	Fall 1980	Fall 1985
				Total	Men	Women	Men	Women		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
All institutions	12,096,895	12,464,661	12,241,940	12,247,055	3,607,720	3,467,501	2,210,730	2,961,104	3,226	3,301
Public institutions	9,457,394	9,682,734	9,477,370	9,479,273	2,606,362	2,513,884	1,831,126	2,527,901	1,493	1,493
Federal	50,989	54,800	54,358	55,787	48,741	6,331	539	176	12	12
State	5,879,057	5,964,595	5,883,571	5,924,118	1,963,955	1,884,583	887,272	1,188,308	881	88
State and local	2,360,972	2,538,044	2,465,058	2,439,409	389,989	421,901	668,889	958,630	379	39
State-related	154,964	149,385	145,992	148,094	58,644	47,325	19,852	22,273	31	3
Local	1,011,412	975,910	928,391	911,865	145,033	153,744	254,574	358,514	190	17
	',•,	5,5,5,5	1 525,55	01.,000	,	,.				
Private institutions	2.639.501	2.781.927	2.764.570	2.767.782	1.001.358	953.617	379.604	433,203	1,733	1.80
Independent nonprofit	1,521,614	1,554,187	1,528,571	1,529,779	562,590	497.668	226,639	242,882	795	81
	111,714	192,740	190,151	195,991	76,400	74,321	32,650	12,620	164	21
Organized as profit making	111,713	182,740	180,131	185,881	70,400	77,321	32,000			
Religiously affiliated	1,006,173	1,035,000	1,045,848	1,042,012	362,368	381,628	120,315	177,701	774	78
dvent Christian Church	143	142	126	103	48	46	6	3	1	
rican Methodist Episcopal Zion Church	1,091	939	836	702	416	278	5	3	3	
rican Methodist Episcopal	4,541	3,715	3,404	3,473	1,401	1,837	96	139	6	
· ·	6,131	7,477	8,554	8,307	2.506	2,815	1,133	1,853	11	1
merican Baptist		1		1	,		406	613	3	'
merican Lutheran and Lutheran Church in America	3,092	2,999	2,770	2,730	913	798	400	0.3		
merican Lutheran	21,608	20,746	21,100	21,258	7,974	9,740	1,555	1,989	13	1
ssemblies of God Church	7,814	7,745	7,972	7.899	3,685	3,154	587	473	10	1
aptist	38,231	39,559	39,152	41,163	16,958	16,316	4.020	3,869	33	3
rethren Church	3,925	4,391	4,463	4,664	1,795	1,186	898	785	3	
	1,301	1,612	1,761	1,846	650	1,117	27	52	1 1	
rethren in Christ Church	1,301	1,012	1,761	1,040	030	1,117				
hristian and Missionary Alliance Church	1,705	1,854	1,831	1,740	765	691	167	117	3	
hristlan Church (Disciples of Chnst)	14,913	15,413	15,132	15,311	4,847	5,458	2,536	2,470	12	1
hristian Churchea and Churches of Christ	1,342	1,457	1,591	1,543	757	521	150	115	7	1
hristian Methodist Episcopal	2,486	1,972	1,845	1,661	815	705	60	83	4	
hristian Reformed Church	5,408	5,291	5,313	5,268	2,461	2,447	192	168	3	
hurch of Christ (Scientist)	2.773	_		_	_	_	_	_	6	
	2,	270	246	245	96	119	20	10	_	
hurch of God of Prophecy	6,082		1	5,990	2.407	2.463	598	522	9	
hurch of God	1	6,091	6,187		_,	, ,	5	14	1	
hurch of New Jerusalem	170	164	156	155	72	64	,	1,743	6	ľ
thurch of the Brethren	8,482	8,699	9,302	8,684	2,590	2,880	1,471	1,743		
hurch of the Nazarene	11,716	11,140	10,834	10,757	4,258	4,609	843	1,047	10	1
hurches of Christ	9,343	11,775	11,486	10,945	4,674	4,617	895	759	9	1
umberland Presbyterian	594	659	684	636	277	221	65	73	2	
vangetical Congregational Church	80	60	53	71	13		48	10	1	1
vangelical Convent Church of America	1,401	1,545	1,491	1,539	542	698	104	195	i	
unneellest Free Church of America	833	935	1,563	1,613	758	270	429	156	1	
vangelical Free Church of America			1		339	136	107	130	3	
vangelical Lutheran Church	743	724	575	589					5	
ree Methodist	5,543	5,552	5,602	5,843	1,865	2,419	543	816	1	
ree Will Beptist Church	1,132	1,198	1,242	1,191	436	442	183	130	4	
riends United Meeting	1,109	1,443	-	_	· –	I –	I —		1 1	1 -



Table 157.—Enrollment and number of institutions of higher education, by affiliation of institution: Fall 1980 to fall 1985—Continued

				Enrol	iment				Number of	institutions
Affiliation	Total,	Total.	-			Fail 1985				
	fall 1980	fall 1983	Total, fall 1984	Total	Full	time	Part	time	Fall 1980	Fall 198
					Men	Women	Men	Women		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Friends	5,157	4,889	6,962	7,077	3.323	2,701			 	
Casali Orthodo.	820	1,369	1,321	1,303	567	541	443 73	610	5	
Interdenominational	204	303	219	161	126	22	11	122	2	
Jewish.	1,254	1,565	1,598	1,438	662	426	178	2	1	
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	5,738	5,191	5,444	5,472	4,226	735	278	172 233	4 24	2
Latter Day Saints	20 172	00.077			,	,,,,	2,0	233	24	j 2
Lutheran Church—Missoun Synod	39,172	39,277	38,973	39,406	15,900	14,324	4,551	4,631	4	
Lutheran Church in America	11,727	12,209	11,940	11,507	5,029	4,983	466	1.027	15	1
Mennonite Brathren Church	23,877	22,977	2 108	22,659	9,158	9,640	1,366	2,493	20	2
Merinonite Church	1,344 4,008	1,510	1,561	1,548	450	432	224	442	3	•
	4,006	2,794	2,632	2,490	993	1,234	108	155	6	
Missionary Church Inc	487	543	550		_ ,	1			_	
Moravian Church	2,434	2.545		573	142	164	38	229	1	
Multiple Protestant Denominations	5,526	4,982	2,436	2,352	655	1,086	238	373	? .	
North American Bantist	155	147	5,083	4,964	1,616	2,679	273	396		
Pentecostal Holiness Church	767	402	138 469	133	62	19	35	17	1	
·	, , ,	402	409	470	214	217	17	22		
Presbyterian U.S and United Presbyterian	47,144	51,483	50,679	50.000		ŀ	I		1	
Protestant Episcopal	5.396	5,258	5,323	52,290	20 499	20,960	4,642	6,189	57	5
Totestant, other	4,072	3,564	2,765	5,344	2,344	2,626	151	223	12	1:
reformed Church in America	2,713	5,149		2,390	1.151	797	229	213	11	
Reformed Episcopal Church	67	3,149	5,284	5,238	2,142	2,572	264	260	4	
Reformed Presbytenan Church		I	-1	-	-	-	-1	- [1	-
Reorganized Latter-Day Saints Church	2,014	1,292	1,225	1,191	608	366	440		1	
Roman Catholic	4,274	4,237	4.265	4.517	1,923	1,251	112	83	4	•
Roman Catholic	422,842	445,030	456,936	452,992	132,519	151,173	879	464	2	
Seventh-Day Adventists	47	43	47	36	34	131,173	61,954	107,346	229	234
	19,166	17,525	17,131	15,993	6,380	6.314	1,341	0 1,958	11	
Southern Baptist	25.224					0,0.4	1,541	1,536	''	11
Initarian Universalist	85,281	8d 556	88,837	66,869	33,956	32,760	10,250	11.903	54	56
United Brethren Church	87	91	86	88	40	36	8	11,505	2	2
Inited Church of Christ.	545	448	366	447	204	181	39	23	1	1
Inited Methodist	14,169	13,911	12,180	12,568	4,295	4,455	1,547	2,271	16	14
•	127,099	127,064	127,281	127,236	46,787	50,606	12,823	17,022	91	94
Vesleyan Church	3.583	3 504	0.540		1	İ		.,,,,,,	- 1	54
/isconsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod	808	2,584	2,516	2,394	918	1,067	174	235	5	4
Other religiously affiliated	462	629	559	520	173	344	2	1	1	1
	402	1,866	2,663	2,618	956	848	446	366	- 1	ż

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities" surveys (This table was prepared August 1986)



Affiliation as reported by institutions of higher education
 Includes only institutions which reported enrollment

⁻Data not applicable or not reported

Table 158.—Total undergraduate enrollment¹ in institutions of higher education, by sex of student, attendance status, and control of institution: Fall 1969 to fall 1987

[in thousands]

		6 -11 A		Me	en e	Wor	nen	Me	n	Won	1en
Year	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Public	Private	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	9	10	:1	12
969	6,884	4,991	1,693	2,952	1,056	2,039	83?	2,997	1,011	2,162	714
970	7,376	5,280	2,096	3,097	1,157	2,163	939	3,241	1,013	2,367	73
971	7,743	5,512	2,231	3,201	1,217	2,311	1,014	3,427	991	2,580	74
972	7,941	5,488	2,453	3,121	1,308	2,367	1,145	3,467	962	2,756	750
973	6,261	5,580	2,681	3,135	1,403	2,445	1,276	3,579	959	2,943	780
974	6,798	5,726	3,072	3,191	1,574	2,535	1,496	3,799	966	3,232	80
975	9,679	6,169	3,510	3,459	1,798	2,710	1,712	4,245	1,012	3,581	84
976	9,429	6,030	3,399	3,242	1,660	2,788	1,739	3,949	953	3,668	85
677	9,717	6,094	3,623	3,188	1,709	2,906	1,914	3,937	960	3,906	91
976	9,691	5,967	3,724	3,072	1,694	2,695	2,030	3,612	954	3,974	95
979	9,998	6,080	3,919	3,087	1,734	2,993	2,165	3,865	956	4,161	99
980	10,475	6,362	4,113	3,227	1,773	3,135	2,340	4,014	985	4,427	1,04
981	10,755	6,449	4,306	3,261	1,848	3, 188	2,458	4,090	1,016	4,558	1,08
962	10,625	6,484	4,341	3,299	1,671	3,184	2,470	4,140	1,031	4,573	1,08
963	10,846	6,514	4,332	3,304	1,654	3,210	2,478	4,117	1,042	4,580	1,10
984	10,616	6,348	4,270	3,195	1,612	3,153	2,459	3,990	1,017	4,504	1,10
965	10,597	6,320	4,277	3,156	1,806	3,163	2,471	3,953	1,010	4,525	1,110
986 2	10,799	6,353	4,446	3,147	1,671	3,206	2,575	4,003	1,015	4,659	1,12
987 3	11.048	6,463	4,585	3.164	1,905	3,299	2,680	4,077	992	4,844	1,13

¹ includes unclassified undergraduate students

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE. U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys. (This table was prepared February 1989.)



Data have been revised from previously published figures
 Preliminary data.

Table 159.—Total first-time freshmen enrollment in institutions of higher education, by sex of student, attendance status, and type and control of institution: Fail 1955 to fail 1987

[In thousands]

	Total, all		Men	,—— —		Women		Type of institution, by control				
Year	freshmen	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time	4-year		2-ye	ar	
			-					Public	Private	Public	Private	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
955 1	670	416	-	_	254		_	² 283	2 247	2 117	2 ;	
956 1	718	443	-		275	i	_	² 293	² 262	2 137	2	
957 1	724	442	-	i	282	_	[² 294	² 263	2 141		
958 ¹	775	465	_		310	i	_	² 328	2 272		2	
959 ¹	822	488	-		334	_	_	2 348	2 292	2 148 2 153	2 2	
966 1	923	540	_	_	384		į		-1			
961 ¹	1,018	592	_			_	_	² 396	² 313	² 182	2	
62 1	1,031	598		_	426 432	-	-	² 438	² 336	² 210	2	
63 1	1.046	604		-		-	-1	² 445	² 325	² 225	2	
64 1	1,225	702	_	-1	442	-1	-	_	-			
	1,223	702	-	-	523	-	-	² 539	² 363	² 275	2	
65 1	1,442	829	-1	-	613	_	_	2 642	2 399	² 348	2	
66	1,554	890	-		665	-1	_	² 626	² 383	2 478	2	
67	1,641	931	761	170	710	574	136	² 645	² 368	² 561		
68	1,893	1,082	847	235	810	624	187	² 725	2 378		2	
69	1,967	1,118	8/6	242	849	649	200	2 737	2 393	² 718 ² 776	2	
70	2,063	1,152	896	256	911	691	221	2 754				
71	2,119	1,171	896	275	949	710			2 397	² 854	2	
72	2,153	1,158	858	299	995	716	238	² 738	² 386	² 937	2	
73	2,226	1,182	867	315			279	680	381	1,037		
74	2,366	1,244	896	348	1 044	740 777	304 345	699 746	379 386	1,089 1,176		
75	2,515	1,328	040	200			1	-}	300	1,178		
76	2,347	1,170	942	336	1,187	821	366	772	395	1,284		
77	2,394		855	316	1,177	808	369	717	414	1,153		
70		1,156	5 10	316	1,239	841	398	737	405	1,186		
78	2,390	1,142	817	324	1,248	834	414	737	407	1,174		
79	2,503	1,180	840	340	1,323	866	457	760	415	1,254		
30	2,588	1,219	862	357	1.369	887	431	765	418	1014		
31	2,595	1,218	852	366	1,378	836	492	754		1,314		
2	2,505	1,199	837	362	1 306	851	455	734	419	1,318	1	
3	2,444	1,159	825	334	1,285	853			404	1,254	1	
4	2,357	1,112	786	326	1,245	827	431 418	728 714	404 403	1,190 1,130	1: 1	
5	2,292	376	775	004	4.545					1,130	1	
63	2,219			301	1,216	827	389	717	399	1,060	1	
7 5		1,047	769	278	1,173	821	352	720	392	991	41	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,246	1.047	779	267	1,200	848	352	758	405	980	i	

¹ Excludes first-time freshmen in occupational programs not creditable towards a bachelor's legren resumer resument in occupational programs not creditable towards a bachelor's legren 2 Data for 2-year branches of 4-year college systems are apprepared with the 4-year

NOTE -- Alaska and Hawaii are included in all years. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, various years, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data Systam (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989)



institutions.

^{**} Data have been revised from previously published figures

**Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other years Freliminary data

⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 160.—Total graduate enrollment¹ in institutions of higher education, by sex of student, attendance status, and control of institution: Fall 1969 to fall 1987

(In thousands)

		Cull Arms	David Avera	Mo	∍n	Wor	men	Me	en	Wor	nen
Year	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Public	Private	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1969	955	363	593	252	338	111	255	393	197	273	9:
1970	1,031	379	651	264	366	115	285	423	20/	301	99
1971	1,012	388	621	269	346	119	275	415	200	296	100
1972	1,066	394	671	268	358	126	313	427	199	330	109
1973	1,123	410	715	273	375	137	340	442	206	358	119
1974	1,190	427	762	276	387	151	375	454	209	398	128
1975	1,263	453	810	290	410	163	400	481	219	425	138
1976	1,333	463	870	287	427	176	443	477	237	454	16
1977	1,319	473	845	289	411	184	434	458	243	443	174
1978	1,312	468	844	280	402	188	442	441	241	453	17
1979	1,309	476	833	280	389	196	444	427	242	457	18:
1980	1,343	495	860	281	394	204	466	426	247	474	19
1981	1,343	484	859	277	397	207	462	419	255	468	20
1982	1,322	485	838	280	390	205	447	417	253	453	200
1983	1,340	497	843	286	391	211	452	418	259	454	209
1984	1,345	501	844	286	386	215	459	411	261	459	215
1985	1,376	509	867	289	388	220	479	414	263	477	223
1986	1,435	522	913	294	399	228	514	433	260	508	234
1987 ²	1,452	527	925	294	400	233	525	429	264	516	243

¹ Includes unclassified poetbaccalaureate students

NOTE.—Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989.)

Table 161.—Total first-professional enrollment in institutions of higher education, by sex of student, attendance status, and control of institution: Fail 1969 to fail 1987

[In thousands]

		5a.	Da -4 4	Me	en	Wor	men	Me	en	Wor	nen
Year	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Public	Private	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1969	164,737	143,081	21,656	131,368	17,558	11,713	4,098	64,241	84,685	8,354	7,45
1970	173,411	157,384	16,027	144,270	14,379	10,114	1,648	68,956	89,693	6,501	8,26
1971	192,668	176,224	16,444	159,386	14,672	16,238	1,772	98,233	75,825	9,430	9,180
1972	206,659	190,039	16,620	168,990	14,453	21,049	2,167	79,723	103,720	10,842	12,374
1973	218,990	201,663	17,327	171,731	14,566	29,932	2,761	81,811	104,486	16,138	16,555
1974	235,452	216,329	19,123	178,926	15,153	37,403	3,970	84,271	169,808	20,085	21,288
1975	242,267	219.886	22,381	177,117	14,983	42,769	7,398	79,240	112,860	23,557	26,610
1976	244,292	220,124	24,168	171.967	17,843	48,157	6,325	77,873	111,937	23,468	31,014
1977	251,357	226,318	25,039	173,165	18,286	53,153	6,753	78,189	113,262	24,901	35,005
1978	256,904	232,540	24,364	174.906	17,315	57,634	7,049	77,748	114,473	26,839	37,844
1979	263,404	238,949	24,455	176,394	16,969	62,555	7,486	77,122	116,241	29,026	41,015
1980	277,767	251,359	26,408	181,448	17,896	69,911	8,512	81,022	118,322	33,415	45,008
1981	274,595	248,328	26,267	175,414	17,522	72,914	8,745	77,562	115,374	34,177	47,482
1982	278,425	252,108	26,317	173,941	17,259	78,167	9,058	76,273	114,927	37,183	50,042
1983	278,529	249,636	28,893	169,071	19,025	80,565	9,868	74,938	113,158	38,484	51,949
1984	278,598	249,708	28,890	166,286	18,663	83,422	10,227	73,722	111,227	40,188	53,463
1985	274,200	246,619	27,581	162,368	17,424	84,251	10,157	71,373	108,419	40,435	53,973
1986 ¹	270,413	245,655	24,758	158,566	15,296	87,089	9,462	70,331	103,531	41,695	54,856
1987 2	268,467	241,804	26,663	153,661	16,472	88,143	10,191	68,155	101,978	42,136	56,198

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

NOTE.-Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989.)



² Preliminary data.

² Preliminary data

Table 162.—Full-time-equivalent enrollment in institutions of higher education, by control and type of institution: Fail 1970 to fall 1987

Year		All institutions		Pt	ublic institutions		Private institutions			
	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
970 יי	6,737,619	5,219,855	1,517,964	4,953,144	3,540,559	1,412,585	1,784,675	1 670 206		
971 '	7,148,575	5,429,703	1.718.872	5,344,356	3,731,009	1,613,347		1,679,296	105,37	
972	7,253,739	5,406,821	1,846,918	5,452,848	3,706,239	1,746,609	1,804,219	1,698,694	105,52	
973	7,453,446	5,439,218	2,014,230	5,629,555	3,721,031		1,800,891	1,700,582	100,30	
974	7,805,453	5,606,249	2,199,204	5,944,804	3,847,550	1,908,524	1,823,893	1,718,187	105,70	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3,233,213	2,100,204	3,044,004	3,047,330	2,0⊎7,254	1,860,649	1,758,699	101,95	
975	8,479,685	5,900,401	2,579,284	6,522,310	4.050.500	0.405.040				
76	8,312,502	5,848,001	2,464,501	6,349,903	4,056,500	2,465,810	1,957,375	1,843,901	113,47	
77	8,415,339	5,935,076	2,480,263		3,998,450	2,351,453	1,962,599	1,849,551	113,04	
78	8,348,482	5,932,573	2,415,909	6,396,476	4,039,071	2,357,405	2,018,863	1,896,005	122,65	
79	8,487,317	6,016,072		6,279,199	3,996,126	2,283,073	2,069,283	1,936,447	132,83	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,407,317	0,010,072	2,471,245	6,392,617	4,059,304	2,333,313	2,094,700	1,956,768	137,93	
180	8,619,013	6,161,372	2,657,641	6,642,294	4,158,267	2,484,027	2,176,719	2 200 405		
81	9,014,521	6,249,847	2,764,674	6,781,300	4,208,506	2,572,794		2,003,105	² 173,61	
8228	9,091,648	6.248.923	2,842,725	6,850,589	4,220,648	2,629,941	2,233,221	2,041,341	² 191,88	
63	9,166,399	6,325,223	2,841,176	6,881,480	4,265,808		2,241,059	2,028,275	212,78	
84	8,951,695	6,292,711	2,658,984	6,684,664		2,615,672	2,284,919	2,059,415	225,50	
			2,000,004	0,004,004	4,237,895	2,446,769	2,267,031	2,054,616	212,21	
65	6,943,433	6,294,339	2,649,094	6,667,781	4,239,622	2,428,159	2,275,652	2,054,717	000 000	
86 ³	9,062,579	6,359,774	2,702,805	6,778,601	4,296,159	2,482,442	2,283,978		220,935	
67 ⁵	9,228,513	6,486,450	2,742,063	6,938,617	4,397,097	2,541,520	2,289,896	2,063,615 2,089,553	4 220,363 200,543	

¹ Data for 2-year branch compuses of 4-year systems are included with the 4-year in-

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989)



^{*}Data for 2-year granch cranquise of anyear systems are included with National Association of Trade and Technical Schools in 1960 and 1961

**Data have been revised from previously published figures.

**Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures.

⁵ Preliminary data.

Table 163.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by State: Fall 1970 to fall 1987

State or other area	Fall 1970	Fall 1975	Fall 1980	Fall 1982	Fall 1983	Fall 1984	Fall 1985	Fall 1986 1	Fall 1987 2	Percent change, 196 to 1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	8,580,887	11,184,859	12,096,895	12,425,780	12,464,681	12,241,940	12,247,055	12,504,501	12,768,307	
labama , , ,	103,936	164,700	164,308	167,753	171,381	171,631	179,343	181,443	183,348	11
laska	9,471	13,998	21,296	24,558	26,045	26,991	27,479	27.492	26,937	26
rizona	109,619	173,542	202,716	210,683	213,437	210,029	216.854	226,597	237,233	17
rkansas	52,039	65,547	77,607	76,972	76.702	78,777	77.958	79,182	79,273	ı z
alifornia	1,257,245	1,787,932	1,790,993	1,842.963	1,730,847	1,665,155	1.650.439	1,727,727	1,788,012	-6
olorado	123,395	149,814	162,916	171.821	172,650	164,394	161,314	177,428	183,583	12
onnecticut	124,700	148 491	159,632	162,194	164,344	161,576	159,348	158,278	162,382	
elaware	25,260	32,389	32,939	32,454	31,945	31,872	31,883	33,895	36,650	1.
strict of Columbia	77,158	64,190	86,675	82,793	80,367	79,750	78,668	77,652	77,566	-10
orida	235.525	344,267	411,891	436 606	443,436	444,062	451,392	3 483,964	489,964	-19
eorgia	126,511	173,585	164,159	198.367	201,453	196.669	196,826	195,123	4224,066	2
awaii	36,582	46,671	47,181	51,738	52,065	49,981	49,937	51,696	52,291	10
sho,	34,587	39,075	43,018	42.975	42,911	43,303	42,668	45,260	45,587	1
nois	452,146	584,089	644,245	683,969	673,084	861,114	678,689	692,092	686,954	6
Sena	192,668	213,820	247,253	253,529	256,470	249,957	250,567	250,185	256,264	
wa	108,902	121,678	140,449	147,862	152,968	153,069	152,897	155.369	158,230	1:
insas	102,485	120,633	136,605	141,661	141,709	141,916	141,359	143,208	146,439	``
intucky	98,591	125,253	143,066	144,159	146,503	143,555	141,724	144,562	153,351	
uiciana	120,728	153,213	160,058	176,505	179,647	179,988	177,176	171,344	173,229	
nine	34,134	40,443	43,264	47,719	53,347	52,714	52,201	46,230	47,554	
aryland	149,607	205,570	225,526	234,585	239,232	234.302	231,649	233,492	239,362	,
assachusetts	303,809	384,485	418,415	407,557	423,348	418,966	421,175	417,562	423,916	
ichigan	392,726	496,405	520,131	508,240	515,760	505,334	507,293	520,428	535,486	: ا
nnesota	160,788	184,758	206,691	214,133	214,219	215,566	221,162	226,558	237,212	1
iselesippi	73,967	99,962	102,364	105,932	109,728	104,339	101,180	101,104	105,510	;
issouri .	183,930	223,115	234,421	244,238	248,329	240,920	241,146	246,185	251,778	,
ontana.	30,062	30,843	35,177	36,811	37,877	37.061	35,958	35,238	35,882	
ebraska	66,915	74,705	89,488	94,390	95,132	97,422	97,769	100,401	100,828	12
wada	13.669	30,187	40,455	42,212	43,768	43,007	43.656	46,796	48,063	18
ew Hampshira	29,400	41,030	46,794	52,208	53,143	53,049	52.283	53.886	56,163	20
ew Jersey	216,121	297,114	321,610	322,284	314,468	305,330	297,658	295.353	294,433	-4
ew Mexico .	44,461	51,944	58,263	63,483	86,094	66,507	68,295	80,271	83,074	4.
ew York.	806,479	1,005,063	992,237	1,012,421	1.022,521	1.007,770	1,000,098	1,000,889	992,544	Ī
orth Carolina	171,925	251,788	287,537	300,910	301,675	309,249	327,268	322,979	321.251	1
orth Dakota	31,495	29,743	34,069	36,224	37.591	37,58 5	37.939	37.309	37.052	,
hio	376,267	436,052	489,145	532,361	535,592	518.435	514,745	520,514	518 454	
klahoma	110,155	146,813	160,295	168,188	174,171	168,034	169,173	170,840	172,730	
regon	122,177	145,281	157,458	141,312	141,172	141,810	137,967	144,801	152,657	-:
ennsylvania	411,044	470,536	507,716	529,341	545,112	528,669	533,198	545,924	554,370	
node Island	45,898	64,479	66,869	68,351	70,811	69.145	69,927	69,572	71.708	
outh Carolina	69,518	133,023	132,476	136,727	134,532	131,479	131,902	134,115	140,841	
outh Dakota	30,639	30,260	32,761	35,074	34.879	32,473	32,772	30,935	31.755	_
nnessee	135 103	181,435	204,581	201,806	207,777	200.937	194.845	197.069	202,006	_
	442,225	624,390	701,391	758,839	795,741	795.337	769,692	776.019		
exas ah	81,687	87,323	93,987	99.431	103,324	101,863	103.594	106.213	802,226 106,792	1. 1:
rmont	22,209	29.095	30,628	30,648	31,306	30,786	31,416	32,460		
rginia	151,915	244,671	280.504	281.026	288,588	283,109	292,416	32,460	33,242	
	183,544	227,168	303,603	281.026	229,639	283,109			319.026	1
ashington	63,153	78,619	81,973	82,891		79,009	231.553	242,450	245.872	-1
est Virginia					83,202		76,659	76,781	77.256	-
sconsin roming	202,058 15,220	240,701 18,078	269,086 21,147	276,176 22,713	277,751 23,844	27C,d65 23,424	275,069 24,204	283,653 24,357	281,717 26,062	2
S Service Schools	17,079	36,897	49.808	60,129	52.994	52,788	54,052	53,302	60,136	2
Outlying areas	67,237	104,270	137,749	162,740	169,269	158,452	164,890	165.620	156,809	1
nerican Samoa		889	976	1,007	645	871	758	759	697	'
JAM .	2,719	3,800	3.217	5,041	3,436	4,432	4,601	4,477	4,072	2
orthern Mananas	-	-	104 401		173	431	318	514	366	
erto Rico	63.073	97.517	131,184	153.350	16: 215	149,102	155,917	156 580	147,706	1
ust Territory of the Pacific		185	224	598	736	796	724	795	1,223	44
gin Islands	1,445	2,079	2,148	2,744	2.864	2,820	2,572	2,495	2,545	1

Revised from previously published data
 Preliminary data



³ Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

years
4 Part of the 1987 increase is due to the inclusion of additional public 2 year institutions in the survey

⁻Data not reported or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Ertucation Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989.)

Table 164.—Total enrollment in public institutions of higher education, by State: Fall 1970 to fall 1987

State or other area	Fall 1970	Fall 1975	Fall 1980	Fall 1982	Fall 1983	Fall 1984	Fall 1985	Fail 1988 1	Fall 1987 ²	Percer change, to 198
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	6,426,134	8,834,508	9,457,394	9,696,087	9,682,734	9,477,370	9,479,273	9,714,709	9,975,064	
ameda	87,884	145,698	143,674	147,032	149,986	149,579	158,688	160,432	162,278	
oka	8,563	13,216	20,561	23,479	25,084	26,005	26,510	26,369	25,991	
tona	107,315	168,666	194,034	200,599	201,281	196,537	202,036	213,570		
(aneae	43,599	56,127	66,068	65,695	65,483	66,753	66,123	68,760	228,552	
Mornie	1,123,529	1,817,558	1,599,838	1,646,116	1,529,005	1,459,579	1,444,207	1,522,103	68,313 i 1,580,532	
orado	108,562	136,370	145,598	151,666	150 440	4	-	1	i	
nnecticut	73,391	93,567	97,788		152,419	144,885	142,031	157,558	161,594	
ewers	21,151	27,082		101,266	102,720	100,754	98,616	98,828	102,561	
rict of Columbia	12,194		28,325	26,314	27,898	27,422	27,933	28,694	29,647	
ide		15,159	13,900	14,581	14,270	13,450	12,747	11,800	10,851	
***************************************	189,450	287,745	334,349	353,639	357,286	354,158	362,241	385,438	405,292	
xgia	101,900	142,593	140,158	152,333	154,142	150,035	148,956	147.260	3.2.25	
wall	32,963	43,276	43,269	47,210	46,241	43,806	43,246	147,269	³ 174,355	
ho	27,072	31,298	34,491	34,519	34,418	34,918		42,593	42,746	
ois	315,634	444,458	491,274	528,675	516,720		33,666	35.532	34,791	
A76	136,739	159,453	189,224	194,977		504,549	520,224	530,585	521,117	
	. 55,, 55	.50,750	108,424	104,0//	196,917	192,618	193,833	194,139	201,457	
L	68,390	83,572	97,454	104,757	109,652	109,800	109,765	110,439	112,007	
	88,215	107,761	121,987	126,573	127,166	127,211	127,220	129,844	133,383	
tucky	77.240	105,265	114,884	114,963	116,323	112,702	110,836	115,058	122,019	
lelene	101,127	132,054	136,703	152,599	155,470	154,846	153,173	146,297		
10	25,405	31,092	31,878	32,654	33,829	33,436	33.168	34,460	148,492 35,159	
yland	118,988	178,544	195,051	202,445	200 704	201 201		ĺ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
sachusetts	116,127	173,564	183,765	177,969	206,704 165,979	201,894	198.992	199,433	203,711	
igen	339,625	436,655	454,147			183,084	16. 602	178,615	187,091	
1000ta	130,587	148,630	162,379	439,961	444,229	433,134	434,270	445,767	459,313	
leeippi	64,968	69,919		168,532	168,259	168,726	173,984	178,790	168,096	
	04,800	09,919	90,661	94,701	97,884	92,641	90,704	69,925	93,284	
ouri	132,540	158,196	165,179	173,990	177,061	170,092	168,829	168,883	174 040	
tane	27.287	27,798	31,178	32,860	33,744	32,716	32,032	31,192	171,246	
raeka	51,454	61,240	73,509	77,526	77,609	60,221	61,202		31,858	
Ide	13,576	30,010	40,260	41,849	43,371	42,700	43,368	84,262	84,901	
Hampehire	15,979	24,205	24,119	26,016	26,454	27,323	26,669	46,490 26,733	47,791 30,899	
Jersey	145,373	227,764	247,0211	256,099	252.554		i	1	00,000	
Mexico	40,795	47,605	55,077		250,661	243,388	237,297	235,793	235,408	
York	449,437	613,842		60,493	63,355	64,261	66,059	76,586	61,298	
h Carolina	123,761	201,288	563,251	573,113	579,465	587,151	563,251	585,244	587,046	
Derota	30,192		228,154	241,738	242,034	249,417	267,044	262,638	256,930	
	30,192	27,954	31,709	33,551	34,770	34,441	34,802	34,698	34,348	
	281,099	336,931	381,765	389.432	395,209	381,610	379,184	204 840		
home	91,438	124,372	137,168	145,047	151,268	145,822	146,827	384,810	391,831	
on	108,483	129,785	140,102	124,052	122,603			149,043	148,906	
eytvania	232,982	287,436	292,499	299,838		123,231	119.612	125,879	133,458	-
le Island	25,527	32,311	35,052	34,707	307,367 35,581	301,172 34 507	300,523 35,389	304,190 35,511	311,210	
h Carolina	47.404	407.000		1		- , 55,	55,000	33,311	36,317	
Dakota	47,101 23,936	107,690 21,925	107,683 24,326	108,602 26,294	106,77	105,213	105,854	108,191	113,35	
00000	96,897	139,526	158,835		26,158	24,023	23.339	24,036	24,1 0	-
	365,522	542,212		154,796	159,081	152,797	147,951	149,443	154,104	
	49,588	56,536	613,552 59,598	667,306 65.231	702,847	703,717	677,192	685,542	709,716	1
**********	40,000	50,550	37,380	65.231	68,255	67,215	69,426	73,067	74,453	2
ont	12,536	17,145	17,984	18,266	18,656	18,192	18,844	18,734	19,360	
ia	123,279	215,253	246,500	245,179	251,099	245,104	250,754	265,687		
ington	162,718	202,531	270,028	198,071	199,391	200,857	201,532		275,583	1
Virginia	51,363	68,117	71,228	71,612	71,715	68,384	66.531	212,338	214,207	-2
nein	170,374	210,535	235,179	241,950	241,788	235,084		67,078	67,959	-
ning	15,220	18,078	21,121	22 713	23,844	23,424	238,735 24,204	244,948 23,735	240,533 25,441	2
Service Schools	17,079	36,897	49,808	60,129	52,994	52,768	54,052	53,302		
Outlying areas	46,680	59,923	60,692	66,158	67,611	+			60,136	2
can Samoa	_	689	976	1,007		65,134	65,411	67,979	66,785	1
1	2,719	3,800	3.217	5,041	845 3,436	671 4,432	758 4,601	759 4 477	897	7
ern Merienes	-!	-1	_l	_	173	431	318	4,477	4,072	2
o Rico.,	42.516	53,170	54,127	58.768	59,557	55,784		514	366	
Territory of the Pacific		185	224	598	736		56,439	56,939	57,682	(
Islands	1,445	2,079	2,146	2,744	2,884	796 2,820	724 2,572	795	1,223	440
								2,495		

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February



Revised from previously published data
 Preliminary data.
 Peart of the 1997 increase is due to the inclusion of additional public 2-year institutions in the survey.

—Data not reported or not applicable

Table 165.—Total enrollment in private institutions of higher education, by State: Fall 1970 to fall 1987

State or other area	Fall 1970	Fall 1975	Fall 1980	Fall 1982	Fall 1983	Fail 1984	Fall 1985	Fall 1986 1	Fall 1987 ²	Percent change, 198 to 1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	2,152,753	2,350,351	2,639,501	2,729,693	2,781,927	2,764,570	2,787,782	2,789,792	2,793,243	-
Neberne	16,052	19,002	20,632	20,721	21,395	22,052	20,655	21,011	21,070	2
Maska	908	780	735	1,077	961	986	969	1,123	946	28
Vrizona	2,304	4,876	8,682	10,084	12,156	13,492	14,818	13,027	8,681	l o
Arkaneas	8,440	9,420	11,539	11,077	11,219	12,024	11,835	10,422	10,960	5
California	133,716	170,374	191,155	196,847	201,842	205,576	206,232	205,624	207,480	8
Colorado	14,833	13,444	17,318	20,155	20,231	19,509	19,283	19,872	21,989	27
Connecticut	51,309	54,924	61,844	60,926	61,624	60,822	60,732	59,450	59,821	-3
Delaware	4,109	5,307	4,614	4,140	4,047	4,450	3,950	5,001	7,003	51
Florida	64,964 46,075	69,031 56,522	72,775 77,542	68,232 82,967	66,097 68,150	66,300 89,906	66,121 69,151	65,852 3 98,526	68,715 84,672	-8 9
Secondo .	24.644	30,992	44.004	40.004	•			,		
Georgia	24,611 3,599	3,393	44,001 3,912	46,034 4,578	47,311 5,824	48,834 6,175	47,870 6,691	47,854 9,103	49,711	13
daho	7,495	7,777	8,527	8,458	8,493	8.385	9,002	9,728	9,545	144
Nincie	138,512	139,631	152,971	155,294	158,364	156,565			10,776	26.
ndiana	55,929	54,387	56,029	56,552	59,553	57,339	158,465 58,734	161,527	165,637	8.
				30,332	38,333	37,339	26,734	56,048	54,807	-5.
owa	40,512	38,106	42,995	43,105	43,316	43,269	43,132	44,930	46,223	7.
Cansas	14,270	13,072	14,618	15,088	14,543	14,705	14,139	13,364	13,058	-10.
Centucky	21,351	19,988	28,182	29,196	30,180	30,853	30,888	29,504	31,332	11.
ouisiana	19,601	21,159	23,355	23,906	24,177	25,142	24,003	25,047	24,737	5.
Asine	8,729	9,351	11,386	15,065	19,518	19,278	19,013	11,770	12,395	8.
Maryland	30,619	29,026	30,475	32,140	32,528	32,408	32,657	34,059	35,651	17.
Assachusetts	187,682	210,921	234,650	229,588	237,369	235,882	235,573	238,947	236,825	0.
Aichigan	53,101	59,750	65,984	68,279	71,531	72,200	73,023	74,661	76,173	15
Ainneeota	30,221	38,126	44,312	45,601	45,960	46,840	47,178	47,768	1,116	15.
Alssissippi	8,999	10,043	11,703	11,231	11,864	11,698	10,476	11,179	12,226	4
Alesouri	51,390	84,919	69,242	70,24	71,268	70,828	72,317	77,302	80,532	16.
fontana	2,775	3,045	3,999	3,95 (4,133	4,345	3,926	4,046	4,024	0.
lebraska	15,481	13,465	15,979	16,8/:4	17,553	17,201	16,567	16,139	15,927	-0
ievada	93	177	175	393	389	307	288	306	272	55
lew Hampshire	13,421	16,825	22,875	21,190	26,687	25,726	25,614	25,153	25,264	11,
lew Jersey	70,748	69,350	74,582	66,185	63,607	61,942	60,361	59,560	59,025	-20.
lew Mexico	3,666	4,339	3,206	2,990	2,739	2,246	2,236	1,705	1,776	-44.
lew York.	357,042	391,221	428,986	439,308	443,058	440,619	436,847	435,645	425,498	-0
lorth Carolina	48,164	50,498	59,383	59,174	59,641	59,632	60,244	60,341	62,321	4 9
lorth Dakota	1,303	1,789	2,380	2,673	2,821	3,144	3,137	2,411	2,704	14 (
Ohio .	95,168	99,121	107,380	142,929	140,383	138,825	135,581	135,704	126,633	17.5
Xiahoma	18,717	22,241	23,107	23,139	22,883	22,212	22,346	21,797	23,824	3 .
Oregon	13,694	15,496	17,356	17,260	18,569	18,579	18,355	18,922	19,199	10 (
ennsylvania .	178,062	183,100	215,217	229,503	237,725	227,497	232,675	241,734	243,160	13.0
Ihode Island	20,371	32,168	31,817	33,644	35,230	34,638	34,538	34,061	35,391	11 2
iouth Carolina	22,417	25,333	24,793	27,925	27,753	26,266	26,048	25,924	27,489	10 9
outh Dakota	6,703	8,335	8,433	8,790	8,721	8,450	9,433	6,899	7,608	-9.6
ennessee	36,206	41,909	47,746	47,010	48,716	48,140	46,894	47,626	47,902	0 3
exes	78,703 32,099	82,178 30,787	87 939 34,389	91,533 34,200	92,894 35,069	91,620 34,648	92,500 34,568	90,477 33,148	92,516	5 :
	32,333	30,707	04,000	04,200	33,008	34,046	34,300	33,148	32,339	-8
ermont	9,673	11,950	12,644	12,382	12,650	12,594	12,572	13,726	13,882	91
irginia	28,636	29,418	34,004	35,847	37,489	38,005	41,662	42,631	43,443	27 8
/ashington	20,826	24,637	27,575	29,741	30,248	29,810	30,021	30,112	31,665	14.8
Vest Virginia	11,790	10,502	10,745	11,279	11,487	10,625	10,128	9,703	9,297	-13 9
/isconsin /yoming	31,684	30 166	33,907 26	34,226	35,963	35,781	36,334	38,705 622	41,184 621	21 5 (4
Outlying areas	20,557	44,347	77,057	96,582	101,658	93,318	99,479	97,641	90,024	16.6
-		+			,000	33,313	55,419	07,041	₩,UZ4	101
merican Samoa uam .	_	_	=1	=	_	_	_	_	-	_
orthern Mananas	_		_1	_		=1				_
uerto Rico	20,557	44,347	77,057	96,582	101,658	93,318	99,479	97,641	90,024	16.6
rust Territory of the Pacific irgin islands	_	-1			-1	-1	-1	_		

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989)



Revised from previously published data
 Preliminary data
 Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

years.

4 Percentage not shown because of introduction of a new institution in 1988

—Data not reported or not applicable

Table 166.—Total enrollment in all institutions of higher education, by attendance status, sex, and State: Fall 1986 and fall 1987

			Fall 1986 1					Fall 1987 2		
State or other area	Total	Full-tr	me	Part-t	me		Full-t	ime	Part-I	ime
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	12,504,501	3,599,295	3,520,781	2,285,681	3,098,744	12,768,307	3,610,918	3,620,588	2,321,213	3,215,586
Alabema . ,, , Alaska	181,443	61,850	65,866	24,361	29,366	183,348	61,384	66,438	25,221	30,305
Arizona	27,492 226,597	4,437	4,883	7.534	10,638	26,937	4,063	4,388	7,313	11,173
Arkansas	79,182	52,310 26,376	44,454 28,332	56,078	73,755	237,233	50,125	44,928	61,044	81,129
California	1,727,727	383,472	372,275	8,591 427,849	15,883 544,131	79,273 1.788,012	26,647 387,127	29,805 386,535	8,114 442,999	14,707 571,351
Colorado	177,428	53,569	48,719	32,118	40.000	400.000				57 1,55
Connecticut	158,278	40.108	41,401	31,091	43,022 45,678	183.583 162.382	56,352 40,098	53,059	30,488	43,6 34
Delaware	23,895	9,183	11,677	5,673	7,362	36,650	10,003	42,280	31,677	48,327
District of Columbia	77,652	23,066	24,187	14,570	15,829	77,566	22,983	12,555 24,718	5,766 14,483	9,3.16
Florida,	3 483,964	119,642	116,651	105,138	142.533	489,964	116,717	114,428	107,802	15,232 151,317
Georgia	195,123	66,199	66,545	26,258	36,121	4 224,066	71,401	74,670	33,696	44 000
Hawaii ,	51,696	14,691	15,304	10,125	11,576	52,291	14,334	15,223	10,401	44,299 12,333
Idaho Illinois	45,260	14,967	14,379	6,546	9,368	45,567	15,407	15.335	6,115	8,710
indiana	692,092	175,920	165,528	145,293	205,351	686,954	175,321	171,195	137,767	202,671
, ,	250,185	84,675	77,646	37,982	49,882	256,264	83,987	79,935	39,925	52,417
owa. , , ,	155,369	60,978	54,246	16,805	23,340	158,230	60,525	54,483	17,320	25,902
Kansas , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	143,208 144,562	43,746	39,121	23,545	36,796	146,439	43,900	40,476	24,200	25, 9 02 37, 863
ouisiana	171,344	45.014 62,484	48,916	18,485	32,147	153,351	46,190	51,339	20,280	35,542
Maine	46,230	14,139	£3,226 :4,296	18,453	27,181	173,229	61.699	64,502	18,344	28,484
			14,200	6,678	11,126	47,554	13,913	14.835	6,869	11,937
Maryland	233,492	52,662	56,136	50,616	74.078	239,362	53,893	57.868	51,350	76,251
Massachusetts Michigan , ,	417,562	126,032	135,984	64,924	90,622	423,916	126,361	139,304	64,919	-3, 33 2
Amnesota .	520,428 226,558	130,571 72,931	.33,689	110,724	145,444	535,486	132,319	138,137	113,128	151,852
dississippi .	101,104	36,305	71,946 39,401	32,132 10,206	49,549 15,192	237,212 105,510	71, 90 7 37,655	72,380 41,735	37,676	55,249
Aissouri	246,185	71,862	60 774	44.550		i	1	41,733	10,266	15,854
Montana.	35,238	13,509	68,774 12,232	44,553 3,812	60,996 5,685	251,778 35,882	73,695	71,634	44,31-	62,135
lebraska	100,401	29,370	27,099	18,075	25,357	100,828	12,950 29,169	11,802 27,616	4,548	6,582
levada	46,796	6,889	6,385	13,537	19.985	48.063	7,232	6.949	17,837 13,974	26,206
lew Hampshire	53,886	17,279	17,934	8 133	10,540	56,163	17,113	17,837	9,133	19,908 12,080
lew Jersey	295,353	73,876	73,534	61,572	86,371	294,433	73.063	74.847	60,975	05.540
lew Mexico lew York	80,271	20,373	18,979	17,723	23,196	83,074	20,927	19,910	18,083	85,548 24,154
orth Carolina	1,000.889	308,946	328,816	144,251	218,876	992,544	296,636	323,826	147,883	224,199
lorth Dakota	322,979 37,309	94,070 15,761	105,057	51,141	72,711	321,251	93,691	107,260	49,026	71,274
	37,300	13,701	13,011	3.634	4,903	37,052	15,932	13,216	3.347	4,557
Ohio	520,514	157,320	153,203	101,689	108,302	518,464	157,672	157,321	92,198	111,273
klahoma kregon ,	170,840	50,484	45.017	31,716	43,623	172,730	51,162	47,721	30,904	42,943
ennsylvania	144.801 545,924	44,711 184,451	40,313	25,760	34,017	152,657	43.533	40,487	29.027	39,610
thode Island	69.572	21,678	174.358 22.152	79,449 10,339	107.666 15 403	554,370	189,472	ر 182,15	74,991	107,722
		j		10,000	15 403	71,708	22,493	23,093	10,497	15,625
iouth Carolina iouth Dakota	134,115	44,184	48,770	16,422	24,739	140,841	45,525	50,885	17,366	27,065
ennessee	30,935	1 t,002	11,047	3,400	5.486	31,755	11,176	11,290	3,387	5,902
exas	197,069 776.019	64,093 218,927	65,096 200,081	28,203	39.677	202,006	63,909	66,516	29,506	42,075
Itah	106,213	39,546	32,580	158,930 17,813	198,081 16,274	802,226 106,792	225,824 36,805	214,080 31,057	160,107	202,215
ermont	32,460	11,106	11.004	0.000			1	01,001	19,825	19,105
/rginia	308.318	80.254	11,864 88,191	2,922 56,197	6,568	33.242	11,120	12,019	3,060	7,043
Vashington	242,450	70.296	69,258	40,261	93,676 62,635	319.026 245,872	82,914	92.282	57,803	86,027
Vest Virginia	76,781	24.482	24,575	9,546	18,178	77,256	70,157 24,574	71,121	41,270	63,324
/isconsin	283.653	94.975	94,899	40,865	52.914	281,717	90,785	25,312 94,096	9,421	17,949
lyoming.	24,357	7,722	6,409	3,838	6,388	26,062	8.012	7.080	41,382 3,967	55,454 7,003
S Service Schools	53,302	46.811	6,339	125	27	80,136	50,866	8,545	219	506
Outlying areas	165.620	51,371	76,957	14,602	22,690	156,809	48,192	73,901	12,662	
mencan Samoa	759	196	164	180	219	897	211			22,054
uam	4,477	1.078	1,135	1,112	1,152	4,072	787	173 917	189 1,224	324
orthern Marianas	514	111	93	123	187	366	57	53	104	1,14 4 152
uerto Rico rust Territory of the Pacific	156,580 795	49,330	74,817	12.529	19,804	147,706	46,613	71,810	10,458	18,825
irgin islands .	2,495	450 206	197	68	80	1,223	318	369	209	327
	2,700	200	551	490	1,248	2,545	206	579	478	1,282

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)



Data have been revised from previously published figures
 Preliminary data
 Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

years
4 Part of the 1987 increase is due to the inclusion of additional public 2-year institutions in the survey

Table 167.—Total enrollment in public institutions of higher education, by attendance status, sex, and State: Fall 1986 and fall 1987

State or other area	Total	Full-ti	me	Part-ti	me i	1	Full-1	ima	Part-1	
	+ OUAL					Tatal L	1 0/11	RING	- FEET	ame
1		Men	Women	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Men	Womer
· ·	2	3	4	5	8	7	6	9	10	11
United States	9,714,709	2,806,871	2,556,560	1,899,277	2,652,201	9,975,064	2,826,203	2,641,277	1,947,421	2,760,
Nabama	160,432	53,532	56,556	23,129	27,215	162,278	52,940	57,138	23,956	28,
Maska	26,369	4,134	4,537	7,407	10,291	25,991	3,605	4,040	7,184	10,
vrtzone	213,570	43,961	40,913	55,504	73,192	228,552	44,688	42,836	60,390	80,
rkansas	68,760	22,070	23,597	6,163	14,930	68,313	22,278	24,826	7,577	13,
alfornia	1,522,103	306,255	306,036	392,923	518,689	1,580,532	312,487	318,683	407,439	541,
olorado	157,556	48,346	42,331	29,050	39,829	181,594	48,453	45,511	27,266	40
onnecticut	96,828	21,908	23,852	20,028	33,040	102,561	22,170	24,482	20,599	35
olawere	28,894	8,308	10,442	4,402	5,742	29,647	8,484	10,577	4,367	•
etrict of Columbia	11,800	2,153	2,182	3,313	4,172	10,851	1,761	1,762	3,419	3
orida	385,438	62,188	85,848	87,967	129,435	405,292	84,068	89,710	92,985	135
eorgia	147,269	47,183	47,747	21,851	30,488	² 174,355	52,214	53,587	29,412	36
weii	42,593	11,535	12,573	8,127	10,358	42,748	11,143	12,427	8,251	10
leho	35,532	11,819	9,942	5,705	8,266	34,791	11,649	10,203	5,289	7
nois	530,565	120,002	115,455	120,090	175,018	521,117	119,763	118,880	111,705	170
liene	194,139	59,931	57,265	34,187	42,756	201,457	60,279	59,478	36,304	4
T			1	·		•				•
wa	110,439	43,123	37,317	12,635	17,364	112,007	42,754	37.629	12,879	10
M888	129,844	36,684	34,014	22,449	34,697	133,383	39,069	35,532	22,925	3
intucky	115,058	34,395	37,362	16,116	27,183	122,019	35,284	39,513	17,297	2
uieiana	146,297	52,874	53,185	18,293	24,145	148,492	52,192	55,066	18,013	2
ine	34,460	10,109	9,369	5,785	9,217	35,159	9,687	9,550	5,974	-
aryland	199,433	43,689	45,987	43,990	65,767	203,711	44,402	47,258	44,870	6
esachusetts	178,815	45,030	50,667	32,733	50,185	187,091	48,252	53,975	33,743	5
chigan	445,787	108,332	108,419	99,598	129,418	459,313	110,673	112,289	101,937	13
nneeota	178,790	54,136	51,469	28,651	44,514	186,096	52,048	50,690	33,692	4
saisaippi	89,925	32,852	35,281	8,628	12,964	93,284	34,094	36,899	8,697	1
esouri	1(`8,883	47,408	47,477	29,779	44,219	171,248	47,713	48,630	29,399	4
ontana.	31,192	12,536	10,837	3,114	4,705	31,858	11,956	10,543	3.797	•
obraska	64,262	23,928	21,303	18,315	22,718	84,901	23,584	21,797	18,175	2
rvada	48,490	6,714	8,306	13,506	19,964	47,791	7,098	8,899	13,938	1
w Hampshire	28,733	8,508	9,482	4,815	5,928	30,899	8,635	9,735	5,742	•
w Jarsey	235,793	54,938	56,983	50,723	73,149	235,408	54,812	56,178	50,374	7
w Mexico	78,566	19,978	18,544	17,340	22,704	81,298	20,353	19,392	17,768	2
w York	565,244	160,353	179,214	87,144	138,533	587,046	151,741	174,299	93,745	14
xth Carolina	262,638	68,801	78,597	47,964	67,278	258,930	66,165	79,24.	45,410	6
rth Dakota .	34,898	14,933	11,986	3,437	4,542	34,348	14,845	€,035	3,201	٠
wo	384,810	114,778	113,603	68,956	89,473	391,831	118,218	118,403	66,462	٠
		41,958	38,234	28,304	40,547	148,906	41,557	39,855		
dehome	149,043		33,684	23,741	31,630	133,458	35,240		27,783	3
regon	125,879	35,824 98,497	93,072	45,433	87,188	311,210	100,060	33,449	27,253	3
nnsylvania iode Island	304,190 35,511	8,278	9,890	8,244	11,099	36,317	8,484	97,700 10,820	45,038 8,135	6
					•		,		-,	
uth Carolina	108,191	34,259	36,547	14,730	22,855	113,352	35,238	37,738	15,562	2
outh Dakota	24,036	9,158	8,073	2,758	4,047	24,147	9,126	8,052	2,669	
nnessee	149,443	44,450	44,429	25,378	35,186	154,104	44,711	45,853	26,390	3
oxas ah	665,542 73,067	181,514 26,994	166,625 21,362	148,989 13,258	188,414 11,453	709,710 74,453	190,178 24,463	180,717 19,540	147,826 15,661	19 1
	, ,,,,,	1	1						ŀ	•
rmont	18,734	6,032	8,405	1,992	4,305	19,360	6,012	8,561	2,124	_
rginis	265,667	65,191	68,941	52,942	78,613	275,583	87,709	72,898	54,462	6
ashington	212,338	60,085	57,644	36,502	58,107	214,207	59,514	58,618	3 7,350	5
est Virginia	87,078	21,228	20,931	8,598	18,321	87,959	21,583	21,708	8,451	1
sconsin	244,948	61,2 6 6	81,299	38,446	45,937	240,533	76,310	79,514	36 720	4
roming	23,735	7,102	8,407	3,838	8,388	25,441	7,397	7,074	3,967	
Service Schools	53,302	46,811	6,339	125	27	60,136	50,866	8,545	219	
Outlying areas	87,979	21,550	30,349	6,178	9,902	66,785	19,803	30,474	5,867	1
nerican Samoa	759	196	164	180	219	897	211	173	189	
em .	4,477	1,078	1,135	1,112	1,152	4,072	787	917	1,224	
orthern Marianas	514	111	93	123	187	366	57	53	104	
verto Rico	58,939	19,509	28,209	4,205	7,016	57,682	18,224	28,383	3,663	
ust Territory of the Pacific	795	450	197	68	80	1,223	318	389	209	
gin Islands	2,495	206	551	490	1,248	2,545	206	579	478	

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys. (This table was prepared March 1989.)



Preliminary data
 Part of the 1967 increase is due to the inclusion of additional public 2-year institutions in the survey.

Table 168.—Total enrollment in private institutions of higher education, by attendance status, sex, and State: Faii 1986 and faii 1987

	ļ		Fall 1986 1					Fall 1987 2		
State or other area	Total	Full-1	bme	Part-1	time		Full-1	time	Part-	tme
	, otal	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Мел	Women
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11
United States	2,789,792	992,624	964,221	386,404	446,543	2,793,243	984,715	979,311	373,792	455,42
Alabama	21,011	8,318	9,310	1,232	2,151	21,070	8,444	9,300	1,265	2,06
Arizona	1,123 13,027	303 8,349	346	127	347	946	258	348	129	21
Arkenses	10,422	4,306	3,541 4,735	574	563	8,681	5,437	2,092	654	48
California	205,624	77,217	66,239	428 34,926	953 27,242	10,960 207,480	4,371 74,640	4,979	537	1,07
0-1]	5 1,525	27,242	207,400	74,040	87,852	35,560	29,42
Colorado	19,872	7,223	8,388	3,068	3,193	21,989	7,899	7,548	3,222	3,32
Deleware	59,450 5,001	18,200 875	17,549	11,063	12,638	59,821	17,928	17,798	11,078	13,01
District of Columbia	65,852	20,913	1,235 22,025	1,271	1,620	7,003	1,519	1,978	1,369	2,13
Florida	3 98,526	37,454	30,803	11,257 17 171	11,657 13,098	66,715 64,872	21,222 32,649	22,956 24,718	11,084	11,47
Georgia	47.064	40.040	40.700				02,040	24,710	14,817	12,48
Heweii	47,854 9,103	19,018 3,156	18,798 2,731	4,407	5,633	49,711	19,187	21,083	4,284	5,15
Ideho	9,726	3,348	4,437	1,998 641	1,218	9,545	3,191	2,796	2,150	1,40
B00 2	161,527	55,918	50,073	25,203	1,102 30,333	10,778	3,758	5,132	826	1,06
Indiana	56,048	24,744	20,381	3,795	7,126	165,837 54,807	55, 58	52,315	26,062	31,90
				3,703	7,120	54,607	23,708	20,457	3,821	7,02
lowa	44,930	17,855	18,929	4,170	5,976	48,223	17,771	18,854	4,641	8,95
Kansas Kentucky	13,364	5,062	5,107	1,096	2,099	13,056	4,831	4,944	1,275	2,00
Louisiana	29,504 25,047	10,819 9,810	11,554	2,367	4,964	31,332	10,906	11,826	2,383	5,81
Maine	11,770	4,021	10,041 4,927	2.160 913	3.036	24,737	9,707	9,436	2,331	3,26
	11,770	7,021	4,827	913	1,909	12,395	4,026	5,285	895	2,18
Maryland	34,059	8,973	10,149	8,826	8,311	35.651	9,491	10,610	8,680	
Massachusetts	238,947	81,002	85,317	32,191	40,437	238,825	80,109	85,329	31,178	8,87 40,21
Wichigan	74,661	22,239	25,270	11,126	16,026	78,173	21,646	25,898	11,191	17,43
Winnesota	47,768	18,795	20,457	3,481	5,035	51,116	19,859	21,690	3,984	5,56
Wesisalppi	11,179	3,453	4,120	1,378	2,228	12,226	3,561	4,836	1,569	2,26
discouri	77,302	24,454	21,297	14,774	16,777	80,532	25,982	22,804	14,915	16,83
Nontana	4,046	973	1,395	898	980	4,024	994	1,259	751	1,02
douada	18,139 306	5,442	5,796	1,760	3,141	15,927	5,585	5,819	1,662	2,86
lew Harroshive	25,153	175 8,771	79 8,452	31 3,318	21 4,612	2.2 25,264	134 8,478	50	36	5
low Jersey			i			10,201	0,470	8,102	3,391	5,29
lew Mexico	59,560 1,705	18,938 395	16,551	10,649	13,222	59,025	18,451	16,669	10,601	13,30
lew York	435,645	148,593	435 149,602	383	492	1,776	574	518	315	389
forth Carolina	60,341	25,269	26,460	57,107 3,177	80,343 5,435	425,498	144,895	149,527	54,138	78,93
lorth Dakota	2,411	828	1,025	197	361	62,321 2,704	25,526 1,087	27,275 1,181	3,618 146	5,90- 290
Ohio	135,704	42.542	20.500			1	,,		140	290
Oklahoma	21,797	42,542 8,526	39,600 8,783	34,733 3,412	18,829 3,076	126,833	41,454	36,918	25,736	20,52
Pregon	13,922	7,887	8,629	2,019	2,387	23.824	9,605	7,866	3,121	3,23
ennsylvania	241,734	85,954	81,286	34,016	40,478	19,199 243,160	8,293	7,038	1,774	2,094
hode Island	34,061	13,400	12,262	4,095	4,304	35,391	89,412 14,009	84,485 12,473	29 953 4 362	39,310 4,547
outh Carolina	25,924	9,925	12,223	1,892	2024					4,041
outh Dakota	8,899	1,844	2,974	642	2,084 1,439	27,489	10,287	13,147	1,804	2,251
ennessee	47,626	19,643	20,667	2,825	4,491	7,608 47,902	2,050	3,238	718	1,602
exas	90,477	37,413	33,456	9,941	9,667	92,516	19,198 35,646	20,663	3,116	4,925
tah ,	33,148	12,552	11,218	4,555	4.821	32,339	12,342	33,363 11,517	12,281 4,164	11,22 0 4,318
ermont	13,726	5,074	5,459	930	2 200	10.000	i			7,010
irginia	42,631	15,063	19,250	3,255	2,263 5,063	13,882 43,443	5,108 15,205	5,458	936	2,380
ashington .	30,112	10,211	11,614	3,759	4,528	31,665	10,643	19,384 12,305	3,341	5,513
et Virginia	9,703	3,254	3,644	948	1,857	9,297	2,991	3,604	3,920 970	4,797
/isconsin /yoming	38,705 822	13,709	13,600	4,419	6,977	41,184	14,475	14,582	4,662	1,732 7,465
Outlying areas.	97,641	29,821		9.424	-	621	615	- 6		
merican Samoa.	57,041	20,021	46,608	8,424	12,768	90,024	28,389	43,427	C,795	11,413
Merican Samoa.	=1	Ξi	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
orthern Marianas		-	=1	=1	_	_	_	_	-	_
uerto Rico ust Territory of the Pacific	97,641	29,821	46,608	8,424	12,788	90,024	29,389	43,427	6,795	11,413
	-1	-1	-1	-!		-1	-1	· _1		, 410
rgin Islands .		_ 1	!	1	l	_1	l l			_

^{*} Data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)



² Proliminary data
³ Bacause of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other years.
—Data not reported or not applicable

Table 169.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by control and type of institution and State:
Fall 1986 and fall 1987

State or other area	_	Fail 1	NOG ,			Fall 1	987 2	
Sale of Guini alea	Public 4-year	Public 2-year	Private 4-year	Private 2-year	Public 4-year	Public 2-year	Private 4-year	Private 2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	5,300,500	4,414,129	2,523,922	265,870	5,45 .,010	4,541,054	2,558,075	235,10
lebems	103,575	56,857	16,569	4,442	105,914	56,364	17,466	3,6
Jacka	10,578	15,791	1,123		11,341	14,650	946	
rizona	86,732	126,838	11,004	2,023	89,373	139,179	6,888	1,79
rkanees	54,350	14,410	8,879	1,543	53,885	14,428	9,025	1,93
allfornia	487,877	1,034,426	194,223	11,401	503,253	1,077,279	196,190	11,2
olorado	106,143	51,413	15,558	4,314	106,571	55,023	17,708	4.2
connecticut	58,996	39,830	57,666	1,784	62,024	40,537	58,090	1,7
elaware	20,958	7,936	5,001		21,456	8,191	7,003	
letrict of Columbia	11,800		65,652		10,851	-	66,715	
orida	³ 150,177	235,261	84,653	13,873	150,916	254,376	80,590	4,0
eorgie	116,634	30,635	38,920	8,934	4 124,991	49,364	41,651	\$,0
ewal	22,687	19,906	9,103		22,404	20,342	9,545	
leho	28,620	6,912	2.353	7,375	29,761	5,010	2,397	8,37
Incis	195,681	334,884	152,508	9,019	197,057	324,060	156,401	9,43
dene	162,314	31,825	52,008	4,038	166,736	34,721	51,397	3,4
wa	70,055	40,384	41,481	3,448	89,335	42,872	42,898	3,3
enses	85,180	44,664	12,096	1,268	65,646	47,537	11,809	1,2
intucky	89,489	25,569	20,750	8,754	93,857	28,162	23,236	8,0
wielene	132,032	14,265	23,142	1,905	134,148	14,344	23,596	1,1
aine	29,491	4,969	10,614	956	29,667	5,272	11,437	95
eryland	105,534	93,899	33.299	780	107,196	96,515	34,799	8:
seeschusetts	106,699	69,916	220,903	18.044	113,440	73,651	220,982	15.8
chigen	236,648	209,119	68,183	6,478	244,268	215,025	72,557	3,6
innesota	130,926	47,864	43,265	4,503	132,316	53,780	46,306	4,8
esissippi	50,415	39,510	9,494	1,685	50,382	42,902	9,914	2,3
seouri	110,683	58,200	74,270	3,032	111,911	59,335	77,303	3.2
ontane	27,681	3,511	2,987	1,059	27,234	4,624	3,312	7
braska	55,284	28,978	15,767	352	55,552	29,349	15,474	45
wada	22,496	23,992	261	25	23,425	24,366	247	2
w Hampshire	21,507	7,226	22,560	2,593	22,612	8,287	23,058	2,20
rw Jersey	131,388	104,405	57,147	2,413	131,659	103,549	56,471	2,59
sw Mexico	46,248	32,320	1,705		47,471	33,627	1,776	
w York	338,380	226,864	400,406	35,239	342,436	224,610	394,534	30,90
orth Carolina	133,415	129,223	53,783	6,558	135,340	123,590	55,535	6,76
orth Dekota	27,389	7,509	2,311	100	27,358	6,990	2.466	23
nio	262,654	122,156	102,130	33,574	270,167	121,664	103,198	23,43
dahoma	93,640	55,403	17,222	4,575	93,619	55,267	16,464	5,36
egon	61,584	64,295	18,556	366	88,616	66,642	18,870	32
nnsylvania .	192,626	111,564	208,082	33,652	222.583	88,627	209,846	33,31
node Island .	22,415	13,096	34,061		23,210	13,107	35,391	•
uth Carolina	70.304	37,887	21,342	4,582	74,799	38.553	22,381	5,10
uth Dakota	24,036	<u>- </u>	6,243	658	24,147		6.900	70
nnesse	100,455	48,988	42,029	5,597	102.702	51,402	42,302	5,6
X88	369,908	315,634	87,023	3,454	376.531	333,179	86,975	3,5
ah	51.937	21,130	31.655	1,491	52,622	21,831	31,220	1,1
rmont	15,079	3,655	11,967	1,759	15,390	3,970	11.809	2,0
ginia	147,946	117,741	40,130	2,501	151,589	123,994	42,011	1,4
sahington	77,313	135.025	28,880	1,232	77.722	136,485	30,258	1,40
et Virginia	57,528	9,550	7,109	2,594	58,311	9,648	7,105	2,11
econein .	154,626	90,322	37,409	1,296	151,329	89,204	39,621	1,56
yoming	9,980	13,755	-	622	10,401	15.040		62
S, Servicu Schools	18,685	34,817	_		19,626	40,310		
Outlying areas .	59,070	6,909	87,191	10,450	57,508	9,277	80,536	9,48
merican Samos	_	759	_]	_]		697		
18m	2,656	1,821	-	-	2,210	1.862		
orthern Marienas	-	514			-1	366	_	
verto Rico	53,919	5,020	87,191	10,450	52,753	4.929	80,536	9,48
ust Territory of the Pacific .		795	-		-	1,223		-
rgin Islands	2,495				2,545			

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures



² Preliminary data.

³ Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other years.

⁴ Part of the 1987 increase is due to the inclusion of ado-tional public 2-year institutions in the survey

⁻⁻ Data not reported or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)

Table 170.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by level of enrollment and State: Fall 1986 and 1987

S, te or other area	_	Fa# 1:	966 '			Fall 1	987 2	
S. 48 OF Other Bree	Total	Undergraduate	First- professional	Graduate	Total	Undergraduate	First- professional	Graduate
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States .	12,504,501	10,798,800	270,413	1,435,288	12,768,307	11,047 ,90 2	260,467	1,451,93
Nebeme	181,443	162,635	2,955	15,853	183,348	164,041	3,009	16,29
Vaska	27,492	25,691		1,801	26,937	25,694	-	1,24
vizone	226,597	202,158	1,447	22,994	237,233	213,799	1,451	21,98
Arkaneas	79,182 1,727,727	79,896 1,533,397	1,320 29,812	8,966 164,718	79,273 1,788,012	72,089 1,588,445	1,315	5, 8 6 170,12
				·	1,100,012	1,500,445	29,447	170,14
Colorado ,	177,428 158,278	151,355 125,352	3,437 3,275	22,636	183,583	158,146	3,003	22,4
Delaware	33,895	30,980	3,273	29,651	162,382	128,126	3,363	30,8
istrict of Columbia	77,852	48,077	8,827	2,915 22,748	38,650	32,711	1,029	2,9
lorida	3 483,964	431,811	6,989	45,364	77,566 489,964	46,267 438,128	8,587 7,232	22,7 ⁻ 44,60
	405 400				·		,,252	44,0
leorgie	195,123 51,696	181.902 45.628	8,940 496	26,281	4 224,066	189,718	7,437	26,9
laho	45,260	39.668	265	5,572	52,291	47,100	475	4,7
inois	692,092	594,119	17,111	5,327 80,862	45,587 686,954	39,906	296	5,30
diene	250,185	215,096	5,490	19.599	258,264	587,099 221,107	17,022 5,312	82,8 29,8
	· ·	ĺ				221,107	5,312	28,04
wa	155,389	133,586	5,945	15,838	158,230	135,016	8,094	17,1
MOSS	143,208	121,924	2,275	19,009	148,439	125,625	2,219	18,5
entucky	144,562	123,931	4,518	16,113	153,351	131,422	4,484	17,44
puleiena	171,344 46,230	145,813	8,026	19,505	173,229	147,524	5,466	20,2
aine	40,230	43,029	548	2,653	47,554	44,190	548	2,81
laryland	233,492	200,662	3,713	29,117	239,362	204,581	3,778	31,00
assachusetts	417,562	335,663	13,095	68,804	423,916	342,575	13,189	68.1
chigan	520,428	458,133	9,881	52,414	535,486	471,061	9.602	54.8
nneeota	226.558	198,374	5,912	22,272	237,212	207,882	5,702	23.6
iesissippi	101,104	91,010	1.662	8,432	105.510	95,206	1,631	8,67
leeouri	246,185	207.597	8,197	30.391	251,778	210,717	9,415	31,64
ontana	35,238	31,381	771	3.086	35.882	32,340	217	3,32
obraska	100,401	87,316	2,697	10,388	100,828	87.803	2,633	10.38
evada	46,796	43,790	255	2,751	48,063	44,058	185	3,82
ew Hampshire	53,886	47,166	631	6.089	58,163	48,181	745	7,23
w Jersey .	295,353	250.955	5.969	38,429	294,433	249,369	6 400	00.04
w Mexico .	80,271	69,758	612	9.903	83.074	71.939	6,183 625	38.86
pw York	1,000,889	820,145	25,860	154,875	992,544	812,195	26,202	10,5
orth Carolina .	322,979	290,339	5,965	26,675	321,251	287,980	6,088	154,14
orth Dekota	37,309	33,541	420	3,348	37,052	33,670	407	27.18 2,97
	520,514	450.877	12,737	57.400	540 404		.	
klaho	170,840	148,168	3.853	57.100 20,819	518,464 172,730	449,360	12,078	57,02
egon	144,801	127.881	3,459	13,461	152,657	148,293	3,672	20.76
nnsylvania	545,924	466,147	13,942	65 835	554.370	133,594 471,730	3,340	15,72
node Island	89,572	60.901	293	8 378	71,708	62,814	13,950 288	68,89 8,60
with Carolina	40.445	440.050						•,••
outh Daketa	134,115 30,935	116,350	2 620	15,145	140.841	_ು,988 ∤	2,496	17.35
nnesser,	197,069	27,135 171,328	459	3,341	31.755	28,178	423	3,15
DIES .	778,019	657,769	5,517	20,224	202,006	175.569	5,506	20.93
ah	106.213	95,437	17,777 1,257	100.473 9.519	802,226 106,792	694.452 95 676	15,374 1,276	92,40 9.84
‡						30070	1,2/0	8,04
mont	32,460 308,318	28,796	355	3,309	33.242	29.492	369	3,38
rginia .		265,773	6,041	36,504	319,026	276,121	6.084	38,82
eshington est Virginia	242.450	221.984	3,138	17,520	245,872	224,660	3,054	18,15
aconsin	76,781 283,653	66,708 252,579	1,229	8,844	77,256	67.415	1,232	8,60
roming	24,357	22,451	3,779 191	27,295 1,715	281.717 26,062	251,259 24,149	3,706 206	26,75
S Service Schools	53,302	50,042	641	2,619	60,136	58.442		1,70
Outlying areas	165,620	153,367					1.046	64
nencan Samoa	759		3,172	9,081	156,809	145,196	2,312	9,30
iem	4,477	759 4,058	_	419	897 4,072	897 3,808	=	
orthern Marianas	514	514	_	-1	366	366	_	26
erto Rico.	156,580	144,920	3,172	8,488	147,706	136,541	2,312	8,85
ust Territory of the Pacific	795	795	-1	· -	1,223	1,223		5,55
gin Islands	2,495	2.321		174	2,545	2,361		

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPCDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989)



² Preliminary data

^{*}Because of imputation techniques, data are not consistent with figures for other

years.

• Part of the 1987 increase is due to the inclusion of additional public 2-year institutions in the survey.

⁻Data not reported or not applicable

Table 171.—Total first-time freshmen enrollment in institutions of higher education, by attendance status, sex, control of institution, and State: Fail 1986 and fail 1987

	Fall 1	986 1					Fall 1987 2				
State or other area		_			Full-time			Part-time			
	Total	Fuil-time	Total	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Public institutions	Private institute x
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Plates	2,219,402	1,589,573	2,246,352	1,626,764	779,211	847,553	619,588	267,374	352,214	1,737,646	598,7
abama	39,160	31,649	40,161	32,777	15,125	17,652	7.404	2 224			
eeks	1,384	1,202	759	611	295	316	7,404 148	3,331 53	4,073 95	34,607 630	5,5 1
rizory	56,229	22.372	56,345	25.683	13,731	11,952	30,662	13,384	17,278	53,048	3,2
rkenses	16.781	13,735	16,772	14,311	6,525	7,786	2,461	807	1,654	13,697	3,0
all'omia	276,246	132,435	277,766	135,779	66,293	69,486	141,987	63,729	78 258	254,227	23,5
olorado	27,429	20.792	30,026	21,484	10,622	10,862	8.542	3,590	4,952	25,456	4,5
onnecticut	30,238	18,885	30,244	19.545	9,349	10,196	10,699	4,353	6,346	21,193	9,0
plaware	7,464	5,468	7,186	5.622	2,40~	3,218	1,564	657	907	6,031	1,1
istrict of Columbia	10,370 376,161	7,807 56,700	9,705 75,808	7,827 48.799	3.310 23,949	4,517 24,850	1,678 27,009	668 11,636	1,210 15,373	2,379 58,721	7,3 17,0
eorgia	38,061	32,670	4 45,922	37,923	18,122	40.004	1				
sweii	8,733	5,874	8,427	5,729	2,698	19,801 3.031	7,999 2,698	3.515 1,366	4,484 1.332	33,514 6,120	12 4
eho	9,740	7,954	9.863	8,479	3,879	4,600	1,384	611	773	5,453	4,4
Inois	106,092	68,776	109,599	72,757	35,756	37,001	36.842	15,096	21,746	85.310	24,2
diene	47,439	38,772	50,420	39,575	19,369	20,206	10,845	4.882	5,963	37,440	12,9
M	35,308	29,537	35,439	29,580	14,993	14,587	5,859	2,244	3,615	26.287	9.1
Mees menseles	26,644	18,231	26.506	18,788	9,346	9,442	7,718	3,258	4,460	23,599	2,9
intucky uisiana	27 152 29,232	22,559 25,488	28,156 30,631	23,867 27,444	10,915	12.952	4,289	1,497	2,792	20,549	7,0
sine ,	9,202	7,778	9.085	3.185	12,284 3,862	15 160 4,323	3,187 900	1,281 298	1,906 602	25.691 5,995	4,9 3,0
eryland	31,714	21,334	30,763	£. 338	9.828	.1.510	0.405	0.575			
erylend Besachusetts	79,372	61,274	77,906	62,384	27.296	11,510 31,088	9,425 15,522	3,575	5,850	25,946	4,8
Ichigen	98,118	61,216	94,593	61,247	28,544	32,703	33,346	6.759 14.812	8.763 18.534	35,924 80,079	41,9
nneeota	46,234	35,790	46,716	35,468	16,859	18.629	11,228	4,153	7.075	36,112	14,5 10,6
esissippi	25,370	21,143	27,067	22,968	10,415	12,553	4,099	1.453	2,646	24,411	2,6
escuri	36,229	29.18€	36.375	30,755	14,467	16,288	5.620	2,144	3.476	26,262	10,1
ontana, .	5,567	4,889	5,365	4,664	2.318	2,346	701	304	397	4,502	
ibraska	18.632 6,000	12.062	16,644	12,911	6.232	6.679	3,733	1,561	2,172	13,673	2 9
w Hampshire	10,987	2 5 / 0 9,584	6.655 11,330	2,911 9.640	1,411 4,769	1,500 4,87	3.744 1,690	1,523 660	2,221 1,030	6,557 6,015	5,3
ow Jersey	45.240	32.355	41,634	34,110	15,883	18,227	7,524	2,866	4.550	33,791	
ew Mexico	8,677	6,722	9.012	7,156	3 577	3,579	1.856	755	4 658 1,101	8,740	7,8 2
rw York .	165.963	144,975	163.900	140,488	65.005	75,483	23,412	9,457	13.955	100,491	63,4
rth Cerolina	67,354	53.097	62.157	51,595	23,712	27.883	10,562	4.815	5,747	47,561	14.
orth Dakota	8,017	6,947	€,249	7.584	4.172	3.412	665	293	372	7.515	7
vio	104,564	70.822	98.903	71.171	34 304	36,867	27,732	15,523	12,209	67.891	31.0
dehome .	29,327	19.311	31.424	21.648	10,601	10,847	9,776	3.860	5.916	26.833	4.5
egon	25,151	17,133	26.387	18.500	9,156	9,344	7,887	3.418	4,469	23.075	3,3
nnsylvania iode Island	104,148 12,572	85,919 11,554	113,999	94,831 12,254	46.966 6,024	47.865 6,230	19.168 1,446	7,168 550	12 000 896	62.811 5,778	51,1 7,9
uth Carolina	28,674	24,435	32,124	26,083	11,970	14,113	0044			1	
uth Dakota	5,889	5,163	6.623	5.867	2 69	3.098	6.041 756	2,691 287	3,350	24,303	7,6
nnessee	32,840	28,722	34 492	30 368	14 148	16.220	4,124	1,682	469 2 442	4,599 23,424	2,0 11,0
XAS	124,574	89,100	134,756	95,661	47 575	48.086	39.095	17.035	22.060	118,473	16,2
ah	21.469	18,977	15,285	11,743	5 597	6,146	3,542	1.655	1.887	9.925	5,3
rmont	6,908	6,391	6,578	6.026	3.020	3,006	552	129	423	3.463	3.1
ginua	46,770	38.234	48,972	40,227	18.161	22.066	8,745	3,712	5,033	38,703	10,2
shington	68,705	38,326	68 450	38 753	18 954	13,799	29.697	12.631	17,066	63 415	5.0
est Virginia	13,586	11 146	15.568	12,684	6,141	6.543	2,884	872	2.012	13.465	2.1
aconsin roming	52.410 5,175	43.765 4,154	51,357 5.837	41,760 4,514	19,9 26 2,509	21,834 2,005	9,597 1,323	4 297 477	5,300 846	44,025 5,216	7,3 6
Service Schools	4,151	4,151	4 691	4,670	3.875	795	21	1	20	4 691	
Dutlying areas	35,383	31,758	29.768	27 362	11.185	16.177	2.406	914	1,492	13,488	16,2
nerican Samoa	270	144	461	205	102	103	256	48	208	461	<u>-</u>
em	520	417	341	235	101	134	106	50	5 6	341	
rthem Marianas	138	96	96	28	13	15	68	34	34	96	
erto Rico	33,983	30,684	28.243	26,398	10,794	15,604	1,845	730	1 1 15	11.963	16,2
set Territory of the Pacific	214	204	383	267	115	152	116	49	67	383	
gin Islands	258	213	244	229	60	169	15	3 :	12 !	244	

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

SOURCL U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, "Fall Enrollment" survey , this table was prepared March 1989)



² Preliminary deta.

³ Because of imputation techniques, data are not consulent with figures for other

years.
4 Part of the 1967 increase is due to the inclusion of additional public 2 year institu-

⁻Data not available

Table 172.—Full-time-equivalent enrol ment in Institutions of higher education, by control and type of institution and State:
Fall 1986 and fall 1987

⊢			Fall 1986					Fall 1987 1		
State or other area	Total	Public 4-year	Public 2-year	Private 4-year	Private 2-year	Total	Public 4-year	Public 2-year	Private 4-year	Private 2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States .	9,062,579	4,296,159	2,482,442	2,063,615	220,363	9,228,513	4,397,097	2,541,520	2,009,353	200,54
Alabama	147,490	86,181	42,375	14,908	4,046	148,257	67,696	41,307	15,729	3,32
Aleske	15,720 141,719	7,743 69,86 3	7,144 59,516	833 10,403	1,935	15,023 144,196	6,020 71,632	8,264 64,384	739	4.70
Arkeness	83,801	45,495	8,727	6,095	1,464	64,943	45,864	9,099	6,167 8,227	1,79 1,75
California	1,093,183	402,215	522,749	157,754	10,465	1,125,891	413,464	544,065	158,017	10,34
Colorado	129,573	86,579	26,911	12,439	3,644	136,212	89,960	28,207	14,296	3,72
Connecticut	109,733 25,703	44,827 17,810	19,942 4,652	43,633 3,241	1,331	111,803 27,857	46,753 16,193	19,957	43,808	1,28
District of Columbia	59,307	7,308	7,052	51,999		59,534	6,458	4,737	4,927 53,076	-
Florida	324,334	113,345	130,932	66,803	13,254	322,729	114,503	140,218	63,990	4,02
Georgia	156,307	94,733	19,616	33,486	6,270	175,030	100,997	30,054	36,266	7,02
Hawaii	37,805	18,510	12,149	7,148	-	37,770	16,190	12,198	7,382	-,,52
Ideho	35,343 464,919	22,264	4,526	2,113	6,440	36,401	23,216	3,549	2,138	7,49
Indiene	195,835	1 60,83 5 127,313	176,252 19,089	119,722 45,773	8,110 3,660	466,758 199,040	161,660 130,800	174,421 19,678	122,232 45,304	8,44 3,05
lowa	130,006	60,776	30,466	35,620	3,142	130,900	59,859	31,875	36,180	•
Kaneas	104,873	68,101	25,143	10,287	1,142	106,772	68,987	26,718	9,948	2,98 1,12
Kentucky	112,952	71,999	15,869	17,317	7,767	116,501	74,677	17,483	16,905	7,23
Louisiene	143,080	112,682	6,497	20,004	1,897	144,260	114,222	6,865	20,239	1,13
Maine	35,372	21,685	3,432	9,158	697	36,067	22,085	3,466	9,681	83:
Maryland	153,872	61,194	47,587	24,235	6/6	157,610	82,739	48,749	25,360	76
Messachusetts	320,562 355,598	63,731 191,997	41,941 105,333	161,910 53,032	12,980 5,236	325,279 365,091	67,239	44,516	162,159	11,36
Minnesota	175,829	101,563	31,681	38,383	4,202	179,364	197,776 98,413	108,349 35,662	58,032 40,907	2,934 4,38
Mississippi	84,946	44,515	31,436	7,491	1,504	88,856	44,630	34,320	7,773	2,13
Missouri	179,816	90,046	31,471	55,429	2,672	184,679	91,050	32,389	58,204	3,036
Montana	29,405 72,478	24,315 43,783	2,063 15,530	2,314 12,830	713 333	28,936	23,388	2,600	2,520	430
Nebrseka	25,242	15,439	9,522	258	25	72,820 26,236	43,994 16,225	15,645 9,792	12,780 194	40° 25
New Hampshire	42,234	17,956	3,957	16,345	1,976	42,905	16,605	4 324	16,364	1,812
New Jersey	201,511	97,357	59,232	43,032	1,690	201,545	97,796	59,242	42,510	1,997
New Mexico New York .	53,927 773,691	36,400 264,783	16,353 157,211	1,174 320,882	31,015	55,860	37,311	17,188	1,381	-
North Carolina	242,927	112,422	75,382	48,699	6,224	760,159 243,616	260,627 114,128	153,655 72,932	318,359 50,066	27,310
North Dakota	31,959	23,723	6,185	1,985	86	32,107	23,926	5,741	2,227	6,490 210
Ohio	388,543	215,232	70,067	84,620	18,624	390,388	222,982	68,621	85,020	13,565
Oklahoma Oregon	122,671 106,187	75,019 52,583	29,743 37,324	14,846 15,914	3,063 366	125,516	75,586	29,921	15,793	4,216
Pennsylvania	428,196	183,404	68,424	168,103	26,265	108,315 439,793	53,552 188,169	37,913 50,683	16,521 169,830	329 31,111
Rhode Island	53,345	17,308	7,097	26,940	-	55,261	18,126	7,173	29,962	31,111
South Carolina	107,698	58,656	25,582	19,371	4,269	112,516	61,930	25,544	20,297	4,745
South Dakota	25,520	19,685	20.005	5,202	433	26,104	19,903		5,731	470
Tennessee Texas	154,004 546,379	81,989 290,983	26,805 176,669	38,035 75,236	5,175 3,291	156,694 569,152	63,084 302,307	30,587	37,854	5,20
Utah	65,290	40,126	17,716	26,267	1,179	62,592	40,643	188,580 14,768	74,862 26,219	3,403 962
Vermont .	26,516	13,013	1,729	10,284	1,492	26,910	13,241	1,611	10 168	1,690
Virginia	217,840	122,302	57,980	35,225	2,333	225,947	126,045	61,658	742,د⁄3	1,302
Washingtor: West Virginia .	175,258	69,682	80,265	23,888	1,203	177,558	70,323	889,08	24,996	1,371
West Virginia . Wisconsin	59,578 223,637	45,676 133,059	5,898 59,015	6,121 30,632	1,881 1,131	60,270 219,901	46,677 130 133	5,935 55,972	C,111	1,547
Wyoming	17,657	6,761	6,254	-	622	18,875	9,103	9,151	32,476	1,318 621
U S Service Schools	53,206	18,589	34,617	-		59,704	19,394	40,310		
Outlying areas .	142,854	50,994	7,106	75,158	9,598	135,542	49,557	7,044	70,235	6,706
American Samos	494	-	494	- T	-	556		556		_
Guern Northern Marianes	3,020 308	2,105	915 308	_	_	2,546 196	1,702	844	-	_
Puerto Rico	136,685	47,438	4,693	75,156	9,598	129,889	48,367	196 4,581	70,235	6,706
Trust Territory of the Pacific	696	,,,,,,	696	_	-,	867	.3,007		, 0,233	0,700
Pacatic								867		

¹ Proliminary data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)



⁻Data (ict reported or not applicable

Table 173.—Residence and migration of all new students¹ in institutions of higher education, by State: Fall 1986

ļ	Students	Students	Students	Ratio of stude:			Migration of stud	Hents
State or other area	enrolled in States ²	residents of State	remaining in State	Students enrolled	Student residents	Out of	Into	Net (column 8- column 7)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	3,041,294	3,041,294	2,572,399	0.85	0.85	468,895	468,895	
Alebame	47,608	42,001	37,950	0.80	0.90	4,051	9,658	5,60
Neske	2,481	5,015	2,164	0.87	0.43	2,851	317	2,53
Arizona	140,686	128,616	124,850	0.89	0.97	3,766	15,836	12,07
Arkansas	21,791	22.319	18,454	0.85	0.83	3,865	3,337	52
California	460,937	445,435	424,410	0.92	0.95	21,025	36,527	15,50
Colorado 5	2, 2 02	8,498	465	0.21	0.05	8,033	1,737	-6,29
Connecticut	41,998	50,115	33,9/4	0.81	0.68	16,141	8,024	-8,1
Delaware	8,803	7,640	5,330	0.61	0.70	2,310	3,473	1,16
District of Columbia	17,980	6,958	4,037	0.22	0.58	2,921	13,943	11,02
Torida	95,973	95,685	79,750	0.83	0.83	15,935	16,223	26
3eorgia	54,018	52,785	43,679	0.81	C.83	9,106	10,339	1,23
lawaii	14,850	15,644	12,963	0.87	0.83	2,681	1,887	-79
daho	12,205	10,949	7,987	0.65	0.73	2,962	4,218	1,25
linois	164,011	169,488	144,893	0.88	0.85	24,595	19,118	-5,47
ndiana	54,419	49,144	42,000	0.77	0.85	7,144	12,419	5,27
owa	43,162	41,858	35,360	0.82	0.84	6,498	7,802	1,30
(anses	34,109	31,870	27,700	0.81	0.87	4,170	6,409	2,23
(entucky	34,254	33,613	29,178	0.85	0.87	4,435	5,076	64
ouisiana	41,023	39,504	34,810	0.85	0.88	4,694	6,213	1,51
Aaine	12,671	13,572	10,120	0.80	0.75	3,452	2,551	-90
Azryland	65,001	68.401	53,712	0.83	0.79	14,689	11,289	-3.40
Aassachusetts	98,414	86,868	69,983	0.71	0.75	16,885	28.431	11,54
Aichigan	132,148	133,435	122,390	0.93	0.92	11,045	9,756	-1,28
Ainnesota	55,769	57,742	46,927	0.84	0.81	10,815	8,842	-1,97
Aississippi	30,814	29,898	26,845	0.87	0.90	3,053	3,969	91
Aissouri	55,504	51,472	43,289	0.78	0.84	8,183	12,215	4.03
Aontana	8,374	9,689	7,294	0.70	0.75	2,395	1,080	-1,31
lebraska	23,512	23,780	20,347	0.87	0.86	3,433	3,165	-1,31
levada	8,999	10,121	7,982	0.89	0.79	2,139	1,017	-1,12
lew Hampshire	11,068	10,608	5,995	0.54	0.57	4,613	5,073	46
New Jersey	89,659	98 ,371	62,512	0 90	0.64	35,859	7,147	20.74
New Mexico	13,074	13,400	10,519	0.80	0.79	2,881	2,555	-28,71 -32
New York	216,966	225,197	186,704	0.86	0.83	38,493	30,262	-3 <i>2</i> -8,23
North Carolina	91,606	80,044	74,579	0.81	0.93	5,465	17,027	-6,23 11,56
North Dakota	11,446	10,732	8,715	0.76	0.81	2,017	2,731	71
Ohio	102.000	105 207	00 101	0.07	0.00	15 100	40.450	. = .
Okiahoma	193, 26 0 31, 23 2	105,207 32,786	90,101 28,660	0.87 0.92	0.86 0.87	15,106	13,159	-1,94
	35,912	34,254	29,881	0.82	0.87	4,126	2,572	-1,55
Oregon	122,745	119,184	97,828	0.80	0.82	4,373	6,031	1,65 3.56
Pennsylvania	16,398	11,418	7,913	0.48	0.62	21,356 3,505	24,917 8,485	3,56 4,98
South Carolina	37,453	35,3 /9	30,774	0 82	0.87	4,605	6,679	2,07
outh Dakota	8,052	8,285	6,113	0.76	0.74	2,172	1,939	-23
ennessee	45,511	41,105	35,041	0 77	0.85	6,064	10,470	4,40
exas	173,121 20,99 3	168,081 16,876	157,192 14,668	0.91 0.70	0 94 0.87	10,889 2,208	15,929 6,325	5,04 4,11
								7,11
/ermont	8,637	6,062	3,858	0.45	0.64	2,204	4,779	2,57
/irginia	53,555	53,970	40,317	0 75	0 75	13,653	13,238	-41
Vashington	92,805	90,461	83,068	0 89	0.92	7,393	9,837	2,44
Vest Virginia	19,998	18,403	15,876	0.78	0.85	2,727	4,322	1,59
Visconsin	67,814	65,935	58,166	0.86	0 88	7,769	9,648	1,87
Vyorning	6,175	6,916	5,276	0 85	0 76	1,640	863	-74
state unknown ^s		46,505			1	46,505		

¹ New students are those students who are enrolled at the reporting institution for the first time at each of the following levels undergraduate, graduate, first-professional, or



unclassified

2 "Students enrolled in State" are all of the new students reported by the institutions in that State; i.e., all immigrants and "remaining" students (includes foreign students)

2 "Student residents of State" are all students from a State in which they were residing when first schnitted to an institution in any State at the current student level

4 "Student" remaining in State" are students who attend institutions in their home

State

^{*}Response rates were below 70 percent.

Students are reported in "State unknown" when an institution is unable to determine the student's home State

NOTE -- Data for U.S. Service Schools are included in State totals. Excludes students from foreign countries and the outlying areas

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Poetsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Residence of First-Time Students" survey, 1986 (This lable was prepared March 1988.)

Table 174.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by control of institution, sex of student and race/ethnicity: Fall 1976 to fall 1986

Control of institution and race/			Number, in	thousands	<u> </u>				Percent of	distributio	n	
ethnicity of student	1976	1978	1980	1982	1984 1	1986 1	1976	1978	1980	1982	1984	1986
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All Institutions	10,986	11,231	12,087	12,388	12,235	12,489	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
White, non-Hispanic	9,076	9,194	9.833	9.997	9.815	9.911	82.6	81.9	81.4	1		
Biack, non-Hispanic	1.033	1,054	1,107	1.101	1,078	1.080	9.4	9.4	9.2	80.7	80.2	79.
Hiepanic	. 384	417	472	519	535	817	3.5	37	3.9	8.9	8.8 4.4	8
Asian or Pacific Islander	. 198	23 5	286	351	390	448	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	4 3
American Indian/Alaskan Native	. 76	78	84	88	84	90	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0
Nonresident alien	219	253	305	331	33 5	344	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.7	2
Public institutions	8,641	8,770	9,456	9,695	9,458	9,714	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
White, non-Hispanic	7,095	7,136	7,656	7,785	7.543	7.654	82.1	81.4	81.0	80.3	79.8	78.
Black, non-Hispanic	831	840	878	873	844	854	9.6	9.8	9.3	9.0	8.9	8.
Hispanic	. 337	363	406	446	456	532	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.8	4.8	5.
Asian or Pacific Islander	166	195	240	296	323	371	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	3.4	3.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	68	68	74	77	72	79	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.
Nonresident allen	145	187	204	219	219	225	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.
Private institutions	2,345	2,461	2,630	2,693	2,777	2,775	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
White, non-Hispanic	1,982	2,058	2,177	2,212	2,272	2.257	84.5	83.6	200			
3leck, non-Hiepenic	202	215	231	228	232	226	8.8	8.7	82.8 8.8	82.2	81.8	81.
liepenic	47	55	66	74	79	84	2.0	2.2	2.5	8.5	8.3	8.
laian or Pacific Islander	32	40	47	55	87	77	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.7 2.1	2.8	3.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	9	9	10	10	11	11	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	2.4 0.4	2.
Innresident alien	73	85	101	113	118	119	3.1	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.2	0. 4.
Men, total	5,794	5,621	5,868	5,999	5,859	5,880	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Vhite, non-Hispanic	4,814	4,613	4.773	4.830	4.890	4.644	83.1	82.1	81.3	80.5		
Hack, non-Hispanic	470	453	464	458	437	436	8.1	8.1	7.9		80.0 7.5	79.
llepanic	210	213	232	252	254	290	3.6	3.8	3.6	7.8 4.2	4.3	7.
laten or Pacific Islander	108	126	151	189	210	239	1.9	2.2	2.6	3.2	3.6	4.
merican Indian/Alaskan Native	39	37	38	40	38	40	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	4. 0.
lonresident alien	154	180	211	230	231	232	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.
Women, total	5,191	5,609	6,219	6,389	6,376	6,609	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
/hite, non-Hispanic	4,262	4,581	5,060	5,187	5.125	5,267	82.1	81.7	81.4			
lack, non-Hispanic	563	601	643	644	639	645	10.8	10.7	10.3	80.9	80 4	79.7
lispanic	174	205	240	267	281	327	3.4	3.7	3.9	10.1	10.0	9.0
sian or Pacific Islander	89	109	135	182	180	209	1.7	1.9	2.2	4.2	4.4	4.9
merican Indian/Alaskan Native	38	41	46	48	46	51	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.5 0.7	2.8	3.4
onresident alien	85	73	94	1	[• • •	V.,	0.7	0.7	U.7	0.7	0.8

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

NOTE —Because of underreporting and nonreporting of racial/ethnic data, figures are slightly lower than corresponding data in other tables. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey (This table was prepared February 1989.)



Table 175.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by type of institution and race/ethnicity of student:

Fall 1976 to fall 1986

Type of institution and race/ethnicity		1	Number, in	thousands	1		P(ercentage	distribution	on of total	l enrollme	nt
of student	1976	1978	1980	1982	1984 1	1986 1	1976	1978	1980	1982	1984	1986
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All Institutions	10,986	11,231	12,087	12,388	12,235	12,489	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
White, non-Hispanic	9,076	9,194	9,833	9,997	9,815	9,911	82.6	81.9	81.4	80.7	80 2	79.
Total minority	1,691	1,785	1,949	2,059	2,085	2,235	15.4	15.9	16.1	16.6	17.0	17.
Black, non-Hispanic	1,033	1,054	1,107	1,101	1,076	1,080	9.4	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.8	8.
Hispanic	384	417	472	519	5 35	617	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.2	1.4	4.
Asian or Pacific Islander	198	235	286	351	390	448	1.8	2 1	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	76	78	84	88	84	90	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0. <i>î</i>	0.
Nonresident alien	219	253	305	331	335	344	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.
4-year institutions	7,107	7,203	7,565	7,648	7,708	7,818	64.7	64.1	62.6	61.7	63.0	62.
White, non-Hispanic	5,999	6,027	6,275	6,306	6,301	6,333	54.6	53.7	51.9	50.9	51.5	50.
Total minority	931	975	1,050	1,073	1,124	1,194	8.5	8.7	8.7	8.7	9.2	9.
Black, non-Hispanic	604	612	634	€12	617	615	5.5	5.4	5.2	4.9	5.0	4.
Hispanic	174	190	217	229	248	278	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.
Asian or Pacific Islander	119	138	162	193	223	262	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	35	35	37	39	38	39	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.:
Nonresident allen	177	201	241	270	282	291	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.
2-year institutions	3,879	4,028	4,521	4,740	4,527	4,671	35.3	35.9	37.4	38.3	37.0	37.
White, non-Hispanic	3,077	3,167	3,558	3,692	3,514	3,575	28.0	28.2	29.4	29.8	28.7	28.
Total minority	760	810	899	987	961	1,040	6.9	7.2	7.4	8.0	7.9	8.3
Black, non-Hispanic	429	443	472	489	459	466	3.9	3.9	3.9	39	3.7	3.
Hispanic	210	227	255	291	289	338	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.
Asian or Pacific Islander	79	97	124	158	167	186	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	41	43	47	49	46	51	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.
Nonresident alien	42	52	54	61	53	53	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	04	0.4

¹ Data have been revised from previously published figures

NOTE.—Because of underreporting and nonreporting of racial/ethnic data, figures are slightly 'swer than corresponding data in other tables. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey and unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared February 1989.)



Table 176.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by level of study and race/ethnicity of student:
Fall 1976 to fall 1986

Level of study and race/ethnicity of			lumber, in	thousand	<u>s</u>	[Percent	distribution	, by level	of study	
student	1976	1978	1980	1982	1984 1	1986 1	1976	1978	1980	1982	1984	1986
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Undergraduate, total	9,520	9,757	10,560	10,875	10,610	10,787	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
White, non-Hispanic	7.827	7.946	8,556	8,749	0.404							
Total minority	1,550	1,642	1.797		8,484	8,550	82.2	81.4	81.0	80.5	80.0	79
Black, non-Hispanic	950	975	1.028	1,907	1,911	2,033	16.3	16.8	17.0	17.5	18.0	18
Hispanic	357	388	438	1,028	995	995	10.0	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.4	9
Asian or Pacific Islander	173	206		485	495	562	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.5	4.7	5.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	70	72	253	313	343	393	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.9	3.2	3.
Vonresident alien	142		79	82	78	83	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.
	142	169	208	220	216	204	15	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.
Graduate, total	1,222	1,219	1,249	1,233	1,344	1,432	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White, non-Hispanic	1.030	1,019	1,030	1.002	1.087	1 100			100:01	100.0	100.0	100.
otal minority	119	120	125	123		1,130	84.2	83.6	82.4	81.2	80.9	78.
Black, non-Hispanic	72	68	66	61	141	166	9.8	9.8	10.0	10.0	10.5	11.
Hiepanic	22	24	27	27	67	72	5.9	5.6	5.3	4.9	5.0	5.
Asian or Pacific Islander	21	24	28		32	46	18	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.4	3.
American Indian/Alaskan Native	4	-7	26	30	37	43	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.
ionresident alien	73	80		5	5	5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.
=		- 00	94	108	115	136	6.0	6.6	7.5	8.8	8.6	9.
First-professional, total	244	255	277	278	278	270	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Vhite, non-Hispanic	220	229	248	246	243	230	20.4					100.
otal minority	21	22	26	29	32	36	90.1	90.2	89.5	88.5	87.4	85.
Black, non-Hispanic	11	11	13	13	13	14	8.6	8.7	9.5	10.4	11.4	13.2
Hispanic	5	5	7	131	8		4.6	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.8	5.2
Asian or Pacific Islander	اند	š	6	'	9	9	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.9	3.4
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1	- 1	9	9	9	11	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.9	3.4	4.5
onresident alien	3	3		11	1)	11	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
	3	31	3	3	31	4	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5

¹ Data revised from previously published figures

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities"; and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey and unpublished tabulations. (This table was prepared February 1989.)



NOTE —Because of underreporting and nonreporting of racial/ethnic data, figures are slightly lower than corresponding data in other tables. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

Table 177.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by race/ethnicity of student and by State: Fall 19861

		L	•	Mı	nority enrollment,	by race/ethnici	ty		
State or other area	Total	White, non Hispanic	Total	Percent minority 2	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian/Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States.	12, 489 ,142	9,910,785	2,234,680	18.4	1,080,326	816,521	447,736	90,007	343,69
	181,443	137,301	40,072	22 6	37,687	828	1,181	378	4,07
Jaska	27,482	22,654	3,985	150	978	442	577	1,990	84
rtzona	226,593	181,555	39,008	177	8,166	20,943	4,276	7,623	8,03
rkansas	79,182 1,727,605	65,807 1,141,929	11,709 524,825	15 1 31 5	10,520 116,909	323 194,514	540 192,643	326 20,559	1, 66 81,05
	7, 2, 1, 2, 2	.,,.	,				,		- 1,
colorado	177,367	151,937	20,571	11 9	4,283	10,685	4,087	1,518	4,87
connecticut.	156,278 33,893	140,091 28,726	14,460 4,538	9 4 13.8	7,584 3,703	3,730 362	2,744 417	402 58	3,72 6 2
Nelaware	77,651	41,533	27,348	39 7	22,886	1,878	2,262	322	8,77
Torida	477,211	382,347	100,178	21 7	44,301	47,434	7,219	1,222	14,68
Beorgia	195,122	150,952 15,370	36,642 34,305	20 5 89 1	34,303 938	1,806 873	2,42	306	5,32
tewaii	51,697 45,260	42,534	1,922	43	260	713	ა2,ა32 575	162 374	2,02 80
deno	686,895	519,851	153,815	22 8	91,800	35,720	24,148	2,147	13.22
ndiana	250,178	223,687	20,296	83	13,570	3,210	2,868	648	8,19
					0.404	4 400			
owa	155,389	142,680 126,518	8,508 12,369	89	3,164 6,475	1,198 2,424	1,756 1,811	390	8,15 4,29
Kaneas	143,203 144,551	132,584	10,339	7.2	8.803	341	872	1,879 323	1,62
oulsiana	171,338	119,316	45,477	27.8	39,326	3,210	2,468	473	6,54
//aine	46,231	44,284	1,749	38	540	188	868	333	19
		470.000	40.045		05 247	0.007	2540		
Maryland	233,492	179,928 361,942	48,015 36,609	21.1 96	35,217 16,788	3,637 9,807	8,510 10,884	651 1,130	5,54 18,99
vie stachusetts	417,548 520,423	444,505	33,946	128	46,891	6,877	7,147	3,231	11,97
w.cngan Minnesota	226,557	212,298	9,404	42	2,969	1,279	3,682	1,474	4,85
Mississippi	101,104	69,240	30,088	30 3	28,785	631	427	245	1,77
	040405	242.200	04.070	10 4	18,499	2 004	0.447		4.00
Wissouri	246,185 35,238	216,229 32,203	24,978 2,372	69	148	2,361 190	3,447 151	669 1,885	4,96 66
wortung Vebraska	100,401	93,090	5,355	5.4	2,744	1,098	833	680	1,95
Nevada	46,796	40,428	5,725	124	1,861	1,917	1,251	696	64
New Hampshire	53,880	51,525	1,662	31	667	465	362	148	69
N 1	295,313	230,426	54,913	19 2	27,026	17,292	9,735	860	9,97
New Jersey . New Mexico	80,270	50,343	28,396	361	1,888	20,604	970	4,934	1,53
New York	997,793	747,300	217,961	22 8	110,057	67,100	38,010	4,794	32,53
North Carolina	322,979	253,074	85,099	20 5	57,371	1,957	3,313	2,458	4,80
North Dakota	37,309	34,354	2,005	5 5	241	125	171	1,468	95
Ohio	520,486	459,186	48,669	98	37,687	4,206	5.699	1,277	12,43
Oklahoma	170,840	141,066	23,114	14 1	10,546	2,189	2,711	7,668	8,68
Oregon .	144,798	128,742	10,848	78	1,836	2,102	5,565	1,345	5,20
Pennsylvania .	545,923	483,822	50,126	94	35,103	5,515	8,856	850	11,97
Rhode Island	89,569	63,825	4,436	65	2,014	1,055	1,164	203	1,30
South Carolina	134,115	103,800	28,074	21 3	25.924	965	978	207	2,24
South Dakota	30,935	28,322	1,952	64	190	96	92	1,574	66
ennessee	197,068	182,535	30,213	15 7	27,506	983	1,383	341	4,32
Texas .	778,020	543,904	208,282	27 7	66,662	118,333	20,688	2,599	23,83
Jtah	106,218	96,144	5,381	53	728	1,731	1,773	1,149	4,69
· Incmne\	32,459	31,160	760	24	298	167	241	54	53
Virginia .	308,318	250,004	53,261	178	41,545	3,278	7,793	645	5,05
Washington	242,443	211,111	26,503	11 2	5,899	4,289	12,773	3,542	4,82
Nest V inia	78,781	71,890	3,777	50	2,665	281	535	96	1,11
Wisconsin Wyoming	283,853 24,357	260,294 22,717	18,036 1,188 i	65 50	9,334 243	3,149 545	3,913 123	1,640 277	5,32 45
· ·									
U.S. Service Schools	53,302	43,702	9,200	174	8,602	1,875	643		40
Outlying areas	165,820	676	183,822	99 6	1,959	156,537	5,101	25	1,32
American Samoa	759	0	822	100 0 89 7	0 36	C 74	607	15	13
Buam .	4,477 514	378 29	3,281 433	93 7	38	74 0	3,182 433	7	81
Northern Marianas Puerto Rico.	158,580	46	156,460	100 0	10	158,371	79	0	7
Frust Territory of the Pacific	795	1	794	99 9	Ö	0	794	ŏ	,
/irgin Islands	2,495	222	2,032	90 2	1,911	92	26	3	24

¹ Revised from previously published data

NOTE -- Because of adjustments to underreported and nonreported racial/ethnic data,

figures are slightly different from corresponding data in other tables

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey (This table was prepared Feoruary 1989.)



² Percent minority based on U.S. citizen enrollment (total enrollment less enrollment of nonresident aliens)

Table 178.--Disabled students enrolled in postsecondary institutions, by type of disability: Fail 1986

• 4	Disabled	students	Percent of
Type of disability	Enrollment	Percent of all students	disabled students by condition
1	2	3	4
Disabled students	1,319,229	10.5	
Specific learning disability Visual handicap. Hard of hearing	160,878 514,681 265,484 80,910 62,525 231,491 320,272	1 3 4.1 2 1 0.6 0.5 1.8 2 6	12.2 39.0 20.1 6.1 4.7 17.6 24.3

⁻Data not applicable or not available

NOTE.—Disabled students are students who reported that they had one or more of the following conditions: a specific learning disability, a visual handicap, hard of hearing, deafness, a speech disability, an orthopedic handicap, or a health impairment. Details do not sum to total since some students reported two or more disabilities.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "The 1987 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study." (This table was prepared March 1989.)

Table 179.—Students enrolled in postsecondary institutions, by disability status and selected student characteristics: Faii 1986

Selected student characteristics	Disabled students 1	Nondisabled students	Selected student charactenitics	Disabled students 1	Nondisabled students
1	2	3	1	2	3
Sex	100.0	100.0	Level of study	100.0	400.0
Male	50.8	44.7	Undergraduate	91.8	100.0
Female	49.2	55.3	Graduate	6.8	88.8
		1	First-professional	1.6	8.7
Race/ethnicity	100.0	100.0		0.1	2.5
White, non-Hispanic	78.5	78.2	Undergraduate	400.0	
Black, non-Hispanic	80	9.0	Arts and humanities	100 0	100.0
Hispanic	7.5	6.5	Business	7.4	6 4
Asian American	4.1	55	Education	24.4	28 1
American Indian	1.9	.8	Engineering	9.3	8.6
			Lighte Light	9.8	95
Age	100.0	100 0	Health Liberal/general studies	78	9.7
15 to 23	49.8	55.8	Liberal/general studies	7.3	6.9
24 to 29	17.5	198	Natural sciences 2	10.7	107
30 or older	32.7	24.4	Social sciences	86	7.3
	32.1	244	Trade/industrial	32	2.5
Veteran status	100.0	100 0	All other	11.4	10.4
Veteran	114		[
Not a veteran	88.6	6.0	Graduate	100.0	100 0
	0.00	940	Arts and humanities	10 7	9.6
Denandanny etetue	436.0		Business	13.8	21.4
Dependency status	130 0	100 0	Education	25.4	224
	55 9	59.5	Engineering	4.6	04
Independent	44 1	40 5	Natural sciences 2	10.2	120
Maurina atatus		ĺ	Social sciences	99	95
Housing status	100 0	100.0	All other	25.6	187
School-owned	19 1	18.9		25,2	
Off-campus, not with parents	55.2	53 5	First-professional	100.0	1000
With parents	25 7	27 6	Law	49 9	38 9
		İ	Medicine	25.4	386
Attendance status	100.0	100.0	Other medical ³	19 9	
Full-time	82 8	61.0	Theology	48	17.5
Part-time	37.2	390		~ 6	4 9

Disabled students are those who reported that they had one or more of the following conditions: a specific learning disability, a visual handicap, hard of hearing, deafness, a speech disability, an orthopedic handicap, or a health imparment
 Includes students who majored in life sciences, physical sciences, mathematics, or

NOTE -- Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "The 1987 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study" (This table was prepared March 1989)



³ Includes chiropractic medicine, dentistry, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, and veterinary medicine

Table 180.—Enrollment of persons 14 to 34 years of age¹ in Institutions of higher education, by race/ethnicity, sex, and year of college: October 1965 to October 1987

Characteristic	1965	1970	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 ²	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Numbers in thousands

í															
All students	5,675	7,413	9,697	9,950	10,217	9,838	9,978	10,180	10,734	10,919	10,825	10,859	10,863	10,605	10,918
White											ļ				
Total	5,317	6,759	8,514	8,644	8,812	8,514	8,709	8,875	9,162	9,328	9,242	9,269	9,334	8,943	9,146
Men	3,326	4,066	4,771	4,658	4,717	4,508	4,400	4,438	4,620	4,650	4,718	4,709	4,633	4,485	4,563
Women	1,991	2,693	3,743	3,986	4,095	4,006	4,309	4,437	4,543	4,679	4,524	4,559	4,701	4,459	4,583
Black															
Total	274	522	948	1,062	1,103	1,022	1,002	1,007	1,133	1,127	1,102	1,138	1,049	1,138	1,196
Men	126	253	442	489	490	452	434	437	505	482	497	544	458	488	525
Women	148	269	506	573	614	569	568	570	628	645	605	594	591	649	671
Hispanic origin 3														ļ	
Total	-	_	411	427	418	377	440	443	510	493	523	524	579	677	667
Men		_	219	223	223	196	2 26	222	258	216	253	232	280	331	369
Women	_	_	192	204	194	181	214	221	252	278	270	292	299	346	298
Year of college					!										
First	1,861	2,212	2,886	2,632	2,936	2,766	2,885	2,957	3,096	2,990	2,987	3,024	2,956	2,965	2,915
Second	1,256	1,739	2,376	2,535	2,364	2,286	2,291	2,411	2,560	2,617	2,624	2,454	2,585	2,564	2,745
Third	896	1,248	1,492	1,748	1,681	1,658	1,653	1,716	1,799	1,815	1,805	1,981	1,931	1,803	2,011
Fourth	803	1,074	1,354	1,356	1,427	1,445	1,458	1,403	1,598	1,688	1,595	1 599	1,642	1,640	1,556
Fifth or higher	859	1,140	1,589	1,680	1,810	1,681	1,691	1,692	1,682	1,810	1,814	1,802	1,749	1,633	1,690

Percentage distribution

All students	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
White															
Total	93.7	91.2	87.8	86.9	86.2	86.5	87.3	872	85.4	85.4	85.4	854	85.9	84.3	83.8
Men	58.6	54.8	49.2	46.8	46.2	45.8	44.1	43 6	430	426	43.6	43.4	42.6	42.3	41.8
Women	35.1	36.3	38.6	40.1	40.1	40.7	43.2	43.6	42.3	42.9	41.8	42.0	43.3	42.0	42.0
Black															
Total	4.8	7.0	9.8	10.7	10.8	10.4	10 0	99	10.6	10.3	10.2	10.5	9.7	10.7	11.0
Men	2.2	34	4.6	49	4.8	4.6	43	4.3	4.7	4.4	4.6	5.0	4.2	4.6	4.8
Women	2.6	3.6	52	58	6.0	5.8	5.7	56	5.9	59	5.6	5.5	5.4	6 1	6.1
Hispanic origin 3															
Total	_	_	4.2	4.3	41	38	4.4	4.4	48	45	4.8	48	5.3	64	6.1
Men		_	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.3	22	2.4	2.0	2.3	21	2.6	3.1	3.4
Women	_	_	2.0	21	19	18	21	22	23	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.3	27
Year of college															
First	328	298	29.8	26 .5	28 7	28 1	28 9	29 0	28.8	27 4	27.6	27.8	2 <i>i</i> .2	28.0	26 .7
Second	22.1	23 5	24.5	25 5	23 1	23.2	23.0	23 7	23.8	240	24 2	226	23.8	24.2	25.1
Third	15.8	16.8	15.4	17 6	16 5	169	166	169	16.8	16.6	16.7	182	178	17.0	18.4
Fourth	14.1	14.5	14.0	13 6	140	14 7	146	138	14.9	15 5	14 7	14.7	15 1	15.5	14.3
Fifth or higher	151	15.4	16 4	16.9	17 7	17 1	16 9	16 6	157	16 6	168	166	16.1	15.4	15.5
									L						

¹ Totals differ from those shown in other tables. This table presents data collected in sample surveys of households rather than surveys of institutions. Excludes persons age 35 and over.

NOTE —Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutions; population Because of rounding, de alls may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Senes P-20, No. 409, and unpublished data (This table was prepared March 1989)



² Data for 1931 and later years are controlled to 1980 census base

² Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race

⁻⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 181.—Enrollment of persons 14 to 34 years of age in institutions of higher education, by major field of study: October 1966, 1972, 1978, and 1982

	190	36	19	72	191	78	198	32
Major field of study	Number, in thousands	Percent	Number, in thousands	Percent	Number, in thousands	Percent	Number, in thousands	Percent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All fields	5,999	100.0	8,313	100.0	9,838	100.0	10,919	100.0
Agriculture and forestry	73	1.2	97	1.2	1 144	¹ 1.5	1 259	1 2.4
Biological sciences	602	10.0	257	3.1	303	3.1	318	2.9
Health and medical professions	(3)	(3)	695	8.4	872	8.9	1,305	12.0
Business and commerce	888	14.8	1,157	13.9	1,956	19.9	2,586	23.7
Education	1,118	18 6	1,007	12.1	781	7.9	732	6.7
Engineering	534	8.9	357	4.3	565	5.7	² 1,229	² 11.3
English and journalism	620	10.3	291	3.5	192	2.0	304	2.8
Other humanities	(3)	(3)	455	5.5	741	7.5	852	7.8
Law	(*)	(3)	237	2.9	220	22	252	2.3
Mathematics and statistics	² 236	² 3.9	2 239	² 2.9	2 142	² 1.4	187	1.7
Physical sciences	226	3.8	157	1.9	193	2.0	258	0.4
Social sciences	642	10.7	954	11.5	763	7.8	763	2.4
Other fields or not reported	1,060	17.7	2,410	29.0	2,966	7.8 30.1	1,874	7.0 17.2

SOURCE Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Senes P-20, No 260, and Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1982-83 and earlier editions (This table was prepared October 1986)

NOTE.—Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population. Because of rounding, percents may not add to $100\,0$



Includes home economics.
 Includes computer sciences
 Data not available.

Table 152.—Enrollment rates of 18- to 24-year-olds in institutions of higher education, by race/ethnicity: 1967 to 1986

	All stu	idents	Wi	nite	Bla	ack	Hispanio	origin 1
Year	Enrollment as a percent of 18- to 24- year olds	Enrollment as a percent of high school graduates	Enrollment as a percent of 18- to 24- year-olds	Enrollment as a percent of high school graduates	Enrollment as a percent of 18- to 24- year-olds	Enrollment as a percent of high school graduates	Enrollment as a percent of 18- to 24- year-olds	Enrollment a a percent of high school graduates
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
967	25.5	33.7	26.9	34.5	13.0	23.3	_	_
968		34.2	27.5	34.9	145	25.2	_	-
969		35.0	28.7	35.6	16.0	27.2	_	_
970		32.7	27.1	33.2	15.5	26.0	_	-
971	26.2	33.2	27.2	33.5	18.2	29 2	_	-
)72	25.5	31.9	26.4	32.3	18 1	27.1	13.4	25.
)73	24.0	29.7	25.0	30.2	16.0	24.0	16.0	29.
974	24.6	30.5	25.2	30.5	17.9	26.6	18.1	32.
75	26.3	32.5	26.9	32.4	20.7	32.0	20.4	35.
976	26.7	33.1	27.1	33.0	22.6	33.5	19.9	35.
977	26.1	32.5	26.5	32.2	21.3	31.5	17.2	31.
978		31.4	25 7	31.1	20.1	29.7	15.2	27.
979		31.2	6٤	31.2	19.8	29.5	16.6	30.
960		31.6	26.2	31.8	19.2	27.6	16.1	29.
981		32.5	26.7	32.5	19.9	28.0	16.7	29.
982	26.6	33.0	27.2	33.1	19.8	28.0	16.8	29.
983		32.5	27.0	32.9	19.2	27.9	17.2	31.
984		33.2	28.0	33 7	20.4	27.2	17.9	29.
985	27.8	33.7	28.7	34.4	19.8	26.1	16.9	26
986		34.0	28 3	34.1	21.9	28.6	17.6	29.

Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race
 —Data not available.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-20, No. 429 (This table was prepared October 1988)

NOTE.—Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population



Table 183.—Total enrollment in selected major fields of study in 4-year institutions of higher education, by sex: Fall 1976 to fall 1986

Selected major fields of study	<u> </u>	1976		<u> </u>	1978 1	.		1980			1984 2			1986 3	
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Total enrollment	7,126,515 100.0	3,828,893 53.7	3,297,622 46.3	7,230,380 100.0	3,754,579 51.9	3,475,801 48.1	7,570,60 8 100.0	3,827,341 50.6	3,743,267 49.4	7,622,667 100.0	3,797,607 49.8	3,625,060 50,2	7,824,502	3,823,854	4,000,64
Agriculture and natural resources													100%	10.5	
Enrollment	124.903	92,370	32,533	125,312	88.235	37,077	113,376	78,158				i	ı	1	ŀ
Procent	1000	740	260	100 0	70 4	29 6	100 0		35,218	_	· -	_	-		1 -
Architecture and environmental design					, ,,,	290	1000	68 9	31 1	-	_	<u> </u>	-	_	-
Enrollment	58,149	44,207	13,942	57,673	42,106	15,567	59,660	40.000						-	
Percent	100 0	760	24 0	100 0	73 0	27 0	100 0	42,302	17,358	56,896	37,632	19,264	56,756	36,878	19,87
Business and management	-		1	.000	,50	2/0	1000	70 9	29 1	1000	66 1	33 9	100 0	65 0	35
Enrollment .	951,945	679,795	272,150	1,112,511	728,011	384,500	1 040 050								1
Percent	1000	71.4	28 6	100 0	65 4		1,240,258	742,859	497.399	1,292,868	715,415	577,453	1,270,187	690,588	579,59
Dentistry				,,,,	05.4	34 6	100 0	59 9	40 1	100 0	55 3	44.7	100 0		45
Enrollment	20,272	18,049	2,223	21,793	18,735	3.058							1	1	
Percent	100 0	89 0	11 0	100 2	86 0		22,668	18,812	3,856	19,997	15,217	4,780	17,773	12,916	4,85
Engineering		000		100 /	900	14 0	100 0	830	. 0	100 0	76 1	239	100 0		27
Enrollment	374,815	346,023	28,792	440,038	000.074										
Percent	100 0	92 3	77	100 0	392,871	47,167	503,960	441,965	61,995	514,257	439,444	74,813	485,857	414,973	70.884
Law	.000	823	''	100 0	893	10 7	100 0	877	123	100 0	85.5	14.5	100 0	854	14 (
Enrollment	119,581	88.679	30,902	440.000										054	1 '7'
Percent	100 0	74.2		118,298	82,302	35,996	118,993	78,569	40,424	117,673	71,443	46,230	105,965	62,789	43,170
Life sciences	1000	/42	25 8	100 0	69 6	30 4	100 0	66 0	34 0	1000	60 7	39 3	100 0	59 3	40
Enrollment	289,903	175 070	444.555							ĺ	•••	33.5	,,,,,	383	
Percent	100 0	175,379	114,527	272,560	'54.971	117,589	241,807	132,067	109,740	233,333	118.651	114,682	218,001	108,044	109 957
Mathematics	1000	60 5	39 5	100 0	56 9	43 1	100 0	54 6	45 4	100 0	50 9	49 1	100 0	496	
Enrollment .		1	- 1	į				1			300	70 '	1000	490	50 4
Percent	- 1	_	- i	-!	-	-	-	_	_	96,772	56,041	40,731	89,434	E4 000	
Medicine	-	-1	-	- 1	-	- 1	_		1	100 0	579	42 1	100 0	51,086	38,348
Enrollment		[- 1		- 1	Ī			3, 3	72 1	1000	57 1	429
Percent .	58.085	45 145	12,940	66,713	51,241	15,472	74,132	55,060	19,072	67,877	46,492	21,385	65,462		
Physical sciences	1000	77 7	22 3	100 0	768	23 2	100 0	743	25 7	100 0	68 5			43,680	21,782
Enrollment		Ì								,,,,	00 5	31 5	100 0	66 7	33 3
Percent	146,025	115,137	30,888	148,432	114,166	34,266	154,092	114,919	39,173	143,514	105,412	00.00			ĺ
/eternary medicine	100 0	78 8	21 2	100 0	76 9	23 1	100 0	746	25 4	100 0	73.5	38,102	128,979	92,483	36,496
Enrollment			ļ				.000	,40	234	1000	/35	26 5	100 0	717	28 3
Percent	6,126	4,425	1,701	7,186	4,762	2.424	8.164	4.980	3,184	9,190	4.700				
VI other	100 0	72 2	278	100 0	66 3	33 7	100 0	61 0	39 0	100 0	4,762	4,428	8,707	4,092	4,615
				į.	- 1	'	.55 0	5.0	390	1000	51 8	48 2	100 0	47 0	53 0
Enrollment	4,976,708	2.219.684	2.757.024	4,859.864	2,077,179	2,782,685	5,033,498	2,117,050	2,915,848	E 070 200	(497 000			l	
Percent	100 0	44 6	55 4	100 0	42 7	57.3	100 0	42 1	57.9	5.070,290 100 0	2,187,090 43 1	2,883,192 56 9	45,377,381 100 0	4 2,306,325 42 9	43,071 056 57 1

Excludes approximately 0.1 percent of students whose major field of study was not reported
 Excludes approximately 1.2 percent of students whose major field of study was not reported

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education", and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey (This table was prepared April 1989)

³ Revised from previously published data

⁴ Includes students whose major field of study was not reported

⁻Data not available

Table 184.—Total enrollment in selected major fields of study in 4-year institutions of higher education, by level, sex, and attendance status: Fall 1986

Level, sex, and attendance status of student	All fields	Architecture and environmen- tal design	Business and management	Dentistry	Engineening	Law	Life sciences	Mathematics	Medicine	Physical sciences	Vetennary medicine	All other fields 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All students	7,824,502	56,756	1,270,187	17,773	485,857	105,965	218,001	89,134	65,462	128,979	8,707	5,377,30
Men,	3,823,854	36,876	690,588	12,916	414,973	62,789	108,044	51,086	43,680	92,483	4,092	2,306,32
Full-time	2,774,642	31,847	485,659	12,839	327,000	54,248	90,822	40,493	43,261	73.875	4,065	1,610,5
Fall-time	1,049,212	5,031	204,929	77	87,973	8,541	17,222	10,593	419	18,608	27	695,79
Women	4,000,648	19,878	579,599	4,857	70,884	43,176	109,957	38,348	21,782	36,496	4,615	3,071,0
Full-time	2,648,938	16,174	389,992	4,837	57,652	37,114	90,790	31,025	21,556	29,232	4,576	1,965,91
Part-time	1,351,710	3,704	189,607	20	13,232	6,062	19,167	7,323	226	7,264	39	1,105,00
Indergraduate students	6,118,801	46,380	1,055,804	_	391,144	_	177,679	73,079	_ [87,281	_	4,287,4
Men	2,956,754	30,250	554,002	-	332,037	_	85,230	40,212	-1	60,404		1,854,6
Full-time	2,321,874	26,537	438,669	-	283,184	_	75,199	33,662	_ i	51,064	-	1,413,55
Part-time .	634,880	3,713	115,333	_	48,853	_	10,031	6,550	- 1	9,340	-	441,0
Women	3,162,047	16,130	501,802		59,107	_	92,449	32,867	_	26,877	-!	2,432,81
Full-time .	2,334,138	13,283	366,762	-	51,779	_	79,696	28,∠/ა ¦		22,865		1,771,40
Part-time	827,909	2,847	135,040	-	7,328	_	12,753	4,594	-	4,012	-	661,33
iraduate students	1,435,288	10,314	214,328	_	94,713	_	39,754	16,348	_	41,698	_	1,018,1
Men. ,	493,238	6,590	136,555	_	82,936	_	22,388	10,869	-1	32,079	- 1	401,8
Full-time .	214,202	5,272	46,990	_	43,816	_	15,199	6,826	.	22,811	-1	153,28
Part-time	391,036	1,318	89,565	-	39,120	_	7,189	4,043	- 1	9,268		248,5
Women	742,750	3,724	77,773	- 1	11,777	-	17,366	5,479	-1	9,619	-	616,3
Full-time .	227,711	2,867	23,229	– i	5,873	- 1	10,953	2,750	-	6,367	-	175,67
Part-time	514,309	857	54,544	_	5,904	-	6,413	2,729	-	3,252	-	440,54
irst-professional students .	270,413	62	55	17,773	_	105,965	568	7	65,462	_	8,707	71,8
Men	173,362	38	31	12,916		62,789	426	5	43,680	- :	4,092	49,88
Full-time	158,566	38	-	12,839	_	54,248	424	5	43,261	_	4,065	43,68
Part-time	15,296	-	31	77	- }	8,541	2	_	419	_	27	6,19
Women	96,551	14		4,857		43,176	142	2	21,782	_	4,615	21.9
Full-time	87,069	24	1	4,837	_	37,114	141	2	21.556	_	4 576	18.8
Part-time	9,462		23	20	_	€ 262	1		226	_	39	3.09

¹ Includes € wents whose major field of study was not reported

SOURCE U.S., epartment of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (i-PEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1986" survey. (This table was prepared April 1989.)



⁻ Data not reported or not applicable

Table 185.—Graduate enrollment in science and engineering programs in institutions of higher education, by field of study:
United States and outlying areas, 1977 to 1987

Field of engineering or science	1977	1979	1980	1981	1982	19831	19841	19851	1986	1987	Percen change 1982 to 1987
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11	12
Total, all fields	358,323	373, 196	383, 100	391,640	398,982	413,210	426,215	434,340	444,996	449,585	12.
ngineering, total.	89,142	72,262	75,084	80,479	84,594	93,135	96,820	99.941	105.093	106,922	26
Aerospace Agricultural	1,518	1,481	1,73,	1,883	1,941	2,408	2.431	2.642	2,907	3,104	59
Biomedical	709 900	740 1,051	742 1,011	802 1,057	875 1,118	969 1,244	954 1.387	941 1,373	1,054 1,549	1,004 1,718	14 53
Chemical Civil	5,201 12,712	5,605 13,217	6,015 13,502	6,496 14,515	7,189 14,523	7,563 15,406	7,445 15,740	7,156 15,351	6.963 15,474	7,200 15,311	0
Electrical . Engineering science	17,406 1,737	17,789 1,681	13,502 19,227 1,796	20,193 1,965	22,017 2,130	25,213 2,261	26,846	28,540	30,223	31,263	42
Industrial Mechanical	10,438 8,722	10,714 9,251	9,870	10.026	9,870	10,712	2,191 11,175	2,127 12,532	2,391 13,393	2,368 13,973	11 41
Metallurgical/materials Mining	2,559	2,756	9,888 2,910	10,818 3,125	11,487 3,124	12,911 3,447	13,924 3.664	14,111 3,939	15,504 4,192	18,182 4,309	41 37
Nuclear	452 1,491	389 1,318	413 1,241	462 1,283	1,301	524 1,203	502 1,234	489 1,220	512 1,265	513 1,279	14 -1
Petroleum Other engineering .	379 4,918	424 5,846	503 6,229	521 7,533	586 8,006	737 8,537	744 8,605	782 8,739	747	850	45
Il eciences, total	289,181	300,936	308,018	311,181	314,388	320,075	329,395	334,399	3,920	7,848 342,662	
ysical sciences, total Astronomy	26,855	26,700	26,952	27,382	28,199	29,463	30,487	31,194	32,657	33,203	17
Chemistry	18,020	652 18,101	628 18,222	597 18,347	632 17,015	818 17,801	639 17,973	871 18,487	689 19,016	722 19,110	14 : 12 :
Physics . Other physical sciences	9,933 253	9,699 2 48	9,898 204	10,150 288	10,306 248	10,811	11,517 358	11,660 377	12.526 427	12,861 511	24 107
Environmental sciences, total	13,658	13,854	14,208	14,422	15,174	15,592	15,803	15,741	15,342	14,744	-21
Atmospheric sciences Geosciences	924 8,071	852 8,532	889 8,668	882 8,808	889 9,621	896 10,321	907 10,366	964	961	952	7
eanography lier environmental sciences	1,957 2,706	1,887 2,603	1,992 2,859	2,082 2,650	2.091 2,573	2,063 2,312	2,191 2,339	10,383	9,948 2,082	9,047 2,109	-80 01
Mathematical sciences, total	18,069	15,063	15,360	15,915	17,199	17,418	17,831	2,304 18,106	2,351	2,636	2 4
Computur sciences, total	9,108	11,890	13,578	16,437	19,812	23,817	25,364	29,522	18,364 30,578	19,061 30,217	106
Lifa sciences, total .	95,472	99,827	102,504	103,124	102.889	103,665	105,548	106,653	108,163	108,641	52 S
Agricultural sciences, total	11.520	12,069	12,254	12,100	12,314	12,890	12,065	11,475	11,343	10,948	-111
Biological sciences, total	49,556	48,503	47,890	48,979	46,310	45,991	47,008	47,578	48,587	48,838	5.5
Anatomy Biochemistry	1,188 3,938	1,133 4,034	1,082 4,053	1,072 4,061	1,074 4,124	1.037 4,234	1,029 4,465	993 4.667	973 4,886	1,038 4,792	-34
Biology Biometry/epidemiology	17,005 1,058	15,754 1,128	14,992 1,259	14,203	13,397 1,166	13,251	13,783	13,697	13,779	13,540	16 2 1 1
Biophysics Botany	570 3,885	525 3,858	485	483	440	1,158 450	1,004 433	1,360 441	1,469 547	1,523 591	30 (34 :
Celi biology	825	894	3,817 965	3,498 1,018	3,644 1,143	3,450 1,182	3,405 1,256	3,333 1,429	3,313 1,718	3,189 1,980	- 13 (73 2
Ecology Entomology/parasitology	1,067 1,602	1,064 1,897	1,181 1,722	1,101 1,664	1,051 1,540	1,007 1,475	1,101	1,037 1,342	1,022	996	-52
Genetics Microbiology	1,030 4,480	970 4,163	964 4,178	937 4,070	990 4,130	1.035	1,012	1.075	1,306 1,219	1,244 1,273	- 19 2 28 6
Nutrition Pathology	3,816	3,920	4,125	4.355	4.359	4,262 4,358	4,355 4,339	4,480 4,485	4,387 4,424	4.820 4.181	18 7 4 1
Pharmacology	1,357 1,794	1,456 2,004	1,429 2,015	1,444 2,024	1,460 2.084	1,462 2,069	1,468 2,050	1,355 2,107	1,398 2,080	1,460 2,078	00 -03
Physiology Zoology .	2,122 3,076	2,192 2,900	2,104 2,686	2,144 2,625	2.058 2,503	1,994 2,430	2,160 2,306	2,211	2,261 2,079	2.219	7 8
Other biosciences	763	1,011	1,033	1,118	147	1,139	1,407	2,136 1,430	1,729	2,105 1.831	15 9 59 6
Health sciences, total Dentistry	34,396	39,255	42,360	44,045	44,265	45,384	46,475	47,602	48,232	48,855	10 4
Neurology	986	1,029	1,002 249	942 191	836 204	776 261	850 317	835 337	938 383	1.057 479	26 4
Fluraing Pharmaceutical sciences	10,943 2,472	12,796 2,441	13,877 2.434	15,703	16,254	16,945	18.411	18.367	18, :33	18,013	134 8 10 8
Preventive medicine/community health	4,555	6,428	7,103	2.549 7,226	2,519 6.816	2.841 6,188	2,519 6,327	2.553 6.748	2.677 6.688	2.698 7.091	3 5 4 0
Speech pathology/audiology Veterinary sciences	8,162 487	8,296 535	8.815 511	8,596 481	8.683 471	8.832 466	7.883 557	8,153	8.007	7,488	~ 13 8
Other clinical medicine Other health-related	1,480 5 078	1,431 6.038	1,817 6,952	1,610 6,747	1,747 8,735	1,644 7,831	1,493 8,118	637 1.643 8.328	1,811	736 2.121	56 3 21 4
Psychology, total	38,628	39.788	40.636	40.891	40.098	41,088	44,201	43,844	8.965 43,658	9.262	37 5 12 0
Social sciences, total	89 391	94,018	94,778	£3,190 j	91,017	89.230	90,161	89,339	91,142	91,884	10
Agricultural economics Anthropology	2 219 8 7 . 8	2,221 8.343	2,343 8.322	2, 262 8,118	2.267 5.948	2.295 3.644	2.270	2,254	2,230	2,193	-33
Economics (except agricultural) Geography	12,0€⊍	12,130	13,132	13,344	3,735	13,587	5,605 13,065	5.817 12 999	5,038 12.877	5.887 12.899	10 75
History and philosophy of science	3 375 300	3,043 265	3,204 280	3,187 248	3,166 256	3,650	3,106 274	2,988 314	3.082 299	3,196 325	0 9 27 0
Linguistics Political science	2 638 27,199	3,063 30,735	3,007 31,212	3,139 30,791	2,803 29,307	3.0: 2	3,073	2,907	3,001	3,239	15 6
Sociology Sociology/anthropology	8,664	8.159	8,001	7,816	7,248	6 349	27.350 6.8£1	28,730 6,592	28,568 6.538	28,890 7.020	-34 31
Other social sciences	1,398 24,577	1,236 26,821	1,206 26,071	1,110 25,175	1.133 24.556	1,200 24.938	1,090 27,458	1.063 25,844	1,062 27,849	1,000 27,435	-117

Revised from previously published data

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE National Science Foundation, Division of Science Resources Studies, Early Release of Summary Statistics on Academic Science/Engineering Resources, October 1988 (This table was prepared October 1988)



Table 186.—Institutions of higher education and branches, by type, control, and size of enrollment: Fall 1987¹

Centrel of institution and size	All insti	tutions	Unive	rsities	All other 4-ye	ar institutions	2-year in:	stitutions
of enrollment	Number 2	Enrollment	Number 2	Enrollment	Number 2	Enrollment	Number 2	Enrollment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Public and private institutions	3,457	12,768,307	156	2,930,120	1,933	5,061,965	1,368	4,776,222
Under 200	407	42,150	0	0	284	29,397	123	12,753
200 to 499	435	148,417	0	0	246	83,447	189	64,970
500 to 999	524	384,141	0	0	336	247,580	188	136,561
1,000 to 2,499	878	1,429,176	0	0	530	843,258	348	585,918
2.500 to 4.999	467	1,645,873	7	30,118	242	849,451	218	766,304
5 COO to 9.999	384	2,673,064	31	242,116	177	1,204,090	176	1,226,858
5 000 to 9,999	253	3,421,982	54	764,484	98	1,303,985	101	1,353,513
20,000 to 29,999	78	1,865,628	39	956,730	18	429,551	21	479,347
30,000 or more	31	1,157,876	25	936,672	2	71,206	4	149,998
Public institutions	1,549	9,975,064	94	2,188,801	496	3,245,209	959	4,541,054
Under 200	7	SSI	0	o l	1	159	6	732
200 to 499	40	14,937	0	0	11	4,226	29	10,711
500 to 999	131	39,839	0	0	29	23,356	102	76,483
1,000 to 2,499	415	712,967	0	0	107	189,186	308	523,781
2,500 to 4,999	319	1,736,808	1	4,844	103	376,096	215	755,868
5,000 to 9,999	316	2,208,126	7	59,147	134	929,495	175	1,219,484
10,000 to 19,999	220	2.998.111	30	451,527	91	1,221,934	99	1,324,650
20.000 to 29.999	73	1,740,746	34	831,848	18	429,551	21	479,347
30,000 or more	28	1,062,639	22	841,435	2	71,206	4	149,998
Private institutions	1,908	2,793,243	62	741,319	1,437	1,816,756	409	235,166
Under 200	400	41,259	0	c	283	29,238	117	12,621
200 to 499	395	133,480	0	0	235	79,221	160	54,259
500 to 999	393	284,302	0	0	307	224,224	86	60,078
1,000 to 2,499	463	716,209	0	0	423	654,072	40	62,137
2,500 to 4,999	148	509,065	6	25,274	139	473,355	3	10,436
5,000 to 9,999	68	454,938	24	182,969	43	274,595	1	7,374
10.000 to 19.999	33	423,871	24	312,957	7	82,051	2	28,863
0.000 to 29.999	5	124,882	5	124,882	Ö	0	ō	C
30.000 or more	3	95,237	3	95,237	ŏ	ō	ŏ	C

^{*}These preimmary data represent the institutions and enrollments reported in the "Fall Enrollment" survey

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1987" survey (This table was prepared March 1989)



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Because some institutions do not report enrollment data, counts of institutions in this table are somewhat lower than figures appearing in other tables.

Table 187.—Selected statistics for college and university campuses enrolling more than 15,000 students in 1987

Institution	State	Control 1	Type 2	Total enrollment, fall 1985	Total enrollment, fall 1986	Total enrollment, fall 1987	Enrollment, 19	by sex, fall 67	Enrollment b	y attendance all 1987
1		3					Men	Women	Full-time	Part-time
United States, all institutions		 	4	5	6		8	9	10	11
Colleges with enrollment over 15,000		 		12,247,055	12,504,501	12,768,007	5,932,131	6,836,176	7,231,506	5,536,80
Auburn University, Main Campus	Ala	1	1:	4,142,940 19,056	4,216,362 19,363	4,292,856	2,114,695	2,178,161	2,591,493	1,701,363
University of Alabama	Ala	1	i	15,577	16,210	19,363 17,166	11,155 8,720	8,208 8,446	16,808 14,487	2,555 2,679
Anzona State University Glendale Community College	Anz Anz	1	1 2	40,529 13,377	42,014 15,299	42,968	21,752	21,216	26,886	16,082
Mesa Community College Pima Community College	Anz Anz	1	2	16,789 20,801	18,233	15,826 19,443	6,865 8,609	8,961 10,834	3,605 4,404	12,221 15,039
University of Arizona	Ariz	i	1	30,864	22,959 31,563	24,866 33,009	11,346 17,268	13,520 15,741	5,533 24,216	19,333 8,793
American River College California Polytechnic State U , Obispo	Calif Calif	1	2	17,413 15,968	19,265	19,318	8,468	10,850	4,204	15,114
California State Polytechnic U , Pomona California State University, Chico	Cairf Cairf	1	1	17,024	15,875 17,679	16,049 18,317	9,180 10,477	6,869 7,840	13,423 12,221	2,6 26 6,096
California State University, Fresho California State University, Fullerton	Cairf	1	1	14,196 16,454	14,862 17,756	15,434 18,364	7,702 8,716	7,732 9,648	12,511 12,966	2,923
alifornia State University, Long Beach	Calif Calif	1	1) 1)	23,034 31,124	24,277 33,586	24,317 34,926	11,136 16,143	13,181	13,748	5,398 10,571
California State University, Los Angeles California State University, Northridge	Calif Calif	1	1	19,576 28,144	20,773 29,880	20,977	9,137	11,780	20,141 10,378	14,785 10,599
alifornia State University, Sacramento ceritos College	Calif Calif	1	1 2	22,483	23,673	29,719 24,128	12,929 10,709	16,790 13,419	17,103 15,172	12,616 8,956
habot College ity College of San Francisco	Calif	i	2	17,416 17,882	18,274 19,902	18,110 19,417	8,226 9,155	9,884 10,262	4,198 4,477	13,912 14,940
ollege of San Mateo	Calif Calif	1	2	22,416 14,055	23,177 13,872	24,641 15,143	11,247 7,279	13,394 7,864	6,799	17,842
hablo Valley College	Calif Calif	1	2	23,743 16,668	24,349 18,992	25,036 20,043	11,706	13,330	4,009 7,250	11,134 17,786
I Camino College resno: City College	Cairf Cairf	1	2	24,179 13,240	25,752	25,485	8,733 11,921	11,310 13,564	6,563 5,837	13,480 19,648
ullerton College rossmont College	Calif Calif	ij	2	16,596	14,653 16,708	15,177 17,235	6,791 8,310	6,386 8,925	5,277 4,006	9,900 13,229
ong Beach City College os Angeles Pierce College	Cairf	i	2	14,214 22,245	15,294 20,720	15,715 20,585	6,735 9,197	8,980 11,388	4,917 5,196	10,798 15,389
os Angeles Valley College	Calif Calif	1	2	17,135 16,046	18,513 18,178	18,316 18,139	8,826 7,957	9,490	5,608	12,708
iount San Antonio College range Coast Coilege	Cairf Cairf	1	2	20,314 21,925	20,290 22,552	19,840	9,266	10,182 10,574	4,111 5,602	14,028 14,238
alomar College asadena City College	Calif Calif	1	2	15,261	14,837	24,167 15,404	12,096 6,886	12,071 8,518	6,993 4,327	17,17 4 11,077
ancho Santiago College iverside Community College	Calif	1	2	17,818 20,843	20,067 21,514	20,178 20,606	9,332 10,006	10,846 10,600	6,248 3,523	13,930 17 083
an Diego Mesa College an Diego State University	Calif Calif	1	2	13,647 17,989	14,424 17,990	15,033 21,336	6,263 9,928	8,770 11,408	3,276 6,657	11,757
In Francisco State University	Calif Calif	1	1	33,898 24,170	35,010 25,871	36,280 2,002	17,035	19,245	22,350	14,679 13,930
an Jose State University anta Monica College	Calif Calif	1	1 2	24,843 19,270	26,507	27,549	10,791 13,261	15,211 14,288	14,920 16,064	11,082 11,485
inta Rosa funior College aversity of California, Berkeley	Calif Calif	i	2	16,804	17,747 20,479	17,413 21,305	7,729 8,725	9,684 12,580	3,492 4,985	13,921 16,320
nversity of California, Davis nversity of California, Irvins	Calif	i	1	31,007 19,534	31,463 19,809	32,055 20,847	17,703 10,501	14,352 10,346	28,849 18,555	3,406 2,292
nversity of California, Los Angeles nversity of California, San Diego	Calif Calif	1	1	12,684 34,501	14,532 34,418	15,139 35,435	7,770 18,216	7,369 17,219	14.032 32,985	1,107
aversity of California, Santa Barbara	Calif Calif	1	1	14,295 16,935	15,912 18,003	16,589 17,879	9,402	7,187	15,213	2,450 1,376
eversity or Southern California	Calif	2	1	30,373	30,831	30,504	8,922 18,436	8,957 12,068	17,144 19,944	735 10,560
lorado State University Propolitari State College	Colo Colo	1	1	18,084	18,856	19,192	10,030	9,162	16,947	2,245
eversity of Colorado at Boulder	Colo	i	i	14,614 22,767	15,021 23,590	15,710 23,551	7,384 12,916	8,326 10,635	8,093 21,234	7,617 2,317
iversity of Connecticut	Conn	1	1	23,063	23,657	24,552	11,668	12,884	17,549	7,003
iversity of Delaware	Del	1	1	18,162	18,631	19,067	8,433	10,634	14,487	4,580
orge Washington University	DC	2	1	18,790	18,711	19,500	10,720	8,780	10,255	9,245
oward Community College Inda International University	Fla Fla	1	2	19,324	18,373	21,621	8,656	12,965	6,910	14,711
rida State University ami-Dade Community College	Fla	1	1	16,966 21,537	16,744 22,990	16,619 23,826	7,367 11,293	9,252 12,533	6,827 18,720	9,792 5,106
nt Petersburg Junior College	Fia Fia	1	2	37,082 16,064	39,980 16,116	42,663 18,784	18,192 7,365	24,471 11,399	15,351	27,312
iversity of Central Florida iversity of Florida	Fle Fla	1	1	16,519 35,334	16,833 35,172	17,527	8,423	9,104	6,023 8,827	12,741 8,700
versity of South Florida	Fla	1	1	28,032	29,439	33,568 29,069	18,195 13,081	15,373 15,988	27,950 14,650	5,81 8 14,419
orgia State University versity of Georgia	Ga Ge	1	1	21,612	21,835	22,070	9,448	12,622	9,337	12,733
versity of Hawaii at Manos	Hi	1	1	25,408	25,698	26,547	12,476	14,071	22,347	4,200
lege of Du Page	nı İ	1		19,606	18,918	18,382	8,544	9,838	12,937	5,445
ois State University them Illinois University	111	1	2	22,537 21,178	23,155 21,926	24,474 23,141	10,504 10,535	13,970 12,606	8,663 18,971	17,311 4,170
thwestern University on College	H	1 2	1	24,311 15,845	24,680 16,226	25,455 16,437	11,318 8,689	14,137 7,748	. ,791	7.664
versity of Illinois, Urbana Campus	111	1	2	18,888 35,997	17,871 39,274	18 022	8,340	9,682	13,076 4,736	3,361 13,288
versity of Illinois at Chicago	m	1	i	24,158	25,330	38,970 23,924	21,935 12,508	17,035 11,418	33,185 18,653	5,785 7,071
			,	,	7		ļ	ļ	!	



Table 187.—Selected statistics for college and university campuses enrolling more than 15,000 students in 1987—Continued

196	by level, fali 37		Earned de	grees conferred	, ISOO-0/		rmanciai sta	tistics, 1985-86,3		Full-time- equivalent	Full-tirr equival
dergradu- ate	Postbacca- laureate	Associate	Bachelor's	First- professional	Master's	Doctor's	Current-fund revenues	Current-fund expenditures	Educational and general expenditures	enrollment, fall 1985	enrolime fall 19
12	13	14	15	18	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1,047,902	1,720,405	437,137	991,339	72,750	289,557	34, 120	\$100,437,616	\$9 7, 535 ,742	\$76,127,965	8,943,433	8,228
3,526,466	766,390	75,000	400,999	25,118	127,589	21,860	39,646,509	38,437,027	1,323,315	3,130,113	3,223
17,093	2,270	0	3,298	92	415	105	221,121	208,829	185,866	17,818	17,
14,063	3,103	ŏ	2,247	145	526	110	158,670	152,430	127,842	13,893	15.
31,910	11,058	0	5,276	115	1,114	146	293,328	280,838	240,085	31,497	33
15,826	0	814 679	0	0 0	0	0	24,818 31,301	23,446 27,787	20,746 24,209	8,687 8,308	9
19,443 24,866	ŏ	896	ŏ	0	ŏ	ŏ	38,101	36,439	34,380	10,042	12
25,024	7,985	0	3,598	237	1,202	298	435,426	423,318	346,701	25,478	27
19,318	0	946	0	0	0	0	40,885	41,051	38,232	8,964	
14,973 18,375	1,078 1,942	0	2,582 2,364	0	201 253	0	148,653 128,748	150,329 125,533	121,383 104,609	14,860 14,194	14
13,527	1,907	Č	2,874	Ĭŏ	192	0	109,051	109,304	97,469	13,041	13
15,035	3,329	0	2,665	0	328	0	134,232	133,453 119,490	109,065 109,792	14,231 17,204	15
20,205 28,144	4,112 8,782	0	3,497 4,177	0	631 639	0	125,044 170,902	168,392	144,966	23,798	26
15,144	5,833	0	2,130	0	679	0	134,478	136,453	120,173	14,026	14
23,807	5,912	0	3,432 3,309	0	597 666	0	157,582 142,321	158,186 133,030	135,074 121,717	21,501 18,472	10
18,946 18,110	5,182 0	865	3,309	0	0	ő	37,370	32,512	32,512	8,425	
19,417	ō	773	0	0	0	0	33,108	34,549	30,309	8,725	
24,641 15,143	0	(4) 418	0	0	0	0	77,743 27,798	74,604 26,899	73,848 25,023	12,195 8,869	1
25,036	ŏ	645	0	0	0	0	50,954	48,171	43,932	7,108	1:
20,043	0	643	0	0	0	0	37,571 46,204	34,210 44,017	30,602 39,281	8,826 12,088	1
25,485 15,177	0	1,107 829	0	0	0	Ö	27,335	25,224	22,313	9,851	"
17,235	0	989	0	0	0	0	32,214	36,053	33,362	9,119	1 1
15,715	0	711 942	0	0	0	0	25,359 43,431	25,068 40,663	25,068 40,510	7,985 10,627	10
20,585 18,318	0	942 968	0	l ől	0	Ö	37,340	33,983	31,189	9,565	
18,139	0	629	0	0	0	0	32,384	29,753	27,533	7,851	10
19,840 24,187	0	1,272 1,131	0	0	0	0	38,528 47,465	36,874 48,922	36,535 44,306	10,513 12,712	1
15,404	ŏ	499	Ö	0	Ō	0	33,368	33,810	31,300	8,136] .
20,178	0	870	0	0	0	0	42,839 48,107	40,462 42,800	40,462 40,944	10,156 8,775	11
20,606 15,033	0	279 609	0	0	0		26,059	23,355	21,055	8,720	
21,336	0	729	0	0	0	0	19,304	14,993	14,078	10,120	1
29,379 19,848	8,901 8,356	0	4,487 3,091	0	1,040 942	19 8	248,565 144,833	252,410 138,018	205,278 127,957	27,424 18,548	11
21,451	8,098	Ö	3,470	ŏ	944	ŏ	166,631	178,307	148,480	19,104	2
17,413	0	654	0	0	0	0	33,947 33,856	30,706 31,670	30,706 30,078	9,857 8,528	1
21,305 22,637	0 9,418	707 0	0 5,26₂	0 351	1,831	727	610,926	616,429	583,007	29,745	3
15,563	5,284	0	3,03	370	533	228	598,618	570,590	400,540	18,639	1 1
12,369	2,770 11,934	0	2,040 4,909	81 578	319 1,784	99 448	392,058 1,162,796	376,798 1,114,534	237,138 799,486	12,244 33,064	3:
23,501 13,589	3,000	0	2,177	121	260	163	575,418	543,292	372,749	13,884	1
15,777	2,102	0	3,194	0	474	174	232,665	225,111	197,990 455,339	18,587 23,894	1 2
18,177	14,327	0	2,774	657	2,955	354	514,600	514,174			
18,043	3,149	0	2,954	133	675 0	171	209,663	211,555 35,200	178,982 35,200	18,867 9,933	1
15,710 19,189	0 4,382	0	1,586 3,515	0 143	712	0 229	35,426 241,603	230,645	188,897	21,2.8	2
1		_		1			1	213,026	189,430	18,570	2
17,871	8,881 2,149	0	2,906 2,639	203	962 442	193 96	217,088 207,437	185,464	160,809	15,631	1
18,918 7,931	11,569	85	1,312	604	1,887	148	359,539	348,494	180,224	13,400	1
				!	·	0	40,592		35,652	11,487	1
21,621 13,560	0 3,059	1,432 0	0 1,929	0	0 329	1	79,216	38,622 75,821	70,344	10,571	i
18,836	4,990	381	3,360	167	823	226	196,624	190,286	171,857	18,634	2
42,663 18,764	0	3,933 1,895	0	0	0	0	109,522 31,792	109,894 31,387	103,499 31,316	23,205 9,238	1
14,195	3,332	339	2,697	0	391	7	86,875	85,510	89,935	11,583	1
25,548	8,020	1,911	5,260		1,142 908	313 53	508,142 211,641	504,382 208,054	482,017 183,441	32,367 19,528	3 2
22,163	8,906	313	3,789	92							1
15,467 20,659	8,603 5,88 8	49 2	2,085 3,871	137 263	1,328 9 9 6	107 275	109,420 370,347	108,537 366,680	105,231 337,681	14,748 23,260	1 2
13,982	4,400	84	2,594	137	793	133	243,168	240,879	215,235	18,210	1
24,474	0	2,161	0	0	0	0	42,760	41,212	38,858	11,549	1
20,030 18,959	3,111 8,498	0	3,425 3,569	76	499 1,037	41 73	123,350 149,753	123,117 148,919	97,801 113,478	18 693 19,961	2
9,318	7,119	0	2,027	480	1,759	319	372,705	357,374	332,264	13 814	1
18,022	0	966	5020		0 2,004	0 616	37,891 588,712	37,881 588,436	74,177 513,849	3,662 34,410	
28,745	10,225 7, 92 3	0	5,938 2,7 9 9		1,189	166	498,853	522,783	353,473		



Table 187.—Selected statistics for college and university campuses enrolling more than 15,000 students in 1987—Continued

Institution	State	Control 1	Type ²	Total enroliment, fall 1985	Total enrollment, fall 1986	Total enrollment, fail 1987	Enrollment, 19	by sex, fall 187	Enrollment b	y attendance fall 1987
		 			1401 1900	1201 1967	Men	Women	Full-time	Part-time
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
University of Southern III , Carbondale Wilkam Rainey Harper College	101	1 1	1 2	22,553 18,511	23,446 15,954	24,160 18,034	15,033 6,566	9,127 9,468	18,806 4,208	5,354 11,826
Ball State University	Ind	1	1	17,033	18,531	19,080	8,682	10,418	15,155	3,92
ndiana University, Bloomington ndiana U-Purdue U. at Indianapolis	Ind Ind	!	1	32,816	32,417	33,421	15,719	17,702	28,249	5,172
Purdue University, Main Campus	Ind	1	1	23,430 32,822	23,468 32,984	23,818 34,069	10,225 20,239	13,393 13,830	9,260	14,338
owa State University	'owa	1	1	27,182	27,073	26,600	15,801	10,799	∠9,144 22,425	4,925 4,175
Inversity of lows	lowa	1	1	30,611	30,870	29,995	15,203	14,792	22,609	7,386
Kansas State U of Ag and App Sci University of Kansas, Main Campus	Kans Kans	1 1	1	17,570	17,687	18,049	9,950	8,099	14,186	3,863
Vichita State University	Kana	i	i	24,774 18,309	25,822 18,248	26,306 18,407	13,302 7,704	13,004 8,703	20,736 7,044	5,570 9,363
Iniversity of Kentucky	Ку	.	1	20,421	1	.			- 1	
Iniversity of Louisville	Ký	i	i	19,603	20,892 20,145	21,369 20,497	10,712 9,768	11,157 10,7 29	16,425 11,158	5,444 9,339
ousiana State University	La	1	1	29,727	28,421	28,011	14,348	13,663	23,000	E 011
Iniversity of New Orleans Iniversity of Southwestern Louisiana	La La	!	1	15,987	18,083	18,109	7,413	8,896	9,556	5,011 6,553
		"	'}	18,275	15,510	15,419	7,285	8,134	11,564	2,855
owson State University Inversity of Maryland, College Park	Md Md	1	1	14,987 38,679	15,421 38,639	15,542 38,058	8,259 19,860	9,2 8 3 18,198	10,118 28,335	5,426 9,723
oston University .	Mass	2	1	27,181	27,055	28,308		i	í	
arvard University	Mass	2	1	20,711	23,730	23,891	13,696 13,143	14,612 10,548	20,689 16,845	7,819 6,746
ortheastern University niversity of Massachusetts at Amherst	Mass Mass	2	1	35,271	34,093	33,042	18,033	15,009	17,401	15,641
entral Michigan University		1 1		27,852	27,801	28,118	13,863	14,235	21,849	6,269
astern Michigan University	Mich Mich	1 1	1	17,070 20,166	17,993	19,141	8,133	11,008	14,889	4,252
enry Ford Community College	Mich		2	15,577	21,349 14,595	22,375 15,261	9,153 8,044	13,222	12,247	10,128
Insing Community College scomb Community College	Mich	1	2	19,548	20,405	21,153	9,520	7,217 11,593	3,105 5,278	12,1 5 6 15,875
chigan State University	Mich Mich	1	2	29,491	31,318	32,141	15,820	18,521	5,536	26,605
skland Community College	Mich		2	42,746 26,553	44,088 26,875	43,960 26,251	21,331 10,989	22,829	35,249	8,711
ayne State University nv∈nsity of Michigan, Ann Arbor	Mich	1	1	28,424	28,784	30,377	14,176	15,262 18,201	5,350 14,327	20,901 15,850
estorn Michigan University	Mich Mich	1	- 1	34,456 20,963	34,974 21,747	35,823 23,336	19,805 10,969	15,818 12,367	31,575	4,048
Inkato State University	Minn	1		14,195	ŀ		- 1	1	15,029	8,307
aint Cloud State University	Minn	i	i	12,973	14,786 14,220	15,385 15,520	7,125 7,109	8,260 8,411	11,377 11,840	4,008
of Minnesota, Minneapolis-Saint Paul	Minn	1	1	63,067	63,994	62,223	31,521	30,702	28,248	3,680 33,975
outhwest Missoun State University	Mo Mo	1	1	15,511 23,047	15,233 22,727	16,085 22,958	7,319 11,710	8,766	11,577	4.508
niversity of Nebraska, Lincoln	Nebr	1	1	24,020	23,899	23,469	12,817	11,248	18,793	4,165
itgers University, New Brunswick	NJ	1	1	33,524	33,969	33,157	15,575	17,582	24,185	5,476 8,972
nversity of New Mexico, Main Campua	N Mex	1	1	26,628	24,124	24,856	11,633	13,223	13,807	11,049
by University of New York, Hunter College	NY	1	1	18,606	19,581	19,857	5,260	14,397	9,039	10,818
y University of New York, Queens College y University of N.Y., Bernard Baruch College	N Y N Y	1	1	18,243	18,134	16,813	8,292	10,321	8,421	8,192
olumbia University, New York	NY	2	1	15,753 17,523	16,126 17,574	16,587 18,066	7,28b 9,904	9,299	9,108	7,479
issau Community College iw York University	NY	1	2	20,320	19,363	19,692	8,559	8,162 11,133	11,913 9,823	3,153 9,869
int John's University, New York	N Y N Y	2	1	32,266 19,248	31,665	31,891	14,243	17,44 3	18,812	13,079
ate University of N Y at Buffalo, Main Campus	NY	ī	i	22,896	19,211 23,977	19,234 24,449	9,404 13,803	9,830 10,646	14,375	4,859
ate University of New York at Albany recuse University, Main Campus	N Y N Y	1 2	1	15,978 20,980	18,112 21,120	18,219 21,334	7.589 10,773	8,630	17,154 12,208	7,295 4,011
ntrai Piedmont Community College	NC	. 1	2	26,550	17,544		1	10,561	15,544	5,790
at Carolina University	NC	1	1	15,2€7	15,284	18,186 15,901	7,015 8,721	9,171 9,180	3,867 12,019	12,319 3,882
rth Carolina State U at Raleigh Iversity of North Carolina, Chapel Hill	N C N C	1	1	24,294 22,066	24,687 22,826	24,349 22,958	15,068 9,945	9,281 13,013	18,598	7,751
wing Green State U, Main Campus	Ohio	1	1	17,891	17,799	17,560	1	1	18,631	4,127
veland Institute of Electronics veland State University	Ohio	2	2	23,373	23,373	5,377	7,421 13,070	10,539 2,307	15,352	2,608 15,377
rahoga Community College District	Ohio Ohio	1	1 2	17,540	17,951	17,714	9,003	8,711	9,432	8,282
nt State University, Main Campus	Ohio	1	1	24,159 20,406	23,324 20,846	2º,825 21,521	8 353 9,277	14,472	6,493	16,332
imi University, Oxford Campus io State University, Main Campus	Ohio		1	15,761	15,995	15,980	7,376	12,244 8,604	15,684 14,507	5,837 1,473
o University, Main Campus	Ohio	1	1	53,199	53,880	53,115	28,391	24,724	42,594	10,521
clair Community College	Ohio	i	2	15,217 14,483	16,021 16,094	16,693 16,344	8,873 6,187	8,020	15,095	1,598
versity of Akron, Main Campus versity of Cincinnati, Main Campus	Ohio	1	1	26,025	25,944	27,069	13,580	10,157 13,489	3,687 18,130	12,857 10,939
versity of Toledo	Ohio Ohio	1	1	30,205	30,213	31,233	18,405	14,828	20,568	10,665
ght State University, Main Campus	Ohio	i	i	21,238 15,424	21,178 16,075	21,740 16,123	10,737 7,819	11,003 8,304	13,566 9,608	8,174 8,515
ahoma State University Main Campus	Okla	1	1	21,639	21,678	21,082	11,713	9,369		
sa Junior College	Okla	• 1	2	15,210	15 292	16,011	6,348	9,683	18,742	4,340



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Table 187.—Selected rtatistics for college and university campuses enrolling more than 15,000 students in 1987—Continued

	by January Ball		Earned do	erone conform	1 1096 97		Financial stat	istics, 1985-86,3	n thousands		5
Enrollment, to 198	Postbacca- laureate	Associate	Bachelor's	grees conferred First- professional	Master's	Doctor's	Current-fund revenues	Current-fund expenditures	Educational and general expenditures	Ft 'l-time- equivalent enrollment, fail 1985	Full-time- equivalent enrollment, fall 1987
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
19,943 16,034	4,217 0	611 1,139	4,405 0	161	726 0	150	216,596 30,757	219,317 31,048	193,558 27,242	20,163 7,541	20,948 8,182
i		271	2,673	٥	774	64	139,463	136,975	105,059	15,455	16,725
16,683 26,001	2,397 7,420	70	4,546	236	1,764	374	404,910	383,019	264,452	29,419	30,318
17,203	6,415	590	1,706	581	553	17	397,193	349,003	180,472	14,786	15,015
28,633	5,438	620	5,134	69	1,164	370	419,978	401,454	348,558	29,636	31,114
21,708 20,974	4,892 9,021	0	4,301 3,826	119 413	643 1,168	296 287	347,209 508,965	326,735 5+6,691	230,815 291,720	24,935 25,929	24,0 95 25,5 6 3
14,517	3,532	23	2,672	104	596	164	178,319	174,294	146,439	15,461	15,731
19,602	6,704	0	2,887	162	1,027	221	200,734	194,691	159,155	21,119 10,692	22, 964 10,769
12,198	3,619	269	1,467	0	530	4	74,405	73,544	63,795		
16,947 15,920	4,922 4,577	0 233	2,606 1,554	260 290	685 713	147 32	396,311 206,157	364,013 200,383	268,612 175,683	17,259 13,738	18,603 14,894
22,766	5,225	o	3,173	274	928	157	315,769	306,922	249,620	26,130	25,004
13,285	2,824	4	1,175	0	419 300	26 5	64,518 67,292	63,832 65,817	54,785 52,041	12,557 13,841	12,177 13,106
13,643	1,776	131	1,722	0							12,286
14,390 29,549	1,152 8,509	0	1,882 5,576	0	215 1,135	0 378	71,561 390,891	68,216 352,865	51,208 296,827	11, 29 2 32,558	32,224
18,641	9,667	15	3,030	682	2,082	299	419,363	402,858	345,442	21,949	23,737
10,490	13,201	14	1,766	790	2,513	434	715,697	714,526	628,334	17,386	19,643 23,657
28,052 21,285	4,990 6,833	376 111	3,117 4,1 6 7	152	1,094 908	49 311	214,622 321,760	213,867 286,173	188,913 223,512	25,694 24,098	24,357
					1,681	7	109,785	107,642	82,070	15,153	16,590
15,640	3,501 5,1 60	0	2,701 2,344	0	884	ó	100,388	102,418	87,532	14,601	16,298
17,215 15,261	5,160	1,103	2,344	ŏ	~~	ŏ	30,263	30,882	28,499	8,589	7,169
21,153	ŏ	1,405	ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ö	40,705	40,028	39,293	9,375	10,612
32,141	ŏ	2,470	Ŏ	o	0	0	48 194	47,572	44,142	12,729	14,475
34,269	9,691	0	6,488	340	1,687	464	535,428	503,483	414,255	38,051	38,733
26,251	0	1,871	0	0	0	0	48,444	48,039	44,759	15,586	12,373
19,598	10,779	0	2,235	502	1,226	123	256,691	245,279	238,695	19,764	20,867 33,194
22,804 17,551	12,819 5,785	0	4,981 2,797	739	2,582 1,133	589 71	1,055,340 138,474	985,846 133,971	579,643 106,294	32,172 16,265	18,352
			ļ	0	369	0	59.992	59,673	51,333	11,665	12,980
13,092	2,293 1,858	92	1,961 1,678	0	182	Ö	55,007	54,150	45,282	11,058	13,312
13,662 48,690	13,533	227	5,525	697	1,951	508	927,593	889,386	650,306	45,664	41,838
14,761	1,324	40	1,803	0	253	0	65,460	62,660	54,059	12,501	13,380
16,942	6,016	o	3,494	324	929	181	399,419	379,470	253,388	20,627	20,459
19,309	4,160	121	2,937	137	672	203	226,604	224,620	180,564	20,904	20,183
25,440	7,717	0	5,148	0	1,214	320	320,072	297,869	259,921	27,239	27,774
17,462	7,394	123	1,803	170	820	137	177,433	168,091	145,396	18,653	18,227
15,339	4,318	0	1,255	0	854 628	0	89,222 95,651	89,438 95,422	89,438 94,962	12,852 12,002	13,286 11,698
13,130	3,463	0	1,634	0	482	ő	71,447	71,790	71,790	11,589	12,100
13,620	2,967 12,201	Ú	1,561 1,298	541	3 803	593	596,360	579,305	555.890	16,495	16,174
5,865 19,692	12,201	2,889	0	0	0	0	73,213	69,446	69,448	13,586	13,13.
14,932	16,759	283	2,691	704	3,700	392	770,501	756,708	507,588	23,278	23,844
14,534	4,700	446	2,713	396	729	40	98,004	88,167	83,880	16,630	16,319
17,516	6,933	71	2,454	292	1,089	209	215,308	212,339	194,205	18,505	20,072
11,788	4,431	0 16	2,165 2,621	201	901 1,426	110 136	159,288 248,463	152,445 247,696	131,873 191,115	13,155 16,876	13,812 17,860
14,387	6,947	İ	Ì		i	•	i				
16,166	0	687	0		0	0	31,632	31,290	28,692	12,986 13,375	8,006 13,572
12,947	2,954	0	1,951	66	578	1	152,981	145,054 325,188	127,633 283,980	20,057	
20,530 15,288	3,819 7,670	84	3,115 3,272		674 1,197	200	331,937 521,205		402 246		
15,470	2,490	28	2,665			67	132,418	129,724	96,989	15,997	16,395
15,377	2,450	99	2,003		0	0	10 490	10,300	10,300	8,031	6,105
12,922	4,792	0	1,575			11	84,770		80,367	11,728	
22,825	0	1,784	0				76,911	74,938		13,088	
17,454	4,067	0	2,715			132	137,106		98,430 88,872	16,539 14,815	
14,302	1,678	188	3,957			39 570	125,641		539,217	47,081	
40,482	12,633	132	6,853			91	816,025 144,040		112,588		15,734
14,031	2,662	27	2,416			91	31,455				
16,344 22,258	4,811	1,035 755	2,549			85	123,319		106,373		
22,258 24,923	6,310										24,834
18,745	2,995										
12,450	3,873										
16,131	4,951	1	3,137	64	683	189	218 413	213 093	163,409	19,462	16,478
16,011											



Table 187.—Selected statistics for college and university campuses enrolling more than 15,000 students in 1987—Continued

1		1	1	enrollment, fall 1985	enrollment, fall 1986	enrollment, fall 1987	19	87	status,	y attendance fall 1987
			L	L		14 1307	Men	Women	Full-time	Part-time
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
University of Oklahoma, Norman Campus	Okia J	1	1	21,748	22,313	22,352	12,367	9,985	15,916	6,436
Oregon State University	Oreg	1	1	15,217	45.00		,	, ,,,,,,,	13,5,0	0,430
Portland Community College	Oreg	i	2		15,199	15,749	9,060	6,689	12,825	2,924
Portland State University	Oreg	1	1	14,768	19,494 15,640	20,492	9,745	10,747	5,844	14,648
University of Oregon	Oreg	1	1	16,375		17,316	7,767	9,549	7,420	9,896
Community College of Allegheny County	_	1		10,575	17,142	18,195	8,843	9,352	14,182	4,613
Pennsylvania State U., Main Campus	Pa	1	2	18,426	17,251	17.055	7.000	1		
Femple University	Pa	1 1	1	35,699	35,261	17,255	7,383	9,872	6,755	10,500
University of Pennsylvania	Pa	1	1	30,277	30,615	36,271	20,555	15,716	32,331	3,940
Insured of December 1	Pa	2	1	21,870	21,742	30,431	15,267	15,164	19,811	10,620
Inversity of Pittsburgh, Main Campus	. Pa	1	- 1	28,710		21,875	11,803	10,072	17,676	4,199
Inversity of Rhode Island	BI	1	1		28,449	28,364	14,312	14,052	18,103	10,261
Inversity of South Carolina, Columbia	sc	1		14,235	14,371	15,170	7,207	7,963	10,464	4,706
femphis State University	i	1	1	23,263	22,965	25,504	11,234	14,270	16,466	9,038
Inversity of Tennessee, Knoxville	Tenn	1	1	20,749	20.043	20,470	9,524	100:0		
The state of the s	Tenn	1	1	25,397	25,842	25,986	13,649	10,946	12,322	8,148
ustri Community College	~-	1 1		1		20,000	13,049	12,337	19,673	6,313
louston Community College	Tex	1	2	17,549	18,340	19,905	9,544	10.361	4.505	
an Antonio College	Tex	1 1	2	25,415	26.002	27,196	12,535	14,661	4,565	15,340
outhwest Texas State University	Tex	1 1	2	22,041	20,790	21,816	9,636		5,535	21,661
arrant County Junior College District	Tex	1	1	19,268	19,778	20.039	9,752	12,180	6,930	14,886
exas A. & M. University	Tex	1	2	24,135	24.091	24,490	11,329	10,287	15,587	4,452
exas Tech University	Tex	1	1	35 5~5	36,617	39,079	23,021	13,161	6,140	18,350
niversity of Houston, University Park	Tex	1	1	23,457	23,479	23.564		16,058	34,754	4,325
niversity of North Texas	Tex	1	1	23,944	28.164	28,907	12,892	10,672	18,878	4,686
niversity of Texas at Arlington	Tex	1 1	1	20,996	21,269	22,379	14,931	13,976	16,163	12,744
Inversity of Texas at Austra	Tex	1	1	23,109	23,247	22,760	10,535	11,844	14,959	7,420
are any or rexast at Austin	Tex	1	1	47,838	46,140		12,781	9,979	13,065	9,695
ngham Young University, Main Campus	i		1		40,140	47,740	25,580	22,163	40,063	7,680
reversity of Utah	Utah	2	1	29,800	30,226	29.674	45 540			
aroraty or oran	Utah	1	1	24,770	24,721	24,124	15,513	14,161	22,470	7,204
orge Mason University	i	1 1	1			24,124	13,530	10,594	15,451	8,673
orthern Virginia Community College	Va	1	1	17.094	17,652	18,112	8.258		- 1	
d Dominion University	Va	1	2	32,282	33,682	34.884	15,191	9,854	9,433	8,679
lewater Community College	Va	. 1	1	15,865	15,463	15,640		19,693	7,808	27,07 6
iversity of Virginia, Main Campus	Va	1	2	13,926	15.531	16,818	7,667	7,973	9,999	5,641
gine Commonwealth University	Va	1	1	17,417	21,615		7,154	9,664	4,168	12,650
ginia Polytechnic Inst. and State U	Va	1	1	19,556	19.641	21,268 20,485	9,966	11,302	16,092	5,176
Swife Lorkieching lust and State O	Va	1	1	24,193	24,637		8,322	12,163	12,284	8,201
everally of Washington			1	24,103	24,037	24,977	14,862	10,115	21,392	3,585
shington State University	Wash	1	1	34,086	33 674	33,302	47.000			
STATE OF THE SILY	Wash	1,	1	16,139	16,193		17,226	16,076	26,864	6,438
st Virginia University	w va	1	,			16,484	9.280	7,204	14,992	1,492
weiken Area Head Took Took	_	.1	1	18,031	17,174	17,270	8,949	8,321	14,044	3,226
waukee Area Voc /Tech District	Wis	1	2	23,173	20.000		_	.		0,220
versity of Wisconsin, Madison	Wis	il	1	45,050	20,032	20,781	9,648	11,133	6,450	14,331
versity of Wisconsin, Milwaukee	Wis	1	1	26,213	44,584	43,368	22,421	20,947	36,437	8,931
munity College of the Air Force	us	1	2	35 212	25,930 34,617	25,210	11,888	13,322	13,449	11,761



Table 197.—Selected statistics for college and university campuses enrolling more than 15,000 students in 1987—Continued

19 Undergradu-	87 1			<u> </u>	, 1986-87		Financial stat			Full-time-	Full-time-
ate	Postbacca- laureate	Associate	Bachelor's	First- professional	Master's	Doctor's	Current-fund revenues	Current-fund expenditures	Educational and general expenditures	equivalent enrollment, fall 1985	equivalent enrollment, fail 1987
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
16,449	5,903	0	2,455	218	874	101	223,372	219,774	120,984	18,483	18,490
12,590	3,159	o	2,808	36	611	141	212,411	209,840	187,661	14,411	13,995
20,492	0,750	1,034	0	0	0	0	48,749	47,389	41,796	9,784	10,766
	4,518	1,034	1,617	ŏ	599	16	65,088	64,508	57,044	9,981	11,378
12,798		0	2,274	109	788	140	132,451	130,889	107,112	14,890	15,787
13,872	4,323	U	2,2/4	109	786	140	132,431	130,003	107,112		
17,255	0 '	2,125	0	0	o	0	57,129	57,129	53,892	12,201	10,283
30,454	5,817	72	7,415	0	1,043	341	524,219	501,614	388,557	33,120	33,907
21,378	9,053	80	3.051	589	1,063	290	432,383	422,492	251.515	22,878	24,059
	9,944	52	2,363	643	1.744	307	847,130	823,639	463,802	18,957	19,356
11,931				480	1,812	394	416,157	405,500	319,020	22,166	22,207
18,608	9,756	0	3,108	480	1,012	394	410,137	405,500	313,020	22,100	22,20,
11,941	3,229	20	1,673	2	464	66	139,018	138,776	116,914	11,107	12,346
15,011	10,493	25	2,910	307	1,505	169	216,710	210,727	184,051	19,126	20,081
	4 004	0	1,820	144	688	50	107,542	103.87°	89.783	15.447	15,581
16,246 19,639	4,224 6,347	0	3,226	203	1,061	206	290,095	289,983	246,595	21,843	22,198
			_	_	_		20.005	00.044	29,068	8,190	9,719
19,905	0	587	0	0	0	0	29,205	29,244			
27,196	0	600	0	0	0	С	62,201	70 060	70,046	11,095	12,813
21,816	o	390	0	. 0	0	0	47,919	49,513	47,288	13,183	11,932
17,907	2,132	14	2,906	0	343	0	81,362	78,461	55,112	17,371	17,368
24,490	0	1,122	0	0	0	0	48,677	49,317	44,880	12,920	12,306
31,962	7,117	0	6.064	177	1,074	369	586,028	542,434	461,462	33,229	36,484
		ő	3,000	165	608	113	192,913	184,726	153,993	21,085	20,752
19,652	3,912	0		443	1,136	134	196,079	191,664	159,651	22,957	21,261
18,903	10,004		2,525			180	122,642	113,127	90.536	17,214	17,927
16,492	5,887	0	2,252	0	1,080			113,127	95,229	18,541	16,943
17,707	5,053	0	2,676	0	745	40	108,124				
36,195	11,548	0	6,751	538	1,751	612	553,744	537 027	462,134	44,457	43,135
26,707	2.967	86	5,150	148	1,040	107	(4)	(4)	(4)	25,824	25,352
19,828	4,296	0	2,639	217	808	173	409,553	392,910	260,606	19,760	18,920
12,575	5.537	0	1,835	168	516	14	75,447	76,643	61,751	11,731	12,905
34,884	0,507	1,551	1,000	0	0	0	53,087	53,151	53,151	15,042	16,906
	4,196	1,551	1,7 /4	ŏ	425	19	83 243	81,560	65,837	11,495	12,255
11,444			1,7.4	1 0	0	0	23,419	23,246	23,238	6,915	8,416
16,818	0	838				218	466,018	435,460	231,277	16,450	18,162
12,192	9,076	0		524	1,275					14,344	15,564
14,801	5,684	14	1,926	231	706	80	400,960	394,800	183,373		
18,565	6,412	0	3,581	80	1,002	295	306,285	304,137	271,378	21,764	22,826
24,691	6,611	0	4,959	363	1,755	411	686,815	662,739	520,542	30,072	29,439
14,011	2,473	0	2,828	95	447	152	229,253	223,941	185,030	15,378	15,589
12,800	4,470	ι	2,539	229	1,087	110	199,737	196,897	166,868	15,774	15,334
20,781	0	1,306	. 0	o	0	0	80,403	79912	74,768	10,677	11,265
	13,198	1,308	6,000	524	1,983	667	772,231	768,125	595,960	40,506	39.209
30,170				0	947	54	146.695	147,524	128,126	19,209	18,153
20,645	4,565	0	i 2,474		-	1	· ·				1
40,310	0	9 184	0	0	0	0	(4)	(4)	(4)	35,212	40,310

-Data not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education," "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data Sysiem (IPEDS), "Completions" and "Fall Enrollment" surveys (This table was prepared May 1989)



¹ Publicly controlled institutions are identified by a "1", privately controlled, by a "2" ² The types of institutions are identified as follows: "1," 4 year institutions, "2," 2 year institutions

^{*}Totals for the United States and the colleges enrolling more than 15,000 students include estimates for nonrespondents

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Table 188.—Enrollment of the 130 largest college and university campuses: Fall 1987

Name of institution	State	Rank 1	Con- trol ²	Турез	Enroll- ment, fail 1987	Name of institution	State	Rank 1	Con- trol ²	Type 3	Enroil ment, fall 1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
U of Minnesota, Minneapolis-Saint Paul	Minn	1	1	1	62,223	Management of Court and Court	1	-			
Ohio State University, Main Campus	Ohio	2	i	i	53,115			66	1	1	24,16
University of Texas at Austin Michigan State University University of Wisconsin Madison	Tex Mich Wis	3 4 5	1 1 1	1	47,743 43,960 43,368	University of Utah University of Illinois at Chicago	Cairl Utah ill Fla	67 68 69 70	1 1 1	1 1 1	24,12 24,12 23,92 23,82
Arizma State University Miami-Dade Community College	Ariz Fla	6	1	1	42,968	Harvard University	Mass	71			
Texas A. & M. Linkererty	ψs	7 8 9	1	2	42,663 40,310	Texas Tech University	Ind Tex	72 73	2	1	23,69 23,61
University of Illinois, Urbana Campus	iii	10	1	1	39,079 38,970	University of Colorado at Boulder University of Nebraska, Lincoln	Colo Nebr	74 75		1	23,56 23,55 23,48
University of Maryland, College Park San Diego State University	Md Calif	11	1	1	38,058	Western Michigan University	Mich	76]	
Pennsylvania State U., Main Campus University of Michigan, Ann Arbor	Pa. Mich	12 13	- 1	1	36,280 36,271	Illinois State University University of Missouri, Columbia	Mo	77 78	1	- 1	23,33 23,14
University of California, Los Angeles	Calif	14 15	- 1	- 1	35,623 35,435	U of North Carolina, Chapel Hill Cuyahoga Community College District	N C Ohio	79 80	1	1	22,956 22,956
California State University, Long Beach						, ,		30	']	2	22,625
Northern Virginia Community College Purdue University, Main Campus	Calif Va	16 17	- 1	1 2	34,926 34,884	University of Texas at Arington University of North Texas	Tex Tex	81	1	1	22,760
University of Florida	Ind Fla	16 19	1	1	34,069 33,568	University of North Texas Eastern Michigan University University of Oklahoma, Norman	Mich	82 83	- 1	- 1	22,379 22,375
ndiana University, Bloomington	Ind	20	1	1	33,421	Campus Georgia State University	Okta Ga	84 85	1	1	22,352
University of Washington Rutgers University, New Brunswick	Wash	21	1	1	33,302	University of Pennsylvania		1	1	1	22,070
fortheastern University Iniversity of Arizona .	N J Mass	22 23	1 2	1	33,157 33,042	University of Kentucky San Antonio College	Pa K/	86 67	2	1	21,675 21,869
Alacomb Community College	Ariz Mich	24 25	- 1	1 2	33,009 32,141	University of Toledo Broward Community College	Ohio	88 89	1	2	21,816 21,740
Inversity of California, Berkeley	Calif	26	1	,	32,055	_	Fla	90	1	2	21,621
lew York University Iniversity of Cincinnati, Main Campus	N Y Ohio	27 28	2	i	31 691 31,233	Kent State University, Main Campus San Diego Mesa College	Ohio Calif	91 92	1	2	21,521 21,336
Iniversity of Southern California emple University	Calif Pa	29 30	2	1	30,504 30,431	Syracuse University, Main Campus Santa Rosa Junior Colle University of Virginia, Main Campus	N Y Cairl	93 94	2	1 2	21,334 21,305
/ayne State University	Mich	31	1	1	·		Va	95	1	1	21,268
Iniversity of lowa alifornia State University, Northridge	lowa Cairl	32	i	i	30,377 29,995	Lansing Community College Okiahoma State U , Main Campus	Mich Okla	96 97	1	2	21,153 21,082
ngnam Young University, Main	Utah	34	2		29,719	Camornia State U , Los Angeles	Cairf	98	1	i	20,977
niversity of South Florida	Fla	35	1	1	29,674 23,069	University of California, Davis Milwaukee Area Voc /Tech District	Calif Wis	99 100	1	1 2	20,847 20,761
niversity of Houston, University Park niversity of Pittsburgh, Main Campus	Tex Pa	36 37	1	1	28,907	Rancho Santiago College	Cairf	101	1	2	•
oston University niversity of Massachusetts at	Mass	38	2	1	28,364 28,308	Long Beach City College University of Louisville	Cairl Ky	102		2	20,606 20,585
Amherst Duisiana State University	Mass La	39 40	1	1	28,118	Portland Community College	Oreg	104		2	20,497 20,492
an Jose State University	Calif			1	28,011	Virginia Commonwealth University	Va	105	i	1	20,485
ouston Community College niversity of Akron, Main Campus	Tex Ohio	41 42	1	2	27,549 27,196	Memphis State University Pasadena City College	Tenn Calif	106 107	1	1	20,470
wa State University niversity of Georgia	lowa Ga	43 44	1	1	27,069 26,600	Diablo Valley College Southwest Texas State University	Calif Tex	108	1	2	20,178 20,043
inversity of Kansas, Main Campus	1 1	45	1	1	26,547	Austin Community College	Tex	110	1	1 2	20,039 19,905
akland Community College in Francisco State University	Kans Mich	46 47	1	1 2	26,306 26,251	Mount San Antonio College Nassau Community College	Calif N Y	111	1	2	19,840
wersity of Tennessee, Knoxville	Cahf	46	1	1		City University of New York, Hunter	NY	112	1	2	19,692
niversity of South Carolina,	Tenn S C	49	1	1	il		DC	113 114	2	1	19,657 19,500
Camino College		50	1	1	25,504	Mesa Community College	Arız	.15	1	2	19,443
orthern Illinois University ilversity of Wisconsin, Milwaukee	Calif	51 52	1	2	25,485 25,455	Chabot College Auburn University Main Company	Calif	116	1	2	19,417
Anza College gina Polytechnic Inst. and State U	Wis Cairf	53 54	1	1 2	25,210 25,036	American River College	Ala Cairl N Y	11 113	-	1 2	19,363 19,318
	Va	55	1	1			Colo	1 9	2	1	19,234 19,192
na Community College Iversity of New Mexico, Main	Anz	56	1	2	24,866	Central Michigan University	Mira,	121	1	1	19,141
Campus y College of San Francisco	N Mex Ala	57 58	1	1 2	24,856 24,641		nc	122	1	1	19,080
iversity of Connecticut mant County Junior College District	Conn Tex	59 60	1	1 2	24 552	Saint Petersburg Junior College	Del la	123 124		1 2	19,067 18,784
llege of Du Page	ur .	61		2	- 11	į.	†	125	1	ī	18,382
ite U of NY at Buffalo, Main Campus	NY	62		1		Sald Barrier B. C. C. C.	alıf	126	1	1	18,364
rth Carokna State U at Raleigh ifornia Stato University, Fullerton	N C Calif	63 64		1	24,349	cs Angeles Pierce College (Calif Calif	127 128	1	1 2	18,317 18,316
inge Coast College	Cairf	65	1	2		University of Oregon	Oreg Calif	129		1 2	18,195 18,139

^{*}College and university campuses ranked by size of enrollment in fall 1987. Data are



Publicly controlled institutions are identified by a "1", privately controlled, by a "2"

3 The types of institutions are identified as follows: "1," 4-year institutions, "2," 2-year institutions.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment, 1987" survey (This table was prepared May 1989)

Table 189.—Selected statistics on traditionally black institutions of higher education:1 1985-86, 1986-87, and fail 1987

		Publi	С	Pnvat	te
Item	Total	4-year	2-year	4-year	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6
lumber of institutions, fall 1987	99	38	5	49	
otal enrollment, fall 1985	213,776	146,111	6,050	60,292	1,3
Men	94,998	65,617	2,370	26,387	6
Women	118,778	80,494	3, 68 0	33,905	6
otal enrollment, fall 1987	211,867	146,412	6,442	57,475	1,5
Men	89,963	62,798	2,400	24,127	6
Women	121,904	83,614	4,042	33,348	9
Full-time enrollment, fail 1987	163,659	105,755	4,717	51,827	1,3
Men	71,481	47,494	1,692	21,719	5
Women	92,178	58,261	3,025	30,108	7
Part-time enrollment, fail 1987	48,208	40,657	1,725	5,648	1
Men	18,482	15,304	708	2,408	
Women	29,726	25,353	1,017	3,240	1
arned degrees conferred, 1986-87	-1	-		_	
Associate	1,817	1,040	486	97	1
Men	622	374	128	34	1
Women	1,195	666	358	63	1
Bachelor's	20,107	13,229	-	6,872	
Men	8,807	6,054	-	2,747	
Women	11,300	7,175	-	4,125	
Master's	3,979	3,148	-	831	
Men	1,579	1,242	-	337	
Women	2,400	1,906	-	494	
Doctor's	194	56	-	138	
Men	105 89	32 24	-	73	
Women	89	24	-	65	
First-professional .	853	272	-	581	
Men	530 323	164 108	_	366 215	
Women	323	108		215	
inancial statistics, 1985-86, in thousands of dollars Current-fund revenues	\$1,966,778	\$1,098,481	\$29,5 ≥9	\$827.517	\$11.2
Tuition fees	364,622	150,588	2,917	208,037	3.0
Federal overnment ²	403,162	134,818	4,743	261,114	2,4
State governments 2 .	575,813	546,340	16,830	12,643	-,
Local governments 2	74,322	/1,863	1,438	1,021	
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	93,950	9,304	771	80,787	3,0
Endowment income	22,630	1,391	40	20,890	
Sales and services	386,087	156,341	1,732	226,296	1,
Other sources	46,191	27.837	1,057	16,729	
Current-fund expenditures	1,954,606	1,078,351	27,851	839,074	9,3
Educational and general expenditures	1,569,158	921,003	26,553	613,560	8,0
Auxiliary enterprises Hospitals	235,211 150,237	157,348	1,298	75,278 150,237	1,2
ПОЭРЛИІЭ	130,237	-	-	· 1	
Endowment, market value	438,773	20,187	1,149	416,756	
Buildings, replacement value .	4,186,359	2,636,038	57,391	1,468,530	24,4

¹ Includes institutions, mainly in the southern and border States, which were estabincludes insulucins, intenty in the southern and border states, which were inshed prior to 1954 for the education of black students during legal segregation ² includes appropriations, grants, and contracts

NOTE —Enrollment data for fall 1987 and degree data for 1986-87 are preliminary Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education," and "I inancial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Fiscal Year 1986" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" and "Completions" surveys (This table was prepared April 1989)



⁻Data not reported or not applicable

Table 190.—Full-time and part-time senior instructional faculty¹ in institutions of higher e. ^{¹¹}∩n, by employment status and control and type of institution: Fall 1970 to fall 1988

[In thousands]

Year	Total	Employmer	nt status	Contro	ol	Туре	•
	1000	Full-time	Part-time	Public	Private	4-year	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1970	474	369	104	314	160	382	9:
1971 2	492	379	113	333	159		
1972	500	380	120	343	157	387	109
1973 2	527	389	138	365	162	384	110
1974 2	567	40€	161	397	170	401 427	120 140
1975 2	600	440				72.	
1976	628	440	188	443	185	467	161
	633	434	199	450	183	467	166
1979 ²	678	448	230	492	186	485	193
0902	675	445	230	488	187	494	182
1980 ²	685	450	236	495	191	494	192
981	705	461	244	509	196	400	
9822	710	462	248	506	204	493	212
983	724	471	254	512	212	493	217
9842	717	462	255	505	212	504	220
9852	715	459	256	503	212	504	213
				303	212	504	211
9862	722	459	263	510	212	506	010
9872 ,	736	466	269	523	213		216
988 2	741	467	275	524	217	516 521	220 221

¹ includes faculty members with the title of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, assisting professor, aspectate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, assisting professor, adjunct professor or interim professor (or the equivalent) Excluded are graduate students with titles such as graduate or teaching fellow who assist senior faculty

2 Estimated on the basis of enrollment

NOTE —Data exclude faculty employed by system offices. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. For methodological details on estimates, see

Projections of Education Statistics to 2000 Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Employees in Institutions of Higher Education, various years, Projections of Education Statistics to 2000, and U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Higher Education Start Information Report File, 1977, 1981, and 1983 (This table was prepared May

Table 191.—Full-time instructional faculty in Institutions of higher education, by race/ethnicity, academic rank, and sex: Fail 1985

				Race/ethnicity		
Academic rank and sex	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	Amencan Indian/ Alaskan Native
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Men and women, all ranks .	464,072	417,036	19,227	7.704	18,370	1,735
Professors	129,269	119.868	2 859	1,455		<u>_</u>
Associate professors ,	111,092	100,630	11	1,727	4,788	299
Assistant professors , ,,,	111,308	97,496	5.895	1,968	4,130	404
Instructors	75,411	66,799	4,572	1,798	5,469	480
Lecturers	9,766	8.477	631	251	1,806 360	436
Other faculty	27,226	23,766	1,069	505	360 1,817	47 69
Men, all ranks	336,009	303,953	10,456	5.360	14,846	1,394
Professors	114,258	106.335	2.058			
Associate professors	85 156	77.483	2,038	1,206	4,395	264
Assistant professors	71,463	62,582	2.923	1,280	3,451	347
nstructors	43.251	38.592		1,316	4,240	402
Lecturers ,,, ,,	5,098	4.436	2,107 304	1,141	1,105	306
Other faculty , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	16,783	14,525	469	117 300	212 1,443	29 46
Women, all ranks	128,063	113,083	8,771	2.344	3,524	
Professors	45044				3,524	341
Associate professore	15,011	13,533	801	249	393	35
Assistant professors	25,936	23,147	1,606	447	679	57
nstructors	39,845	34,914	2,972	(`52	1,229	78
ecturers	32,160	28,207	2,465	657	701	130
When teauths	4,668	4,041	327	134	148	18
Suler faculty. ,	10,443	9,241	600	205	374	23

NOTE -- Data exclude faculty employed by system offices. Totals may differ from figures reported on other tables because of varying survey methodologies

SOURCE U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Higher Education Staff Information Report File, 1985, unpublished data (This table was prepared June 1989)



Table 192.—Average salary of full-time instructional faculty in institutions of higher education, by academic rank and sex: 1972-73 to 1987-88

	Constant				Cunent dollars			
Academic year and sex	(1987-88) dollars ¹	All ranks	Professor	Associate professor	Assistant professor	Instructor	Lecturer	Undesignated or no
	All ranks			professor	professor			academic rank
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1672-73								
Total	\$37,479	\$13,850	\$19,182	\$14,572	\$12,029	\$10,737	\$11,637	\$12,676
Male	39,008	14,415	19,405	14,714	12,190	11,147	12,105	13,047
Female	32,270	11,925	17,122	13,827	11,510	10,099	10.775	11,913
1975-76				Ì				
Total	34,745	16,634	22,611	17,026	13,966	13,682	12,887	15,201
Male	36,320	17,388	22,866	17,167	14,154	14,440	13,577	15,764
Female	29,853	14,292	20,257	16,336	13,506	12,580	11,870	14,098
1979-80								
Total	31,883	21,367	28,371	21,431	17,459	14,021	16,151	20,479
Maie	33,459	22,423	28,653	21,627	17,712	14,321	16,987	21,247
Female	27,449	18,395	25,910	20,642	16,971	13,749	15,142	19,069
1980-81								
Tota:	31,161	23,302	30,753	23,214	18,901	15,178	17,301	22,334
Male	32,762	24,499	31,082	23,451	19,227	15,545	18,281	23,170
Female	26,740	19,996	27,959	22,295	18,302	14,854	16,168	20,843
1981-82					ł			
Total	31,326	25,449	33,437	25,278	20,608	16,450	18,756	24,331
Maie	32,984	26,796	33,799	25,553	21,025	16,906	19,721	25,276
Female	26,837	21,802	30,438	24,271	19,8 66	16,054	17,676	22,672
1982-83								
Total	32,098	27,196	35,540	26,921	22,056	17,601	20,072	25,557
Male	33,831	28,664	35,956	27,262	22,586	18,160	21,225	26,541
Female ,	27,454	23,261	32.221	25,738	21,130	17,102	18,830	23,855
1984-85				-				
Total	33,347	30,447	39,743	29,945	24,668	20,230	22,334	27,683
Male .	35,248	32,182	40,269	30,392	25,330	21,159	23,557	28,670
Female .	28,412	25,941	35,824	28,517	23,575	19,362	21,004	26,050
1985-86				Ì		İ		
Totai .	34,483	32,392	42,268	31,787	26,277	20,918	23,770	29,088
Male.	36,508	34,294	42,833	32,273	27,094	21,693	25,238	30,267
Female	29,356	27,576	38,252	30,300	24,966	20,237	22,273	27,171
1987-88			1					
Total	36,011	36,011	47,285	35,308	29,219	22,542	26,069	29,477
Male	38,295	38,295	47,967	35,892	30,209	23,434	27,771	30,645
Female	30,364	30,364	42,655	33,625	27,680	21,812	24,448	27,751

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Cata adjusted, using the Consumer Price Index prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, averaged on an academic year time frame

NOTE —Data for 1972-73, 1975-76, and 1987-88 are for faculty on 9- to 10-month contracts, data for 1979-80 to 1985-86 are for faculty on 9-month contracts. Data exclude imputations for nonrespondent institutions.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Faculty Salanes, Tenure, and Benefits, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Salanes Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Instructional Faculty" survey (This table was prepared May 1989)



Table 193.—Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in institutions of higher education, by academic rank and sex and by type and control of institution: 1980-81, 1982-83, 1985-86, £3d 1987-88

Academic year, control, and type of	Average		r	Average sa	lary, by rank			Average sa	alary, by sex
institution	salary, all faculty	Professor	Associate professor	Assistant professor	Instructor	Lecturer	No academic rank	Men	Women
1 	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1980-81 All institutions 4-year University Other 4-year 2-year	\$23,302	\$30,753	\$23,214	\$18,901	\$15,178	\$17,301	\$22,334	\$24,4C9	\$19,996
	23,693	31,016	23,265	18,867	15,050	17,375	17,380	24,909	19,805
	25,349	33,622	24,392	19,684	15,530	17,327	17,856	27,206	20,736
	22,230	28,798	22,558	18,398	14,887	17,425	17,334	23,271	19,372
	21,898	26,528	22,750	19,166	15,621	16,222	22,615	22,736	20,434
Public institutions	23,745	31,077	23,772	19,431	15,613	17,620	22,820	24,873	20,673
	24,373	31,442	23,898	19,442	15,486	17,712	19,240	25,509	20,608
	25,571	32,945	24,268	19,637	15,305	17,426	17,358	26,788	20,564
	23,500	30,097	23,639	19,515	15,567	17,997	19,798	24,499	20,633
	22,177	26,880	22,947	19,370	15,928	16,458	22,875	22,965	20,778
Private institutions	22,093	29,994	21,833	17,767	14,192	15,899	15,946	23,493	18,073
	22,325	30,089	21,887	17,816	14,316	15,971	16,706	23,669	18,326
	26,897	35,227	24,730	19,792	16,197	16,956	18,933	28,251	21,176
	19,996	26,173	20,502	16,939	13,905	14,741	16,617	21,040	17,342
	15,065	18,645	17,665	14,663	12,155	12,441	14,993	16,075	13,892
All institutions	27,196	35,540	26,921	22,056	17,601	20,072	25,557	28,664	23,261
	27,758	35,889	27,013	22,055	17,440	20,116	19,624	29,240	23,139
	30,710	39,073	28,502	23,398	17,958	20,170	19,850	32,269	24,396
	25,921	33,121	26,113	21,315	17,275	20,064	19,594	27,167	22,568
	25,252	30,680	26,131	22,058	18,128	19,013	25,900	26,268	23,536
Aublic institutions. 4-year University Other 4-year 2-year	27,485	35,473	27,346	22,538	18,003	20,048	26,113	28,851	23,892
	28,293	35,918	27,511	22,588	17,789	20,087	21,189	29,661	23,876
	29,893	38,041	28,086	23,112	17,430	19,869	19,160	31,390	23,908
	27,152	34,124	27,112	22,245	17,940	20,277	22,333	28,323	23,858
	25,567	31,058	26,349	22,290	18,484	19,547	26,189	26,524	23,917
rivate institutions	26,393	35,701	25,876	21,054	16,675	20,176	17,786	28,159	21,451
	26,691	35,828	25,949	21,118	16,849	20,232	19,072	28,380	21,785
	32,842	42,658	29,692	24,095	19,678	21,088	22,740	34,540	25,721
	23,819	31,095	24,294	19,929	16,336	18,960	18,957	25,128	20,545
	16,595	20,829	19,689	17,164	14,055	13,438	15,811	17,346	15,845
Il institutions	32,392	42,268	31,787	26,277	20,918	23,770	29,088	34,294	27,576
	33,270	42,803	31,940	26,335	20,383	23,805	24,055	35,174	27,696
	39,837	46,9\$4	33,704	28,242	20,784	23,807	24,139	28,841	29,243
	3, 11,8	39,610	30,864	25,314	20,253	23,802	24,043	32,688	26,994
	29,2,59	36,076	30,483	25,823	22,434	23,154	29,420	30,490	27,294
A-year	32, 50	42,32	32,367	26,951	21,553	23,839	29,597	34,528	28,299
	34,033	43,044	32 642	27,100	20,895	23,862	25,142	35,786	28,880
	35,835	45,322	33,133	27,887	20,226	23,557	23,706	37,771	28,567
	32,757	41,170	32,296	26,597	21,180	24,101	25,705	34,260	28,742
	29,590	36,418	30,733	26,162	22,818	23,500	29,712	30,758	27,693
vate institutions	31,402 31,732 39,519 28,198 19,436	42,118 42,260 51,355 36,455 24,519	30,400 30, 8 25,507 28,365 22,291	24,891 24,987 29,125 23,412 19,297	19,314 19,483 22,743 18,910 16,419	23,477 23,574 24,540 22,093 9,231	21,577 23,394 26,603 23,295 18,783	33,656 33,900 41,580 29,882 20,412	25,523 25,889 31,106 24,280
Institutions 4-year University Other 4-year 2-year	36,011 37,177 41,563 34,423 30,670	47,285 47,876 53,142 43,838 39,214	35,338 35,502 37,790 34,762 33,798	29,219 29,324 31,820 27,959 28,182	22,542 22,302 22,767 22,150 23,462	26,069 26,095 26,466 25,773 25,602	29,477 26,759 28,152 26,503 29,739	38,295 39,398 43,917 36,260	30,364 30,921 33,006 29,951
blic institutions	36,225 37,903 40,140 36,323 30,960	47,199 47,988 50,883 45,667 39,598	35,917 36,249 37,022 35,690 33,562	29,877 30,078 31,219 29,349 28,548	22,931 22,611 21,870 22,923 23,770	26,100 26,130 26,124 26,135 25,679	29,875 27,171 25,574 28,077 29,966	32,007 38,392 39,964 42,41, .9,081 32,242	28,720 ₎ 30,937 31,882 31,998 31,819 29,057
vate institutions	35,488	47,491	33,923	27,917	21,614	25,948	24,943	38,051	28,859
	35,747	47,336	34,003	28,010	21,748	25,969	26,549	38,253	29,173
	45,077	58,494	39,815	33,224	25,828	27,287	37,672	47,576	35,611
	31,153	40,060	31,270	25,878	20,993	23,716	25,963	32,997	27,031
	21,692	26,800	24,082	21,460	18,387	16,566	20,827	22,712	20,791

NOTE.—Data exclude imputations for nonrespondent institutions

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Pletional Center for Education Statistics,

Faculty Salance, Tellure, and Senefits, 1930-81, and Integrated Postsscondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Instructional Faculty" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



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Table 194.—Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in institutions of higher educ. Sion, by type and control of institution and by State: 1987–88

State or other area	Average, all		iblic institutions		Pn	vate institutions	
	institutions	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States	\$36,011	\$36,225	\$37,903	\$30,960	\$35,468	\$35,747	\$21,0
Nabama	30,853	31,707	32,953	28,046	24,942	24,915	26,8
Nasku	41,045	41,649	40,617	43,608	33,311	33,311	
Arizona	38,441	39,081	41,074	31,004	28,523	28,523	
krkenses	29,030	29,520	30,572	23,165	25,978	26,043	
California	46,354	47,726	47,783	39,441	41,911	42,055	24,1
Colorado	34,528	34,452	36,397	26,174	35,139	35,139	
Connecticut	41,460	42,073	44,374	35,428	40,724	40,907	23,8
Pelaware	35,706	36,545	37.624	29 66 1	29,951	29,951	
estrict of Columbia	39,080	36,743	36,743	-	39,578	39,578	
lorida	34,571	35,313	37,552	31,006	32,020	32,121	21,9
eorgia	33,485	34,269	35,342	28,24	30,678	31,335	21,3
lawax	35,489	38,289	38,449	31,523	22,900	22,900	
deho .	30,825	31,300	31,846	27,348	25,966	25,966	
inois	35,594	34,804	35,258	34,067	37,269	37,538	21,9
diana	33,990	33,891	35,748	22,753	34,259	34,277	23,
MA	32,019	34,021	37,162	25.720	28,362	28,451	22,
Inses	29,957	31,465	32,885	27,594	21,573	22,135	17,
intucky	30,315	31,632	32,950	25,083	25,564	25,925	18,
uisiana	30,463	29,691	29,963	25,636	34,227	34,227	
she	31,836	31,531	32,900	24 710	32,552	32,627	24,
aryland	36,888	38,543	37,886	34,109	38,150	38,188	22,
assachusetts	40,428	38,630	42,187	30,331	41,581	42,128	24.
chigan	37,118	38,629	39,294	36,689	28,551	28,655	23,
nnesota.	35,499	37,451	38,692	33,339	31,637	31,694	25.
ssisaippi	26,784	27,223	29,828	23,566	22,091	22,873	15,
ssouri	32,385	32,728	33,260	30,748	31,571	31,737	18,
ontana	28,943	29,507	29,648	25,679	23,782	23,782	•
braska	29,736	30,364	31,619	24,106	27,661	27,820	20,
rvada	36,238	36,306	37,654	31,157	21,395	21,395	
ew Hampshire	34,950	33,600	35,124	25,593	36,769	37,157	13,0
aw Jersey	40,424	40,451	42,919	34,7 %	40,364	40,364	
w Mexico	31,211	31,3%7	33,100	24,863	26,677	26,677	
w York	40,125	40,868	43,047	36,759	39,204	39,435	20.
rth Carolina	32,861	34,889	36,514	22,802	27,029	27,554	22.
rth Dakota	28,674	29,192	29,959	26,699	. 0,220	20,409	19,
мо	36,252	38,210	40,235	30,052	31,287	31,299	19,
lahoma	30,558	30,670	31,763	27,143	29,847	30,398	20,
egon .	31,620	31 933	33,961	29,289	30,216	30,216	
nnsylvania	38,252	36,536	37,233	32,393	35,924	36,316	21,
ode Island	38,166	36,408	38,127	31,108	40,104	40,104	
uth Carolina '	J0,361	31,288	34,051	22,484	26,391	26,727	23,
uth Dakota	27,401	28,958	28,958	-	22 627	22,753	19
nnessee	33,164	33,774	35,396	26,714	31,721	32,047	18,
xas nh	34,180 32,208	34,042 32,342	36,301 34,060	29,994 26,460	34,764 25,557	34,824	22,
						25,557	
rmont	32,149	34,878	35,520	27,525	29,945	31,077	22,
ginia	36,265	37,760	40,038	30,747	30,113	30,270	20,
shington	33,176	33,824	37,295	29,267	30,289	30,289	
et Virginia	28,441	29 223	29,825	23,644	23,788	24,022	19,
oming	35,225 32,819	35,040 32,819	37,780 37,053	32,506 27,889	31,241	31,241	
S Service Schools	42,494	42,494					
	ļ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		42,494				
Outlying areas	17,367	22,466	22,33%	25,196	7,750	8,657	6,
nerican Samoa Jam		-	_	_	_	-	
orthern Marianas		_	_1	_		_	
erto Rico	16,717	21.771	21,593	25,190	7,750	8,657	6,
ust Territory of the Pacific	1		2.,555	25,180	7,750	0,037	0,
gin Islands	33,500	33,500	33,500			-1	
	1 00,000	30,300	33,300	— 1	- 1	- :	

⁻ Data not reported or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Instructional Faculty, 1987-88" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



N')TE —Data exclude imputations for nonrespondent institutions

Table 195.—Full-time instructional faculty with tenure for institutions reporting tenure status, by ocademic rank, sex, and type and control of institution: 1980–81, 1982–83, 1985–86, and 1987–88

Academic year, type, and control of institution		Percent with tenure, by sex							
	All ranks	Professor	Associate professor	Assistant professor	Instructor	Lecturer	No academic rank	Men	Women
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1980-81									 -
All institutions 4-year	64 8	95 8	82 9	27 9	92	119	77.4	700	49
University	62 7 64 5	95 8 96 7	82 2 83 7	24 1	60	10 7	24 7	683	44
Other 4-year	61 3	949	81 2	15 3 29 7	54 71	43 178	35	70 0	41
2 year	74 5	95 6	99 2	58 9	198	34 8	32 4 81 1	67 0 78 8	45 : 66 :
Public institutions	68 0	96 6	85 9	32 5	11 8	14 3	79 4	728	
⇔year	65 7	96 6	85 3	27 6	87	128	122	71 1	54 (47)
University Other 4-year	66 0 65 5	96 9 96 3	86 5	16 8	61	49	4.5	71 3	421
2-year	75 2	95 9	84 4 89 5	35 5 59 5	10 0 20 3	21 4 35 8	17 2 81 8	70 9 79 3	50 2 67 5
Private institutions	55 9	93 8	75 2	47.6		1			07.
4-year	560	93 8	75 2 75 2	17.5 17.4	30 28	15 15	43 4 37 5	62 2	37 2
University	60 4	96 3	758	115	35	18	06	62 2 66 3	37 2 36 5
Other 4-year 2-year.	53 6	920	749	20 2	26	12	43.4	59 8	37 4
1902-83	49 5	84 7	77 3	35 2	88	00	52 2	573	39 5
1962-63	65 4	95 6	82 1	26 8					
4-year	63 2	95 6	81 4	23 1	90 62	11 0 9 8	77 2	70 4	510
University	65 5	96 8	838	14 6	49	36	23 6 0 7	68 9 70 9	45 2 42 9
Other 4-year 2-year	61 6 75 0	94 4 95 3	79 8 83 9	28 4	67	16 3	32 7	673	46 4
_				58 4	199	32 3	81 2	78 9	68 2
Public institutions 4-year	689	96.1	95.5	3: 3	113	133	792	736	55 7
University	66 7 67 5	96 5 97 2	84 9 87 0	27 0 16 5	79	119	11.1	/20	49 0
Other 4-year	66 1	95 7	83 3	34 6	5 5 9 0	4 3 19 1	0 9 19 4	72 7 71 4	45 0 51 4
2-year.	75 7	95 7	89 1	590	20 3	32 6	817	79 4	690
Private institutions	55 9	93 4	73 8	16 3	36	12	43 3	62 0	38.1
4-year	56 0	93 5	738	16 1	32	12	35 8	62 1	38.1
University Other 4-year	60 3 53 7	95 8 91 9	74 9	103	32	14	00	66 0	37 8
2-year	49 9	78.9	73 2 77 2	18 8 35 6	3 2 13 7	09	40 9 56 7	59 8 55 8	38 1 42 2
1985-96									
All institutions	66 0	95 8	82 2	25 1	10 7				
4-year	64 1	95 8	81 5	21 5	57	93 83	75 3 20 0	713	51 7 46 4
University Other 4-year	66 8	970	85 0	13 0	50	32	03	72 3	45 4
2-year	62 2 75 1	94 8 95 1	79 2 88 5	26 6 56 4	60 273	13 0 28 6	27 0 80 4	68 1 79 1	.46 8
ublic institutions	68 9	00.5				ļ	50 4	791	68 5
4-year	669	96 5 96 6	85 4 84 9	29 1 24 4	13.4 7.3	109	77 2	73 9	55 6
University	68 1	97 1	87.8	140	58	97 34	11 1	72 5 73 5	49 3 46 4
Other 4-year 2-year	65.0	96 2	32 7	318	80	150	183	71 6	511
	75 7	95 2	89 0	574	28 0	28 7	80 8	79 5	69 2
rivate institutions 4-year	57 6	93 8	738	1F O	27	21	40 3	63 9	40 3
University	57 7 63 0	93 9 96 7	73 9	15 9	25	21	32 1	64 0	403
Other 4-year	55 1	920	76 6 72 6	10 1 18 3 }	2 2 2 5	28	00	68 4	427
2-year	48 4	69 9	63 6	24 9	93	10	34 6 57 5	61 6 56 1	39 5 39 3
1907-88									
If institutions	65 0	95 8	815	22 2	71	88	73.4	70.5	
4-year	63 6	95 9	81 0	19 4	47	78	20 6	70 5 69 6	50 2 46 1
University Other 4-year	603 617	970	84 9	11.1	38	32	11	719	45 1
2-year	74 0	94 9 94 1	78 4 87 1	24 3 54 1	18 4	11 7 32 9	33 3 79 9	67 8	46 6
ublic institutions	67.4						, 3 5	78 1	67 5
4-year	65 9	96 2 96 4	84 2 83 8	25 8 22 0	8 8 5 8	103	75 4	128	53 4
University	67.5	97 2	87 6	120	43	91	11 7 0 8	71 7 73 2	46 3 45 8
Other 4-year 2-year	64 6 74 R	95 8 94 2	80 8 87 5	29 0	6 4	133	23 1	70 4	49 7
	1		6/5	55 1	187	33 1	80 4	78 6	68 3
tvate institutions 4-year	58 3 58 4	94 5	748	14.4	23	25	418	64 6	416
University	58 4 62 8	94.5 96.6	74 9 76 9	14 5 9 0	21	25	35 0	64 7	416
Other 4-year	56 1	93 0	739	16	20	33 13	2 / 43 3	68 2 62 5	43 2
2-year	493	91 0	63 3	2	100	00	57 3	57 4	41 0 40 7

NOTE --- Data exclude imputations for nonrespondent institutions

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fuculty Salanes, Tenure, and Benefits, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data

System (IPEDS), "Sclanes, Tenure, and $\bar{\epsilon}$ nnge Ben ϵ is of Full-Time Instructional Faculty" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Table 196.—institutions of higher education, by control and type of institution: 1949-50 to 1987-88

Year		All institutions		Pul	olicly controlle	ka .	Privately controlled			
	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4 year	2 year	Total	4-year	2-yea	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Excluding branch campuses										
149-50	1,851	1,327	524	641	344	297	1,2:0	983		
) 50–51	1,852	1,312	540	636	341	295	1,216	971		
051-52	1,832	1,326	506	641	350	291	1,191	976		
52-53	1,882	1,355	527	639	349	290				
53-54	1,863	1,345	518	662	369	293	1,243 1,201	1,006 976		
£4.55	40.0	4 000								
54-55	1,849	1,333	516	648	353	295	1,201	980		
55-56	1,850	1,347	503	650	360	290	1,200	987		
56–57	1,878	1,355	523	656	359	297	1,222	996		
57-58	1,930	1,390	540	666	366	300	1,264	1,024		
58-59	1,947	1,394	553	673	366	307	1,274	1,028		
i9-60	2,004	1,422	582	205	207		4 000			
99–60	2,004	1,422	590	695 700	367 368	328	1,309	1,055		
						332	1,321	1,063		
1-62	2,033	1,443	590	718	374	344	1,315	1,069		
2-63	2,093	1,468	625	740	376	364	1,353	1,092		
3–84	2,132	1,499	633	760	386	374	1,372	1,113		
4-65	2,175	1,521	654	799	393	406	1,376	1,128		
5-66	2,230		679							
·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,551	1	821	401	420	1,409	1,150		
6-67	2,329	1,577	752	880	403	477	1,449	1,174		
7 30	2,374	1,588	786	934	414	520	1,440	1,174		
E 89	2,483	1,619	864	1,011	417	594	1,472	1,202		
٤- 70	2,525	1,639	886	1,050	426	634	1,465	1,213		
	2,556	1,665	891							
				1,0.3	435	654	1,467	1,230		
1-72	2,606	1,675	931	1,137	440	697	1,469	1,235		
2-73	2,665	1,701	964	1,182	449	733	1,483	1,252		
3-74	2,720	1,717	1,003	1,200	440	760	1,520	1,277		
4–75	2,747	1,744	1.003	1,214	447	767	1,533	1,297		
5-78	2,765	1,767	998	1,219	447	772	1,546			
			1					1,320		
6-77	2,785	1,783	1,002	1,231	452	779	1,554	1,331		
7-78	2,826	1,808	1,0 ,8	1,241	454	787	1,585	1,354		
8–79	2,954	1,843	1,711	1,308	463	845	1,646	1,380		
9-80	2,975	1,863	1,112	1,310	464	846	1,665	1,399		
0-81	3,056	1,861	1,195	1,334	465		1,722			
						869		1,396	1	
1-82	3,083	1,883	1,200	1,340	471	869	1,743	1,412	1	
2-83	3,111	1,887	1,224	1,336	472	864	1,775	1,415	1	
3-84	3,117	1,914	1,203	1,325	474	851	1,792	1,440		
4-85	3,146	1,911	1,235	1,329	461	868	1,817	1,450		
5 -83	3,155	1,915	1,240	1,326	461	865	1,829	1,454		
Including branch campuses										
4-75	3,004	1,866	1,138	1,433	537	896	1,571	1,329		
5-76	3,026	1,898	1,128	1,442	545	897	1,584	1,353		
8–77 .	3,046	1,913								
			1,133	1,455	550	905	1,591	1,363		
7–78	3,095	1,938	1,157	1,473	552	921	1,622	1,386		
3-79	3,134	1,941	1,193	1,474	550	924	1,660	1,391		
9-80	3,152	1,957	1,195	1,475	549	926	1,677	1,408		
0–81	3.231	1,957	1,274	1,497	552	945	1,734	1,405	1	
1–82	3,253	1,979	1,274	1,498	558					
2-82						940	1,755	1,421	1	
2-83	3,210	1,984	1,296	1,493	560	933	1,787	1,424	1	
3-84	3,284	2,013	1,271	1,481	565	916	1,803	1,448		
4-85	3,331	2,025	1,306	1,501	566	935	1,830	1,459		
5-86	3,340	2,029	1,311	1,498	566	932	1,842	1,463		
6-872	3,406	2,070	1,336	1.533						
7 00 4	3,587	2,070	1,452	1.533	573 599	960	1,873	1,497		
/ -88 *						992	1,996	1,536		

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Directory, Colleges and Unite rates, "Fall Enrollment in Higher Education" and "Institutional Characteristics of Colleges and "inversities" surveys, integrated Post-secondary Education Data System, "Institut." paracteristics is survey. (This table was prepared November 1988)



¹ Large increases are due to the addition of schools sccredited by the National Association of Ti≥Se and Technical Schools between 1979 and 1982.

² Becau. ¹ of revision survey procedures, data are not entirely comparable with figures for earlier years. The number of branch campuses reporting separately has increased.

Table 197.—institutions of higher education and branches, by control of institution, highest level of offering, and sex of student body: 1985-86

Highest level of offenng and sex of student body		ļ		Public			Private						
	Total	Federal 1	State	Local (city, county, or	State and local	State- relat- ed	Independent nonprofit	Organized as profit-		eligious grou			
1	2	3	4	district)	6	7	8	making 9	Protestant 10	Catholic	Other 2		
Alf institutions	3,340	13	883	173	398	31			 	11	12		
Coeducational	3,126	13	881	173	398		828	220	524	235	3		
Men only	99	0	1	0	0	31 0	726 47	218	505 3	168 30	1:		
Women only	102 13	0	1 0	0	0 0	0	48 7	2	14 2	34 3			
Less than 4 years beyond high school	1,309	3	356	170	383	20	121	190	43	20			
Coeducational	1,282	3	356	170	383	20	107	188	40	13	- 2		
Men only	6 20	0	0 U	0	0	0	4 9	0 2	0	2	C		
Coordinate 3	1	0	0	0	0	ŏ	1	0	0	5 0	(
4- or 5-year baccalaureate degree	707	5	73	1	5	2	242	19	286	70			
Coeducational	627 31	5	72	1	5	2	209	19	275	37			
Women only	46	0	1 0	0	0	0 0	10 22	0	2 8	16 16	2		
Coordinate 3	3	0	0	0	0	_ 0	1	ŏ	1	1	0		
First-professional degree .	93	0	9	0	0	0	67	2	11	2	2		
Coeducational	80 12	0	9	0	0	0	58	2	10	<u>. 1</u> j	0		
Women only Coordinate 3	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 1 0	1 0 0	2 0 0		
Master's degree	566	2	148	1	0	3	196	5	103	105	3		
Coeducational	525	2	148	1	0	3	181	5	100	82	3		
Women only .,	12 24	0	0	0	0	0	4 9	0	0 2	8 13	0		
Coordinate 3	5	0	. 0	0	0	0	2	ŏ	1	2	0 0		
Beyond master's but less than doctorate	153	0	100	0	4	0	25	0	13	9	2		
Coeducational Men only	146 5	0	100	0	4	0	22	0	13	7			
Women only	2	o	0	0	0	0	1 2	0	0	2	2		
Coordinate 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ		
Octorate	473	3	197	1	G	6	153	1	68	29	9		
Coeducational Men only .	462 4	3 0	196	1 0	6	6	148	1 0	67	28	6		
Women only Coordinate 3	3 4	0	1 0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1 0 0	0		
Indergraduate nondegree- granting	15	0	0	0	0	0	11	1	0	0	<u>1</u> 3		
Coeducational	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0			
Men only	7	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	1		
Coordinate 3	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ő	0	4 0	0	0	0	2 0		
iraduate nondegree-granting	22	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9		
Coeducational Men only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Women only	22	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9		
Coor.finate 3	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0	0		

¹ Includes 10 U.S. Service Schools, Haskell Indian Junior College, Institute of American Indian Arts, and Oglala Sioux Community College.
² Includes Jewish, Latter-Day Saints, Greek Orthodox, Russian Orthodox, and

SOURCE U.S. Dopartment of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Institutional Characteristics of Colleges and Universities, 1985-86" survey (This table was prepared September 1986)



Unitarien

2 institutions with separate colleges for men and women

Table 198 - Institutions of higher education and branches, by type, control of institution, and State: 1987-88

State or other area		All inst	itutions	4-year institutions										
	Total	tal Public		All 4-year in		tutions	Unive	rsities		4-year	2-y	ear institu	tions	
			Private	Total	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Pnvate	Total	Public	Private	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
United States	3,587	¹ 591	1,996	2,135	599	1,530	94	62	505	1,474	1,452	992	460	
Alaban a	93	59	34	37	19	18	2	0	17	18	56	40	10	
Alaska	16 35	12 19	16	6 15	3	12	1 2	0	2	12	10 20	9 16		
Arkansas	38 314	20 138	18 176	20 174	10 31	10	1	0	9	10	18	10	8	
					31	143	2	4	29	139	140	107	33	
Colorado	54 49	28 24	26 25	30 28	13 7	17 21	2	1	11	16 20	24 21	15 17	9	
Delaware	10	5	5	7	2	5	i	0	1	5	3	3	0	
District of Columbia	18 94	2 38	16 56	18 52	2 9	16 43	0 2	5	2 7	11 42	0 42	0 29	13	
Georgia	95	49	46	49	10	30			10		_			
Hawaii	14	9	5	8	19 3	5	1	1 0	18	29 5	46 6	30	16	
Idaho	11 166	6 59	5 107	7 103	4 12	3 91	1 3	0	3	3	4	2	2	
Indiana	78	29	49	52	14	38	4	4	9 10	87 37	63 26	47 15	16 11	
lowa	65	23	42	39	3	36	2	1	1	35	26	20	6	
Kansas	54 60	29 22	25 38	29 30	8	21	3	0	5	21	25	21	4	
Louisiana	34	20	14	24	8 14	22 10	2	0 2	6 13	22 8	30 10	14 6	16 4	
Maine	31	13	18	21	8	13	1	Ō	7	13	10	5	5	
Maryland	56	32	24	34	13	21	1	1	12	20	22	19	3	
Massachusetts	120 103	31 46	89 57	86 64	14 15	72 49	1	7	13 12	65 48	34 39	17 31	17 8	
Minnesota	77	33	44	43	10	33	1	0	9	33	34	23	11	
Mississippi	47	29	18	21	9	12	2	0	7	12	26	20	6	
Missouri	93 18	27 12	66 6	67 9	13	54	1	2	12	52	26	14	12	
Nebraska	35	20	15	20	6 7	3 13	2	0	6	3 12	9 15	6 13	3	
Nevada	9 33	6 12	3	4	2	2	1	Ö	1	2	5	4	1	
New Hampshire	33	12	21	21	4	17	1	0	3	17	12	8	4	
New Jersey	63 26	32 22	31	40 10	14 6	26	1	2	13	24	23	18	5	
New York	333	97	236	232	49	191	2 2	12	4 47	4 171	16 101	16 48	0 53	
North Carolina	127 18	75 14	52 4	53 9	17 F	3	2	2	15 4	34 3	74 9	58	16	
			-	-			-	ا	•	3	9	8	1	
Ohio	155 46	61 28	94 18	87 27	22 14	65 13	8 2	1	14 12	64 12	68 19	39 14	29 5	
Oregon	46	21	25	32	8	24	2	0	6	24	14	13	1	
Pennsylvania	218 12	64 3	154	149 11	43 2	106	3	4 0	40 1	102	69 1	21 1	48 0	
South Carolina	64	33	31	32		20		0		200			•	
South Dakota	19	7	12	16	12 7	20 9	2 2	0	10	20 9	32	21 0	11 3	
Tennessee	87 171	24 106	63 65	52 97	10 40	42	1	1	9	41	35	14	21	
Utah	14	9	5	6	40	57 2	1	4	34 2	53 1	74 8	66 5	8 3	
Ve-mont	23	6	17	18	4	14	1	0	3	14	ε	2	9	
Virginia	79	39	40	47	15	32	3	Ō	12	32	32	24	3 8 2 4	
Washington	54 29	33 16	21 13	25 21	6 12	19 9	2	0	11	19 9	29 8	27	2	
Wisconsin	64	31	33	43	13	30	1	i	12	29	21	18	3	
Wyoming	9	8	1	1	1	0	1	0	°	0	8	7	1	
U.S Service Schools	10	10	0	9	9	0	0	0	9	0	1		0	
Outlying areas	56	21	35	40	12	28	1	0	11	28	16	9	7	
American Samoa	1	1	0	О	o	0	o	0	0	U	1	1	0	
Guam	2	2	8	1	1 0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	
Puerto Rico	48	13	35	37	9	28	i	ŏ	0 8	0 28	11	4	0 7	
Trust Territory of the Pacific Virgin Islands	2 2	2	0	0 2	0 2	C	0	Ō	0	0	2	2	0	
virgin islands	٤	_	٠	۲	۷	U	0	o	2	0	0	0	0	

NOTE —Because of revised survey procedures, data are not antirely comparable with figures for earlier years. The number of branch campuses reporting separately has increased.

SOURCE U.S. Department or Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System. "Institutional Characteristica, 1987–88" survey (This table was prepared November 1988.)



Table 199.—Institutions of higher education that have closed their doors, by control and type of institution: 1960-61 to 1985-86

Year		Aii institutions		Pu	blicly controlle	ed	Priv	ately control	ed
	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-year	2-year	Total	4-уеаг	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Excluding branch campuses: Total, 1960-61 to 1985-86									
1960-61	272	137	135	37	1	36	235	136	9
1961-62	8 2	1	7	1	-	1	7	1	
1962-63		1	1	-1		-	2	1	
1963-64	7		-1	-1	- !	-		-	-
1964-65	8	1	6	1		1	6	1	
	8	1	7	4	-!	4	4	1	
1965–66	8	2	6	4	ŀ		, i	_	
1966-67	9	2	7	3	-,	4	4	2	
196768 ,	14	6	8		- 1	3	6	2	
1968–69	21	11	10		-1	_	14	6	!
1969-70	18	8	10	1		1	20	11	
		•	10	3	-	3	15	8	
1970-71	32	9	23	9	į	9			
1971-72	12	3	9	3	_	3	23	9	14
1972-73	19	12	7	2	_		9	3	(
1973-74	18	11	7			2	17	12	5
1974-75	17	13	4	3	-	3	18	11	7
1075 70	1		1	٠,	-1	3	14	13	1
1975-76 1976-77	8	6	2	2	1	1	6 '	5	1
	8	5	3	!	_		8,	5	3
977-78	12	9	3	_	_ [_	12	9	3
978-79	9	4	5	_	_	_	9	4	
979–80	6	5	1	-1	_ !	_ i	6	5	5 1
980-81			. i	j	j	1	J.	· i	'
981-82	4 7	3	1	- 1	-	- ∤	4	3	1
982-83		6	1	-	_	_	7	6	1
983-84	7	4	3	-1		_	7	4	3
984-85	4	4	-	- 1	_		4	4	
96586	4	4	-!	-	_	_	4	4	_
905-00 ,, ,	10	6	4	1	_	1	9	6	3
ncluding branch campuses:									
Total, 1969-70 to 1985-86	216	123	93				ĺ	1	
	 -			32	4	28	184	119	65
969-70	24	10	14	5	1	4	19	9	
970-71	35	10	25	11		11	24	10	10
971–72	14	5	9	3	_!	3	11	5	14
972-73	21	12	9	4	_	4	17		6
973-74	20	12	8	1	_	7	19	12	5
974-75				1	!	• †	ן פּי	12	7
974-75	18	13	5	4	_	4	14	13	1
976–77	9	7	2	2	1	1	7	6	i
	9	6	3			_ i	9	6	3
	12	9	3	!	_ !	<u> </u>	12	9	3
97 8- 79	9	4	5	- 1	_ !		9	4	5
979-80	6	_	أم		1		-	7	3
980-81 .		5	1				6	5	1
961-82	4 7	3	1		- 1	-	4	3	i
962-83		6	1		-	_ ;	7	6	i
983-84	7	4	3	- į	-!		7	4	3
JOS - 5-7	5	5	- 1	1	1	-	4	4	-
984-85	4	4	1			1	1	- 1	_
				- !	- 1	-1	4	4	_
16 5-85	12	8 :	4	1	1	0	11	7	

⁻⁻ Data not applicable or not available

NOTE —This table indicates the last academic year in which the ir ς ilution operated

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Directory, Higher Education, 1960-61 to 1974 75 Education Directory, Col-

leges and Universities, 1975-76 to 1983-84 1982-83 Supplement to the Education Directory, Colleges and Universities, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, "Institutional Characteristics" survey, 1987, unpublished data (This table was prepared October 1987)



Table 200.—Earned degrees conferred by insti∖utions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1869–70 to 1994–95

Year	Ass	ociate de	grees	Bach	nelor's de	grees	Mas	ster's deg	1865	First-pro	fessional	degrees	Doc	tor's deg	rees
T OAL	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Wome
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1869-70 .	_	_	T _	1 9,371	17,993	1 1,378	0	0	0	(²)	(2)	(2)	1	1	
187 9-8 0		_	! -	1 12,896	1 10,411	1 2,485	879	868	11	(2)	(²)	(2)	54	51	
889-90	_	-	1 –	1 15.539	12.857	1 2.682	1,015	821	194	(²)	(2)	(2)	149	147	
1899-1900	- 1	_	- 1	127,410	1 22,173	1 5.237	1,583	1,280	303	(²)	(2)	(2)	382	359	2
909-10 .	-	-	-	1 37,199	1 28.762	1 8.437	2,113	1.555	558	(²)	(²)	(2)	443	399	4
919-20	_	_	_	1 48.622	131,980	1 18,642	4.279	2.985	1,294	(²)	(²)	(2)	615	522	١ .
929-30	=	=	_	122,484	1 73.615	48,869	14.969	8,925	6.044	(°)	(²)			1,946	9 35
939-40	-	i –	_	186.500	109.546	78,954	26,731	16,508	10,223	(²)	(²) (²)	(2) (2)	2,299 3,290		
949-50	_	_	_	1 432,058	328.841	1 103.217	58.183	41,220	16,963	(°)	(²) (²)	(2)	6,420	2,881	42
959-60	_	-	_	392.440	254.063	127 377	74,415	50,898	23,537	(²)	(²)	(²)	9.829	5,804 8,801	61 1,02
960-61	_	_	_	369,995	228,500	141,495	81,690	EE 267	26 422	05.050	24 577		40.575	0.400	
961-62	_		-	388,680	234,871	154,009	88,414	55,267 59,710	26,423 28,704	25.253	24,577	676	10,575	9,463	1,11
962-63			_	418,928	248,129	170,799	95,470	64,198		25,607	24,836	771	11.622	10,377	1,24
963-64		_	_	466,944	270,319	196,825	105,551		31,272	26,590	25.753	837	12.822	11,448	1,37
964-65	-	_	_	501.713	289,003	212,710	117,152	70,339 77,544	35,212 39,608	27,209 28,290	26,357 27.283	852 1,007	14,490 16,467	12,955 14,892	1,53 1,77
965-66	111.607	63,779	47.000	500.000	000 074	004.750							1	·	,
966-67	139,183	78.358	47.828 60.827	520,923	299,871	221,052	140,548	93,063	47,485	30,124	27,982	1,142	18,237	18,121	2,11
967-68	159,441	90,317		558.852	322,948	235,904	157,707	103,092	54,615	31,695	30,401	1,294	20,617	18,153	2,45
968–69 .			89,124	632,758	358,105	274,853	176,749	113,519	63,230	33,939	32,402	1.537	23,089	20,183	2,90
	183,279	105,861	77,618	729,071	410,785	318,286	193,758	121,531	72,225	35.114	J3,595	1,519	26,188	22,752	3,43
969-70	206,023	117,432	88,591	792,656	451,380	341,276	208,291	125,824	82,667	34,578	32,794	1,784	29,866	25,890	3,97
970-71 .	252,810	144,395	108,215	639,730	475,594	364,136	230,509	138,148	92,363	37,946	35,544	2,402	32,107	27,530	4,57
971-72	292,119	166,317	125,802	887,273	500,590	38€,683	251,633	149,550	102,083	43,411	46,723	2,688	33,363	28,090	5.27
972-73	318,174	175,413	140,781	922,362	518,191	404,171	263,371	154,468	108,903	50.018	46,489	3,529	34,777	28,571	8,20
973-74 .	342,924	188,591	155,333	945,776	527,313	418,463	277.033	157,842	119,191	53,818	48,530	5.286	33,818	27,365	8,45
974-75	5 '0,171	191,017	189,154	922.933	504,841	418,092	292.450	161 570	130,880	55,916	48.95€	8 960	34,083	26,817	7,26
975-76 .	391,454	209,996	181,458	925,746	504,925	420,821	311,771	187,248	144,523	82,649	52,892	9,757	34.064	28,267	7,79
976-77	406,377	210,842	195,535	919,549	495,545	424,004	317,164	187,783	149.381	64,359	52,374	11.985	33,232	25,142	8.09
977-78	412,246	204,718	207,528	921,204	487,347	433,857	311,620	161.212	150,408	66,581	52.270	14,311	32,131	23,658	8,47
97879	402.702	192,091	210,811	921,390	477,344	444,048	301,079	153,370	147,709	68,848	52,652	18.196	32,730	23,541	9.18
979-80	400,910	183,737	217,173	92.,417	473,811	455,806	298,081	150,749	147,332	70,131	52.716	17,415	32,815	22,943	9,87
960-81	418,377	188.638	227,739	935,140	469.883	485.257	295,739	147.043	145,896	71,956	52,792	19,164	32,958	00 744	40.04
961 52	434,515	196,939	237,578	952,998	473,364	479,634	295,546	145,532	15,014	72.032	52,792	19,809		22,711	10,24
982-63	458,441	207,141	249,300	969,510	479,140	490,370	289,921	144,697					32,707	22,224	10,48
963-64	452,418	202,762	249,854	974,309	482,319	491,990	284,263	143,595	145,224	73,138 74,407	51,310 51,334	21,826	32,775	21,902	10,87
984-85	454,712	202,932	251,780	979.477	482 528	496,949	286.251	143,390	142,861	75,063	50,455	23,073 24,608	33,209 32,943	22,064 21,700	11,149 11,249
965-86	448.047	196,166	240.004	007.000	105.000	504 005	200 50-					·	,		•
966-87 ³	448,047		249,881	987,823	485,923	501,900	288,567	143,508	145,059	73.910	49,261	24,649	33,653	21,819	11,834
		191,525	245,612	991,339	480,854	510,485	289,557	141,363	148,194	72,750	47,460	25,290	34,120	22,099	12,021
96768 ⁴ 96589 ⁸	430,000	188,000	242,0^^	989,000	472,000	517,000	292,000	142,000	150,000	72.000	48,000	25,000	34,000	22,000	12,000
969-59 °	439,000 448,000	192,000 195,000	247,000 253,000	994,000	473,000 475,000	521,000 530,000	293.000 301.000	137,000 143,000	156,000 158,000	72,000 72,000	46,000 46,000	26 000 26,000	34,200 34,400	21,600 21,500	12,600 12,900
							·		.55,000	. 2,000	40,000	20,000	5-,400	21,500	12,500
990-91 ° 991-92 °	458,000 457,000	196,000 194,000	260,000 263,000	995 000	463,000 468,000	532,000 543,000	300,000	142,000	158,000	72 000	46,000	27.000	34.500	21,300	13,200
992-93	452,000	192,000	260,000		468,000		302,000	143,000	159,000	72.000	45,000	27,000	34,600	20,900	13,700
993-94	447,000	191,000				548,000	301,000	143,000	158,000	73, 200	46,000	27,000	34.700	20,500	14,200
993-94 * 994-95 *				1,006,000	464.000	542,000	299,000	142,000	157,000	72.000	44,000	28,000	34.800	20,100	14,700
	444,000	191,000	252.000	990,000	456,000	534,000	296.000	140,000	155,000	71.000	43,000	28,000	34,900	19,700	15,200

¹ Includes first-professional degrees

NOTE —Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Earned Degrees Conferred, Projections of Education Statistics to 2007, and Integra ad Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared April 1989.)



² First-professional degrees are included with bachelor's degrees

² Pretirunary data

⁴ Estimated ⁵ Projected

⁻Data not available

Table 201.—Earned degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and by State: 1985-86 and 1986-87

			1985-86				_	1986-87		r -
State or other area	Associate degrees	Bachelor's degrees	First- professional degrees	Master's degrees	Doctor's degrees (Ph D, Ed D, etc)	Associate degrees	Bachelor's degrees	First- professional degrees	Master's degrees	Doctor's degrees (Ph D Ed D, etc
1	2	3	4	5	6	77	8	9	10	11
United States	446,047	987,823	73,910	288,567	33,653	437,137	991,339	72,750	289,557	34,12
Alabama Alaska	6,107 586	16,068	842	4,096	270	6,183	15,981	797	3,946	27
Arizona	6,657	786 11,987	349	300	12	742	898		320	
Arkansas	1,990	7,283	379	4,868 1,717	458	5,911	12,287	352	4,819	50
California	47,467	88.615	8,196	31,121	137 4,140	2,263	7,036	319	1,883	11
Colorado				•		45,483	90,005	8,097	31,297	4,14
Connecticut	5,282 5,268	15,095 14,017	904	4,117	588	5,756	15,218	853	4,088	63
Delaware	989	3,198	931	6,301	462	4,842	13,499	947	5,755	53
District of Columbia	461	6.875	2,643	568 5,284	100 556	1,153 369	3,246	245	586	9
londa	33,401	32,056	1,878	9,112	1,030	29,524	6,711 31,430	2,681 2,105	5,062 9,044	47 1,10
Georgia	6,521	18,734	2.083	6.099	666	6,732	19,103	1.990	5,652	65
lawai	2,353	3,385	131	911	132	2.350	3,701	1,990	925	14
daho	2,291	3,086	82	644	42	2,297	3,035	68	7 <u>2</u> 2	47
llinois	24,537	47,127	4,552	17,208	2,007	23,913	47,387	4,429	17,075	2,062
ndiana	8,723	26,627	1,476	6,610	974	8,681	26,623	1,518	6,943	96
owa	7,07a	15,844	1,661	2,890	537	7,233	16,450	1,315	2.775	608
Kansas	5,012	12,016	665	3,048	351	5,374	11,714	655	2,775	389
Kentucky	5,713	11,773	1,168	3,473	248	5,196	11,708	1,144	3,261	281
ouisiana	2,650	16,535	1,521	4,109	290	2,603	16,221	1,392	3,972	301
Maine	2,084	5,178	170	534	29	2,030	5,122	163	503	25
Maryland	7,038	16,617	1,124	5,165	663	7,129	16,760	968	5,334	690
Aassachusetts	14,552	40,383	3,557	14,686	1,912	13,617	41,555	3,732	15,077	1,908
Aichigan	21,384	37,468	2,697	11,468	1,289	21,834	38.181	2,504	11,534	1,321
Ainnesota	6,443	20,229	1,580	3,463	577	7,654	20,667	1,529	3,607	529
1	4,316	8,911	491	2,288	268	4,332	9,173	461	2,037	2.72
Aissoun	6,844 663	23,600 4,356	2,470 66	7,806	579	6,545	23,541	2,287	7,670	54 :
lebraska	2.805	8,336 8,331	755	740 1,634	60	734	4,140	74	765	49
Vevada	936	1,943	75	1,634 431	210 28	2,918	8,410	752	1,609	215
lew Hampshire	2,491	6,558	167	1,399	28 57	884 2,372	1,92 9 6,770	42 173	419 1,649	32 78
lew Jersey	9,869	23,450	1,690	0,303	735	9,534	23,328	1.753		
lew Mexico	1,779	4,690	191	1,734	209	1,766	4,548	1,753	6,454 1,732	670 206
lew York	49,694	87,178	6,746	37,554	3,410	47,956	86,651	6,962	32,890	206 3,366
North Carolina	10,854	25,125	1,573	5,665	753	10,659	24,919	1,620	5,678	788
North Dakota	1,941	4,263	134	534	67	1,980	4,209	117	587	76
Ohio	18,351	43,122	3,565	12,118	1,450	17,850	43,983	3,341	12,185	1.612
Oklahoma	5,607	13,498	1,022	3,800	412	5,338	13,545	999	3,935	342
Pregon	4,872	10,938	938	2,649	433	4,673	10,922	899	2,784	349
Pennsylvania	18,798	56,669	3,980	13,217	1,832	18,586	57,158	3,730	13,501	1,802
	3,642	7,809	78	1,573	183	3,822	7,737	78	1,720	212
South Carolina	5,114	12,814	690	3,098	258	4,766	12,55	738	3,269	266
outh Dakota	1,081	3,979	134	745	60	793	3,738	140	719	65
ennessee	5,937	17,312	1,368	3,988	606	5,568	17,328	1,344	4,000	576
exas	20,865 3,011	57,963 10,670	4,557 361	17,702 2,288	1,978 371	20,816 3,151	57,438 11,085	4.456 365	17,174	2,079
/crmont				1	1			1	2,403	361
roginia	1,179 6,801	3 999 24,391	206	865	53	1 128	4,080	193	839	41
Vashington	11,841	17,331	1,666 908	5 468	689	7,037	24,010	1,643	5 589	693
Ver* Virginia	2,791	7,862	319	4,370 1,820	527 113	12,278	17,767	901	4,066	599
Visconsin	8,921	24,531	950	5,355	747	2,563 8,723	7,518	329	1,751	110
Vyoming	1,313	1,657	68	380	75	1,309	25,322 1,625	1,030 59	5,393 345	795 68
J.S. Service Schools	9,246	3,69*	153	1,251	20	9,184	3,363	154	1,228	26
Outlying areas	5,211	12,381	671	1,262	24	4,690	12,268	503	1,183	185
merican Samoa	84					84	12,200	503	1,163	185
iuam	66	175	-	37	-	67	171	=	30	_
orthern Marianas	27	40.400			-	15	-	-	— i.	, -
rust Territory of the Pacific	4,925 47	12,108	671	1,200	24	4,350	11,952	503	1,120	185
/irgin Islands	62	98	_	25	_	92				_
			- !	20	-	82	145	1	33	_

¹ Preliminary data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" survey, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 19^{pr},



¹Data not available or not applicable

Table 202.—1- to 4-year awards and associate degrees, by field of atudy: 1982-83 to 1986-871

Field of study		1- to	4-year aw	ards			Ass	ociate deg	rees	
riold of study	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1985-8
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total	120,024	124,633	123,680	120,380	109,613	456,441	452,416	454,712	446,047	437,13
Agriculture and natural resources, total Agricultural business and agricultural produc-	3,398	2,970	2,969	2,891	1,640	7,760	6,879	ે,554	5,741	5,42
ton	2,382	2,150	2,216	2,087	1,389	4,779	4,395	4,175	3,651	3,65
Agricultural science		614	583	591	107	1,506	1,367	1,393	1,096	80
Renewable natural resources	195	206	170	213	144	1,475	1,117	986	994	96
Architectura and environmental design	293	400	411	550	593	1,689	1,495	1,490	1,432	1,66
Area and ethnic studies	3	15	20	64	208	23	30	32	33	1
Business and management	33,294	37,106	39,014	38,716	34,886	120,236	120,034	120,731	117,358	115, 19
Accounting	814	799	680	746	776	6,146	6,128	5,527	5,094	5,25
Business and management, general	829	668	685	642	836	13,956	13,934	12,887	12,163	12,36
Business administration and management Business and management, other	715 6,144	609 7.783	682 6,579	825 5,984	723 1,993	19,717 11,711	18,683	19,530	16,988	20,40
Business data processing	4,005	4,768	4,363	4,179	3,213	16,307	11,424 18,709	11,307 18,835	11,268 15,926	11,35 13,29
Secretarial and related programs		13,354	15,160	15,130	14,015	20,830	21,070	21,845	21,095	20,01
Business and office, other	2,589	2,409	3,408	3,475	3,881	15,079	14,082	14,378	15,373	14,87
Marketing and distribution		2,690	2,736	3,144	4,552	15,622	15,214	15,624	16,553	16,93
Consumer and personal services	3,379	4,026	4,721	4,589	4,897	868	790	798	898	70
Communications	135	115	154	119	461	2,049	1,881	1,846	2,055	1,59
Communications technologies	289	216	232	314	283	1,821	1,871	2,270	1,929	1,94
Computer and information sciences		2,327	2,453	1,889	1,977	10,065	12,824	12,677	10,704	9,09
Education	407	532	561	573	661	7,653	7 652	7,580	7,39′ı	7,30
Engineering	121	521	233	465	113	3,699	4,459	3,881	5,256	4,51
Engineering technologies	34,146	32,353	31,212	28,419	28,297	58,898	57,735	59,951	58,083	58 19
Mechanics and repairers	14,657 5,608	14,811 4,062	14 795 3,499	13,418 3, 28 9	12,308 3,204	9,177 2, 40 7	9,253	8,666	10,996	11,02
Engineering technologies, other		13,480	12,918	11,712	12,785	47,314	2,179 46,303	2,341 48,944	2,131 44,956	2,08 45,08
Foreign languages	39	38	39	63	13	355	326	368	437	45,08
Health sciences	25,880	28,376	27,220	25,789	22,310	66.448	68.270	68,453	66,559	62.54
Dental assisting	2,958	3,037	2,912	2,623	2,595	4.560	4,389	4,160	4,051	4,01
Emergency medical technician—ambulance	500	718	573	721	668	500	139	74	88	6
Emergency medical technician - aramedic	550	579	596	546	454	201	186	211	267	30
Medical lab technician	105	85	33	110	64	2,712	3,037	2,788	2,609	2,20
Medical assisting	1,495	1,851	1,786	1,653	2,094	1,835	1,932	2,196	2,004	1,88
Nursing assisting	1,541	2,972	3,067	3,096	1,200	97	140	133	33	2
Practical nursing	12,555	12,910	12,322	10,570	8,748	1,622	1,389	1,252	391	60
Nursing, general	471	466	581	674	745	37,395	40,114	40,334	d,610	37,61
Health sciences, other	5,705 3.962	5,758 3,991	5,350 3,762	5,796	5,742	17,526	16,944	17,305	17,906	15,82
Law	452	632	781	4,099 819	3,603 755	9,369 1,742	9,247 1,813	9,611 2,060	9,469 2,259	9,31 2, 5 0
Letters	16	186	54	226	14	638	630	617	548	2,50 50
Liberal/general studies	683	1,273	1,343	1,754	907	109.619	108,019	106,396	107,672	108,20
Library and archival sciences	83	69	89	66	63	218	155	128	126	11
Life sciences	118	88	82	81	6	1,109	1,209	1,121	998	90
Mathematics	2	28	18	99	19	809	783	789	602	6 G
Military sciences	0	0	11	970	959	88	87	23	30	5
Multi/interdisciplinary studies	117	121	139	134	36	10,339	8,218	8,525	9,586	9,79
Parks and recreation	120	61	113	147	99	1,022	731	728	634	55
Philosophy and religion	49	12	65	161	80	193	144	138	114	10
Theology	639	677	724	559	460	677	712	701	705	57
Physical sciences Science technologies	79 77	86	101	120	107	3,142	2,877	2,193	2,107	2,05
Physical sciences, other	2	71 15	73 28	101 19	99 8	1,438	1,369	1,138	1,054	93
Psychology	20	54	38	54	53	1,704 1,031	1,508 1,088	1,055 983	1,053 939	1,12 1,01
Protective service:	1,692	1,661	1,832	2,066	2,141	13,163	11,983	12,305	12,096	11.96
Criminal justice administration and studies	394	444	444	510	597	5,996	5,666	5,533	5,579	5,80
Law enforcement and security services	561	641	870	1,019	502	4,074	4,019	4,211	4,167	3.86
Fire control and safety	235	380	373	394	380	2,150	1,671	1,724	1,666	1,44
Protective services, other	502	196	145	1.3	662	943	627	837	684	84
Public affairs	937	906	1,069	614	548	4,344	4,027	3,675	3,649	3,55
Transportation and material moving .	634	558	734	296	277	1,620	1,601	1,561	1,338	1,28
Public affairs, other	303	348	335	318	271	2,724	2,426	2,114	2,311	2,26
Social sciences	42	8	15	179	127	2,958	2,734	2,587	2,540	2,62
Visual and performing arts	11,048	9,811	8,926	8,380	7,962	15,284	14,503	13,742	13.961	14,56
Fine arts, general	50 187	57	/5	69	47	1,422	1,074	1,033	924	1,01
Precision production	10,257	181 8,967	21£ 8,199	237	193	2,131	1,972	1,686	1,855	72
Visual and performing arts, other	554	606	436	7,609 465	7,333 389	8,691 3,040	9.166 2,291	8,711	9,104	9,20
Undistributed	0	000	436	465	232	3,040	2,291	2,312 2,537	2,078 1,034	3,6∠ 14
	•	٧	٠ .	J	202	ا ۷	U	£,03/	1,034	14

 $^{^{1}\,1986\}text{-}^{p\,7}$ are preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics.

"Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 203.—Associate degrees and other subbaccalaureate awards,1 by length of curriculum, sex of student and field of study: 1986-87

Total Men Women Total Men Women Total Men Total Men Total Men Total Men Total Total Total Total Total Total Men Tota	Field of study	Less t	han 1-year a	wards	1- to	4-year awa	ards	Ass	sociate degr	9 0 S
Total		Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Wome
Agriculture and natural resort-us, total. Agriculture and natural resort-us, total. Agriculture and natural resort-us, total. Agriculture and natural resort-us, total. Agriculture and natural resort-us, total. 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1,077 1,009 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Agricultural loseness and egrocultural produce bon		43,933	21,253	22,680	109,613	48,598	61,015	437,137	191,525	245,6
Agricultural seance		1,612	1 248	364	1,640	1,148	492	5,428	3,663	1,70
Agricultural science		1,382	1,075	306	1,389	971	418	3.655	2.473	1,18
Architecture and environmental design					107	65				4
Area and ethnic studes	le natural resources	-		- 1			32	967	818	14
Business and management. 11,730 2,604 8,128 34,886 5,244 28,842 115,197 38,906 Accounting Accounting 11,730 2,604 8,303 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 12,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 12,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 12,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 12,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 12,830 836 285 5,283 14,830 12,830 1		-	- 1					•		1,43
Accounting 93 20 776 181 595 595 12,283 4,438 Business and management 553 214 339 836 285 551 12,883 4,438 Business and management 483 260 203 772 773 272 451 20,401 8,899 Business administration and management 483 260 203 772 773 272 451 20,401 8,899 Business administration and management 483 260 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 20	d management	- 1			1	- 1				
Business aird management, general			-,							78,2
Business administration and management. 483 280 203 723 272 451 20,401 8,859 Business administration and management, other. 1,499 720 779 1,993 814 1,179 1,1351 5,985 Business and management, other. 1,544 486 1,058 3,213 985 2,228 13,294 5,859 Business and office, other. 1,220 248 772 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 4,243 5,859 Business and office, other. 1,220 248 772 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 4,243 6,850 Business and office, other. 1,220 248 5,552 986 3,566 6,638 1,050 6,000 1,00										3,8
Buseness and management, other. 1,499 720 779 1,993 814 1,179 11,351 5,957 5 5,958 5 5,959 8 5,959 8 5,959 13,934 14,015 301 13,714 20,019 255 8,959 13,014 648 1,013 3,759 14,015 301 13,714 20,019 255 8,959 8 5,959 13,014 646 4,887 712 4,185 701 406 4,887 712 4,185 701 406 6,959 11 10 283 157 12 10 283 157 12 10 283 157 12 10 283 157 12 10 283 157 12 10 283 157 12 10 283 157 12 1,199 14 10 283 157 12 1,109 14 10 283 15 1 10 2 1 10 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									*-	7,4 11,5
Buseness data processing 1,544 486 1,056 3,213 985 2,228 13,294 5,859 Secretarial and related programe. 3,881 103 3,755 14,015 301 13,747 20,019 255 Susiness and office, other 1,220 248 72 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 420,019 255 Susiness and office, other 1,220 248 72 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 420,019 255 Susiness and office, other 1,220 248 72 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 420,019 255 Susiness and office, other 1,220 248 72 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 420,019 255 Susiness and office, other 1,220 248 72 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 420,019 255 Susiness and office, other 1,220 248 72 484 772 4,185 701 406 72 41 185 701 406 72										5,3
Secretarial and related programs 3,861 103 3,758 14,015 301 3,171 20,018 25,558 24,015 24	data processing	1,544				T			- 1	7,4
Business and office, other 1,220 248 572 3,881 708 3,173 14,877 4,243 4,243 4,244 4,245 4,465 701 4,666 4,887 712 4,185 701 406 4,887 712 4,185 701 4,185 701 406 4,887 712 4,185 701 406 4,887 712 4,185 701 4,185	I and related programs	3,861	103	3,758					• •	19,7
Consumer and personal servoces. 750 104 646 4,887 712 4,185 701 406 communications communications. 249 177 72 481 313 48 1,508 893 communications technologies. 31 21 10 283 157 126 1,947 1,166 computer and information scences. 887 467 430 1,977 848 1,123 9,096 4,780 citication. 125 16 109 661 99 562 7,309 2,101 registering communications. 651 46 5 113 87 26 4,518 4,042 registering fechnologies. 6,561 6,086 475 8,297 26,446 1,851 \$5,181 4,042 registering fechnologies. 6,561 6,086 475 8,297 26,446 1,851 \$5,191 5,005 20 1,000					3,881	708	3,173	14,877		10,6
Dommunicacions technologies 249 177 72 461 313 148 1,590 883 150 100 283 157 126 1347 1,666 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871 1,660 1,977 264 1,871						986	3,566	16,938	5,007	11,9
21 10 283 157 126 1,947 1,168 1,947 1,168 1,947 1,168 1,123 1,946 1,123 1,946 1,123 1,946 1,123 1,125			- 1				4,185	701	406	2
computer and information scences. 897 467 430 1,977 854 1,123 9,098 4,780 diocation 125 16 109 661 99 502 7,399 2,739 2,730 2,042 3,842 200 11,890 600 11,023 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 11,603 10,439 600 10,403 10,403 10,403 10,406 80 10,603				•						6
ducation 125 16 109 661 98 562 7.309 2.101 ngineering inchronlogies 6.561 6.086 475 28.297 28.446 1.851 58.191 53.055 3.304 246 12.309 11.609 600 11.023 10.439 11.023 10.										7
ngineering technologies. 6,561 6,086 475 28,297 28,446 1,851 59,191 53,055 (Construction trades. 9,69 940 29 3,204 3,043 161 2,002 2,007 20 1,842 200 1,725 11,704 1,061 4,062 2,007 20 1,842 200 1,725 11,704 1,061 4,062 2,007 20 1,842 200 1,725 11,704 1,061 4,062 2,007 20 1,842 2,007 2,831 3,045 19,265 6,2545 7,21 2,004 2,007 3,045 19,265 6,2545 7,21 2,004 2,007 3,045 19,265 6,2545 7,21 2,004 2,007 3,045 19,265 6,2545 7,21 2,004 2,007 3,045 19,265 6,2545 7,21 2,004 2,007 3,004 3,045 19,265 6,2545 7,21 2,004 2,007 3,004 3,00										4,3
ngneering technologies			- 1							5,2
Mechanics and repairers. 3,550 3,304 246 12,308 11,698 609 11,023 10,439 10,439 20,420 11,698 940 29 3,204 3,043 181 2,082 2,007 3,043 181 2,002 2,007 2,007 2,007 2,007 2,007 2,007 3,045 19,265 62,545 7,217 2,007 3,045 19,265 62,545 7,217 3,017 3,138 2,585 95 2,500 4,017 3,16 62,544 3,007 3,138 62,544 3,007 3,138 62,544 3,007 3,138 62,544 3,007 2,13 3,007 2,13 3,007 2,13 3,007 2,13 3,007 3,13 4,007 4,007 4,007 4,007 4,007				- 1	–					4
Construction tracles	and repairers									5,1 5
Engineering technologies, other	on trades	- 1					1			9
prelight languages		2,042								4.4
11,406 3,025 8,381 22,310 3,045 19,265 62,545 7,217		45	18	27		- 1				1
Dental assisting	C88 1	11,406	3,025	8,381	22,310	3,045				55.3
Emergency medical technician—parametric 802 402 200 454 339 115 907 213 Medical lab technician 61 2 59 64 9 55 2,205 417 Medical assisting 279 7 272 2,094 48 2,046 1,881 36 Nursing assisting 4,920 455 4,465 1,200 272 928 24 100 Practical nursing 444 34 410 8,748 495 8,253 607 38 Nursing, general 16 0 16 745 53 692 37,613 2,602 Health sciences, other 3,081 727 2,354 5,742 1,288 4,454 15,828 3,535 come economics 1,419 479 940 3,803 772 2,831 9,311 2,738 with 472 59 413 755 115 640 2,501 288 atlans at the sciences 23 0 23 63 3 60 117 19 3 18 3 18 3 19 16 3 667 419 19 3 19 16 3 667 419 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18			- 1	38	2,595	95	2,500			3,7
Medical lab technician 61 2 59 64 8 55 2,205 417 Medical assisting 279 7 272 2,094 48 2,046 1,881 36 Nursing assisting 4,920 455 4,465 1,200 272 928 24 10 Practical nursing 444 34 410 8,748 495 8,253 607 38 Mursing, general 16 0 16 745 53 692 37,613 2,602 Health sciences, other 3,081 727 2,354 5,742 1,288 4,454 15,828 3,535 ome economics 1,419 479 940 3,603 772 2,831 9,311 2,738 atters 52 16 36 14 10 4 508 159 potal justing 42 25 16 36 14 10 4 508 159 at						446	222	63	50	-
Medical assisting							115	307	213	
Nursing assesting		- 1	- 1			- 1				1,7
Precicial nursing	metino	,	* 1				* 1			1,8
Nursing, general	ursina									_
Health sciences, other	eneral						1			5
ome economics 1,419 479 940 3,603 772 2,831 9,311 2,788 aw 472 59 413 755 115 640 2,501 288 biters 52 16 36 14 10 4 508 159 boral/general studies 650 180 470 907 417 490 108,207 46,389 fe sciences 23 0 23 63 3 60 117 19 fe sciences 223 182 41 6 0 6 907 403 athermatice 5 2 3 19 16 3 667 419 iditary sciences 0 0 0 959 938 21 50 48 uiti/interdisciplinary studies 10 2 8 36 24 12 9,796 4,583 arks and recreation 10 2 8	ences, other	- 1	- 1							35,0 12,2
setters 52 16 36 14 10 4 508 159 beral/general studies 52 16 36 14 10 4 508 159 beral/general studies 650 180 470 907 417 490 108,207 46,389 fer sciences 23 0 23 63 3 60 117 189 fer sciences 223 182 41 6 0 6 907 403 attemptates 5 2 3 19 16 3 667 419 illustray sciences 10 0 0 959 938 21 50 48 util/interdisciplinary studies 10 2 8 36 24 12 9,796 4,583 arks and recreation 5 2 3 99 48 51 556 282 hidsophy and religion 2 0 2 80 56 24 100 64 100	mics	- 1								6,5
Second Second		472	59							2,2
Deral/general studies Color Colo		52	16	36	1		. 1			3
brary and archival sciences 23 0 23 63 3 60 117 19 fe sciences			180	470	907	417	490			61,8
Silitary sciences			- 1		63	3	60	117		
ilitary sciences. 0 0 0 0 959 938 21 50 48 utilit/interdisciplinary studies 10 2 8 36 24 12 9,796 4,583 arks and recreation 5 2 3 99 48 51 556 282 100 64 100 64 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10			1		- 1	0	6	907	403	5
utiti/interdisciplinary studies 10 2 8 36 24 12 9,796 4,563 arks and recreation 5 2 3 99 48 51 556 282 niceophy and religion 2 0 2 80 56 24 100 64 neology 151 76 75 460 225 235 5;8 338 hysical sciences 13 9 4 107 75 32 2,059 1,252 Science technologies 10 8 2 99 70 29 934 563 Physical aciences, other 3 1 2 8 5 3 1,125 689 sychology 4 3 1 53 13 40 1,011 291 colocitive services 3,685 2,978 707 2,141 1,661 480 11,960 8,757 Criminal justice administration and studies		- 1		-	3	- 1	- 1	667	419	2
arks and recreation		- 1	- 1	- 1			1	- 1	- 1	
151 76 75 460 225 235 578 338	creation									5,2
151 76 75 460 225 235 578 338		- 1	-	- 1						2
hysical sciences		- 1					1			
Science technologies	nces	t t	I .	1						24
Physical sciences, other			- 1							8
sychology	pences, other	3	- 1	- 1						31 43
3,685 2,978 707 2,141 1,661 480 11,960 8,757		4	3				- ;			7:
Criminal justice administration and studies 1.145 931 214 597 421 176 5.803 3,976 Law enforcement and security services. 792 679 113 502 428 74 3,860 2,877 Fire control and safety. 469 432 37 380 363 17 1,449 1,390 Protective services, other. 1,279 936 343 662 449 213 848 514 sblic affairs. 2,377 2,018 359 548 280 288 3,553 1,540 Transportation and material moving. 2,304 1,988 316 277 216 61 1,284 1,062 Public affairs, other 73 30 43 271 64 207 2,269 478 ocial sciences 35 25 10 127 34 92 2,620 1,111 sual and performing arts 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376	rvices	3,685	2,978	707					_	3,20
Law enforcement and security services. 792 679 113 502 428 74 3,860 2,877		1,145	931	214	597					1,8
Protective services, other. 1,279 936 343 662 449 213 848 514 bblic affairs				113	502	428	74	3,860		9(
blic affairs			1			363	17	1,449	1,390	
Transportation and material moving. 2,304 1,988 316 277 216 61 1,284 1,062 Public affairs, other 73 30 43 271 64 207 2,269 478 ocial sciences 35 25 10 127 34 92 2,620 1,111 sual and performing arts 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 Fine arts, general 4 1 3 47 23 24 1,011 358 Graphic arts technician 0 0 0 193 98 95 721 267 Proclains reconstration 267								848	514	3
Public affairs, other 73 30 43 271 64 207 2,269 478 ocial sciences 35 25 10 127 34 92 2,620 1,111 sual and performing arts 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 Fine arts, general 4 1 3 47 23 24 1,011 358 Graphic arts technician 0 0 0 193 98 95 721 267										2,0
35 25 10 127 34 92 2,620 1,111 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 1,905 1,111 3,111 3,111 3,111 3,111 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1	ins other						- 1			2
sual and performing arts 1,805 1,430 375 7,962 6,376 1,586 4,560 8,455 Fine arts, general 4 1 3 47 23 24 1,011 358 Graphic arts technician 0 0 0 1,833 98 95 721 267	NO	1	1						+	1,79
Fine arts, general	Informing arts					- 1				1,50
Graphic arts technician 0 0 0 193 98 95 721 267								- 1		6,10
Provision production	ts technician			-						65
,	roduction	1,680	1,422	258	7,333	6.089	1,244	9,204	6,417	45 2.79
Visual and performing arts, other 121 7 114 389 166 223 3.624 1.413	performing arts, other									2,78 2,21
ndistributed				I	- 1					2,21

¹ Prelimir.sry data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 204.—Bachelo, s, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87

Field of study	Bachelor	degrees r	equ""#ig 4	Ма	ster's degr	es -	Doctor's d	egrees (Ph	D, EdD
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All fields	991,339	480,854	510,485	289,557	141,363	148,194	34,120	22,099	12,02
Agriculture and natural resources, total	14,991	10,314	4,677	3,523	2,461	1,062	1,049	871	178
Agribusiness and agricultural production, total	5,338	4,071	1,267	732	564	168	181	151	30
Agricultural business and management, total	3,916	3,053	863	535	414	121	138	115	23
Agricultural business and management, general .	425	311	114	51	37	14	4	4	
Agricultural business	1,361 1,978	1,076 1,532	285 446	24 453	21 349	3 104	134	0 111	2
Agricultural business and management, other	152	134	18	7	7	104	134	0	-
Agricultural mechanics	279	276	3	13	12	Ĭ	ŏl	ŏ	
Agricultural production	142	116	26	66	59	7	16	14	
Ho ticulture	415	268	147	49	32	17	12	10	!
International agriculture	26	16	10	13	10	3	0	0	
Agribusiness and agricultural production, other	560	342	218	56	37	19	15	12	;
Agnoultural sciences, total	6,834	4,216	2,618	1,841	1,216	625	680	549	13
Agricultural sciences, general	1,185	829	356	216	154	62	1	1	(
Animal sciences, total	3,181 2,718	1,751 1,455	1,430 1,263	583 435	364 269	219 166	196	160	3 2
Animal breeding and genetics	2,718	1,455	1,263	435	269 5	100	139	113 3	2
Animal health	16	8	8	13	4	9	2	2	
Animal nutrition	O	Ö	Ö	10	5	5	10	6	
Dawy	197	137	60	53	42	11	14	12	
Fisheries science	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Poultry	98	75	23	21	13	8	11	8	;
Animal sciences, other	152	76	76	42	.26	16	17	16	
Food sciences	489	230	259	247	121	126	110	73	3
Plant sciences, total	1,732 226	1,243 161	489 65	652 63	475 45	177 18	297 17	251 15	40
Agronomy	739	609	130	348	274	74	182	161	2
Horticulture science	624	363	261	158	100	58	69	49	20
rnamental horticulture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Plant breeding and genetics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Plant pathology (applied)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Plant protection (pest management)	36	28	8	24	15	9	1	1	(
Range management	88	65	23	55	38	17	27	24	
Plant sciences, other . Soil sciences	19 140	17 99	2 41	4 116	3 84	1 32	1 67	1 59	(
Soil sciences	107	64	43	27	18	9	9	5	2
Renewable natural resources, total	2,819	2,027	792	950	681	269	188	171	1;
Renewable natural resources, general	686	428	258	197	127	70	39	31	
Conservation and regulation	205	143	62	22	17	5	0	0	(
Fishing and fisheries	127	103	24	77	60	17	19	19	(
Forestry production and processing	203	169	34	48	41	7	14	14	(
Forestry and related sciences Wildlife management	872 592	692 395	180 197	430 131	311 92	119 39	94 16	87 14	
Renewable natural resources, other	134	97	37	45	33	12	6	6	
·								_	
Architecture and environmental design, total	8,922	5,590	3,332	3,142	2,073	1,069	92	66	20
Architecture and environmental design, general	742	515	227	26	11	15	3	2	1
Architecture	4,350	3,250	1.100	1,622	1,172	450	24	21	;
City, community, and regional planning	309	221	88	815	532	283	56	35	2.
Environmental design Interior design	690 1,456	464 160	226 1,296	36	18	18 33	1 0	0	
	812	544	268	37 271	4 125	146	1	1	
Urban design	2	2	200	81	54	27	2	2	
Architecture and environmental design, other	561	434	127	254	157	97	5	5	ì
Area and ethnic studies, total .	3,340	1,278	2,062	851	452	399	132	73	59
Area studies, total	2,772	1,0 ,3	1,729	736	397	339	116	60	50
African studies	19	7	12	14	7	7	3	0	;
American studies	1,024 576	371 255	653 321	174 146	65 90	109 56	70 20	31 15	3:
European studies	219	255 61	158	60	46	14	1	0	
Latin American studies	224	73	151	156	78	78	ò	ŏ	,
Middle Castern studies	67	28	39	66	43	23	15	11	
Russian and Slavic studies	251	116	135	97	57	40	1	0	
Area studies, other	392	132	260	23	11	12	6	3	
Ethnic studies, total	416	179	237	63	27	36	8	5	
Afro-American (black) studies	150 47	66	84 29	17	7	10	0	0	
Ethnic studies, other		18 95	124	13 33	4 16	9 17	8	5	
Area and ethnic studies, other		. 56	96	52	28	24	8	8	



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Table 204.—Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87—Continued

Field of study		or 5 years		Ma	aster's degr	ees	20010131	etc)	h.D , Ed D ,
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Business and management, business and office, and marketing and distribution.	241,156	128,958	112,198	67,496	45,211	22,285	1,098	839	250
Business and management, tota:	233,719	126,750	106,969	67,352	45,137	2,216ء	1,098	839	050
Business and management, general	41,773	22,654	19,119	11,871	8,187	3,684	175	145	259
Accounting Banking and finance	. 43,813 24,339	21,267	22,546	2,920	1,725	1,195	61	44	17
Business administration and management	68,344	15,822 37,862	8,517 30,482	4,516 35,941	3,166 24,237	1,350	67	60	7
Business economics	3,555	2,346	1,209	201	143	11,704 58	524 59	381 51	143
Human resources development	872	420	452	784	402	382	8	5	3
Institutional management	4,813 397	2,581 254	2,232	244	159	85	3	3	0
International business management	1.111	486	143 625	33 1,727	25 1,167	8	1	1	0
Investments and securities	260	169	100	142	113	560 29	16 0	12 0	4 0
Labor/industrial relations		538	524	644	291	353	15	10	5
Management information systems Management science, total	3,441	1,979	1,462	1,101	799	302	9	7	2
Business statistics	2,206	1,327	879	713 0	539	174	48	39	9
Operations research (quantitative methods) .	741	436	305	440	0 326	0 114	0 37	0 31	0
Management science, other	1,465	891	574	273	213	60	11	8	3
Marketing management and research		14,445	15,128	1,828	984	844	33	24	9
Personnel management	479 1,752	194 809	285	150	68	82	20	12	8
Real estate	838	590	943 248	265 206	144 173	121	0	0	0
Small business management and ownership	70	51	19	6	3	33 3	1 0	1 0	0
Taxation	0	0	0	1,016	708	308	ŏ	ŏ	Ö
Trade and industrial supervision and management Consumer and personal services	696 70	541	155	69	60	9	0	0	Ö
Business and management, other.	4,246	53 2,362	17 1,884	0 2,976	2,044	932	0 58	0 44	0 14
Business and office, total	0,186	791	2,395	44	28				_
Accounting, bookkeeping, and related programs	27C	122	148	37	25	16 12	0	0	0
Business data processing and related programs	868	494	374	4	3	1	ĭ	ŏ	0
Office supervision and management	1,304	104	1,200	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ
Bu. iness and office, other	620 124	35 36	585 88	0 3	0	0 3	0	0	0
Marksting and distribution, total	4,251	1,417	2.834	99	46	53			_
A,>:&rei and accessones marketing	1,547	40	1,507	5	1	53 4	0	0	0
8.7 siness and personal services marketing	758	419	339	ŏ	o l	õ	0	ő	0
G. nerzi marketing	1,264	618	646	49	24	25	0	0	Ŏ
Marketing and distribution, other	210 472	64 276	146 196	37 8	15 6	22 2	0	0	0
communications and communications technologies, total	45 400								
	45,408	18,155	27,253	3,937	1,606	2,331	275	158	117
Communications, total	43,969	17,388	26,581	3,666	1,457	2,209	273	157	116
Communications, general Advertising	20,243 2,665	7,676	12,567	1,473	573	900	204	113	91
Communications, research	106	948 28	1,717	165	70	95	4	2	2
Journalism (mass communications)	10,891	3,963	6.928	1,217	481	736	11 25	7 18	4 7
Public relations	1,376	405	971	60	13	47	0	0	ó
Radio/television news broadcasting Radio television, general	942	428	514	10	1	9	ō	ō	ŏ
Communications, other	5,604 2,142	3,032 908	2,572 1,234	244 494	132 185	112 309	12 17	9	3 9
Communications technologies, total .	1,439	767	672	271	149	122	2	1	1
Motion picture technology Photographic technology	55	43	12	0	0	0	ō	ö	ö
Radio and television technology.	27 1,233	14 646	13	0	0	O	0	0	0
Communications technologies, other	124	64	587 60	198 73	106 43	92 30	0	1 0	1 0
omputer and information sciences, total	29,664	25,929	13,735	8,491	5,995	ز'2,49	374	322	52
Computer and information sciences, general	31,788	21,142	10,646	7.076	5,119	1,957	350	306	44
Computer programming	346	270	76	40	32	1,957	350	306	44 0
Data processing	754	418	336	33	23	10	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Systems analysis	4,678 4 54	2,770 275	1,908	964	544	420	17	12	5
Computer and information sciences, other	1,644	1,054	179 590	149 229	121 156	28 73	7	0 4	0 3
ducation, total	87,115	20.770	66.345	75 501	19,642	55,859	6,909	3,117	3,792
Education, general	1,883	407	1,476	7,5%	2,053	5,505	1,026	438	588
	359	115	244	4/ 9					

Table 204.—Bacheior's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87—Continued

Field of study	Bachelor'	s degrees r	equinng 4	Ma	ster's degre		Doctor's	degrees (Ph	D, Ed D,
· iod of stady	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Education administration, total	25	7	18	8,965	4,037	4,928	2,122	1,097	1,025
Education administration, general	3	Ö	3	5,670	2,662	3,008	1,502	804	698
Administration of special education	3	0	3	22	. 9	13	18	6	12
Adult and continuing education administration	0	0	0	119	39	80	44	22	22
Educational supervision	3	3	0	ઈ+5	308	537	19	8	11
Elementary and secondary education adminis-	44	_	40	4 004					l
tration	14	2	12	1,394 293	664	730	84	49	35
Community college education administration	٥	۱	0	86	102 30	191 56	359 12	165 7	194
Educational administration, other	ő	Ċ	0	536	223	313	84	36	48
Educational media	28	6	22	765	181	584	32	18	14
Evaluation and research, total	1	0	1	154	56	98	117	49	68
Evaluation and research, general	0	0	0	52	18	34	40	16	24
Educational statistics and research	1	0	1	36	18	18	50	24	26
Educational testing, evaluation, and measure-				ŀ					ĺ
ment	0	0	0	60	15	45	20	7	13
Elementary and secondary research	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Higher education research	0 158	0	0	6	5	1 201	7	2	5
School psychology	0	33 0	25 0	1,438 185	344 69	1,094	502	186	316 81
Special education, total	6.996	492	6,50.4	8,826	1,025	116 7,801	121 230	60 61	169
Special education, general	4,664	346	4,316	6,519	793	5,726	193	50	143
Education of the deaf and hearing impaired	183	5	178	229	26	203	2	1	1
Education of the gifted and talented	2	Ō	2	162	11	151	3	ó	3
Education of the emotionally handicapped	169	15	154	254	44	210	2	i	1
Education of the mentally handicapped	554	47	507	206	23	183	2	1	1
Education - he multiple handicapped	66	6	60	94	6	88	0	0	0
Education / physically handicapped	42	1	41	5:	2	49	3 ¦	0	3
Education cone visually handicapped	26	3	23	85	12	53	0	0	0
Remedial education	0 285	0	0	42	0	42	0	0	0
Special learning disabilities	845	31	277 614	634 282	5/	577 275	14	2	12
Special education, other	360	30	330	282	7 44	244	0	0 6	0 5
Student counseling and personnel services	103	23	80	9,314	2,395	6.919	11 441	213	228
Teacher education, general programs, total	44,137	4,309	39.325	16,706	2,562	14,144	428	174	254
Adult and continuing education	79	25	54	554	162	392	109	42	67
Elementary education	35,778	2,677	33,101	10,239	951	9,288	104	20	84
Junior high/middle school education	549	88	461	413	61	352	o	Ö	0
Pre-elementary education	3,975	85	3,890	1,415	36	1,379	26	3	23
Secondary education	3,482	1,413	2,069	3,174	1,126	2,048	97	55	42
Teacher education, general programs, other	274	21	253	911	226	685	92	54	38
Teacher education, specific subject areas, total	32,244	15,123	17,121	14,323	5,028	9,295	899	43ë	463
Agricultural education	893 1,213	539 217	154 996	345	270 143	75	31	24	7
Business education	1,921	389	1,532	620 622	118	477 504	49 26	18 12	31 14
Driver and safety education	49	42	7	77	67	10	20	0	0
English education	1,149	219	930	421	79	342	31	7	24
Foreign languages education	211	39	172	91	16	75	30	16	14
Health education	1,693	417	1,276	879	134	545	84	29	55
Home economics education	850	1	649	202	1	201	13	0	13
Industrial arts education	2,315	2,087	228	611	488	123	39	22	17
Marketing and distributive education	236	101	135	35	10	25	1	1	0
Mathematics education .	1,426	513	913	478	164	314	33	14	19
Music education	3,109	1,275	1,834	955	425	530	87	47	40
Physical education	12,250 181	8,427	5,823	3,557	1,825	1,732	196	110	88
Science education	1,215	15 50 5	166	3,063	176	2,887	75	9	66
Social science education	819	348	710 273	481 i 119 i	212	269 80	47	32 2	15 2
Social studies education	948	537	411	112	59	53	5	3	2
Technical education	305	215	90	131	73	58	23	12	11
Trade and industrial education	1,284	981	303	635	348	287	78	53	25
Teacher education, other	777	258	519	1,089	381	708	47	25	22
Teaching English as a second language	16	4	12	649	183	466	1	0	1
Education, other	771	230	541	2,510	797	1,713	235	102	133
ingineering and engineering technologies, total	93,074	80,347	12,727	22,693	19,841	2,852	3,820	3,557	263
Engineering, total	73,797	82,547	11,250	22,06	19,312	2,789	3,809	3,548	261
Engineering, general	2,737	2,294	443	1,048	920	126	228	216	12
neering	3,011	2,784	247	718	663	55	128	118	10
Agricultural engineering	559	498	81	151	138	13	68	63	10 5
Architectural engineering	465	380	85	50	45	5	00	03	0
Bicongineering and biomedical engineering	637	411	226	313	231	82	58	47	11
Ceramic engineering	301	217	84	107	81	28	34	31	3
Chemical engineering	4,983	3,603	1,380	1,184	961	223	497	439	58
- Civil engineering	8,147	7,068	1,079	2,901	2,522	379	451	434	17

Table 204.—Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred¹ by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87—Continued

Field of study	Bachelor'	s degrees r	equiring 4	Ma	ster's degr	ees	Doctor's	degrees (Ph	D, Ed.D
	Total	Men	Women	⊤otal	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Computer engineering	2,021	1,666	355	709	595	114	57	51	
neering	24.563	21,397	3,166	6,234	5.635	599	726	004	١
Engineering mechanics	159	139	20	181	161	20	103	691 100	35
Engineering physics	396	333	63	90	80	10	38	36	
Engineering science	266	207	59	206	175	31	41	38	
Environmental health engineering	96	70	26	312	221	91	41	35	(
Geological engineering	243	195	48	76	66	10	5	5	(
Industrial engineering	78 4.140	65	13	29	24	5	6	6	
Materials engineering	411	2,817 291	1,323 120	1,726 430	1,407 332	319 98	165 210	145 179	20
Mechanical engineering	15,429	13,739	1,690	3,157	2,930	227	528	511	3 ⁻
Metallurgical engineering	436	343	93	258	220	38	111	104	';
Mining and mineral engineering	298	266	32	89	83	6	28	26	
Naval architecture and marine engineering	428	396	32	31	30	1	5	5	į (
Nuclear engineering Ocean engineering	323	296	27	261	234	27	90	88	2
Petroleum engineering	124 1,067	111 932	13 135	86	75	11	21	21	(
Surveying and mapping sciences, total	92	71	21	201 31	181 29	20	20	20	(
Sy. tems engir eering	305	240	65	226	186	40	6 27	6 27	(
Textile engineering	26	17	9	2	2	ő	0	ő	Č
Engineering, other	2,056	1,721	335	1,276	1,085	191	117	106	11
Engineering and related to chapterion total	40.017	47.000				Ì			
Engineering and related technologies, total	19,2 <i>1</i> 7 896	17,800	1,477	612	529	83	11	9	2
Civil technologies	850	832 777	64 73	13	12	1	0	0	0
Electrical and electronic technologies	5,145	4.822	323	24	20	0 4	0	0	0
Electromechanical instrumentation and mainte-	5,1.15	7,000	525		20	- 1	١	١	0
nance technologies	214	201	13	11	11	0	0	0	0
Environmental control technologies	104	84	20	44	30	14	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Industrial production technologies	4,629	4,216	413	176	158	18	6	5	1
Quality control and safety technologies Mechanical and related technologies	235	187	48	138	115	23	0	0	0
Mining and petroleum technologies	2,441 66	2,303 63	138	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mechanics and repairers	187	182	5	5 0	4 0	1 0	5	4	1
Construction trades	27	22	5	ŏ	ő	0	0	0	0
Engineering and related technologies, other	4,483	4,111	372	201	179	22	ŏ	ő	ő
Foreign languages, total	10,184	2,791	7,393	1,746	517	1,229	441	164	257
Foreign languages, multiple emphasis	689	196	493	236	59	177	40	18	22
African (non-Semitic) languages	2	2	0	2	1	1	3	3	0
Asiatic languages, total	288	152	136	43	19	24	22	16	6
Chinese	110 135	54 70	56	16	7	9	10	7	3
Asiatic languages, other.	43	28	65 15	10 17	10	8 7	3	2	1
Baltic-Slavic languages, total	577	232	345	110	50	60	9 22	7 9	2 13
Baltic languages	0	0	0	ŏ	0	30	0	ő	0
Russian languages	502	201	301	54	25	29	8	2	6
Slavic languages (other than Russian)	75	31	44	56	25	31	14	7	7
Germanic languages, total	1,416	549	867	249	97	152	77	37	40
Scandinavian languages	1,363 35	537 10	826 25	234	87	147	70	33	37
Germanic languages, other	19	2	16	8 7	5	3 2	1	1	0
Greek (classical)	50	33	17	7	6	1	6	3	3
Indic languages	2	0	2	1	ŏ	i	4	1	3
Italic languages, total	6,881	1,537	5,344	1,042	256	786	227	71	156
French	3,057	583	2,474	421	94	327	85	22	63
Italian	219	48	171	53	14	39	17	6	11
Portuguese	79 16	29	50	16	6	10	2	0	2
Spanish	3.445	854	9 2 591	5 504	127	3	3	2	1
Italic languages, other	65	16	49	43	13	377 30	104	36 5	68 11
Semitic languages, total	71	17	54	27	16	11	13	10	3
Arabic	8	3	5	1	1	0	1	1	ŏ
Hebrew	55	9	46	16	10	6	5	3	2
Foreign languages, other	208	5 73	3 135	10 29	5 13	5 16	7 31	6 17	1 14
allied health and health sciences, total	63,206	9,177	54,029	18,426	3,887	14,539	1,213	564	649
Allied health, total	12,719	2,427	10,292	2,981	701	2,280	60	31	29
Dental services	736	11	725	39	19	20	ő	o l	0
Diagnostic and treatment services	711	246	465	36	23	13	Ö	ŏ	ŏ
Medical laboratory technologies	2,226	479	1,747	28	6	22	0	0	0
Miscellaneous allied health services	753	122	631	1,117	284	833	29	19	10



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Table 204.—Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87---Continued

Field of study		degrees r	equiring 4	Mas	ster's degre		Doctor's d	legrees (Pn	.D , Ed.D ,
Field of study	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
:	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Nursing-related services	291	8	283	94	13	81	0	0	
Rehabilitative services	6,317	1,009	5,308	1,276	247	1,029	14	3	1.
Occupational therapy	1,952	129	1,823	307	27	280	2	0	3
Physical therapy	3,239	668	2,571	522	127	395	3	1	:
Speech-language pathology/audiology	1 1 26	212	914	447	0 93	0 354	0	0 2	-
Rehabilitative services, other	1,126 899	212 250	649	284	69	215	17	9	
Health sciences, total	50,487	6,750	43,737	15,445	3,186	12,259	1,153	533	62
Audiology and speech pathology	2,563	128	2,435	2,985	165	2,820	89	24	6
Basic clinical health sciences	178	64	114	137	60	77	106	67	3:
Chiropractic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Dentistry, total	180	96 0	84	411	315 0	96 0	14	10 0	,
Health services administration, total	3.210	686	2,524	2,592	955	1,637	23	14	
Health services administration	2,295	594	1,701	2,215	853	1,362	16	10	
Health care planning	25	5	20	126	38	.,552	5	2	
Medical records administration	671	46	625	0	0	0	ŏ	Ō	•
Health services administration, other	219	41	178	251	64	187	2	2	
Medical laboratory	1,259	276	983	79	17	62	4	2	
Medicine, total	129	48	81	164	84	80	72	49	2
Nursing	33,976	1,850	32,126	6,184	428	5,756	275	27	24
Optometry	278	171	107	11	10	1	2	0	
Osteopathic medicine	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	
Pharmacy	5,022	2,213	2,809	265	149	116	199	141	5
Pre-dentistry	110	79	31	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-medicine	527 33	370 20	157 13	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-veterinary	291	102	189	1,663	623	1,040	172	75	9
Veterinary medicine	194	104	90	117	67	50	62	42	2
Health sciences, other	2,536	543	1,993	835	313	522	135	82	5
ome economics and vocational home economics, total	14,942	1,116	13,826	2,070	256	1,814	297	65	23,
Home economics, total	13,898	865	13,033	1,973	241	1,732	247	57 9	190 46
Home economics, general	4,007 176	162 5	3,845 171	464 0	19 0	445 0	55 0	0	41
Family and community services	170	13	157	28	6	22	ŏ	ŏ	
Family/consumer resource management	623	105	518	41	4	37	18	2	1
Food sciences and human nutrition	3,023	252	2,771	660	57	603	59	17	4.
Human environment and housing	687	61	626	38	17	21	1	0	
Individual and family development	2,207	121	2,086	596	123	473	97	28	6
Textiles and clothing	2,863 142	141 5	2,722 137	97 49	4 11	93 38	14	1	1:
Vocational home economics, total	1,044	251	793	97	15	82	50	8	4:
Consumer and homemaking education	537	38	499	30	3	27	6	1	
services	91	33	58	16	5	11	2	0	2
Vocational home economics, other	416	180	236	51	7	44	42	7	3
tw, total	1,178	370	808	1,943	1,423	520	120	79	4
Law	1 251	0 141	1 110	733	542	191 0	61 0	40 0	2
Pre-law	425 I	62	363	0 2	0	2	2	0	
Law, other	501	167	334	1,208	881	327	59	39	2
etters, total	37,133	12,684	24,449	6,123	2,140	3,983	1,181	515	66
English, general	25,754	8.427	17,327	3.884	1.344	2,540	659	281	37
Classics	362	184	17,327	92	54	38	49	26	2
Comparative literature	615	221	394	185	72	113	108	48	6
Composition	147	59	88	10	4	6	1	Ö	_
Creative writing	470	193	277	410	178	232	1	C	
Linguistics	474	140	334	541	195	346	171	74	9
Literature, American	26	9	17	9	0	9	6	2	
Literature, English	1,318	432	886	206	65	141	72	30	4
Rhetoric	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Speech, debate, and forensics	6,817	2,645	4,172	576	177	3 9 9	79	40	3
Technical and business writing	130 1,020	51 323	79 697	80 130	26 25	54 105	0 35	0 14	2
Louis, Oliver									
iberal/general studies, total	21,365	9,312	12,053	1,126	459	667	29	15	14

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Table 204.—Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87—Continued

Field of study	Bachelor's	s degroes r or 5 years	equinng 4	Ma	ster's degr	9 9 S	Doctor's	degrees (Pr etc)	D, Ed.D.
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Womer
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Liberal/general studies, other	6,519	2,541	3,978	127	55	72	11	6	<u> </u>
Library and archival sciences, total	139	20	119	3,815	796	3,019	57	18	3:
Library and archival sciences, general	9	1	8	672	131	541	5	4	
Library science	121 9	19 0	102 9	3,092 51	656 9	2,436 42	47 5	11 3	30
Life sciences, total	38,114	19,641	18,473	4,954	2,539	2,415	3,423	2,226	1,197
Biology, general	27,458	14,045	13,413	2,022	1,050	972	· 537	339	198
Biochemistry and biophysics	2,111 310	1,194	917	265	151	114	461	297	164
Botany, general	237	161 126	149 111	364 195	185 89	179 106	306	215	9
Bactenology	41	17	24	28	10	18	159 12	109 6	50
Plant pathology	16	9	7	84	52	32	87	62	25
Botany, other	16	9	7	57	34	23	48	38	10
Cell and molecular biology, total	629	379	250	98	48	50	180	118	62
Cell biology	90	48	42	40	18	22	57	36	21
Molecular biology	329	204	125	53	26	27	87	56	31
Microbiology	210 2,057	127 982	83	5	4	1	36	26	10
Miscellaneous specialized areas, total	1,415	687	1,075 728	360 839	176 355	164	325	222	103
Anatomy	87	52	35	53	28	464 25	554	336	218
Biometrics and biostatistics	8	6	2	92	38	54	85 46	42 28	43
Ecology	440	244	196	184	111	73	70	51	18 19
Marine biology	269	159	110	64	34	30	27	20	7
Neurosciences	97	58	39	15	9	6	72	52	20
Nutritional sciences	225	37	188	264	42	222	113	47	€6
Miscellaneous specialized areas, other	82 207	37 94	45	58	29	29	59	42	17
Zoology	3.032	1,643	113 1,389	109	64	45	82	54	28
Zoology, general	2,299	1,264	1,035	833 241	486 144	347	900	597	303
Entomology	90	63	27	155	103	97 52	172 113	121 92	51
Genetics, human and animal	174	78	96	95	29	66	108	59	21 49
Pathology, human and animal	26	8	18	52	32	20	115	71	44
Pharmacology, human and animal	41	22	19	64	31	33	212	128	84
Physiology, human and animal	402	208	194	226	147	79	176	123	53
Life sciences, other	1,102	550	0 552	173	0 88	0 85	160	3 102	1 58
Mathematics, total	16,489	8,834	7,655	3,321	2,024	1,297	725	599	126
Mathematics, general	13,933	7 000	0.044			1		ŀ	
Actuarial sciences	187	7,292 119	6,641 68	2,260	1,351	909	527	447	80
Applied mathematics	969	563	406	36 351	27 240	111	2	1	
Pure mathernatics	108	74	34	18	13	5	59 12	48 9	11 3
Statistics	463	266	197	577	343	234	115	85	30
Mathematics, other	829	520	309	79	50	29	10	9	1
Military sciences and military technologies, total .	383	357	26	83	81	2	0	0	0
Military sciences, total . Military technologies, *otal	383 0	357 0	26 0	60 23	58 23	2	0	0	0
Multi/interdisciplinary studies, total	16,402	7,597	8,805	3,041	1,764	1,277	276	174	102
Biological and obversel sciences	2 225								
Biological and physical sciences Engineering and other disciplines	2,005	1,142	863	261	129	132	22	17	5
Humanities and social sciences	282 2,352	212 876	1 476	224	150	74	52	45	7
Systems science	34	21	1,476	452 885	162 732	290	27	13	14
Women's studies	118	3	115	14	1	153 13	3 2	3	0 2
Multi/interdisciplinary studies, other	11,611	5,343	6,268	1,205	590	615	170	96	74
Parks and recreation, total	4,107	1,636	2,471	476	213	263	32	20	12
Parks and recreation, general	1,570	575	995	150	62	88	19	10	9
Outdoor recreation .	139	63	76	24	10	14	0	0	0
Parks and recreation management	2,164	884	1,300	236	95	141	9	8	1
Water resources	50 164	45 69	5 95	35 31	29 17	6	0	0 2	0 2
Philosophy and religion, total	5,976	3,840	2,136	1,108	698	410	422	329	93
	0.050	2.72	·					525	
Philosophy									
Philosophy Religion Philosophy and religion, other	3,250 2,467	2,179 1,486	1,071 981	415 576	296 349	119 227	223 192	180 144	43 48



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Table 204.—Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87—Continued

Field of study	- 40	or 5 years	equinng 4	Mas	ster's degre	es	COCIO: S C	etc.)	D , Ed.0
rield of study	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Wome
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
neology, total	5,710	4,331	1,379	4,881	3,225	1,656	1,236	1,108	1:
Biblical languages	44	39	5	10	9	1	0	0	
Bible studies	1,883	1,513	370	295	251	44	17	17	
Missionary studies	244	184	80	196	147	49	24	22	1
Religious education	925	548	377	716	367	349	38	28	1
Religious music	203	117	86	126	75	51	6	4	
Theological studies	1,594	1,283	311	2,310	1,566	744	830	758	
Theology, other	817	667	150	1 228	810	418	321	279	
nysical sciences and science technologies, total	19,974	14,302	5,672	5,652	4,243	1,409	3,672	3,038	6
Physical sciences, total	19,885	14,253	5,632	5,649	4,241	1,408	3,671	3,037	6
Physical sciences, general	631	539	142	65	45	20	2	2	Ì
Astronomy	100	84	16	60	44	16	52	43	ļ
Astrophysics	29	22	7	11	11	n	14	11	Ì
Atmospheric science and meteorology	344	282	62	214	185	29	61	51	
Chemistry, total	9,661 ⁱ	6,070	3,591	1,738	1,174	564	1,976	1,555	4
Chemistry, general	9,463	5,936	3,527	1,611	1,093	518	1,818	1,427	3
Analytical chemistry	1 1	1	0	14	8	6	12	9	Ì
Inorganic chemistry	0 1	0	0	7	5	2	13	10	
Organic chemistry	0	0	0 !	15	13	2	33	28	
Pharmaceutical chemistry	10	7	3	43	26	17	44	35	
Chemistry, other	187	126	61	48	29	19	56	46	
Geological sciences, total	3,665	2,814	851	1,603	1,188	415	280	223	
Geology	3,367	2,591	776	1,386	1,029	357	220	173	
Geochemistry	9	6	3	15	12	3	6	4	
Geophysics and seismology	142	110	32	114	87	27	26	23	ł
Geological sciences, other	147	107	40	88	60	28	28	23	
Miscellaneous physical sciences, total	693	548	145	300	199	101	136	116	
Metallurgy	2	1	1	13	10	3	15	15	
Oceanography	150	129	21	112	78	34	69	58	ĺ
Earth science	523	404	119	126	84	42	50	41	
Miscellaneous physical sciences, other	18	14	4	49	27	22	2	2	
Physics, total	4,330	3.635	695	1,563	1,320	243	1,086	983	
Physics, general	4,191	3,526	665	1,475	1,246	229	1,000	906	ļ
Physics, other	139	109	30	88	74	14	86	77	i
Physical sciences, other	382	259	123	95	75	20	64	53	
Science technologies, total .	89	49	40	3	2	1	1	1	
ychology, total	42,868	13,332	29,536	8,204	2,856	5,348	3,123	1,458	1,0
Psychology, general	40,009	12,339	27,670	3,883	1,415	2,468	1,633	766	
Clinical psychology	68	20	48	857	264	593	876	395	
Counseling psychology	197	53	144	1.908	551	1,357	215	103	
Developmental psychology	250	25	225	109	37	72	51	20	
Experimental psychology	165	54	111	37	20	17	57	31	ļ
Industrial and organizational psychology	113	40	73	440	216	224	41	22	1
Prysiological psychology	121	56	65	9	5	4	24	12	İ
Psychometrics and Quantitative psychology.	2	0	2	5	2	3	8	6	
Social psychology	487	199	288	40	20	20	48	18	
Psychology, other	1,456	546	910	916	326	590	170	85	İ
otective services, total	12,930	7,974	4,956	1,019	719	300	18	15	
Criminal insting total	12,777	7,827	4,950	1,012	712	300	18	15	
Criminal justice, total Correctional administration	184	113	71	27	22	5	0	Ö	
	336	127	209	65	42	23	3	2	1
Corrections	3,211	2,012	1,199	364	239	125	15	13	İ
Criminal justice studies	6,596	3,966	2,630	449	339	110	, ,	0	
Criminal justice studies :	16	3,500	7	0	0	0	ŏ	ŏ	
*	182	79	103	37	22	15	ŏ	Ŏ	
Forensic studies Law enforcement	1,297	928	369	41	30	11	ŏ	ŏ	
Law enforcement administration	102	77	25	9	8	'i	9	ŏ	
Criminal justice, other	853	516	337	20	10	10	ŏ	ŏ	
Fire protection	145	141	4	7	7	0	ŏ	ŏ	
Protective services, other	8	6	2	ó	ó	ő	ŏ	ŏ	
iblic affairs, total	14,161	4,537	9,624	17,032	6,191	10,841	398	216	
	820	455	365	575	320	255	25	21	
Public affairs, general		050	746	353	169	184	8	3	1
Community services	998	252				1	_	ł	1
	148	65	83	107	76	31	0	0	
Community services						1	_	ł	



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Table 204.—Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred¹ by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and field of study: 1986-87—Continued

Field of study	Bachelor'	s degrees r or 5 years	equiring 4	Ma	ster's degre	es	Doctor's o	legrees (Ph etc.)	n.D , Ed.D
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Wome
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Social work, total	8,368	1,198	7,170	9.442	1.780	7.000			
Social work, general	7,775	1,110	6.865	8,795		7,662	203	86	j 1 1
Medical social work	47	11	36	58	1,658	7,137	191	82	10
Social 70rk, other	546	77	469		20	38	0	0	
Transportation and material moving	1,643			589	102	487	12	4	
Public affairs, other	504	1,466	177	433	420	13	0	0	l
	304	205	299	689	237	452	30	18] 1
cial sciences, total	96,185	53,879	42,306	10,397	6,294	4,103	2,916	2,026	89
Social sciences, general	4,121	1,928	2.493	493	269	224	30	19	١.
Anthropology	2,730	981	1.749	710	294	416	346		1
Archeology	67	21	46	36	11	25	17	169	17
Criminology	1,142	663	459	57	36	21	3	7	1
Demography	10	7	3	18	10			2	
Economics	22.387	14,780	7.607	1,855	1.381	8	9	. 7	
Geography	3.055	2,124	931		.,	474	750	624	12
History	16,968	10.586	6,402	554 2.023	360	194	131	100	3
International relations.	3,648	1,657			1,205	818	534	360	17
Political science and government	26,834		1,991	1,415	872	543	61	53	
Sociology		15,999	10,835	1,618	1,111	507	435	316	11
Urban studies	12,231	3,842	8,389	950	414	536	451	271	18
Social sciences, other	557	298	259	261	133	128	30 (14	19
	2,115	973	1,142	407	198	309	119	84	3
ual and performing arts, total	36,223	13,783	22,440	8,506	3,757	4,749	792	447	34
Visual and performing arts, general	1,549	539	1.010	227	99	128	1		
Crans	352	84	268	88	31	57	6	1	9
Dance	675	79	596	186	25		- 1	0	(
Design	4,513	1,754	2.759	279		161	4	0	4
Dramatic arts	4.563	1.869	2 694	1,108	126	153	0	0	(
Film arts, total	1,639	967	672		564	544	84	55	29
Cinematography/film	615	389		368	220	148	6	4	2
Photography	641		226	213	129	64	6	4	2
Film arts. other	383	334	307	86	46	40	0	0	(
Fine arts, total		244	139	69	45	24	0	0	(
Fine arts, general	14,804	4,680	10,124	2,738	998	1,740	175	54	121
Art history and appreciation	9,830	3,260	6,570	1,573	626	947	44	18	26
Arte management	1,789	351	1,438	386	71	315	110	30	80
Arts management	73	12	31	69	24	45	1 !	ŏĺ	1
Painting	783	278	505	177	80	97	o	ŏ	Ġ
Fine arts, other	2,329	779	1,550	533	197	336	20	6	14
Graphic arts technology	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0
Music, total	6,924	3,256	3,668	3.454	1.669	1.785	518	329	-
Music, general	3,697	1,680	2.017	1,249	598	651	236	143	189
Music history and appreciation	56	23	33	52	32	20			88
Music performance	2,313	1.069	1.244	1,629	761		29	16	13
Music theory and composition	276	197	79	218	138	868	164	96	68
Music, other	582	287	295	306		80	53	40	13
Precision production	423	199			140	166	36	29	7
Visual and performing arts, other	- 1		224	3	2	1	0	0	0
	781	356	425	55	23	32	4	4	Ó

¹ Preliminary data

NOTE —Aggregations by field of study derived from the Classification of Instructional Programs developed by the National Center for Education Statistics

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 205.—Bachelor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by discipline division: 1970-71 to 1986-87

																r
Discipline division	1970-71	1972-73	1973-74	1974-75	1975-76	197 6 –77	1977-78	197 8- 79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Total	839,730	922,362	945,776	922,933	925,746	919,549	921,204	921,390	929,417	935,140	952,998	969,510	974,309	979,477	987,823	991,33
Agnoulture and natural resources	12,672	14,756	16,253	17,528	19,402	21,467	22,650	23,134	22,802	21,886	21,029	20,909	19,317	18,107	16,823	14,99
Architecture and environmental design	5,570	6,962	7,822	8,226	9,146	9,222	9,250	9,273	9,132	9,455	9,728	9,823	9,186	9,325	9,119	8,92
rea and ethnic studies		3,512	3,721	3,544	3,577	3,450	3,257	3,006	2,840	2,887	2,862	2,971	2,879	2,867	3,060	3,34 241,15
Business and management	114,865	126,263	131,766	133,010	142,379	150,964 21,698	160,187 23,873	171,764 24,906	185,361 26.927	199,338	214,001 32,428	226,893 36,954	230,031 38,586	233,351 40,358	238,160 41,666	43.96
Communications	10,324	13,959	16,250	18,156	20,045	21,098	23,873	24,900	20,927	29,428	32,426	36,954	36,300	40,336	41,000	43,50
Communications technologies	478	358	846	1.092	1,237	1,516	1,527	1,551	1,689	1,854	1,794	1,648	1,579	1,725	1,425	1,43
computer and information sciences	2,388	4,304	4,756	5,033	5,652	6,407	7,201	8,719	11,154	15,121	20,267	24,510	32,172	38,878	41,889	39,66
ducation	176,614	194,229	185,225	167,015	154,807	143,722	136,141	126,109	118,169	108,309	101,113	97,991	92,382	88,161	87,221	87,11
ingineering	44,898	46,411	42,840	39,388	38,388	40,936	46,869	53,021	58,402	63,287	67,021	72,248	75,732	77,154	76,333	73,79
Engineering technologies	5,148	4,854	7,446	7,464	7,943	8,347	8,785	9,354	10,491	11,713	12,984	17,022	18,712	18,951	19,620	19,27
Foreign languages	19,945	18,964	18,840	17,606	15,471	13,944	12,730	11,825	11,133	10,319	9,841	9,685	9,479	9,954	10,102	10,18
lealth sciences	25,190	33,523	41,394	48,858	53,813	57,122	59,168	61,819	63,607	63,348	63,385	64,614	64,338	64,513	64,535	63,20
lome economics	11,167	13,533	15,336	16,772	17,409	17,439	17,621	16,300	18,411	18,370	17,872	16,705	16,316	15,555	15,288	14,94
.aw	545	474	494	436	531	559	653	678	683	776	846	1,099	1,272	1,157	1,197	1,17
.etters	64,933	61,799	55,469	48,534	43,019	38,849	36,365	34,557	33,497	33,208	34,334	32,743	33,739	34,091	35,434	37,13
iberal/general studies	5,461	8,201	9,739	13,032	14,736	16,763	19,694	19,524	20,069	18,596	18,145	18,524	18,815	19,191	19,248	21,36
ibrary and archival sciences	1,013	1,159	1,164	1,069	843	781	693	558	398	375	307	258	255	202	157	13
ife sciences	35,743	42,233	48,340	51,741	54,275	53,605	51,502	48,846	46,370	43,216	41,639	39,982	38,640	38,445	38,524	38,11
Aathematics	24,801	23,067	21,635	18,181	15,984	14,196	12,569	11,806	11,378	11,078	11,599	12,453	13,211	15,146	16,306	16,48
Allitary sciences	357	253	316	340	1,177	933	386	347	251	305	283	267	195	299	256	38
Aulti/Interdisciplinary studies	8,306	12,091	14,802	15,185	17,707	17,149	15,944	14,630	14,404	15,895	17,651	17,282	16,734	15,727	15,700	16,40
Parks and recreation	1,621	2,724	3,705	4,518	5,182	5,514	5,623	5,981	5,753	5,729	5,335	5,198	4,752	4,593	4,433	4,10
Philosophy and religion	8,146	9,142	9,444	8,997	8,447	8,158	7,907	7,347	7,069	6,776	6,309	6,483	6,435	6,400	6,239	5,97
heology	3,744	3,534	4,218	4,809	5,520	6,109	6,319	6,091	6,207	5,841	5,998	6,053	5,914	6,039	5,602	5,71
Physical sciences	21,412	20,696	21,178	20,778	21,465	22,497	22,986	23,207	23,410	23,952	24,052	23,405	23,671	23,732	21,731	19,97
Psvchology	37,880	47,695	51,821	50,988	49,908	47,373	44,559	42,461	41,962	40,833	41,031	40,364	39,872	39,811	40,521	42,86
Protective services	2,045	4,381	8,257	9,956	12,507	14,530	14,889	14,803	15,015	13,707	12,438	12,579	12,654	12,510	12,704	12,93
Public affairs	6,252	11,346	12,671	14,730	16,751	17,627	18,078	18,882	18,422	18,714	18,739	16,290	14,396	13,838	13,878	14,16
Social sciences	155,236	155,922	150,298	135,165	126,287	116,879	112,827	107,922	103,519	100,345	99,545	95,088	93,212	91,461	93,703	96,18
/isual and performing arts	30,394	36,017	39,730	40,782	42,138	41,793	40,951	40,969	40,892	40,479	40,422	39,469	39,833	37,936	36,949	36,22

¹Preliminary data

NOTE —Beginning in 1982-83, the taxonomy used to collect data on earned degrees by major field of study was revised. The figures for earlier years have been reclassified when necessary to make them conform to the new taxono-

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 206.—Master's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by discipline division: 1970-71 to 1986-87

Discipline division	1970-71	1972-73	1973-74	1974-75	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Total	230,509	203,371	277,033	292,450	311,771	317,164	311,620	301,079	295 081	∠95.739	295,546	289,921	284,263			ļ
Agriculture and natural resources	2.457	2,807	2,928	3,067	3.340	3,724			- -				204,203	286,251	288,567	289,55
Architecture and environmental design	1 705	2,307	2,702	2,938	3,215	3,724	4,023 3,115	3,994	و 97.5	4,003	4,163	4,254	4,178	3,928	3,801	3,52
Area and ethnic studies	1.032	1.053	1,160	1,166	995	1.052	981	3,113	3,139	3,153	3,327	3,357	3,223	3,275	3,260	3,14
Business and management	26,481	31,007	32,644	36,247	42,512	48,420	48,326	853	852	804	809	826	888	879	927	85
Communications	1,770	2,308	2,503	2,644	2,961	2,870	3,077	50,372 2,654	55,006 2,911	57,898 2,896	61,299 3,104	65,319 3,502	66,653 3,513	67,527 3,460	57,137 3,500	67,49 3.66
Communications technologies	86	98	137	150	165	221	219	228	171				·	·	,	_,
Computer and information sciences	1,588	2,113	2,276	2,299	2,603	2.798	3.638	3,055	3.647	209 4,218	223	102	143	209	323	27
Education	88,952	105,565	112,610	120,169	128,417	126,825	119.038	111,995	103,951	98,938	4,935	5,321	6,190	7,101	8,070	8,49
Engineering	16,309	16,497	15,170	15,127	16,014	15.961	16,038	15,227	15,904	16,386	93,757	84,853	77,187	76,137	76,353	75,50
Engineering technologies	134	122	209	221	328	284	360	268	339	323	17,526 413	18,830 520	20,094 567	20,926 631	21,059 602	22,08 61
Foreign languages	4,755	4,289	3,964	3.807	3,531	3,147	2,726	2,426	2,236	2,104	0.000	4				
ieelth sciences	5,445	7,879	9,090	9.901	11.885	12,323	13,619	14,781	15,068	16,004	2,008	1,759	1,773	1,724	1,721	1,74
lome economics	1,452	1,679	1,858	1,901	2,179	2,334	2,613	2,510	2,690	2,570	15,942	17,068	17,443	17,363	18,624	18,42
_&W	955	1,048	1,181	1,245	1,442	1,574	1,786	1,647	1,817	1,832	2,355	2,406	2,422	2,383	2,298	2,07
Letters	11,148	10,808	10,384	10,068	9,468	8,701	8,306	7,289	6,807	6,515	1,893 6,421	2,091 5,767	1,802 5,818	1,796 5,934	1,924 6,291	1,94: 6,12:
iberal/general studies	549	1,210	1,593	1,630	1,758	1,492	1,387	1,251	1,373	1.085	1,094	900	4.470	1		
brary and archival sciences	7,001	7,696	8,134	8,091	8.037	7.572	6,914	5,906	5,374	4.859	4.506	889 3,979	1,173	1,180	1,154	1,12
ife sciences	5,728	6,263	6,552	6,550	6,582	7.114	6.806	6,831	6.510	5,978	5,874	5,696	3,805	3,893	3,626	3,81
Vathematics	5,191	5,028	4,834	4,327	3,857	3.695	3,373	3,036	2,860	2,567	2,727		5,406	5,059	5,013	4,95
Military sciences	2	0	0	0	0	43	45	38	46	43	49	2,837 110	2,741 127	2,882 119	3,159 83	3,321 63
Multi/interdisciplinary studies	1,157	1,336	1,844	1,938	2,033	3,006	3,100	3,335	3,579	3,434	0.004					
3rks and recreation	218	391	440	604	571	609	574	755	647	643	3,884	2,930	3,148	3,184	3,104	3,04
Philosophy and religion	1,326	1,218	1,384	1,402	1.356	1,300	1,249	1.143	1,204	1,229	526	565	555	544	495	476
heology	2,710	2,778	2,898	3.228	3,290	3.625	3.328	3.558	3,922		1,152	1,091	1,153	1,167	1,163	1,108
Physical sciences	6,367	6,257	6,062	5,807	5,466	5,331	5,561	5,451	5,219	4,220 5,284	4,064 5,514	4,782 £,290	5,106 5,576	4,352 5,796	4,467 5,902	4,881 5,652
Psychology	4,431	5,831	6.588	7.066	7.811	8.301	8.16C	8.003	7,806	7,000						
TOTECTIVE Services	194	342	561	993	1,197	1.681	1,902	1,729	1.805	7,998	7,791	8,378	8,002	8,408	8,293	8,204
ublic affairs	8,215	10,899	12,077	14,610	16,117	17,917	18,341	18,300	18,413	1,538	1,336	1,300	1,219	1,235	1,074	1,019
iocial sciences	16,476	17,288	17,249	16,892	15.824	15,395	14,578	12,807	12,101	18,524 11,855	18,216	16,245	13,373	16,045	16,300	17,032
fisual and performing arts	6,675	7,254	8,001	8,362	8,817	8,636	9,036	8,524	8,708	8,629	11,892 8.746	11,112 8,742	10,465 8,520	10,380 8,714	10,428 8.416	10,397 8,506
¹ Preliminary data		7,254	8,001	8,302	8,817	8,636	9,036 SOURC					8,742			8,416	

NOTE -Beginning in 1982-83, the taxc nomy used to collect data on earned degrees by major field of study was revised. The figures for earlier years have been reclassified when necessary to make them conform to the new taxono-

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 207.—Doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by discipline division: 1970-71 to 1986-87

163 19	5 16 34,08: 30 99: 35 16: 31 1,000 38 16: 7 3: 38 21: 39 7,446 40 3,100 40 3 80 3,100 40 3 80 60 80	6 34,064 928 82 188 953 196 8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	1976-77 7 33,232 893 73 153 863 162 9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538 160	1977-78 8 32,131 971 73 145 866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638 203	9 32,730 950 96 135 860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	1979-80 10 32,615 991 79 151 792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5 549 771	1980-81 11 32,958 1,067 93 162 842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551 10 588	1981-82 12 32,707 1,079 80 102 855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	1982-83 13 32,775 1,149 97 153 809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	1983–84 14 33,209 1,172 84 139 977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979 2	1984-85 15 32,943 1,213 89 137 866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221 9	1985–86 16 33,653 1,158 73 157 969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400 10	1,049 9; 13; 1,096 27; 3,74 6,909 3,809
777 33,8 959 9 58 63 11 923 96 939 11 0 118 7,21 173 3,36 19 91 94 143 56	16 34,08: 30 99: 39 6: 55 16: 31 1,00: 38 16: 7 3: 88 21: 3 7,446: 8 3,100: 4 2: 3 857: 8 60: 6 15:6	928 82 188 953 196 8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	33,232 893 73 153 863 162 9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	32,131 971 73 145 866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	32,730 950 96 135 860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	32,615 991 79 151 792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	32,958 1,067 93 162 842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551	32,707 1,079 80 102 855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	32,775 1,149 97 153 809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	33,209 1,172 84 139 977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979	32,943 1,213 89 137 866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221	33,653 1,158 73 157 969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400	17 34,12 1,049 132 1,096 273 374 6,909 3,809
059 9958 9958 9958 9958 9958 9958 9958 9	99 99 66 155 166 163 1 1,000 168 163 1 1,000 168 163 17,446 18 3,106 4 2 3 857 8 609 66 156	928 82 188 953 196 8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	893 73 153 863 162 9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	971 73 145 866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	950 96 135 860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6	991 79 151 792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	1,067 93 162 842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551 10	1,079 80 102 855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621	1,149 97 153 809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	1,172 84 139 977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979	1,213 89 137 866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221	1,158 73 157 969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400	1,049 9; 13; 1,096 27; 3,74 6,909 3,809
58	69 69 69 161 1,006 161 1,006 161 1,006 161 1,006 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161	82 188 953 196 8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	73 153 863 162 9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	73 145 866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	96 135 860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	79 151 792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	93 162 842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551 10	80 102 855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	97 153 809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	84 139 977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979	89 137 866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221	73 157 969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400	1,049 9; 13; 1,096 27; 3,74 6,909 3,809
58	69 69 69 161 1,006 161 1,006 161 1,006 161 1,006 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161	82 188 953 196 8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	73 153 863 162 9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	73 145 866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	96 135 860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	79 151 792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	93 162 842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551 10	80 102 855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	97 153 809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	84 139 977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979	89 137 866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221	73 157 969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400	9; 13; 1,09; 27; 37,4 6,90; 3,80;
93 94 95 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96	1,009 163 7 38 213 7,446 88 3,106 4 2 3 857 8 609 66 156	953 196 8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	145 866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	135 860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6	151 792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	162 842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551	102 855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	153 809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	139 977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979	137 866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221	157 969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400	13: 1,09: 27: 37- 6,90: 3,80:
0 0 96 196 197 7,29 3,30 19 91 92 443 56	7 38 213 3,106 4 2 3 8578 609 6 156	8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	866 179 12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	860 182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	792 182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	842 171 11 252 7,900 2,551 10	855 182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	809 205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	977 215 4 251 7,473 2,979	866 228 6 248 7,151 3,221	969 212 11 344 7,110 3,400	1,09 27 37 6,90 3,80
0 196 19 118 7,29 173 3,30 19 91 92 143 56	7 3 98 213 93 7,446 98 3,106 4 2 3 857 8 609 6 156	8 244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577	9 216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	12 196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	182 10 236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	182 11 240 7,941 2,502 5	171 11 252 7,900 2,551 10	182 18 251 7,680 2,621 15	205 9 262 7,551 2,822 9	215 4 251 7,473 2,979	228 6 248 7,151 3,221	212 11 344 7,110 3,400	27 37 6,90 3,80
96 19 118 7,29 173 3,30 19 91 92 143 56	18 213 7,446 18 3,106 4 2 13 857 8 609 6 156	244 7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	216 7,963 2,583 3 752 538	196 7,595 2,437 3 649 638	236 7,736 2,500 6 641 705	240 7,941 2,502 5	252 7,900 2,551 10	251 7,680 2,621 15	262 7,551 2,822 9	251 7,473 2,979	248 7,151 3,221	344 7,110 3,400	6,909 3,809
118 7,29 173 3,30 19 191 92 143 56	7,446 8 3,106 4 2 3 857 8 609 6 156	7,778 2,819 2 864 577 178	7,963 2,583 3 752 538	7,595 2,437 3 649 638	7,736 2,500 6 641 705	7,941 2,502 5	7,900 2,551 10	251 7,680 2,621 15	262 7,551 2,822 9	251 7,473 2,979	248 7,151 3,221	344 7,110 3,400	6,909 3,809
91 92 43 56	3 857 8 609 6 156	2,819 2 864 577 178	2,583 3 752 538	2,437 3 649 638	2,500 6 641 705	2,502 5 549	2,551 10	7,680 2,621 15	7,551 2,822 9	7,473 2,979	7,151 3,221	7,110 3,400	6,909 3,809
19 91 92 43 56	4 2 3 857 8 609 6 156	864 577 178	752 538	649 638	641 705	5 549	10	15	2,822 9	2,979	3,221	3,400	3,809
91 92 43 56	8 609 6 156	864 577 178	752 538	649 638	641 705	549			9				
43 50	8 609 6 156	577 178	538	638	705		588	526					
	6 156	178				771		730	488	462	437	448	44
65 I 13			160	203		//	827	910	1,155	1,163	1,199	1,241	1,213
					219	192	247	247	255	279	276	311	297
	7 21		60	39	46	40	60	22	72	121	105	54	120
70 2,07	6 1,951	1,884	1,723	1,616	1,504	1,500	1,380	1,313	1,176	1,215	1,239	1,215	1,181
8 2	0 16	36	33	55	264	106	23	35	55	48	53	38	29
02 6	0 56	71	75	67	70	73	71	64	52	74	87	62	57
36 3,43	9 3,384	3,392	3,397	3,309	3,542	3,636	3,718	3,743	3.341	3.437	3,432	3,358	3,423
68 1,03	1 975	856	823	805	730	724	728	681	698	695	699	742	725
0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	ő	0	0	ō	, 20
91 17	6 254	237	271	246	445	295	256	358	387	378	285	319	276
14 2		15	15	10	25	21	42	33	33	27	36	39	32
80 55		554	468	444	415	374	410	364	404	442	468	477	422
			1,125	1,160	1,232	1,319	1,276	1,288	1,208	1,202			1,236
06 3,62	6 3,626	3,431	3,341	3,133	3,102	3,089	3,141	3,286	3,269	3,306	3,403	3,551	3,672
89 2,33	6 2,442	2,581	2,761	2,587	2,662	2,768	2,955	2.780	3,108	2.973	2,908	3.088	3,123
_		9	10	17	15	18	21	24	38	31	33	' '	18
		298	316	385	344	372	388	389	347	421	431	385	398
				3,583	3,358	3,219	3,114	3,061	2,931	2,911	2,851	2,955	2,916
30 4,12	5 649	620	662	708	700	655	654	670	692	728	693	722	792
)	006 3,62 089 2,33 3 114 21 230 4,12	006 3,626 3,626 089 2,336 2,442 3 3 11 114 214 271 130 4,123 4,209	006 3,626 3,626 3,431 089 2,336 2,442 2,581 3 3 11 9 114 214 271 298 130 4,123 4,209 4,154	06 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 189 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 3 3 11 9 10 114 214 271 298 316 130 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784	06 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 189 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 3 3 11 9 10 17 114 214 271 298 316 385 130 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583	06 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 089 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 114 214 271 298 316 385 344 130 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358	06 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 189 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 114 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 130 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219	666 768 872 1,033 1,125 1,160 1,232 1,319 1,276 306 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 3,141 389 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 2,955 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 21 214 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 388 30 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219 3,114	166 768 872 1,033 1,125 1,160 1,232 1,319 1,276 1,288 106 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 3,141 3,286 1089 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 2,955 2,780 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 21 24 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 388 389 300 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219 3,114 3,061	166 768 872 1,033 1,125 1,160 1,232 1,319 1,276 1,288 1,208 106 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 3,141 3,286 3,269 108 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 2,955 2,780 3,108 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 21 24 38 144 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 388 389 347 130 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219 3,114 3,061 2,931	166 768 872 1,033 1,125 1,160 1,232 1,319 1,276 1,288 1,208 1,202 106 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 3,141 3,286 3,269 3,306 108 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 2,955 2,780 3,108 2,973 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 21 24 38 31 14 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 388 389 347 421 130 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219 3,114 3,061 2,931 2,911	166 768 872 1,033 1,125 1,160 1,232 1,319 1,276 1,288 1,208 1,202 1,140 106 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 3,141 3,286 3,269 3,306 3,403 1089 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 2,955 2,780 3,108 2,973 2,908 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 21 24 38 31 33 314 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 388 389 347 421 431 330 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219 3,114 3,061 2,931 2,911 2,851	166 768 872 1,033 1,125 1,160 1,232 1,319 1,276 1,288 1,208 1,202 1,140 1,183 106 3,626 3,626 3,431 3,341 3,133 3,102 3,089 3,141 3,286 3,269 3,306 3,403 3,551 189 2,336 2,442 2,581 2,761 2,587 2,662 2,768 2,955 2,780 3,108 2,973 2,908 3,088 3 3 11 9 10 17 15 18 21 24 38 31 33 21 214 214 271 298 316 385 344 372 388 389 347 421 431 385 30 4,123 4,209 4,154 3,784 3,583 3,358 3,219 3,114 3,061 2,931 2,911 2,851 2,955

¹ Preliminary data

NOTE —Beginning in 1982-83, the taxonomy used to collect data on earned degrees by major field of study was revised. The figures for earlier years have been reclassified when necessary to make them conform to the new taxonomy.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 208.—Degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by control of institution: 1973-74 to 1986-87

		Р	ublic institutio	ns			Pr	rvate institution	ons	
Ye å r	Associate	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	First- profession. 1	Associate	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	First- professiona
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1973-74	303,188	651,544	184,632	21,810	23,208	40.700	204.000			
1974-75	318,474	634,785	193,804	22,176		40,736	294,232	92,401	12,006	30,608
1975-76		635,161	206,298		23,612	41,697	288,148	98,646	11,907	32,304
1976-77	355,650		. ,	21,751	25,766	46,448	290,585	105,473	12,313	36,883
1977-78		630,463	208,901	21,229	26,344	50,727	289,086	108,263	12,003	38,015
1977-70	358,874	627,903	202,099	20,456	27,097	53,372	293,301	109,521	11,675	39,484
197 8- 79	346,808	621,666	192,016	20,817	27,785	55,894	299,724	100.000	44.040	4
197 9–8 0	344,536	624,084	187,499	20,608	27,942			109,063	11,913	41,063
1980-81	352,391	626,452	184,384	20,895		56,374	305,333	110,582	12,007	42,189
1981-82	1 366,700	636,475	, ,	,	29,128	63,986	308,688	111,355	12,063	42,828
1982-83	500,700		182,295	20,889	29,611	1 67,800	316,523	113,251	11,818	42,421
1002-00		646,317	176,246	21,186	29,757	-	323, 193	113,675	11,589	43,379
1983-84	1 379,000	646,013	170,693	21,1∍1	29,586	1 73,000	000 000	110 570	10.000	
1984-85	377,625	652,246	170,000	21,337			328,296	113,570	12,068	44,821
1985-86	369,052	658,586	169,903		30,152	77,087	327,231	116,251	11,606	44,911
1986-87 2	358,893			21,433	29,568	76,995	329,237	118,664	12,220	44,342
	330,083	659,240	167,803	21,872	29,346	78,244	332,099	121.754	12,248	43,404

¹ Data are approximations

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Pressecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared June 1989.)

Table 209.—Earned degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by control of institution, level of degree, and discipline division: 1986–871

B		Public ins	s'itutions			Private in:	stitutions	
Discipline division	Associate degrees	Bachelor's degrees	Master's degrees	Doctor's degrees	Associate degrees	Bachelor's degrees	Master's degrees	Doctor's degrees
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total	358,893	659,240	167,803	21,872	2 78,244	332,099	121,754	12,240
Agriculture and natural resources	5,191	14,437	3,340	1.032	237	554	183	17
Architecture and environmental design.	609	6,732	2.098	56	1,053	2.190	1.044	36
rea and ethnic studies	13	1,384	485	57	6	1.956	366	
Business and management	88,665	155,294	26,243	770	26.512	85,862		75
Communications	1,245	31,684	2,128	208	345	12,285	41,253 1,538	328 65
Communications technologies	1.629	773	16	١	212			
computer and information sciences	5,424	25,290	4,239	¥ 1	318	666	255	2
ducation	6,528	67.986	54,187	242	3,674	14,374	4 252	132
ngineering	3,364	53,725		5,120	781	19,129	21,314	1,789
ngineering technologies	41,407		14,088	2,446	1,154	20,072	7,993	1,363
	41,407	13,467	481	11	16,784	5,810	131	Ó
oreign languages	351	5,832	1,177	288	75	4.352	569	173
lealth sciences	55,766	39,948	11,157	887	6.777	23,258	7.269	326
fome economics	6,079	12,848	1,632	224	3,232	2,094	438	73
aw	1,974	770	334	9	527	408	1,609	
.etters	465	22,996	4,629	805	43	14,137	1,494	111 376
iberal/general studies	98,956	15,148	462	12				
ibrary and archival sciences	109	120	2.953	47	9.251	6,217	664	17
ife sciences	840	23.722	3.667	1	8	19	862	10
fathematics	623	10,918		2,412	67	14,392	1,287	1,011
filitary sciences	32	367	2,602	489	44	5,571	719	236
	32	367	83	0	18	16	0	0
fulti/interdisciplinary studies	9,599	12,076	1.475	210	197	4.326	4 500	
Parks and recreation	491	3,658	424	31	65		1,566	66
Philosophy and religion	30	1,771	285	128		449	52	1
heology	5	1,771	283	I .	70	4,205	823	294
thysical sciences	1,938	13,220		0	573	5,709	4,881	1,236
	1,930	13,220	4,163	2,484	121	6,754	1,489	1,188
sychology	931	26,654	3.810	1,562	80	16,214	4,394	1,561
rotective services	11,612	10,236	661	18	348	2,694	358	1,501
ublic affairs 3	1,969	8,595	9,897	188	300	3.923	6,702	210
ocial sciences	2.321	57,739	6,166	1.672	299	38,446	4,231	
ransportation and material moving	1,027	688	12	0	257	955		1,244
isual and performing arts	9,678	21,161	4,909	484	4,882	15,062	421 3,597	0 308

¹ Preliminary data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



² Preliminary data.

⁻Data not available

² Includes 146 degrees not reported by discipline division

³ Excludes degrees classified as transportation and material moving, which are shown containty.

Table 210.—Number of institutions of higher education conferring degrees,1 by level of degree and discipline division: 1986-87

	Total numb	er of inetitu	tions awardi	ng degrees	Numbe		nstitutions av	warding	Numbe	r of private i deg		warding
Discipline division	Associ- ate degrees	Bache- ior's degrees	Master's degrees	Doctor's degrees	Associate degrees	Bache- lor's degrees	Muster's degrees	Doctor's degrees	Associate degrees	Bachn- lor's degrees	Master's agrees	Doctor
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	2,000	1,780	1,205	453	1,208	645	476	200	893	1,243	729	2
Agriculture and natural resources	395	202	104	61	363	148	93	57	32	54	11	
rchitecture and environmental design .	131	213	117	17	81	117	84	11	50	Se6	33	İ
	12	303	91	34		131	50	16	4	172	41	
		1,313	336	107	1,063	482	338	73	548	831	298	
Business and management	1,609								47	460	60	
Communications	222	793	195	42	175	333	135	32	•"	460		
communications technologies	184	50	14	3	139	19	4	0	25	31	10	
computer and information sciences	595	1,017	276	78	383	420	177	51	212	597	99	
ducation	403	1,193	743	196	311	454	411	133	92	739	332	
ngineering	263	376	246	150	256	203	162	167	27	173	84	
ngineering technologies	1,092	284	51	4	906	202	39	4	186	82	12	
areian lenguages	63	799	189	74	53	349	130	45	10	450	59	
isalth sciences	1,146	916	444	117	906	412	265	84	238	504	179	1
ome economics	523	388	160	35	448	227	125	26	75	161	35	
		95	56	15	154	35	23	5	46	60	33	
W	200					,	292		14	729	134	l
offers	103	1,184	426	139	89	455	202	88	14	/28	134	
iberai/general studies	1,205	527	88	12	905	229	37	7	300	298	51	
Ibrary and archival acionces	39	41	90	19	35	33	68	14	4	8	22	l
le sciences	:45	1.212	438	217	128	466	310	143	17	746	128	l
lethernatics	137	1.121	333	136	125	462	252	90	12	659	81	ŀ
Mary sciences	4	9	3	130	2	7	3	0	2	2	ō	
fulti/interdisciplinary studius	198	626	191	58	170	279	120	42	28	347	71	
	90	245	74	14	80	170	85	12	10	75	و ا	
erks and recreation.							79		17	546	92	1
hinsophy and religion	30	P)5	171	66	13	259		43				1 .
ineology	78	J42	227	105	4	2	0	0	74	340	227	1
hysical sciences	249	1,064	345	200	221	451	244	132	26	613	101	
rotactive servic/s	797	392	102	6	671	224	72	6	56	168	30	
sychology	143	1,192	449	216	123	449	269	122	20	743	180	I
utilic affairs	310	759	331	60	258	296	214	32	52	363	117	I
	212	1,205	430	160	170	478	291	101	42	787	139	I
		1,151	372	91	567	433	233	56	136	718	139	I
feuel and performing arts.	703	1,151	3/2	yı yı	30/	433	233	, 30	130	/ 10	138	l

¹ Preliminary data.

S:DURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey Times table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 211.—First-professional degrees¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student, control of institution, and field of study: 1981-82 to 1986-87

Control of institution and rield of study	1981-82	1982-83	 	1983-84			1984-85			1985-86		ĺ	1986-87 2	
	Total	Total	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Wome
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Total, all institutions	72,032	73,136	74,407	51,334	23,073	75,063	50,455	24,608	73,910	49,261	24,649			
Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M D.)	5,282	5.585	5,353	4.302	1.051	5,339	4 000				24,649	72,750	47,460	25,2
Medicine (M.D.)	ເວັ,814	15,484	15,813	11,359	4,454		4,233	1,106	5,046	3,907	1,139	4,741	3,603	1,1
Optometry (O.D.)	1.110	1,116	1.086	824	262	16,041	11,167	4,874	15,938	11,022	4,916	15,620	10,566	5.0
District Description (D.O.)	1,047	1,319	1,515			1,115	812	303	1,029	744	285	1,082	697	3,0
hermacy (D.Pher.)	625			1,185	330	1,489	1,136	353	1,547	1,159	388	1,618		
Odiatry (Pod.D. or D.P.) or Podiatno medicine (D.P.M.)		705	709	332	377	861	430	431	903	432	471	861	1,206 351	5
eterinary medicine (D V.M)	598	631	607	530	77	582	464	118	612	488	404	500		
Thirppresent (D.C. or D.C.M.)	2,038	2,060	2,269	1,309	960 i	2,178	1,135	1.043	2,270	1,191	124	590	468	1
Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M)	2,626	2,889	3,105	2,401	704	2.681	2,072	589	3,395		1,079	2,230	1,150	1,0
aw, general (LL.B. or I.D.)	35,991	36,853	37,012	20,362	13,630	37,491	23,070			2,554	841	2,655	1,982	6
heological professions, general (B.D., M.Div.,	i			55,555	10,000	37,431	23,070	14,421	35,844	21,874	13,970	36,172	21,643	14,5
M.H.L.)	6,901	6.494	6.878	5.673	1,205	7,221	E 000	4 005					i	
Other			60	37	23	85	5,886 50	1,335 35	7,283 43	5,865 25	1,418	7,181	5,794	1,3
Total, public institutions	29,611	29,757	29,586	20,106	9,480	30,152	19,895	10,257	29.568		18			
Pentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.)	3.154	2.420	0.474				10,000	10,257	29,506	19,119	10,449	29,346	18,610	10,7
fecticine (M.D.)		3,438	3,174	2,554	620	3,051	2,414	637	2 827	2.170	657	2.655	0.004	
ptometry (O.D.)	9,706	9,589	9,674	7,013	2,661	10.071	7,126	2.945	9.991	6,908			2,004	6
prometry (O.D.)	430	427	384	272	112	458	306	150	441		3,083	9,711	6,839	3,0
Osteopathic medicine (D.O)	364	386	537 1	388	149	455	322	133		302	139	454	272	10
harmacy (D.Phar.)	328	366	356	164	192	416	198		486	355	131	480	344	1;
odiatry (Pod.D. or D.P.) or	_				-	710	196	218	473	219	254	475	196	2
Odlatric medicine (D.P.M.)	<u> </u>	_ 1	_	_ [_	_	-	- 1		-1	_	— i		-
eterinary medicine (D.V.M.)	1.889	1,828	2,060	1,200			1	-	-	-	-	_!		
hiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.)	.,,555	1,020	2,000	1,200	860	1,963	1,037	926	1,931	1,008	923	2,003	1,056	•
aw, general (LL.B. or J.D.)	13,740	10.740	40.000				-1	_	_			2,000	1,030	94
heological professions, general (B.D., M.Drv., M.H.L.)		13,743	13,380	8,499	4,881	13,695	8,463	5,232	13,419	8,157	5, 2 62	13,568	8,099	5,40
ther	-	-	-	-	-1	2	1 /	1	_ 1		1	i		
			21	16	5	43	28	15	_ [_	_	-	-	-
Total, private institutions	42,421	43,379	44,821	31,228	13,593	44,911	30,560	14,351	44,342	30,142				
entistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.)	2.128	2,147	2.179	1,748	404				44,042	30,142	14,200	43,404	28,850	14,55
edicine (M.D.)	6,108	5.915	6.139		431	2,288	1,819	469	2,219	1.737	482	2,086	1.599	48
ptometry (O.D.)	680	689		4,346	1,793	5,970	4,041	1,929	5,947	4,114	1,833	5.909	3,927	
steopathic medicine (D.O.)	683		702	552	150	659	506	153	588	442	146	620		1,98
nermacy (D.Pher.)		933	978	797	181	1,034	814	220	1,061	804	257		425	20
diatry (Pod.D. or D.P.) or podiatric medicine	297	339	353	168	185	445	232	213	430	213		1,138	862	27
(D.P.M.)	500					- 1		2.5	450	213	217	386	155	23
Marinest medicine (D.1444)	598	631	607	530	77	582	464	118	612	400		/	Í	
terinary medicine (D.V.M.).	149	232	209	109	100	215	98	117	339	488	124	590	468	12
hiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.)	2,626	2,889	3,105	2,401	704	2.661	2,072			183	158	227	94	13
w, general (LL.B. or J.D.)	22,251	23,110	23,632	14,883	8,749	23,786	· ·	589	3,395	2,554	841	2,655	1,982	67
MOIOGICAI professions, general (B.D. M.Div.)	1			. 4,000	0,770	23,780	14,607	9 ,189	22,425	13,717	8,708	22,604	13,544	9.06
M.H.L)	6,901	6,494	6.878	5,673	1 200	70.0			1	1	J			0,50
her	-,	0,757	39		1,205	7,219	5,885	1,334	7,293	5,865	1,418	7,181	5,794	1,387
	- 1	- 1	38	21	18	42	22	20	43	25	18	7,101	٠,، ٥٠٠	1,30

¹ including degrees which require at least 6 years of college work for completion (including at least 2 years of preprofessional training)

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPED®), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)



² Preuminary data.

⁻⁻ Data not reported or not applicable

Table 212.—First-professional degrees conferred in dentistry, medicine, and law, by sex: 1949-50 to 1986-87

	D	entistry (D D	SorDMD))		Medicine	(.G.M` €			Law (LL B	or JD)	
	Number	Deg	rees confer	red	Number	Deg	rees confer	red	Number	Deg	rees confer	red
Year	of institu- tions confer- ring degrees	Total	Men	Women	of institu- tions confer- nng degrees	Total	Men	Women	of institu- tions confer- nng degrees	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1949-50	40	2,579	2,581	18	72	5,612	5,028	584	(')	(1)	(')	(1)
1951-52		2,918	2,895	23	72	6,201	5,871	330	(1)	(1)	(')	(1)
1953-54	1	3,102	3,063	39	73	6,712	6,377	335	(i)	(9)	(1)	(1)
1955-56	42	3,009	2,975	34	73	6,810	6,464	346	131	8,262	7,974	288
1957-58		3,065	3,031	34	75	6,816	6,469	347	131	9,394	9,122	272
1959-60	45	3,247	3,221	26	79	7,032	6,645	387	134	9,240	9,010	230
1961-62		3,183	3,166	17	81	7.138	6,749	389	134	9,364	9,091	273
1963-64		3,180	3,168	12	82	7 303	6,878	425	133	10,679	10,372	307
1965-66		3,178	3,146	32	84	7,673	7,170	503	136	13,246	12,776	470
1967-68		3,422	3,375	47	85	7,944	7,318	626	138	16,454	15,805	649
1 969 –70	48	3,718	3,684	34	86	8,314	7,615	699	145	14,916	14,115	801
1970–71	1	3,745	3,703	42	89	ö,919	8,110	809	147	17,421	16,181	1,240
1971-72		3,862	3,819	43	92	9.253	8,423	830	147	21,764	20,266	1,498
1972-73		4,047	3,992	55	97	10,307	9,388	919	152	27,205	25,037	2,168
1973-74		4,440	4,355	85	99	11,356	10,093	1,263	151	29,326	25,986	3,340
1974-75	52	4,773	4,627	146	104	12,447	10,818	1,629	154	29,296	24,881	4,415
1975-76		5.425	5.187	238	107	13,426	11,252	2,174	166	32,293	26,085	6,208
197 6- 77		5,138	4,764	374	109	13,461	10,891	2,570	169	34,104	26,447	7,657
1977-78		5,189	4,623	566	109	14,279	11,210	3,069	169	34,402	25,457	8,945
197 8- 79		5,434	4,794	640	109	14,786	11,381	3,405	175	35,206	25,189	10,026
197 9–80	58	5,258	4,558	700	112	14,902	11,416	3,486	179	35,647	24,893	10,754
1980-81	58	5,460	4,672	7.8	116	15,505	11,672	3,833	176	36,331	24,563	11,768
1981-82		5,282	4,467	815	119	15,814	11,867	3,947	180	35,991	23,965	12,026
1962-63		5,585	4,631	954	118	15,484	11,350	4,134	177	36,853	23,550	13,300
1983-84		5,353	4,302	1,051	119	15,813	11,359	4,454	179	37,012	23,382	13,630
1984-85	59	5.339	4,233	1,105	120	16,041	11,167	4,874	181	37,491	23,070	14,42
1985-86		5,046	3,907	1,139	120	15,938	11,022	4,916	181	35,844	21,874	13,970
1986-87 2		4,741	3,603	1,138	122	15,620	10 566	5,054	180	36,172	21,643	14,529

¹ Data prior to 1955-56 are not shown because they lack comperability with the figures for subsequent years
² Prefirminary data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989)



Table 213.—Associate degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of studyn, and sex of student: 1986-87

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresiden alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All fields, total 1 Men	436,308 190,841 245,467	361,819 158,126 203 693	35,466 13,956 21,510	19,345 8,764 10,581	11,794 6,172 5,622	3,196 1,263 1,933	4,68 (2,56(2,120
Agriculture and natural resources, total	5,458 3,691 1,767	5,149 3,4 9 2 1,657	62 46 16	125 61 64	27 20 7	51 36 15	44
rchitecture and environmental design, total	1,665 229 1,436	1,448 169	56 10	73 23	54 19	4	30 7
rea and ethnic studies, total	14	1,279	46	50	35	3	23
Men	6 8	3 2 1	3 0 3	2 1 1	0	6 3 3	0
winess and manayement, total	115,231 36,924 78,307	93,990 30,367 63,623	11,699 3,479 8,220	4,694 1,376 3,318	2,853 9 97 1,856	811 203 608	1,184 502 682
ommunications, total	3,541 2,065 1,476	2,972 1,750 1,222	329 190 139	124 64 60	41 24 17	22 9 13	53 28 25
Men	5,101 4,791 4,310	7,110 3,855 3,255	954 415 550	415 207 208	404 199 205	47 20 27	171 95 76
Men	7,333 2,113 5,220	5,942 1,654 4,288	639 222 417	414 124 290	130 57 73	134 33 101	74 23 51
gineering, total	4,539 4,061 478	3,4°0 3,060 340	261 225 36	337 307 30	387 332 55	28 22 6	126 .15
gineering technologies, total	57,973 52,860 5,113	47,936 43,950 3,986	4,019 3,526 493	2,445 2,247 198	2,592 2.255 337	332 298 34	649 584 65
reign languages, total Men	421 231 190	353 203 150	14 9 5	22 5 17	13 5 8	11 6 5	8 3 5
Men	62,547 7,214 55,333	53,876 5,945 47,931	4,878 59 9 4,279	2,046 374 1,672	1,028 173 855	403 51 352	316 72 244
me economics, total Men	9,328 2,738 6,590	7,618 2,461 5,157	969 131 838	396 44 352	207 66 141	54 17 37	84 19 65
V. total	2.498 287 2,211	2,179 216 1,963	170 44 126	94 19 75	40 3 37	11 5 6	4 0
ters, total	508 158 350	390 115 275	35 14 21	29 8 21	33 13 20	6 3 3	15 5
Men	108,097 46,337 61,760	89,365 38,103 51,262	7,885 3,250 4,635	5,838 2,546 3,2 9 2	2,718 1,263 1,455	813 351 462	10 1,478 804 654
Men	117 19 9 8	104 14 90	5 1 4	4 2 2	3 1 2	0	1 1 0
sciences, total	892 397 4 9 5	617 288 32 9	105 21 84	54 30 24	62 25 37	18 5 13	36 28 8
Men Women	666 418 248	499 .`13 186	39 27 12	40 22 18	72 46 26	4 2 2	12 8 4
tary sciences, total	50	30	9	1	0	1	0

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Table 213.—Associate degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by raciai/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986-87—Continued

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Błack non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Men	48	37	9	1	0	1	
Women	2	2	Ō	0	Ö	0	l c
Multi/interdisciplinary studies, total	9,794	8,800	399	239	273	33	50
Men	4,563	4,057	181	124	154	13	34
Women	5,231	4,743	218	115	119	20	16
Parks and recreation, total	551	478	38	21	8	0	3
Men	278	227	29	12	5	0	5
Women	273	251	9	9	3	0	1
Philosophy and religion, total	100	90	4	3	1	2	C
Men	64	57	2	3	1	1	(
Women	36	33	2	0	0	1	C
Physical sciences, total	2,061	1,767	104	78	67	6	39
Men	1,253	1,080	53	51	36	3	30
Women	808	687	51	27	31	3	٤
Protective services, total	11,910	9,739	1,132	78 8	134	81	36
Men	8,711	7,290	661	579	109	46	2€
Women	3,199	2,449	471	209	25	35	10
Psychology, total	1,014	825	77	67	20	17	8
Men	292	233	29	16	6	6	2
Women	722	592	48	51	14	11	•
Public affairs, total	3,560	2,774	459	141	69	63	54
Men	1,548	1,277	129	69	19	14	40
Women	2,012	1,497	330	72	50	49	14
Social sciences, total	2,584	1,853	304	256	95	52	24
Men	1,095	792	155	80	37	18	13
Women	1,489	1,061	149	176	58	34	11
Theology, total	594	527	34	18	3	1	11
Men	355	308	30	11	1	0	
Women	239	219	4	7	2	1	•
Visual and performing arts, total	14,161	11,976	784	581	460	185	175
Men	8,095	6,811	469	358	306	96	55
Women	6,066	5,165	315	223	154	89	120

¹ This tabulation excludes 683 men and 146 women whose racial/ethnic group could not be imputed. Because of imputation methods, field of study totals by race/ethnicity may differ slightly from field of study by sex. Data are preliminary.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Educatio , National Center for Education Statistics, integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 214.—Bachelor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group and sex of student: 1976-77 to 1986-87

Year and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Non-resident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
_			Numbe	r of degrees cont	ferred		
1976-77							
Total 1	917,900	807.688	58,636	18.743	40 -00		
Men	494,424	438,161	25,147	10,318	13,793	3,326	15,714
Women	423,476	369,527	33,489	8.425	7,638	1,804	11,356
1978-79			30,133	0,423	6,155	1,522	4,356
Total ²	919,540	802,542	60,246	00 000			
Men	476,065	418,215	24,659	20,096	15,407	3,410	17,839
Women	443,475	384,327		10,418	8,261	1,736	12,776
1900-81		307,327	35 ,58 7	9,678	7,146	1,674	5, 06 3
Total ³	004 000				ł		
Men	934,800	807,319	60,673	21,832	18,794	3,593	22,589
	469,625	406,173	24,511	10,810	10,107	1,700	16.324
Women	465,1 75	401,146	36,162	11,022	8,687	1,893	6,265
1984-85					4	1,000	0,263
Total 4	968,311	826,106	57,473	25,874	25,395		
Men	476,148	405 085	23,018	12,402		4,246	29,217
Women	492,163	421,021	34,455	13,472	13,554	1,998	20,091
1906-87		121,121	04,400	13,472	11,841	2,248	9,126
otal 6	991,260	841,820	56.555		. [i	
Men	480,780	406,751		26,990	32,618	3,971	29,306
Women	510,480	435,069	22,499	12,864	17,249	1,819	19,5 98
	0.0,100	433,009	34,056	14,126	15,369	2,152	9,708
			Percentage dist	nbution of degree	s conferred		
1976–77	İ						
otal1	100 0	88.0	6.4	2.0		[
Men	100.0	88.6	5.1	2.0	1.5	0.4	1.7
Women	100.0	87.3	7.9	2.1	1.5	04	2.3
1978-79		57.5	7.0	2.0	1.5	0.4	1.0
otal 2	100.0	87.3					
Men	100.0	87.8	6.6	22	1.7	0.4	1,9
Women	100.0	86.7	5.2	2.2	1.7	0.4	2.7
1980-81	100.0	80.7	80	2.2	1.6	0.4	1.1
otal3			Ĭ	1			
Men	100.0	86.4	6.5	2.3	2.0	0.4	2.4
	100.0	86 .5	52	23	2.2	0.4	3.5
Women	100.0 j	86.2	78	24	1.9	0.4	1.3
1984-85				ĺ		0.4	1.3
otal4	100.0	85.3	50	{			
Men	100.0	85.3 85.1	59	2.7	26	0.4	3.0
Women	100.0	85.5	48	26	2.8	0.4	4.2
1 986-8 7	100.0	85.5	70	2.7	24	0.5	1.9
	1		1	ſ	ŀ		
otal 5	100 0 1						
Men	100.0	84.9	5.7	2.7	33	0.4	3.0
Men	100.0 100.0 100.0	84.9 84.6 85.2	5.7 4.7 6.7	2.7 2.7 2.8	33	0.4 0.4	3.0 4.1

¹ Excludes 1,121 men and 526 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available 2 Excludes 1,279 men and 571 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June



³ Excludee 258 men and 82 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available

Excludes 6,280 men and 4,786 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available
 Excludes 74 men and 5 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available
 Excludes 74 men and 5 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available. Data
 are preliminary.

Table 215.—Bachelor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986–87

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaska Native	Nonresident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All fields, total 1	991,260	841,820	56,555	26,990	32,618	3,971	29,3/16
Women	480,780 510,480	406,751 435,069	22,499 34,056	12,864 14,126	17,249 15,369	1,819 2,152	19, 598 9,708
Agriculture and natural resources, total	14,991	13,657	299	231	283	58	463
Men	10,314 4,677	9,406 4,251	182 117	152 79	161 122	38 20	375 88
		·			ĺ		
Architecture and environmental design, total	8,950 5,617	7,271 4,501	277 198	338 233	365 208	25 15	673 462
Women	3,333	2,770	79	105	157	11	211
Area and ethnic studies, total	3,307 1,249	2,649 997	201 85	146 58	214 77	29 9	68 23
Women	2,058	1,652	116	88	137	20	45
Business and management, total	241,100	205,118	14,686	6,397	6,002	783	8,114
Women.	128,920 112,180	111,091 94,027	6,051 8,635	3,251 3,146	2,873 3,129	400 383	5,254 2,860
Communications, total	45,393	39,493	3,228	1,011	919	132	610
Men	18,153	15,941	1,125	402	356	58	271
Women	27,240	23,552	2,103	609	563	74	339
Computer and information sciences, total	39,590 25,866	30,251 20,480	2,928 1,329	1,077 615	2,546 1,542	116 63	2,672 1,837
Women	13,724	9,771	1,599	462	1,004	53	835
Education, total	87,083	78,216	4,253	2,223	1,092	452	847
Women	20,759 66,324	18,050 60, 166	1,348 2,905	518 1,705	312 780	124 328	407 440
Engineering, total	73,839	57,563	2,356	2.007	5,695	214	6.004
Men	62,568 11,271	48,977 8,586	1,638 718	1,880 327	4,613 1,082	184 30	5,476 528
Engineenng technologies, total	19,258	15,725	1,145	546	802	75	965
Women	17,781 1,477	14,631 1,094	942 203	498 48	734 68	63 12	913 52
Foreign languages, total	10,197	8,421	321	808	341	24	282
Men	2,792 7,405	2,287 6,134	87 234	209 599	140 201	10 14	59 223
	·					274	798
Health professions, total	63 ,213 9,177	55,410 7,790	3,822 481	1,332 255	1,577 337	46	268
Women	54,036	47,820	3,341	1,077	1,240	228	530
Home economics, total	14,940 1,115	13,072 909	879 98	232 18	423 46	119 18	215 26
Women	13,825	12,163	781	214	377	101	189
Law, total	1,177	1,074	52	25	22	2	2
Women	369 808	334 740	14 38	11 14	9 13	1 1	0 2
Letters, total	37,132	33,499	1,589	736	780	99	429
Men	12,680	11,543	465	242	246	40	144
Women	24,452	21,956	1,124	494	534	59	285
Liberal/general studies, total	21,366 9,315	18,066 7,993	1,620 618	893 305	356 1 60	133 50	298 189
Women	12,051	10,073	1,002	588	196	83	109
Library and archival science, total	140	122	9	3	0	0	6
Women	20 120	16 106	9	0 3	0	0	4 2
Life sciences, total	38,120	31,279	1,932	1,259	2,620	147	883
Men	19,656 18,464	18,393 14,886	740 1,192	657 602	1,343 1,277	79 68	444 439
	_				•		
Mathematics, total	16,444 8,792	13,556 7,216	846 402	269 170	1,050 540	53 33	670 431
Women,	7,652	6,340	444	99	510	20	239
Military sciences, total	384	360	1	13	1	1	8

Table 215.—Bachelor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986–87—Continued

Men	Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaska Native	Nonresiden ølien
Women	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Women	Men	358	336	-	12			
Men	Women							1
Men	Multi/interdisciplinary studies, total	16 399	13 754	1 074	E 0.7			
Women 8,801 7,303 624 315 341 55 Parks and recreation, total 4,106 3,735 186 60 71 19 Men 1,636 1,449 105 24 32 9 Women 2,470 2,286 81 36 39 10 hillosophy and religion, total 5,984 5,324 233 142 183 11 Men 3,845 3,393 180 101 106 8 Women 2,139 1,931 73 41 57 3 hysical sciences, total 20,071 17,159 844 423 918 74 Men 14,372 12,505 445 287 615 46 Women 5,699 4,654 399 136 303 28 rotactive services, total 12,930 10,177 1,930 534 140 53 Men 7,974 6,521 9	Men							318
Men. 1,836 1,449 105 24 32 9 Women. 2,470 2,286 81 36 39 10 Philosophy and religion, total 5,984 5,324 233 142 183 11 Men. 3,845 3,393 160 101 106 8 Wormen. 2,139 1,931 73 41 57 3 Physical sciences, total 20,071 17,159 844 423 918 74 Men. 14,372 12,505 445 287 615 46 Wormen. 5,699 4,654 399 136 303 28 rotective services, total 12,930 10,177 1,930 534 140 53 Men. 7,974 6,521 919 333 98 28 sychology, total 42,835 37,014 2,535 1,401 1,188 186 Men. 13,328 11,540	Women							155 163
Men. 1,836 1,449 105 24 32 9 Women. 2,470 2,286 81 36 39 10 Philosophy and religion, total. 5,984 5,324 233 142 183 11 Men. 3,845 3,393 160 101 106 8 Women. 2,139 1,931 73 41 57 3 rhysical sciences, total. 20,071 17,159 844 423 918 74 Men. 14,372 12,505 445 287 615 46 Women. 5,699 4,654 399 136 303 28 rotective services, total. 12,930 10,177 1,930 534 140 53 Men. 7,974 6,521 919 333 98 28 sychology, total 42,835 37,014 2,535 1,401 1,188 186 Men. 20,507 25,474	Parks and recreation, total	4.106	3 735	186	60	- 1		
Women 2,470 2,286 81 36 39 10 Thilosophy and religion, total 5,984 5,324 233 142 163 11 Men 3,845 3,393 160 101 106 8 Women 2,139 1,931 73 41 57 3 thysical sciences, total 20,071 17,159 844 423 918 74 Men 14,372 12,505 445 287 615 46 Women 5,699 4,654 399 136 303 28 rotective services, total 12,930 10,177 1,930 534 140 53 Men 7,974 6,521 919 333 98 28 sychology, total 42,835 37,014 2,535 1,401 1,188 186 Men 13,328 11,540 883 459 417 85 women 29,507 25,474	Men		-,					35
Men	Women	,						17 18
Men	hilosophy and religion, total	5 984	5 224	200	440			
Women	Men.							111
Men	Women						- 1	77 34
Men	hysical sciences total	20.074	47.450			J	١	34
Women 5,699 4,654 399 136 303 28 rotactive services, total 12,930 10,177 1,930 534 140 53 Men 7,974 6,521 919 333 98 28 sychology, total 42,835 37,014 2,535 1,401 1,188 186 Men 13,328 11,540 683 459 417 65 Women 29,507 25,474 1,852 942 771 121 xblic affairs, total 14,178 11,289 1,822 542 197 127 Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 9,637 7,806 1,367 376 131 86 xcial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 484 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,564 1,448 249 women 4,330 <td< td=""><td>Men</td><td></td><td></td><td> </td><td>I</td><td>918</td><td>74</td><td>653</td></td<>	Men				I	918	74	653
12,930 10,177 1,930 534 140 53	Women							47 4 179
Men 7,974 6,521 919 333 98 28 women 4,956 3,656 1,011 201 42 25 sychology, total 42,835 37,014 2,535 1,401 1,188 186 Men 13,328 11,540 683 459 417 65 Women 29,507 25,474 1,852 942 771 121 ublic affairs, total 11,178 11,289 1,822 542 197 127 Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 9,637 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 ocial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 464 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,564 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 meclogy, total 5,728 5,23	rotective services, total	40,000	40.477				20	1/8
Women 4,956 3,656 1,011 201 42 25 sychology, total 42,835 37,014 2,535 1,401 1,188 186 Men 13,328 11,540 683 459 417 65 Women 29,507 25,474 1,852 942 771 121 ublic affairs, total 14,178 11,289 1,822 542 197 127 Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 9,637 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 ocial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 484 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Men 4,330 3,950	Men	,					53	96
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Women							75 21
Men 13,328 11,540 683 459 417 65 Women 29,507 25,474 1,852 942 771 121 ublic affairs, total 14,178 11,289 1,822 542 197 127 Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 9,837 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 ocial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 464 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,584 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 meology, total 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and performing arts, total 36,233 31,67	sychology, total	40.000				72	23	21
Women 29,507 25,474 1,852 942 771 121 ublic affairs, total 14,178 11,289 1,822 542 197 127 Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 96,37 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 ocial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 464 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,584 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 neology, total 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and performing arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,868 851 1,194 184 Men 13,785	Men					1,188	186	511
ublic affairs, total. 14.178 11,289 1,822 542 197 127 Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 9,637 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 ocial sciences, total. 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,683 2,942 484 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,584 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 neology, total 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and performing arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,368 851 1,194 184 Men 13,785 11,875 880 360 440 360	Women			1			65	164
Men 4,541 3,683 455 166 66 41 Women 9,637 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 ocial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 464 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,564 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 Men 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and pe-forming arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,368 851 1,194 184 Men 13,765 11,875 880 360 460 360 460 360		29,507	25,4/4	1,852	942	771	121	347
Men Men	ublic affairs, total	14,178	11,289	1,822	542	197	127	201
9,837 7,606 1,367 376 131 86 pocial sciences, total 96,172 81,659 5,942 2,883 2,942 464 Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,564 1,448 249 Wormen 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 peology, total 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and ps-forming arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,368 851 1,194 184 Men 13,785 11,875 880 260 440	Women		3,683	455	166			130
Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,584 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 neology, total 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and ps-forming arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,368 851 1,194 184 Men 13,785 11,875 880 260 440 260	1	9,637	7,606	1,367	376	131	1 1	71
Men 53,870 46,493 2,676 1,584 1,448 249 Women 42,302 35,168 3,266 1,319 1,494 215 seology, total 5,728 5,236 177 81 92 15 Men 4,330 3,950 142 63 67 13 Women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and pe-forming arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,368 851 1,194 184 Men 13,765 11,875 880 360 460 360	ocial sciences, total	96,172	81,659	5,942	2.883	2 942	464	2.282
Men	Men	53,870	46,493	2,676		-, 1		1,440
Women	women	42,302	35,168	3,266				842
Women	neology, total	5,728	5,236	177	81	92	15	407
women 1,398 1,286 35 18 25 2 sual and ps:forming arts, total 36,233 31,671 1,368 851 1,194 184 Men 13,785 11,875 880 260 1,494 184	Men	4,330			1	1		127 95
Men	Women	1,398					1	95 32
Men	sual and performing arts, total	36,233	31.671	1 368	951	1 104	404	••-
	Men			,				965
Women	Women						82	381 584

¹ This tabulation excludes 74 men and 5 women whose racial/ethnic group could not be imputed. Because of imputation methods, field of study totals by race/ethnicity may differ elightly from field of study totals by sex of student. Data are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 216.—Master's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group and sex of student: 1976-77 to 1986-87

Year and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispuriic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Non-resident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6
1976-77		<u> </u>					
Total 1	316,602	266,061	21,037	6,071	5,122	967	17,344
Men	167,396	139,210	7,761	3,268	3,123	521	13,49
Women	149,206	126,651	13,256	2,803	1,999	446	3,85
1978-79							
Total 2	300,255	249,360	19,416	5,555	5,496	999	19,427
Men	152,637	124,058	7 070	2,786	3,325	495	14,903
Women	147,616	125,302	12,348	2,769	2,171	504	4,524
1980-81							
Total 3	294,183	241,216	17,133	6,461	6,262	1,034	22,057
Men	145,666	115 ,56 2	6,158	3,095	3,773	501	16,587
Women	148,517	125,654	10,975	3,376	2,509	533	5,470
1984-85					Í		
Total 4	280,421	223,626	13,939	6,864	7,782	1,256	26,952
Men	139,417	106,059	5,200	3,059	4,842	583	19,674
Women	141,004	117,569	6,739	3,805	2,940	673	7.278
1986-87	, ,			-•	-,	**-	
Total 5	269,341	228,670	13,867	7,044	6,558	1,104	29,896
Men	141,264	105,573	5,151	3,330	5,238	517	21,455
Women	148,077	123,297	6,716	3,714	3,320	587	6,443

¹ Excludes 387 men and 175 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey, (This table was prepared June 1989)



² Excludes 73 men and 91 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available
3 Excludes 1,377 men and 179 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available
4 Excludes 3,973 men and 1,857 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available
6 Excludes 99 men and 117 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available
Data are preliminary

Table 217.—Master's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986-87

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All fields, total 1	289,341 141,264 148,077	228,870 105,573 123,297	13,867 5,151 8,716	7,044 3,330 3,714	8,558 5,238 3,320	1,104 517 587	29,896 21,455 8, 44 3
Agriculture and natural resources, total	3,521 2,460	2,536 1,680	79 63	44 30	58 36	6	798 647
Women	1,061	856	16	14	22	2	151
Architecture and environmental design, total	3,164 2,086 1,078	2,250 1,419 831	77 48 29	93 68 25	92 57 35	8 7 1	644 487 157
Area and ethnic studies, total	853 457 396	585 310 275	39 10 29	53 30 23	38 25 13	5 4 1	133 78 55
Business and management, total	67,504 45,219 22,285	53,582 35,505 18,077	2,810 1,637 1,173	1,437 954 483	2,304 1,531 773	170 112 58	7, 2 01 5, 48 0 1,721
Men	3,892 1,589 2,303	3,072 1,233 1,83 9	225 83 142	70 31 39	79 29 50	12 5 7	434 208 226
Computer and information sciences, total	8,481 5,985 2,496	5,053 3,475 1,578	222 136 86	132 98 34	834 561 273	23 20 3	2,217 1,6 9 5 522
Men	75,473 19,635 55,838	64,492 16,431 48,061	5,250 1,127 4,123	2,232 601 1,631	724 232 492	376 120 256	2,3 99 1,12 4 1,275
ngineering, total	22,046 19,279 2,767	13,343 11,39 9 1,944	419 328 91	521 450 71	1,715 1,513 20 2	39 33 6	6,009 5,556 45 3
ingineering technologies, total	612 529 83	405 343 62	30 23 7	8 6 2	42 39 3	25 25 0	102 93
oreign languages, total	1,745 516 1,229	1,179 351 828	2 9 9 20	162 42 120	36 8 28	4 3 1	335 103 232
Men	16,421 3,885 14,536	15,724 3,048 12,676	856 139 717	378 72 306	489 152 337	62 12 50	912 462 450
Men	2,069 256 1,813	1,731 206	90 12	25 3	49 5	17	157 27
ww, total	1,944 1,423	1,525 1,100 80 9	78 44 26	50 30	78 53	14 4 3	130 668 502
Men	6,125 2,142	5,149 1,774	18 141 38	20 89 37	130 43	20	166 596 241
Womenberai/general studies, total	3,983 1,129 459	3 375 1,038 428	103 19 3	52 10 1	87 12 5	11 8	355 42 21
Women	670	610	16	9	7	7	21
brary and archival science, total	3,814 796 3,018	3,318 679 2,639	146 25 121	48 14 34	93 21 72	9 1 8	200 56 144
le sciences, total	4,950 2,538 2,412	3,944 2,038 1,906	175 84 91	86 40 46	1 9 8 8 9 109	11 4 7	536 283 253
athematics, total	3,319 2,022 1,297	2,113 1,247 866	76 47 29	55 39 16	193 116 77	3 1 2	87 9 572
litary sciences, total	119	30	8	5	0	٥	307 5

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Table 217.—Master's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986–87— Jontinued

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresiden alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Men	118	101	7	5	0	0	
Women	1	Ö	i	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	``
Multi/interdisciplinary studies, total	3,035	2,585	114	55	66	31	184
Men	1,762	1.491	60	26	34	21	130
Women	1,273	1,094	54	29	32	10	54
Parks and recreation, total	475	414	25	3	14	1	18
Men	212	183	7	2	7	1	12
Women	263	231	18	1	7	ó	
Philosophy and religion, total	1,109	894	41	29	29	3	113
Men	698	541	30	20	25	ž	80
Women	411	353	11	9	4	1	33
Physical sciences, total	5,630	4,062	84	116	241	9	1,118
Men	4,220	3.023	48	85	174	7	883
Women	1,410	1,039	36	31	67	2	235
Protective services, total	1,019	808	140	15	10	8	38
Men	719	586	80	10	5	7	31
Women	300	222	60	5	5	1	7
Psychology, total	8,124	7,093	398	243	120	37	23 3
Men	2,828	2,471	123	91	35	13	95
Women	5,296	4,622	275	152	85	, 24	138
Public affairs, total	17,029	13,645	1,553	610	313	135	773
Men	6,189	4.696	517	263	146	52	515
Women	10,840	8,949	1,036	347	167	83	258
Social sciences, total	10,395	7,441	416	245	250	23	2.020
Men	6,293	4,316	226	154	152	17	1.428
Women	4,102	3,125	190	91	98	6	592
Theology, total	4,841	4,108	121	88	112	8	404
Men	3,193	2,658	86	63	70	ě	310
Women	1,648	1,450	35	25	42	2	94
/isual and performing arts, total	8,503	7,105	240	142	239	47	730
Men	3,756	3,132	129	65	75	24	331
Women	4,747	3,973	111	77	164	23	399

¹ The tabulation excludes 99 men and 117 women whose racial/ethnic group could not be imputed. Because of imputation methods, field of atudy totals by race/ethnicity may differ slightly from field of atudy totals by sex of student. Data are preliminary.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completiona" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 218.—Doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group and sex of student: 1976-77 to 1986-87

Year and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Non-resident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1976-77							
Total 2 Men Women	33,126 25,036 8,090	26,851 20,032 6,819	1,253 766 487	522 383 139	658 540 118	95 67 28	3,747 3,246 499
1978-79		.,		.55		20	781
Men	32,675 23,488 9,187	26,138 18,433 7,705	1,268 734 534	439 294 145	811 646 165	104 69 35	3,915 3,312 603
1980-81						55	000
Total ⁴	32,839 22,595 10,244	25,908 17,310 8,598	1,265 694 571	456 277 179	877 655 222	130 9 5 35	4,203 3,564 639
1984–85	i				1		
Total ⁵	32,307 21,296 11,011	23,934 15,017 8,917	1,154 561 593	677 431 24 6	1,106 802 304	119 64 55	5,317 4,42 1 8 9 6
1966-87	[,		1		
Total *	34,033 22,059 11,974	24,435 14,813 9,622	1,060 488 572	750 439 311	1,097 795 302	104 58 46	6, 58 7 5, 466 1,121

¹ Includee Ph D , Ed.D, and comparable degrees at the doctoral level. Excludes firstprofessional degrees.



^{*2} Excludes 106 men whose racial/ethnic group was not available

*3 Excludes 53 men and 2 women whose racial/ethnic group as not available

*4 Excludes 116 men and 3 women whose racial/othnic group was not available

*5 Excludes 404 men and 232 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available

⁶ Excludes 40 men and 47 women whose racial/ethnic group was not available. Data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (I"EDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)

Table 219.—Doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986-87

3 24,435 14,813 9,622 650 526 7 124 2 45 28 17 2 99 16 3 219 178 41 5,495 2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 1,700 1,7	4 1,060 488 572 18 13 5 7 4 3 7 2 5 29 21 8 17 7 10 2 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3 1 1 0	5 750 439 311 15 12 3 0 0 0 10 6 4 11 7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3 0 0 0 0 0	6 1,097 795 302 32 28 4 1 1 0 50 46 4 1 0 1 20 16 4 104 59 45 258 240 18	7 104 58 46 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 49 25 24 3 3 0 0	5,486 1,121 331 290 41 39 33 6 22 13 9 315 289 26 42 33
14,813 9,822 8 650 526 7 124 2 45 2 28 3 17 2 99 54 45 688 473 215 209 116 93 1219 178 41 5,495 2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 1,700 1,70	488 572 18 13 5 7 4 4 3 7 2 5 29 21 8 17 7 7 10 2 1 1 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3	439 311 15 12 3 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 0 10 6 4 11 7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	795 302 32 28 4 1 1 0 50 46 4 1 20 16 4 104 59 45 258 240 18	58 46 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	290 41 39 33 6 22 13 9 315 289 26 42 33 9 126 121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
526 7 124 2 45 3 28 3 17 2 99 3 54 45 4 45 4 688 473 215 2 209 116 9 3 2 219 178 4 41 5,495 2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 1,700 1,70	13 5 7 4 4 3 7 2 5 29 21 8 17 7 7 10 2 1 1 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3	12 3 0 0 0 10 6 4 11 7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	28 4 1 1 0 50 46 4 1 20 16 4 104 59 45 258 240 18	2 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	290 41 39 33 6 22 13 9 315 289 26 42 33 9 126 121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
28 28 17 28 17 29 99 54 45 45 45 45 45 473 215 209 116 93 12 178 41 41 5,495 2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 170 5 3 2 2 300	4 3 7 2 5 29 21 8 17 7 10 2 1 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3	0 0 0 10 6 4 11 7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	1 0 1 1 1 0 50 46 4 4 1 1 0 1 1 20 16 4 59 45 258 240 18 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	33 6 22 13 9 315 289 26 42 33 9 126 121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
54 45 45 46 48 473 215 209 116 93 12 19 178 41 19 1672 1,502 170 5 3 2 2 300	29 21 8 17 7 10 2 1 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3	2 0 10 6 4 11 7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	1 0 50 46 4 1 1 0 1 1 20 16 4 104 599 45 258 240 18 0	1 0 2 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 49 25 24 3 3 0 0	13 9 315 289 26 42 33 9 126 121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
5 473 215 209 3 116 93 2 199 178 41 5,495 2 2,412 3,083 7 1,672 1,502 170 5 3 2 2	21 8 17 7 10 2 1 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3	6 4 111 7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	100 11 20 16 4 104 59 45 258 240 18	1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 49 25 24 3 3 0	289 26 42 33 9 126 121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
116 93 219 178 41 5,495 2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 170 5 3 2	7 10 2 1 1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3	7 4 6 5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	0 1 20 16 4 104 59 45 258 240 18	0 0 1 1 0 49 25 24 3 3	33 9 126 121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
178 41 5,495 2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 170 5 3 2	1 1 468 177 291 29 26 3 1 1 0	5 1 207 87 120 68 65 3	16 4 104 59 45 258 240 18	1 0 49 25 24 3 3 0	121 5 586 357 229 1,777 1,710 67
2,412 3,083 1,672 1,502 1,70 5 3 2 300	177 291 29 26 3 1 1	87 120 68 65 3	59 45 258 240 18	25 24 3 3 0	357 229 1,777 1,710 67
5 1,502 170 5 3 2 2	26 3 1 1 0	65 3 0	240 18 0	3 0 0	1,710 67
3 2 300	1 0	o			5
1			0	0	5
183	16 7 9	42 11 31	4 2 2	· 0	79 47 32
932 406 526	33 8 25	17 10 7	40 23 17	3 1 2	188 116 72
225 49 176	23 2 21	6 1 5	6 1 5	0 0 0	37 12 25
71 42 29	3 1 2	19 12 7	0 0 0	0	27 24 3
405	28 6 22	26 17 9	21 5 16	6 3 3	150 79 71
11	2 0 2	1 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 3 1
13	1 0 1	0 0 0	2 2 0	1 1 0	10 3 7
1,703	53 30 23	59 36 23	149 83 66	5 4 1	527 367 160
285	9 8 1	9 7	37 24	1 1 0	318 273 45
5 945 798 734 38	950 405 5 545 9 22 11 5 11 7 43 13 9 30 7 2,624 1,703 921 3 349	950 28 6 6 545 22 2 4 11 0 5 11 2 2 7 43 1 1 9 13 0 1 1 7 2,624 53 1,703 30 4 921 23 8 8 285 8 8	1 950 28 26 405 6 17 5 545 22 9 9 22 2 1 4 11 0 0 5 11 2 1 7 43 1 0 9 13 0 0 8 30 1 0 7 2,624 53 59 3 1,703 30 36 4 921 23 23 3 349 9 9 9 8 285 8 7	1 950 28 26 21 55 545 22 9 16 22 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 950 28 26 21 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 7 5 9 149 5 7 1,703 30 36 83 4 921 23 23 66 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 3 2 3 66 1 1 3 3 4 9 9 9 9 37 1 1 3 8 285 8 7 24 1 1

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Table 219.—Doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986–87—Continued

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Men	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Women	0	0	0	0	0	0	ď
Multi/interdisciplinary studies, total	276	215	2	8	4	1	46
Men	174	127	1	5	2	Ó	39
Women	102	88	1	3	2	1	7
Perks and recreation, total	33	28	2	0	o	0	3
Met	20	17	ō	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	3
Wernen	13	11	2	ñ	ŏ	ŏ	Ö
Philosophy and religion, total	420	346	7	5	ا و	0	53
Men	329	266	6	5	6	ŏ	46
Women	91	80	1	Ō	3	ŏ	7
thysical sciences, total	3,671	2,441	26	60 i	166	3	975
Men	3,038	1,985	22	43	129	3	856
Women	633	456	4	17	37	ō,	119
Protective services, total	19	15	o	0	3	o	1
Men	16	14	o l	o l	2	ŏl	ò
Women	3	1	0	o	1	ŏ	1
sychology, total	3,056	2,725	97	71	51	16	96
Men	1,427	1,289	35	23	22	6	52
Women	1,629	1,436	62	48	~3	10	44
rublic affairs, total	397	292	34	18	0 i	2	45
Men	215	146	16	16	2	2	33
Women	182	146	18	2	4	ō	12
ioc *, sciences, total	2.915	2.051	95	68	77	4	620
Men	2.026	1,328	57	50	59	2	530
Women	889	723	38	18	18	2	90
heology, total	1,230	1,630	39	11	37	2	101
Men	1,103	931	34	11	36	2	89
Women	127	109	5	Ö	1	ő	12
isual and performing arts, total	791	684	12	71	18	2	64
Men	447	387	3	8	6	6	43
Women	344	297	9.	3	12	2	21

¹ This tatiulation excludes 40 men and 47 women whose racial/ethnic group could not be imputed. Because of imputation methods, field of study totals by race/ethnicity may differ slightly from field of study totals by sex of student. Data are preliminary.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education $S_n \cong \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$ integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" surv." table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 220.—First-professional degrees conterred by institutions of higher education, by racial/ethnic group, major field of study, and sex of student: 1986–87

Major field of study and sex of student	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Nonresident alien
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All fields, total 1	71,617	62,688	3,420	2,051	2,270	304	884
Men	46,522	41,149	1,835	1,303	1,420	183	632
Women	25, 09 5	21,539	1, 58 5	748	850	121	252
Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.), total	4,739	3,856	262	169	319	13	120
Men	3,602	3,006	169	120	218	11	78
Women	1,137	850	93	49	101	2	42
Medicine (M.D.), total	15.429	13,137	786	484	805	66	151
Men	10,431	9.003	437	319	534	36	102
Women	4,998	4,134	349	165	271	30	49
Optometry (O.D.), total	1.082	943	18	29	74	4	14
Men	697	625	8	20	33	3	8
Women	385	318	10	9	41	1	6
Osteopathic medicine (D.O.), total	1,618	1,498	26	25	45	13	11
Men	1,206	1,132	7	17	31	10	9
Women	412	366	19	8	14	3	2
Phermacy (D.Pher.), total	861	531	112	42	110	6	60
Men	351	236	37	16	27	6	29
Women	510	295	75	26	83	Ö	31
Podiatry (Pod.D. or D.P.) or podiatric medicine (D.P.M.).							
total	591	521	33	11	12	2	12
Men	468	423	18	8	8	2	9
Women	123	98	15	3	4	ō	3
Veterinary medicine (D.V.M.), total	2,230	2.052	29	90	24	31	4
Men	1.150	1,035	12	73	11	16	3
Women	1,080	1,017	17	17	13	15	1
Chiropractic medicine (D.C. or D C M.), total	2,493	2.298	26	39	30	4	96
Men	1.864	1,723	16	28	25	3	69
Women	629	575	10	11	5	1	27
Law, general (LL.B. or J.D.), total	36.056	32 242	1.735	1.054	694	152	179
Men	21,561	19,528	822	610	393	84	124
Women	14,495	12,714	J13	444	301	68	55
Theological professions, general (B.D., M.Div., Rabbi),			ŀ				
total	6,518	5,610	393	108	157	13	237
Men	5,192	4,438	309	92	140	12	201
Women	1,326	1,172	84	16	17	1	38

⁹ This tabulation excludes 938 men and 195 women whose racial/ethnic group could not be imputed. Because of imoutation methods, field of study totals by race/ethnicity may differ slightly from field of study by sex. Data are preliminary.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 221.—Earned degrees in sgriculture and natural resources¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by ievel of degree and sex of student: 1970–71 to 1986–87

Year	Bas	helor's degree	es	Ma	ster's degrees	3	Do	ctor's degrees	1
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970-71	12,672	12,136	536	2,457	2,313	144	1,086	1,055	3
971-72	13,516	12,779	737	2,680	2,490	190	971	945	2
72-73	14,756	13,661	1,095	2,807	2,588	219	1,059	1,031	21
73-74	16,253	14,684	1,569	2,926	2,640	288	930	897	3:
974-75	17,528	15,061	2.467	3,067	2,703	364	991	958	3:
75–76	19,402	15,845	3,557	3,340	2,862	478	000		_
76–77	21,467	16,690	4,777	3,724	3,177		928	867	6
77-78	22,650	17,069	5,581	4,023	3,268	547	893	831	6
78-79	23,134	16,854	6,280	3,994	3,187	755	971	909	62
79-80	22,802	16,045	6,757	3,976	3,082	807 894	950 991	877 879	73 112
80-81	21,886	15,154	6,732	4,003	3,061				
81-82	21,029	14,443	6,586	4,163		942	1,067	940	127
82-83	20,909	14,085	6,824	4,254	3,114	1,049	1,079	925	154
83-84	19,317	13,206	6,111		3,129	1,125	1,149	1,004	145
84-85	18,107	12,477		4,178	2,989	1,189	1,172	1,001	171
	10,107	12,4//	5,630	3,928	2,846	1,082	1,213	1,036	177
85-86	16,823	11,544	5,279	3,801	2,701	1,100	1,158	966	192
86–87 ²	14,991	10,314	4,677	3 523	2,461	1,062	1,049	871	192

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ includes degrees in agribusiness and agricultural production, agricultural sciences, and renewable natural resources

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared June 1989.)



² Preliminary data.

Table 222.—Earned degrees in architecture and environmental design1 conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1949-50 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	heior's degree	s	Ma	ster's degrees	}	Do	ctor s degrees	3
764	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	₩ этеп	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1C
1949-50	2,563	2,441	122	166	159	7	1	1	
1951-52	2,210	2,098	112	240	230	10	_ [_	_
1953–54	1,623	1,531	92	158	147	11	3	1	
1955-56	1,443	1,373	70	199	182	17	2	2	
1957-58	1,612	1,536	76	231	216	15	5	5	-
1959–60	1,801	1,744	57	319	305	14	17	17	_
1961–62	1,774	1,719	55	31 1	296	15	1	1	_
1963–64	2,059	1,981	78	383	366	17	3	3	_
1965–66	2,663	2,561	102	702	661	41	12	11	1
1967-68	3,057	2,931	126	1,021	953	68	15	15	_
1969–70	4,105	3,888	217	1,427	1,260	167	35	33	2
1970-71	5,570	4.906	664	1,705	1,469	236	36	33	3
1971-72	6,440	5,667	773	1,899	1,626	273	50	43	7
1972-73	6,962	6,042	920	2,307	1,943	364	58	54	
1973-74	7,822	6,695	1,157	2,702	2,208	494	69	65	4
1974-75	8,226	6,791	1,435	2,938	2,343	595	69	58	11
1975-76	9,145	7,396	1,750	3.215	2,545	670	62	69	13
1978–77	9,222	7,249	1,973	3,213	2,489	724	73	62	11
977-78	9,250	7,054	2,196	3,115	2,304	811	73	57	16
1978–79	9,273	6,876	2,397	3,113	2,226	887	96	74	22
979-80	9,132	6,596	2,536	3,139	2,245	894	79	66	13
960-81	9,455	6,800	2,655	3,153	2.234	919	93	73	20
961-82	9,728	6.825	2,903	3,327	2,242	1.085	80	58	22
962-83	9,823	6,403	3.420	3,357	2,224	1,133	97	74	23
963-84	9,186	5,895	3,291	3,223	2,197	1,026	84	62	22
984-85	9,325	6,019	3,306	3,275	2,148	1,127	89	66	23
965-86	9,119	5,824	3,295	3,260	2,129	1,131	73	56	17
986-87 ²	8,922	5,590	3,332	3,142	2,073	1,069	92	66	26

¹ Prior to 1965-66, includes degrees in architecture. From 1965-66, includes degrees 1 Prior to 1900-90, includes degrees in architecture From 1900-90, includes degrees in environmental design, general, architecture, intener design, landscape architecture, urban architecture, city, community, and regional planning, and other architecture and environmental design

2 Preliminary data

NOTE -Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Confered" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May



⁻⁻ Data not reported

Table 223.—Earned degr :es in business and management conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1955-56 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	s	Ma	ster's degrees	3	Do	ctor's degrees	3
1000	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1955-56	42,813	38,706	4,107	3,280	3,118	162	129	127	
1957–58	51,991	48,063	3,928	4,223	4,072	151	110	105	
1959–60	52,110	48,265	3,845	4,814	4,845	169	138	136	
1961-62	52,139	48,236	3,903	5,401	5,221	180	232	227	
1963-64	59,198	54,692	4,506	6,513	8,310	203	281	274	:
1965-66	63,639	58,376	5,263	13,142	12,806	338	402	385	17
1967-68	80, (38	73,147	6,991	18,048	17,431	617	456	442	14
1 969-7 0	105,580	96,346	9,234	21,561	20,792	769	820	610	10
1970-71	114,865	104,404	10,461	26.481	25,443	1,038	807	784	23
1971-72	121,360	109,776	11,584	30,367	29,166	1,201	896	878	20
972-73	126,263	112,897	13,366	31.007	29,481	1,526	923	871	52
973-74	131,766	114,850	16,916	32,644	30,491	2,153	981	931	50
974-75	133,010	111,411	21,599	36,247	33,185	3.062	1,009	968	41
975-78	142,379	114,267	28,112	42.512	37,559	4,953	953	901	52
976–77	150,964	115,526	35,438	46,420	39,766	€,054	863	809	54
977-78	160,187	116,579	43,608	48.326	40,150	8,176	866	794	72
978-79	171,784	119,227	52,537	50.372	40,701	9,671	860	760	100
979-80	185,361	122.897	62,484	55.006	42,722	12,284	792	677	115
980-81	199,338	125,798	73,543	57,898	43,394	14,504	642	717	125
981-82	214,001	129,668	84,333	61,299	44,243	17,056	855	704	151
982-83	226,893	131,716	95,175	65,319	46,4	18,862	809	873	136
983-84	230,031	129,909	100,122	66,653	46,56L	20,088	977	775	202
984-85	233,351	128,032	105,319	67,527	46,624	20,903	866	718	148
985-86	238,160	129,271	108,889	67,137	46,283	20,849	969	759	210
986-87 1	241,156	128,958	112,198	67,496	45,211	22,285	1,098	339	259

¹ Preliminary data.

NOTE —Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postage Indiany Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989)

Table 224.—Earned degrees in communications¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 to 1986-87

Year	Bachelor's degrees			Master's degrees 🔩			Doctor's degrees		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970-71	10,802	6,989	3,813	1,856	1,214	642	145	126	1
971-72	12,340	7,984	4,376	2,200	1,443	757	111	96	1
972-73	14,317	9,074	5,240	2,406	1,546	860	139	114	2
973-74	17,096	10,536	6,560	2,840	1,668	972	175	146	2
974-75	19,248	11,455	7,793	≥,/94	1,618	1,176	165	119	4
975-78	21,282	12,458	8.824	3,126	1,818	1,308	204	154	
976-77	23,214	12,932	10,282	3,091	1,719	1,372	171	130	5
977-78	25,400	13,480	11,920	3,296	1,673	1,623	191	138	4
978-79	26,457	13,266	13,191	2,882	1,483	1,399	192	138	5
979-80	28,616	13,656	14,960	3,082	1,527	1,555	193	121	5 7
980-81	31,282	14,179	17,103	3,105	1,448	1,657	100	107	_
981-82	34,222	14,917	19,305	3,327	1,578	1,749	182	107	7
982-83	38,602	16,185	22,417	3,604	1,661		200	136	6
983-84	40,165	16,647	23.518	3,656	1,600	1,943	214	128	8
984-85	42,083	17,238	24,845	3,669	1,576	2,056 2,093	219 234	131 143	88 91
985-86	43,091	17,647	25,444	3.823	1,610	2,213	223	116	10
986-87 2	45,408	18,155	27.253	3.937	1,606	2,331	275	158	11

¹ includes degrees in communications, general, journalism, radio-television, advertis-

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics,
"Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (Th's table was prepared May 1989)



ing. communications media, and other communications

2 Preliminary data.

Table 225.—Earned degrees in computer and information sciences¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 to 1986-87

Year	Bachelor's degrees			Master's degrees			Doctor's degrees		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	ε	6	7	8	9	10
970-71	2,388	2,064	324	1,588	1,424	164	128	125	
971-72	3,402	2,941	461	1,977	1,752	225	167	155	1:
972-73	4,304	3,664	640	2,113	1,888	225	196	181	1:
973-74	4,756	3,976	780	2,276	1,983	293	198	189	
974-75	5,033	4,080	953	2,299	1,961	338	213	199	14
975-76	5,652	4,534	1,118	2,603	2,226	377	244	221	2:
976-77	6,407	4,876	1,531	2,798	2,332	466	216	197	19
977-78	7,201	5,349	1,852	3,038	2,471	567	196	181	18
978-79	8,719	6,272	2.0 /	3,055	2,480	575	236	206	30
979-80	11,154	7,782	3,372	3,647	2,883	764	240	213	2
980-81	15,121	10,202	4,919	4,218	3,247	971	252	227	25
981-82	20,267	13,218	7,049	4,935	3,625	1,310	251	230	2
982-83	24,510	15,606	8,904	5,321	3,813	1,508	262	228	34
983-84	32,172	20,246	11,926	6,190	4,379	1,811	251	225	20
984-85	38,878	24,579	14,299	7,101	5,064	2,037	248	223	25
985-86	41,889	26,923	14,966	8,070	5,658	2,412	344	299	45
986-87 2	39,664	25,929	13,735	8,491	5,995	2,496	374	322	52

¹ Includes degrees in computer and information sciences, general, information sciences and systems, data processing, computer programming, systems analysis, and other information sciences

SOURCE, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared May 1989.)



² Preliminary data.

Table 226.—Earned degrees in education conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1949–50 to 1986–87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	98	Ma	ster's degrees	, ,	Do	ctor's degrees	3
- Total	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10
1949-50	81,472	31,398	30,074	20,069	12,025	8,044	953	797	150
1951-52	62,875	24,538	38,137	26,382	15,194	11,188	1,146	954	19:
1953-54	56.275	18,754	39,521	27,785	15,423	12.3f 2	1,498	1,237	26
1955-56	89,926	19,682	50,244	30,127	16,002	14,125	1.583	1,301	28
1957 -58	82,274	25,423	56,851	31,112	16,479	14,633	1,638	1,297	34
1959-60	89,421	25,838	63,583	33,512	18,126	15,386	1,590	1,281	306
1961-62	96,954	26,015	70,939	35,932	19,838	16.C94	1,900	1,537	363
1963-64	112,209	26.654	85,555	40,895	21.864	18.831	2.348	1,892	456
1965-66	117,185	28,819	88,366	50,430	25,818	24,814	3,063	2,461	602
1967-68	134,905	32,492	102,413	63,503	30,798	32,705	4,079	3,249	830
1969-70	165,453	41,347	124,106	79,349	35,451	43,898	5,894	4,898	1,196
1970-71	178,814	45,094	131,520	88,952	38,977	49,975	8,403	5,045	
1971-72	191,220	49,537	141,683	98,143	41.818	56.327	7,044	5,384	1,358 1,660
1972-73	194,229	51,441	142,768	105,565	44,128	81,437	7,318	5,504	
1973-74	185,225	49,160	138,065	112,610	45,124	67,486	7,293	5,318	1,814 1,977
1974-75	187,015	44.557	122,458	120,169	45,421	74,748	7.446	5,147	0.000
1975-78	154.807	42,070	112,737	128,417	45,796	82,621	7,778	5,147	2,299
197 6 -77	143,722	39.941	103,781	126,825	43,288	83,537	7,963	5,179	2,599
1977-78	136,141	37,484	98,657	119.038	38,413	80,825	7,595	4.634	2,774
1978-79	126,109	33,819	92,290	111,995	35,143	78,852	7,738	4,472	2,961 3,264
979-80	118,189	922.ناد	87,247	103.951	31,020	72,93	7,941	4,419	0.500
980-81	108,309	27, 78	81,233	98.938	28.256	70,682			3,522
981-82	101,113	24,402	76,711	93,757	25,953	67,804	7,900	4,164	3,738
982-83	97.991	23,870	74,321	84,853	23,232		7.680	3,950	3,730
963-84	92.382	22,215	70,167	• •		61,821	7,551	3,764	3,787
		22,213	70,107	11,107	21,581	55,606	7,473	3,703	3,770
984-85	88,181	21,264	66,897	76,137	20,945	55,192	7,151	3,419	3,732
985-86	87,221	20,986	66,235	76,353	20,719	55,634	7,110	3,315	3,795
986-87 1	87,115	20,770	66,345	75,501	19,642	55,859	8,909	3,117	3,792

¹ Preliminary data.

NOTE.—Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over tim in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-

level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Table 227.—Earned degrees in engineering¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1949-50 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	8	Ma	ster's degrees	1	Do	ctor's degrees	3
104	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1949-50	52,248	52,071	175	4,496	4,481	15	417	416	
951-52	30,472	30,412	60	4,091	4,073	18	529	526	
953-54	22,227	22,162	65	4,204	4.189	15	594	594	-
955-56	26,219	26,143	76	4,724	4,705	19	610	610	_
957-58	35,191	35 ,08 2	109	5,788	5,768	20	647	643	
959-60	37,679	37,537	142	7,159	7,133	26	786	783	
961-62	34,551	34,430	121	8,909	8.869	40	1,207	1,203	
963-64	35,013	34,862	151	10,827	10,793	34	1,693	1,686	
965-86	35,615	35,472	143	13,675	13,599	76	2,304	2,295	!
967-68	37, 368	37,159	209	15,182	15,083	99	2,932	2,920	1
969-70	44,479	44,149	330	15,593	15,421	172	3.681	3,657	2
970-71	50,045	49,646	400	16.443	16,258	185	3,638	3,615	2
971-72	51,134	50,638	526	16,960	16,688	272	3,671	3.649	2:
972-73	51,265	50,652	613	16,619	16,341	278	3,492	3,438	5
973-74	5J,286	49,490	796	15,379	15,023	356	3,312	3,257	5
974-75	48,852	45,838	1,014	15,348	14.973	375	3,108	3,042	6
975–76	48,331	44,871	1,460	16,342	15,760	582	2,821	2,755	6
976–77	49,283	47,065	2,218	16,245	15,525	720	2,586	2,513	7:
977-7&	55,654	51,945	3,709	16,398	15,533	865	2,440	2,383	5
978–79	62,375	57,201	5,174	15,495	14,544	951	2,506	2,423	8
979–80	68,893	62,488	6.405	16.243	15,101	1,142	2,507	2,412	9:
980-81	75,000	67,301	7,699	16,709	15,347	1.362	2,561	2,457	104
981-52	80,005	70,899	9,106	17,939	16,311	1,628	2,636	2,496	140
982-83	89,270	78,316	10,954	19,350	17,553	1,797	2,831	2,706	129
983-84	94,444	82,309	12,135	20,661	18,504	2,157	2,981	2,816	16
964-85	96,105	83,453	12,652	21,557	19,249	2,308	3,230	3,022	206
985-86	95,953	83,372	12,581	21,661	19,168	2,493	3,410	3,181	229
986-87 2	93.074	ov.347	12.727	22.693	19,841	2.852	3.820	3,557	263

¹ Includes degrees in engineering and engineering technologies ² Preliminary data.
—Data not reported.

NOTE.—Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-

level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989)



Table 228.—Earned degrees in chemical, civil, and electrical engineering conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree: 1970-71 to 1986-87

Year	Che	mical engineer	ing	Ci	vII engineering	1	Elec	tncal engineer	ing .
	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10
970-71	3,579	1,100	406	8,526	2,425	446	12,198	4 282	
971-72	3,825	1,154	394	6,803	2,487	415			87
972-73	3,578	1,051	397	7,390	2,627		12,101	4,206	82
973-74	3,399	1,044	400	8,017		397	12,313	3,895	79
974-75	3,070	990	346		2,652	368	11,316	3,499	70
	0,070	350	340	7,651	2,789	356	10,181	3,469	70
975-78	3,140	1,031	308	7,923	0.000				
976-77	3,524	1,086	291		2,999	370	9,791	3,774	64
977-78	4,569			8,228	2,964	309	9,936	3,788	56
		1,235	259	9,135	2,685	277	11,133	3,740	50
978-79	5,568	1,149	304	9,809	2,646	253	12,338	3,591	58
979–80	6,320	1,270	264	10,328	2,683	270	13,821	3,836	52
80-81	8,527	1,267	300	10,878	2,891	325	14 000		
96182	6,740	1,285	311	10,524	2,995		14,938	3,901	53
982-83	7,185	1,368	319	9,989		329	18,455	4,462	52
83-84	7,475	1,514	330		3,074	340	18,049	4,531	550
084-85	7,146	1,544		9,693	3,146	369	19,943	5,078	58
	7.140	1,044	418	9,162	3,172	377	21,891	5,153	660
085-86	5,877	1,361	446	8,679	2,926	205	20.740		
986-87 ²	4,983	1,164	497	8,147		395	23,742	5,534	722
	7,000	.,104	497	0,14/	2,901	451	24,563	6,234	726

¹ From 1970-71 to 1981-82 includes "construction and transportation engineering" ² Pretiminary data.

NOTE.—Degrees in engineering technologies are not included in this tabulation

SOURCE U.S Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 229.—Earned degrees in English and literature¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1949-50 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	15	MaMa	ster's degrees	ı	Do	ctor's degrees	;
1981	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
949-50	17,240	8,221	9,019	2,259	1,320	939	230	181	4
951-52	14,058	5,798	8,260	1,922	1,043	879	284	237	4
953-54	12,545	4,726	7,819	1,674	862	812	356	290	6
955–56	14,385	5,526	8,859	1,892	969	923	382	323	5
957-58	16,631	6,733	9,898	2,319	1,207	1,112	333	280	5
959-60	20,128	7,580	12,548	2,931	1,458	1,473	397	314	8
961-62	24,334	8,531	15,803	3,514	1,702	1,812	486	390	9
963-64	32,614	10,943	21,671	4,443	2.015	2,428	556	441	11
265–66	39,015	13,196	25,819	6,265	2,854	3,411	699	540	15
967-68	47,977	15,700	32,277	7,916	3,434	4,482	977	717	26
969-70	56,400	18,644	37.756	8,480	3,309	5,171	1,205	832	37
970-71	57,026	19,000	38,026	8,935	3,485	5,450	1,441	1.021	42
71-72	55,991	19,169	38,822	8,714	3,356	5,358	1,591	1,056	53
172-73	52,478	18,544	33,934	8,151	3,203	4.948	1,631	1,040	59
973-74	47,343	17,091	30,252	7 906	3,192	4,714	1,616	1,006	61
974-75	40,297	14,727	25,570	7,620	2,932	4,688	1,507	884	62
975–76	35,432	13,252	22,180	7,217	2,775	4.442	1,511	856	65
976-77	31,996	11,816	20,180	6,513	2,436	4,077	1,318	718	60
977-78	29,732	10,837	18,895	6,351	2,292	4,059	1,265	670	59
976–79	27,720	9,776	17,944	5,522	2,015	3,507	1,137	600	53
?79-80	26,638	9.032	17,606	5.122	1.857	3,265	1,131	594	53
980-81	26,006	8.788	17,218	4,948	1,793	3,155	1,047	494	55
981-82	26,152	8,692	17,460	4,809	1,698	3,111	974	455	51
182 -83	25,632	8,550	17.082	4,350	1,538	2.812	890	416	47
983-84	26,419	8,723	17,696	4,403	1,566	2,837	F 1	421	52
984-85	26,536	8.862	17,674	4,571	1,590	2.\$81	943	426	51
85-86	27,360	9,150	18,210	4,923	1,740	3,183	937	405	53:
986-87 ²	28,822	9,576	19,246	4,876	1,743	3,133	896	387	50

¹ Includes degrees conferred in general English, English literature, comparative litera-ture, classics, creative writing, composition, American literature, and technical and business writing

2 Preliminary data.

NOTE —Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above

with bachelor's degrees; any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia.

SOURCE, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1990.)



Table 230.—Earned degrees in modern foreign languages conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1949-50 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	es .	Ma	ster's degrees	3	Do	ctor's degrees	3
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
949-50	4,477	1,746	2,731	919	456	463	188	135	3
951-52	3,887	1,220	2,467	791	443	348	203	161	
953-54	3,204	1,071	2,133	882	366	316	184	144	
955-56	3,290	1,064	2,226	667	324	343	196	157	
957-58	3,752	1,332	2,420	691	355	336	149	102	4
959-60	4,527	1,548	2,979	832	392	440	150	100	
961-62	6,823	2,141	4.882	1,235	566	669			5
963-64	10,898	2,970	7.928	1.844	802	1,042	182	127	5
965-66	13,576	3,672	9,904	2,900	1,191		266	190	7
967-68	17,499	4,450	13,049	3,911	1,555	1,709 2,356	345 491	239 336	10 15
969-70	19,457	4.921	14,536	4.154	4 470		i	- 1	
970-71	19.057	4.734	14,323		1,476	2,678	590	369	22
971-72	18,140	4,446		4,410	1,494	2,916	704	425	27
972-73	18,234	4,348	13,694	4,278	1,450	2,828	754	487	28
973-74	18,256	4,346	13,886	3,994	1,407	2,587	891	521	37
i	16,230	4,2/9	13,977	3,795	1,254	2,541	876	488	38
974-75	17,118	3,914	13,204	3,674	1,180	2,494	829	442	38
975–76	15,081	3,496	11,585	3,365	1,100	2,265	831	429	
976-77	13,630	3,226	10,404	2,992	890	2,102	733		40
77-78	12,449	2,938	9,511	2,658	771	1,887		352	38
978-79	11,533	2,706	8,827	2,342	887	1,655	636 627	290 288	34 33
979-80	10,816	~,593	8,233	2,160	631	4 500		212	
980-81	10.052	2,402	7,650	2,023	659	1,529	524	218	30
981-82	9,577	2,279	7,298	1,917		1,364	561	262	29
82-83	9,335	2,343	6,992	1,605	573	1,344	502	224	27
83-84	9.158	2,400	6,758		533	1,072	454	185	26
	3,130	2,400	0,756	1,641	513	1,128	429	191	23
84-85	9,684	2,533	7,151	1,613	505	1,108	389	158	23
85-86	9,810	2,986	7,124	1,656	482	1,174	427	174	25 25
986-87 ²	9,847	2,656	7.191	1,694	492	1,202	406	165	24

¹ Includes degrees conferred in a single language or a combination of modern foreign languages. Excludes degrees in ling justics, Latin, classical Greek, and "other" foreign languages
² Preliminary data.

NOTE —Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above

with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared May 19891



Table 231.—Earned degrees in French, German, and Spanish conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree: 1949-50 to 1986-87

V		French			German			Spanish	
Year	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1949–50	1,471	299	53	540	121	40	2,122	373	3-
1951-52	1,380	267	50	415	121	56	1,562	281	4:
1953-54	1,269	234	57	327	86	48	1,192	197	39
1955-56	1,388	207	53	364	78	33	1,292	235	33
1957-58	1,548	252	37	488	83	34	1,431	254	3-
1959-60	1,927	316	58	659	126	21	1,810	261	3
1961–62	2,926	452	53	1,075	212	44	2,275	333	34
963-64	4,775	590	76	1,591	344	75	3.695	557	47
196566	5,583	1,054	80	2,061	514	93	4,816	858	80
1967–68	7,068	1,301	152	2,368	771	117	6,381	1,188	123
1969–70.,	7,624	1,409	181	2,652	669	118	7,226	1,372	139
1970-71	7,306	1,437	192	2,601	690	144	7.068	1,456	160
971-72	6.822	1,421	193	2,477	608	167	8,847	1,421	15
1972-73	6.705	1,277	203	2,520	598	176	7,209	1,298	200
973–74	6,263	1,195	213	2,425	550	149	7,250	1,217	203
974-75	5,745	1,077	200	2,289	480	147	3,719	1,228	202
1975–76	4,783	914	190	1,983	471	164	5.984	1.080	178
1976-77	4,228	875	177	1,820	394	126	5,359	930	153
977-78	3,708	692	155	1,647	357	101	4,832	822	113
978-79	3,558	576	143	1,524	344	106	4,563	720	118
979-80	3,285	513	128	1,466	309	94	4.331	685	103
980-81	3,178	460	115	1,286	294	79	3,870	592	13
981-82	3,054	485	92	1,327	324	76	3,833	568	140
982-83	2,871	360	106	1,367	281	68	3.349	506	129
983–84	2,876	418	86	1,292	241	63	3,254	537	102
984-85	2,991	385	74	1,411	240	58	3.415	505	115
985-86	3.015	409	86	1,396	249	73	3,385	521	9:
986-87 1	3.057	421	85	1,363	234	70	3,445	504	104

¹ Preliminary data.

NOTE —Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent senes of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professioner" are invituded above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or

"second-level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, 'Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred' surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Table 232.—Earned degrees in the health professions¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970–71 to 1986–87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	98	Ma	ster's degrees	•	Do	ctor's degrees	3
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970-71	25,190	5,764	19,426	5,445	2,401	3,044	450		
971-72	28,570	6,990	21,580	6,875	2,987		459	384	7:
97.?-73	33,523	7,744	25,779	7,879		3,888	425	351	74
973-74	41,394	9,365	32,029		3,304	4,575	643	483	160
974-75	48,858	10,855		9,090	3,533	5,557	568	439	121
	40,000	10,855	38,003	9,9C1	3,710	6,191	609	437	172
975–76	53,813	11,412	42,401	44.005					
976–77	57,122	11,887		11,885	3,955	7,930	577	411	166
977-78	59,168		45,235	12,323	3,910	8,413	538	366	172
79_70		11,548	47,620	13,619	3,990	9,629	638	393	24
978-79	61,819	11,161	50,658	14,781	4,223	10,5 58	705	447	256
97 9–8 0	63,607	11,336	52,271	15,068	4,131	10,937	771	424	347
960-61	63,348	10,464	52,884	16,004	4,151	11.050			
981-82	63,385	10,064	53,321	15,942		11,653	827	469	358
962-63	64,614	10,204	54,410		3,843	12,099	910	499	411
983-84	64,338	10,079		17,068	4,232	12,836	1,155	649	506
984-85	64.513		54,259	17,443	4,269	13,174	1,163	573	590
	04,313	9,786	54,727	17,383	4,135	13,248	1,199	565	634
985-86	64,535	9,683	54.052	10.004				1	
986-87 ²	63,206		54,852	18,624	4,460	14,164	1,241	604	637
	03,200	9,177	54,029	18,426	3,887	14,539	1,213	564	649

¹ Includes degrees in health professions, general, hospital and health care administration; nursing, dental specialties, medical specialties; occupational therapy; optometry; pharmacy; physical therapy; dental hygiene; pu. ¹ic health; medical record librarianship; podiatry or podiatric medicine, blomedical communication, veterinary medicine specialties; speech pathology and audiology; chiropractic, medical laboratory technologies, dental technologies; radiologic technologies; and other health professions. Excludes first-professional degrees that require at least 6 years for completion (including at least 2

years of preprofessional training) in dentistry, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry or podiatric medicine, veterinary medicine, and chiropractic ² Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Table 233.—Earned degrees in the life sciences 1 conferred by Institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1951-52 to 1986-87

	Bac	helor's degree	8	Ma	ster's degrees	·	Do	ctor's degraes	
Year	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
951-52	11.094	8,212	2,882	2,307	1,908	399	764	680	8
953-54	9,279	6,710	2,569	1,610	1,287	323	1,077	977	10
955-56	12,423	9,515	2,908	1,759	1,379	380	1,025	908	11
957-58	14,308	11,159	3,149	1,852	1,448	404	1,125	987	13
959-60	15,576	11,654	3,922	2,154	1,668	486	1,205	1,086	11
961-62	16,915	12,136	4,779	2,642	1,982	660	1,338	1,179	15
963-64	22,723	16,321	6,402	3,296	2,348	948	1,625	1,432	19
965-66	26,916	19,368	7,548	4,232	3,085	1,147	2,097	1,792	30
967-68	31,826	22,986	8,840	5,506	3,959	1,547	2,784	2,345	43
969-70	37,389	27,004	10,385	5,800	3,975	1,825	3,289	2,820	46
970-71	35,743	25,333	10,410	5,728	3,805	1,923	3,645	3,050	59
971-72	37.293	26,323	10,970	6,101	4,087	2,014	3,653	3,031	62
972-73	42,233	29,636	12,597	6,263	4,354	1,909	2,636	2,926	71
973-74	48,340	33,245	15,095	6,552	4,555	1,997	3,439	2,740	69
974-75	51,741	\$4,612	17,129	6,550	4.587	1,963	3,384	2,841	74
975–76	54.275	35,520	18,755	6,582	4,497	2,085	3,392	2 663	72
976-77	53.605	34,218	19,387	7,114	4,718	2,396	3,397	2.671	72
977-78	51,502	31,705	19,797	6.806	4.400	2,406	3,309	2.511	79
978-79	48.846	29,191	19,655	6,831	4,265	2,566	3,542	2,636	90
979-80	46,370	26,828	19,542	6,510	4,098	2,412	3,636	2,690	94
980-81	43.216	24,149	19.067	5.978	3.654	2,324	3,718	2,666	1,05
981-82	41,639	22,754	18,885	5,874	3,426	2,448	3,743	2,654	1,08
982-83	39.982	21,564	18,418	5,696	3,214	2,482	3,341	2,266	1,07
983-84	38,840	20,558	18,082	5,406	2,996	2,410	3,437	2,381	1.05
984-85	38,445	20,064	18,381	5,059	2,847	2,412	3,432	2,307	1,12
985-86	38.524	19,993	18,531	5,013	2,616	2,397	3,358	2,229	1,12
986–87 ².,	38,114	19,641	18,473	4,954	2,539	2,415	3,423	2,226	1,19

^{*}Includes degrees in anatomy, bacterology, biochemistry, biology, botany, entomology, physiology, zoology, and other biological sciences

2 Preliminary data

NOTE -Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and re-ported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "secondlevel" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conterred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions' survey (This table was prepared May 1989 1

Table 234.—Earned degrees in biology, zoology, and microbiology conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree: 1970-71 to 1986-87

	В	iology, general			Zoology ¹			Microbiology_	
Year	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970-71	26,294	2,665	536	5,768	1,255	1,235	1,122	382	32
971 -72	27,473	2,943	580	5,570	1,260	1,228	1,263	416	32
972-73	31,185	2,959	627	5,808	1,263	1,113	1,567	454	31
973-74	36,188	3,186	657	6,238	1,347	1,012	1,907	448	34
974-75	38,748	3,109	637	6,224	1,339	1,047	2,394	490	32
975–76	40,163	3,177	624	6,214	,,268	1,030	2,485	529	33
976-77	39,530	3,322	608	5,716	1,311	1,056	2,492	581	30
977-78	37,598	3,094	664	5.236	1,296	978	2,355	530	33
978-79	35,962	3,093	663	5,008	1,277	1,050	2,342	512	36
97 9-8 0	33,523	2,911	718	4,447	1,202	1,079	2,347	545	34
980-81	31,323	2,598	734	4,020	1,198	1,076	2,227	438	35
981-82	29,651	2,579	678	3,770	1,135	1,059	2,215	430	33
982-83	28,022	2,354	521	3,578	1,005	911	2,141	406	31
983-84	27,379	2,313	617	3,440	960	928	2,214	413	35
984-85,	27,593	2,130	658	3,287	895	903	2,091	378	29
985-86	27,618	2,173	574	3,139	829	930	2,184	342	32
986-872		2,022	537	3,032	833	896	2,057	360	32

¹Zoology includes general zoology, entomology, genetics, pathology, pharmacology, physiology, and microbiology ² Preliminary data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conterned" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey. (This table was prepared June



Table 235.—Earned degrees in mathematics¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1949–50 to 1986–87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	98	Ma	ister's degree:	3	Do	ctor's degree:	
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1949-50	6,382	4,942	1,440	974	784	190	160	454	
1951-52	4,696	3,374	1,322	802	663	139	206	151	
953-54	4,078	2,717	1,361	706	579	127	227	195	1
955-58	4,646	3,128	1,518	898	719	179		213	1
957-58	6,905	4.943	1,962	1,234	994	240	235 247	225 232	1
959-60	11.399	8,293	3,106	1,757	4 400				•
961-62	14.570	10,331	4,239		1,422	335	303	285	18
963-64	18,624	12,656	5,968	2,680	2,179	501	396	372	2
965-66	19.977	13,326	5,968 6,651	3,597	2,911	686	596	567	2
967-68	23.513	14,782		4,769	3,769	1,000	782	725	5
	20,313	14,702	8,731	5,527	4,199	1,328	947	895	52
69- 70	27,442	17,177	10,265	5.636	3.966	1,670	1,236		_
70-71	24,801	15,369	9,432	5,191	3,673	1,516		1,140	90
71-72	23,713	14,454	9,259	5.198	3,655	1,543	1,199	1,106	93
72-73	23,067	13,796	9,271	5,029	3,525	1,503	1,128	1,039	89
)73-74	21,635	12,791	8,844	4,834	3,323	1,497	1,068 1,031	966 931	102 100
74-75	18,181	10,586	7.505				1,001	931	100
75-76	15.984	9,475	7,595	4,327	2,905	1,422	975	865	110
76-77	14,196		6,509	3,857	2,547	1,310	856	32	94
77-78	12,569	8,303	5,893	3,695	2,396	1,299	823	7.4	109
78-79	11,806	7,398	5,171	3,373	2,228	1,145	805	681	124
ł	11,500	6,899	4,907	3,036	1,985	1,051	730	608	122
79-80	11,378	6,562	4.816	2,860	1,828	1,032	704		
80-81	11,078	6,342	4,736	2.567	1,692		724	624	100
81-82	11,599	6,593	5.006	2,727	1,821	875	728	614	114
62-83	12,453	6,995	5.458	2.837	1,858	906	681	587	94
63-64	13,211	7,366	5,645	2,741	1,791	979	698	582	116
			0,0	2,771	1,79;	950	695	569	126
84-85	15,146	8,164	6,98%	2.882	1,874	1,008	699	500	400
65-86	16,306	8,725	7,581	3,159	2,047	1,112	742	590	109
986-87 2	16,489	8,834	7,655	3,321	2,024	1,297	742 725	618 599	124 126

¹ Includes degrees conferred in statistics

NOTE.—Although a atrenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent senes of data, minur champes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-

level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



² Preliminary data.

Table 236.—Earned degrees in the physical sciences¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1951–52 to 1986–87

V	Bac	helor's degree	98	Ma	ster's degrees)	Do	ctor's degrees	
Year	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
951-52	12,118	10,799	1,319	3,054	2,830	224	1,720	1,663	5
953-54	9,838	8,584	1,254	2,374	2,197	177	1,686	1,825	6
955-56	11,629	10,140	1,489	2,655	2,435	220	1,667	1,599	6
957-58	14,317	12,659	1,658	3,030	2,759	271	1,655	1,589	6
959-60	16,007	14,013	1,994	3,376	3,049	327	1,838	1,776	6
961–62	15,851	13,728	2 123	3,928	3,544	384	2,122	2,035	8
963-64	17,456	15,044	2,412	4,561	4,155	406	2,455	2,342	11:
965-66	17,129	14,822	2,307	4,987	4,462	525	3,045	2,914	13
967-88	19,380	16,739	2,641	5,499	4,869	630	3,593	3,405	18
969-70	21,439	18,522	2,917	5,935	5,093	842	4,312	4,077	23
970-71	21,412	18,459	2,953	6,367	5,521	846	4,390	4,144	24
971-72	20,745	17,663	3,082	6,287	5,404	883	4,103	3,830	27:
972-73	20,696	17,626	3,070	6,257	5,414	843	4,006	3,738	26
973-74	21,178	17,674	3,504	6,062	5,186	876	3,626	3,373	25
974-75	20,778	16,992	3,786	5,807	4,969	838	3,626	3,325	30
975-76	21,465	17,353	4,112	5,466	4,648	818	3,431	3,132	29
976-77	22,497	17,996	4,501	5,331	4,450	881	3,341	3,022	31
977-78	22,986	18,090	4.896	5,561	4,620	941	3,133	2.821	313
978-79	23,207	17,985	5,222	5,451	4,461	990	3,102	2,752	35
979-80	23,410	17,864	5,546	5,219	4,248	971	3,089	2,705	384
980-81	23,952	18,064	5,888	5,284	4,200	1,084	3,141	2,765	370
981-82	24.052	17,866	6,186	5,514	4,318	1,196	3,286	2,835	45
982-83	23,405	17,016	6,389	5,290	4, 57	1,133	3,269	2,811	45
983-84	23,671	17,134	6,537	5,576	4,238	1,308	3,306	2,815	49
984-85	23,732	17,095	6,637	5,796	4,452	1,344	3,403	2,851	55
985-86	21,731	15,769	5,962	5,902	4,470	1,432	3,551	2,963	58
986-87 2	19,974	14,302	5,672	5,652	4,243	1,409	3,672	3,038	634

¹ Includes degrees in astronomy, chemistry, geology, metallurgy, meteorology, physics, science technologies, and other physical sciences

² Preliminary data

NOTE —Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-

level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)

Table 237.—Earned degrees in chemistry, physics, and geology conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree: 1970–71 to 1986–87

.,		Cheinistry			Physics			Geology 1	
Year	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctor's
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970-71		2,275	2,159	5,071	2,138	1,482	2,414	651	324
971-72	1.1,590	2,248	1,971	4,634	2,033	1,344	2,573	841	310
972-73	10,128	2,225	1 872	4,259	1,747	1,338	2,923	827	30
973-74 <i></i>	10,438	2,125	1,823	3,952	1,655	1,115	3,253	938	319
974-75	10,549	1,986	1,822	3,706	1,574	1,080	3,319	932	29:
97 5 –76	11,022	1,783	1,621	3,544	1,451	997	3,358	1,003	31:
976–77	11,215	1,767	1,568	3,420	1,319	945	3,879	1,047	32
977-78	11,315	1,886	1,521	3,330	1,294	873	4,342	1,239	26
978-79	11,509	1,757	1,516	3,337	1,319	918	4,502	1,300	28
979-80	11,232	1,723	1,545	3,396	1,192	830	4,597	1,295	31:
980-81	11,347	1,654	1,622	3,441	1,294	866	5,202	1,396	29-
981-82	11,025	1,618	1,595	3,472	1,282	663	5,538	1,540	28
982-83	10,796	1,622	1,746	3,793	1,369	873	6,102	1,552	29:
983-84	10,704	1,667	1,744	3,907	1,532	953	6,549	1,514	31
984-85	10,482	1,719	1,789	4,097	1,523	951	6,308	1,692	28
985-86	10,116	1,754	1,908	4 10	1,501	1,010	4,974	1,767	27
986-87 2,	9,661	1,738	1,976	4,330	1,563	1,086	3,665	1,603	28

¹ Includes geology, geochemistry, and geophysics and seismology. Beginning in 1982– 83, also includes other geological sciences.

² Preliminary data

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared June 1989.)



Table 238.—Earned degrees in psychology conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and by sex of student: 1949–50 to 1986–87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	98	Ma	ster's degrees	3	Do	ctor's degrees	
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1949-50	9,569	6,055	3,514	1,316	948	368	200		
1951-52	6.591	3,775	2,816	1,406	1,066		283	241	4
1953-54	5,706	3.074	2,832	1,254		340	540	467	7:
1955-56	5,601	3,082	2,519		885	369	619	553	6
1957-58	6.867	4,038		973	690	283	634	548	80
	0,007	4,036	2,829	1,235	636	399	572	488	8.
1959-60	8,061	4,773	3,288	1,406	981	425	641		
1961-62	9,578	5,798	3,780	1,632	1,269	563		544	97
1963–64	13,258	7,817	5,441	2,059			781	632	149
1965-66	16,897	10,002	6,895		1,371	688	939	757	182
1967-68	23,819	13,792	10,027	2,530	1,680	850	1,046	826	220
Í	20,010	13,782	10,027	3,479	2,321	1,158	1,268	982	286
1969-70	33,606	19,042	14,564	4,111	2,549	1,562	1 600		
IP/0-71	37,880	21,029	16,851	4,431	2,763	1,648	1,668	1,296	372
971-72	43,093	23,159	19,934	5,289	3,259		1,782	1,355	427
1972-73	47.695	24,976	22,719	5,631		2,030	1,881	1,414	467
973-74	51,821	25,705	26,116		3,495	2,336	2,089	1,484	605
	01,021	23,703	20,110	6,588	3,971	2,617	2,336	1,645	691
1974-75	50,988	24,190	26,798	7,066	4,044	3.022	0.440	4 400	
975-76	49,908	22,632	27,076	7.811	4,171		2,442	1,688	754
l 97 6- 77	47,373	20,553	26,820	8,301		3,640	2,581	1,762	819
l 977-78	44,559	18,348	26,211		4,313	3,988	2,761	1,770	991
1976-79	42,461	16,464	25,997	8,160	3,919	4,241	2,587	1,621	966
	72,701	10,404	23,887	8,003	3,672	4,331	2,662	1,597	1,065
979-80	41,962	15,419	26.543	7.806	3.376	4,430	0.700		
980-81	40,633	14,295	26,538	7,998	3,358		2,768	1,602	1,166
961-82	41,031	13,623	27,408	7,791		4,640	2,955	1,681	1,274
962-83	40,364	13,105	27,259		3,209	4,582	2,780	1,518	1,262
983-84	39.872	12,792		8,378	3,236	5,140	3,108	1,621	1,487
	38,012	12,782	27,080	8,002	2,96	5,041	2,973	1,517	1,456
984-85	39,811	12,694	27,117	8.408	3,044	5,364	0.000	4 400	
985-86	40,521	12,578	27,943	8,293	2,923		2,908	1,492	1,416
986-87 1	42,868	13,332	29,536			5,370	3,088	1,497	1,591
	,500	.0,002	28,000	8,204	2,856	5,348	3.123	1,458	1.665

¹ Preliminary data.

NOTE.—Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and reported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-

level" are included with master's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Table 239.—Earned degrees in public affairs and services¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970–71 to 1986–87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	is .	Ma	ster's degrees	· İ	Do	ctor's degrees	3
1681	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970–71	6,252	2,489	3,763	8,215	4,176	4,039	185	141	4
971-72	8,221	3,260	4,961	9,183	4,780	4,403	219	170	4
972-73	11,346	4,587	6,759	10,899	5,767	5,132	214	174	4
973-74	12,671	4,890	7,781	12,077	6,455	5,622	214	165	4
974–75	14,730	5,465	9,265	14,610	7,747	6,863	271	200	7
75-76	16,751	6,776	9,975	16,117	8,421	7,596	298	198	10
)7 8 –77	17,627	6,705	10,922	17,917	9,251	8,666	316	210	10
977-78	18,082	6,146	11,936	18,341	9,033	9,308	385	256	12
978-79	18,882	6,009	12,873	18,300	8,547	9,753	344	233	11
979-80	18,422	5,650	12,772	18,413	8,261	10,152	372	241	13
960-81	18,714	5,670	13,044	18.524	7,790	10,734	388	226	16
81-82	18,739	5,733	13,006	18,216	7,314	10,902	389	210	179
062-83	16,290	4,910	11,380	16,245	6,112	10,133	347	184	16
83-84	14,396	4,592	9,804	15,373	5,869	9,504	421	231	190
84-85	13,838	4,635	9,203	16,045	5 938	10,107	431	213	210
985-86	13.878	4,670	9,208	16,300	6,108	10,192	385	174	21
66-87 2	14,161	4,537	9,€ 1	17,032	6,191	10,841	398	216	182

¹ Includes degrees in community services, general, public administration, management; social work and helping services; international public service, transportation and public utilities; clinical social work, and other public affairs and services.
² Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989:

Table 240.—Earned degrees in the social sciences¹ conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	8	Ma	ster's degrees	:	Do	ctor's degrees	3
100	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
970-71	155,236	98,090	57,146	16,476	11,779	4,697	3,659	3,152	50
971-72	158,037	100,879	57,158	17,416	12,517	4,899	4,078	3,480	59
972-73	155,922	99,704	56,218	17,288	12,529	4,759	4,230	3,569	66
973-74	150,298	95,637	54,661	17,249	12,289	4,960	4,123	3,382	74
974-75	135,165	84,813	50,352	16,892	11,826	5,066	4,209	3,332	87
975-76	126,287	78,623	47,664	15,824	10,831	4,993	4,154	3,259	89
978–77	116,879	71,006	45,873	15,395	10,340	5,055	3,784	2,949	83
977-78	112,827	67,144	45,683	14,578	9,751	4,827	3,583	2,713	87
976–79	107,922	62,765	45,157	12,807	8,300	4,507	3,358	2,492	86
979-80	103,519	58,434	45,085	12,101	7,746	4,355	3,219	2,347	87
980-81	100,345	56,039	44,306	11,855	7,403	4,452	3,114	2,269	84
981-82	99,545	55,111	44,434	11,892	7,408	4,484	3,061	2.237	82
982-83	95,088	52,708	42,380	11,112	6,916	4,196	2,931	2,042	88
983-84	93,212	52,102	41,110	10,465	6,496	3,969	2,911	2,030	88
964-85	91,461	51,172	40,289	10,380	6,400	3,980	2,851	1,933	91
985-86	93,703	52,054	41,049	10,428	6,339	4.089	2,955	1,970	98
986-87 ²	96,185	53,079	42,306	10,397	6,294	4,103	2,916	2,026	89

¹ Includes degrees in social sciences, general, anthropology, archeology, economics, history; geography; political science and government, sociology; chminology; international relations, urban studies, demography; and other social sciences.



² Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May 1989.)

Table 241.—Earned degrees in economics, history, political science and government, and sociology conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree: 1949-50 to 1986-87

Year		Economics			History			tical science government			Seciology	
	Bache- lor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bache- lor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bache- lor's	Master's	Doctor's	Bache- lor's	Master's	Doctor
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1949-50	14,568	921	200	13,542	1,801	275	6,336	710	127	7.870	552	9
1951-52	8,593	695	239	10,187	1,445	317	4,911	525	147	6,648	517	14
1953-54	6,719	609	245	9,363	1,220	355	5,314	534	153	5,692	440	18
1955-56	6,555	581	232	10.510	1,114	259	5,633	509	203	5,878	402	17
1957–58	7,457	669	239	12,840	1,397	297	6,116	665	170	6.568	397	15
1959-60	7,453	708	237	14,737	1,794	342	6,596	722	201	7.147	440	16
1961-62	8,366	853	268	17,340	2,163	343	8,326	839	214	8.120	578	17
1963-64	10,583	1,104	385	23,668	2,705	507	12,126	1,163	263	10.943	646	19
1965-66	11,555	1,522	458	28,612	3,883	599	15,242	1,429	336	15,038	981	24
1967-68	15,193	1,916	600	35,291	4,845	688	20,387	1,937	457	21,710	1,193	38
1969-70	17,197	1,988	794	43,386	5,049	1,036	25,713	2.105	525	30,436	1,813	53
1970-71	15,758	1,995	721	44,663	5,157	991	27,482	2,318	700	33,263	1,808	57
1971-72	15,231	2,224	794	43,695	5,217	1,133	28,135	2,451	758	35,216	1,944	63
I972-73	14,770	2,225	845	40,943	5,030	1,140	30,100	2,398	747	35,436	1,923	58
1973-74	14,285	2,141	788	37,049	4,533	1,114	30,744	2,448	766	35,491	2,196	63
974-75	14,046	2,127	815	31,470	4,226	1,117	29,126	2.333	680	31,488	2,112	69
975-76	14,741	2,087	763	28,400	3,658	1,014	28,302	2,191	723	27.634	2,009	72
976-77	15,296	2,158	758	25,433	3,393	921	26,411	2,222	641	24,713	1,830	71
977-78	15,661	1,995	706	23,004	3,033	813	26,069	2,069	636	22,750	1,611	
1978-79	16,409	1,955	712	21,019	2,536	756	25,628	2,037	563	20,285	1,415	599 612
979-80	17,863	1,821	677	19,301	2.367	712	25,457	1,938	535	18.881	1.341	58:
980-81	18,753	1,911	727	18,301	2,237	643	24,977	1,875	484	17,272	1,240	
981-82	19,676	1,964	677	17,146	2,210	636	25.658	1,954	513	16.042	1,145	610
982-83	20,517	1,972	734	16,465	2,040	575	25,791	1,829	435	14,105		550
983-84	20,719	1,891	729	16,642	1,937	561	25,719	1,769	457	13,145	1,112	522 520
984-85	20,711	1,992	749	16,048	1.921	468	25.834	1,500	441	11,968		
985-86	21,602	1,937	789	16,413	1,959	497	26,439	1,704	439		1,022	480
986-87 ²	22,387	1,855	750	16,988	2.023	534	26,834	1,618	435	12,271	965	504
		.,		. 5,555	2,020	- J	20,004	1,010	433	12,231	950	45

¹ Excludes degrees in public administration and international relations

² Preliminary data.

NOTE-Although a strenuous effort has been made to provide a consistent series of data, minor changes have occurred over time in the way degrees are classified and re-ported. Any degrees classified in early surveys as "first-professional" are included above with bachelor's degrees, any degrees classified as "second-professional" or "second-

level" are included with inaster's degrees. Data for all years are for 50 States and the District of Columbia

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May

Table 242.—Earned degrees in visual and performing arts1 conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 to 1986-87

Year	Bac	helor's degree	es	Ma	ster's degrees	3	Do	ctor's degrees	
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Mei.	Women	Total	Men	Women
11	2	3	4	5	6	,	8	9	10
970-71	30,394	12,256	18,138	6,675	3,510	3,165	821	400	
971-72	33,831	13,580	20,251	7,537	4.049	3,488		483	13
972-73	36,017	14,267	21,750	7.254	4,005		572	428	14
973-74	39,730	15,821	23,909	8,001		3,249	616	449	16
974-75	40,782	15,532	25,250		4,325	3,676	585	440	14
1	40,702	10,002	25,250	8,362	4,448	3,914	649	446	20
975–76	42,138	16,491	25,647	8,817	4,507	4,310	620	447	17
976-77	41,793	16,166	25,627	8,636	4,211	4,425	662		
977-78	40,951	15,572	25,379	9,036	4,327	4.709	708	447	21
978-79	40,969	15,380	25,589	8,524	3,933	4,591		448	26
979-80	40,892	15,065	25,827	8,708			700	454	24
			20,021	0,700	4,067	4,641	655	413	24
980-81	40,479	14,798	25,681	8,629	4,056	4,573	654	396	25
981-82	40,422	14,819	25,603	8,746	3,866	4,880	670	380	29
982-83	39,469	14,699	24,770	8,742	4,011	4,731	692	404	
983-84	39,833	15,103	24,730	8,520	3,897	4,623	728		28
984-85	37,933	14,506	23,430	8,714	3,897	4,817		406	32
ne ec			·		3,007	4,017	693	407	28
985-86	36,949	14,284	22,665	8,416	3,775	4,641	722	396	320
986-87 ²	36,223	13,783	22,440	8,506	3,757	4,749	792	447	34

Includes degrees in fine arts, general, srt, art history and appreciation, music (per-forming composition, theory), music (liberal arts program), music history and appreciation, dramatic arts, dance, ap-yied design, cinematography, photography, and other fine and applied arts

2 Preliminary data.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared May



Table 243.—Statistical profile of persons receiving doctor's degrees,1 by field of study: 1986-87

				_	!	Field of stud	<u> </u>			
Item	All fields	Education	Engi- neering	Human- ities	Life sciences	Mathe- matics	Physical sciences	Business and manage- ment	Social sciences	Other profes- sional fields ²
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	9	10	11
Doctor's degrees conferred (number)	3 32,276	6,447	3,716	3,504	5,742	740	3,837	980	5,716	1,063
Sex (percent)										
Men	64 6	44.9	93 5	55 1	64.6	83 1	83 3	76 6	572	58.4
Women	35 2	55 1	66	44 9	35 2	169	16 7	23 4	428	41.0
Racial/ethnic group (percent) American Indian	04	06	0 2	03	03	44	402	45	ا مما	60
Asian	127	41	34 6	46	116	(4) (5)	4203	(*) (*)	04 75	* 12 9
Black	36	73	15	34	30	(4)	412	6	4.0	9 4.5
Mexican-American .	0.6	11	0.4	05	04	(4)	403	(a)	06	• 0.
Puerto Rican .	06	06	0 1	09	05	(4)	407	(ó)	04	*0
Other Hispanic	2 1	13	2 2	27	26	(4)	422	(*)	23	• 0.9
White	700	76 7	49 2	77 3	724	(4)	4647	(4)	739	• 69 •
Other and unknown .	99	60	119	100	91	(4)	4 10 4	(*)	106	9 10.6
Citizenship (percent)		أميما								
United States	70 6 22 2	84 9 9 2	41 6 50 7	760	73 5	46 6	65 1	60 4	76 1	754
Foreign	70	60	74	143 77	20 5 6 1	47 6 6 4	26 5 6 4	31 7	157	15 9
Marital status (percent)	/ 0	"	/ -	· ''	ויס	0.4	04	60	63	6 7
Married	57 2	65 7	58 4	54 5	56 7	51 1	51 0	62 6	53 2	58.3
Not mertied	340	26 7	31 4	36 4	35 4	415	41.5	27 3	36 6	31 2
Unknown	66	76	10 1	92	78	75	75	99	100	10.5
Median age at doctorate (years)	33 6	396	310	35 0	31 7	29 6	29 6	34 3	33.5	37.0
Percent with bachelor's degree in same field as doctorate	549	376	75 2	58 5	55 6	73 0	72 6	35 5	56 4	23 6
Percent with mester's degree	765	94 5	65 6	86 5	62 5	75 0	52 6	86 6	80 4	93 7
Median time lupee from bachelor's to doctorate (years)										
Total time	10 4	162	61	120	67	79	71	113	103	13.6
Registered time Postdoctoral activities (µercent)	72	79	59	65	69	66	66	70	74	77
Postdoctoral study plans	22 6	44	19 4	74	52 2	23 5	50 3	31	146	4.3
Fellowship	106	14	54	41	29 6	61	202	10	65	2.2
Research associateship	95	14	12 2	15	172	126	290	15	39	1.1
Trainseship	09	06	12	03	15	22	0.5	01	13	0.5
Other	14	09	0.5	15	39	04	06	0.4	12	0.6
Planned postdoctoral employment	67 1	86 7	68 2	61 1	39 6	65 4	40 7	85 5	740	83 9
Educational institution .	39 6	630	25 1	65 4	20 6	48 4	11 3	71 4	35 7	53 9
Industry, business	130	60	32 5	46	64	10.5	22 4	96	124	6 1
Government	64	79	73	22	62	24	46	21	94	7 1
Nonprofit organization . Other and unknown.	45 34	54 43	10	44	22	11 30	06	09	106	11.4
Postdoctoral status unknown .	101	90	12 4	115	62	11.1	15 90	14	56 11 2	3 4 11 7
Definite postdoctoral study	16 7	26	11 6	39	412	16 1	397	17	10 1	26
Seeking postdoctoral study	60	16	76	35	110	74	106	13	47	1.6
Definite employment .	48 4	84 6	473	55 0	26 1	46.2	30 7	724	513	65.7
Seeking employment.	167	22 0	20 9	26 1	115	192	100	13 1	22 6	18 2
Primary activity (percent)					l			1	1	
Research and development	27 6	53	64 6	74	48 9	36 9	68 9	29 9	23 0	6 \$
Teaching	36 9	36 0	21 2	73 7	26 9	50 6	16 9	55 1	27 9	51 4
Administration	13 4	36 5	16	50	63	15	25	46	60	133
Professional services Other	13 2 2 4	125 19	54 15	4 6 3 6	64 35	29 15	47 21	35	343	16 7
Region of employment after doctorsta (percent)		1.5	'3	36	35	'3	21	17	26	3 2
New England .	62	51	66	92	36	53	75	55	71	5 1
Middle Atlantic	14.4	125	15.5	143	99	123	166	130	176	13 2
East North Central	13 6	137	106	162	124	117	13 7	15.5	129	160
West North Central .	62	73	3 3	67	61	₹ 65	44	62	55	70
South Atlantic	146	167	11 3	13 4	130	129	12 5	159	17.2	14 0
East South Central	43	56	3 4	39	40	44	33	56	30	5 6
West South Central	77	69	61	69	61	56	66	113	67	9 3
Mountain .	51	57	60	42	52	41	5 4	66	4.2	3 2
Pacific and insular	102	92	13 3	96	10 1	11 1	123	73	103	76
Foreign Region unknown	10 1 7 5	57 94	172	71 65	20 0	17.5	100	100	76	10.7
1 100 per 1 of 100 100 100 11	/5	84 (6 4	65	56	64	56	30	76	6.1

 $^{^1}$ Includes Ph.D., Ed D., and comparable degrees at the doctoral level. Excludes first-professional regrees, such as M D., D D S., and D V M

NOTE—The above classification of degrees by field differs son-what from that in most publications of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The major differences are that history is included under humanities rather than social sciences and that psychology is included under social settles are supported in the NCES "U. as and Other Formal Awards Conferred" survey. The above tabulation axiculdes some non-research doctorate degrees such as doctor's degrees in theology. Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100.

SOURCE National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, Office of Scientific and Engineering Personnel, Summary Report 1987 Doctorate Recipients From United States Universities. (This table was prepared March 1989)



² Includes communications

³ Includes 450 degrees in computer sciences and 61 degrees in other or unspecified fields not shown separately

⁴ Within the racial/ethnic category, mathematics and computer sciences are included under physical sciences

⁶ Business administration is included under other professional fields

⁶ Includes business administration, communications, other professional fields, and other and unspecified

Table 244.—Statistical profile of persons receiving doctor's degrees in education: 1977-78 to 1986-87

Number of doctorates 7,190 7,370 7,576 7,489 7,226 7,147 6,780 6,717 6,802	ltern	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-8
Sex (percent) Men	1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11
Sex (percent) Men	Number of doctorates	7,190	7,370	7,576	7,489	7,226	7,147	6,780	6.717	6 602	6,44
Nomen	Sex (percent)						<u> </u>			0,002	
Nomen	Men	60.3	57 0	55.5	520	54.0	40.0				
American Indian	women	39.7								45.8	44.
American Indian	nacial ethnic group (percent):		72 1	44.5	4/2	48.8	50.4	510	51.8	54.4	55.
Asian	American Indian	0.8	امما	0.7		أبما			i		
Sect	ASIEN	28								0.4	0
Puerto Rican (2) (2) (2) 0.7 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 0.8 1.3	Black	9.5							4.2	3.8	4.
Puerto Rican	Mexican-American				1			9.3	9.1	8.3	7.
Citizenship (percent)	Puerto Rican	(2)						1.1	0.8	1.3	1
White. 77.3 76.4 77.7 77.3 77.5 77.5 77.7 77.3 77.3 77.3 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 78.5 78.2 <	Other Hispanic			1			1	0.5	1.1	0.4	0.0
7.1 7.9 8.8 6.8 5.4 4.7 5.0 6.0 7.7	White							1.2	1.8		1.3
United States	Other and unknown					77.3	78.5	78.2	78.5	78.3	76.7
United States 90.1 88.8 88.7 87.7 86.8 87.1 86.8 85.5 84.7 7.5 8.1 8.2 8.8 9.9 9.8 9.8 10.4 9	Citizenshin (nercent)	7.1]	7.9	8.8	68	5.4	4.7	5.0	6.0		8.0
Total Tota	United States	اممما			Ì	J	ì				0.1
Second With master's degree Seco	Foreign	1			1	86.8	871	86.8	85.5	84.7	84.9
Married 89.7 89.8 3.1 3.1 3.8 3.5 3.1 3.4 4.1 5.6 Married 89.7 89.8 68.7 87.9 87.1 87.5 66.8 66.9 65.1 Not married 26.0 26.2 26.8 27.3 28.3 28.1 28.8 27.8 27.4 Unknown 4.2 4.4 4.6 4.8 4.8 4.4 4.4 5.3 7.5 Percent with bachelor's degree in same field as declare 39.7 38.8 39.0 38.9 39.9 39.5 39.8 38.7 39.0 Percent with master's degree 96.2 95.8 96.1 95.7 95.6 96.3 96.3 96.0 94.9 (years)	Linknown				8.8	9.9	98	9.8	10.4		9.2
Married 89.7 89.3 68.7 87.9 87.1 87.5 66.8 66.9 65.1	Marital status (nercent)	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.8	3.5	3.1	3.4			8.0
Not married			1	1		1		1		5.5	0.0
Unknown	Not married			68.7	87.9	87.1	87.5	66.8	66.0	65.1	85.7
4.2 38.5 36.5 37.0 37.3 37.4 37.4 37.8 38.4 38.7 39.4 Percent with bachelor's degree in same field as declarate	Hokasun		26.2	268	27.3	28.3					26.7 26.7
Percent with bachelor's degree in same field as doctorate with master's degree	Vacion and of destants (see set)			4.6	4.8	4.8		1			20.7 7.8
Section Control Cont	Persont with host-trails	38.5	36.5	37.0	37.3	37.4					
Percent with master's degree	destants	ł	İ	1	l		57.0	55.4	30.7	39.4	39.8
96.2 95.8 96.1 95.7 95.6 96.3 96.4 96.0 94.9 96.2 96.2 96.3 96.4 96.0 94.9	COCIOTATE		38 8	39.0	38.9	39.9	39.5	20.0	20.7	20.0	
(years)	Andian Mili master's degree	96.2	95.8	96,1	95.7						37 8
	(years)	l	ŀ			35.5	30.3	50.4	960	94.9	94.5
Total time	Total time	12.7	12.7	13.1	12.5	100	!	المدد	[
Registered time	Registered time										18.2 7.9

¹ Longitudinal comparisons by race/ethnicity should be done with extreme care, due to periodic changes in the survey.
² Hispanic subcategories were not collected until 1980

NOTE.—The National Research Council's classification of degrees by field differs somewhat from that in most publications of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The number of degrees also differs slightly from that reported in the NCES.

[&]quot;Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" survey Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100 0

SOURCE National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, Office of Scientific and Engineering Personnel, Doctorate Records File (This table was prepared March 1989.)

Table 245.—Statistical profile of persons receiving doctor's degrees in engineering: 1977-78 to 1986-87

Item	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Number of doctorates	2,423	2,494	2,479	2,528	2,644	2,780	2,915	3,165	3,376	3,716
Sex (percent)										
Men	97.8	975	96.4	96 1	953	95 5	948	93 7	933	93 5
Women	2.2	25	3.6	39	4.7	45	5 2	63	67	6 6
Racial/ethnic group (percent) 1										ĺ
American Indian	05	0.2	01	0.2	01	(²)	01	(2)	0.1	0.2
Asian	26 3	29.0	29.9	31 8	31.5	32 4	35 2	36 4	32 1	34.6
Black	14	21	2.3	2.3	20	24	23	23	15	1.5
Mexican-American	(3)	(3)	04	0.7	03	04	0.3	03	0.2	0.4
Puerto Rican	(3)	(3)	0.1	02	0.4	02	02	0.2	03	0.1
Other Hispanic	(3)	(3)	2.6	28	27	2.9	2.2	22	23	2.2
White	60.9	57.6	57 4	55.3	543	53 9	51.7	48.9	50.4	49.2
Other and unknown	7.4	78	7.1	6.6	8.6	73	7.8	9.7	12.5	11.9
Citizenship (percent)							İ			•
United States	52 0	51.9	50 6	46.2	44 1	47.7	42.5	40.4	40.8	41.8
Foreign	45.1	456	46.3	49 1	50.1	470	52 9	54.6	508	50.7
Unknown	3.0	2.5	3.1	47	59	5.4	46	5.0	8.4	7.4
Marital status (percenti)	3.0	2.0	i	1				0.0		
Married	64.9	647	62.1	61 6	61.5	612	58 6	59.6	59.1	58.4
Not married	30.3	31.2	32.7	32 1	317	32.5	34 8	33 5	31.0	31.4
Unknown	4.8	4.0	52	5.8	68	6.3	6.6	6.9	9.8	10.1
	30.2	303	30.3	30.5	30.7	30.8	30 7	30.9	31.0	31 0
Median age at doctorate (years)	30 2	303	30.3	500		5.75	55 /	30.0		
Percent with bachelor's degree in same	78 2	77.9	75.2	74.1	72.4	74.0	74.3	74.2	73.0	75 2
field as doctorata		90.6	90.4	89 4	88.8	88.3	88 8	86.7	86.5	85.6
Percent with master's degree Median time lapse from bachelor's to doctorate (years)	90.2	80.6	90.4	094	00.0					
Total time	7.5	7.6	7.6	79	80	80	80	81	8.1	8.1
Registered time	5.6	55	56	5.6	58	5.7	58	58	59	5.9

¹ Longitudinal comparisons by race/ethnicity should be done with extrema care, due to penodic changes in the survey

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE.—The National Research Council's classification of degrees by field differs somewhat from that in most publications of the National Center for Education Statistics

(NCES) The number of degrees also differs slightly from that reported in the NCES "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" survey Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100 %

SOURCE National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, Office of Scientific and Engineering Personnel, Doctorate Records File (This table was prepared March 1989)



³ Hispanic subcategories were not collected until 1980

Table 246.—Static*ical profile of persons receiving doctor's degrees in the physical sciences: 1977-78 to 1986-87

Item	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Number of doctorates	3,234	3,321	3,151	3,208	3,348	3,438	3,459			
Sex (percent)							3,730	3,531	3,679	3,837
Men	90.4	89.4	07.7							
women	9.6	106	87.7	88.1	86.3	86 4	85.4	83 7	83.6	83.3
Racial/ethnic group (percent) 1	9.0	100	12.3	11 3	13.7	13.6	146	163	16.4	16.7
American Indian	0.5		!	_			' i]		10.7
Asian		0.4	0.2	(²)	0.1	02	0.2	0.1	0.2	0 2
Black	138	13.7	147	15 1	15.5	158	17.8	17.8	19.8	
Mavican American	1.8	1.7	1.2	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.5		20.3
Mexican-American	(3)	(3)	0.4	0.3	02	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.2
Puerto Rican	(3)	(3)	01	03	0.2	0.2	0.3		03	0.3
Other Hispanic	(3)	(3)	17	1.7	1.8	2.1		02	0.3	0.7
White	73.0	73.2	73.1	73.0	748		26	2.2	2.4	2.2
Other and unknown	8.6	86	8.6	7.7	5.8	73.6	71.3	70.3	65.7	64.7
Jitzenship (percent)			0.0	7.7	5.8	63	5.8	7.6	9.9	10.4
United States	77.1	77.4	75.9			1		- 1		
Foreign	20.7	20.6		75.4	75.0	74.0	73.6	703	C6.1	65.1
Unknown	22		21 6	21 3	21 9	23 1	23.5	25.5	27.8	28.5
Marital status (percent)	~ ~	2.0	24	3.3	31	29	2.9	4.1	6.1	6.4
Married			1		1	1		""	0.1	0.4
Not married	60.1	568	54.0	53.1	54 1	52.7	51.9	51.5	500	
Not married	35.9	39.4	41.8	42 1	41.4	42.9	43.9		50.8	51.0
Unknown	3.9	3.8	4.3	48	4.5	4.3		43 4	41.7	41.5
PEUTER BOO St COCtorate (veers)	29.3	28.9	29.1	29.0	29.2	29.3	4.2	5.1	7.5	7.5
ercent with bachelor's degree in same	í	i		20.0	29.2	29.3	29 5	29 ś	29.9	29.8
neid as doctorate	77.4	78.1	76.5	76.6			- 1		1	
ercent with master's degree	57.7	56 1	54.6		77.2	75.4	77.7	750	73.4	72.6
recian time lapse from bachelor's to	J,.,	50 1	54.0	53.8	53.6	54.4	53.2	52.4	52.1	52.6
doctorate (years)	1	i	1					i		32.0
Total time	69	0.0		i	I		1	İ		
Registered time		66	6.8	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.0	71	7.1	7,1
	5.7	56	5.7	57	5.8	5.9	6.0	60	6.0	7.1 6.6

Longitudinal comparisons by race/ethnicity should be done with extreme care, due to periodic changes in the survey
 Less than 0.05 percent.
 Hispanic subcategories were not collected until 1980

NOTE.—The National Research Council's classification of degrees by field differs somewhat from that in most publications of the National Center for Education Statistics

SOURCE National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, Office of Scientific and Engineering Personnel. Doctorate Records File (This table was prepared March 1989)



⁽FCES) The number of degrees also differs slightly from that reported in the NCES "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" survey. Because of rounding, percents rise not add to 100.0.

Table 247.—Statistical profile of persons receiving doctor's degrees in the social sciences: 1977-78 to 1986-87

Item	1977-78	1978-79	1 9 79-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986–87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Number of doctorates	6,453	6,379	6,253	6,505	6,250	6,055	5, 695	5,720	5,841	5,718
Sex (percent)							İ			
Men	698	67 0	65 4	64 4	63 3	607	59.2	58.9	576	57 2
Women	30 2	33 0	34 6	356	36.7	39 3	408	41 1	42 1	42.8
Racial/ethnic group (percent) 1							İ			
American Indian	0.4	06	03	02	03	02	02	0.3	03	0.4
Asian	42	5 1	5 4	48	59	58	65	7.0	6.6	7.5
Black	4.7	46	44	4 5	5.0	43	4.8	4.8	4.3	4.0
Mexican-American	()	(²)	0.4	0.8	08	0.8	0.8	08	0.8	0.8
Puerto Rican	(²)	(²)	03	02	0.5	0.3	05	0.4	05	0.4
Other Hispanic	(²)	(²)	18	16	15	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.4	2.3
White	78.5	77.9	79 5	80 2	78.2	797	77 6	76.4	75.6	73.9
Other and unknown	100	9.3	79	76	7.9	69	76	84	95	10.8
Citizenship (percent)										
United States	836	84 4	84 7	84.0	818	829	80 6	793	77.9	76.1
Foreign	117	11,6	11.6	119	12 6	125	14 1	15.3	153	15.7
Unknown	47	4.0	37	42	5.6	4.5	5.4	5.4	6.9	8.3
Marital status (percent)							ļ			
Marned	5 9 2	57 4	57.4	56 6	55 4	55 1	54.9	53.5	53 9	53.2
Not married	33 8	36 5	37 2	37 5	37.6	38.8	38 2	39.3	37.5	36 8
Unknown	7 1	6.1	54	59	70	61	69	7.2	8.6	100
Median age at doctorate (years)	30.9	31.5	31.6	320	32.3	32 4	32 7	33 0	334	33.5
Percent with bachelor's degree in same										
field as doctorate	57 7	56 4	58 6	59 1	57 4	58 9	593	58 5	57.0	56 4
Percent with master's degree	81 2	82 2	83 0	83 6	81 6	82.1	82 4	82.9	81 5	80.4
Median time lapse from bachelor's to				•						
doctorate (years)				-						
Total time	8 2	8.5	87	90	9 2	93	9.7	9 .9	10.0	10.3
Registered time	60	62	6.4	65	67	68	7 1	71	7.2	7 4

¹ Longitudinal compansons by race/ethnicity should be done with extreme care, due to periodic changes in the survey

² Hispanic categories were not collected until 1980

NOTE—The National Research Council's classification of degrees by field differs somewhat from that in most publications of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The major differences are that history is included under humanities rethor than

social sciences and that psychology is included under social sciences. The number of degrees also differs slightly from that reported in the NCES "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" survey. Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, Office of Scientific and Engineering Personnel, Doctorate Records File (This table was prepared March 1989)



Table 248.—Doctor's degrees¹ conferred by 60 large institutions of higher education: 1977-78 to 1986-87

Inétitubon	Rank order ²	Total, 1977-78 to 1986-87	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
United States, all institutions	_	329,841	32,131	32,730	32,615	32,958	32,707		 		ļ ——	
Total, 60 large institutions	_	199,282	19,974	20,194	20,075			32,775	33,209	32,943	33,653	34,12
University of California, Berkeley .	1	7,163				20,228	19,915	19,355	19,890	19,727	19,800	20,12
University of Wisconein, Markenn	2	8,502	766 665	709 688	735 685	872 823	712 690	702	898	689	753	72
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor Columbia University (N Y) 4	3	8,137	635	660	569	552	605	594 584	630 738	874 607	606 598	66
University of Illinois, Urbana Campus	5	6,002 5,907	630 590	585 652	630	810	587	529	603	625	810	58 59
Ohio State University, Main Campus.	_		i	[597	622	567	543	538	822	560	61
Stanford University (Calif)	8 7	5,553 4,978	587 490	575 527	566	530	586	563	521	543	512	57
University of Minnesota, Minneapolis-St. Paul Harvard University (Mass.)	8	4,961	493	466	458 485	495 518	469 459	451 466	497	497	530	56
University of California, Los Angeles	9 10	4,856 4,739	560	533	513	586	462	474	495 457	515 385	556 452	50 43
		4,739	485	495	479	559	481	465	465	449	433	44
University of Texas at Austin. Michigan State University	11	4,688	453	455	432	452	418	418	427	474	545	04
Cornell University (N.Y.) 6	12 13	4,531 4,375	437 486	464 433	474	485	488	481	395	405	438	81 46
Assachusetts Institute of Technology	14	4,219	425	381	419 387	424 406	465 416	442 429	432	433	456	44
ndiana University, Bloomington	15	4,216	439	488	451	436	448	413	415 417	447 397	455 353	45 37
New York University	16	4,122	437	458	438	432	435	344				
Iniversity of Southern California. Iniversity of Pitteburgh, Main Campus (Pa.)	17 18	3,889	427	435	424	365	365	308	418 424	391 424	377 363	3 9 : 35:
WOUS University, Main Campus (Ind.)	19	3,888 3,824	384 381	360 374	383 387	357	426	407	389	398	390	394
ennsylvania State University, Main Campus .	20	3,678	340	370	385	396 394	377 389	388 394	383 364	389	379	370
Iniversity of Maryland, College Park Campus	21	3,583	334	387	ļ	- 1			304	371	350	341
Inversity of Washington	22	3,556	310	342	310 351	346 342	364 368	7. 1	387	373	370	378
niversity of Pennsylvania utgers University, New Brunswick (N J)	23	3,502	335	331	335	323	398	361	358 406	342 367	345 341	411
Iniversity of Chicago (III)	24 25	3,467 3,266	339 370	387 328	323 296	381	340	372	362	343	320	307 320
oston University (Mass.)	ļ.				1	340	349	315	329	291	329	319
orthwestern University (III)	26 27	3,040 3,037	259 292	274 301	338 308	318	314	324	333	278	307	299
ova University (Fig.)	28	3,017	352	399	447	308 332	287 294	274 240	310	326	312	319
orida State University	29 30	2,994	348	318	282	317	298	264	210 268	209 300	263 290	271 311
· 1		2,941	303	343	370	336	318	293	273	257	224	226
ixas A&M University, Main Campus niversity of Florida	31 32	2,940	262	257	290	274	253	286	298	315	336	369
ale University (Conn.)	33	2,921 2,908	298 322	313 323	281 286	295 265	237	299	294	301	290	313
niversity of North Carolina at Chapel Hill niversity of Georgia	34	2,893	294	300	307	296	292 280	281 279	299 283	276	259	305
-	35	2,854	277	252	268	268	282	298	270	260 355	283 309	311 275
niversity of lows Imple University (Ps.)	38	2,812	297	306	274	270	315	248	273	204	1	
iversity of Arizona	37 38	2,554 2,550	289 232	237	260	230	237	227	243	264	258 277	287 290
va State University of Science and Technolo-	•	2,330	232	217	259	225	270	269	259	261	260	298
gy iversity of Kansas, Mair, Campus	39	2,418	208	227	239	256	249	214	228	245	256	200
	40	2,356	263	252	238	222	236	212	241	260	211	296 221
ginia Polytechnic institute and State Univer-			}			-	ľ				1	
iversity of California, Davis	41 42	2,349 2,307	178 151	193 195	194	211	227	248	271	260	274	295
iversity of Tennessee, Knoxville	43	2,306	231	251	247 218	270 228	204	290 232	253	224	245	228
iversity of Colorado at Boulder iversity of Missouri, Columbia	44 45	2,295	259	241	212	267	218	215	250 258	223 198	233 198	206 229
l l	l	2,295	226	287	254	220	229	221	245	230	202	181
nderbilt University (Tenn.) y University of New York Graduate School	48	2,250	119	122	250	282	267	228	232	239	259	050
ind University Center	47	2,236	264	261	100				j	2.36	239	252
roeton University (N J), iversity of Virginia, Main Campus	48	2,210	224	242	190 195	212 217	203	208 231	200	234	23	232
ite University of New York at Buffalo, Main	49	2.187	231	228	229	227	202	224	226 190	211 221	216 217	218 218
Campus	50	2,175	227	238	234	208	200					210
ins Hopkins University (Md)	51	0.000	1				238	213	208	194	206	209
versity of Nebraska, Lincoln	52	2,080	218 198	196 189	164 206	209 222	187	187	212	254	220	213
ahoma State University, Main Campus versity of Oregon	53	1,997	203	189	193	198	201 187	203 197	215 197	179	201	203
th Carolina State University at Raleigh	54 55	1,918 1,841	182	198	201	207	215	197	208	220 173	224 197	189 140
versity of Cincinnati, Main Campus (Ohio)	-		152	185	164	159	191	177	210	204	219	200
Versity of Connecticut	58 57	1,825	164	173	183	193	181	189	202	171	187	182
versity of Utah	58	1,819 1,783	189 181	181 168	194 208	205 193	168	159	195	181	174	193
versity of Rechester (N Y) led States International University (Calif)	59	1,782	174	199	191	160	181 164	168 179	182 154	175	168	179
"Hermanorian Offiversity (CERT)	60	1,777	149	138	209	284	226	139	172	168 128	195 157	198

¹ Includes Ph.D., Ed.D., and comparable degrees at the doctoral level Excludes first-professional degrees (e.g., M.D., D.D.S., and D.V.M.)
² Institutions are ranked by the total number of doctor's degrees conferred during the 10-year period 1976-77 to 1986-87
³ Pretiminery data
⁴ Institution degrees conferred by the Advisor Conferred during the 1976-79 data



⁴ Includes degrees conferred by the Main Division and Teachers College

Includes degrees conferred by the Endowed and Statutory Colloges
 Not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics "Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEUS), "Completions" survey (This table was prepared April 1989.)

Table 249.—Percent of the high school class of 1980 enrolled in postsecondary education, by attendance status, sex, race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and ability level: Fall 1980 to fall 1985

Sex, race/ethnicity,	Fall	1980	Fall	1981	Fall	1982	Fall	1983	Fall	1984	Fall	1985
accioeconomic status,	Full-	Part-	Full-	Part-	Full-	Part-	Full-	Part-	Full-	Part-	Full-	Part-
and ability level		time	time	time	time	time	time	time	time	time	time	time
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	46.1	5.8	43.1	6.6	34.1	9.9	33.3	6.8	17. 1	7.5	10.4	7.0
Sex Male Female	43.2 48 9	5.4 6.1	42.4 43.8	60 71	33 9 34 3	9.0 10.8	34.0 32.7	6 4 7.1	18.3 15.9	6.7 8 1	11.6 9.2	7.1 7.1
Race/ethnicity White, non-Hispanic	47.7	5.8	44 6	6 6	35.5	10.2	34.7	67	18.0	7.6	10.5	7.1
	42 0	4.1	39.8	4.8	29 8	8 1	28 3	60	12.7	5.4	8.9	8.
Hispanic	34.9	7 8	30 5	9 4	23 8	10.6	22 9	80	11 6	8.0	10.0	8.
	34.2	5.3	35 0	6 9	21.0	11 9	22.4	8.2	14.8	2.1	10.5	2.
	67 4	12 0	64.6	12.8	57.7	15 8	53.8	109	37 2	13.6	20.8	16.
Socioeconomic status ¹ Low	30 3	5 0	26 7	5.4	18.7	8.7	17 1	54	9 7	5 3	8.3	5
	40.3	5 9	35 8	7 1	27.3	9 4	25.0	68	13.5	7.1	8 0	7.
	51 9	7.0	48 5	7.2	38 0	1 1 7	36 7	80	18 2	8.6	10.5	7
	70.2	5.6	68 4	6.9	59.3	11 0	60 1	78	29 2	9.5	18.5	9.
Ability level ² Low	22.2	4 9	19.6	5.6	13 0	7.8	12.8	4 6	7.2	3.3	5 2	2.
	38 4	6.4	34 8	7 7	25 5	10 7	23 7	8.0	13.8	8.0	8.0	7.
High-middle	58 1	6.3	52 3	7.8	39.9	13.1	39 2	80	19 6	8 3	11.7	8.
High	75.1	5.7	73 3	6 1	€3.8	10.3	63.5	71	30 8	9.6	18.4	11.

¹ Socioeconomic status quartiles as measured by a composite score on parental education, family income, father's occupation, and household characteristics in 1980.

² Ability level quartiles as measured by performance on a test battery administered as part of the High School and Beyond survey in 1980.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond survey (This table was prepared October 1986)

Table 250.—Percent of the high school class of 1980 enrolled in 4-year colleges, by attendance status, sex, race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and ability level: Fall 1980 to fall 1985

Sex, race/ethnicity,	Fall	1980	Fall	1981	Fall	1982	Fall	1983	Fall	1984	Fall	1985
socioeconomic status, and ability level	Full- time	Part- time	Full- time	Part- time	Full- time	Part- time	Full- time	Part- time	Full- tıme	Part- time	Full- time	Part- time
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	30.3	1.5	28.9	1.6	26.3	3.4	27.9	2.7	13.8	4.3	7.9	4.:
Sex	_					Ī						
Male	28 9	14	28 5	16	25.9	33	28 7	26	15.5	4.1	9.2	4.
Female	31 6	15	29 3	16	26 6	35	27 2	2.7	12.3	46	67	4.
Race/ethnicity												
White, non-Hispanic	318	15	30 6	16	28 0	35	298	27	14.7	4.4	83	4.
Black, non-Hispanic	28.2	11	26 1	13	21 2	3.2	21 3	21	91	30	5.6	3.
Hispanic	16.7	13	142	15	13 9	20	155	28	91	47	6.2	4.
American Indian	14 5	13	144	18	13 2	27	157	23	98	1.0	66	1.
Asian	44.6	40	43 1	4.0	42 6	66	46 4	4.7	34 0	85	18.3	8.
Socioeconomic status 1						•						
Low	15 5	11	148	09	12 3	2 2	122	14	66	2.4	4.0	2.
Low-middle	23 2	13	20 9	14	19 1	27	197	23	100	40	5.6	4.
High-middle	33 5	1.4	31.4	16	28 7	36	29 6	3.2	146	4.7	80	4.
High	55 0	23	54 6	25	49.8	53	543	37	25.9	6.8	161	8.
Ability level ²												
Low	8 2	10	74	08	62	15	71	05	4.1	08	24	0.
Low-middle	21 1	07	199	0.8	173	27	172	25	98	36	5.1	3.
High-middle	35 8	17	32 9	23	29 6	4.5	32 5	36	155	58	9.2	4.
High	62 9	2.3	61 5	26	56.8	5 2	58 8	38	28 8	7.3	17.0	8.

^{*} Socioeconomic statue quartiles as measured by a composite score on parental education, family income, father's occupation, and household characteristics in 1980

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond survey (This table was prepared October 1996)



² Ability level quartiles as measured by performance on a test battery administered as part of the High School and Beyond survey in 1980

Table 251.—Mean number of semester credits completed by bachelor's degree recipients, by major and course area: 1972 to 1976 and 1980 to 1984

<u> </u>					Course	areas				
Selected college majors	Total	Business	Computer science	Education	Engineer- ing	Mathe- matics	Biological sciences	Physical sciences	Social sciences	Other
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1972-76 ¹									 	<u></u> -
Mean, all majors	124.0	7.8	1.0	9.7	2.3	7.4	7.6	9.0	30.3	48.4
Business and management	124.4	41.2	23	0.5	0.4	10 2	2.5	4.8	30.4	
Computer science	133 3	6.6	33.5	0.4	53	22 4	19	4 8 7.8		32.0
ducation	126 4	09	03	40.2		5.0	5.5	7.8 4.3	20.6 23.9	34.6
Engineering	134 8	16	20	0.1	50 0	18.2	13	20.5	14.0	46.4
inglish	117 8	0.5	0.1	78	01	3 2	34	3.4	24.2	27
ine arts	124.9	03	0 1	6.6		13	25	2.1	13 6	75.2
ife sciences	122 2	0.4	08	17	_	84	35.6	26.2	17.8	98.4 31.3
Physical sciences	122 7	0.8	14	0.9	19	16.2	96	49.5	13.1	29.2
sychology	119.1	2.0	0.5	59	0.3	5.5	62	5.9	56.0	29.2 36.9
Social sciences	120.6	3.4	0 4	3.3	04	5.3	3 2	4.3	60.3	40.1
1980-84 2										
Mean, all majors	123.5	12.8	3.3	6.2	4.6	8.4	5.3	8.1	27.5	47.2
usiness and management	122 8	41.2	4.5	06	1.1	8.9	22			
computer science	129 3	11.8	27.9	0.3	4.7	21 3	1.8	3.9	27.5	32.7
ducation	127 4	0.7	0.3	45.5	0.1	44	4.4	8.5	190	33.9
ingineering	132.3	10	23	0.8	52.5	16.2	11	3.8	20.8	47.3
nglish	114.8	17	1.5	69	52 5	2.2	2.1	20 2	12 3	25.9
ine arts	120 5	17	0.6	5.1	_	1.7	2.7	4.7 1.5	21.4	74.4
ife sciences	121.9	07	15	1.9	0.2	10 1	33.5	22.6	14.1 18.1	93.1
hysical sciences	124 3	0.2	49	01	20	14 1	12 9	48 7	18.1	33 3
sychology	120 7	3.0	27	21	_	6.5	58	48 7	55.2	30.0
ocial sciences	119.2	60	14	1.0	0.5	5.4	44	51	55.2 52 0	41.2 43.3

¹ Sample survey based on 1972 high school seniors who completed bachelor's degrees by 1976

-Data not reported or not applicable

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U ^ Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond survey (This table was prepared April 1986)

Table 252.—Colleges and universities offering remedial instruction or tutoring, by type and control of institution: 1980, 1984, and 1988

Type and control of institution	Percent of counstr	colleges offening in	remedial	Change in poi	
	1980	1984	1988	1980 to 1984	1984 to 198
1	2	3	4	5	6
All 4-year colleges	78.9 83.8	85.8 93.4	89.0 93.8	6.9	3. 0.
Public institutions 4-year colleges	89 8	92 9	94 7	3 1	1.
2-year colleges	89 6	97 2	98 9	76	1
4-year colleges	73 8 61 9	82 5 78 9	86 3 77 8	8 7 17 0	3 (-1

SOURCE College Entrance Examination Board, *Annual Survey of Colleges*, 1986–8; Summary Statistics, copyrighted, and unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared January 1989)



⁸ Sample survey based on 1980 high school seniors who completed bachelor's degrees by 1984

Table 253.—Highest level of education attained by 1980 high school seniors. by selected student and school characteristics: Spring 1986

	[Highest	educational attain	ment of 1980 higi	achool seniors	n 1986	
Student and school characteristics	Total	No ligh school diploma 1	High school diploma	License ²	Associate degree	Bachelor's degree	Graduate/ professional degree
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Total	100.0	0.9	61.8	11.9	6.5	18.2	0.
Sex	1						
Men	100 0	1.0	64.0	10 5	59	17.6	0.9
Women	100 0	0.8	59.6	13 3	70	18.8	0.
Race/ettinicity	ĺ	ļ			1		
White, non-Hispanic	100.0	0.8	60.0	11.5	6.6	202	•
Black, non-Hispanic		1.2	69.4	13 9			0.0
					5.3	99	0.8
Hispanic	100.0	17	70 2	13.8	7.3	6.8	0.
Asian		(3)	49.6	12.6	8.7	27.3	1.7
American Indian	100.0	(3)	61.2	18 6	93	108	(3
Socioeconomic status group 4					ļ		
Low	100 0	1.2	74.1	12.3	5.5	66	0.2
Low-middle	100 0	0.5	66.7	13.6	80	11.1	0.2
High-middle	100.0	01	58.4	12.9	7.7	20.4	0.6
High		(3)	45.7	87	63	37 1	2.2
ligh school program ⁶							
General	100.0	0.8	69 7	12.6	6.5	10.2	0.2
Academic	100.0	0.5	45 6	88			
\$ 4 4! !				1	7.2	36 6	1.6
Vocation2i	100 0	0.6	72 8	16.2	69	36	0.0
ostsecondary education plans *							
No plans	100 0	14	83.5	12.7	21	02	(3)
Attend vocational/technical			1		ŀ		, ,
school	100 0	0.3	72.5	17.7	84	11	(3)
Attend college less than 4 years.	100.0	02	65.5	14.4	13 1	6.8	(3
Earn bachelor's degree	100.0	(3)	483	82	6.9	35.8	ò. 7
Earn advanced degree	100.0	01	435	79	4.9	406	3.0
ype of high school					}	. 1	
Public	100 0	1.0	63.2	12 1	66	16 4	0.7
Catholic	100 0	(3)	47.4	11.9	64	32.8	1.6
Other private	100 0	(3)	52 3	7.0	3.9	36 7	0.1

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Seniors who dropp. $_{\rm out}$ of high school after spring 1980 survey and had not completed high school by 1986.

school education or a high school education only were classified as having no postsecondary education plans

NOTE -Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100 0

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond survey (This table was prepared September 1987)



² Persons who earned a certificate for completing a program of study

² Persons who earned a coruncate for compressing a program of status
3 Less than 05 percent.
4 Socioeconomic status was measured by a composite score on parental education, family income, father's occupation, and household characteristics in 1980
5 Students' self-reported high school program
During their senior year of high school, students were asked about the highest level of education they planned to attain. Students who planned to get less than a high

Table 254.—Highest level of education attained by 1980 high school seniors, by race/ethnicity and October 1980 postsecondary education attendance status: Spring 1986

Done (athereity and O.).		Highest	ecucational attai	nment 1980 high	school seniors	in 1986	
Race/ethnicity and October 1980 postsecondary education attendance status	Total	No high school diploma ¹	High school diploma	License 2	Associate degree	Bachelor's degree	Graduate/ professiona degree
1	2	3	4	5		7	8
All students							-
Part-time 2-year public college	100 0	0.7	66.4	17.7	0.0		
Part-time 4-vear public college	100 0	27	57.1	15.4	88	6.5	(
Full-time 2- ear public college	190 0	(3)	495	11.7	1.6	22 6	0.
Full-time 4-year public college	100.0	. (3)	417		20.7	17.6	0.
Full-time 4-year private college	100.0	(3)	31.1	7.6	45	44 9	1,
Not a student	100 0	18	78.2	8.8	51	51.9	3.
	1000	'8	/82	128	3.6	3.5	0.
White	1		Į.	1		i	
Part-time 2-year public college	100.0	08	67.7	47.0		i	
Part-time 4-year public college	100.0	3.4	54.8	17.9	6.9	67	(3
Full-time 2-year public college	100.0	(3)	48.6	14.5	0.3	270	(3
Full-time 4-year public college	100 0	(3)		10.8	20 7	19.3	0
Full-time 4-year prive: college	100 0	(3)	39.0	68	4.8	48.0	1.5
Not a student	100.0	16	28 1 78 5	7.9	5.1	55.7	3.3
	100.0	10	/85	12.7	3.5	3.5 j	0.2
Heck					ļ		
Part-time 2-year public college	100.0	(3)	65.8	20.4		1	
Part-time 4-year public college	100.0	(a)	58 5	22.1	9.8	2.3	(3)
Full-time 2-year public college	100.0	(3)		25.1	6.0	85	1.8
Full-time 4-year public college	100.0	(3)	52.8	19 2	18.9	9.1	(3)
Full-time 4-year proste college	100.0	(3)	59.4	11 2	3.4	25 6	0.5
Not a student	100 0	2.2	50 5	15.0	5.5	2R 5	0.6
	1000	2.2	78.1	13.3	3.6	2.8	(3)
llepanic					J	ļ	
Part-time 2-year public college	100.0	(3)	57.4		i	1	
Part-time 4-year public college	(4)	(3)	57.4	14.9	23 4	4.4	(3)
Full-time 2-year public college	100.0	(4)	(4)	(4)	(*)	(4)	(4)
Full-time 4-yaar public college	100.0	(3)	53 9	14 9	22.7	8.5	(a)
Full-time 4-year private college	100 0	(3)	51 1	18.4	4.1	25.6	0.9
Not a student	100 0	(3)	46.8	19 4	61	26.8	10
	1600	3.1	83 2	10 3	24	0.9	(3)

¹ Seniors who dropped out of high school after spring 1980 survey and had not completed high school by 1986
2 Includes persons who earned a certificate for completing a program of study
3 Less than 05 percent

⁴ Fewer than 30 cases available for analysis. Estimates are suppressed because they are unreliable.

NOTE —Because of rounding, percents may not add to 1000

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond surve; (This table was prepared September 1987)

Table 255.—Highest level of education attained by 1980 high school seniors, by socioeconomic status and race/ethnicity: Spring 1986

S 309conomic status 1 in 1090		Highest e	ducational attain	ment of 1980 hig	h school seniors	in 1986	
S illoeconomic status 1 in 1980 and race/ethnicity	Total	No high school dinioma ²	High school diploma	Licanse 3	Associate degree	Bachelor's degree	Graduate/ professional degree
111	2	3	4	5	6	7	3
Lower 25 percent White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic Asian	100 0 100 0 100 0 100 0	0 9 1 4 1 6 (4)	75 1 73 0 73 3 53 4	12 2 12 7 11 8 17 3	50 51 7.8 157	6.6 7.7 4.9 12.0	0; 0 (4
Middle 50 percent White, non-Hispanic ∂lack, non-Hispanic Hispanic Asian	100 0 100 0 100 0 100 0	03 03 10 (4)	62 0 67 5 67 0 51 1	13 0 14 7 14 7 11 7	80 65 65	16.3 10.7 10.7 8.1	0 4 0 3 0 .: (4
Upper 25 percent White, non-Hispanic. Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic	100 0 100 0 100 0 100 0	(4) (4) 0 3 (4)	44 9 56 3 60 0 42 9	86 124 114 65	62 5.4 96 48	38 2 25 5 18 0 40 0	24 0.4 0.5 5.8

¹ Socioeconomic status was measured by a composite score on parental education, family income, fether's occupation, and household characteristics in 1980

NOTE —Because of rounding, percenta may not add to 100 0

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond survey (This table was prepared September 1987)



⁸ Seniors who dropped out of high school after spring 1980 survey and had not completed high school by 1986

Includes persons who earned a certificate for completing a program of atudy
 Less than .05 percent.

Table 256.—Cumulative percent of 1972, 1980, and 1982 high school graduates completing college, by level of degree and selected student characteristics: 1976 to 1986

					19	72 high so	hool senic	ors						1980 hi	gh school sens	ors
	1	- to 2-yea	r degree,1	by year of	attainmen	nt		Bachelor's	degree, b	y year of	attainment		1- to 2		Bachelor's degree 1	1982 high
x Male Male Female Co/ethnicity White Black Hispanic Asian	June 1976	June 1978	June 1980	June 1982	June 1984	June 1986	June 1976	June 1978	June 1980	June 1982	June 1984	Jun o 1986	Feb. 1984	Feb 1986	degree 1	seniors 1- 2-year degree
																Feb. 1986
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Total	6.39	7.87	9.35	11.76	14.22	16.59	14.33	23.71	25.14	26.42	27.08	27.68	8.84	12.51	18.77	7.0
ex																
Male	5.57	7.09	8.58	10.84	13 69	15.81	13 32	25 64	27.47	28 71	29.57	30 09	7.70	10.84	18 35	5.9
Female	7.16	8 62	10.08	12.64	14 73	17.33	15 29	21.87	22.92	24.24	24.72	25.39	9 92	14 08	19.17	9.
ace/ethnicity	ĺ				i I				ĺ		ĺ					
White	6.94	8.52	9 91	12.11	14.72	16.99	15.61	25 46	26.98	28.05	28.76	29 39	9.03	12 54	20.79	7
Black	2.14	3.48	4 89	9.36	11 09	14 61	7.75	13.49	14.69	18.29	18.66	19 18	6.37	10.42	10 14	7
	3.29	4.01	6.59	9.07	10.99	13 69	3 09	9,13	3 70	10.44	10.81	10.88	9 16	14.71	675	9
	8 02	8 02	12.77	21 00	25.49	27.66	5.76	5.76	5.76	10 72	15 29	18.52	11 63	15 68	28.65	5
American Indian	411	5 51	11.36	20 06	23.46	26.23	29 19	48.48	53.23	54 93	54.93	56.06	16.88	20 35	9 22	5
bility level ²						, I										
Lower 25 percent	3.48	4.20	4.94	5 91	7.14	9 27	1.47	3 80	4 12	4.68	4.98	5 14	6 02	8.71	2 98	7
Middle 50 percent	8 23	984	11 63	14.73	17.15	19.15	8.70	17 75	19,15	20.77	21 54	22.05	10.83	15.06	15 53	9
Upper 25 percent	7 04	8 76	10.28	13.43	16 77	18.68	31.76	47 94	50.04	51.81	52.61	53 56	9 32	12 18	41 82	5
igh school grades																
A	7 89	8 72	9.72	13.52	16.95	19 02	41.94	57 21	59 27	59.82	60 20	60 65	8.17	11 29	48 95	3
A to B	7 40	9.45	10 91	12.95	14 93	16 95	23 48	38 04	39.31	40 94	41 50	42 37	12.61	15 92	28 54	7
B	7.07	8.12	9.88	11 74	14.91	16.79	12 31	22 75	24.92	26 16	27.02	28 02	9 72	14.00	18 49	9
B to C	6.79	8.58	10.21	12 83	15.63	18.15	6.00	13.10	14.29	16 08	17 04	17.46	9.65	12 47	8.95	8
C	2 58	3 99	5 22	774	9 27	12.77	2.37	5.40	6 09	6 82	7 20	7.74	5.41	9 97	2 50	7
D	3 22	3.51	5 04	6 97	8 00	9.74	1 08	281	3 61	4 26	4 5 1	451	2 96	7 63	1 26	3 6
gh school program						ļ						j	!	Ì		
General	5 43	6 90	8 04	10.07	11 91	14.68	5 57	10 77	11 96	13 12	13 73	14 21	8 50	1204	9 96	8
Academic	7.96	9 79	11 64	15.00	18 50	20 88	27 50	43.56	45 58	47.42	48 21	49 08	10 24	13 96	37.40	6
Vocational/technical	4.71	5. 5 3	6 78	7 88	9 22	10 93	1 29	3.69	4 29	4.68	5 15	5.39	9 08	12 60	3 44	9
ocioeconomic status 4			ĺ				1									
Lower 25 percen'	4.19	5.30	6.72	8 19	9 91	12 38	5.02	8.89	10.08	11 00	11 55	11 97	7 12	10 06	6.84	7
Middle 50 percent	7.22	8 64	10 08	12 41	15 08	17 40	10.92	19.17	20 28	21 77	22 39	23 04	10 01	13 89	15 56	8
Upper 25 percent	6 73	8 67	10 28	13 69	16 40	18.75	29 15	45 61	47 86	49 10	49.93	50 58	9 88	13.36	38 25	6

¹ Incl. les licenses, awards, and associate degree programs of 1 to 2 years duration

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond and National Longitudinal Study surveys, unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared November 1988)



² Ability level as measured by a test battery administered as part of the High School and Beyond survey

³ Low C or D grade average ⁴ Socioeconomic status as measured by a composite score on perental education, family income, father's occupa-

^{&#}x27;% a. d nousehold characteristics

Table 257.—Changes In scores on Graduate Record Examination (GRE) and professional school admission tests: 1964 to 19871

	Change in standa	rd deviation units
Magnitude of change and test	Long-term (1964-1987)	Short-term (1976-1987)
1	2	3
Moderate increase (+0.20 to +0.39)		
Mathematics (GRE ^a area test)	+037	+012
LSAT 4 (1975-1982)	+021	+012
Small increase (+0.10 to +0.19)	+021	_
Biology (MCAT ⁶ subtest, 1977–1982)	.015	
Physics (GRE area test)	+015	
GRE quantitative	+013	-0.10
No change (-0.09 to +0.09)	+0.12	+0.26
Chemistry (GRE area test)	+001	-0 01
Engineering (GRE area test)	+0.01	+0.23
Biology (GRE area test)	-001	-008
Chemistry (MCAT subtest; 1977-1982)	-0 06	_
Computer science	-	+0.07
Economics (GRE area test)	-010	+0.07
Reading (MCAT subtest; 1977–1982)	-0.10	-
GMAT *	-0.16	_
Education (GRE area test)	-0.18	+0.13
Moderate decline (-0.20 to -0.39)	_0.10	T 0.10
Psychology (GRE area test)	-021	+0.04
MCAT quantitative (1977-1982)	-0.22	+0.04
Music (GRE area test)	-0.22 -0.22	+0.05
Geology (GRE area test; 1967-1987)		,
arge decline (-0.40 to -0.74)	-031	-0 08
GRE verbal	0.40	0.40
English literature (GRE area test)	-042	-0 10
Franch (GBE sept test) 1984-1970)	-0 67	-0.06
French (GRE area test; 1964-1979)	-0.68	
History (GRE area test)	-074	-0 08
Sociology (GRE area test)	-104	-0 22
Political science (GRE area test)	-1.14	-0.23

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Institute of Education, *The Standardized Test Scores of College Graduates, 1964-1982,* 1985, and National Center for Education Statistics, *The Condition of Education, 1988* (This table was prepared May 1989.)



Test score changes are for these years unless indicated otherwise
 Computed as the change in scale points divided by the mean standard deviation for the entire period

3 GRE-Graduata Record Examination

LSAT-Law School Admissions Test
 MCAT-Medical College Admission Test

GMAT-Graduate Management Admissions Test
 —Data not available

Table 258.—Average undergraduate tuition an⊈ fees and room and board rates¹ in institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution: 1964–65 to 1987–88

		Total tuition	n, room, a	and bose	1	Tu	tion and re	quired fe	es (in-Sta	ite)		Dorr	nitory roo	ms			Board	(7-day b	asis)	
Year and control of institution	All	4 -yea	ar instituti	ons		Ali	4-yea	r instituti	ons		All	4-yea	ar instituti	ons		All	4-yea	ar ınstituti	ons	
I I SULCION	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer- sities	Other 4-year	2-year	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer-	Other 4-year	2-year	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer- sities	Other 4-year	2-year	institu- tions	All 4-year	Uiver- sities	Other 4-year	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
All institutions																				
1976-77	\$2,275 2,411	\$2,577 2,725	\$2,647 2,777	\$2,527 2,685	\$1,598 1,703	\$924 984	\$1,218 1,291	\$1,210 1,269	\$1,223 1,305	\$346 378	\$603 645	\$611 654	\$649 691	\$584 628	\$503 525	\$748 781	\$748 780	\$788 818	\$719 752	\$750 801
1978-79	2,587	2,917	2,967	2,879	1,828	1,073	1,397	1,370	1,413	411	688	696	737	667	575	826	825	860	800	842
1979-80 1980-81	2,809 3,101	3,167 3,499	3,223 3,535	3,124 3,469	1,979 2,230	1,1 63 1,289	1,513 1,679	1,484 1,634	1,530 1,705	451 526	751 836	759 846	803 881	729 821	628 705	895 976	895 975	936 1,020	865 943	900
1981-82	3,489	3,951	4,005	3,908	2,476	1,457	1,907	1,860	1.935	590	950	961	1,023	919	793	1,083	1,082	1,121	1,055	1,094
1982-83	3,877	4,406	4,466	4,356	2,713	1,626	2,139	2,081	2,173	675	1,064	1,078	1,150	1,028	873	1,187	1,189	1,235	1,155	1,165
1983-84	4,167 4,563	4,747 5.160	4,793 5,236	4,712 5,107	2,854 3,179	1,783 1,985	2,344 2,567	2,300 2,539	2,368 2,583	730 821	1,145 1,267	1,162	1,211	1.130	916	1,239	1,242	1,282	1,214	1,208
1985-86 1	4,885	5,504	5,597	5,441	3,367	2,181	2,784	2,770	2,793	888	1,338	1,282 1,355	1,343 1,424	1,242 1,309	1,058 1,107	1,310 1,365	1,311 1,365	1,353 1,403	1,282 1,339	1,301 1,372
1986-87 2	5,206	5,964	6,124	5,857	3,295	2,312	3,042	3,042	3,042	897	1,405	1,427	1,501	1,376	1,034	1,489	1,495	1,581	1,439	1,364
1987-88 3	5,510	6,320	6,460	6,220	3,500	2,480	3,260	3,230	3,270	950	1,470	1,490	1,580	1,440	1,110	1,560	1,570	1,650	1,510	1,440
1964 -65	950	_	1,051	867	638	243	_	298	224	99	271	_	291	241	178	436	_	462	402	361
19⁄5-66	983	_	1,105	904	670	257	-	327	241	109	281	_	304	255	194	445	_	474	408	367
1966-67	1,026	-	1,171	947	710	275	-	360	259	121	294	-	321	271	213	457	-	490	417	376
1967-68 1968-69	1,064 1,117	=	1,199 1,2 4 5	997 1,063	789 883	283 295	_	366 377	268 281	144 170	313 337	_	337 359	292 318	243 278	468 485	_	496 509	437 464	402 435
1 969-7 0	1,203	_	1,362	1,135	951	323	_	427	306	178	369		395	346	308	511	_	540	483	465
1970-71 1971-72	1,287	-	1,477	1,266	998	351	_	478	332	187	401	_	431	375	338	535	_	568	499	473
1971-72	1,357 1,458	_	1,579 1,668	1,263 1,460	1,073 1,197	376 407	_	526 566	354 455	192 233	430 476	_	463 500	400 455	366 398	551 575	_	590 602	509 550	515 566
1973-74	1,517	-	1,707	1,506	1,274	438	-	581	463	274	480	_	505	464	409	599		621	579	591
1974-75	1,563	-	1,760	1,558	1,339	432	-	599	448	277	506	-	527	497	424	625	_!	634	613	638
1975-76 1976-77	1,666 1,789	1,935	1,935 2,067	1,657 1,827	1,386 1,491	433 479	617	642 689	469 564	245 283	544 582	— 592	573 614	533 572	442 465	689 728	- 727	720 763	655 692	699 742
1977-78	1,888	2,038	2,170	1,931	1,590	512	655	736	596	306	621	631	649	616	486	755	752	785	720	797
1978-79	1,994	2,145	2,289	2,027	1,691	543	688	777	622	327	655	664	689	641	527	796	793	823	764	837
1979-80	2,165	2,327	2,487	2,198	1,822	583	738	840	662	355	715	725	750	703	574	867	865	898	833	893
1980-81 1981-82	2,373 2,663	2,550 2,871	2,71 <i>2</i> 3,079	2,421 2,705	2,027 2,224	635 714	804 909	915 1,042	722	391	799	811	827	796	642	940	936	969	904	994
1982-83	2,945	3,196	3,403	3,002	2,390	798	1,031	1,164	813 936	434 473	909	925 1,030	970 1,072	885 993	703 755	1,039 1,136	1,036 1,134	1,067 1,167	1,006 1,103	1,086 1,162
1983-84	3,156	3,433	3,628	3,285	2,534	891	1,148	1,284	1,052	528	1,087	1,110	1,131	1,092	801	1,178	1,175	1,213	1,141	1,205
1984-85 1985-86 ¹	3,408	3,682	3,899	3,518	2,807	971	1,228	1,386	1,117	584	1,196	1,217	1,237	1,200	921	1,241	1,237	1,276	1,201	1,302
1985-86 1 1986-87 2	3,571 3,805	3,859 4,138	4,146 4,469	3,637 3,891	2,981 2,989	1,045 1,106	1,318 1,414	1,536 1,651	1,157 1,248	641 C60	1,242	1,263 1,323	1,290 1,355	1,240 1,295	960 979	1,285 1,398	1,278 1,401	1,320 1,464	1,240 1,348	1,380 1.349
1987-88 3	3,960	4,320	4,680	4,060	3,160	1,160	1,490	1,750	1,320	690	1,350	1,323	1,410	1,340	1.050	1,450	1,460	1,520	1,400	1,349
Private institutions						į						-								
1964-65	1,907 2,005	-	2,202	1,810	1,455	1,088	-	1,297	1,023	702	331	-	390	308	289	486	-	515	479	464
1965–66	2,005	_	2,316 2,456	1,899 2,007	1,557 1,679	1,154 1,233	_	1,369 1,456	1,086 1,162	768 845	356 385	_	418 452	330 355	316 347	495 506	_	529 548	483 490	473 487
1967-68	2,205	-	2,545	2,104	1,762	1,297	-	1,534	1,237	892	392	_	455	366	366	516	_	556	501	501
1966-69	2,321	-1	2,673	2,237	1,876	1,383	1	1,638	1,335	956	404	_	463	382	391	534	_!	572	520	529



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Table 258.—Average undergraduate tuition and fees and room and board rates! In institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution: 1964-65 to 1987-88—Continued

		Total tuition	n, room, e	and board		Tui	tion and re	quired fe	es (in-Sta	ate)		Dorr	nitory roo	ms			Board	(7-day b	asıs)	
/ear and control of institution	All	4-ye	ur instituti	ons		All	4-yes	ır instituti	ons		IIA	4-yea	er institute	ons		All	4-ye	ar instituti	ons	
	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer- sities	Other 4-year	2-year	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer- sities	Other 4-year	2-year	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer- sities	Other 4-year	2-year	institu- tions	All 4-year	Univer-	Other 4-year	2-year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
89-70	\$2,530	_	\$2,920	\$2,420	\$1,993	\$1,533	_	\$1,809	\$1,468	\$1,034	\$436	_	\$50 3	\$409	\$413	\$ 561		\$608	\$543	\$54
70–71	2,738	_	3,163	2,599	2,103	1,684	-	1,980	1,603	1,109	466	_	542	434	434	586	_	641	562	56
71-72	2,917	_	3,375	2,748	2,186	1.820	_	2,133	1,721	1,172	494	_	576	454	449	603	_		573	56
72-73	3,038	_	3,512	2,934	2,273	1,898	_	2,226	1,846	1,221	524	_	622	490	457	616	_	664	598	59
73-74	3,164	_	3,717	3,040	2,410	1,989	_	2,375	1,925	1,303	533		622	502	483	642	_	720	613	62
/4 –75	3,403	_	4,076	3,156	2,591	2,117	_	2,614	1,954	1,367	586	_	691	536	564	700	_	771	666	60
75-76	3,663	_	4,467	3,385	2,711	2,272	_	2,881	2.084	1,427	636		753	583	572	755	_	833	718	7
76–77	3,906	\$3,977	4,715	3,714	2,971	2,467	\$2,534	3,051	2,351	1,592	649	\$651	783	604	607	790	\$791	882	759	7
7-78	4,158	4,240	5,033	3,967	3,148	2,624	2,700	3,240	2,520	1,706	698	702	850	648	631	836	838	943	800	s é
76– 79	4,514	4,609	5,403	4,327	3,389	2,867	2,958	3,487	2,771	1,831	758	761	916	704	700	889	890	1,000	851	8
^{79–80}	4,912	5,013	5,891	4,700	3,751	3,130	3,225	3,811	3,020	2,062	827	251	1,001	768	766	955	957	1,078	912	9:
0-81	5,470	5,594	6,569	5,249	4,303	3,498	3,617	4,275	3,390	2,413	918	921	1,086	859	871	1,054	1.056	1,209	1,000	1,0
1 -8 2	6,166	6,330	7,443	5,947	4,746	3,953	4,113	4,887	3,853	2,605	1,038	1,039	1.229	970	1.022	1,175	1,178	1,327	1,124	1,1
2 -83	6,920	7,126	8,536	6,646	5,364	4,439	4,639	5,583	4,329	3,008	1,181	1,181	1,453	1.083	1,177	1,300	1,306	1,501	1.234	1,1
3–84	7,508	7,759	9,308	7,244	5,571	4,851	5,093	6,217	4,726	3,099	1,278	1,279	1,531	1,191	1,253	1,380	1,387	1,559	1,327	1,2
4-85	8,202	8,451	10,243	7,849	6,203	5,315	5,556	6,843	5,135	3,485	1,426	1,426	1,753	1.309	1,424	1,462	1,469	1,647	1,405	1,2
5-86		9,228	11,034	8,551	6,512	5,789	6,121	7,374	5,641	3,672	1,553	1,557	1,940	1,420	1,500	1,542	1,551	1,720	1,490	1.3
6–872	9,676	10,039	12,278	9,276	6 384	6,316	6,658	8,118	6,171	3,684	1,658	1,673	2,097	1,518	1,266	1,702	1,708	2,063	1,587	1,4
7-88 ³	10,390	10,800	13,220	9,970	6,790	6,820	7,200	8,770	6,670	3,910	1,760	1,780	2,250	1,610	1,360	1,810	1,820	2,200	1,690	1.5

¹ Room and roard data are estimated

NOTE -- Data are for the entire academic year and are average charges paid by students. Tution and fees were weighted by the number of full-time-equivalent undergraduates but are not adjusted to reflect student residency. Room

and board were based on full-time students. The data have not been adjusted for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar. Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, "Institutional Characteristics of Colleges and Universities" and "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). "Fall Enrollment", and College Board, news release, August 7, 190." (This table was prepared June 1989)



⁸ Becaus: of revisions in data collection procedures, figures are not entrely comparable with those for previous years in particular, data on board rates are somewhat higher than earlier years because they reflect a basis of 20 meals per week rather than meals served 7 days per week. Since many instructions serve fewer than 3 meals each day, the 1986-87 and 1987-87 as reflect a more complete accounting of total coard costs. Because of their low response rate, data for private 2-year colleges must be interpreted with caution.

³ Estimated data based on a formation collected by the College Board. See footnote 2

⁻Data not available

Table 259.—Average undergraduate tuition and fees and room and board rates' in institutions of higher education, by control of institution and by State: 1986-87

		Public	4-year			Private	4-year		2-year, tu	uition on
State	Total	Tuition (in-State)	Room	Board	Total	Tuition	Room	Board	Public	Privat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	\$4,138	\$1,414	\$1,323	\$1,401	\$10,039	\$6,858	\$1,673	\$1,708	\$660	\$3,6
Alabama	3,406	1,275	1.043	1,088	6,777	4,316	1,172	1,289	666	2,7
Alaska	3,983	975	1,429	1,579	7,245	3,719	1,589	1,937	824	,,
Arizona	3,832	1,136	1,361	1,335	4,530	2,462	923	1,145	358	
Arkansas	2,793	931	784	1,078	5,287	3,310	792	1,185	472	2.0
California	5,139	1,031	1,986	2,172	11,782	8,073	1,689	2,020	96	4,6
Colorado	4,438	1,482	1,373	1,583	10,689	7,913	1.376	1,400	623	
Connecticut	4,317	1,527	1,370	1,420	12,567	8,534	1,964	2.069	573	7.3
Delaware	-,	906	1,120	.,	5,811	2,794	1,461	1,556	932	/,0
District of Columbia	_	634	.,.20	_	11,466	7,128	2,370	1,968	932	
iorida	3,870	1,055	1,254	1,561		1,367	2,370	1,500	608	
Georgia	3.623	1 260	050		0.040					
lewaii	4,249	1,369 972	959 1,307	1,295	8,819	5,688	1,492	1,639	799	2,6
Jaho	3,744	1,036	846	1,970	5,153	3,020	1,133	1,000	281	١.
linois	4,450	1,708	1,339	1,862 1,403	8, 53 9 9, 9 55	5,774	900	1,865	690	
ndiana	4,822	1,627	1,890	1,305	9,530	6,560 6,762	1,729 1,349	1,66 6 1,415	866 1,211	3,6 3,8
			· •		·		· 1	·	·	
wa	3,457	1,385	1,008	1,064	8,260	5,847	1,063	1,350	1,057	3,
ansas	3,529	1,271	1,143	1,115	6,349	4,121	985	1,243	537	3,4
entucky	3,273	1,152	889	1,232	6,380	3,868	1,077	1,435	540	3,
ouisiana	3,575 4,535	1,341 1,561	1,051 1,476	1,183 1,498	10,359	6,812	1,765	1,782	619	•
		1,301	1,470	1,489	12,674	9,032	1,767	1,875	880	2,0
leryland	5,325	1,682	1,889	1,754	11,140	7,274	1,914	1,952	906	4,0
assachusetts	4,220	1,388	1,294	1,538	13,474	8,953	2,312	2,209	750	5,€
lichigan	4,738	1,877	1,212	1,649	7,727	5,093	1,208	1,426	917	3,6
Innesota	4,005 3,865	1,814	1,113 1,050	1,078 1,212	9,436 5,535	6,843 3,890	1,223 655	1,370 990	1,229 489	1,9 1,7
					٥,555	3,090	655	990	409	1,4
lissouri	3,406	1,277	1,162	967	8,162	5,474	1,312	1,376	524	3,7
lontana	4,118	1,205	1,205	1,708	6,364	3,867	924	1,573	423	9
lebraska	3,342	1,292	870	1,180	7,536	5,090	1,171	1,275	740	3,1
lew Hampshire	3,527 4,534	988 2,190	1,302 1,424	1,237 920	4,900 12,337	3,100	1,800		573	
•				920	12,337	8,401	1,995	1,941	1,514	2,7
ew Jersey	4,920	1,861	1,758	1,301	11,955	8,221	1,934	1,800	733	1,2
M	3,618	915	1,121	1,582	6,504	,649	1,175	1,680	407	
orth Carolina	4,704	1,431	1,642	1,631	11,344	7,364	2,048	1,932	1,340	4,7
orth Dekoto	3,057 3,130	818 1,1 9 8	1,131	1,108	8,004	5,597	1,072	1,335	216	3,6
	3,130	1, 196	682	1,250	5,897	4,162	887	1,048	1,074	
hio	4,835	1,982	1,408	1,445	8,950	6,176	1,316	1,458	1,181	3,3
klahoma	2,925	757	944	1,224	6,151	3,662	1,120	1,369	456	2,2
regon	3,938	1,296	1,052	1,590	10,270	7,122	1,330	1,818	484	_,_
ennsylvania , , , , , , , ,	5,147	2,496	1,408	1,243	10,607	7,140	1,828	1,639	1,626	4,2
hode Island	5,398	1,845	1,803	1,750	11,941	8,187	1,952	1,802	844	·
outh Carolina	4,224	1,733	.,105	1,386	7,023	4,534	1,279	1.210	645	2,7
outh Dakota	3,408	1,409	798	1,201	7,800	5,202	1,133	1,465	<u></u>	3,9
ennessee	3,375	1,133	1,029	1,213	7,696	5,075	1,391	1,230	660	2,3
exas	3,853	885	1,443	1,525	8,569	5,510	1,308	1,751	300	2,3 2,1
tah	3,949	1,159	1,638	1,152	0,309	1,498		1,731	884	۲,۱
ermont	6,357	2,942	1,988	1,427	0.360	1	1 504	1 440	i i	
irginia	4,983	2,070	1,482	1,427	9,369 8,875	6,393	1,534	1,442	1,966	4,8
/ashington	3,940	1,339	1,268	1,333	10,109	5,724	1,672	1,479	775	4,64
Vest Virginia	4,106	1,003	1,627	1,333	8,989	6,837	1,611	1,661	654	4 0
/isconsin	3,597	1,271	1,126			6,164	1,235	1,590	517	1,3
hamina	3,387	778	1,088	1,200	8,968	6,055	1,303	1,610	887	•
ryoming	- 1	//0	1,000	-	-	-		-	516	

¹ Preimmary data

NOTE —Data are for the entire academic year and are average charges. Tuition and fees were weighted by the number of full-time-equivalent undergraduates but are not adjusted to reflect student residency. Room and board are based on full-time students.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" and "Institutional Characteristics of Colleges and Universities" surveys. Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment", and College Board, College Costs. 1986–87 (This table was prepared April 1988)



⁻Data not reported or not applicable

Table 260.—Percent of undergraduates enrolled in fail 1986 and average amount awarded per student, by type and source of aid and selected student characteristics

	T											_	
Selected student	Enrollment of under-		Any aid		<u> </u>	Grants			Loans			Work stud	ty
characteristics	graduates,1 in thousands	Total 2	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
					Pe	ercent of a	II undergra	aduates r	eceiving a	ıd			
All undergraduates	11,213	45,5	34.9	28,8	37,6	24,6	27,2	24,4	23.3	1,6	6,1	4.7	1.6
Men	5,035	44 5	34 1	27.8	36.5	23 6	2€.4	23.9	229	14	5.6	42	1.7
Women	6,179	463	35.6	29.7	38.6	25 5	27 9	24.9	£0.7	1.7	66	5.0	1.8
White, non-Hispanic		433	32.0	28 4	35.1	20 9	26 8	23.6	22 6	1.6	5.6	4.1	1 8
Black, non-Hispanic		63 8	55.7	33.2	56 6	470	31.2	35 0	32 7	26	9.8	86	17
Hispanic		47.8	40 9	27 2	41 1	33.2	25.9	240	23.4	1.0	58	4.5	1.3
Asian American		40.5	33 3	28 5	36.2	27.0	27.7	18 4	18.1	1.0	76	6.2	1.6
	112	48 9	40 3	28 7	412	35 0	26.1	19 7	18 5	11	68	5.3	2.1
Age	0.700					_							
23 years old or younger 24 to 29 years old		50 0	390	33.5	41 2	26.5	31.8	28 7	276	18	8.4	6.3	2.5
30 years old or over	1,897 2,548	42.8 35.4	34 2 24.8	21 9 21 7	34.4 30.6	25.5 19 2	198	22 5	21 2	19	36	29	0.8
Marital starus	2,540	35.4	24.0	217	30.6	192	20.7	14.4	13 6	0.9	2.0	1.6	0.5
Married	2.714	35 4	24.6	20.0	20.5	40.4						_	
Not married 3	8,500	48.7	24.6 38 3	20.0 31 7	29 5 40 2	18 1 26 8	188	153	14.3	1.2	20	1.7	0.4
Attendance status	5,500	40.7	30 3	317	40 2	20 0	29.9	27 3	, 26 2	17	75	5.6	2.2
Full-time	3.997	58.3	47 4	07.0	40.0								
Part-time	4,216	24 4	144	37.3 15 0	48 2 20 3	33.2 10 6	35.4 13.8	34 2	33 0 7 4	20	9.2	6.9	2.7
Dependency status	4,2.0	-77		130	203	100	136	8 4	′ 4	11	11	0 9	0.3
Dependent	6.975	45 2	33 9	30 7	36.5	21 7	20.4	25.0					
Independent	4,239	46 4	37 1	26 0	39.5	29 7	29.1 24.5	25 3 23 3	24.2 22 2	16 15	74	5 4	2.3
Housing status	,,000	70 7	٠.١	200	33 3	23,	243	23 3	22.2	13	4.1	3.4	0.9
School-owned	2,220	63 8	49 1	48.0	53.3	30 9	45.6	413	39 9	25	400	120	
Off-campus, not with	-,			40.0	00.0	30 3	43.0	413	39 9	25	163	12.0	5.2
parents	5,652	42 3	32 7	24.7	34 9	23.9	23 1	22 1	21.1	15	4.1	32	0.9
With parents	3,342	38 6	29 3	233	31.9	21 8	22.1	17 1	16 2	11	29	2.2	0.9
		•	Α	verage 19	86-87 av	vard for fu	II-time, full	-year un	dergradual	es enrolle	ed in fall	1986	
All full-time, full-year	-	1	Т					<u> </u>					
undergraduates	5,621	\$3,813	\$2,973	\$2,113	\$2,630	\$1,598	\$2,033	\$2,456	\$2,425	\$1,723	\$1,077	\$1,002	\$1,105
Sex		ŀ		1		,			12,120	* 1,7.22	1,,	* 1,002	* 1,100
Men	2,632	3,964	3,127	2,202	2,788	1,756	2,125	2,539	2,504	1,747	1,096	1,012	1,118
	2,989	3,690	2,849	2,043	2,504	1,474	1,960	2,388	2,360	1,707	1,065	995	1,095
Race/ethnicity White, non-Hispanic						1	- 1	ŀ			1		
Black, non-Hispanic	4,454	3,716	2,970	2,043	2,525	1,554	1,953	2,484	2,441	1,879	1,044	983	1,029
Hispanic	492 333	4,126 3,817	3,132 2,741	2,308	2,827	1,785	2,248	2,257	2,299	1,141	1,170	1,003	1,632
Asian American	299	4,374	2,903	2,161 2,546	2,728 3,280	1,518 1,640	2,129	2,439	2,420	-1	1,186	1,163	1,214
American Indian	44	4,201	3,020	2,413	3,299	1,859	2,474 2,556	2,478 2,762	2,464 2,762	_	1,206	1,082	1,443
Age		.,	5,000	2,710	0,200	1,000	2,330	2,702	2,702		-	-	
23 years old or younger	4,459	3,853	2,912	t 2.229	2.697	1,531	2,146	2 200	2.000	4 000	4.000	070	4 400
24 to 29 years old	624	3,810	3,265	1,724	2,440	1,757	1,646	2,390 2,708	2,363 2,664	1,688 1,657	1,063 1,166	976 1,136	1,102 1,200
30 years old or over .	538	3,535	3,033	1,529	2,366	1.791	1,442	2,643	2,598	2,102	1,146	1,152	1,200
Mantal status		ĺ			-,	., -	.,	5,5.5	2,000	2,102	.,	1,102	
Married	634	3,478	3.034	1,690	2,266	1,678	1,618	2.666	2,623	1,905	1,042	1,085	782
Not marned 3	4,988	3,858	2,964	2,158	2,677	1,584	2,075	2,429	2,400	1,695	1,080	996	1,122
Dependency status		1		į				-, ,	-, ,,,,,	.,555	.,500	500	.,
Dapendent	4,404	3,762	2,828	2,254	2,664	1,448	2,179	2,402	2,377	1,701	1.038	952	1,080
Independent	1,217	3,939	3,277	1,655	2,546	1,842	1,558	2,584	2,541	1,778	1,206	,,151	1,214
lousing status		-							-,		.,		.,
School-owned	1,844	4,650	3,280	2,788	3,311	1,728	2,677	2,448	2,393	1,951	1,026	906	1,115
Off-campus, not with									-,	,,,,,,,	.,		.,
parents	2,079	3,708	3,132	1,715	2,431	1,735	1,640	2,520	2,494	1,650	1,194	1,170	1,144
With parents .	1,698	2,757	2,256	1,532	1,942	1,214	1,488	2,330	2,341	1,399	1,033	996	994



Table 260.—Percent of undergraduates enrolled in fall 1986 and average amount awarded per student, by type and source of aid and selected student characteristics—Continued

Selected student	Enrollment of under-		Any aid			Grants		<u> </u>	Loans			Work stud	ty
characteristics	graduates,1 in thousands	Total 2	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			-	Avera	dergraduates enrolled in fail 1986								
All other under-												<u> </u>	
graduates 4	5,592	\$2,199	\$2,203	\$1,145	\$1,458	\$1,223	\$1,079	\$2,121	\$2,121	\$1,197	\$9 13	\$856	\$949
Sex	l				•			,	,	.,	40.0	4333	
Men	2,403	2,259	2.172	1,340	1,593	1.315	1,245	2,109	2.062	1,424	990	899	957
Women	3,190	2,155	2.225	1.011	1,362	1,161	965	2,128	2,159	1,052	866	833	93/
Race/ethnicity	i i		_,	.,	,	.,		2,120	2,100	1,002		033	54
White, non-Hispanic	4.270	2.061	2,123	1,137	1,373	1,163	1,059	0.407	2444	4.077	***		
Black, non-Hispanic	551	2,410	2,295	1.026	1,574	1,103	963	2,137 2.007	2,114 2.084	1,277	906	840	916
Hispanic		2,499	2,454	1,142	1,546	1,233	1.132	2,007	-,		1,001	916	
Asian American	273	2.842	2,488	1.520	1,972	1,452	1,132	2,237	2,271 2,072	_	_		_
American Indian	68	2,126	1,893	1,520	1,834	1,236	1,473	2,130	2,072	_	_	_	_
Age		-,	,,,,,,,,		.,	.,				_	_	_	-
23 years old or younger	2.310	2,525	2,282	1,377	1,691	207	1.329	2044	0.057	4 00 4			
24 to 29 years old	1,273	1,917	2.089	893	1,234	1,216	807	2,044	2,057	1,084	890	802	995
30 years old or over	2,010	1.939	2,158	992	1,234	1.257	917	2,08 2,344	2,103 2,2 9 7	1,281 1,385	1,008	1,037	-
Marital status	2,0.0	.,000	2,100	932	1,507	1,237	917	2,344	2,201	1,365	9 25	_	-
Married	2.080	4 005	0.000	4 000	أميما								i
Not married 3	3.512	1, 80 5 2,388	2,068	1,008	1,216	1,221	898	2,313	2,263	1,547	936	_	_
	3,512	2,300	2,254	1,215	1,581	1,225	1,173	2,061	2,080	1,076	910	849	946
Dependency status		İ		ļ	ľ		1						
Dependent	2,571	2,383	2,207	1,400	1,637	1,170	1,358	2,059	2,067	1,154	922	839	1,020
Independent	3,021	2,070	2,206	953	1,344	1,262	874	2,176	2,169	1,259	900	882	
Housing status		j		İ	İ								
School-owned	376	3,469	2,553	2.010	2,364	1,268	1,957	2,120	2.048	1.489	906	801	975
Off-campus, not with			- 1			.,	.,	_,	-,- /0	,,400	550		9/3
parents	3,573	2,000	2,167	952	1,298	1,223	870	2.147	2,159	1,142	861	821	921
With parents	1,643	2,159	2,129	1.168	1.485	1.207	1.144	2.064	2.086	1.186	1.094	1,123	-

¹Numbers of undergraduates may not equal figures reported in other tables, since

NOTE -Because of rounding and/or the fact that some students receive aid from multiple sources, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Undergraduate Financing of Postsecondary Education. A Report of the 1987 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study. (This table was prepared February 1989.)



these data are based on a sample survey
2 includes students who reported they were awarded aid, but did not specify the

³ Includes students who were single, separated, divorced, or widowed 4 Enrollment data include persons whose attendance status was not reported

⁻Data not available

Table 261.—Undergraduates enrolled in fall 1986, by aid status and source of aid during 1986-87, and control and ievei of institution

	N	_		\id status, 1986-8	37, in percents						
Control and level of institution	Number of undergraduates, fall 1986 1	Managed	Receiving aid, by source								
	TAII 1900 .	Nonaided	Any aid ²	Federal	State	Institutional	Other 8				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7					
All institutions	11,213,432	£4.5	45.5	34.9	14.8	14.0	6.8				
ublic	8,572,090	620	38 0	28.5	12.5	8.8	60				
4-year doctoral	2,581,556	53.2	46.8	35.5	13.9	14.4	6.8				
Other 4-year	1,681,052	52.7	47 3	38 4	19.2	9.1	5.7				
2-year	4,180,263	71 5	28 5	199	90	5.3	5.7				
Less than 2-year	129,219	482	51.8	41.9	142	53	5.0				
vivate, nonprofit	2,038,949	34 7	65.3	48 4	25 4	39.0 i	11.2				
4-year doctoral	769,069	38.2	61.8	45.7	21.0	37.8	10.8				
Other 4-year	1,119,661	32.1	67.9	50 1	28.5	42.0	12.0				
2-year	133,779	36.1	63.9	47 3	24.5	26.3	7.2				
Less than 2-year	16,441	33.8	66.2	59.4	27.2	3.9	6.5				
rivate, proprietary	602,394	160	84 0	80.6	10.3	4.1	3.7				
2-year and above		17.3	82.7	79.2	18.1	4.1	3.6				
Less than 2-year	378,535	15 2	84.8	81.4	57	41	3.8				

¹ Numbers of undergraduates may not equal figures reported in other tables, since these data are based on a sample survey.
² Includes students who reported they were awarded aid but did not specify the

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Undergraduate Financing of Postsecondary Education A Report of the 1997 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (This table was prepared February 1989)

NOTE -- Because some students receive aid from multiple sources, details may not add to totals

Table 262.—Undergraduates enrolled in fall 1986, by type and source of aid received during 1986-87, and by control and level of institution

	Number				1	ype and s	ource of a	d, 198 6 –8	37, ın perce	ents				
Control and level of of under- institution of under- graduates, fall 1986 '	of under-	Any aid				Grants			Loans			Work-study		
	Total 2	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal	Non- Federal	Total	Federal 3	Non- Federal		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
All Institutions	11,213,432	45.5	34.9	28.8	37.6	24.6	27.2	24.4	23.3	1.6	6.1	4.7	1.6	
Public	8,572,000	380	28.5	23 7	31 5	21 3	22.2	17.3	162	1.2	46	3.6	11	
4-year doctoral	2,581,556	468	35 5	285	36 4	23 1	26 7	27 6	26.4	16	5.8	4.5		
Other 4-year	1,681,052	47.3	38 4	300	38.1	28.1	28 2	24.9	24.0	13	8.1	6.2	2.2	
2-year	4,180 3	28.5	19. 9	18.1	25 4	17.1	17.0	7.8	67	1.0	2.4	2.1	0.4	
Less than 2-year	12 219	51.8	41.9	22 9	46 1	34 8	22.3	19 6	194	0.5	3 4	2.5	0.8	
Private, nonprofit	2,038,949	65.3	48 4	54 1	56 7	29.3	519	40.7	39 4	2.9	14.3	10.2	5.1	
4-year doctoral	769,06 9	61 8	45 7	508	52 2	24.3	47.9	39 5	380	38	130	9.6	3.8	
Other 4-yea	1,119,661	67 9	50 1	577	60 1	32 2	55 9	42 1	40 9	23	16 4	11.3	6.6	
2-year	133,779	63 9	47 9	447	536	32 4	43 1	35.7	34 4	24	57	52	0.4	
Less than 2-year	16,441	66 2	59 4	355	55.5	45 2	33 7	40 4	38.9	1.8	5.0	4.0	1.7	
Private, proprietary	602,394	84 0	80 6	172	60.3	55 7	153	70 7	70 0	21	0.8	06	0.2	
2-year and above	223,859	82 7	79 2	242	54 9	490	22 3	69.3	68.6	19	1.2	0.7	0.5	
Less than 2-year	378,535	848	81 4	130	63 5	59 7	109	71.5	70 9	2.2	0.5	0.5	0.1	

¹ Numbers of undergraduates may not equal figures reported in other tables, since these data are based on a sample survey

NOTE -Because some students receive multiple types and sources of aid, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Undergraduate Financing of Postsecondary Education A Report of the 198" National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (This table was prepared February 1989)



² Includes students who reported they were awarded aid but did not specify the source of aid

³ Prior to October 17, 1986, private, proprietary institutions were prohibited by law from spending CWS (College Work-Study) funds for on-campus work

Table 263.—Undergraduates enrolled in fall 1986, by Federal aid program and by control and level of institution: 1986-87

	Ni. mb as at		Type of Federal aid, 1986-87, in percents										
Control and level of institution	Number of undergraduates,	Any	/\ny	Selected Title IV programs 3									
	fall 1986 ¹	Federal aid	Title IV aid 2	Pell 5	SEOG	CWS4	NDSL	GSL ⁵	Federal aid				
1		3	4		6	7	8		10				
All institutions	11,213,432	34.9	30.8	17.5	5.0	4.3	5.6	20.5	4.0				
Public	8,572, 090	28.5	243	15.5	37	3.3	40	13.7	4.				
4-year doctoral	2,581,556	35.5	32.0	169	4.7	42	76	21.9	3.6				
Other 4-year	1,681,052	38 4	34.6	21.1	5.5	57	68	19.8	3.7				
2-year	4,180,263	19.9	15.1	12.0	2.5	1.9	06	6.0	43				
Less than 2-year	1 29, 219	41.9	33.1	25 6	2.3	2.5	2.4	18.0	9.4				
Private, nonprofit	2,038,949	48.4	44 7	173	8.9	9.6	11.8	35 2	36				
4-year doctoral	769)69	45.7	41.1	130	8.0	89	13.6	33 9	4.8				
Other 4-year	1,118,661	50.1	46.8	190	9.9	10.7	11.6	36.4	3.2				
2-year	103,779	47.9	45.6	25.6	49	52	4.2	32.1	2.7				
Less than 2-year	16,441	59.4	56 1	33.6	7.6	40	0.9	37 6	5.8				
Private, proprietary	602,394	80.6	75,5	46.9	96	0.5	7.7	67.3	4.9				
?-year and above	223,859	79.2	74.8	39.5	9.5	0.7	7.9	65.8	4.4				
Less than 2-year	378,535	81.4	75.9	51.3	9.8	0.5	7.5	68.1	5.2				

¹ Numbers of undergraduates may not equal figures reported in other tables, since

NOTE.—Because some students receive aid from multiple sources, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Unourgraduate Financing of Postsecondary Education. A Report of the 1987 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (This table was prepared February 1989.)

Table 264.—Postbaccaiaureate students enrolled in fall 1986, by aid status and source of aid during 1986-87, and by control and level of institution

	Number of postbacca-			Aid status	, 1986–87, ın ş	percents					
Control and level of institution	laureate students.1	Nonaided	Receiving aid, by source								
	fall 1986	NONARGEO	Any aid 2	Federal	State	Institutional	Employer	Other ³			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
All institutions	1,340,079	43.2	56.8	27.3	5.9	34.8	7.4	3.6			
				Maste	nr's						
Total	852,340	52 6	47.4	170	32	28 1	9.7	2.3			
Public	527,428	55.2	448	14 9	34	28 9	7.1	16			
4-year doctoral	346,540	50 0	500	16.6	34	33 0	74	20			
Other 4-year	180,888	65.2	34 8	11 5	3.5	21 2	63	0.8			
Private	324,912	48 3	51 7	20 3	29	26.8	14 0	3.5			
4-year doctoral	215,047	43 1	56 9	22 9	34	32 5	14 0	4 2			
Other 4-year	109,865	58 6	41 4	153	20	15 5	14 1	2.2			
_				Docto	ral						
Total	184,483	27 3	72.7	17.7	39	61 6	6.5	2.7			
Public	117,528	29.2	70.8	17.3	47	60 9	58	2.5			
Private	66,955	23.9	76.1	18 2	25	62 8	77	3.0			
				First-profe	ssional						
Total	303,258	26 4	73.6	62.3	14.5	37 4	14	8.7			
Public	101,528	27 7	723	599	129	32 6	16	9 1			
Private	201,728	25 8	742	63.5	15.4	39 9	13	8.5			

¹ Numbers of poetbaccalaureate students may not equal figures reported iii other tables, since these data are based on a sample survey

NOTE -- Because some students receive aid from multiple sources details may not

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Student Financing of Graduate and Professional Education. A Report of the 1987 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (his table was prepared February 1989)



^{**}Numbers of undergraduates may not equal rigures reported in other labors, since these data are based on a semple survey

2 includes Pell, SEOG, CWS, NDSL, GSL, PLUS/ALAS (Parent Loans for Undergraduates and Audillary Loans to Assist Students) and the Federal portion of SSIG (State Students) Incentive Grants) program.

³ Selected types of Federal and SEOG=Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants; CWS=College Work-Study; NDSL=National Direct Student Loans, GSL=

Guarantaed Student Loans.

4 Prior to October 17, 1986, private, proprietary institutions were prohibited by law from spending CWS funds for on-campus work

⁵ Does not include PLUS/ALAS

⁶ Includes aid from all Federal departments and agencies except Title IV aid

^{*}Includes students who reported they were awarded aid but did not specify the source of aid.

³ includes aid provided by corporations, unions, foundations, fraternal organizations, community organizations, etc.

Table 265.—Postbaccalaureate students enroiled in fall 1986, by type of aid received during 1986-87, by level of study and by control and level of institution

	Number of			Type of a	nid, 1986–87, in	percents			
Control and level of irratitution	postbacca- laureate		Fellow-			Loaris			
	students,1 fall 1986	Any aid ²	ships/ grants ³	Tuition waivers	Assistant- ships ⁴	Any loans	Guaranteed student loans	Other	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
All Institutions	1,340 '79	56.8	25.2	17.6	20.2	26.5	23.5	13.3	
				Masi	er's				
Total	852,340 527,428	47.4 44.8	22.0 17.4	17.2 19.9	17.3 20.1	15.8 13.4	13.6 11.5	5.0 3.6	
4-year doctoral Other 4-year	346,540 180,888	50 0 34.8	19.6 13.3	23.0 14.0	24.2 12.4	15.4 9.6	13.3 7.9	4.2 2. 6	
Private4-year doctoral	32 4,9 12 215, 047	51.7 56.9	29.3 32.6	12.8 16.3	12.7 16.3	19.6 21.9	17.0	7.2	
Other 4-year	109,865	41.4	22.8	5.7	5.8	15.0	19.2 12.7	8.8 4.0	
_				Doct	oral		-		
Public	184,483 117,528 66,955	72.7 70.8 76.1	31.1 25.1 41.6	38.3 38.3	49 0 52.4	15. 8 15.3	13.1 13.2	4.5 2.9	
	00,833		41.0	38.4 First-profe	43.0	16.7	129	7.4	
Total	303,256	70.0		 -					
Public	101,528	73 6 72.3	30.6 30.0	6.3 7.4	11 0 11.1	62.9 59.9	57.5 55.7	42.1	
Private	201,728	74.2	31 0	5.7	13.9	64.4	58.4	38.8 44.7	

¹ Numbers of postbaccalcureeta students may not equal figures reported in other tables, since these data are based on a sample survey.

² includes students who reported they were awarded aid but did not specify the type

NOTE -Because some students receive various types of aid, details may not add to

SOURCE U.S Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Student Financing of Graduate and Professional Education A Report of the 1867 National Postsecondary Student And Study (This table was prepared February 1989)



Includes students who received employer benefits.
 Includes students who received teaching or research assistantships and/or participated in work-study programs

Table 266.—Scholarship and fellowship awards¹ of institutions of higher education, by control of institution: 1959-60 to 1985-86

[In thousands]

Year		l scholarship i lowship award			nd fellowship a restricted fund		Scholarship and fellowship awards from restricted funds			
	All institutions	Public	Private	All institutions	Public	Private	All institutions	Public	Private	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1959-60	\$172,051	\$59,673	\$112,377	_			_			
1861-62	228,765	78,255	150,510	_	_	_			_	
1963-64	300,370	107,767	192,603	_	_1	_	_	_ [_	
1965-66	425,524	153,256	272,269		_	_	_	_	_	
1966–67	583,390	248,077	335,311	-	-	_	-	-	-	
1967–28	712,425	326,915	385,510	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1968-69	814,755	367,433	447,322	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1969–70	964,594	456,977	527,617	_ <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_	
1970–71	1,098,198	528,243	569,955	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1971-72	1,241,372	621,387	619,986	_	-	-	-	-	-	
1972-73	1,322,411	£56,054	666,357	_ [_	_		_	_	
1973–74	1,396,488	705,691	690,797		[_	_	_ i	_	
1974–75	1,449,542	713,780	730,762	\$631,801	\$267,191	\$364,610	\$817,741	\$451,589	\$366,15	
1975–76	1,635,859	798,515	837,343	686,604	276,334	410,269	949,255	522,181	427,07	
1976–77	1,770,215	859,011	911,204	748,763	291,073	457,690	1,021,451	567,938	453,51	
1977-78	1,839,298	840,666	998)32	818,101	305,563	512.537	1,021,197	535,102	486.09	
1978-79	1,944,599	861,578	1,085,021	883,213	326,201	557,012	1,061,386	535,377	526.009	
1979–80	2,200,468	970,363	1,230,106	904,876	324,224	580,652	1.295.592	646,138	649,45	
1980-81	2,504,525	1,064,864	1,439,661	1,080,614	367,476	713,138	1,423,911	697,388	726,52	
1981-82	2,684,945	1,088,717	1,596,228	1,236,081	374,632	861,449	1,448,864	714,085	734,77	
1982-83	2,922,897	1,188,383	1,734,514	1,478,762	460,291	1.018.470	1,444,136	728,092	716,04	
1983–84	3,301,673	1,276,644	2,025,028	1,738,188	518,626	1,219,562	1,563,485	758,018	805,466	
1984-85	3,670,355	1,374,803	2.295,551	1,961,597	569,058	1,392,539	1,708,758	805,745	903,012	
1985-86	4,160,174	1,575,909	2,584,266	2,285,116	696,973	1,588,143	1,875,059	878,935	996,123	

Includes Supplementary Educational Opportunity Grants and State Student Incentive Grants, but excludes Pell Grants
 —Data not collected

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987.)

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



Table 267.—Pell Grant revenue of Institutions of higher education compared to current-fund revenue and tuition, by type and control of institution: 1982–83 to 1985–86

[abneauods in thousands]

V	Current-fund	revenue	D # 0	Pell Grants as a	Pell Grants as a	
Year and type and control of institution	Total	Tuition	Pell Grant revenue	percent of current-fund revenue	percent of tuition	Distribution of Pell Grants
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1982-83						
All institutions	\$77.595.726	\$17,776,041	\$1.855.879	2.4	10.4	100.
4-year institutions	67,716,926	15,670,373	1,299,503	1.9	8.3	70
2-year institutions	9,878,799	2,105,668	556,376	56	26.4	70 30.
Public institutions	50,412,086	7,295,879	1,257,270	2.5	47.0	
4-year institutions	41,328,037	5,721,599	812.395	2.0	172 142	67.
2-year institutions	9,084,049	1,574,279	444,875	4.9	28.3	43. 24.
Private institutions	27,183,640	10.480.163	598.609			
4-year institutions	26.388.890	9.948.774	487,108	2.2	57	32
2-year institutions	794,750	531,389	111,501	1.8	4.9	26.
19	704,700	331,365	111,501	14.0	210	6
All Institutions	84,417,287	19,714,884	2.119.716	25	10.8	100.
4-year institutions	73,827,400	17,399,381	1,478,158	2.0	8.5	69.
2-year institutions	10,589,887	2,315,503	641,558	61	27.7	30.
Public institutions	54,545,275	8,123,318	1,478,362	2.7	18.2	69.
4-year institutions	44,849,649	6.419.039	962,451	21	15.0	45.
2-year institutions	9,695,626	1,704,279	515,910	5.3	30.3	24 :
Private institutions	29,872,012	11,591,566	641,354	21	5.5	30.:
4-year institutions	28,577,751	10,980,342	515,706	1.8	4.7	24.
2-year institutions	894,251	611,224	125,648	14.1	20 6	5.9
1984-85						
Alf institutions	92,472,694	21,283,329	2,259,538	2.4	10.6	100.
4-year institutions	81,023,952	18,814,449	1,572,771	1.9	8.4	69.
2-year institutions	11,448,743	2,468,879	686,767	60	27 8	30.
Public institutions	59,794,159	8,647,637	1,607,965	27	18.6	71.
4-year institutions	49,325,939	6,849,480	1,052,350	21	15.4	46.0
2-yer institutions	10,468,220	1,798,157	555,615	5.3	30.9	24.6
Private institutions	32,678,536	12,635,65	651.573	20	52	28.1
4-year institutions	31,698,013	11,964,969	520,421	16	43	23.0
2-year institutions	980,523	670,722	131,152	13 4	19.6	5.6
1985-86					}	
4-year institutions	100,437,616	23,116,605	2,565,048	26	11.1	100.0
2-year institutions	88,144,386	20,498,399	1,770,042	20	86	69 .0
	12,293,231	2,618,206	795,096	6.5	30 4	31.0
Public Institutions 4-year institutions	65,004,632	9,430,177	1,873,456	29	19.8	73 .0
2-year institutions	53,746,503	7,539,717	1,214,303	23	16 1	47.3
	11,258,128	1,899,460	659,153	5.9	34 7	25.7
Private institutions	35,432,985	13,677,429	691,592	20	5.1	27.0
	34,397 682	12,958,683	555,739	16	43	21.7
2-year institutions	1,035,102	718,746	135,853	13 1	18 9	53

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987.)



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Table 268.—State awards for need-based undergraduate scholarship and grant programs, by State: 1981-82 to 1987-88

[In thousands]

State	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-88	1986–87	1987–88 ²	Percent change, 1981-82 to 1987-88 3
1	22	3	4	5	6	7	3	9
United States	\$887,081	\$945,898	\$1,024,206	\$1,141,87.	\$1,222,112	\$1,325,984	\$1,408,279	58.6
Alabama	505	1,556	1,731	2,242	2,242	2,120	2,260	347.5
Alaska	329	226	189	241	241	229	240	-27.1
Arkansas	2,283	2,305	2,027	2,355	2,401	2,437	3,244	42.1
California	1,603 86,363	1,866 82,753	2,226 86,031	3,792	4,108	3,800	3,896	143.0
	00,500	62,755	00,031	92,166	112,373	112,770	135,002	56.3
Colorado	7,278	7,485	7,341	8,779	9,282	9,491	9,325	28.1
Connecticut	8,792	8,594	9,371	9,812	11,095	9,094	18,337	85.8
District of Columbia	544	531	548	536	756	875	852	56.8
Florida	1,118 12,302	1,1 7 13,405	759	1,109	1,106	1,059	1,106	-1.1
1	12,302	13,403	12,515	13,967	14,819	14,151	17,186	39 7
Georgia	3,493	3,661	3,683	4,040	4,510	4,946	4,934	41.3
Hawaii	737	550	493	493	604	595	734	-0.4
idaho	496	482	378	509	509	487	343	-30.8
IllinoisIndiana	89,634	93,515	104,384	110,217	122,300	131,788	135,772	51 5
III CHELINE	20,578	19,880	20,380	25,007	26,448	30,512	45,408	120.7
IOW8	15,829	17,259	20,263	22,205	22,379	22,378	28,157	87.4
Kansas	5,004	4,865	4,664	4,841	5,609	5,250	5,430	8.5
Kentucky	6,322	6,316	7,886	8,242	8,758	12,139	12,229	93.4
Louisiana	2,220	1,396	1,693	1,931	2,003	1,818	1,880	15.3
Maine	537	518	477	794	809	1,151	1,422	¹ 64.8
Marylan J	5,921	5,718	5,459	7,361	8.859	7,822	9.051	52.9
Massachusetts	17,071	16,750	25,655	35,937	43,466	56,995	81,854	261.2
Michigan	28,626	30,499	30,753	32,866	57,645	66,864	68,380	138.9
Minnesota	28,019	29,217	46,600	44,900	45,486	65,473	60,000	114.1
Mississippi	1,321	1,297	1,015	1,297	1,288	1,287	1,406	8.4
Missouri	8,941	8,894	8,766	9,128	9,645	9.692	9,835	10.0
Montana	390	400	353	382	440	401	420	7.7
Nebraska	1,119	1,062	860	1,089	1,093	1,042	1,089	-2.7
Nevada	150	402	327	414	414	326	352	134.7
New Hampshire	592	567	536	582	660	623	856	44.8
New Jersey	39,774	45,890	47,980	57,579	65,173	63,978	72,475	82.2
New Mexico	720	1,000	695	1,025	1,461	1,461	1,481	102.9
New York	≥قت,۔۔۰?	299,880	327,320	380,390	363,949	391,989	381,007	35.9
North Carolina	3,299	4,421	3,974	4,449	4,440	4,386	4,559	38.2
North Dakota	872	699	635	702	808	503	540	- 19.8
Ohio	31,864	35,077	41,974	44,800	45,700	47,846	49,400	55.0
Oklahoma	2,265	8,605	6,561	6,487	8,242	8,630	10,493	363.3
Oregon	7,669	8,660	8,546	8,936	9,514	9,204	10,121	32.0
Pennsylvania	77,572	87,644	83,474	88,002	96,800	103,401	109,823	41.6
Rhode Island	5,938	8,696	6,745	7,560	7,856	8,930	9,226	55 4
South Carolina	12,631	12,275	12,588	13,726	15 146	16 249	10.460	00.0
South Dakota	431	531	440	531	15,146 624	16,348 563	16,460 581	30 3 34 8
Tennessee	8,439	7,221	8,700	8.207	9,434	10,618	16,500	158.3
Texas	18,697	21,811	21,438	22,291	19,033	20,990	21,931	17.3
Jtah	1,171	1,174	1,538	1,665	1,131	1,080	1,080	-7.8
/ermont	5,531	8,381	7,039	7,218	7,.'24	8 000	0.040	40.0
/irginia	3,733	4,000	4,075	4,274	4,415	8,088 4,349	8,242 4,420	490
Washington	5,304	5.970	7,530	7,185	8,927	0,022	12,975	18.4 144.8
West Virginia	4,300	4.044	4,376	4,850	5 187	5,157	5,227	21.8
Wisconsin	20,829	23,040	23,011	24,655	27,816	:0,622	34,754	66 9
Wyoming	49	204	204	204	204	204	204	318.3

¹ in 1987-88, 81 percent of all aid was need-based aid, compared with non-need-based aid or other types of aid.

² Estimated



³ Changes may reflect introduction of new programs or discontinuation of axisting programs

Table 269.—Current-fund revenue of institutions of higher education, by source: 1975-76 to 1985-86

Source	1975-76	1977-78	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					in thousands				L

				_	in thousands				
Total current-fund revenue	\$39,703,166	847,034,032	\$58,519,982	\$65,584,789	\$72,190,856	\$77,595,726	\$84,417,287	\$92,472,694	\$100,437,618
Tuition and fees from students	8,171,942	9,855,270	1: 930.340	13,773,259	15,774,038	17,7/6,041	19,714,884	21,283,329	23,116,605
Federal Government	8,477,178	8,968,501	8,302,843	9,747,586	9,591,805	9,631,097	10,406,166	11,509,125	12,704,750
Appropriations	906,477	1.046.632	1,223,429	1.346,835	1,297,832	1,347,259	1,426,539	1,570,590	1,617,510
Unrestricted grants and contracts .	622,676	760,310	965,300	1,126,558	1,173,656	1,225,523	1,332,157	1,474,586	1,658,636
Restricted grants and contracts 1	3,884,694	4,305,864	5,582,997	6,005,317	5,848,329	5,608,619	6,024,108	6,570,045	7,190,345
independent operations (FFRDC) 2	1,063,331	855,696	1,131,117	1,268,877	1,271,988	1,449,695	1,623,363	1,893,904	2,238,259
State governments	12,260,885	14,746,166	18,378,299	20,106,222	21,848,791	23,065,636	24,706,990	27,563,011	29,911,500
Appropriations	11,740,998	14,165,047	17,611,594	19,266,186	20,963,863	22,084,273	23,635,7€	26,373,160	
Unvestricted grants and contracts	57,366	67,926	91,892	84,848	107,630	101,155	120,546	135,139	28,402,288
Restricted grants and contracts	482,521	513,193	674,813	755,188	777,298	880,208	950,683	1,074,712	154,109
Local governments	1,616,975	1,744,230	1,587,552	1,790,740	1,937,669	2,031,353	2,192,275	2,367,212	1,355,102
Appropriations	1,419,543	1,532,093	1,314,368	1,482,536	1,603,904	1,693,399	1,826,590	1,973,284	2,544,506
Unrestricted grants and contracts	18,147	32,257	36,891	29,629	41,055	37,006	43,421		2,153,160
Restricted grants and contracts .	179,285	179,880	236,293	278,575	292,710	300,948	322,264	63,442 350,485	58,975
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	1,917,036	2,320,368	2 808,075	3,176,670	3.563,558	4,052,849			334,371
Unrestricted	796,369	921,703	1,084,041	1,210,903	1,357,419	1,552,294	4,415,275 1,674,942	4,896,325	5,410,905
Restricted	1,120,667	1,398,6(-3	1,724,034	1,965,766	2,206,140			1,944,876	2,111,972
Endowment income	687,470	832,246	1,176,627	1,364,443	1,596,813	2,500,355	2,740,333	2,951,448	3,298,933
Unrestricted	367,941	461,C81	670,841	770,358	906,845	1,720,677 958,392	1,873,945	2,096,298	2,275,898
Restricted	319,530	371,705	505,785	594,085	689,968		1,021,134	1,227,797	1,285,194
Sales and services	7,687,382	9,479 491	12,094,281	13,677,366	15,543,098	762,285	852,811	868,501	990,704
Educational activities .	845,420	882,715	1,239,439	1,409,730		17,024,587	18.467,779	19,701,912	21,274,265
Auxiliary enterprises	4,547,622	5,327,821	6,481,458	7,287,290	1,582,922	1,723,484	1,970,747	2,126,927	2,373,494
Hospitals	2,494,340	3,27,8,958	4,373,384	4.980.346	8,121,611	8,769,521	9,458,369	10,100,410	10,674,138
Other source:	884,298	1,037,719			5,638,565	6,531,582	7,040,662	7,474,575	8,226,835
	004,280	1,077,718	1,641,965	1,948,503	2,335,084	2,293,706	2,839,973	3,015,483	3,199,166
				Perc	entage dietributi				

				Perce	ntage distribution	1			
Total current-fund revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tuition and fees from students	206	210	20 4	21 0	21 9	22 9	23 4	23 0	23 0
Federal Government	163	148	15 2	14 9	13 3	124	123	12 4	126
Appropriations	23	22	2 1	2 1	18	17	17	17	16
Unrestricted grants and contracts	16	16	16	17	16	16	16	16	17
Restricted grants and contracts 1	98	92	95	92	8 1	72	71	71	72
Inder andent operations (FFRDC) 2	27	18	19	19	18	19	19	20	22
State governments	30 9	314	31 4	30 7	30 3	29 7	29 3	298	29 8
Appropriations	296	30 1	30 1	29 4	29 0	28 5	28 0	28 5	28 3
Unrestricted grants and contracts	01	01	02	01	01	01	01	01	02
Restricted grants and contracts	12	11	12	12	11	11	11	12	13
Local governments .	41	37	27	27	27	26	26	26	25
Appropriations	36	33	22	23	22	22	22	21	21
Unrestricted grants and contracts	(3)	01	01	(3)	01	(3)	01	01	01
Restricted grants and contracts	o's	04	0.4	04	0.4	04	04	04	01
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	4.8	49	48	48	49	52	5 2	53	
Unrestricted	20	20	19	18	19	20	20	21	5 4
Restricted	28	30	29	30	3 1	32	32	32	2 1 3 3
Endowment income	17	18	20	2 1	22	22	22	23	23
Unrestricted .	0.9	10	11	12	13	12	12	13	
Restricted	0.8	08	09	0.9	10	10	10		13
Sales and services	194	20 2	20 7	20 9	215	219	21 9	09	10
Educational activities	16	19	21	21	22	22	219	213	21 2
Autoliary enterprises	11.5	113	11 1	111	113	113		23	24
Hospitals	63	70	75	76	81	84	112	109	10 6
Other sources	22	23	28	30	32	30	83	81	8 2
]	2.5	20	30	32	30	31	33	3 2

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not aid to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education," surveys (This table was prepared August 1987)



¹ Excludes Pell Grants. Federally supported student aid that is received through students is included under turtion and auxiliary enterprises.

² Generally includes only those revenues associated with major federally funded research and development centers (FFRDC) Large drop after 1975-76 was caused by a change in administration of one of tive centers.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

9

1985-86

10

12,990,670 1,596,946

6,684,794 4,706,930

1,667,600

1982-83

1983-84

11,262,071 1,279,212

5,947,717

4,035,142 1,362,205

11,967,500 1,424,696 6,296,312

4,246,293 1,536,586

Table 270.—Current-fund revenue of public institutions of higher education, by source: 1975-76 to 1985-86

1980-81

1981-82

6

1979-80

1975-76

2

4,686,171 423,259

2,889,513

1,373,399

493.770

5,819,597 565,422 3,393,765

1,860,410

572,043

7,442,992 819,154

4,088,524 2,535,313 867,523

Source

1

Sales and services **Educational activities**

Hospitals . ..

Other sources

Auxiliary enterprises .

1977-78

3

	1			1					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		In thousands				
Total current-fund revenue .	\$26,834,898	\$31,544,538	838,824,207	\$43,195,617	847,270,822	\$50,4 12,0 86	\$ 54,545,275	\$59,794,159	\$65,004,632
Tultion and fees from students	3,477,536	4,141,965	4,860,162	5,570,404	6,394,813	7,295,879	6,123,318	8,647,637	9,439,177
Federal Government	4,(01,120	4,039,692	5,073,481	5,540,101	5,373,330	5,351,137	5,719,602	6,309,818	6,852,370
Appropriations	731,878	892,333	1,025,663	1,128,101 j	1,087,493	1,142,486	1,215,616	1,349,183	1,401,367
Unrestricted grants and contracts	. 323,023	387,704	470,429	529,424	573,015	598,135	642,117	723,509	616,364
Restricted grants and contracts 1	2,498,271	2,716,693	3,516,235	3,612,197	3,635,947	3,535,108	3,774,093	4,120,266	4,481,723
Independent operations (FFRDC) 2	397,948	42 962	61,154	70,379	76,875	75,408	67,777	116,860	152,916
State governments	11,963,337	14,430,936	17,973,842	19,675,968	21,597,064	22,562,685	24,157,316	26,965,417	29,220,586
Appropriations	11,570,063	13,973,273	17,390,352	19,006,716	20,695,114	21,805,452	23,340,360	26,065,494	28,071,070
Unrestricted grants and contracts .	34,913	42,301	48,740	45,390	63,570	54,547	66,000	71,113	88,779
Restricted grants and contracts	358,361	415,362	534,751	623,863	638,379	702,686	750,956	828,810	1,060,737
ocal governments	1,499,527	1,635,582	1,436,474	1,622,938	1,757,007	1,845,517	1,984,164	2,176,761	2,325,844
Appropriations	1,415,592	1,527,320	1,310,360	1,476,001	1,599,110	1,691,259	1,824,430	1,970,829	2,150,459
Unrestricted grants and contracts	7,258	16,633	17,608	9,915	16,834	12,447	18,856	35,398	27,852
Restricted grants and contracts	78,677	91,630	108,505	135,022	141,064	141,811	140,698	172,534	147,533
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	618,409	775,927	978,697	1,100,084	1,277,049	1,498,319	1,621,468	1,845,606	2,109,782
Unrestricted	59,050	91,320	105,495	110,462	138,118	180,457	204,441	236,385	279,381
Restricted	557,359	684,607	873,202	989,622	1,138,931	1,317,861	1,417,027	1,679,220	1,830,401
Endowment income	96,997	128,796	191,037	214,561	244,070	274,113	3 (5,109	342,833	398,603
Unrestricted	44,590	65,877	98,930	102,888	114,571	129,423	137,945	147,237	181,824
Restricted	52,408	6°,919	92,107	111,873	129,499	144,690	177,165	195,596	216,979
A-1	4 000 474	E 040 E03	7 440 000	0 455 440	0.000.044	40 000 040	44 000 034	44 087 500	40 000 830

8,455,449 943,737

4 614 561

2.897.151

1,016,110

1,207,176

10,392,946 1,158,594

5,501,669 3,732,684

1,191,491

9,620,314 1,071,743 5,122,566

3,426,005

				P6.	centage distribu	tion			
Total current-fund revenue	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Tuition and fees from students	130	13 1	12 5	129	13 5	145	149	14 5	14
Federal Government	149	128	13 1	128	11.4	106	105	106	10
Appropriations	29	28	26	26	23	23	22	23	2
Unrestricted grants and contracts	1 2	12	12	12	1 2	12	12	12	1
Restricted grants and contracts 1	93	86	9 1	8 8	77	70	69	69	6
Independent operations (FFRDC) 2	15	0 1	02	02	02	01	02	02	о
State governments	44 6	45 7	46 3	45 6	45 3	448	443	45 1	45
Appropriations	43 1	443	44 8	44 0	43 8	433	428	43 6	43
Unrestricted grants and contracts	01	0 1	01	0 1	0 1	01	01	01	0
Restricted grants and contracts	13	13	14	14	1.4	14	14	14	1
Local governments	56	52	37	38	3 7	37	36	36	3
Appropriations	53	48	34	34	3 4	34	33	33	3
Unrestricted grants and contracts	(3)	01	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	0 1	(
Restricted grants and contracts	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	o
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	23	25	25	25	27	30	30	31	3
Unrestricted	0.2	03	03	03	03	04	04	04	0
Restricted	2 1	22	22	23	24	26	26	27	2
Endowment income	04	0 4	05	0.5	0.5	05	06	0.6	0
Unrestricted .	0 2	02	03	02	02	03	03	02	0
Restricted .	02	0 2	02	03	03	03	03	03	0
Sales and services	175	18 4	192	196	20 4	206	206	20 0	20
Educational activities	16'	18	2 1	22	23	23	23	24	2
Auxikary enterprises	108	108	10 5	10 7	158	10 9	109	105	10
Hospitals	5 1	5 9	6.5	67	72	74	74	71	7
Other sources	18	18	22	24	26	24	25	26	2

¹ Excludes Pell Grants. Federally supported student aid that is received through students is included under tuition and auxiliary enterprises

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared August 1987)



² Generally includes only those revenues associated with major federally funded research and development centers (FFRDC) Large drop after 1975-76 was caused by a change in administration of one of the centers

³ Less than 0 05 perc∈nt

Table 271.—Current-fund revenue of private institutions of higher education, by source: 1975-76 to 1985-86

				,			_		
Source	1975-76	1977-76	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	9	10

In thousands Total current-fund revenue \$12,868,268 \$15,489,434 \$19,695,774 822,389,172 \$24,920,034 \$27,183,640 \$29,872,012 \$32,878,536 \$35,432,965 Tultion and fees from studenta 4.694.378 5.713.308 7,070,178 6,202,855 9.379,225 10.480.163 11,591,566 4,686,564 12,635,691 13,677,429 Federal Government 2,476,058 2.928 809 3,829,362 197,766 4,207,485 4,218,475 4,279,960 5.199.307 5,852,380 **Appropriations** 124 500 154,299 216.733 210 339 204,774 210,£23 221,407 Unrestricted grants and contracts. 216.143 299,653 372,606 494.671 597,134 600,641 627,388 890 040 751,076 642,272 Restricted grants and contracts 1 1,589,171 2.066 762 2,193,119 2,212,382 2,073,511 2.250.015 2,449,780 2,708,622 2,065,343 Independent operations (FFRDC) 2 665 383 612,734 1,069,963 1.195.113 1.374.287 1,535,586 1,777,044 State governments 297,548 315 230 404 457 451,728 502.951 549,673 295,401 690,914 617,593 Appropriations ... 170,935 191,774 221,242 259,470 268,749 276,621 Unrestricted grants and contracts . 307 666 331,219 22 453 25,625 43,153 39,458 44 060 46,609 54,548 64,026 85,330 Restricted grants and contracts 104,160 97.631 140 062 131,326 138,919 177,522 199,727 245,902 Local governments . 117,448 108,648 151.078 180,661 4,794 167,801 165,836 208,091 216,662 Appropriations . . . 208.451 3 951 4,773 15,624 4,008 4,535 2,140 24,559 2,160 4,455 2.701 Unrestricted grants and contracts Restricted grants and contracts 10,889 19.283 19,714 24,221 24 585 28,045 29,123 102,606 88,251 127,788 143 552 151,646 2,286,510 159,137 161,366 177,951 Private gifts, grants, and contracts 186 838 1,544,441 830,386 1,829,378 2,076,585 2,554,331 1,371,836 2,793,807 3,050,719 3,301,124 Unrestricted 737,319 978548 1,100,441 1,219,301 1 470 501 1.708.491 1,832,592 Restricted... 563,306 714,056 850,632 976,144 1,087,209 1,182,494 1,323,306 1.342.228 1.468 532 Endowment income 590,473 985,590 703 490 1,149,883 1,558,836 1,753,465 1,677,295 Unrestricted 323,351 395,204 867,471 482,412 571.912 792,273 828,969 883,190 Restricted 1,103,570 308,286 3,659,894 267,122 413,678 560,469 617,595 675,646 672,905 773 725 Sales and services 3,001,21 4,651,289 420,285 5,221,917 5,922,784 6,631,620 7,205,708 7,734,412 8,283,595 Educational activities 222,161 317,292 465.993 511,179 691,535 **Auxiliary enterprises** 702 032 776,548 1.658.109 1,934,055 2,392,934 2,872,729 2.999 045 3,267,852 3,508,652 3,804,098 3,969,342 Hospitale 1.120.941 1,408,548 1.838,070 2,063,195 2,412,560 2,798,676 3 005 520 3,228,282 3,517,705 Other sources 390,528 515,676 774,442 932 392 1.127.908 1,277,788 1.478.897 1,531,586

				Pe	rcentage distribu	tion .			
Total current-fund revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tuition and fees from studenta	38 5	36 9	35 9	36.6	37 6			+	
Federal Government	192	169	194	186		1	38 6		38 6
Appropriations	10	10	10	10	169		15 7		
Unrestricted grants and contracts	23	24	25	27	06	06	07		0.6
Restricted grants and contracts 1	108	10.3	105		24	23	23		
Independent operations (FFRDC) 2	52	52	54	9 6 5 4	89	76	75		7.6
State governments	23	20	21	19	46	51	5 1	5 4	59
Appropriations	13	12	11		16	19	16		19
Unrestricted grants and contracts	02	02	02	12	11	10	10		09
Restricted grants and contracts	08	06	07	02	02	02	02		
Local governments	09	07	06	0.6	06	07	07	08	
Appropriations	(3)	(9)		0.7	07	07	07	0.6	06
Unrestricted grants and contracts	01	01	(?)	(3)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Restricted grants and contracts	0 6	0 6	01	01	01	01	0 1	01	01
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	10 1	100	06	06	30	06	06	0.5	0.5
Unrestricted	57	54	93 50	93	92	94	94	93	93
Restricted	44	46		49	49	50	49	5 2	5.2
Endowment income	46	45	43	44	43	44	4.4	41	41
Unrestricted	25	26	50	5 1	54	5 3	52	54	5.3
Restricted .	21	20	29	30	32	30	30	33	31
Sales and services	23 3		21	22	22	23	23	21	22
Educational activities	17	23 6	23 6	23 3	23 6	24 4	24 1	23 7	23 4
Audiary enterprises	129	20	21	21	21	21	23	21	22
Hospitals	67	125	12 (11 9	120	120	117	11 6	113
Other sources	30	91	93	93	97	103	10 1	99	99
	30	33	39	42	45	41	43	4.5	43

¹ Excludes Peil Granta. Federally supported student aid that is received through students is included under turtion and auxiliary enterprises.

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared August 1987)



² Generally includes on!; those revenues associated with major federally funded research and development cen ers (FFRDC)

³ Less than 0 05 percent.

Table 272.—Revenue of Institutions of higher education, by source of funds: 1919-20 to 1985-86

[in thousands]

Item	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1969-70	1971-72	1973-74	1975-76	1977-78	1979-80	1981-82	1983-84	1985-86
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Current-fund revenue	\$199,922	\$554,511	\$715,211	\$2,374,645	\$5,785,537	\$21,515,242	\$26,234,259	\$31,712,152	\$39,703,166	847,034,032	858,519,982	\$72,190,856	\$84,417,287	\$100,437,616
Educational and general .	172,929	483,065	571,288	1,833,845	4,688,352			6.500.101	8.171.942	9,855,270	11,930,340	15,774,038	19,714,884	23,116,605
Student tuition and fees 1 Federal Government: 2	42,255	144,126	200,897	394,610	1,157,482	4,419,845	5,594,095	6,500,101	0,171,842	8,655,270	11,930,340	13,774,000	10,7 14,004	25, 110,500
Veterans' tuition and									ļ					
fees 1,	_	_	_	307,325	3,422		4,847,959	6 644 466	6,477,179	6.968.501	8.902.844	9,591,805	10,406,166	12,704,750
Research 3	40.700	20.658	38.860	216.994	827,263 206,305	4,130,066	4,847,939	5,511,155	0,4//,1/9	0,900,301	0,502,044	8,381,003	10,400,100	12,104,100
Other purposes . State governments 4.	12,783 61,690	150,847	151,222	491,636	1,374,476	5,673,626	7,237,248	9,337,167	12,260,886	14,746,166	18,378,299	21,848,791	24,706,990	29,911,500
Local governments	(*)	(9)	24,392	61,700	151,715	778,162	994,620	1,267,783	1,616,975	1,744,230	1,587,552	1,937,669	2,192,275 1,873,945	2,544,506
Endowment earnings.	26,482	68,605	71 304	96,341	206,619	516,038	560,948 1,356,082	667,589 1,583,704	687,4/0 1,917,036	632,286 2,320,368	1,176,627 2,808,075	1,596,813 3,563,558	4,415,275	2,275,898 5,410,905
Private gifts and grants 5	7,584	26,172	3ز ۱∿۰	118,627	382,569	1,129,438	1,330,062	1,303,704	1,517,030	2,320,300	2,000,073	5,555,556	1,1.0,2.0	-, ,
Sales and services of educational departr lents	_	_	32 /77	111,967	102,525	612,777	739,159	834,060	645,420	882,715	1,239,439	1,582,922	1,970,747	2,373,494
Other educational and														_
general	22,135	72,657	11,383	34,625	88,207 1,004,283	2,900,390	3,308,958	3,734,229	4.547.622	5,327,821	6,481,458	8.121.611	9,456,369	10.674.136
Auxiliary enterprises	26,993	60,419	143,923	511,265 16,288	92,902	2,500,350	3,300,530	-	4,547, 1,522	· · · -		_		
Hospitals *	_	_	_		187,769	619,576	1,006,865	1,436,481	2,494,340	3,268,956	4,373,384	5,838,565	7,040,662	8,226,635
Other current income	_	11,027	_	13,247		535,323	588,322	840,186	884,298	1,087,719	1,841,965	2,335,084	2,639,973	3,199,186
Plant-fund receipts	19,194	82,078	66,209	528,747	1,308,506	-			7,286,363	6,761,466	8,853,540	10,247,333	11,727,629	16,213,426
Federal Government.			22,987	12,358	57.599	-	_	-						
State governments	11,294	30,621	18,404	283,920	319,513	-	_	-				0.005.040	9.703.180	13,661,547
Local governments.		l	2,154	19,373	36,304	_	_	-	6,400,819	5,738,021	7,546,010	8,695,342	9,703,180	13,001,347
Private gifts and grants	7,900	51,457	22,663	72,620 —	196,408 361,112	_	_	_						
Loans, noninstitutional sources Loans, institutional sources	_		_	_	31,873	_	_	_	,					
Transfers from other funds	_	_	_	60,582	228,576	_	_	-	885,544	1,023,445	1,307,530	1,551,991	2,024,449	2,551,879
Miscellaneous receipts.		_		79,894	77,122	_								
Other fund receipts	_	-	44,518	116,932	496,950	-	1		1,312,947	1,438,793	2,612,488	3,351,273	3,646,719	7,794,247
Private gifts, and grants	50,907	63,512	36,376	66,850	209,148	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_
Other sources	_	_	8,142	50,082	289,804						-			
Net increase in principal of funds	_	_	_	-	419,310	367,978	-	_	958,887	1,032,164	2,153,708	2,224,189	2,409,715	7,238,860
Endowment funds 10			_	_	375,178	367,978		_	648,897	757,622	1,874,241	2,030,269	2,147,552	6,792,296
Annuity funds		_	_	_	11,854	-	_	-	52,963	45,420	64,466	48,604	69,429	234,611 211,951
Student loan funds	_	-	_	-	32,279	_	_	-	257,037	229,122	214,999	145,316	192,734	211,951

¹³ uition and fees received from veterans under Public Law 550 are reported under student fees and not under income from the Federal Government

NOTE —Data for years prior to 1969-70 are not entirely comparable with data for later years. Also, some details for 1969-70 through 1973-74 are not directly comparable with data for later years. Details for 1959-60 and 1969-70 have been recised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys. (This table was prepared September 1987.)



² Federally supported student aid that is received through students is included under tution and auxiliary enterprises ³ Income from the Federal Government for research at agricultural experiment stations administered by land-grant and grant the stations are supported by land-grant to the stations are supported by land-grant

³ Income from the Federal Government for research at agricultural experiment stations administered by land-grant institutions is included under "Federal Government "other purposes," not under "research " Beginning in 1969-70, data include independent operations (Federally Funded Research and Development Centers).

⁴ Includes Federal aid received through State channels and regional compacts, through 1,359-60

⁵ Income from State and local governments tabulated under "State governments "

Beginning in 1989–70, the private grants represent nongovernmental revenue for sponsored research, student aid, and other sponsored programs

⁷ Specifically designated or earmarked funds

³ Prior to 1959-80, data for hospitals are included under sales and services of educational activities

^{*} Does not include interfund transfers

¹⁰ Includes funds functioning as endowment, increase calculated on book value

⁻ Data not available

Table 273.—Voluntary support for institutions of higher education, by source and purpose of support: 1949-50 to 1986-87

[In millions]

Source and purpose of support	1949-50	1959-60	1965–66	1970-71	1975-76	1980-81	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total voluntary support 1	\$240	\$815	\$1,440	\$1,860	\$2,410	\$4,230	\$6,320	\$7,400	\$8,500
Sources: Alumni	60 60 28 60 16	191 194 130 163 80 57	310 350 230 357 108 85	458 495 259 418 104 126	588 569 379 549 130 195	1,049 1,007 778 922 140 334	1,460 1,416 1,574 1,175 208 487	1,825 1,781 1,702 1,363 211 518	2,346 2,066 1,819 1,513 204 552
Current operations	101 139	38£ 430	675 765	1,050 810	1,480 930	2,590 1,640	3,800 2,520	4,022 3,378	4,420 4,080
Voluntary support as a percent of total expenditures 2	9.0	11 4	92	6.8	5 5	6.0	6.4	69	7.3



¹ Data are based on a sample survey of institutions of higher education ² Total expenditures include current-fund expenditures and additions to plant value

SOURCE Council for Aid to Education, "Voluntary Support of Education, 1966–1987" (This table was prepared April 1989)

Table 274.—Current-fund revenue of institutions of higher education, by control of institution and State: 1984-85 and 1985-86

[Amounts in thousands]

Otata as attac		1984-85			1985-1986		Percent ch	ange, 1984-85 to	1965-86
State or other area	Total	Public	Private	Total	Public	Private	Total	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	\$82,472,894	859,794,159	\$32,678,536	\$100,437,616	\$65,004,632	\$35,432,985	8.6	8.7	•
Isbama .	1,423,878	1,242,999	180,677	1,583,996	1,401,693	182,303	11 3	128	0
leska .	246,912	235,069	11,842	233,818	221,837	11,981	-53	-58	1
rizona	993,456	941,789	51,667	1,102,778	1,049,493	53,285	11 0	11 4 8 1	3
rkaneas	563,892	498,669	70,203	612,584	539,185	73,399	7 7 10 8	10 4	11
alitoma	11,265,554	7,913,218	3,352,338	12,479,733	8,739,396	3,740,336	10.8	104	
Colorado	1,170,756	1,012,873	157,682	1,252,524	1,085,076	187,449	70	7 1 8 2	8
onnecticut .	1,3, ,667	535,142	788,525	1,430,669	578,866	851,803 15,795	81 98	98	3
elaware .	244,026	229,561	14,465 1,298,860	267,472 1,455,466	251,677 91,842	1,363,624	49	35	5
istrict of Columbia. Iorida	1,387,817 2,354,785	68,757 1,660,841	893,944	2,563,580	1,810,090	753,491	89	90	8
	4 040 000	4 457 711	650 270	2,001,973	1,267,472	734,501	102	95	11
eorg.a	1,818,989 313,166	1,157,711 295,228	659,278 17,958	338,181	318,246	21,915	8 0	71	22
awaii laho .	272,851	224,069	48,582	268,690	235,507	51,183	5 1	51	5
inois	4,938,468	2,312,046	2,826,422	5,388,356	2,560,241	2,828,114	9 1	107	7
diana .	2,044,873	1,532,377	512,296	2,246,524	1,701,421	545,102	99	110	8
we.	1,393,450	1,052,891	340,559	1,473,818	1,109,661	364,138	58	54	8
Onsas	920,111	821,396	98,715	969,800	864,119	105,661	5.4	5 2	7
entucky	1,055,562	873,077	182,485	1,144,602	943,068	201,535	84	80	10
DUISIANA	1,349,261	1,011,370	337,891	1,422,856	1,055,941	366,714	5.4	44	
lame.	339,829	213,880	125,949	362,028	222,824	139,405	8 5	41	10
laryland	1,883,024	1,061,354	821,671	2,059,525	1,144,230	915,295	94	78	11
assachusetts .	4,258,521	938,898	3,319,822	4,715,127	1,075,348	3,839,779	10 7	14.5	1
ichigan	3 229,819	2,785,058	444,561	3,536,657	3,071,172	465,485	95	103	
innesota issisappi .	1,787,424 732,403	1,290,356 667,078	497,068 65,325	1,904,004 800,914	1,373,436 734,813	530,568 66,100	6 5 9 4	6 4 10 2	•
		İ				1			
issouri ontana	1,808,031 201,702	930,851 181,506	877,380 20,196	1,990,157 203,072	1,032,685 181,462	957,472 21,610	101	11 0 (¹)	•
obraska	877,062	525,341	151,721	716,805	554,814	181,991	59	5 6	
evada	158,164	156,918	1,246	187,331	184,883	2,448	18 4	17 8	96
ew Hampshire	419,713	173,231	246,482	458,560	190,462	268,098	93	99	8
ew Jersey	2,050,009	1,318,623	733,387	2,202,815	1,446,098	758,718	75	98	:
lew Mexico	454,858	440,567	14,292	488,858	473,716	15,142	7.5	75	
ew York	8,946,921	3,847,741	5,299,181	9,614,783	3,830,119	5,784,664	7.5	50	!
orth Carolina	2,453,562	1,679,156	774,406	2,668,758	1,857,124	829,634	95	108	·
orth Dakota .	289,108	270,401	18,707	305,356	288,550	18,806	5 6	80	
two	3,577,174	2,827,717	949,457	3 829,888	2,824,411	1,005,477	1	7.5	
kiahoma	951,378	776,181	175,195	1,062,554	873,446	189,108	117	12 5 7 3	
regon	998,558	838,596	159,961	1,069,677	899,709	169,967	7 1 10 4	104	1
ennsylvania hode Island	5,240,681 509,393	2,241,489 200,477	2,999,191 308,916	5,768,204 549,328	2,473,794 213,859	3,314,411 335,489	78	67	•
JIÓGA IBIETIO	308,383	200,411							
outh Carolina	1,052,203	868,386	183,817	1,154,038	957,771	196,266	97	10 3 7 9	
outh Dakota	185,381	136,859	40,522	199,636	147,699	51,937	77 106	131	
nnessee	1,649,516	976,132	873,384	1,823,669 5,571,190	1,104,118 4,558,275	719,551 1,012,915	48	53	
exes tah	5,313,729 798,804	4,327,624 621,338	986,105 177,468	871,219	686,817	184,401	91	105	
				348,710	191,559	157,152	73	66	
ermont	324,954 2,064,098	179,705 1,702,464	145,249 361,634	2,283,382	1,878,151	407,232	106	102	1
irginia /ashington	1,570,271	1,348,070	222,201	1,678,839	1,445,849	232,990	€9	73	
rasnington rest Virginia	433,766	364,577	69,189	457,735	385,170	72,565	5.5	58	
isconsin	1,984,306	1,821,860	362,446	2,139,909	1,781,927	377,982	78	88	
yoming	189,926	189,926	-	208,595	208,595	-	9 6	98	
S Service Schools	854,918	854,918		913,092	913,092		8.8	88	
Outlying areas	815,029	420,641	194,387	682,770	451,734	211,036	78	74	
merican Samoa	2,313	2,313	<u> </u>	2,413	2,413	-	43	43	
iuem	26,555	26,555	_	31,139	31,139	- i	17 3	17 3	
orthern Mananas	1,293	1,293	-	1,350	1,350		-		
tuerto Rico	559,601	365,213	194,387	603,231	392,194	211,036	78	74	
rust Territory of the Pacific	7,208	7,208	-	5,681	5,681		-21 2	-21 2	
/irgin Islands	18,059	18,059	-	18 957	18 957		50	50	

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



Loss than 05 percent
 Data not available or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987)

Table 275.—Current-fund revenue from State and local governments for institutions of higher education, by State: 1982-83 to 1985-86

[in thousands]

				(in thousan	dsj				
	Current-fu	nd revenue fro ocal governme	om State and ents		Current-fund	revenue from S	State and local 5-86	governments,	
State	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	Total	State appropria- tions for public institutions	Local appropria tions for public institutions	State and local appropriations for private institutions	State and local grants and contracts for public institutions	State and local grant and contracts for private institutions
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States 1	\$25,096,989	\$26,899,265	\$29,970,223	\$32,456,006	\$28,071,070	\$2,150,459	\$333,920	\$1,334,901	\$575,65
Alabama	419,892	436,574	568,958	656,823	624,942	5.417	2,933	†	
Alaska	155,172	163,355	171,888	159,781	153,321	233	2,533	20,995 5,796	2,53
Arizona		427,559	476,993	539,054	417,244	105,342	ao	16,197	43
Arkansas	,	203,288	254,883	266,898	256,238	0	0	9,854	19
California	3,729,632	3,700,828	4,412,324	4,943,659	4,150,576	482,598	100	295,002	80 15,38
Colorado	331,247	349,241	369.073	391,468	354,604	44.040	_		,
Connecticut	217,493	238,376	254,872	280,012	259,600	14,018	0	21,369	1,47
Delaware	71,252	74,361	82,250	88,661	85,632	0	1,579	5,831	13,00
District of Columbia	61,261	62,980	67,530	71,781	85,632	67 715	0	2,723	100
Florida	906,555	1,005,790	1.088,802	1,172,112	1,070,305	67,715	0	2,002	2,04
_			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,176,116	1,070,305	4,236	9, 64 6	54,089	33,836
Georgia	495,967	585,964	640,938	689,379	641,490	12,382	4,042	23,046	8,419
Hawan	171,244	169,435	173,951	195,375	192,094	0	1:3-	3,139	•
ldaho	100,551	105,590	114,422	125,338	115,659	5.011	ő	4,416	29 252
Illinois	1,064,568	1,137,153	1,236,560	1,405,622	1,081,259	177.681	14,573	93,649	38,460
Indiana	463,19f)	541,573	584,351	645,880	611,657	748	624	23,036	9,015
lowa	389,922	403.976	444 000	404.040				,	0,010
Kansas	358.529	369,380	444,893	431,840	400,286	17,370	0	11,078	3,107
Kentucky	396,569	442,320	403,293	422,278	344,042	63,25.1	0 (13,632	1,355
Louisiana	501,611	519,896	454,739 572,680	483,027	450,831	3,231	0	28,603	363
Maine	75,010	79,537	92,212	562,205	532,174	1,773	575	26,097	1.586
		70,007	32,212	103,724	99,450	428	0	3,619	227
Maryland	479,223	511,811	564,827	631,471	492,948	76,462	12,089	42.022	7.050
Massachusetts	349,706	385,980	534,697	589,876	534,002	377	1,040		7,950
Vichigan	882,903	986,520	1,077,734	1,215,291	1,053,665	102,766	5,652	26,701 37,584	27,757
Vinnesota	411,248	464,942	494,834	533,573	509,999	123	3,032	15,214	15,624
Vississippi	292,449	326,887	336,717	362,517	330,527	19,837	ŏ	11,886	8,237 268
Missouri	377,295	202 407	400.050					,555	200
Montana	89,311	392,407	433,052	506,246	448,760	34,707	0	20,631	2,149
Nebraska	219,831	97,172 231,625	99,092	97,672	91,805	2,693	17	3,101	56
levada	68,204	71,175	250,531	248,544	209,620	26,210	0	11,325	1,390
lew Hanipshire	37,054	42,624	79,789 45,254	99,841	95,412	0	0	4,414	15
	57,054	42,024	45,254	52,393	48,958	0	0	2,080	1,355
lew Jersey	604,873	656,279	749,962	837,214	662,898	87,548	16,173	40.005	
lew Mexico	178,189	184,746	218,286	221,094	190,781	12,293	0,173	49.285	21,309
lew York	2,223,913	2,369,001	2,517,676	2,726,150	2,026,746	266.277	134,850	17,731 53,100	288
Iorth Carolina	758,820	845,648	972,913	1,074,960	989,528	39,577	2,919	22,549	245,177 20,387
iorth Dakota	114,271	108,993	122,389	118,691	115,679	1,037	0	1,709	20,387
Жи	781,208	919,630	1,030,246	1 100 674	10(0.15		1		
Oklahoma	380,276	355,840	361,638	1,132,673	1,019,197	52,416	7,675	40,731	10,059
)regon	304,287	355,271	363,528	437,693	409,613	8,948	0	18,8,16	296
ennsylvania	766,530	808,788	888,715	394,899	290,669	82,409	960	19,2 '7	1,584
hude Island	87,908	93,039	100,031	961,089 107,265	735,151 101,776	51,067	66,119	56,616	52,135
		,		107,203	101,776	0	1,299	3,769	1,121
outh Carolina	351,638	373,496	446,824	491,802	470,757	10,982	431	d, 29 2	1,287
outh Dakota	55,462	57,051	56,374	65,151	63,037	0	0	2,041	73
exas	357,171	376,541	457,745	528,933	498,786	37	400	21,180	8,524
tah	2,205,158	2,464,751	2,609,730	2,521,860	2,266,662	126,120	40,541	81,070	7,468
	202,693	207,585	242,285	256,997	248,250	0	0	8,703	44
ermont	30,705	32,779	34,006	35,334	22.004		_ 1	İ	• •
rginia	560,821	549,725	708,775	775,474	32,094 738,865	0	0	3,150	91
/ashington	462,151	565,268	601,857	620,383	738,865 588,665	565 202	3,817	26,911	5,297
est Virginia	173,938	189,501	211,013	222,693	212,551	292	0	31,154	272
fisconsin	695,149	741,097	778,723	825,610	638,978	- 1	0	9,431	710
yoming	115,962	114,990	115,366	127,714	113,087	172,835 13,432	5,611	6,339	1,847
								1,196	

¹ Excludes U.S. Service Schools

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared August 1987.)



⁻Data not available or not applicable

Table 276.—Current-fund revenue received from the Federal Government by the 100 institutions of higher education receiving the largest amounts: 1985-86

Institution	Rank order	Current-fund revenue from the Federal Government ¹	Institution	Rank order	Current-fund revenue from the Federal Government 1
1	2	3	1	2	3
United States (all institutions)	_	\$12,704, 750			
100 institutions of higher education receiting the largest amounts		9,373,625			
California Institute of Technology	1	909,701	Northwestern University (III)	51	56,477
Massachusetts Institute of Technology	2 3	493,671 437,557	University of California, Davis University of Atabama at Birmingham	52 53	55,654 55,608
Johns Hopkins University (Md) University of Chicago (III.)	4	342,965	University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston	54	54,307
Stanford University (Calif)	5	278,639	Carnegie-Mellon University (Pa)	55	53,444
U.S. Air Force Academy (Colo.)	6	247,887	University of Colorado at Boulder	56	52,607
U.S. Military Academy (N.Y.)	7	231,751	Case Western Reserve University (Ohio)	57 58	52,178 51,085
University of Washington	8	180,503 171,038	lowa State University of Science and Technology University of Hawaii at Manoa	59	50,701
Howard University (D C) . University of Wisconsin, Madison	10	158,397	Baylor College of Medicine (Tex.)	60	50,218
Columbia University, Main Division (N Y)	11	155,746	University of Virginia, Main Campus.	61	49,117
U.S. Naval Academy (Md.)	12	154,587	University of Georgia	62	49,057
University of California, Los Angeles	13	141,683	Medical College of Wisconsin	63	48,268
Princeton University (N J)	14	139,092	Venderbilt Univ sity (Tenn)	64 65	47, 569 45,713
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor	15	138,804	Air Force Institute of Technology (Ohio)		1
Harvard University (Mass.)	16	135,291	North Carolina State University, Raleigh	66	45,671
University of California, San Diego	17	133,055	University of Tennessee, Knoxville	67 68	45,154 45,025
University of Pennsylvania	18 19	129,115 129,059	University of Texaz, Health Science Center at Dallas Emory University (Ga.)	69	44,546
University of Minnesota, Minnespolis-St. Paul University of California, San Francisco	20	126,830	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University	70	43,975
University of Illinois, Urbana Campus	21	124.879	University of Miami (Fla.)	71	43,725
Yale University (Conn.)	22	124,645	University of California, Irvine	72	43,158
University of California, Borkeley .	23	115,641 113,638	Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (Md) Gallaudet College (D C)	73 74	42,810 41,885
Cornell University, Medical Center (N Y) University of Southern California.	24 25	111,092	Tufts University (Mass)	75	41,044
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill	26	108,965	New Mexico State University, Main Campus	76	40,990
Virginia Commonwealth University	27	99,184	Tulane University of Louisiana	77	40,730
Cornell University Endowed Colleges (N Y)	28	90,630	University of Illinois at Chicago	78	40,376
Pennsylvania State University, Main Campus Georgetown University (D.C.)	29 30	87,729 85,718	Cornell University Statutory Colleges (N Y) Colorado State University	79 80	39,821 39, 09 0
•	31	83,380	University of Colorado, Health Sciences Center	81	38,937
New York University Ohio State University, Main Campus	32	82,677	Rockefeller University (N Y)	82	36,649
University of Texas at Austin	33	80,488	Mayo Graduate School of Medicine (Minn.)	83	36,273
Rush University (III)	34	79,758	University of Massachusetts, Amherst Campus	84	35,561
University of Rochester (N	35	79,447	University of Cincinnati, Main Campus (Ohio)	85	35,279
University of Anzona	36	79,241	Rochester Institute of Technology (N Y)	86	34,983 34,959
Weshington University (Mo.)	37 38	77,500 75,794	University of New Mexico, Main Campus University of Missouri, Columbia	87 68	34,959
Michigan State University	38	70,714	Utah State University	89	33,885
University of Flonda University of Pittsburgh, Main Campus (Pa.)	40	70,575	Texas A&M University, Main Campus	90	33,196
Purdue University (Ind.)	41	69,148	University of Kentucky .	91	32,814
University of Maryland, College Park Campus	42	66,970	U.S. Coast Guard Academy (Conn.)	92	32,69
University of lows .	43	66,232	Indiana University, Bloomington	93	32,244 31,950
Naval Postgraduate School (Calif) Boston University (Mass)	44 45	62.060 61,781	Washington State University U.S. Army Command and General Staff College (Kans.)	94 95	31,95. 31,1 6 6
Yeshiva University (N Y)	46	60,433	University of Vermont and State Agricultural College	96	30,36
	46	60,433	Florida State University	97	29,870
Georgia Institute of Technology, Main Campus	48	59,685	Brown University (R I)	98	20 84

¹ Includes Federal appropristions, unrestricted and restricted Federal contracts and grants, and revenue for independent operations independent operations generally include only the revenues associated with major federally funded research and development centers. Excludes Pell Grants. Federally supported student aid that is received through students is excluded.

—Not applicable.



NOTE -Because of rounding, details do not add to total

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Higher Education" survey (This table was prepared August 1987)

Table 277.—Current-fund expenditures and expenditures per full-time-equivalent student in institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution: 1970-71 to 1985-86

		All institutions		4	year institution	IS	2	year institution	n s
Control of institution	Current-fund in mi	expenditures, ilions	Current- fund expendi-	Current-fund	expenditures, lions	Current- fund expendi-	Current-fund in mil		Current- fund
and year	Current dollars	Constant 1985-86 dollars 1	tures per student, in constant 1985-86 dollars	Current dollars	Constant 1985-86 dollars ¹	tures per student, in constant 1985–86 dollars	Current dollars	Constant 1985–86 dollars ¹	expendi- tures per student, ii constant 1985–86 doliars
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All institutions									
1970-71	\$23,375	\$65,890	\$9,779	\$21,049	\$59,332	\$11,367	60.007		
1971-72	25,560	68,228	9,544	22,851	60,997	11,234	\$2,327	\$6,558	\$4,32
1972-73	27,956	70,867	9,770	24,653	€2,494	11,558	2,709	7,231	4,20
1973-74	30,714	72,722	9,757	26,912	63,721	11,577	3,303 3,802	8,372	4,53
1974–75	35,058	76,464	9,796	30,596	66,734	11,904	4,461	9,001 9,730	4,61 4,42
1975-76	38,903	79,585	9,385	33,811	60 169	44 700			
1976-77	42.600	81,836	9,845	37,052	69,168	11,723	5,092	10,417	4,03
1977-78	45,971	82,784	9,837	39,899	71,178 71,849	12,171	5,548	10,658	4,32
1978-79	50,721	84,769	10,154	44,163	73,809	12,106	6,072	10,935	4,40
1979–80	56,914	86,613	10,205	49,661	75,575	12,441 12,562	6,558 7,253	10,960 11,038	4,53 4, 4 6
1980–81	64,053	87.985	9,977	55,841)	70 704	10.110		1	7,70
1981-82	70,339	87,803	9,740	61,333	76,704	12,449	8,212	11,281	4,24
1982-83	75,936	89,141	9,805	66,238	76,561	12,250	9,006	11,242	4,06
1983-84 2	81,993	91,342	9,973	71,680	77,757 79,852	12,443	9,697	11,384	4,00
1984-85 2	89,951	93,888	10,496	78,744	82.190	12,628	10,314	11,489	4,05
1985-86 ²	97,536	97,536	10,918	85,560	85,560	13,064 13,589	11,20/	11,898	4,:0
Public Institutions	1			55,555	30,000	13,303	11,976	11,976	4,54
1970-71	14,996	42,271	8,534	12,899	36,360	10.000		_ [
1971-72	16,484	44,003	8,233	14,014	37,408	10,269 10,026	2,097	5,911	4,18
1972-73	18,204	46,146	8,463	15,146	38,395	10,028	2,470	6,594	4,08
1973-74	20,336	48,151	8,553	16,802	39,783	10,512	3,058	7,751	4,43
1974-75	23,490	51,234	8,618	19,309	42,115	10,946	3,534 4,181	8,368 9,119	4,535 4,348
975-76	26,184	53,565	8,213	21,392	43,762	10,788	4.700	0.000	
976-77	28,635	55,009	8,663	23,411	44,973	11,248	4,792	9,803	3,978
977-78	30,725	55,330	8,650	25,013	45,043	11,152	5,224 5,712	10,036	4,268
978-79	33,733	56,377	8,978	27,600	46,128	11,543	6,132	10,266 10,249	4,363
979-80	37.768	57,476	8,991	30,979	47,145	11,614	6,789	10,332	4,489 4,428
980-81 .	42,280	58,077	8,743	34,677	47,634	11,455	7,602	40.440	
981-82	46,219	57,694	8,508	37,890	47,297	11,238	8,330	10,443	4,204
982-83	49,573	58,194	8,495	40,616	47,679	11,297	8,957	10,398	4,041
983-84	53,087	59,139	8,594	43,588	48,558	11,384	9,419	10,515 10,582	3,998
984-852	58,314	60,866	9,102	48,017	50,118	11,826	10,287	10,748	4,045 4,384
985-86 ²	63,194	63,194	9,471	52,184	52,184	12,300	11,010	11,010	4,532
Private Institutions 970-71	0.070				1	į	ļ	ſ	
970-71	8,379	23,619	13,235	8,150	22,972	13,680	230	647	6,140
072.72	9,075	24,225	13,427	୪,837	23,588	13,886	239	637	6,033
973-74	10,377	24,721	13,727	9,507	24,100	14,171	245	621	6,191
974-75	11,568	24,571 25,230	13,472 13,560	10,110 11,287	23,938 24,619	13,921	267	633	6,064
975-76.					27,013	13,998	280	611	5,998
976-77	12,719 13,965	26,020 26,827	13,293	12,419	25,406	13,779	300	613	5,406
977-78.	15,246	25,827	13,669 13,599	13,641	26,205	14,168	324	623	5,509
978-79	16,988	28,392	13,721	14,885	26,806	14,138	360	649	5,280
979-80	19,146	29,136	13,721	16,563 18,682	27,681 28,431	14,295 14,529	425 464	711 706	5,353 5,117
980-81	21,773	29,908	12.740	İ				700	5,117
981-82 .	24,120	29,908 30,109	13,740 13,482	21,163 23,444	29,070	14,513	610	838	4,827
982-83	26,363	30,109	13,482	23,444 25,623	29,265	14,336	676	844	4,400
983-84 2	28,907	32,202	14,138	28,092	30,078	14,830	740	669	4,084
984-852	31,637	33,021	14,620	30,727	31,295	15,206	815	908	4,133
985-86 2	34,342	34,342	15,187	33,376	32,072 33,376	15,618	910	950	4,627
1		.,	-,	30,570	55,576	16,251	966	966	4,639

¹ Dollars adjusted by the Higher Education Price Index

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" and "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities" surveys. (This table was prepared August 1987.)

NOTE --- Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



² Expenditure-per-atudent calculation includes only those institutions for which both finance and enrollment data were available

Table 278.—Current-fund expenditures of institutions of higher education, by purpose: 1975-76 to 1985-86

Purpose	1975-76	1977-78	1979-80	1980-81	1961-82	1987-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					in thousands				
Total current-fund expenditures	\$38,903,177	845,970,790	\$56,913,588	964,052,938	\$70,339,448	\$75,935,749	\$81,993,360	809,951,263	\$97,535,742
Educational and general expenditures	30,598,685	36,256,604	44,542,843	50,073,805	54,848,752	58,929,216	63,741,276	70,061,324	76,127,965
Instruction	13,094,943	15,336,229	18,496,717	20,733,166	22,962,527	24,673,293	26,436,308	28,777 (83	31,032,096
Research	3,267,364	3,919,830	5,099,151	5,657,719	5,929,894	6,265,280	6,723,534	7,551,892	6,437,367
Public service	1,238,603	1,425,294	1,816,521	2,057,770	2,203,726	2,320,478	2,499,203	2,861,095	3,119,533
Academic support .	2,472,393	3,129,907	3,876,388	4,273,286	4,656,454	5,086,892	5,531,152	6.074,253	6,667,392
Libraries	1,223,723	1,348,747	1,623,811	1,759,784	1,922,416	2,039,671	2,231,149	2.361 793	2,551,33
Student services	1,624,843	2.034,933	2,566,732	2,908,998	3,176,997	3,461,379	3,797,935	4,178,236	4,562,93
Institutional support	3,615,423	4,142,096	5,054,411	5,772,515	6,471,072	6,950,854	7,763,325	8,587,216	9,350,78
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,082,959	3,795,043	4,700,070	5,350,310	5,979,281	6,391,596	6,729,625	7,345,482	7.605.22
Scholarships and fellowships	1,635,858	1,839,298	2,200,468	2,504,525	2,684,945	2,922,697	3,301,673	3,670,355	4,160,174
From unrestricted funds	686,603	618,101	904,876	1,080,614	1,236,081	1,478,762	1,738,188	1,961,597	2,285,116
From restricted funds 1	949,255	1.021.197	1.295,592	1,423,911	1,448,864	1,444,136	1,563,485	1,708,758	1,875,059
Mandatory transfers	546,498	633,973	732,385	815,516	763,854	856,548	958,321		1,192,449
mailutory valierers	340,480	033,873	732,363	613,316	/03,034	000,040	930,321	1,015,813	1,192,441
Auxillary enterprises	4,476,841	5,261,477	6.485.608	7,288,089	7.997.632	8.614.316	9,250,196	10,012,246	10,528,303
Mandaton, transfers	436,928	431.071	468,044	508,377	524,166	543,105	578,066	597,344	617,171
Managhala	2,695,635	3,597,655	4,757,409	5,433,111	6.234,287	6,986,089	7,379,654	8,010,141	8,692,113
Mandatory transfers	21,475	32,954	50,134	57,963	62,103	103,912	88.447		128.833
								130,892	
IndepenJent operations (FFRDC) 2	1,132,016	855,054	1,127,728	1,257,934	1,258,777	1,406,126		1,867,550	2,167,361
Mandatory transfers .	2,194	18,093	1,178	643	1,376	1,470	2,110	1,899	3,432
				Perc	entage distribu	tion			
Total current-fund expenditures	100 0	100 0	100 C	100 0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Educational and general expenditures	78 7	78 9	78 3	78 2	78 0	77 6	77 7	77 9	78 1
Instruction	33 7	33 4	32 5	32 4	32 6	32 5	32 2	32 0	318
Research	85	8.5	90	88	84	83	62	6.4	6 7
Public service	32	31	32	3 2	3 1	31	30	3.2	3 2
Academic support	64	68	66	67	66	67	87	68	6.6
	3 1	29	29	27	27	27	27	26	26
Libraries									
Student services	4 2	4.4	45	4.5	4.5	46	4 6	4.6	4.7
Institutional support	93	90	89	90	9 2	9 2	9 5	9 5	9 (
Operation and maintenance of plant	79	83	83	84	8.5	8 4	8 2	8 2	7.8
Scholarships and fellowships	42	40	39	39	38	38	40	4 1	4.3
From unrestricted funds	18	18	16	17	18	19	2 1	22	2.3
From restricted funds 1	24	22	23	22	21	19	19	1.9	1 9
Mandatory transfers .	14	14	1 3	13	11	11	1 2	1 1	1 2
Auxiliary enterprises	11.5	114	11.4	11.4	11.4	11 3	11.3	11.1	10.8
Mandatory transfera	11	0.9	08	0.8	0.7	0.7	07	0.7	0.6
Hoepitals	89	78	8.4	85	89	92	ا مُو	89	86
Mandatory transfers	01	01	01	01	01	01	0.1	0.1	01
independent operations (FFRDC) 2	29	19	20	20	18	19	20	2 1	2.2
Mandatory transfers		(3)	(3)		(9)	(3)			(3)
Merusury versions	(2)	(*)	(*)	(9)	(*)	(*)	(3)	(3)	(3)

¹ Excludes Pell Grants

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE !! S Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987)



² Generally includes only those expenditures associated with major federally funded research and development centers (FFRDC). Large drop after 1975–78 was caused by a change in administration of one of the centers.
³ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 279.—Current-fund expenditures of public institutions of higher education, by purpose: 1975-76 to 1985-86

Purpose	1975-76	1977-78	1979-80	4000 44					
1	+			1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	19F '-85	1985-86
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					in thousands		<u> </u>		
Total current-fund expenditures	\$26,183,956	830,725,119	837,767,870	842,279,806	846,218,134	849,572,919	\$53,086,644	\$58,314,550	\$63,193,9
Educational and general expanditures	21,283,002	,146,911	30,627,436	34,173,013	37,170,551	39,707,421	42,593,562	46,873,546	50,872,9
nstruction Research	9,515,985	11,147,758	13.318,733	14,849,822	16,348,109	17,461,536	18,592,391		
Notice	2,154,441	2,583,478	3, 106,633	3,813,350	4,004,955	4,254,947	4,559,531	£0.287,410	21,880,7
Cademic support	1,035,712	1,191,088	1,5 12,843	1,718,924	1,812,148	1,901,541	2,049,032	5,119,191	5,705,1
Libraries	1,765,096	2,259,126	2,785,726	3,029,284	5,198,322	3,548 064	3,809,572	2,316,270	2,515,7
Student services .	824,671	901,251	1,114,447	1,187,116	1,287,812	1,33£.026	1,463,500	4,267,698	4,693,
	1,115,107	1,398,486	1,754,757	1,950,566	7,085,798	2,252,985	2,460,204	1,557,489	1,685,0
Institutional support .	2,364,758	2,625,035	3,135,496	3,563,194	3,957,315	4,185,089	4,679,824	2,684,343	2,921,7
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,158,350	2,664,493	3,267,409	3.661.921	4,104,249	4,390,420		5,191,693	5,867,1
Scholarships and fellows ps	796,515	840,666	979,363	1,064,864	1,088 717	1,188,383	4,577,702	5,040,669	5,177,2
From unrestricted funds	276,334	305,563	324,224	367,476	374,632	460,291	1,276,644	1,374,803	1,575,8
From restricted funds 1	522,181	535,102	646,138	697,388	714,085		518,626	589,058	696,9
Mandatory transfers	375,038	438,781	473,476	501,087	470,940	728,092 524,455	758,018 588,662	805,745	878,9
exillery enterprises .	2,٤	3,344,067	4404.044			-	300,002	591,269	735,6
Mandatory transfers	28	292,208	4,131,944	4,658,140	5,069,948	5,473,341	5,901,869	6,431,577	6,830,2
pepitale	1,609,745		314,236	344,043	349,871	355,461	367,956	387,585	410.7
Mandatory transfers	9,761	2,187,322	2,947,862	3,377,972	3,902,217	4,315,263	4,503,492	4,914,560	5,358.6
dependent operations (FFRDC) 2		15,928	25,458	26,613	27,736	80,187	37,003	69.072	75,5
Mandatory transfers	463,094 315	44,819	60,728	70,881	76,418	76,892	87,720	94,867	131.9
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	315	12,198	775	322	973	738	656	451	8
		_		Perce	entage distribut	ion			
Total current-fund expenditures	1000	1000	100 0	100 J	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100
Acational and general expenditures	81 3	81 9	81 1	80.8	80 4	80 1	80 2		
Instruction	36 3	363	35 3	35 1			+	80 4	80
Revearch	8 2	8 2	90	90	35 4	35 2	35 0	34 8	34
Public service	40	3 8	40	41	87	86	8 6	8 8	9
Academic support	67	74	74	72	3 9	38	3 9	40	4
Libraries	31	29	30	28	71	7 2	72	73	:
Student services	43	46	46		28	27	26	27	2
netitutional support	90	8.5	83	46	4.5	4.5	46	4 6	4
Operation and maintenance of plant	8 2	87	67	8 4	66	84	8.8	89	9
Scholarships and fellowships	30	27	26	8 7	6 9	89	86	86	8
From unrestricted funds	1 11	10	09	25	24	2 4	24	24	2
From restricted funds 1 .	20	17	17	0.9	08	09	10	10	1
Mandatory transfers	14	14	13	1 6 1.2	15	1.5	14	14	1
dilary en amprises					10	11	11	10	1
Manda ory transfers .	10 8	10 9	109	110	110	110	11.1	11 0	10
	11	10	osl	08	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	
enitele				امَم				0/1	0
epitals	6 1	71	78	80	841	87!	اعو	امرہ	_
epitals	6 1 0 n	71	78 01	01	84	87	8.5	8 4	
spitals					8 4 0 1 0 2	87 01 02	85 01 02	8 4 0 1 0 2	8 0 0

¹ Excludes Pell Grants

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National C nter for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987)

² Generally includes only those expenditures associated with major federally funded research and development centers (FFRDC). Large drop after 1975–76 was caused by a change in administration of one of the centers.

³ Less than 0.05 percent

Table 280.—Current-fund expenditures of private institutions of higher education, by purpose: 1975-76 to 1 85-86

Purpose	1975-/6	1977-78	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1965-66
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	L	<u> </u>		-	In thousands				
Total current-fund expenditures	\$12,719,221	815,245,671	\$19,145,616	\$21,773,132	\$24,120,314	\$26,362,831	\$28,906,716	\$31,636,713	\$34,341,88
ducational and general expenditures	9,315,684	11,107,693	13,915,407	15,900,792	17,878,201	19,221,796	21,147,714	23,187,778	25,255,00
Instruction	3,578,958	4,188,472	5,177,984	5,883,343	6,614,419	7,211,757	7,843,917	8,489,773	9,151,31
Research	1,132,923	1,336,352	1,690,518	1,844,369	1,924,939	2,010,333	2,164,003	2,432,701	2,732,22
Public service	202,691	234,206	303,378	338,845	391,578	418,937	450,171	544,825	603,79
Academic support	707,297	870,781	1,090,632	1,244,002	1,358,133	1,538,828	1,721,580	1,806,555	1,973,8
Libraries	399,052	447,496	509,364	572,667	034,604	701,645	767,549	804,304 1,493,893	866,21
Student services	509,536	636,448	511,975	958,432	1,091,201	1,208,394	1,337,731	.,,	1,641,10
Institutional support	1,250,667	1,517,061	1,918,915	2,209,321	2,513,757	2,765,765	3,083,501	3,395,523	3,683,6
Operation and maintenance of plant	924,609	1,130,550	1,432,662	1,668,389	1,875,032	2,001,176	2,152,123	2,304,€12 2,295,551	2,427,9° 2,584,2
Scholarships and fellowships	837,343	998,632	1,230,106	1,439,661	1,596,228	1,734,514	2,025,028	-,	1,588,1
From unrestricted funds .	410,269	512,537	580,652	713,138	861,449	1,018,470	1,219,562	1,392,539 903,012	1,306,1
From restricted funds 1	427,074	486,095	849,454	726,523	734,779	/16,044	805,466	424,344	456.7
Mandatory transfers	171,460	195,192	258,900	314,429	312,914	332,093	369,659	424,344	430,7
adilery enterprises	1,648,725	1,917,409	2,353,644	2,629,948	2,927,684	3,140,975	3,348,327	3,580,671	3,696,0
Mandatory transfers	151,246	138,663	153,908	164,335	174,295	187,644	208,110	209,760	206,3
ospitals	1,085,890	1,410,333	1,809,547	2,055,139	2,332,070	2,670,826	2,876,161	3,095,581	3,333,4
Mandatory transfers	11,715	17,026	24,678	31,349	34,368	43,732	51,444	61,819	53,20
dependent operations (FFRDC) 2	668,922	810,235	1,067,000	1,187,253	1,182,359	1,329,234	1,534,513	1,772,683	2,055,4
Mandatory transfers	1,879	3,897	404	321	403	731	1,454	1,449	2,5
				Perc	entage distribu	tion			
Total current-fund expenditures	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 ປ	100
ducational and general expenditures .	73 2	72 9	727	73 0	73 1	72 9	73 2	73 3	73
Instruction	28 1	5	27 0	27 0	27.4	27 4	27 1	26 8	20
Research	89	٩	88	8 5	80	76	75	77	
rubic service	1.6	1	16	18	16	16	16	17	•
Academic support	5.6	5 '	57	57	56	58	60	57	
Ubraries	31	2r	27	26	26	27	27	2 5	:
Student services	40	42	42	4.4	4 5	46	46	47	
Institutional support	98	100	100	10 1		105	107	107	. 10
Operation and maintenance of plant	73	74	7.5	77	78	7 6	74	73	
Scholarships and fellowships	56	66	6.4	66	68	66	70	73	7
From unrestricted funds	32	34	30	33	36	າ9	42	4.4	4
From restricted funds 1	3 4	32	34	33	30	7	2.8	29	
Mandetory transfers	13	13	14	14	13	13	13	13	
	13 0	126	123	12 1	12 1	119	116	11 3	10
nriliery enterprises		09	0.8	08	07	07	07	07	
	1 12								
Manualory transfers	12	93	95	9.4	97	10 1	99	98	
oop als				9.4 0.1	97 01	10 1 0 2	99 02	98 02	6
Manustory transfers	8 5	93	95						

¹ Excludes Pell Grants

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not acid to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987)



² Generally includes only those expenditures associated with major federally funded research and development centers (FFRDC)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 281.—Expenditures of institutions of higher education: 1929-30 to 197.6-741

[in thousands]

item	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959- 50	1000 70		
1					1969-70	1971-72	1973-74
Current found over a die	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Current-fund expenditures	\$507,142	\$674,688	\$2,245,661	\$5,601, 37 6	\$21,043,112	\$25,559,560	\$30,713,58
Educational and general	377,903	521,990	1,706,444	4,513,208	15,788,699		
General administration and				4,010,200	15,766,699	19,200,505	23,257,36
general expense	42,633	62,827	213,070	583,224	2,627,993	3,344,215	4,200,95
Instruction and departmental research	221,598 24,982 9,654 60,919 18,117 (3) (3)	280,248 35,325 19,487 69,612 27,266 27,225 (3)	780,994 86,674 56,147 225,110 225,341 119,108 (3)	1,793,320 205,595 135,384 469,943 1,022,353 294,255 4 9,134	² 7,653,097 521,148 652,596 1,541,698 2,144,076 6 ⁴ 8,089 (³)	² 9,503,250 615,997 764,481 1,927,553 2,265,282 779,728 (3)	² 11,574,14 730,56 939,02 2,494,05 2,480,45 838,17(
Student-aud expenditures	(5) (5) 129,239	124,184 (⁵) 28,514	476,401 (5) 62,816	916,117 172,050 —	2,769,276 984,594 1,500,544	3,178,272 1,241,372 • 1,939,411	3,613,256 1,396,488 • 2,446,476
irces additions to plant value ?	125,106	ยา.765	416,831	1,314,717	4,232,526	4,162,626	4,312,142

¹ Refer to the preceding table for revired format for educational and general items includes acholarships and fellowships under educational and general. Student aid item previously reported has been dropped.
2 Includes "other aponeured programs."
3 Data not collected separately.
4 Sales and services expenditures.
5 Data not tabulated separately.
6 "Major public service," previously reported in "separately organized research," "axtension and public services," and "related activities."
7 Includes expenditures from plant and current funds, grits and grants of plant ansets, and increases in value due to reappressal and other adjustments.

-Data not available

NOTE -Beginning in 1959-80, data are for 50 States and the District of Columbic, data for earlier years are for 48 States and the District of Columbia Because of rounds ing, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared January 1986)



Table 282.—Educational and general expenditures of public universities, by purpose: 1976-77 to 1985-86

				Edu	cational and ge	neral expenditu	ires			
Year	Tctal	Instruction	Adminis- tration ¹	Student services	Research	Libraries	Public service	Operation and ma:nte- nance of plant	Scholar- ships and fellowships	Mandatory transfers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Expend	itures, in thousa	ands of current	dollars			
1976-77	\$9,413,626	\$3,670,554	\$1,222,410	\$346,966	\$1,727,807	\$331,614	\$763,809	\$857,677	\$377,749	\$115,099
1977-78	10,220,191	4,009,870	1,344,538	388,262	1,896,578	343,198	803,309	938,952	389,682	105,803
1978-79	11,284,191	4,408,025	1,478,568	419,231	2,136,135	363,875	920,726	1.046.740	396,356	114,533
1979-80	12,540,072	4,860,411	1,572,523	473,460	2,444,471	463,642	1,012,376	1,148,942	439,461	124,786
1980-81	13,951,029	5,374,271	1,795,504	525,891	2,743,145	451,978	1,158,512	1,270,339	492,225	139,164
1981-82	15,077,263	5,852,958	1,974,219	566,366	2,903,178	488,939	1,223,417	1,412,557	525,498	130,131
1982-83	16,089,168	6,247,358	2,107,933	604,657	3,086,346	528,470	1,300,353	1,512,947	562,903	137,702
1983-84	17,234,711	6,646,501	2,263 565	643,614	3,295,053	577,136	1,385,191	1,627,702	624,642	171,306
1984-85	18.960,81C	7,257,618	2,598,784	701,451	3,682,755	609,365	1,519,324	1,745,825	677,533	168,155
1985-86	20,716,657	7,807,522	2,882,006	762,324	4,076,258	669,253	1,664,917	1,831,618	780,080	242,679
'				-	Percentage	distribution				
1976-77 .	100 0	39 0	13 0	3.7	18 4	3.5	81	91	40	1.2
1977-78	100 0	39 2	13 2	38	18 6	34	79	9.2	38	10
1978-79	100 0	39 1	13 1	37	189	32	82	9.3	3 5	1.0
197 9-8 0	100.0	388	12.5	3.8	195	37	8 1	92	3.5	10
1980-81	100 0	38 5	12 9	38	19 7	32	83	9 1	35	1.0
1981-82	100 0	388	13 1	38	193	32	8 1	9 4	3 5	0.9
1982-83	100 0	388	13 1	38	19 2	33	8 1	9.4	3.5	0.9
1983-64	100 0	386	13 1	37	19 1	3	80	9 4	3.6	1.0
1984-85	100 0	38 0	13 7	3.7	194	32	80	9 2	36	0.9
1985-86	100 0	377	_13 9	37	19 7	32	80	88	38	1.2
			Expen	diture per full-t	ıme-equivalent	student in cons	stant 1985-86	dollars		-
1976-77	\$10,303	\$4,017	\$1,338	\$380	\$1,891	\$363	\$836	\$939	\$413	\$128
1977-78	10,409	4,084	1,369	395	1,932	350	818	956	397	108
1978-79 .	10,743	4,197	1,408	399	2,034	346	877	997	377	109
197 9-8 0 .	10,639	4,124	1,334	402	ź,u/#	393	859	975	373	106
1980-81	10,467	4,032	1,347	395	2,058	339	869	953	369	104
1981-82	10, <i>2</i> 62	3,984	1,344	385	1,976	3 33	6.13	961	358	89
1982-83	10,255	3,982	1,344	385	1,967	337	829	964	359	88
1983-84	10,446	4,028	1,372	390	1,997	350	840	987	379	104
1984-85	10,635	4,147	1.485	401	2,104	348	868	998	387	96
1985-86 .	11,320	4,266	1,575	417	2,227	366	910	1,001	426	133

NOTE - not this table may differ slightly from data appearing in other tables. This table includes only institutions which provided enrollment and finance data. The Higher

Education Price Index was used to convert the per student figures to constant dollars Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared October 1987)



Table 283.—Educational and general expenditures of public 4-year colleges, by purpose: 1976-77 to 1985-86

		1		Edu	cational and ge	eneral expendit	ures			
Year	Total	Instruction	Adminis- tration ²	Student services	Research	Libranes	Public service	Operation and mainte- nance of plant	Scholar- ships and fellowships	Mandatory transfers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Expend	itures, in thous	ands of current	dollars			
197 6- 77	\$8,682,53{	\$4,027,051	\$1,445,651	\$510,832	\$607,235	\$340,002	\$250,152	\$1,001,848	£200 400	
1977-78	9,568,97 /	4,723,487	1,598,092	572 193	677,414	369,408	274,314		\$338,432	\$171,335
976-79	10,455,134	4,770,598	1,789,534	651,541	786,072	395,299	301,387	ادر 1,118	332,899	2 02,777
97 9-80	11,750,398	5,271,621	2,029,327	733,557	937,874	448,190	359.467	1,214,996	337,588	208,118
1 980- 81	13,139,618	5,890,759	2,258,987	807,249	1,043,614	511,817	407,816	1,375,308	383,036	212,019
98 1-82	14,321,586	6,537,888	2,518,182	534,225	1,086,146	536.080		1,503,514	412,972	242,890
98 2-83	15,286,145	6,980,269	2,660,360	104,745	1,150,011	559,353	440,736	1,738,210	403,069	227,050
983-84	16,538,128	7,464,035	3,013,666	1,041,488	1,246,289	622,879	469,841	1,857,151	450,067	254,349
984-85	18,333,578	8,211,171	3,370,676	1,140,312	1,420,844		513,732	1,873,628	473,503	288,908
985-86	19,860,947	8,945,373	3,658,627	1 22 5,416	1,518,737	669,518	603,018	2,137,225	489,188	291,626
			5,000,027	-23,416	1,516,737	712,112	648,178	2,118,522	569,841	<u>354,139</u>
ı					Percentage	distribution				
976-77	100.0	46.4	16 7	58	7.0	39	29	11 5	39	
977-78	100.0	46.2	16 7	60	7.1	39	2.9	11.7	3.5	2.0
978-79	100.0	45 6	17 1	62	75	3.8	2.9	116	3.2	2.1
979-80	100.0	44 9	17 3	6.2	8.0	3.8	3 1	11 7	3.2	2.0
980-81	100.0	44.8	172	6.1	79	39	3.1	119	3.1	1.8
981-82	100 0	45.7	17 6	58	7.6	3.7	31	121	28	1.8
982-83	100.0	45.7	17.4	5.9	7.5	37	3.1	12 1	2.9	1.6
983-84	100 0	45.1	18.2	6.3	7.5	38	3 1	11 3		1.7
984-85	100 0	44 8	18.4	62	7.7	37	33	11.7	29	1.7
985-86	100.0	45.0	18.4	6.2	8 2	36	3.3	10.7	2.7	1.6 1.8
			Expend	iture per full-tin	ne-equivalent s	tudent in const	ant 1985-86 de	ollars		
976-77	\$7,513	\$3,484	\$1,251	\$433						
977-78	7,588	3,508	1,267	454	\$525	\$294	\$216	\$867	\$293	\$140
78-79	7,798	3,558	1,335	486	537	293	218	887	264	161
79-80	7.893	3,541	1,363	493	586	295	225	906	252	155
980-81	7,809	3,501	1,342		630	301	241	924	257	142
981-82	7,727	3,528	1,359	480	620	304	242	929	245	144
82-83	7,552	3,448	1,314	450	586	289	238	938	217	123
33-84	7,589	3,425	1,383	447	568	276	232	917	222	126
84-85	7,936	3,554	1,459	478	572	286	236	860	217	133
85-86	8,243			494	615	290	261	925	212	126
	0,240	. 13	1,518	513	672	296	269	879	237	147

NOTE -- Data in this table may differ slightly from data appearing in other tables. This table includes only institutions which provided enrollment and finance data. The Higher

Education Price Index was used to convert the per student figures to constant dollars Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared October 1987)



^{*} Excludes universities. See preceding table.

Includes institutional and academic support less libraries.

Table 284.—Educational and general expenditures of public 2-year colleges, by purpose: 1976-77 to 1985-86

				Edu	cational and g	eneral expendi	ures			
Ya a r	Total	Instruction	Adminis- tration 1	Student services	Research	Libranes	Public service	Operation and mainte- nance of plant	Scholar- ships and fellowships	Mandatory transfers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Expend	itures, in thous	ands of current	t dollars			
1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81 1981-82 1982-83 1983-84	\$4,875,998 5,336,153 5,734,611 6,334,777 7,063,474 7,757,435 8,292,446 8,820,575	\$2,490,274 2,700,489 2,877,651 3,185,815 3,575,743 3,947,065 4,218,388 4,481,854	\$882,813 1,035,206 1,119,840 1,204,082 1,347,020 1,473,733 1,620,644 1,748,535	\$409,217 437,060 482,323 547,457 615,869 684,650 741,179 775,084	\$15,698 9,333 21,289 26,?88 26.591 15,632 18,090 18,189	\$171,409 188,201 193,703 202,583 222,391 262,697 248,882 263,485	\$97,635 112,944 110,918 141,000 152,597 147,385 123,722 150,109	\$547,515 605,464 650,447 743,014 844,781 952,691 1,016,267 1,076,371	\$142,827 117,996 127,633 147,865 159,474 160,109 175,069 178,500	\$1:8,610 129,456 150,807 136,672 119,006 113,473 130,403 128,448
1984-85 1985-86	9, 560,507 10,252, 9 55	4,806,050 5,116,884	1,929,968 2,122,060	841,101 920,299	15,591 10,136	278,363 295,691	193,903 202,440	1,156,074 1,220,646	207,975 225,979	131,482 138,820
				<u> </u>	Percentage	distribution		-		
1976 7 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81 1981-82 1982-83 1983-84 1984-85 1985-86	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	51.1 50.6 50.2 50.3 50.6 50.9 50.9 50.8 50.3 49.9	18 1 19 4 19 5 19.0 19 1 19.0 19 5 19.8 20.2 20.7	8 4 8 2 8 4 8 6 8 7 8.8 8 9 8 8 9 0	03 0.2 0.4 04 02 02 02 02	35 35 34 3.2 31 3.4 3.0 30 29	20 21 1.9 22 2.2 19 15 17 20 20	11 2 11.3 11 3 11 7 12.0 12 3 12 3 12 2 12 1	2.9 2.2 2.3 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.0 2.2 2.2	2.4 2.4 2.6 2.2 1.7 1.5 1.6 1.5
	,		Expen	diture per full-ti	me-equivalent	student in cons	stant 1985-86 c	foliars		
1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80 1980-81 1981-82 1983-84	\$4,049 4,076 4,198 4,132 3,957 3,931 3,725 3,757	\$2,068 2,063 2,107 2,078 2,003 2,000 1,895 1,909	\$733 791 820 785 755 747 728 745	\$340 334 353 357 345 347 333 330	\$13 7 16 17 15 8 8	\$142 144 142 132 125 133	\$81 86 81 92 85 75 56 64	\$455 463 476 485 473 483 456 458	\$119 90 93 96 89 81 79	\$98 99 110 89 67 58 59
1984-85 1985-86	4,078 4,223	2,050 2,107	823 874	35 9 379	7	119 122	83 83	493 503	89 93	5 5

¹ Includes institutional and academic support less libraries

NOTE —Data in this table may differ slightly from data appearing in other tables. This table includes only institutions which provided enrollment and finance data. The Higher Education Price Index was used to convert the per student figures to constant dollars. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (in table was prepared October 1987).



Table 285.—Educational and general expenditures of private (nonprofit) universities, by purpose: 1976-77 to 1985-86

	<u></u>			Edu	icational and ge	eneral expendit	ures			
Year	Total	instruction	Adminis- tration 1	Student services	Research	Libranes	Public service	Operation and mainte- nance of plant	Scholar- ships and fellowships	Mandatory transfer
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Expend	itures, in thous	ands of current	dollars		Li	
1976-77 1977-78 1978-79	\$4,694,593 5,120,125 5,675,608	\$1,784,975 1,943,031 2,120,800	\$621,733 683,988	\$156,457 172,261	\$988,656 1,063,906	\$195,146 215,968	\$105,011 108,201	\$411,340 447,743	\$380,821 427,907	\$50,453 58,019
1979-80 1980-81	6,408,288 7,249,102	2,426,312 2,7 63 ,320	796,751 908,580 1,009,957	195,238 215,646 254,872	1,175,657 1.315,469 1,433,318	221,676 236,184 267,142	119,082 148,028 149,946	510,819 568,806 660,152	460,200 507,257 596,241	75,385 82,006 111,154
1981-82 1982-83 1983-84	7,951,934 8,196,167 9,491,967	3,105,731 3,227,925 3,660,650	1,100,088 1,214,617 1,445,910	289,398 304,617 350,096	1,505,340 1,464,809 1,683,020	294,523 295,709 360,238	160,496 169,382 187,615	752,673 754,480 859,065	650,285 670,390 633,108	93,401 96,238 112,266
1984-85 1985-86	10,431,950 11,407,571	3,965,165 4,308,432	1,556,854 1,711,155	393,526 438,678	1,892,570 2,108,731	366,356 397,745	253,010 271,271	930,229 981,131	931,027 1,040,677	143,212 149,751
r	 -				Percentage	distribution				
1976-77 1977-78 1978-79	100 0 100.0 100 0	38 0 37 9	13 2 13 4	3 C 3.4	21.1 20 8	4.2 4.2	2 2 2.1	8.8 8.7	8 1 8.4	1.1
1979-80 1980-81	100.0 100.0	37 4 37 9 38 1	14.0 14.2 13.9	3.4 3.4 3.5	20.7 20.5 19.8	3 9 3.7 3.7	2.1 2.3 2.1	9.0 8.9 9.1	8.1 7.9	1.3 1 3
1961-82 1962-83 1963-84	100.0 100.0 100.0	39.1 39.4 38.6	13.8 14.8 15.2	3.6 3.7 3.7	18.9 17 ^ 17	3.7 3.6	2.0 2.1	9.5 9 2	8.2 8 2 8 2	1.5 1.2 1 2
1984–85 1985–86	100.0 100 0	38.0 37.8	14.9 15.0	3.7 3.8 3.8	18 1 18 5	3.8 3.5 3.5	2.0 2.4 2.4	9 1 8.9 8.6	8.8 8 9 9.1	1.2 1.4 1.3
_			Expenda	ture per full-tin	ne-equivalent s	tudent in const	tant 1985-86 d	iollars		
1976-77 1977-78	\$15,949 15,7 6 3	\$6,064 5,990	\$2,112 2,108	\$532 531	\$3,359 3,280	\$663	\$357	\$1,397	\$1,294	\$171
978-79 1979-80	15,917 16,1 63	5,948 6,120	2,234 2,292	548 544	3,297 3,318	663 622 596	334 334 373	1,380 1,433 1,435	1,319 1,291 1,279	179 211 207
1980-81 1981-82 1982-83	16,349 16,196 16,352	6,232 6,326 6,438	2,278 2,241 2,423	575 589 608	3,239 3,066 2,922	602 600 590	338 327 338	1,489 1,533	1,345 1,324	251 190
983-84 984-85 .	17,455 17,994	6,731 6,840	2,659 2,685	644 679	3,095 3,264	662 632	345 436	1,505 1,580 1,605	1,337 1,532 1,606	192 206 247
1985-86	18,779	7,093	2,817	722	3,471	655	447	1,615	1,713	

¹ includes institutional and academic support less libraries

NOTE.—Data in this table may differ slightly from data appearing in other tables. This table includes only institutions which provided enrollment and finance data. The Higher Education Price Index was used to convert the per student figures to constant dollars Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" survers (This table was prepared October 1987)



Table 286.—Educational and general expenditures of private (nonprofit) 4-year colleges,1 by purpose: 1976-77 to 1985-86

				Edu	cational and ge	neral expenditi	ures			
Year	Total	Instruction	Adminis- tration 2	Student services	Research	Libraries	Public service	Operation and mainte- nance of plant	Scholar- ships and fellowships	Mandatory transfers
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11
				Expend	itures, in thous	ands of current	dollars			
1976-77	\$ 5,139,939	\$1,919,574	\$1,047,932	\$381,428	\$259,530	\$200,844	\$123,717	\$ 574.910	\$511,907	\$129,097
1977-78	5.637.836	2.114.043	1.160.141	428,265	271.637	221.807	123,214	638,330	550.372	130.026
1978-79	8,263,692	2,328,418	1,299,063	483,031	28,042	240,098	138,861	704,180	598,487	145,513
1979-80	7,063,950	2,569,908	1,466,556	549,639	374,520	259,969	153,056	807,943	894,791	187,570
1960-81	8,061,774	2,907,255	1,703,307	839,795	407,622	289,944	186,399	930,075	811,636	185,741
1981-82	9,061,667	3,271,255	1,938,727	727,382	419,283	322,702	228,368	1,036,118	913,999	203,834
1 98 2 -83	9,805,459	3,552,387	2,124,446	804,943	437,286	356,768	236,142	1,092,836	983,887	216,764
1963-84	10,845,622	3,900,082	2,347,962	890,707	480,459	388,153	259,932	1,184,788	1,149,813	2 43 ,7 26
1964-85	11, 83 5,351	4,213,485	2,564,844	980,418	539,322	418,539	289,124	1,251,490	1,312,673	26 7,459
1965-86	12,855,040	4,507,505	2,790,504	1,067,717	823,050	446,766	328,827	1,317,062	1,481,954	291,654
-					Percentage	distribution				
1978-77	100.0	37.3	20.4	7.4	5.0	3.9	2.4	11.2	10.0	2.3
1977-78	100.0	37.5	20.8	7.8	4.8	3.9	2.2	11.3	9.8	2.3
1978-79	100.0	37.2	20.7	7.7	5.2	3.8	2.2	11.2	9.8	2.3
197 ዮ-8 0	100.0	36.7	20.8	7.8	53	3.7	2.2	11.4	9.8	2.4
1980-81	100.0	38.1	21.1	7.9	51	3.6	2.3	11.5	10.1	2.3
1981-82	100.0	36 1	21.4	80	4.6	3.8	2.5	11.4	10.1	2.2
1962-63	100.0	36.2	21.7	8.2	4.5	3.8	2.4	11.1	10.0	2.2
1963-94	100.0	36 .0	21.8	8.2	4.4	3.6	2.4	10.9	10.8	2.2
1984-85	100.0	35 8	21.7	8.3	4.8	3.5	2.4	10.8	11 1	2.3
1985-86	100 0	35 1	21.7	8.3	4.8	3.5	28	10.2	11 5	2.3
			Expen	diture per full-ti	me-equivalent	student in cons	stant 1985-86 (ioliars	_	
1976-77	\$7,863	\$2,936	\$1,603	\$583	\$397	\$307	\$189	\$879	\$783	\$184
1977-78	7,838	2,939	1,813	595	378	308	171	887	785	181
1978-79	7,902	2, 938	1,639	609	414	303	173	888	755	184
197 9-8 0	8,045	2, 950	1,870	626	427	296	174	920	791	191
1960-81	8,077	2,913	1,706	641	408	290	187	932	813	186
1981-82	8,135	2,937	1,740	653	378	290	205	930	821	173
1982-83	8,318	3,013	1,802	683	371	303	200	927	835	184
1983-84	8,551	3,075	1,851	702	379	306	205	934	907	192
1984-85	8,777	3,125	1,902	727	400	309	214	928	973	198
1985-86	9,130	3,201	1,982	758	443	317	234	935	1,053	207

NOTE —Data in this table may differ slightly from data appearing in other tables. This table includes only institutions which provided enrollment and finance data. The Higher Education Price Index was used to convert the per student figures to constant dollars Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared October 1987)



Excludes universities. See preceding table
 Includes institutional and academic support less libraries.

Table 287.—Educational and general expenditures of private (nonprofit) 2-year colleges, by purpose: 1976-77 to 1985-86

				Edu	cational and ge	eneral expendit	ures			
Year	Total	Instruction	Adminis- tration ¹	Student services	Research	Libranes	Public service	Operation and mainte- nance of plant	Scholar- ships and fellowships	Mandatory transfers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
-				Expend	itures, iri thous	ands of current	dollars		<u></u>	L
1978-77	\$234,112	\$82,723	\$59,152	\$22,900	\$1,022	\$7,903	\$2,890	\$32,431	\$17,912	67.476
1977-78	246,542	86,456	64,390	25,406	266	8,478	2.698	33,606		\$7,179
1978-79	269,169	94,875	69,071	29,419 i	564	8,640	2,766	34,741	18,598 21,000	6,644
1979-80	293,743	102,298	77,312	31,182	425	9,237	2,284	37,617	24,644	8,092
1960-81	333,257	114,350	87,803	34,926	211	9.535	2,080	43,936	28,395	8,742
1961-82	365,142	127,315	100,413	39,120	239	10,244	2,030	46.839	28,170	12,022
1982-83	389,876	134,950	103,697	40,934	403	10,566	1,961	50,748	33,128	10,973
1933-84	411,779	138,487	111,931	44,410	102	11,085	2,103	55,014		13,489
1984-85	447,163	150,202	119,191	52.937	350	12,123	2,054	58,602	37,576 41,335	11,070
1985-86	467,445	158,873	124,941	56,471	70	12,413	1,936	60,189	43,167	10,370 9,385
_					Percentage				40,107	9, 103
1978-77	100.0	35.3	ر53	9.8	04		401			
1 9 77-78	100.0	35.1	26.1	10.3	0.1	3.4 3.4	1.2	13.9	77	3.1
1978-79	100.0	35.2	25 7	10.9	0.1	3.2	1.1	13.6	7.5	2.7
1978 -80	100.0	34.8	263	10 6	01	3.2	10	12.9	78	3.0
1960-81	100.0	34.3	26.3	10.5	0.1	29	0.8 0.6	12.8	8.4	3.0
196 1-82	1000	349	27.5	107	0.1	2.8	0.6	13 2	8.5	3.6
1982-83	100.0	34.6	26.6	10.5	01	2.6	0.5 i	12.8	7.7	3 .0
1983-84	100.0	33.6	27.2	10.8	00	2.7		13.0	8.5	3.5
1984-85	100.0	33.6	26.7	118	0.1	27	0.5 0.5	13.4	9.1	2.7
1985-86	100.0	34.0	26.7	12.1	0.0	2.7	0.5	13.1 12.9	9.2	2.3
	<u> </u>	<u>_</u>	Expend	iture per full-tin		tudent in const			9.2	2.0
1976-77	\$4,963	\$1,754	\$1,254	\$485						
1977-78	4.694	1,646	1,226	484	\$22	\$168	\$61	\$687	\$380	\$152
978-79	4.876	1,719	1,251	533	5	161	51	640	354	126
979-80	4,835	1,684	1,273	513	10	157	50	629	380	147
960-81	4.827	1,656	272	506	7	152	38	619	406	144
961-82	4,650	1,621	1,279	498	3	138	30	636	411	174
962-83	4,830	1,672	1,285	507	3	130	26	594	359	140
963-84	4,794	1,612	1,303	517	5	131	24	629	410	167
984-95	5,200	1,747	1,386	616	1 !	129	24	640	437	129
965-86	5,272	1,792	1,409	637	4	141	24	681	481	121
	-,	.,. 52	.,-09	637	1	140	22	679	487	106

¹ Includes institutional and academic support less libraries

NOTE —Deta in this table may differ slightly from data appearing in other tables. This table includes only institutions which provided enrollment and finance data. The Higher Education Price Index was used to convert the per student figures to constant dollars Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This 'able was prepared October 1987.)



Table 288.—Current-fund expenditures of institutions of higher education, by control of institution and State: 1984-85 and 1985-86

[Amounts in thousands]

Total	Public 3 \$58,314,550 1,191,478 235,158 934,587 485,383 7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607 1,027,080 794,586	Private 4 \$31,636,713 181,172 10,106 49,437 88,576 3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843 49,764	Total 5 \$97,535,742 1,511,370 234,213 1,070,090 601,151 12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,848 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	Public 6 \$43,193,853 1,324,774 224,342 1,017,203 528,831 6,515,440 1,057,558 582,696 229,377 88,462	7 \$34,341,689 186,596 10,171 52,887 72 321 3,841,830 160,193 836,949 15,855	Total 8 8.4 10 1 -4 5 8 7 8 5 11 0 5 5 8 1	Public 9 8,4 11 2 -4 7 8 8 9 0 10 5 6 5	9 Private 10 8. 3 0 7 7 5 12.
United States	\$58,314,550 1,191,478 235,158 934,587 485,363 7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,807 1,027,080 794,586	831,636,713 181,172 10,106 49,437 88,576 3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,643	\$97,535,742 1.511,370 234,213 1,070,090 801,151 12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,848 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	\$63,193,853 1,324,774 224,342 1,017,203 528,831 6,515,440 1,057,558 562,696 229,377 88,462	\$34,341,889 186,596 10,171 52,887 72 321 3,841,630 160,193 836,949 15,855	8,4 10 1 -45 8 7 8 5 11 0	11 2 -4 7 8 8 9 0 10 5	3 0 7 5 12.
1,372,650	1,191,478 235,158 934,587 485,363 7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607	181,172 10,106 49,437 88,576 3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774	1,511,370 234,213 1,070,090 601,151 12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,846 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	1,324,774 224,342 1,017,203 528,831 6,515,440 1,057,558 582,696 229,377 88,462	186,596 10,171 52,887 72 321 3,841,630 160,193 836,949 15,855	10 1 -4 5 8 7 8 5 11 0	11 2 -4 7 8 8 9 0 10 5	3 0 7 5 12
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	235,158 934,587 485,363 7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607	10,108 49,437 88,576 3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	234,213 1,070,090 801,151 12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,848 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	224,042 1,017,203 528,831 6,515,440 1,057,558 582,696 229,377 88,462	10,171 52,887 72 321 3,841,630 160,193 836,949 15,855	-45 87 85 110	-47 88 90 105	0 7 5 12
1,154,790	934,587 485,383 7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607	49,437 88,576 3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	1,070,090 801,151 12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,848 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	1,017,203 528,831 6,515,440 1,057,558 582,696 229,377 88,462	52,887 72 321 3,841,630 160,193 836,949 15,855	87 85 110	8 8 9 0 10 5	7 5 12
Stansas S53,939 10,956,678 10,956,679 10,956,679 10,956,679 10,956,679 10,956,679 12,942,295 12,942,295 12,942,295 12,942,295 12,945,545 12,945,742 12,942,295 12,945,545 12,945,742 12,945,74	485,363 7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607	88,576 3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 18,843	801,151 12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,848 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	528,831 6,515,440 1,057,558 582,896 229,377 88,462	72 321 3,841,830 160,193 836,949 15,855	85 110 55	90	5 12
10,956,679	7,705,638 993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607 1,027,080 794,586	3,251,041 161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	12,157,070 1,217,751 1,399,846 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	6,515,440 1,057,558 582,696 229,377 88,462	3,841,830 160,193 836,949 15,855	110 55	10 5	12.
1,154,790 1,294,289 1,294,289 1,294,289 1,294,289 1,294,289 1,294,249 1,29	993,440 522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607	161,350 772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	1,217,751 1,399,846 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	1,057,558 582,696 229,377 88,462	160,193 836,949 15,855	5 5		
1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,269 1,294,294 1,29	522,006 207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,807 1,027,080 794,586	772,262 14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	1,399,848 245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	582,696 229,377 88,462	836,949 15,855		65	
	207,584 90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607	14,632 1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	245,232 1,395,839 2,505,450	229,377 88,462	15,855	011	78	-0 8
strict of Columbia orida 1,304,544 2,317,112 sorgia	90,520 1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607 1,027,080 794,586	1,214,024 666,774 624,773 16,843	1,395,839 2,505,450	88,462		10 4	105	8
pride 2,317,112 longie	1,650,338 1,142,836 288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,807 1,027,080 794,586	666,774 624,773 16,843	2,505,450		1,307,377	70	-23	7
invasia	288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,807 1,027,080 794,588	16,843		1,782,160	723,270	81	80	8
weis	288,217 226,142 2,320,251 1,472,807 1,027,080 794,588	16,843	1,952,698	1,255,964	696,734	10.5	99	11
sho	226,142 2,320,251 1,472,607 1,027,080 794,586		333,212	312,246	20,964	92	83	24
A B89 280 1,965 605	2,320,251 1,472,807 1,027,080 794,588		288,206	238,438	49,768	45	54	-70
Inches I	1,472,807 1,027,080 794,588	2,569,030	5,293,702	2,571,409	2,722,294	83	108	ě
	794,588	492,798	2,132,366	1,802,203	530,163	85	68	ì
	794,588	330,922	1,/46,295	1,032,542	353,753	65	64	
ntucky		99,641	953,796	846,092	105,193	66	66	5
	845,505	175,260	,093,591	698,718	194,873	71	63	11
ne	1,000,470	324,687	1,392,610	1,039,177	353,433	51	39	·
Eachusetts	210,749	122,332	350,515	216,737	133,778	52	28	9
Internation Internation	1,021,140	795,820	1,966,378	1,064,430	901,948	82	42	1:
1,702,952	878,644	3,222,875	4,525,452	980,585	3,544,667	103	116	1
1,733,453	2,706,362	428,118	3,393,772	2,948,336	447,438	83	69	
elcappi 723,918 souri	1,220,404	482,548	1,846,133	1,324,691	521,441	84	8.5	
	660,816	63,102	770,434	706,380	64,054	64	69	
Intenta 204 Intenta 205 Intenta 20	809,740	833,723	1,911,820	999,669	911,951	103	11 1	9
rade	185,588	21,369	204,451	182,102	22 349	-12	-19	
v Jersey 1,966,683 v Jersey 1,966,683 v Metoco 438,659 v York 6,764,271 th Carolina 2,411,509 th Dekota 262,417 0. 3,461,909 shome 936,861 gon 992,996 neylvania 5,047,119 side Island 485,248 th Carolina 1,040,222 th Dekota 188,929 mont 312,777 line 2,029,037 shription 1,552,515 st Virgina 430,336	506,752	151,298	693,923	537,258	161,068	62	61	(
w Jersey 1,986,683 438,659 w York 6,784,271 th Carolina 2,411,509 th Dekota 282,417 o 3,461,909 shoma 938,661 gpon 992,998 on 1994,998 th Carolina 485,248 wth Carolina 1,040,222 wth Dekota 188,929 in 1,589,299 th 763,322 th 763,322 th 325,515 st Virginia 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 st Virginia 430,308 to 1,983,308 th 1,983,308	156,584	1,246	162,555	160,107	2,448	157	150	96
w Mexico . 438,659 w York 6,764,271 th Carolina 2,411,201 th Dakota 282,417 o . 3,461,909 shoma 936,661 ggon 992,996 negyvaria 5,047,119 xde island 485,248 th Carolina 1,040,222 th Dakota 188,929 nessee 1,589,229 th 763,322 mont 312,777 pinia 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 gt Virginia 430,308	168,453	241,452	448,399	163,959	264,440	94	32	•
w York	1,285,926	700,757	2,121,223	1,406,490	714,733	68	94	2
rith Carolina	422,740	15,920	473,100	458,600	16,500	79	80	3
th Dekota 282,417 D	3,636,384	5,127,887	9,396,762	3,602,602	5,594,159	72	46	(
th Dekota	1,633,304	778,205	2,636,465	1,799,173	837,291	93	102	
ahoma 936,861 gon 992,966 nisylvanie 5,047,119 xide island 485,246 th Caroline. 1,040,222 th Dakota 188,929 as 5,023,438 h 783,322 mont 312,777 jinia 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 ty Virginia 430,035 to virginia 1,983,306	263,909	18,509	307,087	288,214	18,853	87	92	
shome 936,861 992,996 nonyivaria 5,047,119 ode letand 485,248 oth Carolina. 1,040,222 oth Dakota 188,929 1,589,299 1,589,299 h 763,322 oth 3 oth	2,536,913	924,996	3,699,210	2,718,408	980,801	69	72	
1,040,222	765,599	171,261	1,023,733	844,629	178,905	93	103	
ich Carolina. 1,040,222 ith Carolina. 1,040,222 ith Dakota 188,929 inessee 1,589,299 as 5,023,438 h 783,322 mont 312,777 ima 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 t Virgina 430,035 consist 1,983,308	832,296	160,702	1,052,299	880,696	171,604	60	56	
th Caroline. 1,040,222 188,929 nessee 1,589,299 as 5,023,438 h 783,322 mont 312,777 inte 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 t Virginia 430,035 contain . 1,983,308	2,159,745	2,887,374	5,581,364	2,392,145	3,169,219	102	106	
th Dakota 188,929 Insesse 1,589,299 as 5,023,438 h 763,322 mont 312,777 ima 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 st Virgina 430,306 consin 1,983,306	197,849	287,400	528,903	213,253	315,651	90	78	
th Dakota 188,929 nessee 1,589,299 as 5,023,438 h 763,322 mont 312,777 ina 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 st Virgina 430,035 consin . 1,983,308	653,452	186,770	1,146,119	951,848	196,271	10 4	11 5	
es 5,023,438 h 783,322 mont 312,777 line 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 t Virgina 430,036 conein . 1,983,308	140,885	48,044	200,767	149,092	51,675	63	58	
h 763,322 mont 312,777 ina 2,029,037 thington 1,552,515 tv Virgina 430 035 conein . 1,983,308	958,612	630,687	1,766,000	1,081,052	684,948	11 1	128	
mont 312,777 ina 2,029,037 ihington 1,552,515 it Virgina 430 035 consin . 1,963,306	4,067,570	935,868	5 368,906	4,375,082	993,824	69	70	
ine 2,029,037 shington 1,552,515 430,035 conein . 1,983,308	595,755	187,587	864,363	669,714	194,849	103	124	
hington 1,552,515 st Virginia 430 035 ponein 1,963,306	174,051	138,726	338,601	188,112	150,689	83	81	
st Virgina 430 035 conein 1,963,306	1,681,173	347,864	2,212,611	1,825,158	387,455	90	6.6	1
conein 1,963,306	1,331,849	220,666	1,626,991	1,399,760	227,211	4.6	51	
	357,335	72,700	450,009	376,293	73,716	46	53	
ming 186,652	1,f 05,692 186,652	357,616	2,127,928 203,307	1,754,395 203,307	373,533	8 4 8 9	93 89	
Service Schools 857,612	857,612	_	904,695	904,695	_	5.5	5.5	
—								
Outlying areas 606,806	418,141	188,867	650,0?3	451,370	198,653	71	79	
ancari Samoa 1,092 um 25,576		_	1,692	1,092	-	(1)	(1)	
	1,092		31,3 0	31,310	-	22 4	22 4	
thern Marlenes . 1,293 rto Rico . 557,203	25,576	188,667	1,357	1,350	100 650	44	44	
at Territory of the Pacific 5,525	25,576 1,293	100,007	592,699 5,992	094,046 5,003	198,653	64	69	
in Islands 16,120	25,576		17,580	5,992 17,580	=1	65 91	85 91	

NOTE -- Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Cultistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987.)



Less than .05 percent
 —Data not available or not applicable

Table 289.—Current-fund expenditures per full-time-Equivalent student in institutions of higher education, by control and type of institution and purpose of expenditure: 1985–86

		To	tal			Pul	blic		Private				
item	All Institutions	Universi- ties	Other 4-year	2-year	All institutions	Universi- ties	Other 4-year	2-year	All institutions	Universi- ties	Other 4-year	2-year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Total current-fund expenditures 1	\$10,918	\$17,513	\$11,10 7	\$4,540	\$9,471	\$14,460	\$10,659	\$4,532	\$15,187	\$26,712	\$11,855	\$4,63	
ducational and general expenditures	8,520	13,179	8,518	4,215	7,623	11,320	8,243	4,223	11,167	18,779	8.977	4,12	
Instruction Research Public service Academic support Libraries Student services Institutional support Operation and maintenance of plant Scholarships and fellowships From unrestricted funds From restricted funds Adaptive Scholarships Adaptive	3,474 945 349 745 285 510 1,046 851 466 256 210	4 970 2,537 794 1,173 438 493 1,149 1,154 747 425 322 161	3 F04 J81 253 742 301 601 1,241 894 533 305 228 168	2,046 4 78 353 119 394 667 507 107 27 80	3,280 856 377 701 252 438 849 775 236 105 132	4,266 2,227 910 1,052 366 417 888 1,001 426 203 223	3,713 672 269 778 296 513 1,036 879 237 114 122	2,107 4 83 361 122 379 634 503 93 21 73	4,047 1,209 267 873 383 725 1,628 1,073 1,*43 703 441	7,093 3,471 447 1,538 655 722 1,934 1,615 1,713 1,094 620	3,156 431 227 681 311 749 1,582 920 1,028 624 404	1,32: 1: 25: 9: 56: 1,05: 55: 27: 10:	

¹ Includes expenditures for auxiliary enterprises, hospitals, and independent operations which are not shown separately.
² Excludes Pell Grants.

NOTE —Tabulation includes only those institutions for which finance and enrollment data are available. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Fiscal Year 1988," and "Fall Enrollment in Colleges and "Inversities, 1985" surveys (This table was prepared August 1987)



Table 290.—Additions to physical plant value of institutions of higher education, by type of addition and control of institution: 1969-70 to 1985-86

[In millions]

W	Total, all	_	Public	institutions			Private	institutions	
Year	institutions	Total	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Total	Land	Buildings	Equipment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
969-70	\$4,233	\$2,985	\$ 152	\$2,185	\$648	\$1,248	\$59	\$967	\$221
970-71	4 405	3,032	128	2,241	663	1,134	41	8 9 5	198
971-72	4,163	3,054	112	2,277	665	1,109	53	860	195
972-73	3,967	2,940	126	2,077	737	1,028	53	750	225
973-74	4,312	3,206	205	2,188	813	1,106	55	816	235
974-75	4,761	3,476	263	2,246	967	1,284	67	860	357
975-76	4,702	3,552	168	2,365	1,019	1,150	58	768	325
976-77	4,623	3,362	128	2,208	1,026	1,261	58	838	366
977-78	4,527	3,306	102	2,117	1,087	1,221	45	777	400
978-79	4,576	3,377	154	1,944	1,279	1,199	52	763	383
979-80	5,551	3,666	164	2,149	1,354	1,886	98	1,220	568
980-81	6,471	4,279	146	2,555	1,579	2,192	104	1,398	690
981-82	6,975	4,594	170	2,679	1,744	2,382	83	1,488	811
982-83	7,421	4,765	374	2,396	1,994	2,656	106	1,666	884
983-84	7,604	5,038	196	2,427	2,415	2,566	110	1,507	950
984-85	8,306	5,390	202	2,455	2,733	2,916	135	1,671	1,110
985-86	10,149	6.875	237	3,318	3,320	3,274	128	1,922	1,225

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared July 1987.)



Table 291.—Capital expenditures¹ for science and engineering programs in institutions of higher education, by field of study and source of funds: United States and outlying areas, 1976-77 to 1986-87

[In thousands]

Field of study and source of funds	197 6 –77	1978-79	1979-80	1980-81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-36	1986-87
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total from all sources	\$960,014	\$696,218	\$794,512	\$958,588	\$969,147	\$1,096,594	\$1,211,821	\$1,249,941	\$1,516,807	\$1,779,79
Enginaering	87,718	87,128	89,297	103,329	144,457	134,539	1 '1,969	182,386	309,938	339,186
Sciences, total	872,296	609,090	705,215	855,259	824,690	962,055	1.069.852	1,067,555	1,206,869	1,390,609
Physical sciences	65,216	64,685	77,154	87,813	82,100	96,752	114,698	119,551	142,396	1,390,00
Environmental sciences	28,351	25,153	36,208	35,025	42,365	40,965	36,662	53.822	46,793	
Mathematical and computer sciences	25,136	27,282	32,318	30,517	34,328	52,897	49,563	76,772	89,579	51,52
Life sciences	642,493	428,293	459,057	603,551	590,353	678,378	740,785	712,304	797,493	81,42
Psychological sciences	12,702	7,060	17,962	10,5.1	12,798	16,667	35,190	13,909	18,765	944,56
Social sciences	31,798	21,358	35.073	45,138	30,797	40,718	51,933	61,785		10,70
Other sciences	66,600	35,259	47,423	42,224	31,949	35,678	41,022	29,413	50,390 61,453	55,38° 90,964
Total from Federal sources	195,519	164,460	149,563	153,800	116,651	129,294	138,383	103,758	148.647	167,470
Engineering	17,219	20,927	20,438	17,601	18,136	15 004	00.007			
iciences, total	178,300	143,533	129,125	136,199	98.515	15,831	23,267	12,623	29,558	39,10
Physical sciences	21,894	32,186	22,463	25,529	20,154	113,463	115,116	91,136	119,089	128,37
Environmental sciences	9,307	8,220	8,033	6,866	4,404	17,952 3,488	17,619	30,489	34,059	35,17
Mathematical and computer sciences	1,882	2,983	5,653	4,944	3.798		3,269	3,075	5,642	12,01
Life sciences	137,369	90,796	86,105	89,410		4,276	4,821	6,657	13,892	9,39
Psychological sciences	2,398	1,740	2,002	1,580	66,004	80,565	84,855	46,281	55,654	54,66
Social sciences	2,109	2,076	1,528	6.376	1,023	1,004	981	761	1,346	79
Other sciences	3.341	5,532	3,341	1,494	1,374 1,758	4,845	2,924	2,099	2,430	3,43
=				1,484	1,730	1,333	646	1,774	6,065	12,909
Total from other sources	764,495	531,758	644,949	804,788	852,496	967,300	1,073,438	1,146,183	1,368,160	1,612,319
ingineering	70,499	66,201	68,859	85,728	126.321	118,708	118,762	169,763	280,380	350.087
Sciences, total	693,996	465,557	576,090	719,060	726,175	848,592	954,736	976,419	1,087,780	
Physical sciences	43,322	32,499	54,691	62,284	61,346	78,800	97.078	89.062	108,337	1,262,232
Environmental sciences	19,044	16,933	28,175	28,159	37,961	37,477	33,393	50,747		120,881
Mathematical and computer sciences	23,254	24,299	26,665	25,573	30,530	48,621	44,742	70,115	41,151	39,516
Life sciences	505,124	337,497	372,952	514,141	524,349	597,813	655,930	666 023	75,687	72,023
Psychological sciences	10,304	5,320	15,980	9.411	11,775	15,663	34,209		741,839	889,901
Social sciences	29,689	19,282	33,545	38,762	29,423	35,873	49,009	13,148	17,419	9,906
Other sciences	63 259	29,727	44,082	40,730	30, 91	34,345	40,376	59,686	47,960	51,950
		,	,,002	30,700	30,.91	34,340	40,376	27,639	55,388	78,055

¹ includes expenditure; for facilities and equipment for research, development, and instruction

SOURCE National Science Foundation, Division of Sci. Ice Resources Studies, "Early Release of Summary Statistics on Academic Science/Engineering Resources," October 1988, and unpublished tabulations. (This table was prepared October 1988)



Table 292.—Value of property and liabilities of institutions of higher education: 1899–1900 to 1985–86 [in thousands]

			Property value	at end of year			Endowment	
Academic year	Total		Physical p	plant value	_	Endowment (book	(end of year market	Liabilities of plant funds
	TOLAI	Total	Land	Buildings	Equipment	value) 1	value) ¹	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1899–1900	\$448,597	\$253,599		_	_	2 \$194,998	_	_
1 909 –10	781,255	457,594	\$92,359	\$297,153	\$68,082	² 323, 66 1		_
1919–20	1,316,404	747,333	128,922	495,920	122,491	2 569,071	_	_
19 29–3 0	3,437,117	2,065,049	304,114	1,490,014	270,921	2 1,372,068	_	_
1935–:46	3,913,028	2,359,418	334,085	1,636,722	388,611	² 1,553,610	_	-
1937-38	4,208,695	2,556,075	313,665	1,811,309	431,101	1,652,620	_	-
1939-40	4,440,063	2,753,780	_	-		1,686,263	_	-
1941–42	4,525,925	2,759,261		_		² 1,766,664		-
1947–48	6,076,212	3,691,725	_	- 1	_	2,384,487		-
1949–50	7,401,187	4,799,964		-		² 2, 6 01,223	_	_
1951-52	9,241,725	6,373,195	_	_		2,868,530		-
1953–54	10,717,082	7,523,193		-		3,193,889	_	-
1 955- 56	12,561,046	8,858,907	624,467	3 6,697,648	1,536,792	3,702,139	_	\$894,36
1957–58	15,770,197	11,124,489	733,182	3 8,540,429	1,850,878	4,645,708	_	1,444,60
19 59–60	18,870,628	13,548,548	842,664	³ 10,472,478	2,233,407	5,322,080	_	1,964,30
1 961–6 2	22,761,193	16,601,844	1,009,294	3 12,900,093	2,772,457	6,079,^49	_	2,806,86
1963–64	28,232,362	21,279,346	1,292,691	3 16,460,867	3,525,788	6,953,016	– i	4,190,18
1965–66	35,274,597	26,851,273	1,756,901	3 20,653,028	4,439,344	8,423,324	\$11,126,631	6,071,75
1 967–68	-	34,506,348	2,062,545	3 26,673,826	5,769,977	-	_	_
1 969–7 0	52,930,923	42,093,580	3,076,751	31,865,179	7,151,649	10,837,343	11,206,632	9,384,73
1970–71	57,394,951	46,053,565	3,117,895	35,042,590	7,893,100	11,341,366	13,714,330	9,786,24
1971–72	62,136,459	50,153,251	3,287,326	38,131,339	8,734,586	11,963,208	15,180,934	10,291,09
1972–73	66,814,103	53,814.596	3,492,611	40,808,481	9,513,503	12,999,507	15,099,840	10,823,59
1973–74	71,305,817	56,002,777	3, 88 8,372	43,701,491	10,412,914	13,303,040	13,168,076	11,400,91
1974–75	75,565,674	62,163,078	4,210,901	46,453,642	11,518,536	13,402,596	14,364,545	12,413,42
1975–76	80,300,595	66,348,304	4,345,232	49,349,224	12,653,847	13,952,291	15,488,265	12,687,01
1976–77	85,486,550	70,739,427	4,444,927	52,384,393	13,910,107	14,747,123	16,304.553	13,068,34
1977–78	90,337,044	74,770,804	4,621,071	55.188,603	14,961,131	15,566,240	16,840,129	13,437,86
1978-79	95,442,468	78,637,991	4,824,250	57,563,005	16,250,737	16,804,477	18,158,634	13,712,64
1979–80	102,294,859	63,733,387	5,037,172	60,847,097	17,849,119	18,561,472	20,743,045	14,181,99
1980–81	109,701,242	88,760,567	5,212,453	64,156,017	19,390,097	20,940,675	23,465,001	14,794,66
1981-82	117,601,954	94,516,512	5,402,339	67,794,877	21,319,297	23,085,442	24,415,245	15,487,61
1982-83	127,345,302	100,992,841	5,889,080	71,519,718	23,584,042	26,352,461	32,691,133	16,749,90
1983-84	137,141,741	107,640,113	6,109,746	75,220,765	26,309,602	29,501,629	32,975,610	18,277,31
1984–85	148,163,096	114,763,986	6,236,159	79,133,998	29,393,829	33,399,110	39,916,361	22,105,71
1985–86	160,959,517	122,261,355	6,573,923	82,886,012	32,801,419	38,698,162	50,280,775	25,699,400

¹ includes funds functioning as endowment

NOTE --- Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" surveys (This table was prepared August 1987.)



² Includes annuity funds

³ includes improvements to land and equipment. These funds are included under appropriate categories after 1967-68.

[—] Data not available

Table 293.—Physical plant value and endowment funds per student in institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution: 1975–76 to 1985–86

Ĺ	Institu	tions	Plant value (end of year)	Market value of e	
Control and level of institution	Number ¹	Full-time- equivalent enrollment, in thousands	Total, in thousands of dollars	Per full-time- equivalent student	(end of Total, in thousands of dollars	Per full-time- equivalent student
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1975-76			_			
All institutions	3,026	8,480	\$66,348,304	\$7,824	\$15,488,266	\$1,82
4-year institutions	1,898	5,90∩	57,333,509	9,717	15,337,285	2,59
2-year institutions	1,128	2,579	9,014,795	3,495	150,981	5
Publicly controlled institutions	1,442	6,522	44,795,168	6,888	2.932.737	45
4-year institutions	545	4,057	36,440,349	8,983	2,886,157	71
2-year institutions	897	2,466	8,354,819	3,388	46,580	1
Privately controlled institutions	1,564	1,957	21,553,136	11,011	12,555,529	6,41
4-year institutions	1,353	1,844	20,893,160	11,331	12,451,128	6,75
2-year institutions	231	113	659,976	5,816	104,401	92
1979-80						
All institutions	3,152	8,487	83,733,337	9,866	20,743,045	2,44
4-year institutions	1,957	6,016	71,524,828	11,889	20,541,897	3,41
2-year institutions	1,195	2,471	12,208,559	4,940	201,148	8
Publicly controlled institutions	1,475	6,393	56,970,126	8.912	3,708,329	58
4-year institutions	549	4,059	45,523,288	11,215	3,628,794	89
2-year institutions	926	2,333	11,446,838	4,906	79,535	34
Privately controlled institutions	1,677	2,095	26,763,261	12,777	17.034.716	8,13
4-year institutions	1,408	1,957	26,001,540	13,288	16,913,103	8,64
2-year institutions	269	138	761,721	5,522	121,613	88
1983-84						
Il institutions	3,284	9,166	107,640,113	11,743	32,975,610	3,597
4-year institutions	2,013	6,324	92,237,794	14,585	32,644,125	5,16
2-year institutions	1,271	2,842	15,402,318	5,419	331,486	117
ublicly controlled institutions	1,481	6,881	72,605,169	10,551	6,038,051	877
4-year institutions	565 916	4,266	58,108,916	13,623	5,887,180	1,380
z you mondono	910	2,616	14,496,252	5,542	150,871	50
rivately controlled institutions.	1,803	2,285	35,034,944	15,333	26,937,560	11,789
4-year institutions	1,448	2,059	34,128,878	16,577	26,756,944	12,95
2-year institutions	355	226	906,066	4,006	180,615	799
1984–85						
Il institutions	3,331	8,952	114,763,986	12,820	39,916,361	4,459
4-year institutions	2,025 1,306	6,293	98,417,404	15,640	39,524,453	6,281
	1,300	2,659	16,346,582	6,148	391,908	147
ublicly controlled institutions	1,501	6,685	77,314,401	11,566	7,344,312	1.099
4-year institutions	566	4,238	61,924,903	14,612	7,172,486	1,692
2-year institutions	935	2,447	15,389,498	6,290	171 826	70
rivately controlled institutions .	1,830	2,267	37,449,585	16,519	32.572.049	14,388
4-year institutions	1,459	2,055	36,492,501	17,759	32,351,967	15,744
2-year institutions	371	212	957,084	4,510	220,082	1,037
1985-86	I					
Il institutions	3,340	8,943	122,261,355	13,671	50,280,775	5,622
4-year institutions 2-year institutions	2,029 ¹ 1,311	6,294	105,074,835	16,694	49,806,974	7,913
	1,311	2,649	17,186,520	6,488	473,801	179
ablicly controlled institutions	1,498	6.668	82,553,486	12,381	9,087,997	1,363
4-year institutions 2-year institutions	566	4,240	66,339,329	15,647	8,881,733	2,095
2-year institutions	932	2,428	16,214,157	6,678	206,265	85
rivately controlled institutions	1,842	2,276	39,707,869	17,449	41,192,778	18,102
4-year institutions	1,463	2.055	38,735,506	18,852	40,925,241	19,918
2-year institutions.	379	221	972,363	4,401	267,536	1,211

¹ Includes main and branch campuses

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" and "Fail Enrollment in Colleges and Universities" surveys (This table was prepared August 1987)



Table 294.—Endowment funds of the 100 institutions of higher education with the largest amounts: Fiscal year 1986

Institution	Rank order ¹	Market value of endowment, in thousands of dollars (end of fiscal year)	Institution	Rank order ¹	Market value or endowment, in thousands of dollars (end of fiscal year)
1	2	3	1	2	3
United States (all Institutions)	-	\$50,280,775			
100 institutions with the largest amounts	-	36,380,835			
Hervard University (Mass.)	1 1	3,435,006	Oral Roberts University (Oklahorna)	51	203,853
University of Texas at Austin	2 3	3,359,063 1,750,663	Baylor Collage of Medicine (Tex.) University of California at Berkeley	52 53	202,989 199,592
Princeton University (N.J.)	4	1,814,321	Pomona College (Cairl)	54	199,320
Columbia University, Main Division (N Y)	5	1,290,143	Oberlin College (Onio)	55	197,336
Stanford University (Calif.)	8	1,260,691	University of Pittsburgh, Main Campus (Penn.)	58	194,334
Washington University (Missouri)	7	972,458	Berea College (Ky).	57	193,710
Meseachusetts Institute of Technology	8	971,346	Luke University (N C)	56	191,390
University of Chicago (III.)	9 10	803,345 795,840	Wake Forest University (N.C.) Rensselsor Polytechnic Institute (N.Y.)	59 60	186,794 185,775
Northwestern University (III.)	11	734,569	Texas Christian University	81	183,350
Emory University (Ga.)	12	732,345	Tulane University of Louisiana	62	178,477
University of Rochester (N.Y.)	13	587,002	Georgetown University (D.C.)	83	173,836
University of Penneylvania	14	540,084	Middlebury College (Vt.)	64	167,822
Dertmouth College (N.H.)	15	520,623	University of Cincinnati, Main Campus (Ohio)	65	166,306
New York University	18	520,007	Lehigh University (Penn.)	66	158,477
Cornell University, Endowed Colleges (N Y)	17	500,655	Thomas Jefferson University (Penn.)	67	152,445
Johns Hopkins University (Md)	18 19	491,534 478,204	Lafayetta College (Penn)	68	149,291
Rockefeller University (N.Y.)	20	450,231	Boston University (Mass) Mount Holyoke College (Mass)	69 70	131,525 130,214
University of Notre Dame (Ind.)	21	388,104	Bowdoin College (Maine)	71	126,935
University of Southern California	22 23	361,784	Cornell University Medical Center (N Y)	72	124,367
California Institute of Technology University of Virginia, Main Campus	23 24	347,870 339,398	Carleton College (Minn) University of California at Davis	73	123,856
Mayo Graduate School of Medicine (Minn)	25	315,224	University of \Visconsin at Madison .	/4 75	123,557 121,044
Brown University (R I.)	26	302,759	Brandes University (Mass)	78	120,5%
Case Western Reserve University (Chio)	27	290,343	St. Louis University, Main Campus (Missouri)	77	120,493
Carnegie-Mellon University (Penn.)	28	288,768	University of California at Santa Barbara	76	114,052
Princeton Theological Seminary (N J) University of Michigan at Ann Arbor	29 30	284,176 282,725	Rochester Institute of Technology (N Y) Syrscuse University, Main Campus (N Y)	79 80	113,776 112,625
Southern Methodist University (Tex.)	31	282,121	Wabash College (Ind.)	81	110.300
Smith College (Mass)	32	272,662	Occidental College (Cairl)	82	109,455
Wellseley College (Mass.)	33	264,981	Northeastern University (Mass).	83	105,964
Williams College (M:tes) Wesleyen University (Conn.).	34 35	247,830 244,889	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Purdue University (Ind.)	84	104,949
				85	103,839
Loyola University of Chicago (III.)	36	240,041	Boston College (Mass)	88	102,194
Loyola University in New Orleans (La.) University of California at Los Angeles	37 36	238,000 237,609	University of Miami (Fla.) Trinity College (Conn.)	87 88	102,142
Swarthmore College (Penn.)	39	233,765	State University of New York at Buffalo, Main Campus	89	102,091 100,954
University of Weehington .	40	232,420	Rush University (III)	90	99,695
University of Deleware	41	232,228	New Mexico Military Institute	91	97,517
Amherst College (Mass)	42	224,428	Tufts University (Mass)	92	97,232
Baylor University (Tex.) University of Minnesota, Minnespoks-St. Paul	43 44	222,619 220,370	Eartham College (Ind) Byrn Mawr College (Penn)	93	96,832
Trinity University (Tex.)	45 45	220,370	University of California at San Diego	94 95	95,587 95,044
Grinnell College (lows)	48	208,175	The Julliard School (N Y)	96	95,030
George Washington University (D.C.)	47	208,083	Hamilton Coflege (N Y)	97	94,453
Ohio State University, Main Campus	48	204,826	Colgata University (N Y)	98	94,144
University of Richmond (Va.)	49	204,803	Pennsylvania State University, Main Campus	99	88,829
Vassar College (N Y) .	50	204,084	Colorado College	100	87,500

Institutions ranked by size of endowment
 —Not applicable

NOTE -Because of rounding, details do not add to total

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, 1985-86" survey (This table was prepared July 1987.)



Table 295.—Participants in postsecondary academic, vocational, and contir uing education, by sex, race, age group, and labor force status: October 198∠

[Numbers in thousands]

		Ty	pe of postseco	ndary education	n	
Sex, race, ear group, and labor force status	Acade	mic ¹	Vocation	onal 2	Continu	uing ³
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total	9,243	100.0	3,787	100.0	5,177	100.0
Male	4,629	50.1	1,712	45.2	1 000	
Female	4,614	49.9	2,074	54.8	1,808 3,368	34 .9 65.1
White	7,933	85.8	3,199	84.5	4,731	04
Black	918	9.9	449	11.9	255	91.4 4.9
Other races	392	4.2	138	3.6	190	3.7
16 to 24 years old	6,208	67.2	1,833	48.4	848	16.4
25 to 34 years old	2,145	23.2	1,078	28.5	1,667	32.2
55 to 44 years old	624	6.8	522	13.8	1,121	21.7
55 to 54 years old	198	21	240	6.3	717	13.8
15 to 64 years old	56	0.6	95	25	514	9.9
35 years old and over	12	0.1	19	0.5	309	6.0
lot in labor force	3,893	42.1	955	25.2	1,271	24.6
imployed tull-time	2,236	242	1,676	44 3	2,944	56.9
:mployed part-time	2,697	29.2	834	22.0	728	14.1
Jnemptoyed	416	4.5	321	8.5	234	4.5

 ^{*}Academic students pursued coursework, either full- or part-time, for the purpose of obtaining an undergraduate, graduate, or professional degree

ment, personal development, or social/recreational purposes (excluding adult basic education courses to improve basic skills in reading, writing, or arithmetic)

NOTE —Data are based upon a sample survey of the civikan noninstitutional population. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Participants in Postsecondary Education October 1982 (This table wis prepared May 1986.)



² Vocational students took coursework, either full- or part-time, in an occupational or technical field for the purpose of obtaining a vocational credential, such as a vocational certificate, occupational license, or other vocational diploma or degree

Continuing education students were postsecondary education participants not otherwise classified as academic or vocational students who were taking college credit courses but not seeking a dogree or who were taking noncredit courses for job improve-

Table 296.—Selected characteristics of participants in adult education: 1984

[Numbers in thousands]

[<u>L</u>			Participants in ac	ISIL BUUCAUOII -		
Number of adults in population 1	Tota	3	school or coll	ege degree	Not full-time stu school or coll progra	lege degree
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
172,583	23,303	13.5	1,118	0.6	22,184	12.9
		Ī				
71,891	11,704	16.3	948	1 3	10,756	15 (
52,303	8,8 34	169	152	03	8,712	16.7
48,388	2,735	57	18	(4)	2,717	5.6
81,700	10,446	12 8	485	0.6	9.961	12.2
90,883	12,857	14 1	634	0 7	12,224	13.5
					· ·	
139,777	20,429	14.6	939	07	19,491	13.9
18,628	1,506	8.1	88	0.5		7.6
9,706	796	8.2	63			7.6
4,472	571	128	28	0.6	543	12.1
47.297	1.890	4.0	315	0.7	1 574	3.3
66,224						10.3
30.287	6.022	19.9				18.6
28,775	8,400	29.2	217			28.4
				5,5	5,.5.	
112.441	19.788	176	740	0.7	19.047	16 9
,					. = ,	17.5
				1		9.7
60.141						5.2
31,131						6.9
		!				2.8
22,144	813	3.7	26			3.5
The state of the s				•	, , ,	5.5
13.016	797	61	85	0.7	712	5.5
						5.6 5.6
					1	6.8
				• • •		8.6
		1				9.4
				- . !		11.5
				1		12.8
* 1			- 1			14.4
15.090		16.6		1		15.9
						17.3
10,287	1.919	18 7	76		, ,	17.5
, ,				1		19 9
						20.2
		1				18.8
8,951	695	7.8	32	04	664	7.4
	adults in population 1 2 172,583 71,891 52,303 48,388 81,700 90,883 139,777 18,628 9,706 4,472 47,297 66,224 30,287 28,775 112,441 104,464 7,977 60,141 31,131 6,866 22,144 13,016 11,562 10,308 12,079 10,509 10,353 9,422 17,431 15,090 13,839 10,287 12,643 11,981 5,112	adults in population 1 Number 2 3 172,583 23,303 71,891 71,891 52,303 8,6 34 48,388 2,735 81,700 90,883 12,857 139,777 20,429 18,628 1,506 9,706 796 4,472 571 47,297 1,890 66,224 6,991 30,287 30,287 6,022 28,775 8,400 112,441 19,788 104,464 18,929 7,977 859 60,141 3,515 31,131 2,178 6,866 524 22,144 813 13,016 797 11,562 712 10,308 742 12,079 10,509	Number of adults in population 1 Number Percent	Number of adults in population Total Full-time studies chool or colliprogration	Number of adults in population Number Percent Number Percent Number Percent Number Percent	Number of adults in population i Total Total Total Total Full-time students in high school or college degree programs Number Percent Percent Number Percent Number Percent Number Percent Number Percent Number P

NOTE - Data are based upon a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Participation in Adult Education, May 1984. (This table was prepared June 1986.)



¹ Persons 17 years of age and over on the date of the survey
² Data are for the year ending in May 1984
³ On the date of the survey Includes part-time undergraduate and graduate students who indicated that they were also adult education participants
⁴ Less than 05 per ant

Table 297.—Courses¹ taken by participants in adult education,² by sex, age, and field of study: Year ending May 1984

[In thousands]

P**-14 - 4 - 4 - 4				Coun	ses taken by	/ men					Course	s taken by	women		
Field of study	Total	Total	17 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	17 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years
1	_ 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Total courses	40,752	17,770	2,574	6,509	4,622	2,324	1,328	413	22,981	3,563	7,907	5,900	2,994	1,796	
Agriculture and renewable natural														, , , , , ,	
resources	430	3 21	28	118	91	40	35	7	109	20	-00	36	15		
Vrts, visual and performing	2,149	509	122	177	76	45	46	43	1,640	232	28 534	354	194	8	
3usiness	8,981	4,329	507	1,601	1,175	643	352	52	4,652	772	1,616			194	13
Education	2,975	863	146	282	246	126	38	25	2,011	298	742	1,360	631	238	3
Engineering and engineering technology	5,899	4,030	552	1,513	1,059	547	227				, , , ,	540	2 9 3	106	3
lealth care and health sciences	5,101	1,648	103	543	543	227	194	32	1,669	243	572	567	324	138	2
lealth education	1,204	346	32	161	99	32	184	38 6	3,453	461	1,277	859	453	349	5
iome economics	947	66	5	26	17	32	11		858	101	319	238	125	45	3
Personal services occupations	842	302	59	123	73	22	20	0	882	60	285	228	128	99	8
anguage, linguistics, and	542	302	35	123	73	~~	20	0	540	97	204	165	36	33	
literature	2,167	828	198	327	167	52									
ife sciences, physical sciences,	2,107	020	150	321	107	52	54	30	1,338	292	468	239	157	107	70
and mathematical sciences Philosophy, religion, and	1,331	609	183	246	89	42	33	16	722	169	275	198	42	27	1:
psychology	2,703	1,028	125	292	254	188	105	64	1 674	204				'	
Physical education and leisure	2.324	684	148	241	126	75	45	48	1,674	234	481	407	230	162	160
Social sciences and social	-,	33.1		271	120	,3	45	40	1,640	293	600	329	162	158	9
studies	2,080	1,230	180	448	336	152	91	23	250	440					Ì.
nterdisciplinary studies	357	143	37	33	43	22	6		850	142	278	199	131	58	4
Inable to classify	1,362	833	148	278	228	105	54	20	214 529	49 98	53 174	68 113	30 45	11 62	3

¹ The total number of adult education courses taken between May 1983 and May 1984 was 43,192.000 However, only 40.752,000 course descriptions were obtained through the survey, which asked for information on up to 4 courses (the most recent courses if more than 4 courses were taken during the year) Five percent of participants took more than 4 courses during the year.

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, N. it. anal Center for Education Statistics, "Current Population Survey, May 1984, Survey of Adult Education," conducted by the Bureau of the Census, unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared June 1986.)



² Includes part-time undergraduate and graduate students who indicated they were also adult education participants

Table 298.—Courses 1 taken by participants in adult education, 2 by sex, age, and reason for taking course: Year ending May 1984

[In thousands]

1400 0000 400				Cours	ses taken by	/ men					Course	s taken by	women		
Main reason for taking course	Total	Total	17 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over	Tc.ai	17 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Total courses	40,752	17,770	2,574	6,509	4,622	2,324	1,328	413	22,981	3,563	7,907	5,900	2,994	1,796	82
ob-related reason	26,159	1∴,607	1,394	4,774	3,585	1,820	908	126	13,552	1,854	4,880	3,889	1,930	861	138
To get new job	4,802	1,824	502	790	307	154	56	15	2,978	866	1,033	748	264	59	'
In current occupation	984	395	40	218	77	37	19	4	589	128	196	185	54	24	1
In new occupation	3,818	1,428	462	571	230	117	37	11	2,390	738	836	563	210	34	1
To advance in job	19,703	10,004	835	3,665	3,035	1,567	797	105	9,699	880	3,495	2,934	1,537	727	12
Other job-related reason	1,654	779	58	319	244	99	55	5	875	108	352	207	128	76	!
on-job-related reason	14,447	5,117	1,170	1,720	1,024	495	420	287	9,330	1,676	3,014	1,987	1,050	919	684
American citizenship	34	19	10	7	0	0	2	0	15	2	5	2	4	0	
General education	3,358	1,447	595	503	206	74	43	27	1,911	673	633	317	150	85	52
Volunteer work	520	208	30	60	61	21	25	11	312	21	98	65	53	46	29
Personal or social	10,230	3,298	492	1,093	734	392	342	246	6,932	949	2,202	1,579	832	780	590
Other non-job-related	306	146	44	59	23	9	8	3	160	31	76	24	10	9	10
ot reported	145	46	9	15	13	10	0	9	99	32	13	24	15	15	

¹ The total number of adult education courses taken between May 1983 and May 1984 was 43,192,000 However, only 40,752,000 course descriptions were obtained through the survey, which asked for information on up to 4 courses (the most recent courses if more than 4 courses were taken during the year) Five percent of participants took more than 4 courses during the year.

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. *Trends in Adult Education*, 1969-1984 (This table was prepared June 1986)



² includes part-time undergraduate and graduate students who indicated they were adult education participants

Table 299.—Participants in adult basic and secondary education programs, by sex, level of enrollment, and State: Fiscal years 1980 and 1984

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		19	BO				1984	
State or other area		Se	x	Le	vel of enrollme	ent		Level of e	enrollment
	Total	Men	Women	Adult basic education	Adult secondary education	Ungraded	Total	Adult basic education	Adult secondary education
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	2,018,906	885,481	1,133,425	915,936	531,663	571,307	2,559,550	1,910,003	649,54
Alabama	51,599 5,667 9,996 8,583 267,625	18,218 2,632 4,404 4,143 145,236	33,381 3,035 5,592 4,440 122,389	36,726 2,200 9,968 7,308 60,385	12,372 2,188 22 1,275	2,501 1,279 6 — 207,240	44,126 11,855 15,836 9,000 632,938	28,034 6,649 11,480 7,603 632,938	16,09: 5,200 4,350 1,397
Colorado	9,381 21,889 1,797 25,214 467,162	4,287 10,253 636 9,62 9 192,631	5,094 11,636 1,161 15 585 274,531	4,295 8,882 1,110 4,928 100,953	2,644 4,805 503 6,502 184,568	2,442 8,202 184 13,784 181,636	9,300 41,064 1,858 16,192 585,053	7,910 21,078 11,263 9,981 351,032	1,390 19,986 1595 6,211 234,021
Georgia	50,820 16,457 12,851 76,456 20,882	21,670 4,868 5,966 35,160 8,434	29,150 11,589 6,885 41,296 12,448	26,734 16,457 8,915 59,314 18,127	17,008 3,010 17,142 2,660	7,078 — 926 — 95	54,257 22,219 11,086 58,726 62,619	36,996 122,219 8,179 50,080 24,011	17,261
Owa	25,851 14,405 27,800 16,046 5,327	11,643 6,708 9,813 6,224 1,941	14,208 7,697 17,987 9,822 3,386	16,928 3,687 6,147 12,608 3,029	5,153 7,436 4,735 2,485 942	3,770 3,282 16,918 953 1,356	23,319 10,845 23,192 45,896 5,369	18,118 6,666 17,459 15,357 2,198	5,201 4,179 5,733 30,539 3,171
Aaryland	34,572 20,420 40,973 10,826 14,317	14,401 8,946 19,258 5,500 4,817	20,171 11,474 21,715 5,326 9,500	23,421 10,241 29,945 8,627 10,340	6,043 5,044 	5,108 5,135 11,020 1,322 1,059	29,732 29,262 60,561 23,912 13,533	26,555 20,369 60,561 12,610 9,279	3,177 8,893 11,302 4,254
Aissouri	33 292 3,525 7,514 3,063 4,844	12,867 1,574 3,275 1,464 2,098	19,425 1,951 4,239 1,599 2,746	27,206 1,795 5,152 845 2,657	3,732 978 2,062 82 1,625	2,35 752 2,136 562	26,245 3,262 9,135 2,381 5,349	21,521 2,037 7,845 2,381 3,546	4,724 1,225 1,290 — 1,803
lew Jersey	35,770 13,102 94,574 84,252 2,810	16,386 5,661 38,966 38,977 1,111	19,384 7,441 55,608 45,275 1,699	17,152 3,590 57,217 33,854 1,963	6,790 5,147 20,002 46,679 538	11,828 4,365 17,355 3,719 309	42,641 16,157 78,195 49,600 1,741	35,101 7,145 59,238 49,600 1,221	7,540 9,012 18,957 — 520
Phio	50,056 14,701 27,645 29,477 5,844	19,757 5,182 12,826 14,399 2,555	30,299 9,519 14,819 15,078 3,289	42,421 6,983 10,690 19,246 2,266	7,635 5,697 12,594 6,436 1,357	2,021 4,361 3,795 2,221	51,617 14,801 18,381 27,987 6,315	43,388 12,951 10,903 21,527 4,508	8,229 1,850 7,478 6,460 1,807
outh Carolina	69,659 4,067 26,268 157,349 18,541	25,368 1,964 9,616 72,789 8,189	44,291 2,103 16,652 84,560 10,352	27,959 2,080 17,079 94,245 3,756	35,165 1,109 3,244 51,126 14,785	6,535 878 5,945 11,978	71,436 5,279 26,199 155,932 21,695	32,846 4,070 24,452 84,271 6,325	38,590 1,209 1,747 71,661 15,370
/ermont	4,583 21,525 16,286 14,628 16,158 2,457	1,533 8,082 7,392 5,710 8,227 1,095	3,050 13,443 8,894 8,918 7,931 1,362	3,990 10,480 7,245 9,743 14,185 857	3,804 3,894 3,672 1,973 905	593 7,241 5,147 1,213 	5,172 23,388 18,450 15,618 17,578 3,246	4,646 21,767 15,299 110,706 12,124 11,960	526 1,621 3,151 14,912 5,454 11,286
Outlying areas Imerican Samos	313 1,346 30,164 3,753 3,500	115 657 16,082 2,169 1,405	198 689 14,082 1,584 2,095	252 	61 	263 3,310 916 1,639	309 1,712 31,014 3,959	1,360 1 247 1 702 26,342 1,883	1,62 1,010 4,672 2,076

¹ Estimated

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Women and Minority Groups Make Up Largest Segment of Adult Basic and Secondary Education Programs", and Office of Vocational and Adult Education, unpublished data (This table was prepared August 1986.)



⁻Data not available or not applicable

Table 300.—Enrollment, mean charges, and mean number of hours required to complete selected programs in noncollegiate noncorrespondence postsecondary schools offering occupational programs, by control of school: United States and outlying areas, 1980–81

Selected program offerings		Enrollment 1		N	lean charges	<u> </u>	Mean numb	er of hours to program	complete
	Total	Public	Private	Total	Publ -	Private	ં હ પા	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		9	10
All programs 2	1,687,097	451,430	1,235,667	\$1,608	\$593	\$2,200	1,107	1,324	94
Agri-business		į		1	İ			i	
Agri-mech 2 xics	513	513	_	778	778	_	1,719	1,719	_
Agri-production	1,166	1,166	_	722	722	_	1,548	1,548	_
Agri-products	874	874	_1	924	924	_	2,103	2,103	_
Agri-supplies/serv.ces	2,297	373	1,924	1,778	379	3,832	880	974	74
Horticulture	2,039	1,802	237	704	617	4,758	1,361	1,352	1,78
Business/office				Ī	İ				
Accounting	40,746	13,887	26,859	2,254	488	2,893	1,077	1,238	1,01
Business administration	22,889	4,690	18,199	3,307	395	3,913	1,189	1,148	1,19
Clerk	24,378	11,358	13,020	1,284	507	1,870	843	924	78
Computer progra/mmer	34,789	2.450	32,319	3,113	551	3,473	775	1,278	70
Data processing, not elsewhere classified	32,905	11,493	21,412	2,499	895	4,119	1,061	1,139	99
Cifice accupations, not elsewhere	32,500	11,400	21,412	2,700	083	7,110	1,001	1,138	
classified	23.025	14,506	8,519	1.284	413	2,222	1.022	1,281	74
Secretary	106,478	23,387	83,089	2,463	541	2,903	1,034	998	1,04
Typing	10.539	2,292	8,247	564	94	719	398	408	39
•	10,300	2,2 02	0,247	304	34	/ 18	350	700	30
Health Posts conjetest	9.047	2440	0.007	4044	747	0.500		4 440	50
Dental assistant		2,110	8,937	1,914	747	2,590	767	1,112	56
Medical assistant (office)	20,950	1,762	19,188	2,326	820	2,787	766	1,046	68
Nurse (practical)	36,181	26,418	9,765	892	756	1,998	1,416	1,449	1,14
Radiology technician	6,018	986	5,032	758	913	705	3,244	2,779	3,39
Home economics		1	1		ł			İ	
Child care	2,244	2,194	50	256	247	325	1,108	1,003	1,90
Clothing macagement, product, and			i	1	l				•
services	3.378	1.824	1,554	1,365	292	1,974	717	1,038	53
Dietician	1,240	906	334	522	454	665	1,342	1,253	1,52
Tailonng	2,048	567	1,479	2,099	321	2,512	866	1,269	77
Marketing/distribution	İ		-						
Apparel	45,778	1.048	44,728	3.087	402	3,456	943	1,355	88
Banking	11,028	1,055	9,973	967	788	1,103	475	853	18
Entertainment servi.es	35,122	308	34,814	714	808	709	232	1,834	13
insurance sales	11,149	92	11.057	202	352	188	95	576	5
Merchandising	5 5 3	2,108	3,545						67.
		, ,		1,566	849	2,216	1,061	1,490	
	26,320	891 233	99,854 26,087	202 1,787	238	201 1,846	58	419	5: 39:
Recreation/tourism	20,320	233	20,067	1,707	381	1,040	401	451	38
Technical									
Automotive technologies	9,571	1,430	8,141	2,756	993	4,541	1,436	1,503	1,36
Civil technologies.	6,878	3,154	3,724	2,791	709	3,823	1,369	1,936	1,08
Communications tect-nologies	15,924	1,951	13,973	2,460	1,199	2,848	937	1,848	65
Electronics technologies Performing arts (music, dance, and	45,152	8,996	36,156	2,600	697	4,870	1,610	1,706	1,49
	20.000	440	00.050		00	0.440			
drama)	20,969 48,732	113 20 2	20,856 48,530	2,144 7,898	7.900	2,412 7,898	752	275	81
	70,7 JE	-32	40,000	.,000	7,550	,,000	_	-	
Trades/industry	28,666	18,914	0.750	1070	203	0.044	4.400	1 50	4 40
Auto mechanic			9,752	1,070	607	2,841	1,466	1,561	1,10
Commercial art occupations	19,956	3,155	18,801	3,166	943	4,082	1,259	1,640	1,10
Cosmetology	153,381	8,822	144,559	1,45/2	483	1,525	1,342	1,297	1,34
Drafting	15,937	9,215	6,722	1 499	518	3,102	1,510	1,652	1,27
Maritime occupations	15,664	3,051	12,813	.09	662	971	458	979	32
Truck driver	34,800	1,345	32,955	1,357	489	1,497	187	516	13
Welding	48,804	23,052	23,752	925	455	1,527	756	1,078	34

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ includes propnetary (operated for profit) schools, independent (nonprofit) schools, and schools operated by religious groups

NOTE —Includes students enrolled at any time during the 12-month period ending June 30, 1981

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Postsecondary Schools with Occupational Programs" survey. (This table was prepared June 1986.)



² includes programs not show: separately below

⁻Data not available

Table 301.—Number of noncollegiate institutions offering postsecondary education, by control and State: 1987-88

State or other area	Total	Public	Private		
	2	3	Total 4	Nonprofit 5	Propnetary 6
Alabama	78	6	72	15	5
Alaska	60	7	53	13	4
Arizona	211	5	206	16	19
Arkansas	130	25	105	13	9:
California	1,179	51	1,128	243	88
Colorado	134	7	127	18	10
Connecticut	144	4	140	32	
Delaware	23	1	22	4	10
District of Columbia	38	1	37	12	1:
Flonda	373	52	321	62	25 25
G⊌orgia	153	23	100		
Hawaii	40	23	130	23	10
idaho	42	,	38	6	3:
Illinois	443	1	41	4	3
Indiana	168	18	425	102	32:
The second secon	100	14	154	25	129
lowa	96	6	90	21	69
Kansas	91	16	75	19	56
Kentucky	138	18	120	16	104
Louisiana	216	57	159	13	146
Maine	32	2	30	13	17
Maryland	210	1	209	20	404
Massachusetts	223	20	203	28 64	181
Michigan	356	9	347	68	139
Minnesota	138	39	99		279
Mississippi	58	1	57	22	77 53
Missouri	239	20	242		
Montana	48	29	210	39	171
Vebraska	- 1	5	43	8	35
Nevada	58 72	1	57	12	45
New Hampshire	35	_	72 35	3 5	69 30
New Jersey				3	30
New Mexico	259 42	11	248	51	197
New York	461	4	38	7	31
North Carolina	73	14	447	149	298
North Dakota	28	7	66	11	55
10.01	20	1	27	12	15
Ohio	345	41	304	79	225
Oklahoma	89	14	75	5	70
Oregon	151	4	147	7	140
Pennsylvania	451	13	438	125	313
Rhode Island	34	-	34	4	30
South Carolina	66	6	60	_	
South Dakota	24	4	60 20	7	53
Tennessee	142	44		10	10
Texas	447	11	98	21	77
Jtah	59	8	436 51	52 4	384 47
/ermont	40			7	7,
/irginia	13	4	9	3	6
Vashington	191	19	172	36	136
Vest Virginia	166	6	160	28	132
	59	19	40	12	28
Visconsin	129	6	123	34	89
	14	2	12	1	11
Outlying areas	171	12	159	27	132
American Samos	_				
lorthern Mananas	_	_		_	-
iuam	2	_	2	_	2
uerto Rico	169	12	157	27	130
rust Territory of the Pacific	-	=1	137	-	130
/irgin Islands	_		_	-	_
l l	ı	ì	— ı		_

⁻⁻ Data not available or not applicable

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, "Institutional Characteristics" survey (This table was prepared January 1989.)



CHAPTER 4

Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities

This chapter provides a summary of the Federal funds for education programs to help describe the magnitude of the Federal fiscal effort and give some indication of the scope and variety of the programs. Data in this chapter reflect outlays and obligations of Federal agencies. These tabulations differ from Federal receipts reported in other chapters because of numerous variations in the data collection systems. Federal appropriations are not necessarily spent by recipient institutions in the same year they are appropriated. In some cases, institutions cannot identify the source of Federal revenues because the revenues flow through State agencies. Some types of revenues, such as tuition and fees, are reported as revenues from students even though they may be supported by Federal student loan programs. Some institutions that receive Federal education funds are not included in regular surveys conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics. Thus, the revenue data tabulated in this chapter are not comparable to figures reported in other chapters.

A capsule view of the history of Federal education activities is provided in the following list of selected legislation:

- 1787 Northwest Ordinance authorized land grants for the establishment of educational institutions.
- 1802 An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States established the U.S. Military Academy. (The U.S. Naval Academy was established in 1845 by the Secretary of the Navy.)
- 1862 First Morrill Act authorized public land grants to the States for the establishment and maintenance of agricultural and mechanical colleges.
- 1867 Department of Education Act authorized the establishment of the Department of Education.*

- 1876 Appropriation Act, Department of the Treasury established the U.S. Coast Guard Academy.
- 1890 **Second Morrill Act** provided for money grants for support of instruction in the agricultural and mechanical colleges.
- 1911 State Marine School Act authorized Federal funds to be used for the benefit of any nautical school in any of 11 specified State seaport cities.
- 1917 Smith-Hughes Act provided for grants to States for support of vocational education.
- 1918 Vocational Rehabilitation Act provided for grants for rehabilitation through training of World War I veterans.
- 1919 An act to provide for further educational faclittles authorized the sale by the Federal Government of surplus machine tools to educational institutions at 15 percent of acquisition cost.
- 1920 **Smith-Bankhead Act** authorized grants to States for vocational rehabilitation programs.
- 1935 Bankhead-Jones Act (Public Law 74-182) authorized grants to States for agricultural experiment stations.
 - Agricultural Adjustment Act (Public Law 74-320) authorized 30 percent of the annual customs receipts to be used to encourage the exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities. Commodities purchased under this authorization began to be used in school lunch programs in 1936. The National School Lunch Act of 1946 continued and expanded this assistance.
- 1936 An act to further the development and maintenance of an adequate and well-balanced American Merchant Marine (Public Law 84-415) established the U.S. Merchant Marine Academy.
- 1937 National Cancer Institute Act established the Public Health Service fellowship program.



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^{*}The Department of Education as established in 1867 was later to be known as the Office of Education until 1980, when, under P.L. 96-88, it was again designated as a "department." Therefore, for purposes of consistency, it is referred to as the "Department of Education" even in those tables covering years when it was officially the Office of Education.

- 1941 Amendment to Lanham Act of 1940 authorized Federal aid for construction, maintenance, and operation of schools in federally impacted areas. Such assistance was continued under Public Law 815 and Public Law 874, 81st Congress, in 1950.
- 1943 **Vocational Rehabilitation Act** (Public Law 78–16) provided assistance to disabled veterans.
 - **School Lunch Indemnity Plan** (Public Law 78–129) provided funds for local lunch food purchases.
- 1944 Servicemen's Readjustment Act (Public Law 78–346) provided assistance for education veterans.
 - Surplus Property Act (Public Law 78-457) authorized transfer of surplus property to educational institutions.
- 1946 National School Lunch Act (Public Law 79-396) authorized assistance through grants-in-aid and other means to States to assist in providing adequate foods and facilities for the establishment, maintenance, operation, and expansion of nonprofit school lunch programs.
 - George-Barden Act (Public Law 80-402) expanded Federal support of vocational education.
- 1948 United States Information and Educational Exchange Act (Public Law 80-402) provided for the interchange of persons, knowledge, and skills between the United States and other countries.
- 1949 Federal Property and Administrative Services Act (Public Law 81-152) provided for donation of surplus property to educational institutions and for other public purposes.
- 1950 Financial assistance for local educational agencies affected by Federal activities (Public Law 81-815 and P.L. 81-874) provided assistance for construction (Public Law 815) and operation (Public Law 874) of schools in federally affected areas.
 - Housing Act (Public Law 81-475) authorized loans for construction of college housing facilities.
- 1954 An act for the establishment of the United States Air Force Academy and other purposes (Public Law 83-325) established the U.S. Air Force Academy.

- Cooperative Research Act (Public Law 83-531) authorized cooperative arrangements with universities, colleges, and State educational agencies for educational research.
- National Advisory Committee on Education Act (Public Law 83-532) established a National Advisory Committee on Education to recommend needed studies of national concern in the field of education and to propose appropriate action indicated by such studies.
- School Milk Program Act (Public Law 83–597) provided funds for purchase of milk for school lunch programs.
- 1956 Library Services Act (Public Law 84-911) provided grants to States for extension and improvement of rural public library services.
- 1957 Practical Nurse Training Act (Public Law 84–911) provided grants to States for practical nurse training.
- 1958 National Defense Education Act (Public Law 85-865) provided assistance to State and local school systems for strengthening instruction in science, mathematics, modern foreign languages, and other critical subjects: improvement of State statistical services; guidance, counseling, and testing services and training institutes; higher education student loans and fellowships; foreign language study and training provided by colleges and universities; experimentation and dissemination of information on more effective utilization of television, motion pictures, and related media for educational purposes; and vocational education for technical occupations necessary to the national defense.
 - Education of Mentally Retarded Children Act (Public Law 85-926) authorized Federal assistance for training teachers of the handicapped.
 - Captioned films for the Deaf Act (Public Law 85-905) authorized a loan service of captioned films for the deaf.
- 1961 Area Redevelopment Act (Public Law 87-27) included provisions for training or retraining of persons in redevelopment areas.
- 1962 Manpower Development and Training Act (Public Law 87-415) provided training in new and improved skills for the unemployed and underemployed.
 - Communications Act of 1934, Amendment, (Public Law 87-447) provided grants for the



construction of educational television broadcasting facilities.

Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (Public Law 87-510) authorized loans, advances, and grants for education and training of refugees.

1963 Health Professions Educational Assistance
Act (Public Law 88-129) provided funds to
expand teaching facilities and for loans to
students in the health professions.

Vocational Education Act of 1963 (Public Law 88-210) increased Federal support of vocational education schools; vocational work-study programs; and research, training, and demonstrations in vocational education.

Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963 (Public Law 88-204) authorized grants and loans for classrooms, libraries, and laboratories in public community colleges and technical institutes, as well as undergraduate and graduate facilities in other institutions of higher education.

1964 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Public Law 88-352) authorized the Commissioner of Education to arrange for support for institutions of higher education and school districts to provide inservice programs for assisting instructional staff in dealing with problems caused by desegregation.

Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 (Public Law 88–452) authorized grants for college work-study programs for students from low-income families; established a Job Corps program and authorized support for work-training programs to provide education and vocational training and work experience opportunities in welfare programs; authorized support of education and training activities and of community action programs, including Head Start, Follow Through, and Upward Bound; and authorized the establishment of Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA).

1965 Elementary and Secondary Education Act (Public Law 89-10) authorized grants for elementary and secondary school programs for children of low-income families; school library resources, textbooks, and other instructional materials for school children; supplementary educational centers and services; strengthening State education agencies; and educational research and research training.

Health Professions Educational Assistance Amendments (Public Law 89-290) authorized scholarships to aid needy students in the health professions.

Higher Education Act of 1965 (Public Law 89–329) provided grants for university community service programs, college library assistance, library training and research, strengthening developing institutions, teacher training programs, and undergraduate instructional equipment. Authorized insured student loans, established a National Teacher Corps, and provided for graduate teacher training fellowships.

Medical Library Assistance Act (Public Law 89–291) provided assistance for construction and Improvement of health sciences libraries.

National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act (Public Law 89-209) authorized grants and loans for projects in the creative and performing arts, and for research, training, and scholarly publications in the humanities.

National Technical Institute for the Deaf Act (Public Law 89-36) provided for the establishment, construction, equipping, and operation of a residential school for postsecondary education and technical training of the deaf.

National Vocational Student Loan Insurance Act (P.L. 89-287) encouraged State and nonprofit private institutions and organizations to establish adequate loan insurance programs to assist students to attend post-secondary business, trade, technical, and other vocational schools.

Disaster Relief Act (Public Law 89–313) provided for assistance to local education agencies to help meet exceptional costs resulting from a major disaster.

1966 International Education Act (Public Law 89-698) provided grants to institutions of higher education for the establishment, strengthening, and operation of centers for research and training in international studies and the international aspects of other fields of study.

National Sea Grant College and Program Act (Public Law 89-688) authorized the establishment and operation of sea grant colleges and programs by initiating and supporting programs of education and research in the various fields relating to the development of marine resources.



Adult Education Act (Public Law 89–750) authorized grants to States for the encouragement and expansion of educational programs for adults, including training of teachers of adults and demonstrations in adult education (previously part of Economic Opportunity Act of 1964).

Model Secondary School for the Deaf Act (Public Law 89-694) authorized the establishment and operation, by Gallaudet College, of a model secondary school for the deaf.

Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1966 (Public Law 89-750) in addition to modifying existing programs, authorized grants to assist States in the initiation, expansion, and improvement of programs and projects for the education of handicapped children.

1967 Education Professions Development Act (Public Law 90-35) amended the Higher Education Act of 1965 for the purpose of improving the quality of teaching and to help meet critical shortages of adequately trained educational personnel.

Public Broadcasting Act of 1967 (Public Law 90-129) established a Corporation for Public Broadcasting to: assume major responsibility in channeling Federal funds to noncommercial radio and television stations, program production groups, and ETV networks; conduct research, demonstration, or training in matters related to noncommercial broadcasting; and award grants for construction of educational radio and television facilities.

Amendments of 1967 (Public Law 90-247) modified existing programs, authorized support of regional centers for education of handicapped children, model centers and services for deaf-blind children, recruitment of personnel and dissemination of information on education of the handicapped; technical assistance in education to rural areas; support of dropout prevention projects; and support of bilingual education programs.

Handicapped Children's Early Education Assistance Act (Public Law 90-538) authorized preschool and early education programs for handicapped children.

Vocational Education Amendments of 1968 (Public Law 90-576) modified existing programs and provided for a National Advisory Council on Vocational Education, collection and dissemination of information for programs administered by the Commissioner of Education.

Higher Education Amendments of 1968 (Public Law 90-575) authorized new programs to assist disadvantaged college students through special counseling and summer tutorial programs, and programs to assist colleges to combine resources of coopérative programs and to expand programs which provide clinical experiences to law students.

1970 Elementary and Secondary Education Assistance Programs, Extension (Public Law 91-230) authorized comprehensive planning and evaluation grants to State and local education agencies; provided for the establishment of a National Commission on School Finance.

National Commission on Libraries and information Services Act (Public Law 91-345) established a National Commission on Libraries and Information Science to effectively utilize the Nation's educational resources.

Office of Education Appropriation Act (Public Law 91-380) provided emergency school assistance to desegregating local education agencies.

Environmental Education Act (Public Law 91–516) established an Office of Environmental Education to: develop curriculum and initiate and maintain environmental education programs at the elementary-secondary levels; disseminate information; provide training programs for teachers and other educational, public, community, labor, and industrial leaders and employees; provide community education programs; and distribute material dealing with environment and ecology.

Drug Abuse Education Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-527) provided for development, demonstration, and evaluation of curriculums on the problems of drug abuse.

1971 Comprehensive Health Manpower Training Act of 1971 (Public Law 92-257) amended Title VII of the Public Health Service Act, increasing and expanding provisions for health manpower training and training facilities.

Nurse Training Act of 1971 (Public Law 92-158) amended Title VIII, Nurse Training, cf



the Fublic Health Service Act, increasing and expanding provisions for nurse training facilities.

- 1972 Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-255) established a Special Action Office for Drug Abuse Prevention to provide overall planning and policy for all Federal drug-abuse prevention functions; a National Advisory Council for Drug Abuse Prevention; community assistance grants for community mental health center for treatment and rehabilitation of persons with drug-abuse problems, and, in December 1974, a National Institute on Drug Abuse.
 - Education Amendments of 1972 (Public Law 92-318) established the Education Division and the National Institute of Education; general aid for institutions of higher education; Federal matching grants for State student incentive grants; a National Commission on Financing Postsecondary Education; State Advisory Councils on Community Colleges; a Bureau of Occupational and Adult Education and State grants for the design, establishment, and conduct of postsecondary occupational education; and a bureau-level Office of Indian Education. Amended current Office of Education programs to increase their effectiveness and better meet special needs. Prohibited sex bias in admission to vocational, professional, and graduate schools, and public institutions of undergraduate higher education.
- 1973 Older Americans Comprehensive Services Amendment of 1973 (Public Law 93-29) made available to older citizens comprehensive programs of health, education, and social services.
 - Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-203) provided for opportunities for employment and training to unemployed and underemployed persons. Extended and expanded provisions in the Manpower Development and Training Act of 1962, Title I of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1962, Title I of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, and the Emergency Employment Act of 1971 as in effect prior to June 30, 1973.
- 1974 Educational Amendments of 1974 (Public Law 93-380) provided for the consolidation of certain programs; established a National Center for Education Statistics.

- Prevention Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-415) provided for technical assistance, staff training, centralized research, and resources to develop and implement programs to keep students in elementary and secondary schools; established, in the Department of Justice, a National Institute for Juvenile Justice and Delinguency Prevention.
- 1975 Indian Self-Determination and Education
 Assistance Act (Public Law 93-638) provided for increased participation of Indians in the establishment and conduct of their education programs and services.
 - Harry S Truman Memorial Scholarship Act (Public Law 93-642) established the Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation and created a perpetual education scholarship fund for young Americans to prepare and pursue careers in public service.
 - Indochina Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-23) authorized funds to be used for education and training of aliens who have fled from Cambodia or Vietnam.
 - Education of the Handicapped Act (Public Law 94-142) provided that all handicapped children (5 to 18 years old) have available to them a free appropriate education designed to meet their unique needs.
- 1976 Educational Broadcasting Facilities and Telecommunications Demonstration Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-309) established a telecommunications demonstration program to promote the development of nonbroadcast telecommunications facilities and services for the transmission, distribution, and delivery of health, education, and public or social service information.
 - Education Amendments of 1976 (Public Law 94-482) extended and revised Federal programs for education assistance for higher education, vocational education, and a variety of other programs.
- 1977 Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-93) established a youth employment training program that includes, among other activities, promoting education-to-work transition, literacy training and bilingual training, and attainment of certificates of high school equivalency.



- 1978 Career Education incentive Act (Public Law 95-207) authorized the establishment of a career education program for elementary and secondary schools.
 - **Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act** (Public Law 95–471) provided Federal funds for the operation and improvement of tribally controlled community colleges for Indian students.
 - Education Amendments of 1978 (Public Law 95–56!) established a comprehensive basic skills program aimed at improving pupil achievement (replaced the existing National Reading Improvement program); established a community schools program to provide for the use of public buildings.
 - Middle Income Student Assistance Act (Public Law 95–566) medified the provisions for student financial assistance programs to allow middle income as well as low income students attending college or other postsecondary institutions to qualify for Federal education assistance.
- 1979 Department of Education Organization Act (Public Law 96–88) established a Department of Education containing functions from the Education Division of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare along with other selected education programs from H.E.W., the Department of Justice, Department of Labor, and the National Science Foundation.
- 1980 Asbestos School Hazard Protection and Control Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-270) established a program for inspection of schools for detection of hazardous asbestos materials and provided loans to assist educational agencies to contain or remove and replace such materials.
 - Amendments to the Higher Education Act (Public Law 96-374) provided for a new Commission on National Development in Postsecondary Education and a new Urban Grant University Program.
- 1981 Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-35) consolidated 42 programs into 7 programs to be funded under the elementary and secondary block grant authority.
- 1983 Student Loan Consolidation and Technical Amendments Act of 1983 (Public Law 98-79) established 8 percent rate for

- Guaranteed Student Loans and extended Family Contribution Schedule.
- Challenge Grant Amendments of 1983 (Public Law 98-95) amended Title III, Higher Education Act, and added authorization of Challenge Grant program. The Challenge Grant program provides funds to eligible institutions on a matching basis as incentive to seek alternative sources of funding.
- Education of Handicapped Act Amendments (Public Law 98-199) added Architectural Barrier amendment and clarified participation of Handicapped Children in private schools.
- Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 Amendments (Public Law 98-211) added technical amendments for Chapter 1, and provided for parental involvement and minor changes in other programs.
- 1984 Rehabilitation Amendments of 1984 (Public Law 98-221) revised and extended the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. Provides for the Helen Keller National Center for Deaf-Blind.
 - Education for Economic Security Act (Public Law 98-377) added new science and mathematics programs for elementary, secondary, and postsecondary education. The new programs include: magnet schools, excellence in education, and equal access.
 - Higher Education Act of 1965 Amendments
 (Public Law 98-312) this act amended Title
 Ill of the Higher Education Act of 1965 by
 creating a new method of funding the
 Challenge Grant program. The act also increased the level of authorization for the
 Office of the Inspector General and extended
 the Allen J. Ellender Fellowship program
 through fiscal year 1989.
 - Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act (Public Law 98-524) continues Federal assistance for vocational education through fiscal year 1989. The act replaces the Vocational Education Act of 1963. It provides aid to the States to make vocational education programs accessible to all persons, including handicapped and disadvantaged, single parents and homemakers, and the incarcerated.
 - Human Services Reauthorization Act (Public Law 98-558) reauthorized the Head Start and Follow Through programs through fiscal year 1986. It also created a Carl D. Perkins schol-



- 1985 Montgomery GI BIII—Active Duty (Public Law 98-525), signed on October 19, 1984, brought about a new GI Bill for individuals who initially entered active military duty on or after July 1, 1985.
 - Montgomery GI BIII—Selected Reserve (Public Law 98-525), signed on October 19, 1984, is an education program for members of the Selected Reserve (which includes the National Guard) who enlist, reenlist, or extend an enlistment after June 30, 1985, for a 6-year period.
- 1986 Education of the Deaf Act (Public Law 99–371) places Gallaudet College and the National Technical Institute for the Deaf on a 5-year reauthorization cycle. Establishes an 18-month Commission to Study Deaf Education.
 - Handicapped Childran's Protection Act (Public Law 99-372) allows parents of handicapped children to collect attorney's ices in cases brought under the Education of the Handicapped Act and provides that the Education of the Handicapped Act does not preempt other laws, such as Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - Reauthorization of the Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments (Public Law 99-457) reauthorizes for 3 years the discretionary programs under the Education of the Handicapped Act and requires education services for all handicapped 3- to 5-year-olds. Included are programs to provide demonstration projects for severely disabled individuals, research and technology activities, early childhood education, and a new State grant program to provide early intervention services for handicapped children from birth through age 2.
 - Reauthorization of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (Public Law 99–498) reauthorizes for 5 years the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. Provides increases in maximum Pell Grant and student loan amounts, institutes a new agency to provide college construction funding, cuts incentives to lenders involved in the student aid programs and extends the authorization for the Office of Educational Research and Improvement.

- Reauthorization of the Rehabilitation Act (Public Law 99-506) authorizes for 5 years programs to provide vocational rehabilitation for disabled persons. Includes increasing the State/Federal match requirements, establishes a new State grant program for supported employment, and sets higher education levels.
- The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-570), part of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986, authorizes funding for fiscal years 1987-89. Establishes programs for drug abuse education and prevention, coordinated with related community efforts and resources, through the use of Federal financial assistance.
- 1987 Higher Education Act Amendments of 1987 (Public Law 100-50) makes technical corrections, clarifications, or conforming amendments related to the enactment of the Higher Education Amendments of 1986.
- 1988 The Augustus F. Hawkins-Robert T. Stafford Elementary and Secondary School Improvement Amendments of 1988 (Public Law 100-297) reauthorizes through 1993 major elementary and secondary education programs including: Chapter 1, Chapter 2, Bilingual Education, Math-Science Education, Magnet Schools, Impact Aid, Indian Education, Adult Education, and other smaller education programs.
 - White House Conference on Libraries (Public Law 100-381) authorizes a White House Conference on Library and Information Services.
 - Library Services and Construction Act (Public Law 100-569) extends the authorization of Title V and Title VI of the Library Services and Construction Act for 1 year.
 - The Handicapped Programs Technical Amendments Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–360) makes certain technical and conforming amendments to the Education of the Handicapped Act and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
 - Technology-Related Assistance for Individuals with Disabilities Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-407) provides financial assistance to States to develop and implement consumer-responsive Statewide programs of technology-related assistance for persons of all ages with disabilities.



The Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-418) authorizes new and expanded education programs. Title VI of the Act, Education and Training for American Competitiveness, authorizes new programs in literacy, math-science, foreign language, vocational training, international education, technology training, and technology transfer.

The Omnibus Drug Abuse Prevention Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-690) authorizes a new teacher training program under the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act, an early child-hood education program to be administered jointly by the Departments of Health and Human Services and Education, and a pilot program for the children of alcoholics.

Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (Public Law 100-628) extends for 2 additional years programs providing assistance to the homeless, including literacy training for homeless adults and education for homeless youths.

Tax Reform Technical Amendments (Public Law 100-647) authorizes an Education Savings Bond for the purpose of post-secondary educational expenses. The bill grants tax exclusion for interest earned on regular series EE savings bonds.

Highlights

• Trends in Federal funding for education show sizable growth between 1965 and 1989, after adjustment for Inflation. The period of particularly strong growth was between 1965 and 1975. During this period, Federal funds for elementary and secondary education rose by 189 percent and Federal funds for higher education rose by 230 percent, but research funding fell by about 1 percent. Between 1975 and 1980, Federal funding remained relatively stable, with some increase in research funding. From fiscal year 1980 to 1989, funds for elementary and secondary education declined by 17 percent and higher education fell by 27 percent. In contrast, research funding grew by 36 percent.

- cent, and funds for other programs increased by nearly 38 percent. (Table 302)
- According to fiscal year 1989 estimates, about 44 percent of the \$46.7 billion dollars spent by the Federal Government on education came from the Department of Education. Large amounts of money also came from the Department of Health and Human Services (\$6.4 billion), the Department of Agriculture (\$5.8 billion). the Department of Defense (\$3.7 billion), and the Department of Energy (\$2.4 billion). (Table 303)
- In fiscal year 1989, Federal program funds for elementary/secondary education amounted to \$19.8 billion; for higher education, \$11.9 billion; for research at universities and related institutions, \$11.8 billion; and for other programs, \$3.2 billion. (Table 304)
- Between fiscal years 1980 and 1989, Department of Education obligations rose by about 14 percent, after adjustment for inflation. Funds for student financial assistance increased to \$10.5 billion in 1989, a rise of 37 percent. Funds for elementary and secondary education stood at an estimated \$6.1 billion in 1989, a decline of about 3 percent since 1980. Funds for the handicapped increased by about 80 percent, to \$4.2 billion, while funds for vocational education declined nearly 35 percent, after adjustment for inflation. (Table 305)
- Of the \$20.6 billion spent by the Department of Education in 1989, about \$7.2 billion went to school districts, \$3.5 billion went to institutions of higher education, \$3.4 billion went to college students, and \$2.5 billion to State education agencies. A large portion of the remaining \$4.1 billion went to banks to subsidize student loans. (Table 306)
- Total Federal support for education was \$68.4 billion in fiscal year 1988, down 11 percent from fiscal year 1980, after adjustment for inflation. From fiscal year 1980 to fiscal year 1988, Federal program funds fell by 12 percent; federally supported student aid funds rose 23 percent; and estimated Federal tax expenditures for education declined by 19 percent. (Table 302)



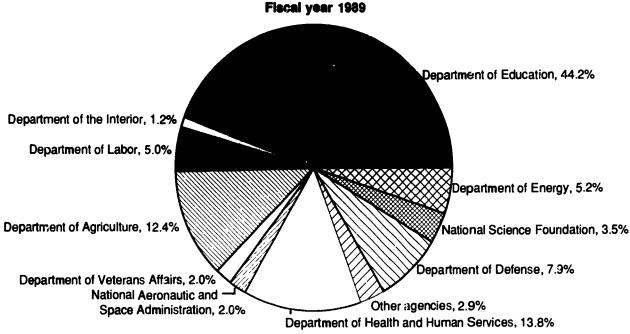


Figure 19.—Federal funds for education, by agency:
Fiscal year 1989

Total = \$46.7 billion

SOURCE: U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the U.S. Government, Appendix, Fiscal year 1990; and National Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development, Fiscal years 1987, 1988, and 1989.

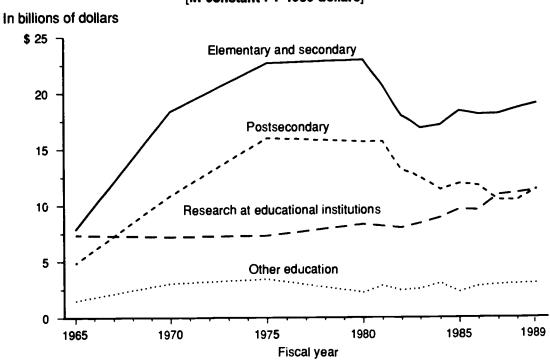


Figure 20.—Federal funds for education, by level: 1965 to 1989 [in constant FY 1989 dollars]

SOURCE: U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the U.S. Government, Appendix, fiscal years 1967 to 1990, and Historical Tables, FY 1990; and National Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development, fiscal years 1965 to 1989; and unpublished data.



Table 302.—Education funds generated by Federal and federally supported programs, by category: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989

[In millions of dollars]

	Total		Fede	ral education fu	ınds 1	₇	N	onfederal funds	generated by s	aderal program	T) 2	Estimated
Fiscal Year	education funds	Total	Elementary and secondary	Post- secondary	Other education	Research at educational institutions	Total	Guaranteed student loans 3	Direct loans ⁴	State student incentive grants 5	Work-study programs 6	Federal ta expendi- tures for education
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
,						Current	dollars	·				
)65	_]	\$5,331.0	\$1,942.6	\$1,197.5	\$374.7	\$1,816 3	(\$2 5)		\$19.8		(400.0)	
70	-	12,526.5	5,830.4	3,447.7	964 7	2,263.6	903.8	\$811.0		_	(\$22.3)	-
75		23,133.2	10,617.2	7,489.2	1,608.5	3,418.4	1,323.6		45.0		47 8	-
ļ.	i		•	1,10010	1,000.0	3,410.4	1,323.0	1,298.0	130.6	\$20 0	(125.0)	-
30	\$53,406.5	34,317.1	16,027.7	16,939 5	1,548.7	5,801.2	5,419,4	4,840.0	392.7	76 5	110.2	*40.070
B1	61,080.1	36,446.2	15,903.7	12,084.8	2,182.2	6.275.5	8,253 9	7.824 0	279 4	76.5		\$13,670.
B2	57,298.8	34,304.7	14,839.2	10,872.8	1,995.1	6,597.4	6,814.1	6.238.0	401.8		74.0	16,380
83	59,068.9	34,719.2	14,527.8	10,753.4	2,204.1	7,233.8	7.624.7	6,928.0		72.0	102.3	16,180
B4	61,845.5	36,104.5	15,292.4	10,163.2	2,710.4	7,938.6	6,651.0	7,916.0	536.2	60.0	100.5	16,725
I				·	- ,	7,000.0	0,001.0	7,810.0	563.0	76.0	96 0	17,090.
85	66,544.7	38,809.4	16,900.8	10,956.5	2,107.6	8.844.6	9.705.3	8,913 0	613.8	76.0	102.5	18.030.
36	68,611.2	39,745.0	17,049.9	11,065 6	2,620 0	9,009.4	9,396.2	8,570 0	655.4	72.7		
B7	70.294.1	40,969.0	17,533.3	10,077.7	2.819.4	10,538.6	10,145,1	9,266.0	700.6	76.0	98.1	19,470.
38	68,407.6	43,080.6	18,604 6	10,419.1	2,980.2	11,076.7	9,547.0	8,708.0	648.0		102.5	19,180.
89 •	-1	46,709.9	19,843.1	11,904.2	3,179.3	11,763.4	8,395.0	7,461.0	692.0	73 0	118.0	15,780.
=									992.0	72.0	170.0	
r					C	onstant fisca: ye	ar 1989 dollars	; •				
65	-1	22,420.2	8,169.7	5,036.3	1,575.6	7,638.5	(10.5)		833		(93.8)	
70	-	41,091 9	19,126.2	11,309 8	3,164.7	7,491.2	2,964.8	2,660 4	147.6	-		_
75	-1	51,398 1	23,589.6	16,639.6	3,573.8	7,595.0	2,940.8	2,883 9	290 2	44.4	156 8	-
20	70.007.5	-				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,540.0	2,000 8	2902	44.4	(277.7)	_
30	79,607.5	51,152.9	23,890.8	16,306.4	2,308 5	8,647.2	8.078 1	7,214.5	585 4	1140	164.3	20,376.4
31	82,443.4	49,193.6	21,466.2	16,311.6	2,945.4	8.470.4	11,140.8	10,560.5	377.1	103.3	99.9	22,109
32	72,1 96 .5	43,2239	18,697.4	13,699.7	2,513.8	8,312.7	8,585 8	7,859.9	506.3	90.7	128 9	20,386.0
33	71,358.4	41,942.7	17,550.4	12,990.7	2,662.7	8,738.8	9,211.0	8,369.4	647.8	72.5		
34	72,099.7	42,090.7	17,827.9	11,848 3	3,159.8	9,254.8	10,085.4	9,228.5	6563	88.6	121.4 111.9	20,204.7 19,923 (
35	75,279.5	43,903.6	40.440.0					0,000	0000	00.0	111.0	19,923
8	75,733.7		19,119.2	12,394.6	2,384.2	10,005 5	10,979.2	10,082.9	694.4	86.0	116.0	20,396 7
37		43,870.9	18,819.9	12,214.4	2,892 0	9,944.6	10,371.6	9,459.7	723 4	80.2	108 3	21,491.2
10	75,681 9	44,109.1	18,877.1	10,850.1	3,035.5	11,346.4	10,922 7	9.976.2	7543	81.8	110.4	20,650.
8	71,216 7	44,849.6	19,268.8	10,647.0	3,102.5	11,531.6	9,939.0	9.065.6	674.6	76.0	122.8	16,428 (
- i	_	46,709.9	19,843.1	11,904.2	3,179 3	11,763.4	8,3950	-,	V, 7.0	70.0	122.0	10.428 0

¹ On-budget support includes Federal funds for education programs tied to appropriations

² The primary program in off-budget spending is the federally sponsored Student Loan Marketing Association, whose outlays are excluded from on-budget totals by law even though they add to the Federal Government deficit that has to be financed by taxes, borrowing, or other means Additional off-budget support comes from college-loan revolving funds and from capital supplied by financial institutions for college student loans covered by Federal guarantees, which create a contingent liability.

³ New student loans guaranteed by the Federal Government

⁴ Student loans created with revolving funda derived from repayments of outstanding loans

⁶ State matching grants

Eatimated employer contributions to atudent earnings (amount of aid for students less appropriations)

⁷ Tax expenditures are the difference between current Federal tax receipts and what these receipts would be without existing education deductions to income allowed by Federal tax provisions

Estimated

Data adjusted by the Composite Deflator prepared by the Office of Management and Budget —Data not available

NOTE —To the extent possible, Federal education funds data represent outlays rather than obligations. Negative numbers are indicated in parentheses. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Data have been revised from previously published figures.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, compiled from data appearing in U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the U.S. Government, Appendix, fiscal years 1967 to 1990 and Historical Tables, Budget of the United States Government, National Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development, fiscal years 1965 to 1989, "Federal Tax Expenditures, FY 1984 to FY 1988," by Stephen M. Barro, prepared for the National Center for Education Statistics, and unpublished data. (This table was prepared May 1989)

Table 303.--** aral funds for education and related programs, by age# by: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989

[In thousands of dollars]

Agency	1965	1970	1975	1980	1961	1982	1963	1984	1985	1986	1907	1988	1989 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Tetal	96,331,016	812,525,400	\$23,133,200	834,3 17,114	\$36.446,220	\$34,304,660	\$34,719,162	\$36,104,529	\$38,808,408	\$30,744,968	840,968,970	843,060,653	846,700,92
Repartment of Education	1,000,567	4,625,224	7,350,355	13,137,785	15,081,802	14,109,272	14,585,825	15,534,737	16,701,065	17,740,061	16,879,627	18,326,916	20,633,91
epertment of Agriculture	788,927	960,910	2,219,352	4,582,487	4,552,071	4,107,473	4,340,869	4,616,372	4,782,274	5.041,317	5,189,779	5,482,414	5,811,26
Department of Commerce	9,347	13,990	38,967	135,561	61,869	60,150	55,090	55,160	55,114	64,613	38,896	38,743	15,48
epartment of Defence	587.412	821,366	1,009,229	1,580,301	1,795,042	2,097,258	2,487,597	2,625,146	3,119,213	3,354,588	3,695,617	3,366.810	3,677,51
epartment of Energy	442,434	561,527	764,676	1,805,558	1,798,314	1,751,803	1,933,068	2,042,881	2,247,822	2,181,391	2,256,799	2,368,037	2,443,24
epertment of Health and Human Services	1.027.537	1,796,854	3,520,350	5,437,542	5,979,973	5,453,996	4,804,004	4,735,554	5,104,429	5,098,910	5,882,270	6,233,620	6,424,73
eperiment of Housing and Urban	1,42,22	.,,			1				j	•			
Development	221,256	114,709	(52,768)	5,314	4,808	969	2,158	2,000	438	342	463	455	55
epertment of the Interior	170,088	190,975	300,191	440,547	424,586	476,030	484,314	576,779	549,479	454,273	485,922	527,657	547,01
e partment of Justice	10,252	15,728	61,542	60,721	59.310	57,890	68,700	62,282	66,802	72,191	79,815	83,477	86,09
Department of Labor	230,041	424,494	1,103,935	1,862,738	2,129,864	1,799,315	1.833,392	1,755,839	1,948,685	1,976,960	2,258,631	2,313,773	2,322,76
Department of State	64,200	59,742	89,433	25,188	27,239	21,181	23.813	23,066	23,820	23,401	24,288	36,599	43,23
Department of Transportation		27,534	52,290	54,712	80,926	75,404	82,139	83,931	62,035	66,214	74,360	78,031	96,08
Department of the Treasury	8,240	16	1,118,840	1,247,463	287,468	286,980	287.300	287,905	290,276	41,257	19,279	32,958	45,97
Separtment of Veterane Affairs	97,237	1,032,916	4,402,212	2,351,233	2,306,895	1,976,872	1,672,348	1,445,049	1,269,849	1.055,948	1,002,109	966,549	927,36
•	47,237	1,002,010	4,400,210	2,00.,200	1,000,000	1,0.0,0.2	.,0.2,0.0	.,,,,,,,,,	,,,,	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,		1
Other agencies and programs:													
VCTION programs	-	_	7,061	2,833	2,752	1,720	1,830	4,975	1,761	1,368	3,368	4,110	4,19
Idency for International Development	63,329	88,034	78,896	178,770	155,542	205,177	173,629	236,963	198,807	196,929	240,827	234,486	220,99
Appelechien Regional Commission		37,838	45,786	19,032	16,250	7,436	2,855	4,919	4,205	6,582	3,240	3,490	3,60
stimuted education share of Federal aid to		•		l '					i				
the District of Columbia	11,350	33 019	55,467	81,847	81,473	91,765	97,526	97,395	107,340	101,844	126,942	122,366	119,89
Environmental Protection Agercy		19,446	33,875	41,083	52,210	67,798	43,557	43,700	60,521	69,716	67,465	60,688	62,89
ederal Emergency Management Agency	_	290	290	1,946	2.201	2,695	1,145	321	1,826	290	290	290	29
Seneral Services Administration	4.013	14,775	22,532	34,80∪	38,400	37,300	44,200	50,894	· -	-	_	_	-
terry S Trumen acholership fund	"-"			(1,895)	699	1,627	1,795	1,929	1,332	2,441	2,717	2,815	2,99
lames Medison Memorial Fellowship Founds-	· ·			(,,,,,,,,	!		.,,,,,,	,,,,,,			-	1	ļ
	l _	_		l _	_	l _	_	-	_	-	_	13,200	10,12
tion	- T	_	_]					l			
sion	_	_	_	2,294	(44)	1,807	2,364	1.611	2,236	235	3.225	2,274	3.01
brary of Congress	15,111	29,478	63,766	151,871	144,131	144,911	154,198	164,080	169,310	166,130	160,835	160,505	189.10
letional Aeronautics and Space	13,111	20,470	ω,/ω	,51,071	144,101	144,011	104,100	104,000	100,010	1.00,.00		,	
	208,786	258,366	197,901	255,511	251,184	369,105	367,763	354,528	487.624	490,948	/87.391	882,229	930.39
Administration	200,700	230,300	197,901	200,511	251,104	308,103	307,703	334,320	52,118	55 252	59.521	65,153	75.68
Island Archives and Records Administration.	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	32,110	W 252	00,021	35,155	.5,55
tational Commission on Libraries and Infor-			440	2.090	741	638	681	733	723	781	512	522	1.01
mation Science	-	340	449				4.701	5.197	5.536	5,188	5,394	5,550	5.75
lational Endowment for the Arts	_		4,754	5,220	5,302	1 323			125,671	121,125	124.407	125,230	136,98
tetional Endowment for the Humanities		8,459	63,955	142,586	144,366	115,816	123,315	127,571	1.147.115	1,147,2/3	1,270,415	1.310.630	1,616,42
Vational Science Foundation	181,216	295,628	535,294	808 392	839,554	654,665	907,917	1,035,746		27,472	29,176	25.880	29,60
Nuclear Regulatory Commission		0	7,093	32,590	41,309	36,150	37,987	36,400	30.261		29,170	25,660	20,00
Office of Economic Opportunity	189,871	1,092,410	16,619		1				3 000		6.545	5,393	7.26
Smitheonian Institution	2,233	2,461	5,509	5,153	4,853	5,215	€ .73	5.758	7,886	6,191			2,31
Jnitr-: States Arms Control Agency	-	100		661	367	184	157		395	276	3,244	2,615	
Inited States Information Agency	7,512	6.423	9,405	66,210	73,596	77,185	86,556	63,768	143,007	170,514	179,852	189,464	200,27
Inited States institute of Peace	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	230	4,083	3,476	7,73
Other agencies	10.055	1,421	5.913	990	1,163	40	296	1,300	432	715	1,666	2,168	2.10

¹ Estimated.

NOTE.—To the extent possible, amounts reported represent outlays, rather than obligations. Neg stive numbe a are indicated in parentheses. Data have been revised from previously published figures.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, compiled from data appearing in U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the U.S. Government, Appendix, fiscal years 1967 to 1990, National Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development, fiscal years 1965 to 1989, and unpublished data obtained from various Federal agencies (This table was prepared May 1989)



⁻Data not available or not applicable

Table 304.—Federal funds for education and related programs, by level of education or activity, agency, and program: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989

[In thousands of dollars]

			(in the	ousands of dol ———	lars)				
Level, agency, and program	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 1
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10
Total, all programs	\$6,331,016	612,526,499	823,133,270	834,317, 114	\$38,809,409	\$39,744,950	\$40,968,670	\$43,000,563	\$46,709,926
Programeeducation	\$1,942,577	\$5,83 0,442	\$10,617,196	\$16,027,686	\$16,900,794	\$17,049,940	\$17,533,254	\$18,604,602	0:30:000
Department of Education 2 Grants for the disadvantaged	567,343	2,719,204	4,132,742	8,629,095	7,296,702	7,551,973	7,554,487	8,098,436	\$19,843,000 8,853,527
impact aid program	349,871	1,739,014 656,372	1,874,353 818,711	3,204,664 690,170	4,206,754 647,402	3,404,687 684,311	3,209,923 704,197	4,027,559	4,226,379
Special programsindian education	72,298	288,304	700,470 40,036	788,918	526,401	818,650	889,478	707,539 443,468	721,432 982,758
Billingual education	_	21,250	92,693	93,365 169,540	82,328 157,539	62,067 119,601	39,638 141,483	18,339	63,774
Education for the handicapped Vocational and adult education	13,849 131,525	79,090 335,174	151,244 655,235	821,777 860,681	1,017,964 658,314	1,627,894	1,339,241	159,748 1,465,965	159,392 1,871,745
Department of Agriculture	623,014	780,477	1,884,345	, -	·	1,034,563	1,230,527	1,275,800	828,047
Child nutrition programs	178,580 340,073	299,131 341,597	1,452,267	4,064,497 3,377,058	4,134,906 3,664,561	4 428,143 3,819,734	4,552,093 4,044,830	4,806,766 4,286,242	5,171,818 4,628,715
Special milk program Estimated education share of	86,609	83,800	248,839 122,858	388,000 159,293	336,502 15,993	344,350 15,267	350,118 15,446	349,870 18,342	350,900 20,043
Forest Service permanent ap- proprietions	17,752	35.949	80.29 4	440.440					
Department of Commerce	17,752	35,848	60,381	140,148	117,850	248,792	151,699	152,512	171,980
Local public works program— school facilities 4	_	_1	-	54,8.8	_	-	-		-
Department of Defence	73,000	143,100	264,500	54,818 370,846	831,625	903,493	861,393		_
Junior ROTC	73,000	12,100 131,000	12,500 252,000	32,000	55,600	58,600	57,440	988,265 45,300	1,063,810 47,200
Section VI act pole	-	-	-	338,846	613,437 162,588	691,437 153,456	664,941 139,012	773,810 169,155	835,842 160,766
Department of Energy s	100	200	300	77,633	23,031	21,365	12,061	12 931	13,050
buildings 7 Pre-engineering program	100	200	300	77,240 393	22,731 300	21,000 385	11,761 300	12,811 320	12,700 350
Department of Health and Human Services	79,999	467.000					ľ		000
Heed Start	70,000	167,333	683,885 403,900	1,077,000 755,000	1,531,059 1,075,059	1,455,315 1,040,315	1,555,542	1,651,324	1,875,000
Rocial security student benefits 10	79,999	187,333	279,965	342,000	456,000	415,000	1,130,542 425,000	1,206,324 445,000	1,235,000 440,000
Deparation of the Interior	130,096	140,705	220,392	318,170	389,810	308,089	344,183	379,645	409,009
Payments to States—estimated education share	11,075	12,294	27,389	62,636	127,369	00 000	07.407		
Payments to ocunties—estimated education share	10,731	18,359	29,494	48,953	59,016	98,606	87,437	92,227	104,420
Indian Education: Bureau of Indian Affairs schools	92,603	95,850	141,056	178,112	177,265	5,615	36,455	34,922	42,891
Johnson-O'Malley assistance 11 Education expenses for children of employees, Yellowstone Na-	15,534	18,080	22,251	28,081	25,675	181,235 22,053	195,994 22,824	231,512 20,400	238,106 23,000
tional Park	153	122	202	388	485	580	1,473	584	590
Department of Justice	6,402	8,237	9,822	23,890	36,117	39,684	44,531	50,679	55,734
prisoners in Federal prison inmete programs 12	1,466 4,936	2,720 5,517	3,039 6,783	4,966 18,924	8,292 27,825	8,744 30,940	8,744	8.679	7,051
Peps Iment of Labor	230,041	420,927	1,097,811	1,849,800	1,945,268	1,976,619	35,787	42,000	48,683
Job Corps 18	230,041	-	175,000	469,800	604,748	832,619	2,258,199 678,599	2,309,330 689,000	2,318,330 698,000
epartment of Transportation 15	230,041	420,927	922,811	1,380,000	1,340,520	1,344,000	1,579,600	1,620,330	1,620,330
ultion assistance for educational accreditation—Coast Guard per-	_	45	50	60	60	60	55	50	60
sonnei 16	-	45	50	60	60	60	55	50	60
epartment of the Treasury Estimated education share of general revenue sharing— 17	32	-	847,139	935,903	273,728	25,085	-	-	_
State 10	_	-	475,224 371,915	525,019 410,884	273,728	-	_	_	_
Tultion assistance for educational accreditation—Coast Guard personnel 16	32			110,004	275,720	25,085	-	-	_
operiment of Veterans Affairs 18	41,250	338,910	1,371,500	545,786	344,758	251,782	235,297	196,159	-
Noncollegiste and job training programs *** Vocational rehabilitation for dis-	14,550	281,640	1,249,410	439,993	224,035	137,805	119,702	76,387	174,702 61,148
abled veterans 21	17,400 9,300	41,700 15,570	73,100 48,990	87,980	107,480	103,159	105,947	112,058	107,010
ther agencies:	-,	.5,5,0	70,880	17,813	13,243	10,818	9,648	7,734	8,546
Appalachian Regional Commission M	-	33,181	41,667	9,157	4,092	4,832	2,870	2,440	2,600
Arts **	_	_	3,686	4,989	4,399	4,060	4,099	4,350	•
						*,000	7,000	4,350	4,650

Table 304.—Federal funds for education and related programs, by level of education or activity, agency, and program: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

[In thousands of dollars] Level, agency, and program 1965 1970 1975 1980 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10													
Level, agency, and program	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 1				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
Arts in education			3,686	4,989	4,399	4,060	4,099	4,350	4,650				
manities 36		20	149 18,819	330	321	460	352	826	830				
Office of Economic Opportunity 26 Head Start 27	182,793 96,400	1,072,375 325,700	10,019	-	=	=	_	=	=				
Other elementary and second- ary programs 38	20,000	42,809	16,812	_	_	-	-	-	_				
Job Corpe ***	34,000	144,000	-	-	-	-	_	-	_				
programs 30	31,000	553,368	7	-	-	-	-	_	_				
ica (VISTA) 31	1,393	6,498	-	-	-		-		_				
Other programs: Estimated education share of	ĺ												
Federal aid to the District of Columbia	8,507	25,748	42,588	65,714	84,918	79,160	98,092	103,400	100,160				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,197,511	3,447,697	7,489,192	10,939,494	10,956,452	11,065,646	13,077,703	10,419,100	11,904,175				
Higher education programs	237.955	1,187,962	2,069,184	5,682,242	8,202,499	8,444,924	7,438,674	8,247,103	9,622,943				
Student financial assistance 32 Guaranteed student loans 32	_	2,323	111.087	3,682,789 1,407,977	4,162,695 3,534,795	4,585,210 3,322,734	4,779,817 2,548,179	5,219,916 2,779,304	5,791,993 2,936,314				
Higher education	218,264	1,029,131	1,838,066	399,787	404,511 5,307	402,035 1,920	419,105 (84,866)	411,775 (43,282)	804,654 (47,905)				
Facilities—loans and insurance 33. College housing loans 34	J,588 —	114,199 —	16, 29 2	(19,031) 14,082	(164,061)	(73,992)	(556,178)	(372,778)	26,971				
Educational activities overseas Gallaudet College and Howard	129	774	1,881	3,561	1,838	(1,413)	(8)	233	506				
University	15,974	38,559	111,971	178,829	229,938	171,729	299,085	224,781	270,118				
Deaf 36	-	2,976	9,887	16,248	27,476	38,701	35,540	27,154	38,292				
Department of Agriculture Agriculture Extension Service,	-	-	6,450	10,453	17,741	16,877	18,877	27,799	27,799				
Second Morrill Act payments to agricultural and mechanical col-	j												
leges and Tuekegee Institute 36	-	-	8,450	10,453	17,741	16,877	16,877	27,799	27,799				
Department of Commerce	5,081	8,277	14,973 1,886	29,971 3,123	2,163 2,163	2,207 2,207	2,061 2,061	2,420 2,420	2,420 2,420				
Merchant Marine Academy 38	3,570 1,511	6,160 2,117	10,152 2,935	14,809 12,039	_		_	=					
State marine echools ²⁶ Department of Defense ²⁸	77,500	322,100	379,800	545,000	1,041,700	1,068,300	1,079,768	573,400	607,800				
Tuition assistance for military per-	77,500	57,500	86,800	(40)	77,100	89 700	111,368	134,500	144,400				
sonnel Service academies 41 .	77,500	78,70u	86,200 116,500	106,100 (40)	196,400 354,000	214,500 362,000	223,700 382,440	109,100 179,200	114,500 197,200				
Senior ROTC Professional development educa-	-	108,100	-		:	402,100	362,260	150,600	151,700				
tion 42	3,000	77,800 3,000	90,300	(⁴⁰) 57,701	414,200 19,475	18,051	19,225	22,609	23,955				
Department of Energy 6 University laboratory cooperative	-,			·									
Teacher development projects 43	3,000	3,000	3,000	2,800 1,400	6,50Ò —	5,714	9,859 —	13,571	5,443				
Graduate trainesehip programs 44 Energy conservation for build-	-	-	- 1	-		52	(4)	(26)	(26)				
inge—higher education? Minority honors vocational train-	-	-	-	53,501	12,705	11,815	8,500	7,746	7,100				
ing ⁴⁶ Honors research program ⁴⁶	_	_	_	_	150 120	230 240	390 480	59 8 720	598 840				
Department of Health and Human													
Services 6	469 223	981,483	1,531,775	2,235,670	298,161	274,581	283,551	271,497	280,311				
grams	1 39,795	353,029	599,350	460,736 7,187	212,200 5,577	198,004 4,750	202,710 7,018	210,404 5,998	210,957 5,977				
National Health Service Corps	_	_	1,206	70,667	2,268	2.130	2,277	4,100	7,900				
National Institute of Occupational		!			5,555	**,**==		,,,,,,	,				
Safety and Health training grants	4,327	8,088	7,182	12,899	8,760	8,383	9,900	9,718	10,095				
Alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health training programs.	85,101	1 18,366	83,727	122,103	43,617	46,216 15,000	61,075	40,726	44,854				
Health teaching facilities 47. Social security postsecondary stu-	-	-	353	3,078	/39	15,098	571	551	528				
dents' benefits 46	240,000	502,000	839,957	1,559,000	25,000	_	_	_	-				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	220,744	114,199	(55,418)	_	_	_	_		_				
College housing loans 34	220,744	114,199	(55,418)	_	_	_							
Department of the Interior Shared revenues, Mineral Leasing	30,153	31,749	50,844	60,202	125,247	109,744	108,386	113,661	117,990				
Act and other receipts—esti- mated education share	8,2 6 0	6,949	15,480	35,403	71,991	55,733	49,421	52,117	59,020				
Indian programs: Continuing education 49	8,993	9,380	13,311	18,909	24,338	24,167	25,986	30,822	28,594				
Higher education scholarships	14,900	15,420	22,053	27,890	28,918	29,844	32,979	30,722	30,376				
Department of State	F3,420	30,650	50,347	_	-	1 -	-	4,120	7,350				

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Table 304.—Federal funds for education and related programs, by level of education or activity, agency, and program: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989—Continued

[in thousands of dollars]

				ousands of do	mars j				
Level, agency, and program	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Educational Exchange **	53,420	30,859	50,347	_	_	_	<u> </u>		
exchange activities	47,025	30,454	50,300	-	_	_		_] _
change activities	6,395	396	47	_	_	_	_	_	
and Training #1	_	_	_	_	_	_		4.00	
Department of Transportation 15	_	11,197	11,885	12,530	55,569	44,074	47,226	4,120	7,35
Merchant Marine Academy 38 State marine schools 52		_	_	-	19,898 19,777	19,505	20,476	44,998 20,579	64,76 20,58
Coast Guard Academy 18 Postgraduate training for Coast	-	9,342	9,780	10,000	11,857	8,363 11,645	12,073 10,086	7,961 10,810	27,57 10,67
Guard officers 43 Tuition assistance to Coast Guard	-	1,655	1,855	2,230	3,499	3,807	3,978	5,084	5,47
military personnel 18	-	200	250	300	538	554	613	564	1
Department of the Treasury	8,208	- !	268,305	296,750	_	_	"	357	460
General revenue sharing—esti- mated State share to higher							_	_	-
education 17 18 Coast Guard Academy 18	- 6,615	_	268,805	296,750	-	_	_	_	_
Postgraduate training for Coast Guard officers 53	1,293	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Tultion assistance to Coast Guard military personnel 18	. !	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
•••	100	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
Department of 'feterane Affairs 19	55, 65 0 33,9 5 0	693,490 638.260	3,029,600 2,840,600	1,803,847 1,579,974	944,091 694,217	803,166	764,561	768,090	750,360
College student support	_	=	=	1,560,081 19,893	679,953	514,476 504,290	411,967 403,527	345,242 337,568	253,330 246,583
Service persons college support se Post-Vietnam veterans se	-	18,900	74,690	46,617	14,264 35,630	10,186 30,707	8,440 28,410	7,674 33,4.2	6,747 30,799
All-volunteer-force educational assistance \$7.		-	-	922	82,554	121,929	171,752	203,262	210,270
Veterane **	=	_	-	_	196	24,171 2	45,68º	73,731	151,091
Veteran dependents' education **	21,700	36,330	114,310	176,334	196 131,494	24,169	107 45,581	8,386 65,345	46,091 105,000
Payments to State education agencies #1		_	,	170,004	131,484	111,883	106,744	100,8 3	92,870
Other agencies:		_	-	-	-	_	-	11,500	12,000
Appelachian Regional Commis- aion 23	Į		1		1				
National Endowment for the Hu- I	-	4,105	2,545	1,751	0	٠ ٦	278	1,050	1,000
menities 25	27,170	3,349 42,000	25,320 60,283	58,451 64,583	49,098 80,069	42,346 74,151	48,679	47,601	53,270
Science and engineering educa- tion programs	27,170	37.000	60,283	64,583	Ť	·	85,494	97,466	135,393
Sea Grant Program 37 United States Information	-	5,000	-	-	80,069	74,151	85,494	97,466	135,393
Agency ea	7,512	8,423	9,405	51,095	124,041	148,483	162,896	166,705	180,279
Educational and cultural ex-	-	-	-	49,546	21,079	23,008	24,312	29,724	29,937
change programs *3 Educational exchange activities,	-	-	-	-	101,529	125,246	138,039	136,646	149,838
International	-	-	-	1,549	1,433	229	545	335	504
activities ⁶⁴	7,512	8,423	9,405	_	_	_	_]	_	_
ther programs. Estimated education share of									_
Federal aid to the District of Columbia				}					
Harry S Truman scholarship	1,895	5,513	10,564	13,143	15,266	14,351	17,310	14,566	15,400
fund ⁶⁶	-	-	-	(1,895)	1,332	2,441	2,717	2,815	2,999
ship Foundation **							_	13,200	10,125
her education programs	374,852	964,719	1,608,478	1,548,730	2, 107,588	2,620,021	2,819,407	2,980, 155	3,179,264
partment of Education 2	182,021 17,732	630,235 47,458	1,045,659 108,372	747,706 187,317	1,173,055	1,674,171	1,825,754	1,938,998	2.076,965
Ubraries	26,111	108,284	225,810	129,127	264,900 85,650	263,216 96,406	285,296 129,062	295,615 101,202	328,231 121,265
capped research American Printing House for the	137,313	473,091	709,483	426,886	798,298	1,311,485	1,405,357	1,536,905	
Blind	865	1,404	1,994	4,349	4.230	3,031	,		1,618,193
rust funds	-	-	-	27	(23)	33	5,989 50	5,234 42	9,126 150
pertment of Agriculture Extension Service	87,551 85,924	135,637 131,734	220,395 215,523	271,112	336,375	322,599	330,866	342,523	347,090
letional Agricultural Library	1,627	3,903	4,872	263,584 7.528	325,986 10,389	311,132 11,467	322,095 8,771	330,164 12,359	333,571 13,519
Pertment of Commerce	251	1,226	2,317	2,479	_	_		.2,000	.0,018
Training for private sector em-					ŀ			_	_
ployees 20,	251	1,226	2,317	2,479	-	-	_	_	_
Services	3,953	24,273	31,653	37,819	47 105	50.55			
					47,195	59,306	59,770	82,060	72,425
				A In					

Table 304.—Federal funds for education and related programs, by level of education or activity, agency, and program: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

			[In thou	sands of dolla	arsj				
Level, agency, and program	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
National Library of Medicine	3,953	24,273	31,853	37,819	47,195	59,306	59,770	62,060	72,425
Department of Housing and Urban Development	512 512	- -	-	- -	_ _	-	- -	1	<u>-</u>
Department of Justice	3,850 1,850 1,450	5,546 2,066 2,500	42,818 5,100 5,254	27,642 7,234 7,715	25,517 4,189 10,220	27,412 3,946 9,756	26,293 4,408 8,984	26,361 5,385 9,995	26,324 9,127 10,812
training	550 —	980 —	1,152 31,312	2,418 10,277	83 11,025	68 13,642	0 12,901	142 10,839	1 6,584
Department of State Foreign Service Institute Center for Cultural and Technical	*0,760 6,395	20,872 15,857	28,113 20,750	25,000 25,000	23,791 23,791 —	23,371 23,371	23,856 23,856	33,308 33,308	34,695 34,695
Interchange **	4,385	4,815 3,964	7,363 11,877	10,212	3,785	1,865	1,895	1,737	1,390
Highways training and education grants ** Maritime Administration.	-	2,418	3,250	3,412	1,500	-	-	-	_
Training for private sector employees 38	-	_	-	_	1,135	1,143	1,291	1,517	1,197
Urben mess transportation—man- agerial training grants ⁶⁷ Federal Aviation Administration ⁷⁰ Air traffic controllers second	-	1,546	2,627	500	1,150	722	604	220	193
career program 71	-	-	6,000	8,300	_	_	_	-	-
Department of the Treasury Federal Law Enforcement Training Center 72	- -	18 18	3,096 3,096	14,584 14,584	16,160 16,160	15,982 15,982	19,110 19,110	32,768 32,768	45,541 45,541
Other agencies. ACTION 73 , Estimated education funds 74	=	<u>-</u>	7,045 7,045	2,833 2,833	1,781 1,781	1,368 1,368	3,368 3,368	4,110 4,110	4,190 4,190
Agency for International Develop- ment, Education and human re-	63,329 53,968	68,034 81,570	78,896 58,349	99,707 60,518	141,847 115,104	154,627 126,132	196,175 152,332	193,115 180,051	175,72 6 135,30 8
American schools and hospitals abroad.	9,361	26,464	20,547	19,189	26,743	28,495	33,843	33,064	40,418
Appalachian Regional Commission 23	-	572	1,574	8,124	113	0	92	0	_
Federal Emergency Management Agency 78 Estimated architect/engineer student development pro-	_	290	290	281	405	290	290	290	290
gram 79	_	40	40	31	155	40	40	40	40
grams 77	-	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
Gr rat Services Adminis- tration 79									
Libranes and other archival activities Japanese-United States Friendship Commission 76	4,013	14,775 —	22,532 —	34,800 2,294	2,238	235	- 3,225	2,274	3,015
Library of Congress Salaries and expenses	15,111 11,421	29,478 20,700	63,768 48,798	151,871 102,364	169,310 130,354	169,130 126,747	180,835 124,878	160,505 122,356	189,101 147,485
Books for the blind and the physically handicapped	2,317	6,195	11,908	31,438	32,954	35,480	33,813	38,245	35,944
Special foreign currency pro- gram Furniture and furnishings	1,187 186	2,273 310	2,333 727	3,492 14,579	4,821 1,381	2,372 1,551	809 1,335	405 1,499	159 5,513
National Aeronautics and Space Administration Aerospace edu- cation services project	100	350	600	882	1,800	1,900	2,250	2,400	2,500
National Archives and Records Administration: ⁸⁰ Libraries and other archival activities	_	-	-	-	52,118	55,252	59,521	65,153	75,687
National Endowment for the	_	340	1,068	231	1,137	1,128	1,635	1,200	1,100
National Endowment for the Hu- manities ³⁶	_	5,090	38,486	85,805	76,252	78,319	75,378	76,600	82,880
and information Science st Smitheonian institution	2,233	2,461	449 5,509	2,090 5,153	723 7,886	781 8,191	512 8,545	522 5,3 9 3	,,^18 7,266
research	2,133	2,261	4,203	3,254	4,665	2,341	2,506	1,223	2,000
sion service	100	200	300	426	875	662	l 731	656	1 696



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Table 304.—Federal funds for education and related programs, by level of education or activity, agency, and program: Fiscal years 1965 to 1989--- Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

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Level, agency, and program	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars	-	_	1,706	1,473	2,546	3,188	3,308	3.514	4,56
United States Information Agency—Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange ⁵⁰ .	_	_		15,115	18,966	20,531	16.756	22.759	•
United States Institute of Peace *2 Other programs.	-	-	-	-	-	230	4,083	3,476	20,000 7, 7 30
Estimated education share of Federal aid for the District of									
Columbia	948	1,758	2,335	2,990	7,156	8,330	11,540	4,400	4,331
tesearch programs et universi- ties and related institutions **	4 848 976								
Books at a state of	1,218,276	2,283,641	3,418,374	5,801,204	8,844,575	9,009,351	10,538,606	11,076,697	11,783,410
Department of Agriculture	13,248 58,132	87,823 64,796	82,770 108,162	78,742 216,405	28,809	88,983	60,912	42,379	80,479
Department of Commerce	4,015	4,487	21,677	48,295	293.252 52,951	273,698	279,943	305,018	264,782
Department of Defense	436,912	358,168	364,929	644,455	1,245,888	62.406	36,835	36,323	13,060
Department of Energy	439,334	548,327	761,376	1,470,224	2,205,316	1,382,795	1,754.456	1,605,145	2,005,902
Department of Health and Human Services	474.000				2,203,510	2,141,955	2,225,513	2,332,497	2,406,239
Department of Housing and Urban Development	474,362	623,765	1,273,037	2,087,053	3,228,014	3 309,708	3.963,407	4,248,739	4,396,999
Department of the Interior	9.839	510	2,650	5,314	438	342	463	455	558
Department of Justice	9.039	18,521 1,945	28,955	42,175	34,422	36,440	33,353	34,351	20,015
Department of Labor		3,567	8,902 6,124	9,189	5,188	5,095	8,991	6,437	4,033
Department of State	=1	8,220	10,973	12,936	3.417	341	432	4,443	4,451
Department of Transportation	_!	12,328	28.478	188 31,910	29	30	432	1,171	1,186
Department of the Treasury	_	. 2,020	20.470	226	22,621	20.215	25.184	31,246	31,858
Department of Veterans Affairs	337	518	1,112	1,600	388 1,000	190	169	190	433
ACTION		_	?0	.,555	1,000	1,000	2,251	2,300	2,300
Agency for International Develop-	1	1	- 1	İ	_ }	- !	-	-	_
ment		40.440		77,063	56,960	44,302	54,652	41,351	45,269
Federal Emergency Management	- 1	19,446	33,875	41,083	60,521	69,718	67.465	60,688	62,898
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	-	_	-	1,665	1,423	-	-	-	_
National Science Foundation	208,688	258,016	197,301	254,629	485,824	489,048	785,141	879.829	927.895
Nuclear Regulatory Commission	154,046	253,628	475,011	743,809	1.087.046	1,073,122	1,184,921	1,213,164	1,481,028
Office of Economic Opportunity	7.078	20.025	7.093	32,590	30,261	27,472	29,176	25,880	29,603
U.S. Arms Control and Disarma-	7,078	20,035	-1	-	-	- 1	_		20,000
ment Agency	_	100	_ 1			1	1	i i	
U.S. Information Agency .	=1	100	=1	661	395	276	3,244	2,615	2.315
Other agencies	10,055	1,421	5,913	990	432	1,500	_	-	_
	,	.,	0,0.0	990	432	715	1,666	2,168	2,109

Estimated

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² The U.S. Department of Education became a department May 1980. It formerly was

the Office of Education in the U.S. Department of Health, Education, end Welfare

3 These commodities are purchased under Section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935,

These commontes are purchased under Section of or the notice and a vocational for use in the child nutrition programs.

4 This program assisted in the construction of public facilities, such as vocational schools, through grants or loans. No funds have been appropriated for this account since fiscal year 1977, and it was completely phased out in fiscal year 1984 after the monitoring of clossouts of projects was completed. Data are not available for previous

years.

This program was funded by the Department of Education in fiscal years 1965 through 1961 in the "Impact Aid" program This program provides for education of determined the state of the program o pendents of Federal employees residing on Federal property in cases where free public education is unavailable in the nearby community.

The U.S. Department of Energy became a department in 1977. It formerly was the

Energy Research and Development Administration and before that the Atomic Energy

⁷This program was established in 1979. Funds were appropriated for this program in

⁸ The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services was part of the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare until May 1980

⁶ The Head Start program was in the Office of Economic Opportunity Agency, and funds were appropriated to the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Child Development, in 1972

¹⁰ After age 18, benefits terminate at the end of the school term or in 3 months, whichever is less.

11 This program provides funding for supplemental programs for eligible Indian students in public schools

12 This program finances the cost of scademic, social, and occupational education

es for inmates in Federal prisons

18 The Job Corps program was formerly in the Office of Economic Opportunity, and funds were appropriated to the U.S. Department of Labor in 1971 and 1972

15 Some of the work and training programs included in this program were in the Office

of Economic Opportunity and were transferred to the U.S. Department of Labor in 1971

16 The U.S. Department of Transportation became a department in 1967

18 This program was transferred from the U.S. Department of the Treasury to the U.S. Department of Transportation in 1967.

17 This program was established in fiscal year 1972 and closed in fiscal year 1986 18 The States' share of revenue-sharing funds was not spent on education in fiscal ~1rs 1981 through 1986.

18 The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, formerly the Veterans Administration, becaine a department March 1989

20 This program provides aducational assistance allowances in order to restore lost educa ional opportunities to those individuals whose careers were interrupted or impeded by reason of active military service between January 31, 1955, and January 1, 1977 Includes "Readjustment Benefits," Chapter 34, for education other than college and also includes the "Veterans Job Training Program" for service persons and veterans

21 This program is in "Readjustment Benefits" program, Chapter 31, and covers the costs of subsistence, tuition, books, supplies, and equipment for disabled veterans requiring vocational rehabilitation

22 This program is in the "Readjustment Benofits" program, Chapter 35, and provides benefits to children and spouses of veterans

22 This agency was established March 9, 1965. First year of appropriations was 1966. The outlays were larger in the years 1970 and 1975 for elementary and secondary education because of the construction of facilities for vocational schools

24 This agency was established in 1965. In 1970, \$900,000 were appropriated through the Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Weifare, for the National Endowment for the Arts, Arts in Education program

²⁸ This agency was established in 1965. First year of appropriations was 1966.

28 The Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 authorized 10 major action programs, including Job Corps, Neighborhood Youth Corps, Adult Literary, Work Experience, College Work-Study, and Community Action programs, including Head Start, Follow Through, and Upward Bound, and authorized the establishment of Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA) These programs were transferred to the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, U.S. Department of Labor, and the Action Agency in the 1970's An act on January 4, 1975 established the Community Services Administration as the successor agency to the Office of Economic Opportunity

²⁷ Head Start program funds were transferred to the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Child Development, in 1972

28 Most of these program funds were transferred to the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, in 1972

²⁶ The Job Corps program funds were appropriated to the U.S. Department of Labor in 1971 and 1972

30 These program funda were appropriated to the U.S. Department of Labor in 1971 and 1972

31 These funds were appropriated to the Action Agency in 1972

³² Similar programs were included in the "higher education" program in 1985 through 1975

33 Negative amounts occur when program receipts exceed outlays

³⁴ This program was furmerly in the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and was transferred to the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Office of Education, in flecal year 1979

SFirst year of appropriations for this program was 1967.

The first year program funds were appropriated for Tuskeegee Institute was 1972.
The See Grant College Program Act of 1966 established a matching fund grant program that provides for the establishment of a network of programs in fields related to velopment and preservation of the coastal and marine resources of the Nation. One of the objectives is to provide trained personnel to utilize and manage these resources. This program was in the National Science Foundation and transferred to the U.S. Depertment of Commerce October 1970. Appropriations began in 1968

28 This program was transferred to the Department of Transportation in flacal year

The program was transered to the Department of Transportation of Indical year 1981 by Public Law 97-31, from the U.S. Department of Commerce.

**The Department of Defence funds for fiscal years 1988 and 1989 are lower than previous years because they exclude military pay and reserve accounts which were included in previous years. Fiscal Year 1985 data are no available except for service

- 41 instructional costs only are included. These include academics, audiovisual, academic computing center, faculty training, military training, physical education, and librar-
- ies.

 4º Includes special education programs (military and civilian), legal education program,

 4º Includes special education programs (military and civilian), legal education program,

 6º Includes special education programs (military and civilian), legal education program,

 6º Includes special education programs (military and civilian), legal education program,

 6º Includes special education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education programs (military and civilian), legal education (military and civilian), legal educatio flight training; advanced degree program, college degree program (officers); and "Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship" program. Forces Health Professions Scholarship: program.

 49 No funds have been appropriated for this program since fiscal years and appropriately.

44 This program receives funds periodically.
45 The first year of appropriations for this program was fiscal year 1984.

- 4º This program did not exist until fiscal year 1976. Money was first awarded in 1978.
 4º The amount reported in fiscal year 1963 was large because of a loan default.

4º Postsecondary student benefits were a vided by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (Public Law 97-35) and were completely phased out by August 1985.

4º Includes adult education, tribally controlled community colleges, and other postsecondary schools.

This program was transferred to the International Communication Agency (ICA) in This program was transerred to be international commindation specific (CA) in the Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977, which consolidated the functions of the United States Information Agency (U.S.I.A.) and the Department of State's Bures- of Educational and Cultural Affairs. In fiscal year 1982 the ICA became the U.S.I.A.

1 This program provides funds for advanced study and research projects of the California of the California Californi

Soviet Union and Eastern European countries by American institutions of higher educa-

tion and private research firms. Appropriations began in fiscal year 1988

This program was transferred to the U.S. Department of Transportation in fiscal
year 1981 by Public Law 97-31, from the U.S. Department of Commerce. The estimated 1999 outlays are much higher because of the replacement of one of the training ships.

19 Includes flight training. This program was in the U.S. Department of the Treasury in

1965 and was transferred to the U.S. Department of Transportation in 1967

44 Includes Vietnam-era veterans under Chapter 34 (GI Bill) of the "Readjustment
Benefits" education and training program. This program provides educational assistance allowances, primarily on a monthly basis, in order to restore lost equational operturi-ties to those individuals whose career, who interrupted or impeded by reason of active

tise to those individuals whose careers with a interrupted or impeded by reason of active military service between January 31, 1955, and January 1, 1977.

**Includes service persons under Chaptur 34 (GI Bill) of the "Readjustment Benefits" education and training program Service persons with over 180 days of active duty, any part of which was before January 1, 1977, are eligible to participate in this program service persons under Chapter 32, of the post-Vietnam-era "Veterans Education Account." Provides education and training assistance payments to

veterane and service persons with no active duty time before January 1, 1977. Funding is provided through participants' contributions while on active duty and through transfers from the Department of Defence (DOD). Participants' contributions, up to a maximum of \$2,700, are deposited to the fund prior to discharge. When the participant enters training, the monthly discursement from his or her account is matched two for one from funds provided by DOD. Additional amounts in the form of incentive bonuses may also be provided by DOD funds. As Veterans Administration funds are not appropriated for this program, these data represent obligations.

67 Public Law 96-525, enacted October 19, 1984 (New GI Bill), established two new peacetime educational programs: An assistance program for veterans who enter active duty during the period beginning July 1, 1985, and ending on June 30, 1988, and an

oung the period beginning July 1, 1805, and woung of Julie 30, 1806, and an assistance program for certain members of the Selected Reserve

SChapter 30, also called the Montgomery Bill, and the new GI Bill are for eligible veterans who have agreed to have their military pay reduced \$100 per month for their first 12 months of active duty in order to participate in this program. The "Readjustment Benefits" account under the Varyana Administration pays only the basic allowance, up between 0. \$300 per north, for full-time training. "Supplemental Benefits" are paid by the Department c. Defense (DOD). Legislation is being proposed to fund the "basic benefit" allowance through the DOD rather than through the "readjustment benefits" appropriation. The Veterans Administration would continue to administer the pro-

** Chapter 105 is for members of the Selected Reserve. The reserve components include the Army, Navy, Air Force, Manne Corps Reserve, Army National Guard and Air National Guard under the Department of Defense (DOD), and the Coast Guard Reserve, which is under the Department of Transportation (DOT), when it is not operating as a service in the Navy Eligible persons can receive up to \$140 per month for full-time training. The DOD and DOT pay for this program, and the Veterans Administration adminis-

eo Includes dependents of veterans under Chapter 35, the "Readjustment Benefits" education and training program. Provides education and training benefits to dependents of veterans who died of a service-connected disability or wh 3 service-connected disability is rated permanent and total.

⁶¹ These payments have been made to State education agencies for years but they were not available as a separate budget item until fiscal year 1988

42 The U.S.I.A was called the "International (mmunication Agency" in fiscal years 1980 and 1981.

43 This program was in the "Educational and Cultural Affairs" program in fiscal years 1980 through 1983, and became an independent program in fiscal year 1984.

This program was combined with the "educational and cultural affairs" program in fiscal year 1977

 Appropriations for the program began in fiscal year 1976.
 Public Laws 99-500 and 99-591 established the James Madison Mamorial Fellow. ship Foundation to operate a fellowship program to encourage graduate study of the

American Constitution. First year of appropriations for this program was fiscal year 1968

67 This program was transferred to the Department of Transportation in fiscal year 1988 from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, under Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1968.

44 This program was established by the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 to provide education and training and to provide leadership in improv correctional programs and practices in prisons. Fiscal year 1975 had large outlays because of the construction of buildings and facilities.

Appropriations for this program began in fiscal year 1970 and closed in fiscal year 1985. This program is part of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1970, Public Law 91–805.

70 The Federal Aviation Administration was an independent agency, and was transferred to the Department of Transportation in flacal year 1967.

71 Appropriations for this program began in fiscal year 1972. No funds have been appropriated for this program since fiscal year 1982.

72 First year of appropriations for this program was fiscal year 1970.

73 This agency was established on July 1, 1971. This agency brings together a number of volunteer programs. Some of these funds were formerly in the Office of Economic

74 These programs included the Service Learning Programs, University Year for Action, Youth Challenge Program, and the National Student Volunteer Program in fiscal year 1975. In fiscal years 1980 to 1984, programs included were the University Year for Action, Young Volunteers for Action, and National Service Learning programs. In fiscal years 1985 and 1986, the program included was the Service Learning Programs, and in fiscal years 1987 to 1989, programs included were the Literacy Corps and the Student Community Services program

78 The Federal Emergency Management Agency became an agency March 25, 1979, representing a combination of about five existing agencies. The two largest were the Defense Civil Preparedness Agency in the Department of Polense and the Federal Preass Agency in the General Services Administration.

79 First year of appropriations for this program was fiscal year 1968.

77 First appropriations for the "other training programs" viere in the late 1960s. These programs include the Fall-Out Shelter Ar Liyels, Blast Projection Design, and Multi-Pro tection Design Summer Institute. These numbers have stayed consistent because the number of participants in these programs has gone down.

79 This program was transferred from the General Services Administration to the National Archives and Records Administration in April 1985

This program makes grants for the promotion of scholarly, cultural, and artistic exchanges betw veen Japan and the United States. Appropriations for this program began in fiscal year 1976

⁸⁰ The National Archives and Records Administration became an independent agency in April 1985

e1 This program was established by the act of July 20, 1970, Public Law 91-345

82 This program was established by Congress to conduct and support research and scholarships in the fields of peace, arms control, and conflict resolution. This program began operation in February 1986

Includes Federal funds for research and development centers administered by colleges and universities. Obligation amounts are reported. Fiscal Years 1986 and 1989 are

⁸⁴ Total outlays for fiscal years 1965 and 1970 include the "Research and Training" program Fiscal Year 1975 includes the "National Institute of Education" program Fiscal Years 1980 to 1989 include outlays of the National Institute of Education and the National Center for Education Statistics

Data not available or not applicable

NOTE.—Some data have been revised from previously published figures. To the extent possible, amounts reported represent outlays rather than obligations. Negative numbers are indicated in parentheses

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, compiled from data appearing in U.S. Office of Menagement and Budget, Budget of the U.S. Government, Appendix, fiscal years 1967 to 1990, Nebonal Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development, fiscal years 1965 to 1989, and unpublished data obtained from Federal agencies (This table was prepared April 1989.)



Table 305.—Federal funds obligated for programs administered by the Department of Education: Fiscal years 1980 to 1989

[in thousands of dollars]

Decree	1	т	Tagings or golf	-					
Program	1960	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989 1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total	\$14,102,165	\$15,069,596	\$15,633,430	\$17,072,698	\$18,818,201	818,940,681	\$19,977,378	\$20,697,311	\$24,058,526
Elementary and secondary education	4,239,022	3,802,234	3,973,989	4,294,269	4.732,864	4,447,153	5,174,744	5,582,997	8,112,813
Grants for the disadvantaged		3,063,651	3,200,520	3,501,383	3,745,855	3,557,026	3,994,266	4,357,970	4,591,299
Special programs	768,918 169,540	524,730	568,165	549,117	748,000	858,878	929,488	1,067 213	1,252,546
Indian aducation	75,900	136,292 77,561	138,057 87,247	173,051	171,605	167,534	166,312	191,470	197,394
		 		70,718	87,404	63,917	64,258	66,344	71,572
School sesistance in federally affected areas	812,873	457,227	544,350	608,791	895,746	877,055	705,953	731,241	770,028
Maintenance and operations	690,000 110,873	438,498	450,200	555,300	665,000	636,405	685,000	685,498	708,396
Disaster assistance	12,000	15,951 2,778	77,128 17,022	28,491	23,037	21,267	7,263	35,640	39,302
Other		2,776	- 17,022	25,000	7,709	19,383	13,690	10,103	22,330
Education for the handicapped	1,555,253	2,023,536	2,087,825	2,416,799	2,666,056	2,573,399	3,207,874	3,075,456	4,165,970
State grant programs	815,805	933.657	908,674	1,082,180	1,245,219	1,087,249			
Early childhood education 2	38,745	40,873	35,102	53,164	27,625	15,991	1,305,643 227,532	1,115,333 210,752	1,905,951 439,718
Special centers, projects, and research	55,075	35,057	38,402	54,871	53,430	54,629	96,385	78,600	439,718 80,526
Captioned films and media services	17,778	11,438	12,000	14,000	35,870	36,105	18,393	13,026	13,403
Handicapped rehabilitation service and research	55,375 572,475	48,911 953,800	49,300	55,540	68,025	68,339	73,724	66,153	87,095
			1,044,347	1,157,044	1,236,087	1,311,086	1,486,017	1,591,592	1,659,277
Vocational education and adult programs		751,118	735,732	954,320	856,271	1,018,302	997,988	1,000,055	1,125,433
Basic programs 3 Consumer and homemaking		530,669	512,955	689,324	725,824	862,979	640,350	823,299	903,309
Program improvement and supportive services	63,169 162,512	29,383 91,650	27,644	36,792	33,138	30,311	31,737	32,752	33,157
State planning and advisory councils	13 423	8,800	88,411 11,153	117,249 11,200	5,202				_
Adult education, grants to States	153,724	90,636	95,569	99,755	7,584 84,723	6,761 109,791	7,845	7,681	8,271
Other	18,262	-	_	_	-	6,460	111,254 7,000	129,163 7,140	164,389 16,307
Postsecondary student financial assistance	5,108,534	8,584,012	7,024,110	7,478,401	8,534,205	8,932,803	8,473,766	8,807,929	
Educational opportunity grants 4	2,534,378	2,546,187	3,272,000	3,565,209	3,558,440	4,460,266			10,451,431
Work-study,	596,065	523,910	586,179	561,322	599,487	576.145	4,403,354 803,160	4,820,133 604,445	5,091,899 612,142
Direct student loans	322,749	193,686	203,879	191,962	219,650	212,896	230,463	218,963	217,262
Gueranteed student loans	1,597,877	3,297,778	2,942,072	3,130,939	4,130,920	3,658,502	3,179,160	3,297,305	4,455,902
Other student assistance programs	57,465	22,473	19,980	28,969	25,528	25, 194	57,829	89,083	74,226
Direct aid to postsecondary institutions	277,068	284,467	326,422	311,221	329,714	294,681	325,232	341,063	415,218
Aid to minority and developing institutions	114,680 j	119,829	157,282	132,081	140,374	125,895	149,028	135,222	195,959
Special programs for the disadvantaged	147,389	150,238	154,740	164,740	174,940	168,766	178,204	205,641	219,257
Cooperative education	14,999	14,400	14,400	14,400	14,400				
Higher education facilities	268,493	449,191	199,927	218,893	194,556	206,017	212,938	162,528	90,204
Construction loans and insurance	35,362	38,890	39,109	54,105	33,188	26,8℃	11,553	89,820	39.546
Interest subsidy grants College housing losns	24,626	23,759	24,164	23,925	24,968	23,781	56,408	24,466	32,735
Consignation to the consistency of the consistency	208,505	386,742	138,634	138,863	136 400	155,236	142,975	46,242	19,923
Other higher education programs,	34,927	38,226	40,510	82,410	74,340	64,03.7	92,561	79,305	75,142
International education and foreign languages	19,977	23,923	26,000	30,800	32,050				
Fund for Improvement of Postsecondary Education	12,000	11,503	11,710	11,710	12,710	82,835	67,823	65,813	72,189
Other	2,950	2,800	2,800	39,900	29.580	1,197	24,938	13,492	2,953
Public library services .	101,218	80,074	108,819	107,895	118,027	117,998	132 303	135,731	150,871
Public library services	66,451	80,000	60,000	65,000	75,000	71,774	80,000	78,922	81,009
Interibrary cooperation	-	11,520	11,520	15,000	18,000	17,228	17,749	18,395	19,102
Public libra construction Research libraries			28,499	21,015	16,027	17,514	21,334	23,577	35,995
Other	5,992 28,775	5,760 2,794	6,000	8,000	8,000	5,742	6.000	5,744	5,875
_		= 2,784	2,800	880	1,000	5,742	7,220	9,093	9,090
Payments to special institutions	273,860	251,570	235,072	249,810	253,622	255,297	268,830	271,658	284,063
American Frinting House for the Blind	4,349	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,500	5,263	5,500	5,266	5,335
National Technical Institute for the Deaf Gallaudet College	19,799	26,300	26,300	28,000	31,400	30,624	32,000	31,594	33,326
Howard University	49,409 200,303	64,815 155,455	53,640	58,288	59,092	59,334	82,000	62,195	85,998
·	200,000	155,455	150,132	160,322	157,630	160,078	189,330	172,60°	179,404
Departmental accounts	277,174	347,943	356,874	352,069	384,800	355,944	385,793	409,348	417,357
Educational research and improvement.	51,415	81,550	64,203	57,185	60,558	57,514	63,894	68,147	78,201
Other	223,857	283,906	291,598	293,351	300,885	298,397	321,847	341,171	338,964
Trust funds	1,875 27	2,290 197	643 30	1,401	3,349	_	-	- [_
		187	30	172	10	33	52	30	172
·									

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals. Data presented in this tabulation are obligations which differ from outlay figures reported in other tables in this chapter. Some data have been revised from previously published figures.

SOURCE U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the United States Government, Appendix, fiscal years 1983 to 1990 (This table was prepared March 1989)



⁸ includes preschool incentive grants

³ includes programs of national significance and special programs for the disadvan-

taged.

4 Includes Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opporturity Grants and State Student Incentive Grants, and Income Contingent Loans

⁻Data are not available or not applicable.

Table 306.—Department of Education outlays, by level of education and type of recipient: 1 Fiscal years 1980 to 1989 [In millions of dollars]

Year and area of education	Total	Local education agencies	State education agencies	College students	Institutions of higher education	Federal	Mixed	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1980 total	\$13,137.8	\$5,31 3.7	\$1,103.2	\$2,137.4	\$2,267.2	\$249.8	\$693.8	\$1,372.
Elementary/secondary	6,629.1	5,309.4	662.2	34.2	22.0	62.5	513 4	25.
Postsecondary education Other programs	5,682.2 747.7	4.3	99.5 341.5	2,103.2	2,169 5	187.3	180.4	1,313.0 34 .:
Education research and statistics	78.7	-			78.7	107.5	-	
1981 total	15,081.8	5,545.6	1,654.0	2,274.2	2,427.7	305.6	661.6	2,213.
Elementary/secondary	6,835 0	5,540.9	678.5	43.4	28.8	58.4	457.5	27.
Postsecondary education	6,824.9 1,361.4	4.7	152.3 823.2	2,230.8	2,338.4	247.2	204.1	2,103.4 82 .3
Education research and statistics	60.5				60.5	-		
1962 total	14,109.3	5,425.8	1,414.2	1,610.2	1,951.8	268.3	535.4	2,903.
Elementary/secondary	6,456.3	5,420.8	593.8	48.9	21.9	2.6	340.3	27.9
Postsecondary education	6,418.8 1,152.0	— 5.0	196.6 623.8	1 561.3	1,847.7	 265.7	-	2,813.2
Education research and statistics	82.2	5.0	023.0		82.2	205.7	195 1	62.5
1963 total	14,585.8	5,091.9	1,392.0	2,357.C	2,442.0	250.6	569.0	2,482.
Elementary/secondary	5,986.6	5,086.7	465.2	49.3	23.3	2.6	330.8	28.8
Postsecondary education Other programs	7,213.3 1,326.3	 5.2	167.9 758.9	2,308 5	2,359.1	-	-	2,377.8
Education research and statistics	59.6	5.2 —	756.9		59.6	248.0	238.2	75.9 —
1984 total	15,534.7	5,256.5	1,879.0	2,193.4	2,167.4	330.2	516.7	3,191.4
Elementary/secondary	6,220.8	5,252 4	536.0	55.5	35 3	22.9	259.9	58.8
Postsecondary education	7,341.2 1,813.1	4.1	211.5 1,131.5	2,137 9	1,97 5	307.3	256.0	3,019.3
Education research and statistics	159.6		1,1313		159 6	307.3	256.8 —	113.3
1985 total	16,701.1	6,225.0	1,502.9	2,434.7	2,362.3	28 7.3	503.9	3,385.0
Elementary/secondary	7,296.7	6,220.8	636 0	58 0	25.2	2.4	322.4	31.9
Postsecondary education	8,202.5 1,173.1	42	228 3 638 6	2,376.7	2,308.3	284 9	181.5	3,28 9 .2 63.9
Education research and statistics	28 8	_	-	_	28.8			
1986 total	17,740.1	6,435.1	1,823.3	2,685.9	2,637.2	265.4	625.8	3,267.5
Elementary/secondary	7,552.0	6,432 1	558.5	68.3	45.2	2.2	372 0	73.8
Postsecondary education	8,444 9 1,674.2	3.0	215.6 1,049 2	2,617 6	2,523.0	263 2	253.8	3,088.7 105.0
Education research and statistics	69.0				69.0		255.0	
1987 total	16,879.8	6,341.0	1,849.0	2,794.5	2,271.9	309.4	768.3	2,545.6
Elementary/secondary	7,554.5	6,335 0	555 0	65 8	40.6	24.1	470 6	63 3
Postsecondary education	7,438 7 1,825 8	60	1697	2,728 7	2,170.4		297.7	2,369.8
Other programs	60 9		1,124 3		60 9	285 3	-	112.6
1988 total	18,326.9	6,637.0	2,234.6	3,103.4	2,519.5	319.4	836.6	2,676.3
Elementary/secondary	8,098 4	6,606 3	717 9	66 2	39 5	23 8	616 7	28.0
Postsecondary education	8,247 1 1,939 0	30 7	184.60 1,332 1	3,037 2	2,437.6	295 6	219.9	2,587.7
Education research and statistics	42 4			-	42.4	-		60.6
1989 total	20,633.9	7,169.3	2,472.8	3,435.2	3,450.2	266.0	960.7	2,879.8
Elementary/secondary	8,853 5	7,136.9	862 8	67 1	54.4	23 5	632.5	76.3
Postsecondary education	9,622 9 2,077 0	32 4	203 6 1,406 4	3,368 1	3,315 3	242 5	328.2	2,736.0
Education research and statistics	80 5	JE 4	1,4004	-	80.5	242 3	320.2	67.5

Outlays by type of recipient are estimated based on obligation data
 —Oata are not available or not applicable.

NOTE —Some data have been revised from previously published figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, unpublished data (This table was prepared April 1989)

Table 307.—Department of Education obligations for major programs, by State or other area: Fiscal year 1988

[In thousands]

State or other area	Total	Grants for the disadvan- taged 1	Block grant to States for school improve- ment 2	School assist- ance in federally affected area 3	Vocation- at and adult educa- tion 4	Erucation # the handi- capped *	Bilingual aducation	Indian education	Higher and continuing education ⁶	Student financial assist- ance 7	Public library program	Rehabilita tion services *
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	\$17,262,360	84,325,473	\$785,981	9670,180	\$973,793	\$1,302,684	\$133,353	\$60,090	\$547,601	\$6,921,930	\$120,894	\$1,420,38
Alabama . , , , , ,	298,216	80,577	13,427	5,431	19,106	47,057	94	972	26,125	70,849	2,093	32,48
Aleska	126,665 269,107	14,510 45,388	3,903 9,959	79,365 52,710	4,101 12,690	3,547 20,757	1,331 5,605	6,814 5,101	4,107 7,403	3,293 89,613	554 1,658	5.12
Arkaness	198,622 1,281,811	57,336 467,828	7,781 78,250	2,174 61,841	11,087 81,920	17,213 829	144 36,454	75 3,862	7,506 33,977	44,898 394,445	1,389 11,193	18,22 19,03 111,21
Colorado		38,971	9,779	7,651	11,362	16,803	2,495	522	6,797	77,779	1,531	16,02
Connecticut	183,283 67,397	47,713 14,509	9,123 3,903	8,912 65	10,413 4,905	23,159 4,511	408 50	19 0	4,225 1,811	67,143 32,064	1,645 452	12,52 5,12
District of Columbia Florida	93,748 657,131	20,4 98 193,405	3,903 29,677	1,263 11,111	5,011 39,388	1,785 64,686	880 3,453	110 94	8,236 12,108	42,691 236,994	454 5,714	8,91 60,50
Georgia	333,939	107,568	20,150	7,067	26,353	37,313	193	0	23,467	69,712	2,570	39,54
(Umil) ,	65,215 71,316	13,534 14,710	3,903 3,903	20,246 4,613	5,059 5,030	339 7,219	1,104 564	0 179	2,736 1,792	11,942 25,576	940 596	5,41 7,13
Illinois	737, 366 351,044	203,724 65,025	38,083 17,961	11,862 1,897	41,903 23,840	77,999 68,977	3,770 876	115 12	18,095 7,062	282,141 126,971	5,998 2,406	55,87 36,01
lows	207,952 225,406	33,092 31,997	9,091 7,437	219 10,711	11,853 9,061	21,780 30,123	246	240	8,029	104,285	1,557	17,53 13,72
Kentucky	259,791 341,102	72,631 101,364	12,353 15,491	1,317	17,894 21,406	25,339	50 195	621 0	7,653 10,755	112,658 87,924	1,348 2,236	29.14
Louisiana	82,235	22,157	3,903	8,302 3,196	5,564	7,349 9,902	1,785 641	410 55	14,046 3,687	136,249 23,356	2,170 63 9	32,53 9,13
Maryland	281,215 366,843	72,001 107,587	13,022 16,107	8,206 11,432	16,096 21,010	64,336 19,586	642 2,801	145	13,985	69,781	1,744	21,25
Michigan	522,188 298,148	168,575 46,909	30,059 12,956	6,800 5,270	37,581 16,115	2,453	4,225	335 2,094	15,139 17,930	139,650 198,633	2,758 4,082	30,43 49,75
Mississippi	246,365	75,073	9,604	3,653	12,910	28,519 28,306	1,731 872	3,901 835	8,478 12,440	145,141 77,392	2,856 1,370	24,471 23,931
Missouri	280,598 92,457	64,905 12,909	15,458 3,903	6,314 22,940	20,728 4,977	3,038 5 579	479 1,560	2 2	5,610	129,911	2,136	32,018
Nebraska Nevada	141,235 49,833	19,717 6,840	5,042 3,903	8,990 3,047	6,444 4,971	11,320 5,968	364	3,325 374	3,602 2,470	27,022 75,683	682 1,072	5,957 9,759
New Hampshire	48,571	10,020	3,903	2,575	5,045	6,014	688 113	487 0	1,289 2,153	14,720 11,844	725 751	5,194 6,153
New Jersey New Mexico	437,633 149,778	131,269 30,206	22,062 5,028	12,328 37,834	24,351 6,945	57,329 11,388	2,028 6,328	70	11,702	140,472	3,453	32,569
New York	1,529,260 395,008	440,869 96,705	55,817 19,614	14,546 9,006	83,120 29,005	1,486 71,341	22,069	4,338 1,168	3,087 37,339	32,867 800,693	9" : 6,314	10,825 85,840
North Dakota.	77,013	9,827	3,903	9,998	4,952	4,710	124 1,352	1,843 1,319	23,257 2,530	95,639 32,915	2,919 611	45,554 5,097
Ohio	656,544 238,722	145,829 42,431	34,436 10,335	4,852 22,828	43,809 13,919	69,529 25.540	1,C88 3,788	43 10,213	20,251 7,757	266,563 78,661	4,763	65,382
Oregon	157,392 835,5 69	44,594 213,158	8,174 34,674	3,021 3,940	10,520 46,983	74,880	1,284 1,338	847 125	5 156 23 242	65,985	1,720 1,446	21,530 16,303
Rhode Island	70,637	15,630	3,903	2,811	5,173	7,885	714	36	5,912	359,095 21,676	5,229 735	72,907 6,162
South Carolina	220,011 108,011	62,059 11,448	11,148 3,903	5,809 14,790	16,299 4,978	25,606 5,776	0 962	0 1,728	12,561 1,733	58,210 56,557	2,060	26,260
Tennessee Texas	274,414 1,029,020	83,517 310,755	15,183 55,295	3,579 26,784	22,034 65,074	4.030 116,773	236 10,529	3	13,950 27,434	94,472 315,346	486 2,142	5,650 35,268
Utash	131,605	14,886	6,929	8,937	7,366	15.973	884	864	6,896	56,070	8,310 1,017	92,636 11,763
Vermont	44,228 332,177	11,365 78,250	3.903 16,928	11 34,221	4,414 22,367	805 38.627	50 481	142 15	3,548 11,795	14,228	587	5,175
Washington	275,722 140,235	60,700 37,118	13,385 6,404	26,849 97	15,882 9,215	28.990 16,764	2,094	4,144	9.387	94,707 89,550	2,684 2,192	32,103 22,770
Wisconein Wyoming	286,091 49,705	61.524 6,422	15,078 3,903	5,557 7,231	19.642 4,760	1,308 6,856	435 410	1,758 644	3,512 8,261 998	50.154 139.926 12,819	1,059 2,129 550	15,912 30,472
ndien tribe setaside	48,769	27,247	598	0	0	16,519	0	0	0	12,019	2,405	5,112
Undistributed	918,307	0	0	35,918	ŏ	0	5ŏ	14	ŏ	880,325	2,405	0
American Samoa .	7,062	3,491	764	0	390	1,439	182	0	149	94	84	466
Suam	15,440 5,031	3,901 1,737	2,031 360	0	345 360	4,202 714	568 569	8	1,719 784	1.233 129	91 77	1,350 301
Puera Rico Trust Territory of the	487,051	130,201	14,545	1,029	17,408	30,564	1,068	ō	10,937	232,544	1,597	27,059
Pacific /irgin Islands	13,783 13,440	8,976 6,490	1,567 2,197	804	97 714	1,580 20 7	752 156	0	93 896	0 643	13 87	686 1,248
										043	° <u>'</u>	1,245

¹ Chapter 1, Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981



² Includes Chapter 2, Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, Science and Mathematics Education, Drug-Free Schools and Communities, and Education of Homeless Children and Youth

Includes Maintenance and Operations.

A Includes Vocational Education—Basic State Grants, Community Based Organizations, Consumer and Homemaker Education, State Councils, Adult Education—State Administered Program, and Adult Education for the Homeless.

Includes State Grants, Preschool Incentive Grants to States, and Grants for Infants and Families.

^{*}includes Institutional Aid to Strengthen Higher Education institutions acrying significant numbers of low-income students, Other Special Programs for the Disadvantaged, Cooperative Education, Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education, Fellowships and Scholarships, and annual interest subsidy grants for facilities construction

⁷ Includes Basic Educational Opportunity Grants (Pell Grants), State Student Incentive Grants, and National Guaranteed Student Loan interest subsidies

Includes Rehabilitation Services Basic State Grants, Client Assistance for Handicapped Individuals, Independent Living, and Supported Employment Services

NOTE —To the extent possible, data represent obligations rather than outlays Because of the exclusion of certain programs, totals in this table are lower than those reported in other tables. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, based on unpublished tabulations from the Office of Management and Budget; and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Federal Expenditures by State for Fiscal Year 1988 (This table was prepared March 1989)

Table 308.—Department of Education obligations for inajor programs, by State or other area: Fiscal year 1987

[in thousands]

					fin mor	iodi Noj						
State or other area	Total	Grants for the disadvan- taged 1	Block grant to States for school improve- ment 2	School assist- ance in federally affected areas 3	Vocation- al and adult educa- tion 4	Education for the handi- capped ⁵	Bilingual education	indian education	Higher and continuing educa- uon ⁸	Student financial assist- ance 7	Public library program	Rehabilita- tion services ⁶
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	\$17,174,853	\$3,793,628	\$734,214	\$663,000	\$969,131	\$1,501,303	\$125,077	\$59,528	\$429,563	\$7,458,598	\$119,083	\$1,321,728
Alabama	321,251	72,841	12,809	8,089	19,022	38,497	0	871	22,828	115,976	1,986	30,532
	111,325	10,865	3,630	70,523	2,826	4,120	1,658	6,969	886	4,869	418	4,763
	298,238	41,405	9,106	55,980	12,292	18,851	4,036	4,875	5,126	127,910	2,096	18,561
	181,446	51,016	7,277	2,230	10,910	15,770	145	41	6,757	87,945	1,251	18,104
	1,504,597	418,731	71,278	62,243	81,461	159,323	33,682	3,748	28,432	531,424	11,087	103,187
Colorado	185,076	36,348	9,169	7,283	11,312	18,066	2,230	250	6,051	77,774	1,656	14,937
	186,978	41,398	8,647	6,525	10,360	21,303	447	35	3,869	80,517	1,761	12,094
	53,002	11,091	3,630	60	4,588	4,133	50	0	1,156	23,047	453	4,794
	87,969	16,342	3,630	1,026	6,863	1,966	1,032	125	7,484	40,387	456	8,858
	648,517	170,990	27,436	10,710	38,734	64,665	3,371	86	10,851	261,056	4,867	55,929
Georgie	319,101	95,608	18,390	7,043	29,116	32,836	192	19	15,326	79,890	2,987	37,395
	69,498	10,873	3,630	20,926	4,864	4,030	1,017	12	2,234	18,451	600	4,861
	70,986	14,213	3,630	4,497	4,882	6,834	519	319	1,610	27,188	757	6,539
	739,557	185,262	34,203	11,035	41,996	82,542	3,449	130	15,576	329,264	5,096	51,004
	282,304	55,938	17,097	1,726	23,769	1,644	779	22	6,664	138,510	2,828	33,526
lowa	218,903	30,683	8,672	205	11,942	19,642	388	112	6,418	123,555	1,549	15,739
	186,874	27,855	7,057	8,513	9,227	829	50	603	6,899	93,941	1,357	12,343
	265,780	64,334	11,643	1,182	17,867	33,379	207	0	6,186	101,733	2,278	26,951
	355,018	91,378	14,654	8,256	21,135	24,632	1,798	353	11,971	148,952	1,787	30,102
	84,348	18,588	3,630	3,102	5,427	539	540	50	3,780	38,990	1,054	8,648
Maryland	215,952	62,488	12,243	8,038	15,722	892	466	145	8,689	84,870	2,152	20,247
	424,272	85,590	15,541	5,091	22,552	46,855	2,997	490	12,589	200,017	2,734	29,616
	577,182	145,084	28,336	8,537	36,937	58,720	5,209	1,891	13,845	230,209	4,114	48,279
	310,825	44,144	12,357	4,592	15,970	30,076	1,470	4,213	5,768	167,332	2,037	22,865
	235,840	67,906	8,813	3,602	12,778	23,023	1,304	569	11,068	82,958	1,324	22,494
Miescun	307,768	57,267	14,579	6,007	20,261	34,598	344	35	5,115	136,235	2,406	30,921
	94,542	11,776	3,630	21,989	4,639	5,544	1,342	3,281	3,760	32,733	680	4,966
	133,133	18,524	4,819	8,306	8,540	10,813	502	435	2,482	71,190	823	8,699
	48,827	6,834	3,630	3,241	4,793	5,207	344	513	1,186	15,469	750	4,860
	57,345	8,542	3,630	2,854	4,918	5,682	111	7	1,953	22,981	911	5,956
New Jersey	449,024	118,644	21,324	12,222	23,868	59,132	2,074	78	8,139	167,888	4,068	31,589
New Mexico .	156,523	29,737	4,700	36,193	8,687	10,989	6,024	4,369	3,222	43,488	741	10,154
New York	1,552,458	372,358	49,509	12,663	81,433	84,859	21,125	1,186	26,850	830,270	9,008	83,391
North Carolina	374,827	86,501	16,192	8,347	29,262	44,501	188	1,854	17,792	122,437	2,909	42,643
North Dakota	83,503	8,904	3,630	9,022	4,778	7,481	1,203	1,510	2,343	39,096	897	4,840
Ohio	855,434	128,962	32,430	4,601	43,557	64,762	1,521	9,584	12,794	300,440	4,780	61,543
Oklahoma	232,902	35,955	9,944	22,624	13,555	21,560	2,993	9,584	7,277	87,115	1,688	19,607
Oregon	187,873	37,653	7,809	3,041	10,384	15,585	1,381	853	4,824	90,818	1,455	14,072
Pennsylvania	813,440	191,955	32,979	3,391	48,564	86,723	1,177	17	15,091	391,055	4,364	68,124
Rhode Island	73,162	15,782	3,530	2,701	5,001	7,009	934	36	1,407	32,781	574	5,507
South Carolina	224.517	54,895	10,317	6,745	16,350	28.834	33	0	11,211	70,220	1,532	24,380
South Dakota	115,383	10,453	3, 630	14,010	5,103	5,286	1,043	2,354	2.020	65,334	927	5,223
Tennessee	300,176	75,702	14 077	3,237	22,017	31,648	340	0	12,326	106,598	1,979	32,252
Texas	970,818	292,253	5 /82	24,990	63,259	102,304	7,426	101	20,617	319,498	5,819	83,767
Utah	125,475	12,623	6,303	8,517	7,475	14,119	980	806	3,451	59,214	1,018	10,772
Vermont	54,797	8,599	3,630	8	5,040	5,780	50	128	2,455	23,642	889	4,796
Virginia .	320,544	67,124	16,065	33,064	22,311	33,263	453	23	10,188	105,040	2,664	30,349
Washington .	286,104	55,824	12,660	26,270	15,771	26,104	2,643	3,947	7,477	114,854	2,116	20,638
West Virginia	143,283	32,454	6,078	75	9,105	15,857	0	0	3,225	60,928	917	14,644
Wisconsin .	356,725	54,663	14,303	5,512	19,624	48,786	367	1,799	7,094	1/4,015	2,336	28,226
Wyoming .	38,236	4,969	3,630	6,802	3,239	299	455	620	532	12,240	688	4,772
Indian tribe setaside Undistributed .	39,774 500,181	24,835 0	400 0	0 56,551	0	12,129 0	0	0	0	0 443,630	2,410 0	0
Outlying areas American Samoa . Guam Northern Mananas . Protect Rico Trust Territory of the	5,246	1,892	790	0	390	944	152	0	311	253	64	430
	14,398	1,996	1,511	1,523	836	2,820	423	0	1,748	2,414	92	1,035
	4,063	862	268	0	359	861	473	0	545	320	77	278
	512,848	115,486	13,598	872	17,424	11,047	1,013	0	8,992	320,533	1,123	22,758
Pacific	13,865	5,759	3,168	0	902	1,544	793	0	289	276	139	1,015
Virgin Islands	11,441	3,851	2,269	799	719	275	136		668	1,431	141	1,152

¹ Chapter 1, Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981



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² Includes Chapter 2, Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, Science and Mathematics Education, and Drug-Free Schools and Communities

³ Includes Maintenance and Operations

⁴ Includes Vocational Education—Basic State Grants, Community Based Organizations, Consumer and Homemaker Education, State Councils, and Adult Education-State Administered Program

 $^{^{\}rm e}$ includes State Grants, Preschool incentive Grants to States, and Grants ... infants and Families

⁶ Includes Institutional Aid to Strengthen Higher Education Institutions serving significant numbers of low-income students, other Special Programs for the Disadvantaged, Cooperative Education, Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education, Fellowships and Scholarships, and annual interest subsidy grants for facilities construction

⁷ Includes Basic Educational Opportunity Grants (Pell Grants), College Work-Study Program, Supplemental Opportunity Grants, State Student Incentive Grants, Direct Student Loans, and National Guaranteed Student Loan interest subsidies

^{*} Includes Rehabilitation Services Basic State Grants, Client Assistance for Handicapped Individuals, Independent Living, and Supported Employment Services

NOTE —To the extent possible, data represent obligations rather than outlays Because of the exclusion of certain programs, totals in this table are lower than thosa reported in other tables. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, based on unpublished tabulationa from the Office of Management and Budget, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Censua, Federal Exper stures by State for Fiscal Year 1:67 (This table was prepared April 1988)

Table 309.—Appropriations for Chapter 1 and Chapter 2, Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981, by State or other area: 1987-88 and 1988-89

[In thousands]

					r 1			0.14	oter 2
State or other area	Chapter 1 total,1 school year 1987–88	Total ² school year 1988–89	Local education agencies, basic grants	State schoola, handi- capped children	State schoola, neglected and delinquent children	Migratory children	State adminia- tration	Fiscal year 1987	Fiscal year 1988
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total	\$3,937,917	\$4,320,746	\$3,829,600	\$151,269	\$32,552	\$269,029	\$38,296	\$500,000	\$478,700
Alabama	73,203	80,567	77,113	593	374	1,801	685	8,597	8,205
Alaska Arizona	12,940 41,975	14,483 45,373	6,194 37,845	2,110 58 5	193 495	5,760	225	2,474	2,368
Arkansas	47,544	52,035	45,614	1, 46 2	238	6,061 4,259	366 443	6,187 4,946	6,091 4,752
California	419,389	468,898	370,760	1,214	3,225	89,710	3,989	48,605	47,871
Colorado	38,340	41,518	35,946	2,583	326	2,310	353	6,251	5,980
Connecticut Delaware	43,646 13,666	47,679	41,833	2,274	518	2,648	406	5,914	5,577
District of Columbia	19,406	14,477 20,461	10,955 17,054	2,403 2,904	162 224	732 55	225 225	2,47 4 2,47 4	2,368 2,368
Florida	175,077	193,005	163,825	4,241	1,263	22,034	1,642	18,647	18,141
Georgia	96,926	107,541	102,251	1,284	812	2,279	915	12,533	12,323
Hawaii	11,147	12,415	11,839	258	93	2,2,8	225	2,474	2,368
deho	13,761 186,710	14,707 203.471	10,961 176,378	121 22,242	83	3,317	225	2,474	2,368
ndiana	60,171	64,974	58,867	4,274	1,169 659	1,951 621	1,731 553	23,329 11,659	22,0 68 11,003
owa	30,945	33.084	32,154	223	247			·	
Kansas	29,022	31,974	26.246	1,201	347 653	79 3, 60 2	281 272	5,903 4,820	5,557 4,540
Kentucky	65,830	72,607	68,014	1,471	443	2,062	618	7,934	7,551
Louisiana	93,430 18,968	101,331 22,147	93,358 18,059	2,328 569	649 207	4,133 3,087	862 225	9,976 2,47 4	9,463
	60.604	·				,		2,717	2,368
Waryland	62, 624 95, 68 9	69,157 107,463	65,845 90,200	1,196 10,732	1,231 643	297 4,974	588 914	8,366 10,597	7,963
Vichigan	152,542	168,469	150,007	7,513	1,389	8,127	1,433	19,341	9,846 18,383
Vinnescta	44,394 88,052	46,904 75,063	48,586 71,766	285	265	1,352	416	8,439	7,933
. "	·	·	71,766	420	309	1,929	639	5,988	5,859
Aissouri	58,447 12,160	64,893	62,004	1,148	340	849	552	9,944	9,423
Nebraska	18,677	13,178 20,016	12,143 19,243	360 130	174 115	276 302	225 225	2,474 3,283	2, 368 3,050
Nevada	7,161	8,833	7,485	304	228	591	225	2,474	2, 368
New Hampshire	9,054	10,096	9,144	565	79	83	225	2,474	2,368
New Jersey	122,533	135,201	126,721	4,047	1,413	1,870	1,150	14,564	13,561
New Mexico	29,440 400,858	30,199 439,730	28,176 399,178	221 29,012	278	1,267	257	3,209	3,060
North Carolina	87,957	96,672	90,893	1,256	3,327 1,128	4,473 2,573	3,741 822	33,726 12,375	32,055 12,000
Vorth Dakota	9,234	9,622	8,555	330	47	465	225	2,474	2,368
Ohio	133,065	145,756	137,668	3,809	1,775	1,265	1,240	22,119	21,081
Oklahoma	37,550 40,933	42,421	40,144	537	177	1,203	361	6,787	6,322
Pennsylvania	196,315	43,906 212,973	32,178 193,786	3,784 14,166	701 1,139	6,871 2,070	374 1,812	5,325 22,477	4,993
Rhode Island	14,131	15,624	14,679	580	14	126	225	2,474	21,111 2,368
South Carolina	55,323	62.042	60,017	383	817	297	528	7,008	6.816
South Dakota	10,684	11,444	10,858	223	95	42	225	2,474	2,368
ennessee	75,069 296.084	83,497 309,968	81,175 252,976	545 5,425	856 1,484	211 47,446	710	9,576	9,282
/tah	13,792	14,872	13,005	966	154	523	2,637 225	34,631 4,2 62	33,826 4,228
/ermont	10,128	11,346	8,750	1,604	131	636	225		
/irginia	69,205	79,150	76,491	893	746	348	673	2,474 10,954	2, 368 10,359
Vashington Vest Virginia	57,742 33,339	60,672	47,346	2,284	63	10,464	16	8,639	8,185
Visconsin	56,001	37,105 61,495	35,568 57,844	919 1,739	259 642	43 747	316 523	4,138 9,765	3,906
Vyoming	5,857	6,410	4,914	813	193	266	225	2,474	9,232 2,368
Other activities							İ	i	
lureau of Indian Affairs	24,835	27,247	27,247	-	-		-	-1	_
figrant coordination activities	7,066	8,173	-	-	-	8,173	-	-	_
Outlying areas	4 004	0.400			_				
merican Samoa	1,921 2,169	2,100 2,388	2,021 2,135	29 183	0	0	50	481	462
lorthern Marianas	1,060	1,135	854	185	0	46	50 50	1,362 242	1,308 232
uerto Rico	115,084	130,194	126,300	252	210	2.325	1,108	9,264	8,863
rust Territory of the Pacific	5,759 3,906	6,314 4,292	6,264 4,170	72	0	0	50 50	1,824 1,384	1,752 1,329



Data are based on fiscal year 1987 budget appropriations. Excludes \$6,248,000 for evaluation and studies.
 Pata are based on fiscal year 1988 budget authorizations. Excludes \$7,181,000 for evaluation and studies.

⁻Deta not applicable

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURICE U.S. Department of Education, Office of Planning, Budget, and Evaluation, special tabulations (This table was prepared January 1989)

Table 310.—Federal obligations to colleges and universities, by agency and State: Fiscal year 19871

[in thousa. is]

State or other area	Total	Department of Agriculture	Department of Defense	Department of Education	Department of Energy	Environmental Protection Agency	Department of Health and Human Services	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	National Science Foundation	Other 2
1	2	3	4	5	. 8	7	8	9	10	11
United States	\$16,928,519	9661,932	\$1,677,729	\$4,624,701	\$2,748,542	\$74,341	\$4,437,776	\$1,319,712	\$1,162,874	\$220,912
Alabama	25 1,515	24,549	12,107	106,120	14,162	891	77,230	11,112	3,356	1,988
Alaska	22,524	2,280	1,142	5,033	598	6	698	3,287	5,989	3,491
Arizona	178,097	8,220	16,288	54,425	6,990	1,325	39,042	11,186	38,722	1,899
Arkanses	74,954	12,722	750	49,300	390	278	7,925	272	1,504	1,813
California	3,483,060	22,931	181,238	321,779	1,045,739	4,927	638,835	1,081,822	188,910	16,879
Colorado	249,145	7.772	15,170	59.364	5.733	1,318	64,729	13,164	68,148	13,747
Connecticut	231,719	4,020	12,326	38,830	8,858	350	146,635	656	14,820	5,224
Delaware	23,802	3,569	4,341	8,206	454	45	3,005	391		
District of Columbia	307.818	1,755	8.515	233,426	1,004	777	3,005 49,583		3,475	318
Florida	311,472	13,990	19,418	138,373	15,405	2,281	49,583 89,592	4,520 4,676	5,132 22, 178	2, 90 6 5,559
Georgia	278,109	18.893	55,714	80,070	10.110	055				•
Hewaii	58.671	5,194		•	19,112	955	80,649	3,516	12,501	4,899
Idaho	31,917	•	1,742 140	13,827	1,378	25	10,248	5,342	75	11,740
Minois		8,346		21,968	131	59	786	275	_ 7 3	1,493
	951,712	44,888	30,364	212,473	403,835	2,253	170,755	9,844	71,94.	5,331
Indiana	230 ,012	14,981	12,831	101,172	14,210	1,205	53,416	2,481	26,6∠	3,087
lowa	205,412	18,350	4,136	82,136	25,301	1,108	60,317	6,879	8,077	1,108
Kansas	115,017	10,182	2,237	70,671	2,8€1	718	20,620	1,738	4,663	1,319
Kentucky	119,942	18,179	1,299	73,712	1,128	188	21,463	792	2,720	461
Louisiana	172,732	13,109	3,267	98,109	1,642	882	45,292	1,222	4,388	4.821
Main:	42,513	4,784	2,059	30,779	315	781	2,145	25	1,159	486
Maryland	891,090	8,723	373,701	68,989	8.495	1,475	185,818	12,859	23,591	7,439
Massachusetts	1,103,941	18,065	473,538	132,953	61,569	4,510	282.681	18,889	102,744	8,992
Michigan	408,866	18,347	18.533	163,375	8,874	1,641	141,984	10,170	40.983	6,959
Minnesota	237,634	15,116	4,159	99,059	4,778	1,301	92,181	1,993	17,524	1,523
Mississippi	144,632	37,024	8,965	80,195	3,129	467	12,052	516	1,596	683
Missouri	244.417	18,563	3,915	88,346	2.094	361	113,892	2,612	9,728	4,906
Montana	37,488	5,111	408	21,991	143	800	2,918	215	•	•
Nebraska	78,139	8,454	829	41,543	493	145	15,083	762	2,713	3,189 6,333
Nevada	25,893	2,791	260	7,718	2.189	4,305	3,550		4,497	•
New Hampshire	55,356	3,463	1,912	17,048	984	346	18,897	305 5,640	2,031 4,363	2,744 2,703
New Jersey	284,283	7.065	12,299	74,197	104,526	879	E4 700			·
New Mexico	665,075	5,190	38.644	37.097			51,799	3,483	26,460	3,575
New York	1,497,384	21,020	59,255		557,849	232	14,020	6,772	4,855	416
North Carolina	395,400		, ,	457,958	243,976	6,664	547,266	14,445	131,990	14,810
North Dakota	44,558	26,188 6,666	14,348 400	126,347 29,021	5,720 135	6,103 68	189,138 3,830	3,519 8'	18,864 561	5,173 3,81 4
Ohio	409.132	17.040	07.000	434.50-			,			_•
		17,943	37,986	174,505	4,386	6,386	124,490	13,861	19,299	10,276
Oklahoma	117,243	11,726	4,87€	71,447	4,563	1,216	13,469	3,009	4,608	2,329
Oregon	195,602	13,230	9,865	81,516	25,754	2,592	37,844	1,565	16,191	7,045
Pennsylvania	643,985	20,226	100,940	185,555	15,838	2,098	245,654	6,854	59,140	7,680
Ihode Island	72,131	2,298	7,435	22,847	7,668	819	13,923	1,763	12,230	3,148



Table 310.—Federal obligations to colleges and universities, by agency and State: Fiscal year 19871—Continued

[In thousands]

State or other area	Total	Department of Agnoulture	Department of Defense	Department of Education	Department of Energy	Environmental Protection Agency	Department of Health and Human Services	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	National Science Foundation	Other ²
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
outh Carolina outh Dakota ennessee exas itah ermont irginia /ashirigton /sext Virginia /soonsin /yoming	137,818 44,585 240,301 663,461 142,459 48,513 245,614 302,009 85,794 309,946	13,365 5 541 17 409 35,999 5,295 4,770 16,596 13,623 6,956 17,225 3,220	2,392 0 7,927 62,935 23,906 230 12,345 24,649 724 6,177 1,092	74,607 33,150 89,421 231,484 48,357 20,981 79,819 94,369 35,633 127,008 8,392	17,182 100 26,685 16,280 5,300 208 28,227 6,997 747 13,787 620	514 158 490 4,004 1,202 60 1,508 1,344 355 1,734 192	23,955 1,642 85,457 253,008 44,044 20,764 75,758 122,495 11,524 104,529	489 357 2,945 18,022 1,877 44 10,599 4,380 236 7,760	4,937 947 8,844 37,306 10,897 1,255 13,759 29,021 28,933 27,326	37 2,69 1,12 4,42 1,58 20 7,00 5,13 78 4,40
Outlying areas	305,153	16,423	316	262,779	419	5	1,146	512 217	3,547	1,0
mencan Samoa suam werto Rico rust Territory of the Pacific irgin Islands	1,169 11,105 234,982 2,955 4,942	662 1,654 11,254 1,290 1,563	0 0 316 0	507 8,930 248,662 1,665 3,015	0 0 419 0	0 0 5 0	0 382 14,720 0 144	0 0 217 0	8,607 0 34 8,458 0 115	1,14 10 93

¹ Dollars reflect actual obligations during the fiscal year regardless of when the funds were actually spent by a recipient institution. Data include obligations to federally funded research and development centers administered by colleges and universities.

NOTE —Totals exclude loans to individuals, such as the Federal Guaranteed Student Loan program sponsored by the Department of Education, and Federal training and development activities, as well as funds allocated to State agencies, even though the final recipient of such funds is known to be an academic institution. Tuition support programs such as Pell Grants are included in these figures.

SOURCE National Science Foundation, Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions, Fiscal Year 1987 (This table was prepared December 1988)



² Includes Department of Commerce, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of the Interior, Agency for International Development, Department of Labor, Department of Transportation, and Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Table 311.—Federal obligations to colleges and universities, by agency and State: Fiscal year 1986¹

[In thousands]

State or other area	Total	Department of Agriculture	Department of Defense	Department of Education	Department of Energy	Environmental Protection Agency	Department of Health and Human Services	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	National Science Foundation	Other ²
1	2		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	\$14,823,79 7	\$595,304	\$1,519,955	\$3,756,216	\$2,621,623	\$70,704	\$3,758,607	\$1,164,945	\$1.146,538	\$189,90
Alabama	221,824	19,676	7,756	106,873	10.021	589	61,522	9,959	3,528	4.00
Alaska	24,498	2,554	716	7.863	1,429	0	364	2,182	6,228	1,90
Arizona	136,479	6,013	11,881	33,492	1,048	1,217	30,835	8,299	38,226	3,16 5,46
Arkenses	66,562	12,575	444	42,939	695	332	5,932	245	1,697	1,70
Celifornia	3,107,404	23,907	149,783	223,645	1,024,922	4.892	538,715	951,518	176,986	13,03
Colerado	215,693	7,564	9,858	48,815	5,379	2,495	56.875	11,863	65,110	7,73
Connecticut	196,993	3,617	7,844	31,820	8,211	316	128,880	1,016	13,159	7,73 2.13
Delaware	21,826	3,602	1,437	6,271	260	176	2,542	126	6,020	1,39
District of Columbia	292,741	1,748	6,307	234,942	1,039	501	38,611	3,853	4,226	1,51
Florida	238 ,470	16,566	15,725	95,180	13,023	1,852	66,127	4,131	21,249	4,61
Georgia	243,321	18,674	49,810	75,697	14,208	2,354	58.644	2.879	13,711	7,34
-lawaii	47,676	4,911	1,643	12,612	1,410	60	9,087	5,298	7,809	4,84
deho	23,242	5,512	132	14,880	122	356	719	209	484	82
##nois	835,303	18,836	27,020	162,415	397,878	2,576	143,145	8,993	69,839	4.60
ndiana	208,759	14,624	9,419	92,801	9,427	856	45,020	2,800	32,622	1 19
owa	167,987	16,726	10,664	59,022	17,436	1,146	50,614	4.375	7,408	59
(anses	86, 86 0	10,175	2,677	43,475	3,466	325	18,368	1,371	4,652	2,35
(entucky	115,629	17,963	1,134	73,180	803	234	17,854	685	3,349	42
oulsiana	151,017	13,622	3,790	82,133	7,292	963	34,822	579	4,004	3,81
Asine	37,829	4,455	195	28,569	250	730	1,594	88	1,427	52
Aeryland	602,952	9,896	334,203	48,886	8.397	816	158,493	12,178	24,968	5,11
Aassachusetts	1,008,134	6,843	421,880	132,096	65,791	4,980	249,135	16,920	101,683	8,80
Aichigan	329,652	17,869	12,878	120,276	8,498	1,722	109,418	12,227	39,129	7.63
Ainnesota	215,114	14,636	3,525	95,821	4,722	1,841	76,063	1,638	15,646	1,22
Alseissippi	99,653	16,966	2,784	63,344	3,638	396	10,218	439	1,268	600
Aiesouri	209,222	18,826	2,860	73.958	2,650	280	95,604	2,556	8,368	4,120
fontana	28,517	4,901	259	15,010	0	1,493	2,151	126	1,879	2.698
lebraska	65,148	8,908	592	32,820	567	166	11,171	339	4,191	6,394
levada	19,692	2,494	387	6,821	293	2,654	2,769	335	1,404	2,535
lew Hampshire	44,557	3,329	2,765	10,389	814	213	16,069	3,834	4,136	3,008
lew Jersey	26 5,240	6,605	14,189	73,219	99,439	442	41,054	3,262	24,244	2,786
lew Mexico	670,026	6,114	57,213	29,082	552,842	531	13,922	5,726	4,008	588
lew York	1,250,787	19,688	51,364	290,640	239,311	6,651	475,018	11,662	142,537	13,916
lorth Carolina	330,537	25,865	12,301	95,651	4,876	5,154	156,745	2,804	20,900	6,241
orth Dakota	42,168	6,351	378	25,951	429	0	2,622	0	389	6,048
)hio	372,105	18,478	43,078	161,457	4,120	3,667	100,474	13.050	21,424	6,357
klahoma	98,137	17,281	4,128	54,925	1,480	1,005	10,144	4,461	3,790	923
regon	158,692	12 042	6,533	55,526	10,193	1,931	47,530	1,752	15,346	7.839
ennsylvania	587,017	19,013	92,700	17 >,727	15,779	1,739	215,765	5,284	55,277	7,638 5,733
thode Island	73,428	2,665	9,274	20,970	7.678	1,009	12,882	1,603	14,763	2,733



Table 311.—Federal obligations to colleges and universities, by agency and State: Fiscal year 19861—Continued

State or other area	Total	Department of Agriculture	Department of Defense	Department of Education	Department of Energy	Environmental Protection Agency	Department of Health and Human Services	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	National Science Foundation	Other ²
1	2		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
South Carolina	107,369	13,463	2,159	60,669	711	485	22,752	289	6,328	51:
South Dakota	39,843	5,731	60	28,732	99	77	1,298	443	769	2,634
Tennessee	213,869	17,497	3,547	85,798	23,741	827	71,786	3,217	6,381	1,07
Texas	543,795	31,339	61,649	155,708	14,430	4,194	216,113	16,462	40,075	3,82
Utah	124,664	4,814	18,673	35,268	6,583	1,219	42,225	1,939	11,745	2,19
/ermont	43,617	3,710	538	19,171	169	162	18,534	57	1,145	13
Virginia	205,171	16,478	10,288	84,102	5,752	999	62,802	8,297	11,935	4,51
Washington	272,155	12,945	22,584	86,394	5,970	1,748	106,358	3,740	27,537	4,87
West Virginia	78,928	7,247	458	33,542	546	305	9,762	234	26,032	80
Wisconsin	270,456	16,738	7,667	103,505	13,478	1,900	88,888	9,156	25,663	3,48
Myoming	13,039	3,254	806	4,134	308	128	792	446	1,844	1,32
Outlying areas	280,887	15,912	219	240,314	219	50	15,035	132	7,905	1,10
American Samoa	810	563	0	247	0	0	0	0	0	
Suam	5,711	1,669	0	3,504	Ö	Ŏ	289	ŏ	135	11
Puerto Rico	265,998	11,144	219	231,204	219	50	14,484	132	7,673	873
Trust Territory of the Pacific .	6,359	997	0	5,277	0	ō	85	0	0	0,
/irgin Islands	2,009	1,539	0	82	Ö	ň	177	ŏ	97	114

¹ Dollars reflect actual obligations during the fiscal year regardless of when the funds were actually spent by a recipient institution. Data include obligations to federally funded research and development centers administered by colleges and universities.

NOTE —Totals exclude loans to individuals, such as the Federal Guaranteed Student Loan program sponsored by the Department of Education, and Federal training and development activities, as well as funds allocated to State agencies, even though the final recipient of such funds is known to be an academic institution. Tuition support programs such as Pell Grants are included in these figures.

SOURCE National Science Foundation, Federal Support to Universities Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions, Fiscal Year 1986 (This table was prepared August 1988)



² Includes Department of Commerce, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of the Interior, Agency for International Development, Department of Labor, Department of Transportation, and Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Table 312.—Summary of Federal funds for research, development, and R & D plant: Fiscal years 1982 to 1989
[In millions of dollars]

(Parker Landson Landso	T	(In million	s of dollars	!					
			Act	tual				Estimated	
ltem	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	Percent change, 1988 to 1989
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total outleys for research, development, and R & D plant	\$35,766.8	\$37,959.4	\$41,330.1	\$45,960.3	\$52,090.3	\$53,214.2	854,833,1	\$59,960.4	9,4
Research and development	34,390.7 1,376 1	36,659 4 1,299.9	39,891 0 1,639.2	44,171 4 1,688 9	50,609 1 1,481 2	51,811 7 1,602 4	52,850 4 1,982 7	57,785 2 2,175 2	9.5
Total obligations for research, development, and		*****							
R & D plant	37,822.4 36,432.6	40,009.6 38,711.5	44,012.2	50,180.4 48,359.6	52,951.2 51,412.4	57,101.4 55,255.4	60,751,9 58,512.0	60,323.2	3.1
Performers:			13,231,1	10,000.0	5,,,,,,	30,230.1	55,5 12.5	00,020.2	
Federal intramural 1	9,141.0	10,581.9	11.5723	12,945 4	13,534.9	13,413.1	14,514 2	14,745 3	10
Industrial firms	17,192.2	17,147.6	18,753 2	21,968 7	24,508 8	26,752.0	28,233 4	29,163 8	3.
FFRDCS ² administered by industrial firms		1,501 2	1,608.4	1,790 8	1,8970	1,860 0	1,887 7	1,922.8	1
Universities and colleges		4,966 4	5,565.1	8,357.5	6,579.3	7,353 8	7,771 1	8,187 2	5.
FFRDCS ² administered by universities and colleges	1,978 7 1,091.7	2,265 8	2,324 9	2,534 9	2,439 8	3,209 5	3,371 3	3,637.7	7.
Other nonprofit institutions FFRDCS* administered by nonprofit institute a		1,241.6 581.3	1,497.3 597.1	1,699.2 689.2	1, 6 75 5 552 6	1,710 6 510 6	1,800.5	1,705 9	-5
State and local governments	184 3	186.0	130 9	129 4	128.4	148.3	514 0 148 1	528.2 142.1	2: -4:
Foreign	214.3	239.5	175.8	244.5	296 3	148.3 297 8	2718	290 3	4 ./
Research	13,022.2	14,253.5	14,978.8	16,133.4	16,502.2	17,942.7	18,863.9	19,712.0	4,0
Performers:									_
Federal intramural 1	4,194 2	4,710.3	4,764 7	5,056 1	5,160 4	5,437 7	5,625.8	5,774 1	2.0
Industrial firms	2,156 6	2,1526	2,185.9	2,159.1	2,379 3	2,448 8	2,55 ' 8	2,809 5	9 9
FFRDCS* administrated by industrial firms	487 3	522 7	496 5	485 9	482 1	433.5	448 9	458.1	2.0
Universities and colleges	4,045.4	1,468 0	5,029 7	5,726 3	5,883 5	8,640 3	7,051 3	7,426 8	53
FFRDCS* administered by universities and colleges Other nonprofit institutions	1,056 7 743 5	1,211.6 836.9	1,287 5 922 6	1,336 5 1,045 1	1,192 9 1,061 8	1,470 9	1,601 3	1,585.9	53
FFRDCS® administered by nonprofit institutions	104 2	85 2	873	970	892	1,207.3 89.8	1,288 9 84 4	1,261 0 87 7	-2.2 3.9
State and local governments	125 9	136 7	88 2	69.5	910	90 2	93 1	89 9	-3.4 -3.4
Foreign	108 3	129 8	1185	137 9	182 4	124 3	1128	1192	5.6
Fields of science									
Life sciences	4,745 5	5,177 9	5,636 0	8,362 5	8,464 3	7,343 8	7,809 3	7,954 1	1 9
Psychology	218 4	240 9	266 7	327 1	334 0	389 5	378 0	397 8	5 2
Physical sciences	2,500 4	2,891 4	2,969 0	3,046 0	3,069 1	3,252 7	3,386 8	3,707 2	9 5
Environmental sciences Mathematics and computer sciences	1,148 3 350 1	1,251 2 419 4	1,275 9 440 3	1,403 7 574 9	1,481 7 815 4	1,5118	1,630 7	1.890 6	3.7
Enginearing	3,386 8	3,5170	3,824 1	3,8176	3,7390	640 8 3,906 2	6821	768 7	153
Social sciences	385 9	435 3	438 3	460 0	415.5	480 1	4,082 1 486 3	4,252 5 495 3	42
Other sciences	287 0	320 4	330 5	341 8	383 3	438 3	408 7	427 9	4.7
Basic research	5,481.6	6,260.1	7,067.4	7,818.7	6,153.1	8,944.1	9,622.7	10,299.5	7.0
Performers									
Federal intramural ¹ .	1,465 5	1.689 8	1,881 1	1,923 4	2,0189	2,048 2	2,173 2	2,269 0	44
Industrial firms	270 9	305 7	394 1	408 4	544 6	466 9	582 8	659 0	13 1
FFRDCS ² administered by industrial firms	87 4	63 0	911	122 8	1178	1199	1347	142 2	5 €
Universities and colleges	2,727 1	3,1123 5912	3,530 8	4,038 7	4,132 1	4.665 8	4,927 1	5,308 3	77
FFRDCS ^a administered by universities and colleges Other nonprofit institutions	518 7 355 8	409 8	852 7 473 8	695 9 555 8	691 1 572 0	906 8 857 7	1,008 7	1,101 0	91
FFRDCS2 administered by nonprofit institutions	90	80	82	124	131	133	712 5 13 8	733 8 15 1	3 C 10 C
State and local governments	24 5	32 1	28 1	30 5	310	37.5	40 1	410	23
Foreign	24.9	28 5	27 7	30 9	32 7	30 2	30 0	30 3	13
Fields of science							_		-
Life sciences .	2,526 0	2,891 3	3,287 6	3,786 8	3,858 8	4,363 6	4.674 2	4.859 7	40
Psychology	89 9	929	107 9	132 8	133 0	147 2	151 1	182 2	73
Physical sciences	1,393 8	1,587 2	1,728 0	1,815 2	1,914 4	2,096 0	2,284 9	2,547 7	11.5
Environmental sciences	520 1	580 1	656 7	899 7	749 1	781 0	862 5	945 8	9 7
Mathematics and computer sciences Engineering	185 1 810 5	208 1 689 5	240 8 845 0	260 0	293 4	306 4	330 7	396 2	19 6
Engineering Social sciences	120 2	137 7	132 6	884 2 140 7	968 5 113 5	989 5 129 5	1,057 8	1,1146	5 4
Other sciences	56 1	73 3	68 8	99 4	122 5	130 9	133 5 128 0	138 1 137 3	1 9 7 3
Applied research .	7,540.6	7,993.4	7,911.4	6,314.7	8,349.1	8,998 6	9,241 2	9.412 5	1.5
Performers		ł]			
Federal intramural ¹ .	2,728 7	3,0≥∪ 4	2,903 6	3,132 7	3,141 5	3.391 5	3,452 4	3,505 2	1 5
Industrial firms	1,885 7	1,846 9	1,791 8	1,750 7	1,834 7	1,981 7	1,975 0	2,150 5	8.8
FFRDCS ² administered by industrial firms	400 0	439 7	405 4	363 3	364 5	3136	3142	315 9	0.5
Universities and colleges	1,318 3	1,355 8	1,498 9	1,687 8	1,751 4	1,974 5	2,1242	2,118 3	-03
FFRDCS* administered by universities and colleges Other nonprofit institutions	540 0 387 9	820 5 427 3	634 8 449 1	840 8 489 3	5018	564 3	592 8	584 9	-13
FFRDCS ² administered by nonprofit institutions	95 2	77 1	791	84 8	489 8 76 1	549 7 76 5	576 4 70 8	527 5 77 5	-8 5 2 7
State and local governments	101 4	1047	600	58 9	600	52 7	530	139	-77
Foreign	83 4	101 1	88 6	107 0	129 7	94 1	82 9	J8 8	7 2
- ' '			+					=	<u> </u>



Table 312.—Summary of Federal funds for research, development, and R & D plant: Fiscal years 1982 to 1989—Continued [In millions of dollars]

			Act	rual				Estimated	
ltem	1982	1983	1984	1 98 5	1986	1987	1988	1989	Percent change, 1988 to 1989
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Fields of science.									
Life sciences	2,219 5	2,286,6	2,348 3	2.575.9	2.605.5	2,960 2	2.135.1	3.094.5	-1.5
Psychology	128.5	147 9	158.8	1943	201.0	222.4	226.8	235.4	3.6
Physical sciences	1,106.5	1,304 3	1,241 0	1,230,8	1.154.6	1,156.6	1,101.9	1,159.5	5.2
Environmental sciences	628.3	6712	6192	704.0	732.6	730.6	768 2	744.9	
Mathematics and computer sciences,	1850	2113	199 5	314.9	322.0	334 3	351.4	390 5	-3 (11,
Engineering	2.776 1	2.827 5	2,779 1	2.733.4	2.770.5	2,916 7	3.024 3	3,137.9	3.6
Social sciences	265.8	297.6	303 8	319.3	302.1	350 5	352 8	3,137.8	3.0
Other sciences	231 0	247 1	261 7	242.2	260.9	307 4	280.7	290 6	3.5
Development	23,410.4	24.458.0		32,226,1					_
	23,410.4	24,456.0	27,246.1	32,224.1	34,910.2	37,312.7	39,648.1	40,611.2	2.4
Performers.				ŀ					
Federal intramural 1	4.946.6	5,671.7	8,807.8	7.889.3	8,374.6	7,975.4	8.888.6	8.971.2	
Industrial firms	15.035 7	14,995.2	16,567.3	19,809.5	22,129.3	24,303 4	25.675.9	26.374.2	0.9
FFRDCS ² administered by industrial firms	1,019 1	978.5	1,112.0	1,304 9	1.215.0	1,426.4	1,438 8	1.464.7	2.7
Universities and colleges	560.0	498 5	535.4	6,12	695 6	713.2	719 8	.,	1,6
FFRDCS ² administered by universities and colleges	920 0	1,054.2	1,037,4	1,198 3	1,246,9	1,738.6		740.6	2.9
Other nonprofit institutions	348 1	404.7	5746	654.1	813 9	503.4	1,770.0	1,951.6	10.3
FFRDCS ² administered by nonprofit institutions	416.4	496 1	509.8	592.2	463 4	420 6	511 6	444 9	-13.0
State and local governments	58.4	493	428	39 9	37.4	58 0	429 6	440 5	2.5
Foreign	106.0	109 9	592	106.7	133.9	173.4	55.0 158 B	52. 2 171.1	-5.1 7.8
<u> </u>									
R & D plent	1,389.8	1,296.1	1,787.3	1,820.8	1,538.8	1,846.0	2,239.9	2,383.6	6.4
Performers supported.				i					1
Federal intramural 1	426.0	393 9	632 8	630.2	317.1	301.6	459 7	388 1	-15.6
Industrial firms	110 4	260.8	451.7	296 5	409 7	668 7	827.9	1,162.1	40 4
FFRDCS ² administered by innustrial firms	362.2	166 4	196 6	187.8	215 9	212 9	231.5	255 5	104
Universities and colleges	30 3	32 1	783	136 2	132.7	₂ 30 5	228 9	65 7	-71.3
FFRDCS ² administered by universities and colleges	4417	353.0	363 2	454.2	420 9	400 5	466 6	495.7	-/1.3 62
Other nonprofit institutions	66	82 1	556	694	118	20.6	17.5	27	-84.3
rFRDCS ² administered by nonprofit institutions	94	7.9	42	91	9.6	5.4	5.3	109	104.6
State and local governments			= 1	01		<u></u>	5.5	04	104.0
Foreign	32	18	49	35.5	21 0	5.6	22	24	84
<u></u>	1								9.4

Costs associated with the administration of inframural and extramural programs are covered as well as actual inframural performance
 Sederally funded research and development centers
 —Data not available or not applicable

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE National Science Foundation, Federal Funds for Research and Development, vanous years (This table was prepared February 1989)



Table 313.—Federal obligations to colleges and universities for research and development, by field: United States and outlying areas, 1976-77 to 1986-87

Field of science or engineering	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79	1979-80	1980–81	1981-82	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
î	2	3	4	5	6	7	. 8	9	10	11	12
Total, all fields	\$2,803,017	\$3,385,770	\$3,873,514	\$4,160,543	\$4,410,931	\$4,554,475	\$5,024,330	\$5,448,821	\$6,246,181	\$6,456,646	\$7,240,09
ngineering, total	265,840	503,686	574,747	612,456	792,223	804,054	913,604	847,674	944,413	998,312	986,87
Aeronautical	13.053	20,840	24,8R3	28,044	31,056	35,530	39,765	40,678	39,903	42,257	40,01
Astronautical	1,674	849	3,720	4,634	4,875	8,569	16,373	12,405	14,765	24,147	23,47
Chemical	31,065	41,624	20,866	22,210	27,667	30,274	37.685	50,677	68,602	50,379	52,2
Civil	25,018	37,227	37,521	48,130	58,300	38,745	52,231	55,843	45,368	35,402	30,2
Electrical	45,449	76,337	82,158	86,916	115,011	139,442	170,381	161,336	231,457	212,175	195,6
Mechanical	22,109	25,156	26,013	42,593	37,954	37.636	42.577	45,952	53,214	56,416	60,0
Metallurgy and materials	35,577	40,681	36,899	63,057	52,815	63,998	66,146	75,341	80,416	101,457	98,2
Other engineering	91,895	260,972	342,687	316,872	464,545	449.660	488,446	405,442	410,688	476,079	486,9
il sciences, total	2,537,177	2,882,084	3,298,767	3,548,087	3,618,708	3,750,421	4,110,726	4,601,147	5,301,768	5,458,334	6,253,22
Physical sciences, total	401,211	445,482	462,887	507,884	500,657	563,440	621,410	715,948	789,164	770,254	824,13
Astronomy	32,427	37,864	45,036	52,736	54,835	54,001	62,278	78,124	78,654	78,435	84,5
	123,744	139,507	155,806	170,048	165,189	183,231	192,171	230,689	256,156	255,593	271.14
Chemistry	198.591	231,405	224,197	249.661	250,342	284,711	325,998	359,757	397,061	379,289	405.7
Physics		36,706	37,823		30,291	41,497	40,963	47,378	57,313	56,937	62,64
Other physical sciences	46,449	36,706	37,823	35,439			·				·
Mathematical sciences	48,872	42,781	42,518	53,987	53,668	57,687	64,813	76,436	94,680	96,405	116,03
Computer sciences	26,671	34,856	29,091	37,585	37,493	44,844	52,727	58,667	78,634	82,594	79,72
Environmental sciences, total	302,645	304,116	339,821	379,453	330,079	344,313	372,236	398,538	453,789	468,882	496,4
Atmospheric sciences	88,304	85,496	91,222	86,486	95,112	94,463	103,851	114,183	135,562	124,657	151,29
Geological sciences	107,031	116,077	118,176	109,523	101,207	101,005	101,570	100,901	116,850	118,401	113,6
Oceanography	55,908	57,279	74,789	92,079	91,863	102,340	120,448	136,426	138,732	121,855	150,2
Other environmental sciences	51,402	45,264	55,634	91,365	41,897	46,505	46,367	47,028	62,645	103,969	76,2
Life sciences, total	_		2,016,524	2,137,751	2,290,587	2,380,991	2,617,274	2.932.582	3,362,712	3,463,114	4,034,4
Biological sciences	_		1,054,787	1.085.602	1,192,756	1,201,934	1,339,982	1,548,809	1,775,397	1,849,516	2,179,5
Environmental biology	_		15,564	13,137	14,636	6,448	8,073	80,595	79,601	86,088	87.6
	231,926	_	102,251	111,739	134,660	162,192	170,180	158,369	168,927	143,249	149.4
Agricultural sciences		711,002	801,172	885,898	904,963	969,253	1,050,458	1,120,032	1,294,571	1,325,157	1.546.7
Medical sciences	779, 66 7 32,398	30,934	42,750	41,375	43,572	41,164	48,581	24,777	44,216	59,104	71,1
-	57,235	71,891	91,357	86,459	87.734	84,406	93,649	109,787	132,746	138.338	176.4
Psychological sciences, total		22.816	25.164	28,269	26,273	24,735	24,760	33.515	39,700	39,049	46.1
Biological aspects	19,715	22,616 27,457	30,600		28.846	25,1 66	24,760 27,787	30,261	36,205	38,589	51,5
Social aspects	21,318			31,129						60,700	
Other psychological sciences	16,202	21,618	35,593	27,061	32,615	34,505	41,302	46,011	56,841	00,700	78,77
Social sciences, total	134,020	184,729	207,258	203,948	197,695	134,323	175,127	162,492	175,909	172,148	173,6
Anthropology	5,882	7,432	7,115	7,757	5,543	11,994	12,678	5,529	6,053	6,455	6,9
Economics	21,581	52,748	52,239	51,414	56,704	52,382	52,756	37,675	45,292	13,764	56,0
History	1,017	1,426	1,451	1,688	1,069	3,200	4,623	1,038	1,494	1,508	1,6
Linguistics.	2,300	2,261	2,462	2,997	2,745	3,629	3,419	2,967	3,196	2,481	2,84
Political science	3,837	4,861	8,063	5,890	5,122	10,681	17,149	7,965	6,216	5,003	5,49
Sociology	27,457	39,951	32,217	34,903	38,136	21,142	29,890	33,232	34,887	34,580	41,79
Other social sciences	71,946	76,050	103,711	99,299	88,376	31,295	54,612	74,086	78,771	78,357	58,8
Other sciences	78,3 68	79,126	109,331	141,020	120,795	140,417	113,290	146,697	214,114	266 ,599	352,27

-- Data not available

SOURCE National Science Foundation, Science Resources Studies Division, unpublished data (This table was prepared December 1988.)



Table 314.—Department of Agriculture obligations for child nutrition programs, by State or other area: Fiscal years 1987 and 1988

[In thousands]

						Fiscal year	 1988			
State or other area	Total, fiscal year 1987	Total	Soecial milk	School lunch 1	School breakfast	State adminis- trative expense	Commodities and cash in lieu of commodities	Child care	Summer food service	Nutrition education and training
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total	\$5,153,751	\$5,150,884	\$22,119	\$2,934,996	\$473,190	\$55,443	² \$910,748	\$613,076	\$136,312	\$5,000
Alabama	117,293	119,123	34	71,031	12,278	1,294	19,161	11,632	3,620	73
Alaska Arizona	11,339	12,085 66,254	27 206	6,698	885	326	1,363	2,929	7	50
Arkansas	60,269	59,473	27	37,752 35,894	6,705 6, 260	760 719	9,881 11,503	9,896 4,970	998	50 56 50
California	499,168	509,128	715	290,801	55,821	5,534	63 ,527	61,044	250 11,230	50 456
Colorado	57,079 36,997	57,933	133	28,532	2,588	1,057	10,159	14,628	781	55
Delaware	11.618	37,343 12,038	494 32	18,462 5,328	1,616 981	532 288	8,948	6,338	902	51
District of Columbia	14,651	16,702	16	10,020	1,781	326	1,911 2,017	2, 664 1,972	784 520	50 50
Florida	214,637	224,555	119	131,289	26,498	2,134	35,168	21,273	7,902	172
Georgia	156,509 23,493	184,847 24,267	69 10	94,402	16,030	1,795	31,032	17,050	4,359	110
idaho	19,080	18,466	122	14,821 11,228	2,3 33 532	349 305	4,505 4,433	1,847	352	50
Illinois	191.695	205,529	2,524	126,071	12,923	2,068	36,461	1,731 21, 26 0	65 4,022	50 200
Indiana	71,552	79,746	333	43,828	3,058	828	22,096	8,293	1,213	97
lowa Kansas		50,133 49,940	242 393	29,612 25,239	1,717	619	10,742	6,327	824	50
Kentucky	98,902	101,133	276	58,350	1,096 14,250	536 1,021	9,723 19, 84 8	12,412 6,098	491	50 50 65
Louisiana Maine	156,114	159,380	84	98,180	16,765	1,630	22,210	16,652	1,225 3,772	65 87
	21,417	20,868	161	10,946	840 j	372	4,407	3,804	288	50
Maryland Massachusetts	66,085 88.875	67,909 94,544	340 517	35,701	5,094	814	14,645	9,615	1,628	72
Michigan		140,778	1,410	41,421 78,300	7,859 4,900	1,187 1,468	18,030 30,414	23,300	2,141	89
Minnesota	74,346	85,u22	750	37,200	1,900	1,070	16,018	20,210 26,775	3,911 1,236	165 73
Mississippi	117,416	120,426	17	69,595	15,843	1,296	14,447	14,672	4,504	52
Missouri Montana	63,838 15,522	86,055 18,393	494 67	47,778 8,743	5,778	865	18,887	11,057	1,312	84
Nebraska	28,712	31,088	220	16,453	779 900	354 447	3,293 7,273	2,876 5,429	231 316	50
Nevada New Hampshire	9,873 10, 88 1	11,317 11,165	32 200	6,133 5,679	1,335 509	254 278	2,432	997	84	50 50
New Jersey	100,705	99,388	974	· I	-		2,920	1,328	201	50
New Mexico	45,399	46,946	27	57,063 28,053	5,404 3,807	1,444	19,017 5,967	12,0 2 0 8,246	3,345	121
New York North Carolina	374,309	383,221	1,750	207,405	37,773	2,703	59,364	40,646	2,133 33,289	50 291
North Dakota	146,592 16,526	146,485 17,449	107 78	84,409 7,531	19,779 445	1,505 368	25,646 3,578	11,930 5,180	3,002	107 50
Ohio	174,954	191,426	1,248	112,593	15,984	1,711		.	1	
Oklahoma	70,762	72,743	146	41,330	7,009	816	39,427 14,929	17,823 7,946	2,453 511	187 56
Oregon Pennsylvania	39,178 177,079	41,817 174,195	212 707	23,243	2,344	538	9,035	5,824	571	50
Rhode Island	13,092	12,885	105	98,411 6,936	7,600 795	1,669 421	38,070 2, 26 9	19,309 1,500	8,151 809	188 50
South Carolina	92,153	93,265	27	57,877	8,841	1,018	15,284	6,165		
South Dakota	18,925	19,749	58	11,222	1,544	341	3,840	2,146	4,192 548	61 50
exas	109,457 412,666	111,041 439,546	36 106	64,509 256,782	15,885 66 ,791	1,2 2 0 3,811	20,642	7,120	1,547	82
Jtah	38,882	37,544	44	20,561	556	490	69,420 8,462	38,907 7,200	3,417 181	312 50
/ermont	7,223	8,098	18/	3,966	196	271	1,668	1,721	39	
/irginia Vashington	92,182	97,060	265	55,775	7,408	724	22,065	9,300	1,427	50 96
Vest Virginia	70,862 47,573	74,047 46,455	241 32	38,266 27,311	3,610 8,708	586 686	13, 63 9 7,709	16,781	648	76
Visconsin	88,062	65,022	1 562	35,523	2,208	770	17,237	3,345 7,007	614 631	50 84
Vyoming	8,978	9,636	22	4,551	227	279	2,173	2,239	95	50
Department of Defense	4 705	E 400	_				İ		İ	
Dependents schools Outlying areas	4,735	5,680	O	1,874	0	0	3,806	0	o	0
American Samoa	3,821	3,937	o	2 482	050					
iuem	3,623	3,432	0	2,162 2,012	958 636	174 211	593 516	0 7	0	50
verto Rico	2,005	2,142	0	1,254	517	173	148	6	0	50 50
rust Territory of the !	134,503	136,521	0	97,010	16,692	1,306	18,117	Ŏ	3,328	88
Pacific 3	5,514	1,047	0	235	8	92	697	0	o	15
irgin Islandsindistributed 4	5,658 318,911	5,005 1-'7,468	4,026	3,100	114	238	603	380	431	50
	3.3,011	1-7,400	7,020	88,946	7,700	690	9,289	31,255	5,562	Ö

¹ Special Meal Assistance program is combined with "School Lunch" program

NCTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service, Budget Division, unpublished data. (This table was prepared January 1989.)



^{*} Includes commodities purchased for future distribution.

Includes the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesis, and Paleu.
 Undestibuted amount reflects the difference between preliminary State earnings reports and Federal obligations as of September 30, 1988.

Table 315.—Department of Agriculture obligations for child nutrition programs, by State or other area: Fiscal years 1986 and 1987

[in thousands]

		<u> </u>				iscal year	1987			
State or other area	Total, fiscal year 1986	Total	Special milk	School lunch 1	School breakfast	State adminis- trative expense	Commodities and cash in lieu of commodities	Child care	Summer food service	Nutrition education and training
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total	\$4,671,336	\$5,153,751	2 \$17,451	2 \$3,000,839	² \$468,272	\$49,800	³ \$933,118	² \$551,308	2 \$127,973	\$4,90h
Alebema	115,957	117,293	45	69,749	11,919	1,233	13,004	11,244	4,026	73
Alaska		11,339	29	6,255	587	283	,,228	2,900	8	50 52
Arizona Arkansas		60,103 60,269	400 35	34,382 36,129	5, 960 5,8 93	699 870	8,770 13,037	8, 96 7 4,34 2	873 114	50 50
California		499,168	1,180	280,434	54,219	4,909	86,746	60,050	11,193	437
Colorado		57,079	336	27,137	2,450	692	12,330	13,285	795	54
Connecticut Delaware		36,997 11,818	604 46	18,525 4,954	1,075 9 29	503 270	9,210 2, 38 9	5,754 2,1 83	1,27 4 797	52 50
District of Columbia	15,353	14.651	18	9.005	1,468	314	1,817	1,755	425	50
Florida	199,727	214,837	120	124,282	22,167	1,969	39,390	19,180	7,569	161
Georgia		156,509	77	90,203 14,727	18,041	1,568 331	30,077 4,090	14,467	3,967	106 50
Hawaii Idaho		23,493 19,080	12 99	12,008	2,290 500	279	4,252	1,625 1,826	370 66	50 50
Illinois	187,106	191,695	2,692	114,126	11,323	1,931	35,594	20,694	5,129	207
Indiana		71,552	231	39,036	2,986	762	19,274	7,525	1,638	100
lowa		54,928	194	30,153 23,911	1,518	557 479	18,045	5,790 9,626	621	50 50
Kansas Kentucky		46,599 98,902	117 107	57,220	913	928	10,967 19,914	5, 538	537 1,311	65
Louisiana		156,114	91	98,828	15,836	1,554	21,320	15, 668	2,930	86 50
Maine	20,019	21,417	104	11,380	872	346	4,954	3,428	283	50
Maryland		66,085 88,875	374 437	34,877 40,454	5,017 7,189	732 1,113	14,680 19,778	9,017 17,847	1,316 1,962	73 95
Massachusetts Michigan		130,255	1,109	77,396	4,529	1,388	22,984	18,608	4.064	178
Minnesota	74,065	74,346	441	31,595	1,525	987	15,573	22,903	1,249	73
Mississippi	. 107, 33 2	117,416	19	67,897	14,899	1,185	14,827	14,112	4,627	50
Missouri		83,838 15,5 22	319 52	46,466 8,341	5,441 733	660 338	20,574 3,323	8, 98 9 2, 4 3 <i>2</i>	1,303 254	86 50
Nebraska	27,795	28,712	109	15,647	767	396	5,811	5, 66 .	269	50 50
Nevada	9,079 11, 00 5	9,873 10, 88 1	29 238	5,578 5, 64 1	1,17 4 518	240 265	2,111 2,711	638 1,281	53 177	50 50
New Jersey	97,384	100,705	823	58,224	5,462	1,074	19,921	10,847	4,228	127
New Mexico	40,956	45,399	33	26 ,127	3,367	545	8,795	8,974	1,487	50
New York		374,309 148,592	1,92 4 118	204,819 83,426	35,978 19,912	2,457 1,636	81,588 29,875	36,191 10,805	29,250 2,710	303 110
Nor Jakota		16,526	23	7,249	405	341	3,272	4,978	208	50
Onio		174,954	1,223	102,159	15,502	1,811	38,969	14,803	2,495	193
Oklahoma Oregon	. 63,645 40,347	70,762 39,178	42 160	39,818 21,299	6,446 2,101	738 499	15,927 9,190	7,387 5,257	549 621	56 50
Pennsylvania		177,079	605	96,405	8,785	,563	45,841	17,287	8,401	192
Rhode Island		13,092	86	7,182	803	260	2,339	1,450	922	50
South Carolina		92,153	40 39	57,352 10,683	8,753 1,527	913 289	15,156 3,871	5,643	4,234	61 50
South Dakota Tennessee		18,925 109,457	42	62,563	15,187	1.025	22,005	1,852 7,026	814 1,528	82
Texas	372,578	412,666	108	242,082	62,592	3,353	70,243	30,494	3,493	302
Utah	34 624	38,862	28	19,780	551	441	9,445	8,442	126	50
Vermont		7,223	178	3,858	120	252	1,405	1,313	49	50
Virginia		92,182 70,862	148 384	53,184 37,215	8,526 3,419	691 424	21,911 13,574	8,045 15,210	1,582 564	95
West Virginia		47,573	31	27.153	8,825	543	7,687	2,889		73 50 84
Wisconsin	83,794	88,062	1,528	40,035	2,385	711	15,840	6,639	839	84
Wyoming	8,153	8,976	27	4,399	179	259	2,073	1,915	75	50
Department of Defense Dependents schools	4,849	4,735	0	1,812	o	0	3,123	0	o	c
Outlying areas	3,948	3,821	0	1,957	1,004	163	647	o		50
American Samoa Guam		3,623	ŏ	2,082	679	200	657	5	6	1 (
Northern Marianas	1,959	2,005	Ō	1,147	429	163	216	0	ŏ	50
Puerto Rico	. 142,045	134,503	0	97,032	18,443	1,216	16,139	0	3,601	72
Trust Territory of the Pacific 4	12,772	5 514	0	3,233	964	131	1,136	0		50
Virgin Islands	5,738	5,658	5	3,509	138	222	907	425	402	50 50
Undistributed 2	31,092	318,911	² 195	2 249,722	2 27,413	503	³ 12,7 9 0	² 28,095	² 202	10

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Budget Division, unpublished data. (This table was prepared April 1988.)



Special Meal Assistance program is combined - ith "School Lunch" program
 Undetributed amount reflects the difference between preliminary State earnings reports and Federal obligations as of September 30, 1987 and includes payments for September 1986 claims.
 Includes commodities purchased for future distribution
 Includes the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronysis, and Palau.

Table 316.—Department of Health and Human Services allocations for Head Start and enrollment in Yead Start, by State or other area: Fiscal years 1987 and 1988

	198	7	198	8
State and other area	Head Start allocations (in thousands)	Head Start enrollment 1	Head Start allocations (in thousands)	Hoad Start enrollment 2
1	2	3	4	
Total	\$1,102,442	446,523	\$1,176,224	448,46
Alaberta	22,376	10,690	23,853	10.8
Arizone	2,320 9,627	800	2,446	8(
Arkanees	11,566	3,562 6,061	10,349	3,6
Cellfornia	105,850	35,163	12,343 113,657	6.00 35,36
Colorado	10,174	4,730	10,752	
Connecticut	10,406	4,220	11,021	4,4! 4,2:
District of Columbia	2,350 6,380	936	2,545	90
Florida	30,510	2.063 12.991	6,687 32,874	2,20 13,00
3eorgia	26,034	10,876	27.002	
leweiidaho	4,104	1,371	27.892 4,402	10,95 1,40
linois	3,107 55,153	1,156	3,332	1,16
ndiene.	15,343	22,500 6,954	58,809 16,536	22,50 7,03
Wa	8,117	3.674		
(anese	6.876	3,319	6,786 7,405	3,67 3,39
Outsiens	21,281 23,151	10,188	22,708	10,18
laine a aan a aan a aan a aan a a a a a a	4,575	10.523 1,661	24,898 4,988	10,46 2,38
ा प्राप्त कर अपने अपने कर कर कर कर कर कर कर कर कर कर कर कर कर	14,524	5,305	·	
leseachusetts	24,099	7,721	15,473 25,383	5,30 8,14
inneects	45,412 11,631	20,197	48,370	20,25
lleslesippi	53.802	4,903 22,524	12,698 53,802	5,03 19,89
lecouri	19.072	8,770	20,297	•
iontanaebraeka	2,744	1,177	2,955	6,77 1,17
evada	4,513 1,558	2,044 585	4,782 1,703	2,04
ew Hempehire	2,069	777	2,213	60: 74:
sw Jersey	32,476	9,709	34,365	9.64
ew York	6.499 81,481	3,643	6,996	3,65
orth Carolina	23.064	24,259 10,553	87,416 24,589	24,61
	1,629	705	1,776	10,550 710
klehoma	45.221	22.175	48.356	22.11
regon	13,265 8,756	7,202	14.279	7,29
nneylvania	46,482	2,916 16,833	9.350 49,439	2.95
	3,5°7	1,358	3,761	17,062 1,858
uth Ceroline	14,309	6,608	15,340	6,543
nneesee	2.552 13.559	1,097 8,747	2.763	1,099
Mah	50,124	∠2.587	20.915 53.999	8,807 23,12
	4,716	2.033	5,120	2,033
rmont	2,219	871	2,422	871
sehington ,	15,608 12,480	5,575 4,379	16.792 13.494	5,591
set Virginia	9.334	4,006	10.036	4.373 4,008
oming	1 \416 1,494	7,137 698	17,651 1,590	7,205
nerican Indian programs	39,044	13,946		698
grant programs	40,674		41,640	13,996
scial projects .		18,525	44,345	19,042
Outlying areas	2,636	-	2.653	
arto Rico	45,230	19.001	46,714	19,290
In Islands	2.626	3.405	2,112	19,290 3,405
	2,287	1,089	2.452	1,089

¹ The distribution of enrollment by age was 11% were 5 years old and older; 83% were 4 years old, 23% were 3 years old; and 3% were under 3 years of age Handicapped children accounted for almost 13% of all children in Head Start programs. The racial/ethnic composition was as follows: Americal Indian, 4%, Hispanic, 22%, black, 39%, white 32%; and Asian, 3%.

The racial/ethnic composition was as follows: American Indian, 4%: Hispanic, 22%, black, 38%, white, 33%, and a sian, 3%:—Data not applicable.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Human Development Services (This table was prepared Mirch 1989)



³ The distribution of enrollment by age was 10% were 5 years old and older; 62% were 4 years old; 25% were 3 years old, and 3% were under 3 years of age Hand-capped children accounted for more then 13% of all children in Head Start programs

NOTE —Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

CHAPTER 5

Outcomes of Education

This chapter consists primarily of tables comparing educational attainment and work force characteristics. The data show labor force participation and income levels of high school dropouts, high school graduates, and bachelor's degree recipients. Population characteristics are provided for many of the measures to help evaluate disparities among various demographic groups. The first set of tables contains data from the Bureau of the Census on educational attainment of the labor force and income of the labor force and data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on employment and unemployment. These tables provide information on the educational attainment of the labor force, by occupation, sex, and race; money income, by level of education attained; and unemployment rates, by years of school completed, sex, and race.

The second group of tables was compiled from data available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on high school dropouts and graduates. These data show the labor force participation and college enrollment of high school students within the year after they leave school. The tabulations also provide comparative labor force participation and unemployment rates for graduates and dropouts. Additional information on college enrollment rates by race and sex have been included to help form a more complete picture of high school outcomes

The third set of tables has been prepared from the National Center for Education Statistics' survey, Recent College Graduates, and from a Bureau of the Census survey on earnings and education. These tables provide data on employment outcomes for high school and college graduates. A new table for this edition of the *Digest* provides a salary comparison by field of college degree for the entire population. Trends in salaries received by college graduates are also featured in this section.

Statistics on educational attainment of the entire population may be found in chapter 1. More detailed data on the number of degree recipients are contained in chapters 2 and 3. Additional data on the income of persons by educational attainment may be obtained from the Bureau of the Census in the Current Population Reports, Series P-60. The Bureau of Labor Statistics has a selection of publications dealing with the educational characteristics of the

labor force. Further information on survey methodologies can be found in the Guide to Sources in the appendix to this publication and in the cited source documents.

Highlights

- Persons with lower levels of educational attainment were more likely to be unemployed than those who had higher levels of educational attainment. The 1988 unemployment rate for those with 1 to 3 years of high school was 13.3 percent compared to 6.4 percent for those with 4 years of high school and 1.9 percent for those with 4 or more years of college.* Minorities and young people tended to have higher unemployment rates, even after allowing for level of educational attainment. (Table 319)
- Between 1977 and 1987, annual income generally rose more rapidly for men with higher levels of educational attainment than for those with lower levels. For example, the income of men who were year-round full-time workers with 4 years of college rose by 80 percent compared to 62 percent for men with 1 to 3 years of high school. Income for men who had completed 4 years of high school increased 65 percent. (Table 322)
- In general, women's incomes rose faster than men's incomes (increased 100 percent compared to 80 percent) between 1977 and 1987. (Table 322)
- The problems of dropouts are highlighted by comparing the labor force and unemployment status of 1986-87 dropouts and graduates. Only 66 percent of the dropouts were in the labor force (amployed or looking for work) and of those in the labor force, 38 percent were unemployed. Of the 1987 high school graduates who were not in college, 84 percent were in the labor force and 18 percent were unemployed. (Tables 323 and 326)



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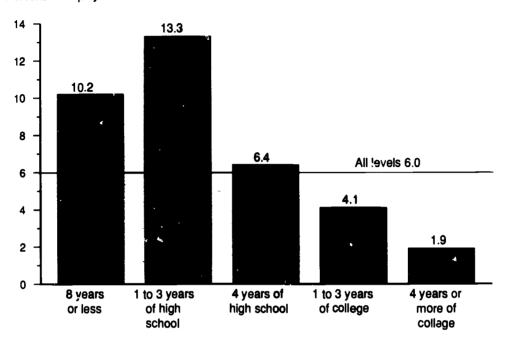
^{*} Unemployment rates for all persons with 8 years or less of school was lower than the rate for those who completed 1 to 3 years of high school. The people with 8 years or less were generally older workers who tended to have low unemployment rates because of their greater experience in the work force.

- About 53 percent of the college graduates of the class of 1985–86 had jobs in professional, managerial, and technical areas in 1987. Thirty-one percent were employed in nonprofessional and nontechnical areas and 4 percent were unemployed. Many of the 11 percent who were not in the labor force were enrolled in graduate school. (Table 328)
- A large number of young adults participate in voluntary organizations. The most common organizations are sports groups (36 percent), church groups (32 percent), and social or hobby clubs (22 percent). (Table 333)
- A 1985 survey of young adults found that the vast majority (more than 95 percent) had basic literacy skills. On the other hand, only about one-fifth had high proficiency in several types of literary skills. (Table 334)
- The life goal most consistently rated "very important" by young men and women was "having a happy family life." Two of the other most highly rated goals in the 1986 survey were "being successful in work" and "finding steady work." (Table 335)



Figure 21.—Unemployment rates for persons 16 years old and over, by years of school completed: March 1988

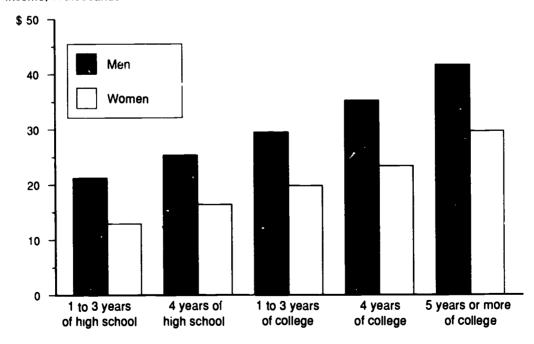




SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics, "Educational Attainment of Workers, March 1987."

Figure 22.—Median annual income of full-time workers 25 years old and over, by years of school completed and sex: 1987

Income, in thousands

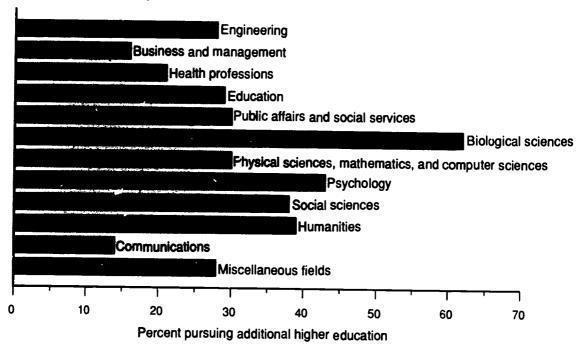


SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Money Income and Poverty Status of Families and Persons in the United States*, Series P-60, No. 161.



Figure 23.—Percent of 1985-86 bachelor's degree recipients who have pursued additional higher education, by undergraduate major field of study: 1987

Undergraduate field of study



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Recent College Graduates" survey, 1987.



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Table 317.—Labor force participation of persons 16 years old and over, by years of school completed and ago, sex, and race/ethnicity: March 1988

		Labo	r force pai	ticipation ra	ate ¹		Employment/population ratio 2						
Age, sex, and race/ethnicity			High s	school	Coll	ege			High s	school	Coll	ege	
Ago, sox, and race, commenty	Total	8 years or less 3	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	Total	8 years or less 3	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Total, 16 years old		Ì											
and over	65.0	32.7	50.1	68.3	73. 7	82.2	61.1	29.4	43.5	64.0	70 .7	80.0	
Men	75.0	45.5	60.1	80.5	81.0	88.2	70. 2	40.5	51.9	74.9	77.3	86.0	
Women	55. 9	20.8	40.7	58.8	67.5	74.9	52. 9	19.0	35.6	55.4	65.0	73.3	
White 4	65 4	33.5	51,1	67.8	73. 2	82.1	62.1	30.3	45.2	64.2	70.6	80.3	
Black 4	62.2	29.1	46.3	73.2	79.6	85.9	53.9	24.9	35.7	62.8	72.8	82.8	
Hispanic ⁶	65.8	52.5	55.3	74.9	79.7	87.6	60.2	46.6	47.0	69.5	76.0	85.	
25 to 34 years old	82.9	60.3	73.3	82.2	85.4	89.8	78.0	53.5	62.4	78.5	81.8	87.	
Men	93.4	80.9	88.4	24.4	93.7	959	87.4	71.4	75.5	87.2	89.8	93.	
Women	7 2 .7	38.3	55.4	71.1	78.3	83.2	68.8	34.5	46.9	66.8	74.8	81.2	
White 4	83.8	63.9	75.9	82.5	85.6	90.7	79.7	57.8	66.9	77.8	82.4	88.9	
Black 4	79.5	45.2	64.6	80.9	87.6	89.2	69.1	33.7	46.6	70.1	80.4	85.4	
Hispanic 6	77.5	68.5	71.5	78.6	84.3	89.8	72.1	61.8	61,8	73.8	81.0	87.	

<sup>Percent of the civilian population who are employed or seeking employment.
Number of persons employed as a percent of civilian population includes persons reporting no school years completed Includes persons of Hispanic origin.
Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race</sup>

SOURCE, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistica, Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics, "Educational Attainment of Workers, March 1988" (This table was prepared December 1988)



Table 318.—Occupation of employed persons 16 years old and over, by years of school completed and sex: March 1988

	Total		Pe	rcentage dis	stribution, b	y years of s	chool com	pleted		
Sex and occupation	employed,		Elementa	-		school		College		Mediar school
	thousands	Total	Less than 8 years 1	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	5 years or more	years com- pleted
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11
All persons								-		
All occupational groups	112,565	100.0	2.9	2.3	11.2	39.7	00.5		1	
Managerial and professional specialty	29,007	100.0	0.5	0.4	2.5	17.7	20.5	13.8	9.6	12.
Executive, administrative, and			0.0	","	2.5	17.7	1 9 .3	29.4	30.3	16.
managerial	13,928	100.0	0.7	0.7	3.7	!				
Professional specialty occupations	15,079	100.0	0.2	0.1	1.4	27.1	23.6	27.5	16.7	14.
Teachers, except college and			"-	" "	1,-	9.0	15.4	31 2	42.7	16
university	3,981	100.0	0.1	(²)	1.2	8.8	7.0			
Teachers, college and university	772	100.0	0.4	(2)	(²)	3.8	7.8	38.5	45.6	18.
Technical, sales, and administrative			• • •	` '/		3.0	€.6	14.0	72.4	18-
support	35,267	100.0	0.7	0.7	7.4	44.8			1	
Technicians and related support	3,506	100.0	0.3	0.1	2.3	29.5	28.2	14.2	4.3	12.
Sales occupations	13,509	100.0	1.0	1.1	11.1	39.4	35.8	22.5	9.7	14.
Administrative support, including	,			1	''''	38.4	24.4	17.8	5.2	12.
clerical	18,252	100.0	0.5	0.5	5.7	51.3				
Service occupations	14,809	100.0	5.4	4.4	21.0	45.2	29.7	9.9	25	12.
Precision production, craft, and recair	13,178	100.0	4.4	3.8	14.8	53.4	18.0	4.7	12	12.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,338	100.0	8.7	5.0	21.5		18.3	4.3	12	12.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,966	100.0	13.8	8.8	18.1	50.9 43.7	12.1	3.1	0.7	12.
Men	-,		.0.0	0.0	10.1	43.7	12.4	5.6	1.9	12.
All occupational groups	81,538	100.0				ĺ	i		1	
Managerial and professional specialty	18,120	100.0	3.7	2.7	11.8	37.4	19.1	14.2	11.1	12.9
Technical, sales, and administrative	10,120 1	100.0	0.8	0.5	2.8	15.8	17.2	29.1	34.3	18.5
support	16 273	100.0	1.0	0.8	8.9	33.7	28.7	21.4		
Service occupations	5,800	100.0	8.2	4.1	19.2	41.6	20.8		7.4	13.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,012	100.0	4.3	3.8	14.9	53.8	18.4	6.3	2.0	12.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	12,840	100.0	8.2	4.7	21 1	50.2	13.5	4.2	1,1	12.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,493	100.0	14.5	7.1	18.0	43.3	12.0	3.5	0.7	12.4
Women	1	ľ	1		10.0	73.3	12.0	5.1	1.9	12.3
VI occupational groups	51,027	100.0	0.4		1	J		- 1	ĺ	
Managerial and professional specialty			2.1	1.8	10.5	42.5	22.3	13.2	7.8	12.8
Technical, sales, and administrative	12,887	100.0	0.3	02	2.3	20.2	21.9	29.8	25.2	16.2
support	22,994	100.0	0.4	0.8	-,-	50.			i i	
Service occupations	9,009	100.0	4.9	4.8	7.7	50 4	28.0	10 3	28	12.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,166	100.0	5.3	4.5	22.2	47.8	16.4	3.6	08	124
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	4.499	100.0	8.1	5.8	14.4	51.2	173	53	20	12.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	473	100.0	89	3.8	22.5	528	8.1	2 1	05	12 3
	7/3	100.0	0.9	3.8	18.7	46 1	146	8.5	1.5	12.4

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ includes persons reporting no school years completed. $^{\rm 2}$ Less than 05 percent.

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE' U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics, "Educational Attainment of Workers, March 1988." (This table was prepared December 1988.)



Table 319.—Unemployment rate of persons 16 years old and over, by age, sex, race/ethnicity, and years of school completed: March 1988

Sex, race/ethnicity, and years of school completed	Percent unemployed 1								
	Total, 16 years and over	16 and 17 years	18 and 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 yr ars and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All persons									
All education levels	€.0	18.9	15.8	9.6	6 C	45	3.4	3.6	2.3
8 years or less	10.2	34.7	32.1	18.9	11.2	10 6	7.9	7.2	2.8
1 to 3 years of high school	13.3	17.9	22.2	20.5	14.8	10 0	5.1	5.2	5.4
4 years of high school	64	162	13.0	10.7	6.9	5.6	38	3,1	1.5
1 to 3 years of college	4.1	_	7.0	5.6	4.3	3.7	2.8	2.4	1.6
4 or more years of college	1.9	-	-	4.8	23	1.4	1.1	1.₹	1.8
Men	_	1							
All education levels	6.4	20.7	17.6	10.2	6.4	4.7	3.8	4.5	2.1
8 years or less	10.9	37.3	29.8	20 0	11.8	10 5	8.3	79	2.8
1 to 3 years of high school	13.7	19.4	24.2	188	14.6	10.8	4.6	65	5.7
4 years of high school	7.0	17.3	13 1	10.4	7.6	6.2	4.5	43	0.9
1 to 3 years of coilege	4.5	_	11 7	6.6	4.2	4.0	3.3	3.6	1.7
4 or more years of college	1.8	_	-	5.5	2.3	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.4
Women									
All education levels	5.5	16.9	13.9	8.9	5.4	4.3	2.9	2.4	2.5
8 years or less	8.8	29.2	36.4	16.3	10.0	10.7	5.1	5.7	2.8
1 to 3 years of high school	12 6	16.5	19.4	23.8	15.2	9.0	5.7	3.5	4.9
4 years of high school	5.8	15.6	130	11.1	6.1	5.1	3.1	1.8	2.0
1 to 3 years of college	3.6	-	3.9	4.7	4.4	3.4	2.2	0.9	1.4
4 or more years of college	2.1	-	-	4.2	2.4	1.6	1.1	2.3	2.8
White 2									
All education levels	5.0	17.3	127	7.8	4.9	3.9	3.0	3.3	2.0
8 years or less	9.4	32.3	32.4	14.5	9.5	10 2	7.6	6.5	2.5
1 to 3 years of high school	11.5	16.5	17.5	16.7	11.9	8 5	5.2	5.5	3.6
4 years of high school	5.3	15.0	10.4	8.6	5.7	4.9	3.1	2.8	1.5
1 to 3 years of college	3.5	-	60	4.7	3.7	3 4	2.3	2.4	1.7
4 or more years of college	1.7	_	_	4.2	2.0	13	09	1.4	2.0
Black ²									
All education levels	13.3	34.5	40 6	22.4	13 1	9.0	7.4	53	5.€
8 years or less	14.5	57.6	36 8	59.3	25 5	15 7	9.8	80	4.1
1 to 3 years of high school	23 0	32 5	57.4	38 3	27 9	15.3	46	4.1	17.0
4 years of high school	14 2	25.5	32.6	240	13.4	10.3	95	5.0	_
1 to 3 years of college	86	_	23.3	12.3	82	65	8.2	3.6	-
4 or more years of college	37	-	-	9 4	43	25	20	37	-
Hispanic origin ³									
All education levels	8 5	27.0	20 1	10.6	70	72	5 7	69	3 8
8 years or less	11 2	34 5	29 9	12 5	97	11.5	83	10 2	7.9
t to 3 years of high school	149	25 6	29 3	14 1	13.6	9.7	6.5	69	_
4 years of high school	7.2	12 9	98	10.6	6 1	68	49	40	_
1 to 3 years of college	46	-	11.4	76	40	37	20	16	4.2
4 or more years of college	23		· _	34	2.4	11	2.5	53	I _

¹ The unemployment rate is the percentage of individuals in the labor force who are not working and who made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the prior 4 weeks. The labor force includes employed and unemployed persons.

² Includes persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics, "Educational Attainment of Workers, March 1988." (This table was prepared December 1988.)



⁻Data not available

Table 320.—Employment status and hourly wages of 1972 high school graduates in Spring 1986, by race/ethnicity and socioeconomic status

Race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status,	Percent with specified		Employme	nt status		Average hou those e	irly wages of mployed
and level of education	level of education	Continuous full-time	Intermitterit full-time	Part-time	Not in labor force	Continous full-time	Intermitten
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Total, all persons	100	39	34	6	20		
High school diploma	32	33	30	8	29	\$7.01	***
Some postsecondary education	30	42	33	ě	19	7.17	\$6.60 7.18
1- or 2-year degree	12	40	37	9	14	7.59	7.16
Bachelor's degree		44	35	6	15	8.71	8.9
Advanced degree	7	40	46	5	ا وَ	10.80	10.70
Race/ethnicity							.0.7
White			1				
Total	100	40	34	7	19		
High school diploma	32	34	31	8	28		
Some postsecondary education	29	42	33	7	18	7.11	6.76
1- or 2-year degree	12	41	37	9	13	7.32 7.70	7.36
Bachelor's degree	20	45	35	6	14	7.70 8.76	7.84
Advanced degree	8	41	47	5	8	10.86	9.03 10.55
Black				١	·	10.00	10.55
Total	100	38	35	7	20		
High school diploma	31	36	35	10			
Some postsecondary education	38	43	32	5	18	5 89	5.38
1- or 2-year degree	12	32	44	10	20 14	5.85	6.29
Bachelor's degree	16	36	34	4	26	6.58	6.33
Advanced degree	4	37	32	7	24	7 97 10.66	7.30
Hispanic	I	i		·		10.00	(1)
Total	100	41	27	اء		i	
High school diploma	42	30	23	5	26	[
Some postsecondary education	35	52	28	- 1	41	7.26	5 90
1- or 2-year degree	12	46	34	4	15	7.28	6.24
Bachelor's degree	8	54	27	8	16	6.87	7.93
Advanced degree	4	27	47	9	11	8.94	(1)
Socioeconomic status quartile 2 (SES)					"	(')	(1)
ower 25 percent	100	36	33				
High school diploma	50	31	30	8 9	23		
Some postsecondary education	27	43	32	7	30	6 48	5.96
1- or 2-year degree	11	37	38	9	18	6.67	6 25
Bachelor's degree	9	43	37	6	15	6.71	7 03
Advanced degree	3	37	40	8	14 16	7 97	7 79
Middle 50 percent	100	20		1	· -	9 74	10.24
High school diploma	34	39 33	33	6	22	-	_
Some postsecondary education	31	41	31	7	29	7 16	7.08
1- or 2-year degree	13	41	32	6	21	7.21	7.45
Bachelor's degree	17	44	37	9	13	7.53	7 79
Advanced degree	5	43	33	5	18	8 39	8.79
	-	(44	3	11	10 46	9 89
Ipper 25 percent	100	42	36	6	15	_	_
High school diploma	9	44	26	7	24	8 02	6.54
Some postsecondary education	31	32	33	6	17	7.54	7 45
1- or 2-year degree	10	39	35	9	17	8 62	7 96
Bachelor's degree	35	44	36	6	14	9.16	9.34
Advanced degree	15	38	48	6	7	11,19	11.29

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "National Longitudinal Study, 1972," unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared January 1989.)



<sup>Too few respondents to produce reliable estimates
The SES index is a composite of five equally-weighted measures father's education, mother's education, family income, father's occupation, and presence of certain items in the respondent's house rold

Data not available</sup>

Table 321.—Total annual money income of persons 25 years old and over,1 by years of school completed, sex, and age: 1986

	-					Years 0	f school cor	npleted					
		Ele	mentary scho	ool		High school		- ·	_	College			Median school
Sex, income, and age	Total										4 or more		years complete
		Total	Less than 8	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	Total	4	5 or more	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
						Nur	nber, in thou	sands					
Men													
Total	70,677	9,053	5,055	3,998	32,907	7,909	24,998	28,716	12,062	16,655	9,043 8,965	7,611 7,575	12 12
ith income	69,473	8,805	4,889	3,916	32,216	7,715	24,501	28,452	11,911	16,540	8,800		
					Pe	ercentage dis	stribution of	men with inc	ome				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	12
to \$1,999 or loss	30	5.1	5.6	44	3.2	4.4	2.8	2.0	2.4	1.7	20	1.4	12
2,000 to \$2,999	1.4	3.4	3.5	3.2	1.6	2.9	1.2	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	1
.000 to \$3.999	18	5.1	6.5	3.4	1.8	3.0	1.4	0.8	1.2	05	0.5	0.5	1
000 to \$4,999	2.4	8.9	11.7	5.4	2.1	3.0	1.8	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.7	
000 to \$5,999	24	6.7	7.1	6.1	2.4	4.3	19	11	1.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	1
000 to \$6,999	2.7	7.4	8.2	6.4	2.7	3.8	2.4	1.4	2.0	0.9	09	0.9	
000 to \$8,499	4.5	10.0	10.3	9.7	4.9	7.1	4.2	2.3	2.9	1.8	2.0	1.6	
500 to \$9,999	3.5	7.0	7.8	6.0	4.2	6.4	3.5	17	2.3	13	1.4	1.1	
0.000 to \$12,499	7.8	11.8	11.4	12.4	94	12.1	86	48	6.4	3.6	4.4	2/	1
2.500 to \$14,999	6.1	8.3	7.2	9.8	7.3	8.4	69	4.0	5.4	2.9	3.4	2.4	1
5,000 to \$17,499	7.1	6.9	5.5	8.5	8.8	8.5	8.9	5.2	7.1	3.9	4.8	2.8	1
7,500 to \$19,999	57	4.1	35	4.9	7.0	67	7.2	4.8	5.9	4.0	4.6	3.3	1
.000 to \$24,999	115	6.2	5.3	74	13.0	9.7	14 0	11.4	136	9.8	109	8.5	1
,000 to \$29,999	10.0	3.6	25	5.0	10.5	7.1	11.6	11.4	130	10.3	10.9	9.7	1
,000 to \$34,999	83	2.3	1.8	2.9	80	5.1	8.9	10.6	10.3	10.7	113	10.1	
.000 to \$49,999	130	26	1.8	35	99	62	11.1	19.7	16.2	22.3	20.9	239	1
0.000 to \$74,999	5.7	0.3	03	0.3	2.6	1.1	30	10.9	5.6	14 8	13.8	16 0	
5.000 and over	3.0	0.4	(2)	0.7	07	0.4	8.0	j 65	j 2.1_	9 ซ	ő. <u>9</u>	13.2	i
		<u>, </u>					Median inco	ome					
All ages, 25 and Over 3	\$20,538	\$9,240	\$8,077	\$11,084	\$18,0,	⇒13,401	\$19,772	\$28,844	\$23,738	\$33,304	\$31,062	\$36,241	
to 34 years	19,162	8,469	8,434	8,714	16,612	11,904	17,551	23,836	20,475	27,141	26,253	29,233	l
to 44 years	26,172	10,061	8,441	12,760	21,645	16,079	22,987	32,150	26,891	36,225	34,345	38,056	
to 54 years	27,756	12,869	11,065	16,694	24,750	19,279	26,099	37,112	31,220	41,793	39,589	44,157	
to 64 years	21,034	11,612	9,510	14,151	19,432	15,959	20,964	34,156	26,342	39,540	39,081	39,979 26,140	
years and over	11,544	7,938	6,883	9,269	12,135	10,057	13,579	19,822	16,116	23,647	20,997	20,140	<u> </u>
						Nu	mber, in tho	usands					_
Women													
Total	78,467	9,888	5,298	4,590	42,179	9,508	32,671	26,400	13,417	12,983	8,125 7,877	4,858 4,764	:
ith income	73,080	8,748	4,590	4,159	38,845	8,466	30,379	25,487	12,845	12,641	7,077	4,704	
					Per	rcentage dis	tribution of v	vomen with i	ncome				
Total	100.0	100 0	99 9	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100 0	100.0	1000	100.0	1000	
Total	14.8	12.2	119	12 4	16.5	16.3			14.6	113	136	7.3	
	5.1	9.9	11.3	85	5.5	7.5	49		36	21	23	17	
000 to \$2,999	5.1	130	13.6	12.2	61	8.7	5.3		40	23	2.6	17	
000 to \$3,999	66	16.9	19.0	14.5	6.6	10.2	5.6	1	38	2.3	2.2	2.5	
UNU III 47.000		יט.ש	1 .0.0	9.4	6.3	87		1	4.0	2.0	2.2	1.7	1



Table 321.—Total annual money income of persons 25 years old and over,1 by years of school completed, sex, and age: 1986—Continued

						Years (of school co	mpleted					
Sex, income, and age		Ele	meritary sch	ool		High school				College			Median
Sex, income, and age	Total	Total	Less								4 or more		school years
		I OLAH	than 8	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	Total	4	5 or more	completed
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
\$6,000 to \$6,999	5.2	8.5	8.2	8.8	5.8	7.2	5.4	3.3	4.1	2.5			
\$7,000 to \$8,499	66	8 5	8.0	9.2	7.4	8.3	7.2	4.6	5.4	2.5	2.9	19	123
\$8,500 to \$9,999	4.9	5.2	48	57	5.5	6.4	5.2	3.9	48	3.7	3.7	3.7	12.4
\$10,000 to \$12,499	891	6.5	4.8	8.3	10.3	9.6	10.5	3. 9 7.7		30	31	2.7	12.5
\$12,500 to \$14,999	66	34	2.8	3.9	7.1	5.8	7.5	7.7	9.1 8.4	63	7.4	4.5	12.6
\$15,000 to \$17,499	65	2.4	1.8	3.1	6.4	4 1	7.5 7.1			5.6	5.9	5.0	12.7
\$17,000 to \$19,999	4.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	4.1	2.1		8.1	8.6	7.5	8.7	5.6	12.8
\$20,000 to \$24,999	79	1.2	1.0	1.5	6.3	2.1	4.7	6.2	6.1	6.4	67	5.9	13.0
\$25,000 to \$29,999	4.5	0.4	0.2	0.6	3.0		7.3	125	10.3	14.6	14.2	15.2	13 7
\$30,000 to \$34,999	2.7	0.3	0.2	0.8	1.4	1.1	3.6	83	6.2	10.4	8.9	130	14.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	26	0.3	0.3	0.3		0.5	1.7	5.4	3.3	7.5	6.4	9.3	15.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	0.8	0.1	(²)	(2)	1.1	0.4	13	57	2.7	8.7	6.2	12.7	163
\$75,000 and over	0.3	(2)	(2)	, ,	0.3	0.1	0.4	1.7	0.7	2.7	1.8	4.2	16.4
		(7)		(2)	0.1	0 1	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.2	10	1.4	16.3
_						1	Median incor	ne					
All ages, 25 and over 3	\$8,582	\$4,886	\$4,691	\$5,258	\$7,651	\$5,631	\$9.000	£44.474	8 44 57 :	010.00=			
25 to 34 years	10,310	4,702	4,825	4,488	7.689		\$8,366	\$14,471	\$11,574	\$18,065	\$16,126	\$21,599	_
35 to 44 years	11,064	5,454	5,731	4,981	.,	5,305	8,378	14,541	11,324	17,519	16,667	20,344	_
45 to 54 years	10,380	4,837	4,436	6,763	8,813	6,665	9,556	16,217	13,293	20,033	16,384	23,366	_
55 to 64 years	7,377	4,403	4,261		8,967	6,659	9,780	16,593	13,545	21,464	18,637	25,227	_
65 years and over	6,425	4,943		4,604	6,873	5,032	7,705	12,612	10,100	17,152	15,488	21,322	-
	0,423	4,843	4,709	5,399	6,742	5,885	7,347	10,954	9.037	13.927	12.382	16 787	

NOTE -Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Senes P-60, No. 159, Money Income of Households, Families and Persons in the United States 1986 (This table was prepared January

13,927

12,382

16,787

440



44.

¹ Includes full-time and part-time workers

² Less than 0.1 percent

³ Age as of March 1987

⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 322.—Median annual income¹ of year-round full-time workers 25 years old and over, by years of school completed and sex: 1970 to 1987

		Elementar	y school	High s	chool		College	
Sex and year	Total	Less than 8 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	5 years o
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Men								
970	\$9,521	\$6,043	\$7,535	\$8,514	\$9,567	\$11,183	\$13,264	\$14,74
97 1		6,310	7,838	8,945	9,996	11,701	13,730	15,30
972		7.042	8,636	9,462	11.073	12,428	14,879	18,87
		7,521	9,406	10,401	12,017	13,090	15,503	17,7
973 974		7,912	9,891	11,225	12,642	13,718	18,240	18,2
975	13,821	8,647	10,600	11,511	13,542	14,989	17,477	19,6
978		8,991	11,312	12,301	14,295	15,514	18,2 36	20,5
977		9,419	12,083	13,120	15,434	16,235	19,603	21.9
		10,474	12,965	14,199	16,396	17,411	20,941	23,5
978 979		10,993	14,454	15,198	18,100	19,387	22,406	25, 8
380	20,297	11,753	14,674	16,101	19,469	20,909	24,311	27,6
281		12,866	16,084	16,938	20,598	22,565	26,394	30,4
102		12,386	16,376	17,496	21.344	23,633	28.030	32.3
163		14,093	16,438	17,685	21 823	24,813	29.892	34.6
104		14,624	16,812	19,120	23,269	25,831	31,487	36,8
986	26,365	14,766	18.645	18,881	23,853	26,960	32, 822	39,3
986		14,485	18,541	20.003	24,701	28.025	34,391	39,5
987		14,903	18,939	21,269	25,394	29,536	35,244	41,6
Women	1							
970	5,616	3,798	4,181	4,655	5,580	6,604	8 , 1 56	9,5
971		3,946	4,400	4,889	5,608	6,815	8,451	10,5
972		4,221	4,784	5,253	6,166	7,020	8, 736	11,0
973		4,369	5,135	5,513	6,623	7,593	9,057	11,3
974		5,022	5,606	5,919	7,150	8,072	9,523	11,7
975	8,117	5,109	5,691	6,355	7,777	9,126	10,349	13,
978		5,644	6,433	6,800	8,377	9,475	11,010	13,5
977		6,074	6,564	7,387	8,894	10,157	11,605	14,3
978		6,648	7,489	7,996	9,769	10,634	12,347	15,3
979		7,414	7,788	8,555	10,513	11,854	13,441	18,0
960	12,156	7,742	8,857	9,676	11,537	12,954	15,143	18,
961		8,419	9,723	10,043	12,332	14,343	16,322	20,
82	14,477	8,424	10,112	10,661	13,240	15,594	17,405	21,4
983		9,385	10,337	11,131	13,787	16,536	18,452	22,8
964		9,828	10,848	11,843	14,569	17,007	20,257	25,0
965	17,124	9,736	11,377	11,836	15,481	17,989	21,389	25,1
966		10,153	11,183	12,267	15,947	18,516	22,412	27,
987		9,927	12,174	12.940	16,481	19,843	23,406	29,4

¹ Data have not been adjusted for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar

SOURCE, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Current Population

Reports, Series P-60, Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States, various years, and Money Income and Poverty Status of Families and Persons in the United States 1987, Senes P-60, No. 161. (This table was prepared January 1969.)



Table 323.—College enrollment and labor force status of 1986 and 1987 high school graduates 16 to 24 years old, by sex and race/ethnicity: October 1986 and October 1987

	Civilian no	ninstitutional	population		Cı	vilian labor for	ce 1	
Item	Number	Percent	Percent of high school	Number	Labor force	5	Unon	nployed
			graduates		participa- tion rate	Employed	Number	Une inploy- ment rate
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1986 high school graduatea ²						-		
Total	2,78€	100.0	100.0	1,764	63.3	1,462	302	17.
Women	1,331	17.8	47.8	887	66.6	748	139	
	1,455	52.2	52.2	877	603	714	163	15. 18.
White 3	2,307	828	828	1,512	65 5	4 000		
Black 3	386	13 9	139	208	53.9	1,288 136	224 72	14.0
;	169	61	61	109	64 5	91	18	34.0 16.9
Enrolled in college, October 1986	1,499	100.0	53.8	717	47.8	623		======
Men	744	49 6	26 7	381			94	13,
Women	755	50.4	27.1	336	51.2 44.5	340 283	41	10.6
Full-time students	1.005	04.4			44.5	263	53	15.8
Part-time students	1,365 134	91.1 8 9	49.0 4 8	599	43 9	522	77	12.9
		03	70	118	88.1	101	17	14.4
White 3	1.292	86.2	46.4	651	50.4	569	82	12.6
Hispanic origin 4	141 75	9 4 5 0	5.1 2.7	41	29.1	33	8	(5)
			2.1	33	44.0	30	3	(*)
Not enrolled in college, October 1986	1,287	100 0	46 2	1,047	81.4	839	208	19.9
Men	587	45.5	21.1	506	86.2	408	98	
Women	700	54.4	25 1	541	773	431	110	19.4 20.3
White 3	1,015	78 9	36 4	861	040			20.0
Black ³ Hispanic origin ⁴	245	190	88	167	84 8 68 2	719 103	142 64	16.5
	94	73	3 4	76	80 y	61	15	38.3 19.7
1987 high school graduates 5								
otal	2,647	100 0	100 0	1,657	62 6	1,400	257	15.5
Men	1,278	48 3	48 3	813	63 6	717		
Women ,	،,369	51 7	51 7	844	61 7	682	95 162	11.7 19.2
White 3	2,207	83 4	83 4	4.405			,,,-	18.2
Black 3	337	12 7	12 7	1,405 198	63 7 58 6	1,226 132	179	12.8
Hispanic origin 4	176	66	66	102	58 0	84	66 18	33.4 17.7
Enrolled in college, October 1987	1,503	100 0	56 8	698	46.5			
Men	746	49 6			46.5	612	86	12.3
Women	757	50 4	28 2 28 6	339 360	45 4 47 5	308	31	9.0
Full-time students			i		47.5	304	55	15 4
Part-time students	1,357 146	903	51 3	578	42 6	507	71	123
	140	97	5 5	120	82.4	105	15	12.4
White 3 Black 3	1,249	83 1	47 2	584	46 8	528	57	
Hispanic origin 4	175 5 9	11 6 3 9	66	79	45 0	56	23	9 7 29.4
			22	21	(5)	21		(5)
Not enrolled in college, October 1987	1,144	100 0	43 2	959	838	788	171	17.8
Men	532	46 5	20 1	474	89 0	409		
Women	612	5 3 5	23 1	485	79 2	378	65 106	13.7
White 3 .	959	838	26.2	004			.00	219
Black 3 .	162	14 2	36.2 6 1	821 119	85 6 73 4	698	123	150
Hispanic or 14	117	102		1101	/34	76	43	36.1

¹ The labor force includes all employed persons plus those rooking employment. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of persons either employed or seeking employment

NOTE Data are based upon sample surreys of the civilian noninstitutional population. Percents are only shown when the base is 75,000 or greater. Even though the rd errors, re large, smaller estimates are shown to permit users to combine categoines in arious ways. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment of School Age Youth, High School Graduates, and Dropouts, October 1987, October 1988 (This table was prepared December 1988)



² In. Interpersons who graduated from high school between

ber 1960 ** Includes persons of Hispanic origin

Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race
Data not shown where base is less than 75,000

Includes persons who graduated from high school between October 1966 and Octo-

Table 324.—College enrollment rates of high school graduates, by race/ethnicity: 1960 to 1987

		High scho	ol graduates	3				Enrolled in	n college 1		_	
Year					To	tal	Whi	te ²	Blac	k ² , ³	Hispa	anic 3
	Total	White 2	Black 2, 3	Hispanic 3	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percer
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
960	1,679	1,565	_	_	758	45.1	717	45.8	_	_	_	
61	1,763	1,612	-	_	847	480	798	49.5	–	-	-	
62	1.838	1,660	-	_	900	49.0	840	50.6	l –	i —	-	
63	1,741	1,615	_	-	784	45.0	736	45.6	_	_	_	ļ
64	2,145	1,964	_	-	1,037	48.3	967	49 2	_	_	_	
65	2,659	2,417	_	_	1,354	50 9	1,249	51.7	_	_		
66	2.612	2,403	_	_	1,309	50 1	1,243	51.7	-	_	-	
67	2,525	2,267	_	_	1,311	519	1,202	53 0		_	_	Ì
88	2,606	2,303			1,444	55 4	1,304	56.6	_	_	l –	
69	2,842	2,538	-	_	1,516	53 3	1,402	55 2	_	_	-	
70	2,757	2,461	_	_	1,427	51.8	1,280	52 0	_	_	_	!
71	2,872	2,596	_	_	1,535	53 4	1,402	54 0		. –	-	
72	2,961	2,614	_	_	1,457	49.2	1,292	494		_	_	
73	3,059	2,707	_	_	1,425	466	1,302	48 1		l –	-	
74	3,101	2,736	_	_	1,474	47 5	1,288	47 1	-	-	_	
75	3,186	2,825	_	_	1,615	507	1,446	51.2	-	_	_	
976	2,987	2,640	320	152	1,458	488	1,291	48 9	134	419	80	5:
77	3,140	2,768	335	156	1,590	50 6	1,403	50.7	166	49.6	80	5
978	3,161	2,750	352	133	1,584	50 1	1,378	50.1	161	45.7	57	4
979	3,160	2,776	324	154	1,559	49.3	1,376	49.6	147	45.4	69	4
980	3,089	2,682	361	129	1,524	49.3	1,339	499	151	418	68	5
981	3,053	2,626	359	146	1,646	53.9	1,434	54.6	154	42.9	76	5
982	3,100	2,644	384	174	1,568	50 6	.,376	520	140	36 5	75	4
983	2,964	2,496	392	138	1,562	52 7	1,372	55 0	151	38.5	75	5
984	3,012	2,514	438	185	1,662	55 2	1,455	57.9	176	40 2	82	4
985	2,666	2,241	333	141	1 539	57.7	1,332	59 4	141	423	72	5
986	2,786	2,307	386	169	1,499	53.8	1,292	56 0	141	36 5	75	4
987	2,647	2,207	337	176	1,503	56 8	1,249	56 9	175	519	59	3

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Enrollment in college as of October of each year for individuals age 10 to 24 who graduated from high school during the preceding 12 months

NOTE —Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian population. High school graduate data in this table differ from figures appearing in other tables because of varying survey procedures and coverage.

SOURCE American College Testing Program, unpi blished tabulations, 1987, derived from statistics collected by the U.S. Department of Labor, and U.S. Department of Labor, unpublished tabulations. (This table was prepared December 1988.)



² Includes persons of Hispanic origin

³ Due to the small sample size, data are subject to relatively large amourts of sampling error

⁻⁻ Data not available

Table 325.—College enrollment rates of high school graduates, by sex: 1960 to 1987

-	Total he	gh school gra	duates			Enrolled in	college 1		
Year	Total	Males	Females	To	tal	Ma	les	Fem	ales
			- Ciliares	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percen
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
960	1,679	756	− − ⊌23	758	45.1	400			
981	1,763	790	973	847	48 0	408	54 0	350	37
962	1,838	872	966	900		445	56.3	402	41
963	1,741	794	947		49.0	480 ¦	55.0	420	4
964	2,145	997		784	45.0	415	52.3	369	39
	2,145	997	1,148	1,037	48.3	570	57.2	467	40
965	2.659	1,254	1,405	1,354	50.0		i		
966	2,612	1,207	1,405	1,309	50 9	718	573	636	45
967	2,525	1,142	1,383		50.1	709	58.7	600	42
268	2,606	1,184		1,311	51.9	658	57.6	653	47
969	2,842		1,422	1,444	55.4	748	63 2	696	48
	2,042	1,352	1,490	1,516	53.3	812	60 1	704	47
70	2.757	1,343	1,414	1,427	51,8	741			
71	2,872	1.369	1,503	1,535	53.4		55 2	686	41
72	2,961	1,420	1.541	1,457		788	57.6	747	49
73	3,059	1,458	1,601	1,425	49.2	749	52.7	708	4
74	3,101	1,491			46.6	730	50 1	695	4
ľ	5,101	1,451	1,610	1,474	47.5	736	49 4	738	4
75	3,186	1,513	1,673	1,615	50 7	796	52.6	212	
76	2,987	1,450	1,537	1,458	48.8	685		819	49
7	3,140	1,482	1,658	1,590	50.6	773	47.2	773	50
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,161	1,485	1,676	1.584	50.0		52.2	817	49
79	3,160	1,474	1,686	1,559		758	51.0	826	49
	· 1	.,	1,000	1,555	49.3	743	50.4	816	48
86	3,089	1,500	1,589	1,524	49 3	701	40.0		
81	3,053	1,490	1,563	1,646	53.9		46.7	823	51
B2	3,100	1,508	1,592	1,568		816	54.8	830	53
83	2.964	1,390	1,574		50.6	739	490	829	52
84	3,012	1,429		1,562	52.7	721	519	841	53
	5,512	1,425	1,583	1,662	55.2	800	560	862	54
95	2,666	1,286	1,380	1,539	57.7	754	50.6	705	
96	2,786	1,331	1,455	1,499	53.8	744	58 6	785	56
87	2,647	1,278	1,369	1,503			55 9	755	51.
	-,	.,	1,000	1,000	56 8	746	58.4	757	55.

¹ Enrollment in college as of October of each year for individuals age 16 to 24 who graduated from high school during the preceding 12 months

NOTE —Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian population. High school graduate data in this table differ from figures appearing in other tables because of varying survey procedures as a noverage.

SOURCE American College Testing Program, unpublished tabulations. *987, derived from statistics collected by the U.S. Department of Labor, and U.S. Department of Labor, unpublished data. (This table was prepared December 1988.)



Table 326.--Labor force status of 1979-80 to 1986-87 high school dropouts 16 to 24 years old, by sex and race/ethnicity: October 1980 to October 1987

	Civilian noni				Civilian labor force	e¹	
Year, sex, and race	рорин	20017		Labor force		Une	mployed
	Number	Percent	Number	participation rate	Employed	Number	Unemployment rate
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
979-80 high school dropouts 2					1		
In October 1980	. 739	100.0	471	63.7	322	149	31.
len	422	571	305	72.3	212	93	30.
Vomen	317	42.9	166	52.4	110	56	33.
/hite ³	580	78.5	392	67 6	286	106	27.
Hack 3		19.8	73	50 0	33	40	(
lispanic origin ⁵		12.3	60	65.9	43	17	<u>(</u>
983-84 high school dropouts ^a							
In October 1984	. 601	100.0	387_	64.4	258	129	
len	323	53.7	251	77.7	167	84	33.
Vomen	277	46.1	136	49 1	91	45	33.
Single		33.3	103	51 5	58	45	43.
Other marrial status	. 78	13.0	33	42 3	33	-	-
Vhite 3	483	80.4	321	66 5	229	92	28
lack 3		18.1	61	56.0	25	36	(
lispanic origin ⁶		15.1	47	51 6	32	15	(
984-85 high school dropouts 7	_						
In October 1985	612	100.0	413	67.5	266	147	35.
len		52.5	261	81.3	163	98	37
Vomen		47.5	152	52.2 53.2	103	49 39	32
Single	220	35 9 11,8	117 36	(4)	78 26	10	33
Other marrial status	/2	11.8	30	()		.0	
Vhrte 3	458	748	330	72 1	214	116 30	35
Black 3	132	216	69 73	52.3 68 9	39 40	33	9
lispanic ongin ⁶	106	173		00 9	40		
985-86 high school dropouts ⁶	500	100.0	359	63.9	259	100	27
in October 1986	562						
Men	300	53 4	216 143	72 0 54 6	168 91	48 52	22 3 6
Vornen	262	46 6 34 9	143	54.6 54.6	69	38	35
Single	66	117	36	(4)	23	13	
	440	700	289	64 4	213	76	26
Vhite 3	449 90	79.9 160	289 50	55 6	213	76 21	20
Black ³	127	226	77	60 6	58	19	24
•							
986–87 high school dropouts ⁹ In October 1987	502	100.0	333	66.4	207	126	37
4	274	54 6	202	73 7	125	77	38
/len	228	45 4	131	57 6	82	49	37
Albaha 3	373	743	257	68 9	172	85	33
Vh ite ³	115	229	69	60 1	30	36	
Hispanic origin ⁵	57	114	37	(4)	22	15	

¹ The labor force includes all employed persons plus those seeking employment. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of persons either employed or seeking

NOTE - Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population Percents are only shown when the base is 75,000 or greater. Even though the standard errors are large, smaller estimates are shown to permit users to combine categories in various ways. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Students, Graduates and Dropouts, October 1980-82, and Employment of School-Age Youth, Graduates, and Dropouts, various years, and "Nearly Half of College Freshmen Also Hold a Job or Are Looking for One," June 1987 (This table was prepared December 1988)



^{*} Includes persons who dropped out of school between October 1979 and October 1980

³ includes persons of Hispanic origin

⁴ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000

^{*} Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race

Includes persona who dropped out of school between October 1983 and October

⁷ includes persons who dropped out of school between October 1984 and October 1985

fincludes persons who dropped out of school between Cctober 1985 and October 1986

^{*}Includes persons who dropped out of school between October 1986 and October

⁻Data not available

Table 327.—Full-time employment status of bachelor's degree recipients 1 year after graduation, by field of study: 1976 to 1987

	·			1970	10 130	,						
		Percent of full-	employed time		Percen close	t employed	d full-time to field of	in a job study	Perc	ent emplo	yed full-tir sional job	ue iu
Field of study	1974-75 gradu- ates in May 1976	1979–80 gradu- ates in May 1981	1983-84 gradu- ates in June 1985	1985–86 gradu- ates in June 1987	1974–75 gradu- ates in May 1976	1979-80 gradu- ates in May 1981	1983–84 gradu- ates in June 1985	1985-86 gradu- ates in June 1987	1974-75 gradu- ates in May 1976	1979-80 gradu- ates in May 1981	1983-84 gradu- ates in June 1985	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	67	71	73	74	35	38	38	38	10	12	13	14
Professional fields	77 56 65	80 56 74	82 56 75	81 62 74	51 18 36	51 17 43	47 15 47	47 25 36	9 12 9	10 14 19	13 15 12	11 15 17
lewly qualified to teach	66	75	73	68	43	56	54	47	7	8	9	9
iot newly qualified to teach	67 80 79 84 75	71 81 84 83 77	73 82 84 85 75	74 82 83 85 76	33 52 57 49 71	36 49 55 44 66	36 47 53 41 70	37 47 46 40 65	12 10 4 15	13 10 2 14	13 13 3 19	14 11 5
Education ² Public affairs and services Arts and sciences fields Biological sciences Physical sciences and	66 57 56	67 77 56 45	63 74 56 43	73 72 63 42	22 — 17 26	29 46 16 18	24 31 15 17	57 37 25 15	12 - 13 6	4 18 10 15 8	2 16 15 15 11	3 9 20 15 11
mathematics	50 61 59 56 68 —	58 56 61 55 75 71	51 57 61 59 77 76	76 66 61 59 75 77	19 22 12 12 36 —	29 17 10 14 43 31	20 12 13 17 42 31	48 22 12 19 36 33	6 18 15 17 10 —	2 17 21 18 20 24	7 16 14 19 14 16	9 19 17 19 21 18

¹ includes those not working in technical, managenal, or administrative types of jobs who reported that they did not need a college degree to obtain their job includes those who have not finished all requirements for teaching certification or

NOTE -- Data are from a sample survey of recent college graduates. Notes on meth-

odology are included in the Guide to Sources Data exclude bacrelor's recipients from U.S. Service Schools Dec ad graduates and graduates living at foreign addresses at the time of the survey are included. Data are not shown where sample size of base is less than 100 persons

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Recent College Granuates" surveys (This table was prepared March 1989.)



were previously qualified to teach

⁻Data not available

Table 328.—Occupation of 1985-86 bachelor's degree recipients 1 year after graduation, by field of study and occupational area: 1987

[Percentage distribution]

			P	rofessional field	ls			A	rts and scier	nces		Other	fields
Occupational area in June 1987	All fields of study	Business and manage- ment	Education	Engineening	Health profes- sions	Public affairs/ social services	Biological sciences	Mathemat- ics, computer, and physical sciences	Social sciences	Humanities	Psychology	Commu- nications	Miscella- neous ¹
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Total	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Professional, managerial and technical	53	52	75	71	79	49	28	59	32	39	40	47	37
Business	19 10 6 5 2 (²)	46 1 1 (2) (2) (2)	4 66 (²) 1 2 (²)	5 2 57 (²) (²) (²)	3 2 (2) 65 1 (2)	9 4 (²) 1 31 (²)	4 7 (²) 2 2 2	6 8 6 (2) (2) (2) (2)	18 6 (2) (2) 4 (2)	Q 12 (2) (2) 7 (2)	12 10 (²) 5 7 (²)	19 2 1 (²) 1 (²)	13 7 1 3 5
Computer/physical scientist, mathematician Communications	5 1 1 3	3 (²) (²) 1	(²) (²) 1 1	3 (2) 1 4	(2) (2) (2) (2) 7	(²) (²) 1 3	(²) (²) 1 10	35 (²) (²)	1 1 (2) 3	1 4 6 1	1 (2) 1 4	1 20 3 1	(2
Nonprofessional, nonmanagenal, and nontechnical Unemployed	31 4 11	37 4 6	15 3 6	18 4 7	9 2 10	37 3 10	28 4 39	25 4 10	40 6 21	39 7 15	40 5 15	41 6 5	4

¹ includes agricultural and related studies home economics, law, liberal/general studies area studies, library science, recreation, and protective services

2 Less than 5 percent

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Survey of 1985–86 Recent College Graduates, 1987." (This table was prepared March 1989.)



Table 329.—Fercentage of 1985-86 bachelor's degree recipients who have pursued additional higher education, by type of degree sought or obtained, and undergraduate major field of study: 1987

Undergraduate major field of study	Total	No additional education	Courses not leading to degree or certificate	Associate or bachelor's degree	Post- baccalau- reate certificate	Master's degree	Doctor's degree	First- professional degree	Other certificate
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total	100	72	3	1	1	15		4	
Professional fields Engineering Business and management Health professions Education. Public affairs and social services Arts and sciences fields Biological sciences. Physical sciences, mathematics, and	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	79 72 84 79 71 70 61	2 2 2 3 3 3 5	1 1 1 1 2 2 3	(2) (2) (2) (2) 1 (2) 1	14 22 9 13 19 23 19	(2) 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	2 1 2 3 (²) 2 9 28	1 1 1 1 3 (2) 3 5
computer sciences Psychology Social sciences Humanities Other Communications Miscellaneous	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	70 57 62 61 77 86 72	3 2 2 3 4 3 4	2 1 1 2 2 1 2	(2) 1 1 1 1 1 1	16 29 16 23 10 6	4 4 2 1 (2) (2)	4 3 12 5 3 2 4	2 2 3 3 4 1 5

¹ Includes chropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, theological studies, and veterinary medicine ² Less than .5 percent.

NOTE —Data are from a sample survey of recent college graduates. Notes on methodology are included in the Guide to Sources. Data exclude bachelor's degree recipients.

from U.S. Service Schools. Deceased graduates and graduates living at foreign addresses at the time of the survey are not included. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Recent College Graduates" survey. (This table was prepared March 1985.)

Table 330.—Percentage of 1985–86 bachelor's degree recipients who have applied for additional education and reasons for not applying, by major field of study: 1987

		Applied for	D	not apply fo	r additional educ	cation, by reaso	n
Undergraduate major field of study	Total	additional education	No plans to continue	Wanted to work	Wanted to take time off	Could not afford to continue	Other reasons
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Total	100	36	16	34	6	5	
Professional fields	100	29	17	39	7		
Engineering	100	37	13	40	1 4	4	
Business and management	100	24	22	39	3	4	
Health professions	100	29	15	39		4	
Education	100	36	10	39	0 7	0	
Public attairs and social services	100	43	14	34	1 4	6	
Vita and sciences fields	100	47	13	27	5	3	(
Biological sciences	100	68	6	17	3	4	
Physical sciences, mathematics, and computer	į		- [.,	-	4	
sciences	100	37	16	35	5		
Psychology	100	50	10	26	9	4	
Social sciences	100	47	11	28	5	3	
Humanities	100	49	15	23	5	5	
ther	100	32	20	33	3	4	
Communications	100	23	25	39	5	/	
Misce'laneous	100	37	17	29	3	8	

¹ Less than 5 percent.

NOTE —Data are from a sample survey of recent college graduates. Notes on methodology are included in the Guide to Sources. Data exclude bachelor's (legree recipients from U.S. Service. Schools. Deceased graduites and graduates living at foreign

addresses at the time of the survey are not included. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Recent College Graduates" survey (This table was prepared March 1989.)



Table 331.—Average annual salary of bachelor's degree recipients employed full-time 1 year after graduation, by field of study: 1976 to 1987

	1974-75	salary 1 of i degree n February 76	Average s 1979–80 recipient 19		1983-84 recipient:	salary 1 of degree s in June 85	Average salary of 1985-86 degree	Percentage change in	Percentage change in
Field of study	Current	Constant 1987	Current	Constant 1987	Current	Constant 1987	recipients in June 1987	constant dollars, 1976 to 1981	constant dollars, 1981 to
	dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars	Current dollars	1861	1987
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total	\$7,600	\$15,500	\$15,200	\$19,200	\$17.700	\$18,700	\$20,300	25	
Engineering	12,200	24,800	22,400	28,300	24,100	25,400	26,600	15	φ
Business and management	10,200	20,700	16.300	20,600	18,700	19,700	21,100	0	2
Health professions	8,600	17,500	17,300	21,900	20,800	21,900	22,600	25	3
Education 2	6,300	12,800	11,500	14,500	13,800	14,600	15,800	14	9
Public affairs and social services	(3)	(3)	13,700	17,300	15,100	15,900	17,700	_	2
Biological sciences	6,500	13,200	14,500	18,300	15,100	15,900	16,400	40	-10
Physical sciences, mathematics, and				l					
computer sciences	7,000	14,200	16,300	20,600	17,500	18,500	22,500	45	9
Psychology	(3)	(3)	12,500	15,800	14,600	15,400	17,300	-	9
Social sciences	6,700	13,800	14,000	17,700	15,800	16,700	20,300	31	15
Humanities	5,800	11,800	12,600	15,900	14.000	14,800	16,200	36	2
Communications	(³)	(3)	(3)	(3)	16,200	17,100	(³)	-	
Miscellaneous	6,800	13,800	15,100	19,100	18,600	19,600	17,600	39	-8

¹ Reported salanes of full-time workers under \$2,600 in 1976, \$4,200 in 1981, and \$5,000 in 1985 were excluded from the tabulations

² Most educators work 9- to 10-month contracts

³ Cell contains fewer than 75 respondents

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Lational Center for Education Statistics, "Recent College Graduates" surveys (This table was prepared February 1989)

Table 332.—Income, earnings, and work activity of persons who held a bachelor's or advanced degree, by field of study: Spring 1984

Field of study		monthly ome ¹		monthly ings ²	Number of worked dun 4 mo	ng previous	Stan errors to inco	monthly
,	Bachelor's degrees	Advanced degrees	Bachelor's degrees	Advanced degrees	Bachelor's degrees	Advanced degrees	Bachelor's degrees	Advanced degrees
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All degree recipients	\$1,841	<i>\$</i> 2,711	\$1,540	\$2,341	3.08	3.35	\$47	\$80
Agriculture and forestry	1,945	(4)	1,5 59	(4)	3 25	(4)	203	(4
Biology	1,559	(4)	1,201	(4)	2 73	(4)	218	(4
Busiriess and management	2,381	3,564	2,179	3,192	3 48	3 64	163	253
Economics	2,846	(4)	2,280	(4)	3 36	Ö	372	(4
Education	1,290	2,062	1,012	1,695	2 76	3 23	51	140
Engineering	2,833	3,308	2,282	2,886	3 38	3.55	170	235
English and journalism .	1,477	1,945	1,095	1,567	2 66	3 48	225	263
Home economics	1,065	(4)	525	(4)	2 12	(4)	208	(4)
Law	(4)	4,060	(4)	3,624	(4)	3 57	(4)	365
Liberal arts and humanities .	1,400	1,720	1,072	1,466	2 87	3 17	92	192
Mathematics and statistics	2,116	(4)	1,809	(4)	3.20	(4)	270	(4
Medicine and dentistry	(4)	4,234	(4)	3,797	(4)	3.53	(4)	385
Nursing, pharmacy, and health	1,424	1,804	1,196	1,610	2 99	2 98	92	310
Physical and earth sciences	2,529	2,913	2,068	2,431	3 Ca	3 21	391	40€
Psychology	1,251	2,282	1,166	1,881	2 91	3 28	157	259
Religion and theology	(4)	1,584	(4)	1,211	(4)	3 36	(4)	139
Social sciences	1,610	2,124	1,371	1,745	3 00	3.20	157	234
Other	1,840	2,101	1,656	1,717	3 24	3 15	187	168

¹ Includes money wages and salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment and all other income

NOTE -Data are based on sample surveys of the civilian noninstitutional population

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of thin Census, Current Population Reports, Senes P-70, No. 11, "Educational Background and Economic Status Spring 1984" (This table was prepared October 1987)



NOTE —Data exclude bachelor's recipients from U.S. Service Schools and graduates living at foreign addresses at the time of the nurvey. Constant dollar adjustments based on the Consumer Price Index.

³ includes money wages or salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employ-

³ See Guide to Sources for information on the use of standard errors

⁴ Data not shown where base is less than 200,000 persons

Table 333.—Participation of young adults In voluntary organizations, by selected characteristics: 1984 to 1986

		<u>. </u>		P	ercent part	icipating in	voluntary	organizatio	ns			
Young adult characteristics	Sports teams or clubs	Church activities	Social or hobby clubs	Union trade, farm, or other profes- sional associ- ates	Literary, art discus- sion or study group	Commu- nity groups ²	Youth organi- zations	PTA or other academ- ic group	Political clubs	Orga- nized volun- teer work ³	Service organi- zations ⁴	Other voluntary group
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	36.0	32.2	21.8	17.7	10.8	9.4	9.2	7.0	6.2	5.8	4.0	9.6
Sex												
Male	46 8	29.3	22.5	20.3	107	8.6	117					
Female	25.8	34.9	21.1	15.3	11.0	10.2	6.9	4.7	6.7	5.3	5.2	9.7
Race/ethnicity				15.5	11.0	10.2	6.9	9.1	58	6.2	2.9	9.4
White, non-Hispanic	36.5								Ī			
Black, non-Hispanic	36.5	30.6	22.3	182	10.2	8.5	8.7	6.4	59	5.5	3.9	9.7
Hispanic	34.6	44.2	21.5	14.9	13.1	162	12.0	12.0	82	6.8	40	10.3
Asian	41.4	32.4	17.1	15.8	11.6	8.5	95	5.6	6.9	4.3	4.7	7.1
American Indian	41.1	31.0 30.0	28.7	27.3	23.2	10.5	10.8	9.1	5.9	14.1	5.9	103
	41.1	30.0	27.9	19.7	8.9	130	11.6	65	9.6	4 2	7.2	7.8
Socioeconomic status			i			i			ł			
Low	29.2	30.9	176	12.2	6.6	80	7.0	60	3.4	4.5	2.2	
Low-middle	34.5	31.4	21.7	15 6	96	8.6	87	6.0	4.5	4.6	4.9	6.9
High-middle	39.9	35.4	23.5	21.8	11.6	9.4	106	7.2	78	6.9	4.5	8.6
High	43.1	33.9	264	22.4	160	122	10.7	10 0	9.9	7.4	4.7	10.6 13.0
High school curriculum		ľ							5.5	/ ·- -	4.1	139
General	35.8	30.9	21.3	14.5	8.8	0.4					ł	
Academic	40.7	35.8	25.0	24.2	15.7	84	9.3	50	5.2	4 5	3.8	9.0
Vocational	31.1	31.5	19.6	137	63	11.8 8 1	103 75	11.5	9.1	8 2	47	12.6
Level of participation in high	J)	3,3	19.6	13/	03	81	/5	4.3	40	4.6	2.9	6.6
school extracurricular activi-											ł	
Never participated	18.4	14.6	17.1	14.1	امء	أمد	ا ، ه					
Participated as a member	32.3	29.6	20.9	15.0	5.6 8.9	46	34	2.4	15	2 3	2.1	46
Particips.ed as a leader	45.C	40.6	24.9	21 7	14.0	82	6.7	58	50	5.4	3.4	7.8
		70.5	24.5	21/	140	12.3	13 1	98	88	7.5	4.8	12.8

Sample survey in 1965 based on people who were high school seniors in spring 1960. Respondents to the survey were asked about their voluntary participation in selected organizations over the previous 24-month period

includes participation in community centers, neighborhood improvement, or social

clubs, church activities, etc.) Responses to these earlier inquiries were used to classify overall level of participation in extracurricular activities

NOTE -Some adults participated in more than one organization

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, High School and Beyond (This table was prepared October 1987)

Table 334.—Literacy skills and readir.g scores of young adults,1 by race/ethnicity and level of education: 1985

Young adult characteristic	Prose lite	racy scale,		nth score	Docume	nt literacy, ³ of-		ith score	Quantitati	ve literacy.	4 percent w	vith score
	200 or more	250 or more	300 or more	350 or more	200 or more	250 or more	300 or more	350 or more	200 or more	250 or more	300 or more	350 or more
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total	96.1	82.7	56.4	21.1	95.5	83.8	57.2	20.2	96.4	84.7	56.0	22.
Race/ethnicity		į										
White, non-Hispanic	98 1	89 7	63.0	24.3	98 2	89 5	64 1	24 9	00.4			
Black, non-Hispanic	86.3	57.2	21 3	35	84 4	56 5	20 1	249	98 1 87 8	89 4	62 9	24 8
Hispanic	93 5	73.6	40 9	135	920	69 8	25 9	9.4	92 8	58 0 72 5	21 4	33
Educational attainment	i					00 -	0,0	3,7	32 0	123	35 2	92
Not high school graduate	85.4	57.9	24 1	3.4	83 4	53 6	40.0					
High school graduate	99 6	81 6	45 1	10.5	96 5	81 8	188	15	86 1	57 7	206	3 5
Some postsecondary	98.8	92.0	67.0	26.8	990	92 1	46.2	90	96 9	80 5	45 2	10.1
College graduate	99.9	97.7	84 3	44 8	999	98 0	68 0 85 6	27 2 48 8	99 3 99 9	92 7 97 8	66 8 84 1	27.0 45.3

I includes persons 21 to 25 years old. Excludes persons not living in households and those who were unable to speuk English



action associations or groups

^{*}E.g., hospital volunteer

^{*} Includes participation in org wattons such as Rotary, Junior Chamber of Com-

Fin 1980, the seniors were asked to indicate the level of participation in each of 15 different extracurricular activity areas (e.g., varsity sports, debate band, subject-matter

² Proce comprehension test measures the knowledge and skills needed to gain understanding and use information from texts such as editorials, news stones, and poems A seating and own information in the transport as equipment, there is an ability to write a simple description of the type of job one would like to have A score of 300 indicates an ability to locate information in a news article or an almanec. A score of 350 indicates an ability to synthesize the main argument from a lengthy newspaper editorial

*Document literacy test measures the knowledge and skills required to locate and

use information from documents such as indexes, tables, paycheck stubs, and order forms. A score of 200 indicates ability to match money-saving coupons to a shopping list of several terms. A score of 300 indicates an ability to follow directions to travel from

one location to another using a map. A score of 350 indicates an ability to use a bus schedule to select the appropriate bus for given departures and arrivals

⁴ Quantitative literacy tast measures the knowledge and skills needed to apply the arithmetic operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, either alone or sequentially. A score of 200 indicates an ability to total two entries on a bank deposit slip. A score of 300 indicates an ability to enter deposits and checks and balance δ checkbook A score of 350 indicates an ability to determine the amount of a tip in a restaurant using a given percentage

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Young Adult Literacy and Schooling (This table was p. mared May 1989)

Table 335.—Percentage of 1972 and 1982 high school seniors who felt that certain life values wore "very important," by sex: 1972 to 1986

į		Perc	entage of	1972 seni	ors			Perc	entage of	1982 seni	ors	
Value	19	72	19	74	19	76	19	82	19	84	19	86
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Being successful in work	86.5	83.0	81.2	749	80.3	697	88.2	85 5	88 7	84 2	84.0	77.2
Finding steady work	82.3	73.7	74.7	59.9	79.3	62 1	88.0	84 4	87.4	83.3	84.2	76.3
Having lots of money	26.0	9.8	17.8	91	17.7	94	41.3	24 1	35 8	209	27 8	16.9
Poing a leader in the community	14.9	80	8.5	4.4	9.2	4.2	11 3	5.9	13 7	6.4	9.5	4.5
Correcting inequalities	22.5	31.1	16.6	18.2	16.2	17.1	11 8	117	13 3	139	10.7	10 9
Having children	_	_	_	_	_	_	37 0	470	42.7	56 3	41.4	56.2
Having a happy family life	786	85 7	83.1	86 7	84.2	86 4	81.6	86.3	86 1	90 2	86.8	87.8
Providing better opportunities for my						i		1				
children	66 6	66 2	59.5	61.6	59 8	58.8	71.0	68.7	72 1	69 9	68.4	67.4
Living closer to parents or relatives	6.8	82	83	12.4	77	11.9	15 0	15.7	15.6	20.1	129	19.8
Moving from area	14 3	14.6	83	7.4	67	64	14 4	12.8	10 5	9.1	9.0	7.4
Having strong friendships	81 2	78.7	76.5	74 7	76.1	72 1	80 4	79 1	80 1	79 7	76.5	75.0
Having leisure time	-	_	60.9	55 1	65.4	60 1	70.2	68 8	74 5	720	70.1	68.9

⁻Date not available

NOTE —Percentages are based on the total sample members who responded to 'he individual survey items in each survey period.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, National Longitudinal Study and High School and Beyond surveys. (This table was prepared June 1987.)

Table 336.—Political participation of young adults, by sex, race/ethnicity, and socioeconomic status: 1979 and 1986

		S	ЭX		Race/e	thnicity		Sock	oeconomic s	tatus
Political participation	Total	Male	Female	White, non- Hispanic	Black, non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian	Lower	Middle	Upper
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1979 1										
Tned to persuade someone to vote										
for or against a candidate	34 3	37 7	31 1	356	26 9	28 7	35 3	28 0	33 3	42.
Gave money or bought tickets to						ĺ				
help a candidate	206	21 9	194	198	277	23 1	19 3	19.5	192	24.
Attended a social-political										
gathering 2	21 3	22 2	20 3	20 3	30 0	24 2	20 4	20 1	19 5	26.
Voted in a local, State, or national	00.4	68 2	68 6	70 2	63 4	53 7	59 0	58 4	60.4	70
election 3,	68 4	00 2	080	/02	634	53 /	29 0	36 4	68 1	79 :
1986 4						i i				
Tried to persuade someone to vote										
for or against a candidate	25 0	26.1	24 0	25 2	26 8	23 2	24 5	20 5	240	33
Gave money or bought tickets to	137	40.0	13 9	125	196	17.1	11 1	12 0	12 7	17
help a candidate	137	13 6	139	125	196	''	11 1	120	127	17.
Attended a social-political gathering 2	157	16 5	149	150	219	15 5	16 0	12 7	145	21
Registered to vote.	723	718	72 9	718	77.8	70 3	71 8	66 3	72 4	81
Voted in a local, State, or national	,20	710	,20	,,,	,,,	, , , ,	,,,,	003	/27	01
election 8	60 7	598	315	61 4	62 5	528	56 8	51 8	60 5	74
Voted in the 1984 presidential		•••				"				
election	59 0	57 8	60 0	60 0	60 0	518	.54 1	50 7	59 1	73

¹ Sample survey in 1979-80 based on people who were high school seniors during the 1971-72 school year. Survey participants were asked about their political activities over a 3-year period, 1976 to 1979.



² includes attendance at political meetings, railies, tiarbecues, fish fines, or similar events in connection with an election

³ Survey periodipants were asked whether or not they voted in any local, State, or national election between November 1976 and October 1979.

⁴ Sample survey in 1986 based on people who were high school seniors in spring 1980 Survey participants were asked about their political activities over a 2-year period, 1984 to 1986

 $^{^{6}}$ Survey participants were haked whether crinot they voted in any local. State, or m tional election between March 1974 and Fillorusry 1986

NOTE —Because of the different time areas of the political participation inquines, care should be used when interpreting thry data

SOURCE U.S. Department or Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "High Scient and Deyond, Third Follow-up, 1986" and "National Longitudinal Study, Fourth Follow-up, 1980" surveys. (This table was prepared September 1987.)

Table 337.—Percentage of 1980 high school seniors holding specific attitudes/beilefs about women, by highest educational degree attained and sex: 1986

				Percentage	of 1980 seni	ors 1 in 1986	5		
Attitude/belief	İ				Highe	st education	al degree at	tained	
Vintores Califa	Total	Male	Female	High scho or I	ol diploma less		associate	Bachelor'	s or higher
				Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A working mother of pre-school children can be just as good a mother as the woman who doesn't work	77.4	72 9	81 6	73.7	80.9	68 2	83 6	742	81.
it is usually better for everyone involved if the man is the achiever outside the home and the wuman takes care of the home and family	27.0	30 3	24 0	31.9	28 4	31 2	24.2	24 0	10 1
Wen and women should be paid the same money if they do the same work	97.4	96.2	98 4	95.8	98.3	96 0	98.2	97 6	99.2
Most women are happiest when they are making a home and caring for children	289	31 8	263	33 9	31 1	32.7	28.2	23.9	9.8
woman should have exactly the same educa- tional opportunities as a man	98 1	98.0	98.1	97 5	98.0	99.1	97.3	98.9	99.7
A pre-school child is likely to suffer if the mother works	32.9	39 0	27 1	38 6	28.4	41 8	26 9	38.2	23.7
Vomen should be considered as seriously as men for jubs as executives or politicians	93 7	91.2	96.1	90.0	95 8	91.9	94.8	94 6	98 2
Other things being equal, a woman's job should be considered as senously as a man's in making decisions about whether to move,									
where to live, etc	94.0	92 3	95 6	90 7	94 9	95 9	962	94.7	97 0

¹ Data are based on a 1986 sample survey of students who were high school seniors in spring 1960. Figures in the table represent the estimated percentage of these students who either agreed or strongly agreed with the statements to the left.



SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "High School and Beyond, Third Follow-up, 1986" survey (This table was prepared November 1987)

CHAPTER 6

International Comparisons of Education

This chapter offers a broad perspective on education among the nations of the world. It also provides an international context for examining the condition of education in the United States. Although the Center has not been active in collecting international data, it has recently funded a number of research studies comparing mathematics and science performance among various nations. Also, a study entitled, A Comparison of Teachers' Salaries in Japan and the United States has been released. In addition, the Center has cooperated with international agencies in the compilation of statistics.

The data in this chapter were drawn from material prepared by the United Nations Educational. Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), the Institute of International Education, and the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement. The basic summary data on enrollments, teachers, enrollment ratios, illiteracy rates, and finances were synthesized from information appearing in the annual Statistical Yearbook published by UNESCO, Even though UNESCO tabulations are very carefully prepared, international data users should be cautioned about the many definitional and reporting problems involved in the collection of data about the wide variety of educational systems in the world.

This chapter also contains data from the latest international assessments of mathematics and science achievement. These assessments, coordinated by the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement, provide comparative data for about 20 countries. New data from other mathematics and geography assessments are also included in this chapter. A different perspective is provided by data on the enrollment of foreign students in U.S. institutions of higher education. These data from the Institute of International Education provide information on the number of these students and their coun-

Further information on survey methodologies can pe found in the Guide to Sources and in the publications cited in the source notes.

Highlights

 Enrollments at all levels have increased more rapidly in Africa than in other parts of the world. Enrollments at the primary and secondary levels declined in Northern America and in Europe because of the declining number of school-age children. The smallest higher education enrollment increases occurred in Northern America and in Europe. (Table 338)

- In 1984-85, there were about 886 million students in schools around the world. Of these students. 574 million were in elementary-level programs, 259 million were in secondary programs, and 53 million were in postsecondary programs. (Table 338)
- Between 1980-81 and 1984-85, enrollments grew rapidly, particularly in the less-developed areas of the world. Elementary school enrollment rose 4 percent during this time period. Elementary enrollment changes ranged from increases of 12 percent in Africa to declines of 2 percent in Europe and Northern America and 5 percent in Oceania. in general, enrollment changes at the secondary and postsecondary levels followed this same pattern, with large increases in Africa and smaller increases or decreases in Europe and Northern America. (Table 338)
- · Pupil-teacher ratios in elementary and secondary schools vary widely from country to country. Countries with relatively low ratios were Italy (11.8 in 1982), Australia (13.7 in 1984), and Sweden (13.7 in 1982). Countries with relatively high ratios included Mexico (28.0 in 1983) and Japan (20.5 in 1984). (Table 339)
- A comparison of public expenditures on education. as a percent of gross national product (GNP) reveals significant differences among nations. For example, the proportion of GNP for the United States in 1983 was 5.6 percent. Other countries ranged from 2.2 percent for Nigeria and 2.8 percent for Mexico to 7.7 percent for Canada and 8.4 percent for Sweden. (Table 342)
- U.S. students ranked well below average in a 1981-82 international test of mathematical skills of 8th-grade students. Only 6 of the 19 other nations and Canadian provinces scored below the United States. U.S. students scored above the international average on arithmetic and statistics, but they

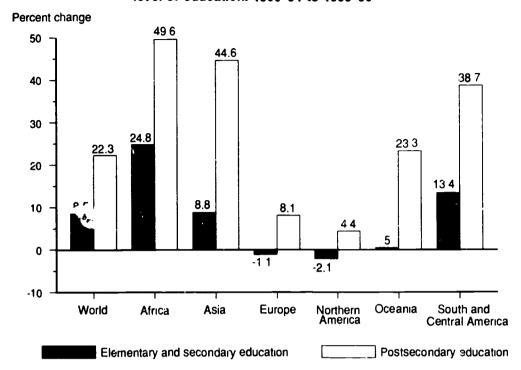
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- scored below the international average on algebra, geometry, and measurement tests. (Table 344)
- In an analysis of international mathematics testing for the most advanced 12th-grade mathematics students, U.S. students ranked next to last among the 13 participating nations. The best scores were made by Japanese students, who had the highest average scores on each of the three parts of the test, algebra, geometry, and calculus. The Japanese schools were also among the most likely to cover the material that was tested on the exam. The American schools covered the smallest
- portion of the material, with the exception of schools in British Columbia. (Table 345)
- In the 1988 International Assessment of Educational Progress, the U.S. 13-year-olds scored lowest in mathematics and in the bottom third on science achievement among a group of countries and Canadian provinces. (Tables 343 and 346)
- In a series of science tests administered to a selected group of countries between 1983 and 1986, the U.S. 14-year-olds scored somewhat lower than their peers in 12 other countries, better than 2 other countries, and about the same as Singapore and Thailand. (Table 347)

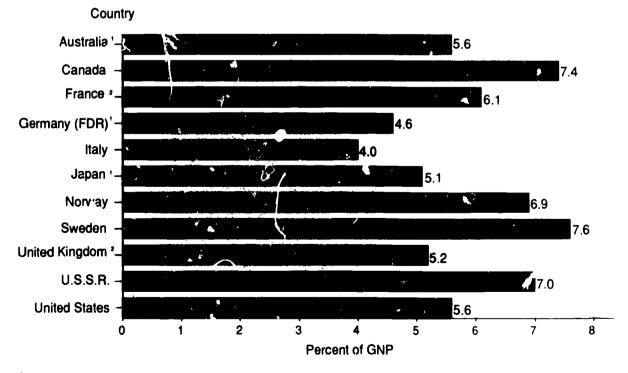


Figure 24.—Changes in enrollment, by area of the world and level of education: 1980-81 to 1985-86



SOURCE: United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook. 1987

Figure 25.—Public expenditures for education as a percent of gross national product: Selected countries, 1986



11985 data.

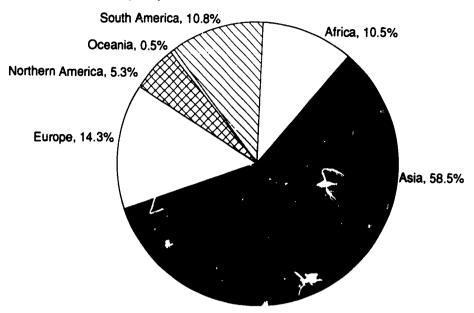
²1984 data.

SOURCE: United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Statistical Yearbook.



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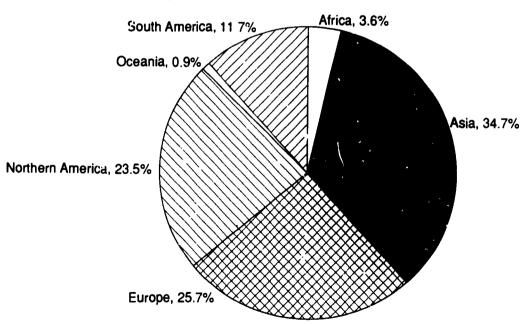
Chart 26.—Distribution of elementary and secondary enrollments, by major area of the world: 1985-86



To al elementary and secondary enrollment = 864 million

SOURCE: United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook, 1987.

Figure 27.—Distribution of higher edur ...on enrollment, by major area of the world: _385-86



Total higher education enrollment = 58.0 million

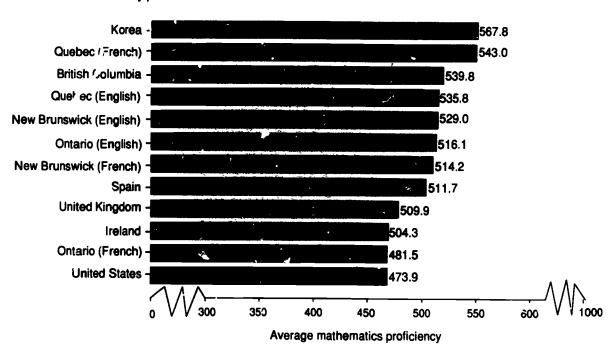
SOURCE: United N *lons Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook 1987.



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Figure 28.—Mathematics proficiency at age 13, by country/province: 1998

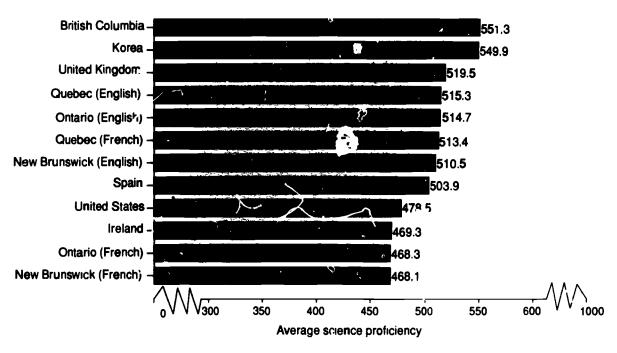
Country/province



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress, A World of Differences, by Educational Testing Service.

Figure 29.—Science proficiency at age 13, by country/province: 1988

Country/province



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education, Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress, A World of Differences, by Educational Testing Service.



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Table 338.—Estimated population, school enrollment, teachers, and public expenditures for education in major areas of the world: 1970-71, 1980-81, and 1985-86

				Major areas	of the world		
ltem	World total 1	Africa 2	Asia 3	Europe 4	Central and South Arnerica ⁵	Northern America ⁶	Oceania 6
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1970– 71							
Pepulation, all ages, in thousands	3,693,220	360,752	2,102,044	701,125	283,408	226,566	19,32
Enrollment, all levels,7 in thousands	617,611	34,226	324,137	135,746	56,323	63,192	4,18
First (primary) level	157,761	29,371 4,454	243,012 74,239	72,671 53,269	46,576 8,107	37, 69 5 1 6 ,357	2,60 1,35
Third leval®	28,097	401	6,886	9,806	1,640	9,140	22
Teachers, all levels,7 in thousands	25,937	967	11,476	7,959	2,314	3,037	18
First (primary) level		735 20∠	7,420	3,508	1,525	1,317	9
Third level 9		29	3,490 5 68	3,713 739	629 160	1,104 615	7. 1:
Public expenditures on education, in millions of U.S dolk rs 10	\$159,900	\$2,406	\$13,933	\$64,098	\$5,649	\$71,830	\$1.98
As a percent of gross national product	5.2	4.2	3.1	5.1	3.4	6.7	4.
1990–81 Population, all ages,10 in thousands	4,449,533	479,456	2.583.691	750,040	361,373	251.923	22,85
Enrollment, all levels,7 in thousands		74,299	476,480	139.051			
First (primary) level	+	59	330,795	63.676	67,295 64,799	59,594 29.641	4,770
Second level®	244,989	13,685	133,776	61,401	17,605	16,885	2,723 1,63
Third level ⁸	47,434	1,376	13,910	13,772	4,691	13,069	410
Teachers, all levels,7 in thousands	37,268	2,149	16,776	9,031	3,739	3,304	269
First (primary) level		1,523	10,741	3,440	2,234	1,343	120
Second level*	14,412 3,450	545 61	7,007 1,028	4,436 1,156	1,108 396	1,204 757	112 31
Public expenditures on education, in millions of U.S.	2212.055						
As a percent of gross national product		\$18.977 5.3	\$102,951 4.5	\$250,294 5.4	\$31,397 3.9	\$205,431 6.9	\$10,205 5.6
Population, all ages, ¹¹ in thousands	4,902,000	572,000	2,654,000	774,000	410,000	267,000	25,000
Enrollment, all levels,? in thousands	921,904	93,083	525,691	138,784	100,256	59,194	4,695
्रिय (primary) level	1 2221.2.1	69,230	348,684	64,141	71,419	29,392	2.539
Second level 12		21,7 94 2,059	158,696 20,111	59,7 58 14, 88 5	22,054 6,784	16,157	1,843
Feachers, all levels,7 in thousands		2,925	21,727	9,507	4,598	13,644 3,296	/ <u>)13</u> 289
First (pnmary) level		1,922	11,939	3,656	2.620	1,353	116
Second level 12	16,614	884	6,366	4,611	1,432	1,184	136
Third level*	4,121	120	1,422	1,240	546	758	35
Public expenditures on education, in millions of U.S. dollars ¹³	. \$786,414	\$10.740	6154.00	2004 404			
As a percent of gross national product	5.5	\$16,748 5.9	\$154,627 4.6	\$261,401 5.4	\$24,701 3.5	\$295,717 6.5	\$11,220 5.6

¹Enrollment and *sach. data exclude the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and South Africa, Expenditure data exclude Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Mongolia, Mozambique, South Africa, and Vietnam.



² Excludes South Africa.

³Excludes the U.S.S.R., but includes both the Asian and the European portions of Turkey.

Includes the U.S.S.R.

^{*}Northern America includes Bermuda, Canada, Greenland, St. Pierre and Miquelon, and file united States of America. Hawaii is included in North America, not Oceania. Ce. zal and South America includes the rest of America.

⁶ Includes American Samos, Australia, Guam, and New Zesland

⁷ Excludes pre-vimary, special, and adult education

⁹ General, teach ir training, and other second-level education of a vocationы and technical nature

^{*}Universities and other institutions of higher education

¹⁰ Excludes data for Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic People's Republic o' Korua, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Mongolia, Mozambique, South Africa, and Vietnam

¹¹ Data are estimated for 1986.

¹² Includes general, tei ... er training, and vocational education.

¹³ Excludes Albania, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Mongolia, Mozambique, South Africa, and Vietnam.

NOTE.—Data have been revised ' viously publiture's figures. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE United Nations Educationa, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook, various years. (This table was prepared February 1989)

Table 339.—Pupils per teacher in public and private elementary and secondary schools: Selected countries, 1960 to 1986

Country		All sch	rools	i		Elementar	y schools	ł		Secondary	schools	
Country	1960	1970	1980	1986	1960	1970	1980	1986	1960	1970	1980	1986
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
vestralia	26.6	24.7	15.8	¹ 13.1	33 2	28 0	18.5	114.3	18.1	20.8	128	1 2.
2anada	25.6	20.9	² 17.8	3 18 4	26 3	23.4	2 18.5	3 19.0	23.8	16.9	2 17 2	3 17
:hile]		² 29 6		_	-	2 33.7		135		2 19 7	
rance	314	20.0	20.7	4 19.5	34.1	26.0	22.1	4242	26 0	15.8	19 6	4 16.
iermany, Faderal	1	1										
Republic of	26 /	194	16.3	6 13 7	29 5	25.5	18.4	6 17 0	23.0	12.3	14.4	⁶ 13.
lungary	23.6	18.5	_	a 14.3	24 3	177	15.4	14.5	20 5	20 7	-	⁶ 12.
aly	17.2	156	12.3	4 11.2	22.4	21.6	16.3	4 14.1	11.7	11.5	10 2	4 10.
apan	29.7	21.8	20.8	20.1	34.8	26.2	249	23.3	247	184	17.2	17
lexico	35.9	34.8	30.2	25.7	44.0	45.9	39.1	32.8	13 1	145	17.7	17.
letherlands	29.1	23.1	19.1	1 14.8	34.0	29.7	23.2	1 16.7	20 5	15 0	15.0	1 15.
ligeria	31.7	323	_	3 39.2	30.2	32 3	_	3 40.0	19.1	21.2	_	³ 36.
lorway	16.5	135	¦	-	23.2	19.6	18.2	6.9	10.2	9.6		-
weden		13.6		³ 13 6		200	² 16.4	3 16.0		10 1	_	3 11.
hailand	34.2	30.5	31.1	19.4	36.2	34.7	24.7	20.1	198	15.5	23.0	6 17.
Inited Kingdom	21 1	19.6	16.9	5 16.2	24.1	23.3	189	⁶ 17.6	18.0	15.9	15.3	⁵ 15
Inited States	26.4	22.4	18.8	5 16 9	29.4	24.6	20.3	5 19.ö	21,4	19.6	16.9	⁵ 15.
J.S.S.R	16.0		_	<u> </u>	16.0	10.9	9.4	7 9.0	16.3		_	_
ugoslavia	27.8	24.3	20.2	193	32.8	27 1	24.1	23.2	13 2	22 4	18.5	17.

NOTE -Coverage and grade groupings may vary somewhat from country to country and year to year

SOURCE United Nations Educational Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook, vanous years, and U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data surveys and surveys of private schools (This table was prepared June 1989.)

Table 340.—Public expenditures for education as a percentage of government expenditures for all purposes: Selected cc_intries, 1960 to 1986

Country `	1960	1970	1975	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Australia	_	13 3	148	15.0	148	14.5	140	13 6	13 2	128	
Canada	114.3	24.1	178	18.3	173	170	_	_	15.2	12.7	15.5
Chile	126	22 0	120	_	119		- 1	_	_	153	_
France	-	-	_	2 17 8	-	_	- 1	185	_	- 1	_
Germany, Federal Republic of	-	9 2	10.7	10 0	10.1	-	-	95	92	92	
Hungary	84	69	42	4 2	52	55	58	66	6.4	64	6.4
Italy		119	94	11 1	- 1	_	_ [96	298	291	2 8.6
Japan	-1	20 4	22 4	20 1	196	194	19 1	187	18 1	17 9	_
Mexico	-1	85	119		³ 16 7	³ 17 2	3172	_	_	3 16 2	_
Netherlands	-	-	23 7	24.1	23 1	19.6	18 8	181	16 8	-	_
Nigeria	_	_	4165	16 2	_	24 7	39.6	393	3116	387	³ 12.0
Norway		15 5	147	-	138	13 5	135	129	128	13.6	13.6
Sweden		-	134	13 7	14 1	13.9	13.0	12.5	12.2	126	126
Theiland	-	173	210	188	20 6	200	20.1	21 1	_ i	_	
United Kingdom		14 1	143	13 6	139	122	11.9	11.5	11 3	- 1	_
United States	15 1	20 3	18 1	20.5	199	19 1	18 1	177	177	17.5	17 5
U.S.S.R	11.7	12.8	129	11 6	11 2	10 9	10.3	10.2	102		
Yugoslavia		23 3	24.4	1	32 5	_	_	_		_	

¹ Data for 1961.

-Data not available

SOURCES United National Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization. Paris, Statistical Yearbook, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Governmental Finances, various years. (This table was prepared May 1989.)



¹ Data for 1965.
2 Data for 1979
2 Data for 1983
4 Data for 1984.
6 Estimated 1965 data.
9 Data are for secondary general education only
7 Estimated data.

Data are to talking and talki

⁻Data not available.

²Percentage based on central government expenditures only

³ Expenditures by the Ministry of Education only

⁴ Data for 1976

Table 341.—Selected statistics for countries¹ with populations over 10 million, by continent: 1979 to 1986

	Popu	lation, in n	nitions	Per-			First level 2	·			8	Second leve	13				Third level	•		
Country				per	Enroli	nent, in th	ousands	Enrollme	ent ratio s	Enroll	ment, in th	ousands	Enrolime	nt ratio ⁵	Enrolin	ment, in th	ousands	Errolime	ent ratio 5	Parce
···,	1970	1980	1986	kulome- ter in 1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1986	acy. 1981
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	18	17	18	19	20	21
World total *	3,655	4,427	4,902	36	431,934	551,072	585,404	7 84	⁷ 100	157,781	244,989	278,502	7 35	7 47	28,097	47,434	57,996	79	7 13	†
Africa																				
Algeria	138	18 7	22 4	• 9	1,887	3,123	3.635	76	95	242	1,032	1.999	11	54	20	79	155	19	74	• 55
ameroon	•68	85	10 5	22	923	1,379	10 1,634	91	10 107	78	234	10 328	8	10 23	3	11 13	10 18	0.5	1022	12 58
ote D'Ivoire	•56	82	102	• 32	503	1,025	10 1,179	63	10 78	70	222	14 267	9	10 20	4	20	10 20	09	1025	-
g) pt	33 1	12 1	49 6	50	3,795	4,663	10 6,214	72	13 87	1,448	2.929	10 3,627	35	13 66	233	716	10 900	88	13 21 2	14 6
hiopia	*30 6	* 38 5	44 9	37	655	2,131	10 2,449	16	13 36	135	15 426	18 656	4	13 12	5	14	10 27	02	1307	17 3
hana	*86	115	140	• 59	1.420	19 1,338	191,411	64	13 63	99	668	¹º 750	14	13 35	5	²⁰ 16	_	08	13 1 5	216
enya	113	167	21 2	56	1,428	3,927	10 4,702	58	13 94	136	428	10 458	9	13 20	8	13	10 22	08	13 1 3	1
adagascar	*87	*87	103	• 18	938	1,724	10 1,625	58	¹⁰ 121	113	-	17 530	9	13 36	6	23	10 38	08	13 4 6	1
proceo	15 3	20 1	22 5	• 50	1,175	2,172	2.228	52	79	299	797	1,281	13	34	16	112	¹º 160	15	1088	22 78
ozambique gena	8 2 • 57 2	121	142	18	497	23 1,387	1,260	47	82	43	• 109	²⁴ 155	5	7	2	1	10 1	03	¹⁰ 0 1	25 72
		*806	985	• 10/	3,516	13,760	17 14,383	37	17 92	357	2,346	17 3,561	4	17 29	16	150	17 208	0.5	1029	i
uth Africa Idan ²⁶	225	● 28 6 ● 18 7	*33 2	• 27 • 9	-		10 4 700						-		-	-	-	_	_	1
anda	,	* 18 / * 13 1	•222		826	1,464	19 1,738	38	10 50	133	384	10 557	7	¹º 20	14	29	10 37	12	1020	27 68
inted Republic of Tanzania	98	186	16 0 22 5	• 68 24	720 856	1,292	• 1,617	38	• 58	28 48	28 95	• 145	4	*8	4	6	10 10	05	1008	
re	216	26 4	*30 9	- 1	3.088	3,366	3.159	34	69	45	80	104	3	3	2	26 4	30 5	02	03	31 53
-	210	20 4	*30 9	• 13	3,088	4 196	17 4,855	88	17 98	248	1,207	17 2.152	9	17 57	12	28	10 4C	07	¹⁰ 1 6	
Asia																				
hanistan	138	160	18 6	29	541	1,116	611	28	18	116	137	18 89	7	8	8	32 23	22	07	14	³² 81
ngladesh	88 1	88 7	100 6	699	5,284	8,240	9,116	54	60	-	2,659	10 3,125		18	118	240	462	23	49	70
ma	270	338	39 4	56	3.178	4,148	17 4,696	83	17 102	791	1,066	17 1 234	21	17 24	48	20 165		22	20 5 1	27 29
ina	830 7	9961	1,072 2	• 112	105.280	148,270	131,825	89	129	26,483	56.778	53,217	24	42	33 48	³³ 1,161	33 1.977	01	17	• 34
la .	539 1	6750	766 1	233	57,045	73,873	10 83,933	70	10 92	20,114	30,531	34 39,973	26	10 35	2.904	35 5.346	.,,,,,	62	1789	59
lonesia	1179	146 4	167 0	88	14,870	25,537	29,883	80	118	2,460	5,722	9,680	16	41	248	²⁰ 566	10 980	26	1065	25 32
n, Islamic Republic of 26	28 7	39 3	49.8	30	3,416	4.799	7.233	72	117	1.057	20 2,635	3,577	27	47	75	* 136	219	J 1	51	22 63
7	94	132	a 16 5	• 38	1,099	2,618	2,921	69	17 99	314	1,033	1,179	24	52	42	107	17 127	5 2	17 10 0	10 10
pan	103 4	1168	121 5	322	9.558	11,826	10,665	99	102	8,667	9,558	11,250	86	96	1,819	2,412	2,409	170	28 8	
rea, North (DPR)	• 13 9	• 18 0	2 0 9	• 173	-	14 2.562	- 1	-	-	_	_	_	-1		_			_		
rea, South (Republic of)	322	38 1	418	422	5,749	5.858	4,798	103	94	1,907	4,288	4.864	42	95	201	648	1,515	79	32 9	21 12
laysia	10 4	137	16 1	49	1,684	2,009	• 2.233	87	101	609	1,084	1.350	34	54	-1	58	10 93	16	1080	25 30
pal ²⁶	*115	140	17 1	122	390	1,068	10 1,819	26	10 79	15 116	512	¹⁰ 501	10	10 25	33 24	38	10 55	- 1	10 4 6	79
kistan	60 8	826	99 2	125	3,993	5,474	₹7,368	40	44	1,463	2.166	9 3,068	13	18	115	³² 157	36 99	23	5 1	73
Ippines	36 9	48 3	56 0	187	8,969	18,034	9,204	108	106	1,719	2,929	3,421	46	88	852	1.276	10 1,973	198	10 38 0	25 18
udi Arabia	58	94	120	•6	423	927	1,460	45	71	89	349	654	12	44	8	82	131	17	13 4	9 48
Lanka	125	14 8	16 1	246	1,871	2,081	2.304	99	103	941	18 1,258	18 1.526	47	66	12	43	10 59	12	39	13
nan Arab Republic siland	63	87	10 6	57	925	1.556	2,159	78	111	328	604	37 912	28	60	43	135	10 175	92	10 17 4	21 60
rkev	36 4 35 3	46 7	52 7	102	5.635	7,393	7,160	83	99	695	1,920	2,185	17	29	55	361	10 1,027	17	10 19 6	25 12
knam	427	44 4 • 54 2	50 3 60 9	64	5,012		6.704	1;0	117	1,309	20 2,218	3.088	27	44	170	246	505	60	102	28 34
	42/	* 54 2	- 60 B	• 185	-		10 A 126	-	10 100	-	15 3,847	10 4.023	- 1	10 43	38 80	115	-		25 2 2	32 18
Europe			ì	i	[Ì							l	i			1		
echoslovakia	143	153	15.5	121	1,966	1.904	789	98	97	321	389	343	31	37	131	197	170	10 4	157	
ince	50 8	53 9	55 4	101	4,940	4.810	4,118	117	112	4,281	5.014	5,491	74	95	801	1.077	35 1,290	19 5	302	
rmany, East (Dem Republic)	17.1	18 7	168	154	34 2.534	832	909	93	103	486	1.896	1,481	92	78	303	40 401	40 437	32 8	31 1	
rmany, West (Fed Republic)	60 7	81 6	81 1	248	6.345	5.044	412,272	_	10 97	2,705	4 301	415,210	-	10 72	504	1.223	10 1.550	13 4	10 29 8	
90 C6	88	96	100	78	907	901	10 890	107	10 106	520	,40	10 803	63	10 88	86	121	10 188	13 5	10 23 5	9
ingary	103	10 7	108	114	1,118	1,162	1,299	97	98 i	465	357	422	63	70	81	4º 101	40 yg	10 1	154	25 1
ly	53 8	56 4	57 2	190	4,857	4.423	3,531	110	97	3,824	5.308	5,373	61	76	687	1,118	1,141	167	24 7	103
therlanda	130	14 1	148	356	1,462	1.333	10 1,469	102	10 1 14	1,008	1,391	10 1,439	75	10 104	231	360	10 405	19 -	10 32 0	
end	325	35 8	37 5	120	5.257	4,187	4.920	101	101	1,734	1.874	1.634	82	80	398	40 589	40 450	140	169	31 1
tugal	89	98	103	112	992	1,240	10 1,17	98	10 117	448	398	10 552	57	10 54	50	92	10 113	80	10 12 6	20
mania	20 3	22 2	• 23 2	• 98	2.879	3,237	3,01	112	97	660	871	411.477	44	79	152	42 193	42 160	101	10 11 2	20
ain	33 8	375	38 7	77	3,930	3,610	3,375	123	101	1.950	3.977	10 4,510	56	10 101	225	698	10 935	89	318	7
ited Kingdom	55 6	56 4	56 a	233	5,806	4,911	43 4,296	104	10 106	4,149	5,342	43 4.887	73	10 85	601	4827	10 1.007	14.1	10 22 4	΄.
goslavia	204	22 3	23 3	91	1,579	1,432	1,442	106	95	1.982	2,426	2.353	63	82	261	412	351	15 9	19 2	10



Table 341.—Selected statistics for countries1 with populations over 10 million, by continent: 1970 to 1986—Continued

	Popul	lation, in IT	willions	Per-			First level 2	:			s	econd level	3				Third level	•		
Quantum .				sons per	Enrollr	nent, in th	ousands	Enrollme	nt ratio s	Enrolli	ment, in the	ousands	Enrollme	nt ratio ⁵	Enrollr	nent, in the	ousi ds	Enrollme	nt ratio s	Percer llister-
Country	1970	1980	1988	kdome- ter in 1986	1970	1960	1966	1970	1966	1970	1980	1986	1970	1986	1970	1980	1986	1970	1986	acy, 1961
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	ε	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
North America												! 								
Canada	21 3	240	25 8	3	3,736	2,185	2.270	101	105	15 1,637	2.323	2,238	44 65	103	642	888	1.245	34 6	54 6	
Cube 26 .	88	97	103	92	1,530	1,469	1,001	121	105	235	1,146	1,154	22	86	26	152	257	37	22 5	2
Mexico	51 2	69 4	796	40	9,248	14,666	14,995	104	114	1,584	- ,742	6,703	22	55	248	930	1,222	59	15 7	10 9
United States 45	205 1	227 7	2416	26	36,829	31,666	49 27,117	99	43 102	14,643	14,556	13,913	94	49 100	8,581	12,097	43 12,398	49 4	49 59 3	32 0
South America			1			i											1	l		
Argentina	24 0	28 2	310	11	3,386	3,917	4,478	105	109	977	20 1,386	1,930	44	74	275	491	903	140	38 7	25 6
Brazil	92 5	1213	138 5	16	17,066	22,598	26,226	22 82	105	4,086	2,819	10 3,016	22 17	10 36	430	1,409	171,479	51	17 11 3	10 22
Chile .	95	11 1	123	16	2,040	2,185	2,048	107	110	302	538	680	39	70	78	145	10 197	94	10 15 9	16 5 (
Colombia	20 5	259	29 2	26	3.26 3	4,168	4,003	108	114	750	1,733	2,136	25	56	86	272	418	48	13 1	141
Peru .	13 2	173	20 2	16	2,341	3,181	10 3,712	107	10 122	546	1,203	16 1,427	31	¹⁰ 65	126	306	473	114	246	18
Venezuela	10 6	150	178	20	1,770	2,530	2,880	94	110	425	850	1,058	33	46	101	307	10 443	109	10 26 4	15
Oceania			}				1													
Australia.	125	147	160	2	1,812	1,688	1,509	115	106	1,137	1,096	1,283	82	96	180	324	390	166	28 9	-
U.S.S.R.			İ							·										ĺ
	242.0	265 F	200 4	4.0	25,798	21,714	23,930	104	106	20.764	20,275	20,689	85	99	4,581	40 5,235	40 5,088	25 4	21 6	320
U.SSR 47	242 8	205°	280 1 10 0	13 48	25,796	750	23,930 837	104	106	20,764 818	760	720	85 85	99	140	40 177	4º 180	204	216	320
Ukraman SS.R	473	500	51 1	85	6.668	3,595	3.897	104	_	1.628	3,406	3,427	85	_	807	40 880	40 851	•	_	320
	4/3	300	311	65	0,000	5,595	3.09/	104		1,020	3,400	3,42/	65	_	607	660	"031	1	_	0

¹ Selection based on total population for midyear 1988

SOURCE: United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), Statistical Yearbook, various years, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Senes P-20, and U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data and "Fall Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education" surveys, and Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), "Fall Enrollment" survey (This tabla was prepared June 1989)



² First-level enrollment generally consists of elementary grades

Second-level enrollment includes general education, teacher training (at the second level), and tech an and vocational education. This level generally corresponds to secondary education in the United States.

⁴ Third-level enrollment includes college and university enrollment, and technical and vocational education beyond the high school level. There is considerable variation in reporting from country to country.

^{*} Data are the self-enrollment of all ages in the school level divided by the population of the specific age groups which correspond to the school level Adjustments have been made for the varying significant and second-level programs. All third-level ratios are based on the 20- to 24-year-und population. Because some countries have many students from outside the somal age range, first-level ratios may exceed 100.

^{*} Enrollment totals and enrollment ratios exclude North Korea, Enrollment ratios exclude China

⁷ Data are for gross enrollment.

^{*} Provisional or estimated data

⁸ Data for 1982.

¹⁸ Data for 1954

¹¹ Data exclude 'ENAM'

¹² Du lure population for 1976

¹³ Data for 1985

¹⁴ Data for 1976

¹⁶ Includes students in general programs only

¹⁴ Data for 1985 students in genr tal programs only

¹⁷ Data for 1983

¹⁸ Includes public schools only

¹⁹ Data for 1985 public schools only

²⁰ Data for 1981

²¹ Data for 1970.

²² Data for 1971

²³ includes programs below the first level

²⁴ Structural changes at the second level in 1984 restricts comparisons with earlier years

²⁰ Data for 1980

²⁹ Classification of first and second levels have been revised. Data by level may not be comparable over time

²⁷ Data for 1973

²⁸ Includes government maintained and aided schools only

²⁹ Includes 1981 data for universities only

³⁰ Data refer to full-time students and exclude post-graduate

³¹ Data for 1978

³² Data for 1979

³³ includes full-time students only

³⁴ Data for 1984 students in general programs only

³⁵ Data for 1979, including intermediate and pre-university courses

²⁶ Includes universities only

³⁷ Including UNRWA schools with 16,359 pupils in general education

²⁰ Data for 1975

³⁶ The total number of students (all institutions) is overestimated due to inclusion of enrollment of non-university insti-

⁴⁰ Includes evening and correspondence courses

⁴¹ Data for 1985. Due to a new method of aggregation, data are not comparable with earlier years

⁴² Data for 1985, including evening and correspondence courses

⁴³ Provisio ial or estimated 1985 data.

⁴⁴ Data include students at the Open University

⁴⁵ Data are for 14- to 19-year-olds in 1970 and 13- to 17-year-olds in 1982

⁴⁸ Enrollment data and ratios based on data reported by the National Center for Education Statistics and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

⁴⁷ Byelorussian and Ukrainian included in USSR

⁻Data not available

Table 342.—Public expenditures for education as a percentage of gross national product: Setected countries, 1960 to 1986

Country	1960	1970	1975	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1934	1985	1986
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Australia	2.9	42	160	59	156	59	159	58	57	5 6	
Canada	24.€	89	176	7.7	174	78	83	77	72		
Chile	327	51	41	3.8	4.6	54	157		(7.0	7 4
France	424	4.9	5 2		51	56	58	5.0	148	4.5	
Germany, Federal Republic of		1 3.5	5.1	46	1		1	60	16.1		-
asimally, robbital riopable or	- 1	3.5	3.1	40	47	47	46	1 4.8	46	4.6	-
Hungary ⁶	4.4	44	4.1	4.1	4.7	51	50	58	5.4	5.4	5.7
Italy	€ 3.6	40	1 3.9	144		_		148	3 4 0		
Japan	4 1	39	5.5	58	¹ 5.8	59	150		-	340	³ 4.0
Mexico	2.313	24	38	40	330	344	1 5.6	56	52	51	
Netherlands	749	73		- 1			3 4.3	3 2.8	³ 2.6	3 2.6	³ 2.1
1400 101 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	- 49	/3	8.2	81	79	1 7.8	176	74	69	-	
Nigeria	4622		●4.3	39	_	65	321	.319	3 1.4	3 1.2	340
Norway	4.2	6.0	7.1		72	69	70				³ 1.8
Sweden	446	7.7	71	9.1	91	9.2	- 1	70	6.7	65	6.9
Thailand	6.9 2.5	3.5	36	3.2	1		9.0	8.4	80	7.7	7.6
	2 4.3	53	1		3.3	37	39	3.9	-	39	
United Kingdom	- 4.3	53	6.7	5 4	15.6	5.5	54	5.3	5.2	- !	
United States	40	59	6.6	57	5.8	5.4	5.0	Fai			
U.S.S.R.*	5.9	68	7.6	73	173		5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.6
Yugoslavia	10 2 5	4.9	5.4	- 1		69	67	168	68	7.0	7.0
	2 5	4.9	5.4	54	147	45	4.4	1 3.7	35	34	3.8

¹ Data revised from previously published figure

SOURCE United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, Paria, Statistical Yearbook, and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Govemmental Finances, various years (This table was prepared May 1980)

Table 343.—International Assessment of Educational Progress in mathematics for age 13, by content area: 1988

	Mathema	itics proficier	ncy score	F	ercont corre	ct on mather	natics test, b	y content are	
Country or province	Mean ¹	Percent with score of 400 or more 2	Percent with score of 500 or more 3	Numbers and oper- ations	Relations and functions	Geometry	Measure ment	Data organiza- tion	Logic and problem solving
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
British Columbia	539.8	94 9	69 5	76.6	70.5	59 4	63 4	64.7	77.3
Ireland	504 3	86.3	54 7	679	69 0	56 ′	55 3	48 1	72.3
Korea	5678	95 3	78 1	79 2	80 0	72 5	712	74.7	73.5
New Brunswick (English)	. 529 0	95 5	65 4	732	71 1	580	64 9	603	738
New Brunswick (French)	. 514.2	94 6	583	729	69 2	526	593	52 4	66.5
Ontario (English)	516 1	91 8	58 3	70 1	67.7	56 1	58 4	52 4 59 7	
Ontario (French)	481 5	84 8	40 5	62 7	68 2	47.4	52 1	502	73 5 59 7
Quebec (English)	535 8	96 7	673	759	72 3	59 4	62 8	623	
Quebec (French)	5430	97 2	72 7	779	75 6	609	65.1	62 1	74.1
Spain	5117	90.7	57 0	686	706	62 7	59 4	56 5	73.9
United Kingdom	509.9	86 7	55 5	61 5	738	63 0	580		72.3
United States	473 9	77 7	403	614	59 9	49 1	43 9	62 3 54 7	78 1 63.0

¹ The scale for the scores ranges from 0 to 1,000, with a mean of 500 and a standard deviation of 100

bers and zero, elementary concepts of ratio and proportion, use of negative and decimal numbers, simple conversions involving fractions, decimals, and percents, and computation of averages. Students can use skills to solve problems requiring two or more ateps

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, International Assessment of Educational Progress, A World of Differences, by Educational Progress, A World of Differences, B Worl tional Testing Service



Data for 1961.
Expenditures by the Ministry of Education only
As percentage of gross formestic product at marriet prices

Data are as a percentage of net material product Data for 1959

⁷ includes private expenditures relating to private education

^a Central or federal government only, not including for ign aid

¹⁰ As a percentage of gross material product.

⁻Data not available

² Students at this level have the ability to select appropriate basic operations (addition. subtraction, multiplication, and division) to solva simple one-step problems. They can locate numbers on a number line and understand this most basic concepts of logic, percent, estimation, and geometry

³ Students at this level demonstrate an understanding of the concept of ord in and place value, the meaning of remainder in division, the properties of odd and even num-

Table 344.—Average percent of Items answered correctly on an international mathematics test of 8th grade students: Selected countries, 1981-82

Country or province	Mean percent correct, all items 1	Arithmetic	Algebra	Geometry	Measurement	Statistics
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Average	47.4	50,5	43.1	41,4	50.8	54.7
Belgium		İ				
Flemish	53 2	58 0	52.9	42 5	58 2	58.2
French	F 4	570	49.1	42 8	56 8	52,0
Canada						
British Columbia	51.6	58.0	479	42.3	51.9	61.3
Ontario	49.0	54.5	42 0	43 2	50.8	57.0
England and Wales		48.2	40 1	44 8	48.6	60.2
Finland	46.8	45.5	43.6	43 2	51.3	57.€
France	52.5	57.7	55 0	38 0	59.5	57.4
Hong Kong 2	494	55.1	43.2	42.5	52.6	55.9
Hungary	56.0	56.8	50.4	53.4	62.1	60.4
Israel	450	49.9	44.0	35.9	46.4	51.9
Japan 2	621	60.3	603	57.6	68 6	70.9
Luxembourg		45.4	31 2	25.3	50.1	37.3
Netherl nds		59.3	51.3	52 0	61,9	65.9
New Zealand		45.6	39.4	44 8	45.1	57.3
Nigeria	33 6	408	32.4	26 2	30.7	37.0
Scotland	48 4	50.2	42.9	45.5	48.4	د٦.٥
Swaziland		323	25 1	31.1	35.2	36.0
Sweden		40.6	323	39.4	48.7	56.3
Theiland		43 1	37 7	39.3	48.3	45.3
United States		51.4	42.1	37.8	40.8	57.7

¹ Weightud average determined by the number of items in each test component, ² Students in Japan and Hong Kong were attending the seventh grade

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, contractor report, Propietors of the Intended and Implemented Curriculums, by Ian

Livingston. This table was based on the "Second International Mathematics Study" conducted by the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement. (This table was prepared October 1986)

Table 345.—International mathematics test scores and percent of age group taking tests in the 12th grade: 1 Selected countries, 1981-82

	_	Percent of	Percent of	Achievem	ent scores for to	op 5 percent of s	tudents	
Country or province	Average age of students	age group taking test	analysis items students had been taught	Average score 2	Algebra	Geometry	Analysis (calculus)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Average	17	18	78	57.1	57.8	57.2	56.	
Belgium				i				
Flemish	17	10	88	56 3	575	55.9	55.	
French	17	10		54 2	55.3	53 6	53.	
Canada			ĺ					
British Columbia	17	30	32	57 3	609	59 2	51.	
Ontario	18	19	83	59 4	596	59 3	59.	
England and Wales	17	6	85	55 5	549	55 5	56.	
Finland	18	15	87	60.5	60 7	59.8	61.	
lungary	17	50	67	59 9	6∩ 9	61.1	57.	
srael	17	6	78	50 0	51 5	47.7	50.	
Japan	17	12	92	65 0	63 7	64 9	66	
New Zealand	17	11	93	57.2	56 8	570	57.	
Scotland	16	18	_	55 7	56 2	58.0	52.	
Sweden	18	12	86	58 9	58.5	59.0	59.	
Phollond		_	63	_	_	_	_	
United States	17	13	54	52 2	78	53 0	50.	

¹ For all countries, this table includes students attending precollege mathematics classes at the highest level of secondary school in some countries, the students had been in school longer than 12 years.

-Data not available

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, unpublished contractor report based on the "Second International Mathematics Study" conducted by the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement (This table was prepared October 1986.)



² Average of scores on algebra, geometry, and analysis tests with 96 items This score is based on a standardized distribution of data from all 15 participating countries, then adjusted to a mean of 50 and a standard deviation of 10

Table \$45.—International Assessment of Educational Progress in science for age 13, by content area: 1988

	Science	ce profic ency	score	Percent correct on science test, by content area					
Country or province	Mean 1	Percent with score of 400 or more 2	Percent with score of 500 or more ³	Life sciences	Physics	Chemistry	Earth and space sciences	Nature of science	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
British Columbia	551 3	95.2	71.9	72.6	63.7	64.4	73.0		
reand	469 3	75.6	37.2	60.0	53.0	46 7	61.0	69.8	
Korea	549 9	93.1	72.7	72.7	67.6	65.9	71.3	54.5	
New Brunswick (English)	510.5	904	55.4	66 0	59.3	53.8		65.8	
New Brunswick (French)	466.1	779	35.3	58.5	56.0	48.8	66.2	63.0	
Onterio (English)	514 7	90.8	55 9	67.4	59.8	52.8	55.2	57.3	
Untario (French)	466 3	78.8	34 8	60.1	55.1	46.9	66.0	63.9	
Quebec (English)	5153	91.8	574	66.9	58.3	51.4	57.4	56.6	
Livebec (French)	513.4	915	56.3	70 8	59.6		66.3	64.4	
spein	503.9	88 0	53.5	69.0	60 2	54.0	60 7	64.0	
Inited Kingdom	519.5	890	59.0	66.4	62.2	51.6	65.6	59.5	
United States	478.5	78.3	41.8	64.0	52.9	52.4 47.7	66.8 61.4	64.2 56.0	

^{*}The scale for the scores ranges from 0 to 1,000, with a mean of 500 and a standard

the best conclusions drawn from data on a graph and the best explanation for observed phenomena. Students understand some concepts in a variety of science content areas, including the life sciences, physical sciences, and earth and space sciences.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, International Assessment of Educational Progress, A World of Diherences, by Educational Testing Service (This table was prepared January 1989.)

Table 347.—Science test scores for 10- and 14-year-olds, percent of age groups in school, and mean ages of students tested in selected countries: 1983 to 1986 1

ļ			10-year-olds	3				14-year-olds	3	
Country	Grade tested	Average test scores	Percent of age group in school	Mean age, in years and months	Standard deviation of age, in months	Grade tested	Average test scores	Percent of age group in school	Mean age, in years and months	Standard deviation of age, in months
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Nustralia	4, 5, 6	129	99	10,6	33	8, 9, 10	17.8	98	14.5	-
Canada (English)	5	137	99	11.1	7.1	9	186	99	15.0	3.3
Ingland	5	117	99	103	36	9	16.7	95		6.1
inland	4	153	99	10 10	4.1	8	18.7	99	14.2	36
long Kong	4	112	99	105	98	8	16.4		14 10	4.1
lungary	4	144	99	10 3	5.2	8	21 7	95	147	10 9
taly	5	134	99	10 9	5.2	8, 9		98	14.3	4 7
lapan	5	154	99	107	3 3		16 7	99	14.7	5 4
(ores (South)	5	154	99	11 2	74	9	202	99	14.7	3.5
lethe land's		- 1	_		, ,	9	18 1	39	150	7.2
lorway	4	12 7	99	10-11	40	9	198	99	15· 6	12 5
hilippines	5	95	97	11 1	40	9	179	99	15.10	4 0
Poland	4	119	99		11 3	9	115	60	16.1	18.9
ingapore		112		10 11	54	8	18 1	91	150	5.8
iweden	3		99	10 10	57	9	165	91	15 [.] 3	9.0
halland	4]	14 7	99	10 10	41	8	184	99	149	38
Inited States	-1		!	-	- 1	9	165	32	154	8.9
TIMEU STREET	5	132	99	113	69	9	16.5	99	154	9.1

¹Tests were conducted between 1983 and 1986

-Data not available

SOURCE International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement, Science Achievement in Seventeen Countries, A Preliminary Report Copyright © 1988 by Pergamon Press (This table was prepared January 1989.)



deviation of 100.

*Students at this level exhibit a growing knowledge in life sciences and can apply *Students at this level exhibit a growing knowleders in life sciences and can apply some basic principles from the physical sciences, including force. They also display a beginning understanding of some of the basic methods of reasoning used in science, including classification and interpretation of statements.
3 Students at this level have a grasp of experimental procedures used in science, such as designing experiments, controlling variables, and using equipment. They can identify

Table 348.—Science test scores for 12th graders enrolled and not enrolled in science classes, by subject: Selected countries, 1983 to 19861

				Biology	students	Chemistry	students	Physics :	students	Non-
	C4-	Average	Percent	Dialogu	As a	Chamia	As a	"three on	As a	science stu- dents ²
Country	Grade tested	age, years: months	enrolled in school	Biology test, percent correct	percent of total enroll- ment	Chemis- try test, percent correct	percent of total enroli- ment	hysics st, percent correct	percent of total enroli- ment	As a percent of total enroll-ment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Australia	12	17.3	39	48.2	18	46.6	12	48.5	11	10
Canada	12, 13	183	71	45.9	28	36.9	25	39.6	19	—
England	13	18∙0	20	63.4	4	69.5	5	58.3	6	10
Finland	12	187	³ 45	51.9	45	33 3	14	37.9	14	ı –
Hong Kong (6) 4	12	18.4	20	508	7	64 4	14	59.3	14	· –
Hong Kong (7) 5		192	_	55.8	4	77.0	8	69 9	8	· –
Hungary		180	● 18	59.7	3	47.7	1 1	56 5	4	9
Italy		190	52	42.3	14	38.0	2	28.0	19	25
Japan	12	18:2	63	46.2	12	51.9	16	56.1	11	35
Norway	12	18:11	40	54.8	10	41.9	15	52.8	24	ı –
Poland	12	18.7	28	56.9	9	44 6	9	51.5	9	ı –
Singapore	13	18.1	17	66.8	3	66.1	5	54.9	7	8
Sweder		19:0	7 15	48.5	15	40.0	15	44.8	15	
United States	12	17.7	90	37.9	6	37.7	1 1	45.5	1	• 66

biology and chemistry and 26 items in physics. Other countries were tested with 30 items in each subject

NOTE -The primary sampling units in Hong Kong were classes rather than schools.

SOURCE International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement, Science Achievement in Seventeen Countries, A Preliminary Report Copyright © 1968 by Pergamon Press (This table was prepared January 1989.)

Table 349.—Mean number of areas¹ correctly identified in a test of geography knowledge, by country and age: 1988

2	Age									
Country	18 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 and over					
1	2	3	4	5	6					
Canada	93	92	105	83	8 7					
France	92	96	10 1	90	8.8					
Germany, West	11 2	11 2	110	11.8	10.9					
Italy	93	93	84	78	5 5					
Japan	95	108	105	97	7.9					
Mexico	8 2	69	76	64	5.7					
Sweden	119	12 3	12 5	11 5	10.3					
United Kingdom	90	84	9 2	8.9	7.8					
United States	69	88	96	88	8.4					

¹ Individuals were asked to identify 16 countries or bodies of water on a world map Canada, Central America, Egypt, France, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Pacric Ocean, Persian Gulf, South Africa, Sweden, United Kingdom, U.S.A., U.S.S.R., West Germany, and Vietnem

SOURCE The Gallup Organization Inc., Geography An International Gallup Survey, 1988 (This table was prepared March 1989)



¹ Tests were conducted between 1963 and 1966
2 Data for students not enrolled in science classes.
A total of 63 percent of age group was in full-time schooling, but the 18 percent in vocational programs were not sampled.

5 Form 6 represents grade 12

^{*}Form 7 represents grade 13.

*A total of 40 percent of age group was in full-time schooling, but the 22 percent in vocational programs were not sampled

*An additional 15 percent were enrolled in non-science academic programs and were

not sampled

**United States test accres are included in this table even though they are not directly comparable with scores from other countries U.S. students were tested for 25 items in

^{*} Includes students in first-year physics courses

⁻Data not available

Table 350.—Foreign students enrolled in institutions of higher education in the United States and outlying areas, by continent, region, and selected countries of origin: 1980–81 to 1987–88

Continent, region, and	1980)-81	198	2-83	1983	3-84	198	4-85	158	5-86	198	6-87	198	7-88
country	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Nur - ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Total	311,880	100.0	336,990	100.0	338,890	100.0	342,110	100.0	343,780	100.0	349,610	100.0	356, 190	100
Africa	38,180	12.2	42,690	12.7	41,690	12.3	39,520	11.6	34,190	9.9	31,580	9.0	28,450	8
Eastern Africa		2.0	6,770	2.0	7.050	2.1	7.080	2.1	6.730	2.0	6,600		1 ']
Central Africa		0.4	1,330	0.4	1,330	0.4	1,350	0.4	1.54C		.,	1.9	6,700	j 1
North Africa	7,310	2.3	7.070	2.1	6,840	2.0	6,490	1.9	5,980	0.4	1,770	0.5	1,880	0
Southern Africa	1,480	0.5	1,970	0.6		0.6	2.160	0.6	2,360	1.7	5,470	1.6	5,360	1
West Africa	22,000	7.1	25,550	76	_,	7.2	22,440	6.6		0.7	2,530	0.7	2,770	0
Nigeria	17,350	5.6	20,710	6.1	20,080	5.9	18,370	5.4	17,580 13,710	5.1 4.0	15,210 11,700	4.4	11,740	3
u 200	25,330	8.1	31,570	9.4	31,860	9.4	33.350	9.7			'	3.3	8,340	2
Eastern Europe	1.670	0.5	2.000	0.6	1.810	0.5	,		34,310	10 0	36,140	10.3	38,620	10
Western Europe	23,660	7.6	29,570	8.8	30.050		1,690	0.5	1,770	05	1,880	0.5	2,000	0
Germany, Federal			29,570	0.0		8.9	31,660	9.3	32,540	9.5	34,260	9.8	36,820	10
Republic of	3,310	1.1	-	_	3,790	1.1	4,190	1.2	4,730	1.4	5.090	1.5	5.730	1
Greece	3,750	1.2	<u> </u>	_	5,030	1.5	4,870	14	4,440	1.3	4,240	1.2	4,140	
United Kingdom	4,440	1.4	-	_	5,860	1.7	6,030	1.8	5,940	1.7	6,240	1.8	6,600	1
atin America	49,810	16.0	56,810	16.9	52,350	15.4	48,560	14.2	45,480	13.2	43,480	12.4	44,550	12
Caribbean	10,650	34	10,710	3.2	11.170	3.3	11,010	3.2	11,100	3.2	11,250		44 500	_
Central America	12,970	4.2	14,420	4.3	12,400	3.7	12,550	3.7	12.740			3.2	11,580	3
Mexico	6,730	2.2	_	_	5,600	1.7	5,750	1.7	5.460	3.7	13,070	3.7	14,550	4
South America	26.190	8.4	31.680	9.4	28.780	8.5	25,000	7.3		1.6	5,330	1.5	6,170	1
Venezuela	11,750	3.8	15,490	4.6	13,440	40	10,290	3.0	21,640 7,040	6.3 2.0	19,160 4,870	5.5 1.4	18,420 3,790	5
liddle East	84,710	27.2	67,280	20.0	60,660	17.9	56,580	16.5	·		.			1.
Iran	47.550	15.2	26,760	7.9	20,360	6.0	16,640		52,720	15.3	47,000	13.4	43,630	12
Jorden	6,140	2.0	6,820	2.0	6.890	2.0	6.750	4.9	14,210	4.1	12,230	3.5	10,420	2.
Lebanon	6,770	2.2	7,110	2.1	6,680	2.0		2.0	6,590	1.9	5,650	1.6	5,140	1.
Saudi Arabia	10,440	3.3	9,250	2.7	8,630	2.0	6,940 7,760	2.0	7,090 6,900	2.1 2.0	6,450 5,840	1.8	5,820	1.
orth America 1	14,790	4.7	14,570	4.3	15.670		· 1		• 1		1	1.7	5,490	1.
Canada	14.320					4.6	15,960	4.7	16,030	47	16,300	4.7	16,360	4
	,===	4.6	14,020	4.2	15,150	4.5	15,370	4.5	15,410	4.5	15,700	4.5	15,690	4.
ceania	4,180	1.3	4,040	1.2	4,090	1.2	4,190	1.2	4,030	1.2	4,230	1.2	3,620	1.
outh and East Asia	94,640	30.3	119,650	35.5	132,270	39.0	143,680	42.0	56,830	45.6	170,700	48.8	180,540	50.
East Asia	51,650	16.6	60,710	180	66,520	19.6	72,630	21.2	80,720	23.5	91.890	20.0	404 040	
China	2,770	0.9			8.140	2.4	10.100	3.0	13,980				101,210	28
Hong Kong	9,660	3.1	8,610	2.6	9,420	28	10.130	3.0	10,710	4.1 3.1	20,030	5.7	25,170	7.
Japan	13,500	4.3	13.610	4.0	13,010	38	13,160	3.8	13,360		11,010	3.1	10,650	3 (
Korea, Republic of .	6.150	2.0	11,360	3.4	13,860	4.1	16,430	4.8	18,660	39	15,070	4.3	18,050	5
Triwan	19,460	6.2	20.770	6.2	21,960	6.5	22,590	€6		5.4	19,940	57	20,520	5.8
	14,540	4.7	20,710	6.1	21,930	6.5			23,770	6.9	25,660	7.3	∂6,660	7.
India	9.250	30	12.890	3.8	13,730	4 1	23,340	68	25,800	7.5	28,700	8.2	32,410	9.
Pakistarı	2.8 %	10	. 2,000	30	4,280	1		4.3	16,070	4.7	18,350	5.2	21,010	5.9
	28,450	9.1	38,230	113	43.820	1.3	4,750	1.4	5,440	16	5,950	1.7	6,570	1.0
Indonesia	3.250	1.0	30,230	113		129	47,710		50,310	14.6	50,110	14.3	46,920	13
Malaysia	6.010	1.0	14.000	7.1	6,110	1.8	7,190	2.1	8,210	2.4	9,240	26	9,010	2.
Theiland	6.550		14,020	4.2	18,150	54	21,720		23,020	67	21,640	62	19,480	5.5
	-,	1.1	6,800	20	6,940	20	7,220	2.1	6,940	2.0	6,480	1.9	6,430	1.8
ntoless	240	01	380	0.1	300	01	270	01	190	0.1	180	01	220	0.1

¹ Excludes Mexico and Central America, which are included with Latin America —Data not available

NOTE —Data are for "nonimmigrants," i.e., students who have not migrated to this country. The distribution by continent and region includes estimates for students whose country of origin is unknown. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE Institute of International Education, *Open Doors*, various years, and unpublished data (Latest edition © 1980 by the institute of International Education All rights reserved.) (This table was prepared May 1989.)



CHAPTER 7

Learning Resources and Technology

This chapter contains statistics on libraries and on the use of information technologies. These data provide an indication of the extent of America's access to information technologies outside of formal classroom activities. The data also provide a capsule description of the magnitude and availability of library resources. Access to information has been widely cited as the key to success in a growing number of endeavors. Thus, how information is made available and to whom become matters of concern.

The tables in this chapter are based on periodic surveys conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics. One table on the availability of selected types of technology has been extracted from a Corporation for Public Broadcasting survey sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics.

The first section of this chapter has tables dealing with public libraries, public school libraries, and college and university libraries. These tables contain data on collections, population served, staff, and expanditures. Two tables provide institutional-level information for the largest public libraries and the largest college libraries in the country.

The second half of this chapter provides information on the availability and use of technology. For example, the proportion of schools with microcomputers was tabulated for a period of years to permit trend comparisons. Experiences with computer software and programming are presented for recent high school graduates. Comparisons of the availability of information technologies are made for various demographic groups.

Related data may be found in various sections of this report. For example, statistics on the number of degrees conferred in computer and information sciences and library sciences may be found in chapter 3. Further information on survey methodologies can be found in the Guide to Sources and in the publications cited in the source notes.

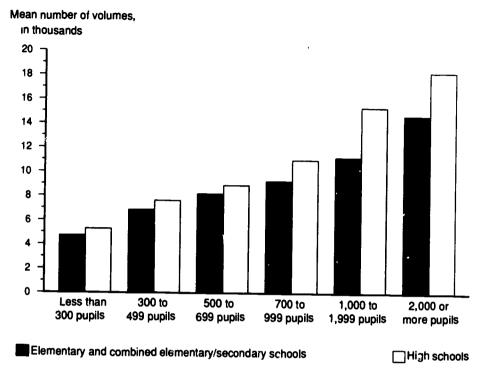
Highlights

- In fall 1985, more than 93 percent of all public schools and 75 percent of all private schools had libraries or media centers. (Tables 354 and 356)
- During the 1984-85 school year, public school libraries held an average of 7,668 book titles, 34 periodical subscriptions, and 540 films and filmstrips. (Table 355)
- Total expenditures for college libraries rose by 78 percent between 1974-75 and 1981-82. However, the proportion of college budgets spent on libraries fell from 3.9 percent to 3.5 percent during the same time period. (Table 357)
- The numb r of public schools using microcomputers has isen rapidly in recent years. Between fall 1981 and fall 1986, the proportion of public schools with computers rose from 18 percent to 96 percent. (Table 359)
- In general, Americans have extensive access to information technologies in their homes. About 99 percent of all adults have televisions in their homes and 82 percent have audio tape players. More than one-fifth of all school-age children have computers in their homes. (Table 360)



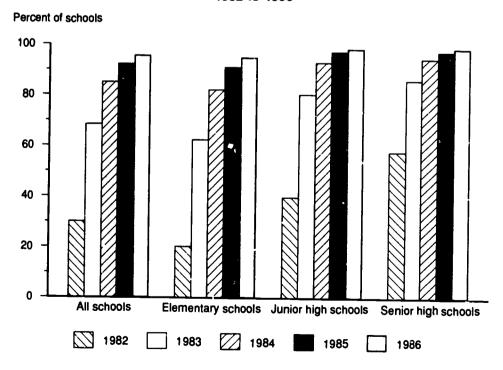
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Figure 30.—Volumes held by public school libraries, by size of school and level of education: Fall 1985



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Educatior. Statistics, "National Survey of Public and Private School Libraries and Media Centers, 1985."

Figure 31.—Public schools with computers, by level of school: 1982 to 1986



SOURCES: Market Data Retrieval, inc. Microcomputers in Schools, 1983-84, 1985; and unpublished tabulations.



Table 351.—General statistics of public libraries, by population of area served: Fiscal year 1982

			Popu	lation of area se	rved		
Item	Total	Under 10,000	10,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number of public service outlets	70,573	9,422	24,134	14,132	12,225	5,390	5,271
Central libraries	8,597 6,943 49,981 5,051	5,495 350 3,036 542	2,224 1,389 19,227 1,295	483 1,271 11,461 918	257 1,361 9,034 1,573	76 924 4,029 361	63 1,649 3,195 363
Collections, in thousands		l					
Volumes of books held at end of year	494,149 30,204 1,113,246	80.600 4,652 130,361	127,069 7,847 288,822	63,984 3,761 158,841	65,874 3,856 163,785	48,274 3,419 121,380	108,347 6,669 250,057
Staff, in full-time-equivalents						-	
Librarians Technical, clerical, and other staff	37,570 49,2 83 5,324	6,902 3,114 724	9,861 11,945 1,253	4,782 7,760 541	4,708 7,589 636	3,631 5,849 478	7, 68 5 13,027 1,694
Finances, in millions							
Library receipts	\$2 ,271 2,210	\$178 165	\$ 512 4 99	\$308 305	\$343 333	\$264 264	\$666 643

NOTE.—Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE, U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Public Libranes, 1982" survey

Table 352.—Public libraries with 1 million or more volumes, by size of collection: 1982

Library system	Rank order 1	Number of volumes (book stock and serials)	Library system	Rank order ¹	Number of volumes (book stock and serials)
1	2	3	1	2	3
New York Public Library 2 (N.Y.)	1	10,926,535	Dayton and Montgomery County Public Library (Otvo)	27	1,603,397
Los Angeles County Public Library (Calif)	. 2	5,101,872	Baltimore County Public Library (Md)	28	1,554,000
Boston Public Library (Mass)	3	4,999,830	Montgomery County Department of Public Libraries (Md)	29	1,554,000
Los Angeles Fublic Library (Calif.)	4	4.975,566	Public Library of Washington, D.C.	30	1,430,326
Queens Borough Public Library (N Y).	5	4,814,219	St Louis Public Library (Mo.)	31	1,407,344
Chicago Public Library (III.)	6	4,562,015	Indianapolis-Marion County Public Library (Ind.)	32	1,403,517
Brooklyn Public Library (N Y)	7	3,883,598	Fairfax County Public Library (Va.)	33	1,380,154
Buffalo and Erie County Public Library (NY).	8	3,467,124	King County Library System (Wash)	34	1,342,959
Cincinnati-Hamilton County Public Library (Ohio)	9	3,456,790	Kansas City Public Library (Kans.)	35	1,328,021
Free Library of Philadelphia (Penn.)	10	3,414,201	Toledo-Lucas County Public Library (Ohio)	36	1,280,112
Cleveland Public Library (Ohio)	11	2,857,702		37	1,279,626
Houston Public Library (Tex.)	12	2,848,460	Prince George's County Memorial Library (Md.)	38	1,266,213
Detroit Public Library (Mich.)	13	2,658,663	Library Association of Portland (Oreg.)	39	1,247,045
Hawaii State Library (Hawaii)	14	2,442,731	Orange County Public Library (Calif.)	40	1,243,572
Milwaukee Public Library (Wis)	15	2,345,180	Public Library of Columbus and Franklin County (Ohio)	41	1,241,385
Carnegie Library of Pittsburgh (Penn).	16	2,072,373		42	1,230,044
Miami-Dade Public Library System (Fla.)	17	1,976,942	Annapolis and Anne Arundel County Library (Md)	, 43	1,220,601
Cuvahoga County Public Library (Ohio)	18	1,952,528	Atlanta Public Library (Ga.)	` 44	1,210,091
Denver Public Library (Colo.)	19	1,916,761	Phoenix Public Library (Ariz)	45	1,206,540
Enoch Pratt Free Library (Baltimore, Md.)	. 20	1,902,403	Sacramento Public Library (Calif)	46	1,206,042
San Francisco Public Library (Calif)	21	1,792,627	San Jose Public Library (Tax)	47	1,195,542
Dellas Public Library (Tex.)	22	1,730,807	Louisville Free Public Library (Ky)	48	1,141,771
San Diego Public Library (Calif)	23	1,701,025	Jacksonville Public Library (Fla.) .	49	1,092,115
St. Louis County Library (Mo.)	24	1,695,046	Hennepin County Library (Minn.)	50	1,065,995
Fort Wayne-Allen County Public Library (Ind.).	25	1,659,896	Akron-Summit County Public Library (Ohio)	51	1,065,417
Minneapolis Public Library (Minn.)	26	1,640,546			

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "Public Libranes, 1982" survey



¹ Libraries ranked by number of volumes held ² Includes the New York Research Library which reported holding 7,271.592 volumes

Table 353.—General statistics of public school !ibraries/media centers, by level of school: 1973-74 to fail 1985

		1973-74			1977-78		1984	-85 and fall 19	85 1
Item	Total	Elementary and combined achools	Secondary schools	Total	Elementary and combined schools	Secondary schools	Total	Elementary, junior high, and combined schools	High schools
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number of public school libraries/media centers Number of public served fall membership.	74,625	52,310	22,315	70,854	52,087	18,767	73,352	61,013	12,33
in thousands	43,929	25,830	18,099	40,606	24,098	16,509	39,135	27,965	11,16
Collections, in thousands									
Volumes of books held at end of year	506,965 37,487 2,892 68,024	308,232 22,206 1,319 43,719	198,733 15,281 1,573 24,305	531,470 28,999 4,026 75,938	343,070 18,410 2,347 26,734	188,400 10,589 1,679 49,204	620,974 23,082 2,487	468,395 17,290 1,586	152,57 5,79 90
Collections per pupil in membership									
Book volumes per pupil Book volumes added per pupil	11 5 0 9	11.9 0 9	11 0 0 8	13 1 0 7	14 2 0 8	11 4 06	15 9 0 6	16.7 0 6	13 0
Staff, in full-time-equivalents			====						
Certified staff 2	62,659	35,045	27.614	68.058	44,764	23,294	54,215		
Men	7,378	2,749	4,629	{	11,00	23,284	54,215	39,682	14,53
Women	55,281	32,296	22,985	_	-1		=1		-
Less than a bachelor's degree	3,686	2,109	1,577	1,520	1,216	304	_1		
Bachelor's or higher degree	58,974	32,937	26,037	66,538	43,548	22,990	-	_	-
secretarial, clerical, etc.)	38,807	21,482	17,325	-	-	_ [42,109	31,236	10,87
Operating expenditures, in thousands						=			
otal operating expenditures	\$1,182,280	\$ 636,390	\$545,890	\$1,385,608	\$834,744	\$550,864			
Salaries and wages	818,320	441,660	376,660		I		-1	-1	-
Books	162,960	86,860	76,100	1,000,550	611,247	389,303	I	-	_
Periodicals.	24.870	10,560	14,310	172,473 30.012	106,199	66,274	\$205,234	\$143,564	\$61,67
Equipment	68,450	38,440	28,010		14,054	15,958	48,036	27,578	20,45
Other operating expenditures 3	109,680	58,870	50,810	69,587 112,987	40,486 62,758	29,101 50,229	-	-1	-
expenditures per atudent in membership	1			1.2,007	32,730	30,228	-	-	-
otal operating expenditures	26 91	24 64	30 16	34 12	34 64	33 37	- 1		
elaries and wages	18 63	17 10	20 81	24 64	25 37	23 58	-1	-1	-
ooks	3 71	3 36	4 20	4 25	441	401	6 24	-	_

¹ Data on numbers of library/media centers, membership, and staff are for fall 1985. Data on collections and expenditures are for 1984-85. Definitions of types of schools differ from tabulationa for earlier years. ² Includes staff holding State certrication as libranans, media specialists, or classroom

NOTE -Data are derived from a sample survey and are subject to sampling error Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of Public School Libranes/Media Centers, fall 1974 and fall 1978, "National Survey of Public and Private School Libranes and Media Centers, 1985" (This table was prepared September 1386)



teachers

3 Includes audiovisual materials

—Data not available

Table 354.—Selected statistics on public school libraries/media centers, by level and size of school: Fall 1985

School level and size		Percent of		Mean circulation per week					
	Number of library/ media centers	achools with library/ media centers	Total staff	Mean number of staff per school	Certified library staff	Other professional staff	Other staff	Per school	Per pupil
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All schools	73,352	93.5	96,324	1.3	54,215	5,252	36,857	52 3	1.
Fewer than 300 pupils	19,070	82.4	15 ,80 6	0.8	9,560	1,046	5,200	261	1.
300 to 499 pupils		97.5	27,297	1.1	15,552	1,886	9,859	525	1.
500 to 699 pupils		98.5	19,997	1.3	11,296	1,214	7,487	679	1.
700 to 999 pupile	8,721	98.2	13,961	1.6	7,819	613	5,530	672	0.
.000 to 1,999 pupils		99.3	15, 188	2.6	7,936	433	6,819	678	0.
2,000 or more pupils	1,068	100.0	4,075	3.8	2,053	60	1,962	876	<u> </u>
Elementary, junior high, and combined schools	61,013	92.6	70,918	1.2	39,682	4,394	26,842	550	1.
ewer then 300 pupils	16.567	81.1	13.232	0.8	7,693	804	4,734	284	1.
00 to 499 pupils		97.5	24,696	1.1	13,808	1,775	9,113	547	1.
500 to 699 pupils		98.4	17,703	1.3	9,828	1,132	6,742	720	1.
00 to 999 pupils		97.7	10,660	1.5	5,904	515	4,241	758	0
,000 to 1,999 pupils		98.2	4,506	2.1	2,369	169	1,968	878	0
2,000 or more pupils		100.0	121	2.5	78	0	43	1,215	0
High schools 1	12,339	98.0	25,406	2.1	14,534	858	10,015	388	0.
Fewer than 300 pupils	2,503	91.7	2,574	1.0	1,867	242	465	109	0.
100 to 499 pupils	-,	98 .5	2,601	1.4	1,743	112	746	276	0.
600 to 699 pupils		100.0	2,294	1.5	1,468	82	744	308	0.
700 to 999 pupils		100.0	3,301	1.8	1,914	98	1,289	340	0
.000 to 1,999 pupils	.,	100.0	10,682	2.9	5 ,566	264	4,651	560	0
2.000 or more pupils		100.0	3.955	3.9	1,975	60	1,919	863	0.

¹ Excludes vocational/technical centers and intermediate schools are included under elementary and combined schools.

NOTE.—Data are derived from a sample survey and are subject to sampling error. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals



SOURCE U.S Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics, "National Survey of Public and Private School Libraries and Media Centers, 1965." (This table was prepared September 1966.)

Table 355.—Holdings and expenditures of public school libraries/media centers, by level and size of school: 1984-85

	Mean number of titles held per library/media center				Mean arınual expenditure per pupil ¹ by object						
School level and size	Book titles	Periodical subscrip- tions	Films and filmstrips	Audio materials	Total ²	Books	Periodical subscrip- tions	Audio- visual materials	Computer hardware 3	Compute	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
All schools	7,668	34	540	3 53	\$17.58	\$6.24	\$1.49	\$1.80	83,41	\$0.84	
Fewer than 300 pupils	4,793	23	300	175	27.54	9.18	0.50				
300 to 499 public	6 Q27	27	499	311	15.37	9.18 5.58	2.52	2.54	5.96	1.40	
500 to 699 pupils	8.250	32	640	396	13.89		1.18	1.65	3.04	0.80	
700 to 999 pupils	9,602	46	705	444	12.64	5.25	1.01	1.46	2.41	0.54	
1,000 to 1,999 pupils	13,802	73	928	765		4.67	1.14	1.52	1.94	0.48	
2,000 or more pupils	18,082	115	912	846	12.05 11.13	4.47 4.53	1.23	1.41	1.71	0.35	
				040	11.13	4.53	1,14	1.15	0.94	0.13	
Elementary, junior high, and combined schools	7,003	26	523	337	16.79	6.00	1.22	1.69	3.44	0.89	
Fewer than 300 pupils	4,720	19	313	184	25.18	0.00					
300 to 499 pupils	6 867	24	509	313		8.63	2.00	2.12	5.57	1,53	
500 tc/ 699 pupils	8,178	28	637	396	14.65 13.35	5.29	1.00	1.62	3.08	0.80	
700 to 999 publis	0 242	38	742	461	12.16	5.07	0.88	1.44	2.36	0.55	
1,000 to 1,999 pupils	11,214	45	888	991		4.44	0.90	1.45	2.09	0.48	
2,000 or more pupils	14,644	73	253	422	10.65 8.84	3.81	0.70	1.44	1.88	0.36	
	- 11,011		255	422	8.04	5.13	0.53	1.22	0.00	0.02	
High schools 4	10,960	73	625	429	21.48	7.40	2.84	2.36	3.24	0.59	
Fewer than 300 pupils	5.275	45	216	113	43.13	12.76	5.94				
300 to 499 pupils	7.624	57	384	288	23.77	9.01	3.31	5.37	8.55	1.16	
500 to 699 pupils	8.901	68	665	398	18.70	6.67	2.35	2.00	2.62	0.79	
700 to 999 pupils	10.987	76	563	380	14.48	5.56		1.65	2.87	0.45	
1,700 to 1,999 publis	15,334	90	952	631	12.88		2.05	1.77	1.36	0.48	
2,300 or more pupils	18,247	117	943	866	11.24	4.86	1.55	1.39	1.62	0.34	
	10,247	'''	543	000	11,24	4.50	1.17	1.15	0.98	0.	

¹ Excludes salaries and wages.

NOTE —Data are derived from a sample survey and are subject to sampling error. Because of rounding, details may not add to totals.

SOURCE. U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, "National Survey of Public and Private School Libraries and Media Centers, 1985." (This table was prepared September 1986.)



² includes expenditures not shown separately.
3 includes expenditures for computer installations that are administered by library/

media certiers.

4 Excludes vocational/technical centers and intermediate schools intermediate schools are included under elementary and combined schools

Table 356.—Selected statistics on private school libraries/media centers, by level and size of school: 1984-85

j	All private schools		Number of pupils in school							
Selected characteristics		Elementary	Secondary	Denidmo	Other 1	Less than 50	50 to 149	150 to 299	300 to	60€ or m⊬xe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Number of schools, fall 1985	25,615	15,117	2,479	4,975	3,044	4,649	8,143	6,405	4,670	1,748
library/media centers Percent of schools with	19,186	11,747	2,364	3,566	1,509	2,356	5,581	5,280	4,225	1,745
library/media centers	75	78	95	72	50	51	63	82	90	100
Percent of pupils in schools										
with library/media cente s	88	87	99	83	66	53	70	83	91	100
Library/media FTE staff, total,										
fall 1985	16,627	7,853	4,120	3,033	1,622	705	2,996	4,355	4,946	3,625
Certified library staff		1,900	1,940	1,267	284	47	735	1,299	1,855	1,454
Other professional staff		1,778	651	577	528	114	625	1,039	1,073	683
Other staff	7,704	4,175	1,530	1,189	810	545	1,636	2,016	2,018	1,488
Library/media staff, mean FTE		0.03	4.74	0.05	1.07	0 30	0 54	0 82	1 17	2.08
per school		0.67	1.74	0.85	1.07 0 19	0.02	0 13		0 44	
Certified library staff	0 28	0 16	0.82	0.36	0 19	0.02	013	0.25	0 44	0.83
Mean number of titles held per library/media center, 1984-85										
Book titles, all centers		4,001	10,583	6,013	3,5.19	2,242	2,657	4,450	7,603	12,628
Catholic	6,117	4,834	11,641	-	I —	-	2,884	4,490	6,485	12,562
Other religious orientation	1 .	2,290	7,444	4,182	1,678	1,733	2,226	3,854	7,657	_
Not religiously affiliated		4,326	10,452	11,783	3,589	2,921	4,105	6,127	14,788	_
Periodical subscriptions		10	61	22	18	5	9	16	28	62
Films and filmstrips		259	492	124	139	42	78	191	512	660
Audio materials	225	183	600	121	206	50	111	152	313	832
Mean circulation per week, 1984–85										
Per sch xol	200	230	154	171	106	40	96	199	329	441
Per pupil		10	04	09	10	13	09	09	08	0.5
Mean annual expenditure ² per pupil, 1984-85										
Total 3	\$21 56	\$15 52	\$22 35	\$34 26	\$37 29	\$59 75	\$20 48	\$14.26	\$13.92	\$13.99
Books	9 64	6.03	10 51	16 59	1988	27 68	9 92	5 66	5 86	5 56
Periodical subscriptions	1 42	0.73	3.36	1 35	3 94	1 52	1 80	1 01	1 35	1.47
Audiovisual materials		1 11	1.92	4 31	157	5 50	1 43	1 15	1 29	1.66
Computer hardware 4	1	3 35	1 97	2 89	3 16	7 83	2 69	2 68	2 08	1 50
Computer software	0 93	1.13	0.44	0 42	1 29	1 35	1 00	1 04	U 66	0 42
Mean annual expenditure ² per pupil, by control								 		
Total 3	21 56	15 52	22 35	34 26	37 29	59 75	20 48	14 26	13 92	1399
Catholic	1 -:::-	12 29	16 97	_	l –	-	15 86	1373	11 36	12.32
Other religious orientation	25 60	20 64	26 07	34 76	981	59.61	14 95	13.23	17.17	
Not religiously affiliated		25.25	44 47	34 30	42 27	62 65	36 73	21 01	25 66	_
HAN LANGIORSIA CHINGGOD	55.54	20.23	1 77 77			J 30		1		1

¹ includes special education and alternative schools

NOTE —Data are derived from a sample survey and are subject to sampling error Because of rounding, details may $_{\rm not}$ add to totals

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics, Statistics of Public and Private School Library Media Centers, 1985-96 (with historical compansions from 1958 to 1985). (This table was prepared February 1988.)



² Excludes salanes and wages

³ Includes items not shown separately

⁴ This figure often includes the total school budget for computer hardware

⁻ Data not shown because of small sample size

Table 357.—General statistics of college and university libraries: United States and outlying areas, 1974-75 to 1901-82

Item	1974-75	1975-76	1976-77	1978-79	1981-82 1
1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of libranes	.2, 97 2 10,322	2, 9 67 11,2 9 1	3,058 11,12;	3,122 11,3 9 2	3,104 12,372
Collections, thousands of units					
flumber of volumes at end of year	447,059 23,242 4,434	468,033 22,977 4,616	481,442 22,367 4,670	519,695 21,608 4,775	567,826 19,507 4,890
Library staff, in full-time equivalents					
Total staff in regular positions 3	56,836	56,852	57,087	58,416	58.476
Professional library staff	23,530 33,306 34,687	23,104 33,748 36,725	23,308 33,779 39,950	23,676 34,740 39,552	23,816 34,660 40,068
Library operating expenditures (excluding capital outlay)					
Operating expenditures, total, in thousands	\$1,091,784	\$1,180,128	\$1,259,637	\$1,502,158	\$1,943,769
Salaries 4 Hourly wages Binding and rebinding Books and other library materials Other library operating expenditures	592,568 61,474 22,206 327,904 87,632	649,374 66,175 22,375 357,544 84,660	698,090 68,683 22,521 373,699 96,643	824,438 79,535 25,274 450,180 122,731	1,081,694 100,847 30,351 561,199 169,478
Operating expenditures, total, in percents	100.0	100.0	400.0		109,476
Salaries 4 Hourly wages Binding and rebinding Books and other library materials Other library operating expenditures	54.0 6.0 2.0 30.0 8.0	55.0 6.° 2.0 30.0 7.0	55.0 5.0 2.0 30 0 8.0	55.0 5.0 2.0 30.0 6 1	100.0 56.0 5.0 2 0 29.0 9.0
ibrary perating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for education and general purposes	39	3.8	3.6	. 37	3.5

¹ Data are for the 50 States and the District of Columbia only.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, details may not add to totals

SOURCE- U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities, various years. (This table was prepared August 1986.)



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² Fall enrollment for the academic year specified ³ Data are for the fall term of the succeeding year

⁴ Includes expenditures for fringe benefits and salary equivalents of contributed services staff

Table 358.—Selected statistics on the collections, staff, and operating expenditures of 50 large college and university libraries: 1985

	Rank	Number of	Full-time-c				ting expending thousands		
Institution	order, by number of volumes	volumes at end of year, in thou- sands	Total	Profes- sional	Total	Salanes and wages ³	Books and other materi- als 4	Binding ar retding	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Harvard University (Mass)	1	10,930	1,001	310	\$30,452	\$17,905	\$6,872	\$621	\$ 5 054
Yale University (Conn.)	2	8,192	595	176	18,982	11,242	4,916	279	2,544
University of Illinois-Urbana Campus	3	6,808	551	122	15,500	8 932	4,724	228	1,616
University of California—Berkeley	4	6,611	721	170	26,024	1 ມ03	5,115	520	2,786
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor	5	5,802	544	143	14,795	10,072	3,335	275	1,112
Columbia University, Main Division (N.Y.)	6	5,461	559	128	18,340	11,316	4,260	393	2,37
University of California—Los Angeles	7	5,453	692	190	27,586	16,805	5,850	614	4,31
University of Texas at Austin	8	5,402	593	131	19,441	11,261	6,539	182	1,450
Stanford University (Calif.)	9	5,318	590	155	25,202	16,377	5 755	351	2,720
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	10	4,851	370	109	12,639	6,475	4,228	246	1,690
University of Chicago (III.)	11	4,661	334	77	12,433	6,942	2,980	247	2,265
University of Wisconsin-Madison	12	4,495	519	132	17,179	9,936	4,141	218	2,885
University of Washington	13	4,416	483	125	14,833	8,445	4,315	373	1,702
Indiana University at Bloomington	14	4,366	495	109	12,092	7,399	3,516	210	967
University of Minnesota, Minneapolis-St. Paul	15	4,229	412	109	15,138	9,255	3,570	382	1,932
Cornell University (N.Y.)	16	4,065	448	91	12,475	7,142	4,146	249	939
Ohio State University, Main Campus	17	3,983	467	109	15,078	8,248	4,387	212	2,232
Rutgers University, New Brunswick (N.J.)	18	3,807	357	78	10,557	6,091	2,582	287	1,596
Princeton University (N.J.)	19	3,752	388	98	12,603	7,725	3,557	252	1,069
Duke University (N.C.)	20	3,459	302	97	9,895	5,621	3,103	190	98
University of Florida	21	3,409	430	98	9,511	5,061	3,022	117	1,310
University of Pennsylvania	22	3,282	319	101	11,942	7,332	2,512	280	1,818
Northwestern University (III.)	23	3,125	348	104	10,352	5,951	3,169	218	1,014
Michigan State University	24 25	3,063 2,966	318 362	75 91	10,024 13,862	5,916 6,075	2,681 4,425	186 301	1,24° 3,062
•	_								
New York University		2,879	372	76	12,301	7,736	3,258	206	1,10
University of Virginia, Main Campus		2,770	348	90	10,711	4,915	4,333	214	1,248
University of Iowa	28	2,662	251	79	8,799	4,475	3,407	235	682
University of Pittsburgh, Main Campus (Penn) University of Utah		2,584 2,530	328 283	86 59	9,802 8,048	6,056 4,580	2,555 2,392	169 142	1,02 ⁻ 934
		2 470	204	54	7,266	C,592	2,193	104	1 07
University of Rochester (N.Y.)		2,473 2,436	342	97	10,402	5,577	2,183	104 139	1,379 1,724
University of Southern California		2,436	301	76	8,296	3,905	3,447	239	
University of Georgia	33	2,374	250	64	8,244	4,214	2,837	159	70- 1,03-
University of Kansas, Main Campus Johns Hopkins University (Md.)	35	2,296	241	56	7,786	4,371	2,104	60	1,03
Could are Illinois blakewith. Carbondala	36	2,263	269	64	6,944	3,608	2,306	139	90-
Southern Illinois University, Carbondale		2,263	209	50	5,707	2,683	2,306	142	89 [.] 73(
University of Missouri, Columbia		2,252	238	57	9,579	5,799	2,673	216	89
Arizona State University		2,188	311	/3	9,442	4,252	3,809	175	1,20
Syracuse University, Main Campus (N.Y.)		2,186	?43	55	7,973	4,237	2,446	103	1,180
Leuisiana State Heisemits and A.R.M. College	41	2,158	273	68	8,289	3,410	3,142	178	1,559
Louisiana State University and A & M College. University of Hawaii at Manoa	42	2,130	234	68	8,210	4,934	2,289	184	80:
Wayne State University (Mich.)		2,084	210	55	8,253	3,460	2,445	99	2,249
State University of New York at Buffalo, Main									
Campus		2,066 2,052	230 193	61 45	7,802 6,233	4,400 3,377	2,097 2,224	100 122	1,205 510
						İ	1		
University of Massachusetts at Amherst		2,033	219	45	6,653	4,199	1,813	67	579
Washington University (Missouri)	47	2,030	229	66	7,828	3,434	2,518	133	1,74
University of California at Davis		1,995	295	66	12,898	7,695	3,703	345	1,15
Massachusetts Institute of Technology	49	1,994	275	86	9,729	6,318	1,811	125	1,47
Brown University (R.I.)	50	1,966	220	59	6.714	3,475	2,105	139	999

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics "Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities, Fall 1985" survey (This table was prepared October 1986)



¹ Data are for fall 1985
² Data are for 1984-85
³ Includes salary equivalents of contributed services staff, fringe benefits of total Staff, and wages of student assistants charged to the library budget
⁴ Includes operating expenses for book stock, periodicals, microforms, audiovisual materials, and other library materials.

Table 359.—Microcomputer use by elementary and secondary schools, by level, control, and size of school: 1981 to 1986

Control and our	P	Percent of schools us	ing microcomputers	
Control and size	Ail schools	Elementary schools	Junior high schools	Senior high schools
1	2	3	4	5
Public schools				
Fall 1981	18.2	11.1		
Tall 1962	30.0	20 2	256	42
rail 1903	68 4	62.4	398	57.
Tall 1984	85.1	82.2	80.5	86
Tall 1905	92.2	91.0	93.1	94.
Fall 1986	95.6	94.9	97 3	97.
Enrollment size, fall 1985	00.0	54.9	98.5	98.
			1	
Jnder 200	81 5	82.0	93.3	00
200 to 299	92.7	92.1	97.1	92.
300 to 499	94.1	93 4	97.3	96.0
500 to 999	95.2	93.2	97.9	97.4
1,000 and over	97. 9	94.7	96.8	98 (98.9
Private schools 1982-83 1				
	1			
Catholic	22 8	16.3	27 8	57.8
Other private	24.6	21 1	43.4	54.8
` 1983~84 ¹			,	J-4.0
Catholic			į	
Other private	63.4	-	-	_
	46.4	-	-	_
1984-85 1	i			
Catholic	82 9	R* 5	07.7	
Other private	61.9	"_3	87.7	9 2.8
1985-86 ¹	50	-	-	_
Catholic	91.4			
Other private	67.3	-	-	_
	67.3	-1	-1	_

¹ Private schools were surveyed in the middle of the school year

-Data not available

SOURCE Market Data Retneval, Inc., *Microcomputers in Schools*, 1984, 1985, 1987, and unpublished tabulations (This table was prepared May 1989.)

NOTE -Some data have been revised from previously published figures

Table 360.—Access to Information technologies,1 by age group and income level: 1985

Ago group and an area to the	Percent of persons with information technology in their home									
Age group and income level	Television set	Cable television	Videocassette recorder	Personal or home computer	Stereo or record player	Audiocassette or tape player				
11	2	3	4	4	5	6	7			
Age group Preschoolers (age 2-5)	99 99 9 9 9 9	53 53 51 48	33 34 35 29	17 22 26 13	89 91 93 87	86 91 94 82				
Access for adults by family Income Less than \$10,000	99 96 99 99	31 47 52 55	15 21 26 51	3 7 12 26	69 87 89 93	61 80 84 92				

¹ Access measured by presence of information technology in the home. Households may include more than one person in each age group

SOURCE U.S. Department of Education, Center for Education Statistics, contractor report, Use of Electronic Information Technologies For Non-School Learning in American Households, Report of Findings from the 1985 Home Information Technology Study (HITS) (This table was prepared October 1986)



48.

NOTE —Data are based on a sample survey of households and are subject to sampling and nonsampling error $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left($

Guide To Tabular Presentation

This section is intended to assist the reader in following the basic structure of the *Digest* tables and to provide a legend for some of the common symbols and indexes used throughout the book. Unless otherwise noted, all data are for the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table Components

Title Describes the table content concisely.

Unit indicator Informs the reader of the measurement unit in the table—"In thousands," "In millions of dollars," etc. Noted below the title unless several units are used, in which case the unit indicators are generally given in the spanner or individual column heads.

Spanner Describes a group of two or more columns.

Column head Describes specific column.

Stub Describes a row or a group of rows. Each stub is followed by a number of dots (leaders) or by a semicolon if no data appears in the data fields.

Field The area of the table which contains the data elements.

Rules in the field

Single horizontal rules indicate

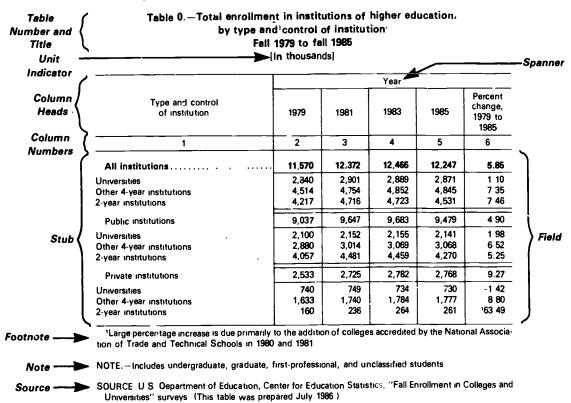
- that the data below the line add to the figure immediately above the line, or
- in the case of derived figures (e.g., percents, medians) that the datum above the line represents a cumulative figure.

Double horizontal rules demarcate groups of related rows.

Single vertical rules delineate columns.

Double vertical rules divide the table into sections with unique stubs.

Example of Table Structure





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Footnote Describes a unique circumstance relating to a specific item within the table. Usually listed below the bottom rule of the table.

Note Furnishes general information that relates to the entire table.

Source The document or reference from which the data are drawn. This note may also include the organizational unit responsible for preparing the data.

Descriptive Terms

Average A number that is used to represent the "typical value" of a group of numbers. It is regarded as a measure of "location" or "central tendency" of a group of numbers.

Arithmetic mean is the most commonly used average. It is derived by summing the individual item values of a particular group and dividing that sum by the number of items. This value is often referred to simply as the "mean" or "average."

Median is the measure of central tendency that occupies the middle position in a rank order of values. It generally has the same number of items above it as below it. If there is an even number cf items in the group, the median is the average of the middle two items.

Per capita, or per person, figure represents an average computed for every person in a specified group, or population. It is derived by dividing the total for an item (such as income or expenditures) by the number of persons in the specified population.

Index number A value that provides a means of measuring, summarizing, and communicating the nature of changes that occur from time to time or from place to place. An index is used to express changes in prices over periods of time but may also be used to express differ-

ences between related subjects at a single point in time. The *Digest* most often uses the Consumer Price Index to compare purchasing power over time.

To compute a price index, a base year or period is selected. The base year price is then designated as the base or reference price to which the prices for other years or periods are related.

A method of expressing the price relationship is:

Index number =

Price of a set of one or more items for related year
Price of the same set of items for base year

When 100 is subtracted from the index number, the result equals the percent change in price from the base year.

Current and constant dollars are used in a number of tables to express finance data. Unless otherwise noted, all figures are in current dollars, not adjusted for inflation. Constant dollars provide a measure of the impact of inflation on the current dollars.

Current dollar figures reflect actual prices or costs prevailing during the specified year(s).

Constant dollar figures attempt to remove the effects of price changes (inflation) from statistical series reported in dollar terms.

The constant dollar value for an item is derived by dividing the base year price index (for example, the Consumer Price Index for 1986) by the price index for the year of data to be adjusted and multiplying by the item to be adjusted. The result is an adjusted dollar value as it would presumably exist if prices were the same as the base year—in other words, as if the dollar had constant purchasing power. Any changes in the constant dollar amounts would reflect only changes in the real values.



Guide to SourcesSources and Comparability of Data

The information presented in this report was ca tained from many sources, including Federal a... State agencies, private research organizations, and professional associations. The data were collected using many research methods, including surveys of a universe (such as all colleges) or of a sample, compilations of administrative records, and statistical projections. Digest users should take particular care when comparing data from different sources. Differences in procedures, timing, phrasing of questions, interviewer training, and so forth mean that the results from the different sources may not be strictly comparable. Following the general discussion of data accuracy below, descriptions of the information sources and data collection methods are presented. grouped by sponsoring organization. More extensive documentation of one survey's procedures than of another's does not imply more problems with the data, only that more information is available.

Accuracy of Data

The accuracy of any statistic is determined by the joint effects of "sampling" and "nonsampling" errors. Estimates based on a sample will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same survey instruments, instructions, and procedures. In addition to such sampling errors, all surveys, both universe and sample, are subject to design, reporting, and processing errors and errors due to nonresponse. To the extent possible, these nonsampling errors are kept to a minimum by methods built into the survey procedures. In general, however, the effects of nonsampling errors are difficult to gauge than those produced by sampling variability.

Sampling Errors

The samples used in surveys are one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible samples is called the sampling deviation. The standard or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the pre-

cision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples.

The sample estimate and an estimate of its standard e for permit us to construct interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. If all possible samples were selected under essentially the same conditions and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then: 1) approximately 2/3 of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples; and 2) approximately 19/20 of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples. We call an interval from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate a 95 percent confidence interval.

To illustrate this concept, consider the table of standard errors and 95 percent confidence intervals for estimates from the "1985 Survey of Public and Private School Libraries and Media Centers" sample (table A1, below). For the estimate that 93.5 percent of all schools have Parary programs, the table shows that the standard error is 0.54 percent. Therefore, we can create a 95 percent confidence interval which is approximately 92.4 to 94.6 (93.5 percent ± 2 times .54 percent).

Analysis of standard errors can help assess how valid a comparison between two estimates might be. The standard error of a difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of the squared standard errors of the estimates. The standard error (se) of the difference between sample estimate "a" and sample estimate "b" is:

$$se_{a,b} = \sqrt{se_a^2 + se_b^2}$$

It should be noted that most of the standard errors presented in subsequent sections and in the original documents are approximations. That is, to dence estimates of standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a

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moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, most of the standard errors presented provide a general order of magnitude rather than the exact standard error for any specific item. The preceding discussion on sampling variability was directed toward a situation concerning one or two estimates. Determining the accuracy of statistical projections is more difficult. In general, the further away the projection date is from the date of the actual data being used for the projection, the greater the probable error in the projections. If, for instance, annual data from 1970 to 1988 are being used to project enrollment in institutions of higher education. the further beyond 1989 one projects, the more variability in the projection. One will be less sure of the 1995 enrollment projection than of the 1990 projection. A detailed discussion of the projections methodology is contained in Projections of Education Statistics to 2000 (National Center for Education Statistics. 1989).

Nonsampling Errors

Universe and sample surveys are subject to non-sampling errors. Nonsampling errors are of two kinds—random and nonrandom. Random nonsampling errors may arise when respondents or interviewers interpret questions differently, when respondents must estimate values, or when coders, keyers, and other processors handle answers differently. Random nonresponse errors usually, but not always, result in an understatement of sampling errors and thus an overstatement of the precision of survey estimates. Since estimating the magnitude of nonsampling errors would require special experiments or access to independent data, these magnitudes are seldom available.

Nonrandom nonsampling errors include total nonresponse (no usable data obtained for a sampled unit), partial or item nonresponse (only a portion of a response may be usable), and inability or unwillingness on the part of respondents to provide correct information. To compensate for one type of nonranerror-nonresponse-adjustments sample estimates are often made. For example, adjustments are frequently made for nonresponse, both total and partial. An adjustment made for either type of nonresponse is often referred to as an imputation-substitution of the "average" questionnaire response for the nonresponse. Imputations are usually made separately within various groups of sample members which have similar survey characteristics. Imputation for item nonresponse is usually made by substituting for a missing item the response to that item of a respondent having characteristics that are similar to those of the nonrespondent.

Although the magnitude of nonsampling error in the data collected in this *Digest* is frequently unknown, idiosyncrasies which have been identified are noted on the appropriate tables.

Federal Agency Sources

National Center for Education Statistics (NCES)

Common Core of Data

NCES uses the Common Core of Data (CCD) survey to acquire and maintain statistical data on the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the outlying areas from the universe of State-level education agencies. Information about staff and students is collected annually at the school, LEA (local education agency or school district), and State levels. Information about revenues and expenditures is also collected at the State level.

Data are collected for a particular school year (July 1 through June 30) via survey instruments sent to the States by October 15 of the subsequent school year. States have 2 years in which to modify the data originally submitted.

Since the CCD is a universe survey, the CCD information presented in this edition of the *Digest* is not subject to sampling errors. However, nonsampling errors could come from two sources—nonreturn and inaccurate reporting. Almost all of the States submit the six CCD survey instruments each year, but submissions are sometimes incomplete or too late for publication.

Understandably, when 57 education agencies compile and submit data for over 85,000 public schools and approximately 15,000 local school districts, misreporting can occur. Typically, this results from varying interpretation of NCES definitions and differing recordkeeping systems. NCES attempts to minimize these errors by working closely with the Council of Chief State School Officers (CCSSO) and its Committee on Evaluation and Information Systems (CEIS).

The State education agencies report data to NCES from data collected and edited in their regular reporting cycles. NCES encourages the agencies to incorporate into their own survey systems the NCES items they do not already collect so that chose items will also be available for the subsequent CCD survey. Over time, this has meant fewer missing data cells in each State's response, reducing the need to impute data.

NCES subjects data from the education agencies to a comprehensive edit. Where data are determined to be inconsistent, missing, or out of range, NCES contacts the education agencies for verification. NCES-prepared State summary forms are returned



to the State education agencies for verification. States are also given an opportunity to revise their State-level aggregates from the previous survey cycle. Questions concerning the Common Core of Data can be directed to:

George Wade
Elementary and Secondary Education
Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5651

Federal Funds for Education

The National Center for Education Statistics prepares an annual compilation of Federal funds for education. Data for U.S. Department of Education program totals came from the Appendix to the Budget of the U.S. Government. Budget offices of other Federal agencies provided information for all other Federal program support except for research funds, which are obligations reported by the National Science Foundation in Federal Funds for Research and Development, fiscal years 1980 to 1989. Some data are estimated, based on reports from the Federal agencies contacted and the Appendix to the Budget of the U.S. Government, 1990.

Except for money spent on research, outlays were used to report program funds to the extent possible. Some tables are obligations as noted in the title of the table. Some Federal program funds not commonly recognized as education assistance are also included in the totals reported. For example, portions of Federal funds paid to some States and counties as shared revenues resulting from the sale of timber and minerals from public lands have been estimated as funds used for education purposes. Parts of the funds received by States and localities under the General Revenue Sharing Program are also included, as are portions of Federal funds received by the District of Columbia. The share of these funds allocated to education was assumed equal to the share of general funds expended for elementary and secondary education by States and localities in the same year as reported by the U.S. Bureau of the Census in its annual publication, Governmental Finances.

All State intergovernmental expenditures for education were assumed earmarked for elementary/secondary education. Contributions of parent governments of dependent school systems to their public schools amounted to approximately 9 percent of local government revenues and local government revenue sharing in each year. Therefore, 9 percent of local government revenue-sharing funds were assumed allocated each fiscal year to elementary and secondary education. Parent government contribu-

tions to public school systems were obtained from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Finances of Public School Systems*. The amount of State revenue-sharing funds allocated for postsecondary education in 1975 and 1980 was assumed to be 13 percent, the proportion of direct State expenditures for institutions of higher education reported in *Governmental Finances* for both years.

The share of Federal funds for the District of Columbia assigned to education was assumed equal to the share of the city's general fund expenditures for each level of education.

For the job training programs conducted by the Department of Labor, only estimated sums spent on classroom training have been reported as educational program support.

During the 1970s, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prepared annual reports on Federal education program support. These were published in Budget of the United States Government [Special Analyses]. The information presented in this report is not, however, a continuation of the OMB series. A number of differences in the two series should be noted. OMB required all Federal agencies to report outlays for education-related programs using a standardized form, thereby assuring agency compliance in reporting. The scope of education programs reported here differs from OMB. Off-budget items such as the annual volume of guaranteed student loans were not included in OMB's reports. Finally, while some mention is made of an annual astimate of Federal tax expenditures. OMB did not include them in its annual analysis of Federal education support. Estimated Federal tax expenditures for education are the difference between current Federal tax receipts and what these receipts would be without existing education deductions to income allowed by Federal tax provisions.

Recipients' data are estimated based on Estimating Federal Funds for Education: A New Approach Applied to Fiscal Year 1980, U.S. Department of Education, "Federal Support for Education, Fiscal Years 1980 to 1984," and Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance. The recipients' data are estimated and tend to undercount institutions of higher education (IHEs), students, and local education agencies (LEAs). This is because some of the Federal programs have more than one recipient receiving funds. In these cases the recipients were put into a "mixed recipients" category, because there was no way to disaggregate the amount each recipient received.

High School and Beyond

High School and Beyond (HSB) is a national longitudinal survey of 1980 high school sophomores and



seniors. The base-year survey was a probability sample of 1,015 high schools with a target number of 36 sophomores and 36 seniors in each of the schools. A total of 58,270 students participated in the base-year survey. Substitutions were made for noncooperating schools—but not for students—in those strata where it was possible. Overall, 1,122 schools were selected in the original sample and 811 of these schools participated in the survey. An additional 204 schools were drawn in a replacement sample. Student refusals and student absences resulted in an 82 percent completion rate for the survey.

Several small groups in the population were oversampled to allow for special study of certain types of schools and students. Students completed questionnaires and took a battery of cognitive tests. In addition, a sample of parents of sophomores and seniors (about 3,600 for each cohort) was surveyed.

HSB first followup activities took place in the spring of 1982. The sample design of the first follow-up survey called for the selection of approximately 30,000 persons who were sophomores in 1980. The completion rate for sophomores eligible for oncampus survey administration was about 96 percent. About 89 percent of the students who left school between the base year and first followup surveys (dropouts, transfer students, and early graduates) completed the first followup sophomore questionnaire.

As part of the first followup survey of High School and Beyond, transcripts were requested in fall 1982 for an 18,152-member subsample of the sophomore cohort. Of the 15,941 transcripts actually obtained, 1,969 were excluded because the students had cropped out of school before graduation, 799 were excluded because they were incomplete, and 1,057 were excluded because the student graduated before 1982 or the transcript indicated neither a dropout status nor graduation. Thus 12,116 transcripts were utilized for the overall curriculum analysis presented in this publication. All courses in each transcript were assigned a six-digit code based on A Classification of Secondary School Courses (developed by Evaluation Technologies, Inc. under contract with NCES). Credits earned in each course were exprossed in Carnegie units. (The Carnegie unit is a standard of measurement that represents one credit for the completion of a 1-year course. To receive credit for a course, the student must have received a passing grade—"pass," "D," or higher.) Students who transferred from public to private schools or from private to public schools between their sophomore and senior years were eliminated from public/ private analyses.

In designing the senior cohort first followup survey, one of the goals was to reduce the size of the reteined sample, while still keeping sufficient numbers

of minorities to allow important policy analyses. A total of 11,227 (94 percent) of the 11,995 persons subsampled completed the questionnaire. Information was obtained about the respondents' school and employment experiences, family status, and attitudes and plans.

The sample for the second followup, which took place in spring 1984, consisted of about 12,000 members of the senior cohort and about 15,000 members of the sophomore cohort. The completion rate for the senior cohort was 91 percent, and the completion rate for the sophomore cohort was 92 percent.

HSB third followup data collection activities were performed in spring of 1986. Both the sophomore and senior cohort samples for this round of data collection were the same as those used for the second followup survey. The completion rates for the sophomore and senior cohort samples were 91 percent and 88 percent, respectively.

Table A2 contains the maximum number of cases that are available for the tabulations of the specification variables used throughout this publication.

The standard error (se) of an individual percentage (p) based on HSB data can be approximated by the formula

$$se_a = DEFT \sqrt{p(100-p)/n}$$

where r is the sample size and DEFT, the design effect, is a factor used to adjust for the particular sample design used in HSB. Table A3 provides the DEFT factors for different HSB samples and subsamples.

In evaluating a difference between two percentages, the standard error of the difference may be conservatively approximated by taking the square root of the sum of the squared standard errors of the two percentages. For example, in the 1986 fcllowup of 1980 sophomores, 84.0 percent of the men and 77.2 percent of the women felt that being successful in work was "very important," a difference of 6.8 percentage points. Using the formula and the sample sizes from table A2 and the DEFT factors from table A3, the standard errors of the two percentages being compared are calculated to be:

$$1.43 \sqrt{(84.0)(16.0)/5,391} = .714$$

$$1.43\sqrt{(77.2)(22.8)/5,857} = .784$$

The standard error of the difference is therefore

$$\sqrt{.714^2 + .784^2} = \sqrt{.510 + .615} = 1.06$$



The sampling error (95 chances in 100) of the difference is approximately double the standard error, or approximately 2.1 percentage points, and the 95 percent confidence interval for the difference is 6.8 ± 2.1, or 4.7 to 8.9 percentage points.

The standard error estimation procedure outlined above does not compensate for survey item nonresponse, which is a source of nonsampling error. (Table A2 reflects the maximum number of responses that could be tabulated by demographic characteristic.) For example, of the 10.925 respondents in the 1934 followup survey of 1980 high school graduates, 372, or 3.4 percent, did not respond to the particular question on whether they had ever used a pocket calculator, Item nonresponse varied considerably. A very low, nonresponse rate of 0.1 percent was obtained for a question asking whether the respondent had attended a postsecondary institution. A much higher item nonresponse rate of 12.2 percent was obtained for a question asking if the respondent had used a micro or minicomputer in high school. Typical item nonresponse rates ranged from 3 to 4 percent.

The Hispanic analyses presented in this report relied on students' self identification as members of one of four Hispanic subgroups: Mexican, Mexican-American, Chicano; Cuban, Cubano; Puerto-Rican, Puertorriqueno, or Boricua; or other Latin American, Latino, Hispanic, or Spanish descent.

An NCES series of technical reports and data file users manuals provides additional information on the survey methodology.

Further information on the High School and Beyond survey may be obtained from:

Paula Knepper Elementary/Secondary Outcomes Division National Center for Education Statistics 555 New Jersey Avenue NW Washington, DC 20208-5653

1987 High School Transcript Study

Transcripts of 1987 high school graduates were compared with transcripts of 1982 graduates to describe changes in course taking across this 5-year period. The analyses were based on approximately 22,700 transcripts of 1987 graduates selected for the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), and 12,000 transcripts of 1982 graduates who participated in the High School and Beyond study (see corresponding source note above in this appendix).

The sample of schools for the 1987 High School Transcript Study consisted of a nationally representative sample of 471 eligible secondary schools selected for the 1986 NAEP for grade 11 students, of which 433 schools participated. Only those students

who graduated from high school were selected from both studies. Handicapped students (those students receiving special education) were not included.

Further information can be obtained from:

Andrew Kolstad
Elementary/Secondary Outcomes Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5653

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

The Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) surveys all postsecondary institutions, including universities and colleges, as well as institutions offering technical and vocational education beyond the high school level. This survey, which began in 1986, will replace and supplement the previous one, the Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS). For a full description of the various programs contained in IPEDS, the reader is referred to a discussion of the various HEGIS programs outlined below. The following section is a brief overview of the IPEDS program.

The IPEDS consists of several integrated components that obtain information on who provides post-secondary education (institutions), who participates in it and completes it (students), what programs are offered and what programs are completed, and the resources involved in the provision of institutionally based postsecondary education, both human resources and financial resources. Specifically, these components include: institutional characteristics, including institutional activity; fall enrollment, including age and residence; fall enrollment in occupationally specific programs; completions; finance; staff; salaries of full-time instructional faculty; and academic libraries.

The higher education portion of this survey is a census of all education institutions. However, data from the other technical and vocational institutions are collected through a sample survey. Thus, some portions of the data will be subject to sampling and nonsampling errors, while some portions will be subject only to nonsampling errors. The tabulations on institutional characteristics developed for this edition of the *Digest* are based on lists of all institutions and are not subject to sampling errors.

Further information on IPEDS may be obtained from:

William Freund
Postsecondary Education Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5652



Higher Education General Information Survey

The Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS) was a coordinated effort administered by NCES which acquired and maintained statistical data on the characteristics and operations of institutions of higher education. Implemented in 1966, HEGIS was an annual universe survey of institutions listed in the latest NCES Education Directory, Colleges and Universities. It has since been replaced by the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (see above).

The information presented in this report drew on HEGIS surveys which solicited information concerning institutional characteristics, faculty salaries, finances, enrollment, and degrees. Since these surveys were distributed to all higher education institutions, the data presented were not subject to sampling error. However, they were subject to nonsam pling error, the sources of which varied with the survey instrument. Each survey is therefore discussed separately. Information concerning the nonsampling error of the "nrollment and degrees surveys draws extensively on the "HEGIS Post-Survey Validatior, Study" conducted in 1979.

Institutional Characteristics of Colleges and Universities

This survey provided the basis for the universe of institutions presented in the Education Directory, Colleges and Universities, and it was used in all other HEGIS data collection activities. The universe comprised institutions that offer at least a 1-year program of college-level studies leading toward a degree and that met certain accreditation criteria. In the fall, institutions included in the Directory the previous year received a computer printout of their information to update. All institutions reported were certified as eligible to be listed by the Division of Eligibility and Agency Evaluation within the U.S. Department of Education.

Opening Fall Enrollment in Colleges and Universities

This survey was part of the HEGIS series since its development. The enrollmer, survey response rate was relatively high; the 1985 response rate was 92 percent. Major sources of nonsampling error for this survey were classification problems, the unavailability of needed data, interpretation of definitions, the survey due date, and operational errors. Of these, the classification of students appears to have been the main source of error. Institutions had problems in correctly classifying first-time freshmen, other first-time students, and unclassified students for both full-time and part-time categories. These problems occurred most often at 2-year institutions (private and

public) and private 4-year institutions. In 1977-78, the classification problem led to an estimated overcount of 11,000 full-time students and an undercount of 19,000 part-time students. Although the ratio of error to the grand total was quite small (less than 1 percent), the percentage of errors was as high as 5 percent for detailed student levels and even higher at certain aggregation levels.

Beginning with fall 1986, the survey system was redesigned with the introduction of the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) (see above). The new survey system comprises all post-secondary institutions, but also maintains comparability with earlier surveys by allowing HEGIS institutions to be tabulated separately. The new system also provides for preliminary and revised data releases. This allows the Center flexibility to release early data sets while still maintaining a more accurate final data base.

Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Instructional Faculty

This survey has been conducted for most years from 1966-67 to 1987-88. Although the survey form was changed a number of times during those years, only comparable data are presented in this report. The data were collected from the individual colleges and universities.

This survey differed from other HEGIS surveys in that imputations were not made for nonrespondents. Thus, there is some possibility that the salary averages presented in this report may differ from the results of a complete enumeration of all colleges and universities. The response rate for the 1984-85 survey was 86.3 percent. The response rate for public colleges was substantially higher than the response rate for private colleges. It is probable that the public colleges' salary data were more accurate than the data for private colleges. Other sources of nonsampling error included computational errors and misclassification in reporting and processing. NCES checked individual colleges' data for internal and longitudinal consistency and contacted the colleges to check inconsistent data.

Earned Degrees Conferred

This survey was part of the HEGIS series throughout its existence. However, the degree classification taxonomy was revised in 1970-71 and 1982-83.

Though information from survey years 1970-71 through 1981-82 is directly comparable, care must be taken if information before or after that period is included in any comparison. Degrees-conferred trend tables arranged by the 1982-83 classification were added to the *Digest* to provide consistent data from 1970-71 to 1983-84. Data in this edition on associ-



ate and other formal awards below the baccalaureate, by field of study, are not comparable with figures for earlier years. The nonresponse rate did not appear to be a significant source of nonsampling error for this survey. The return rate over the years was extremely high, with the response rate for the 1983–84 survey at 95 percent. Because of the high return rate, nonsampling error caused by imputation was also minimal.

The major sources of nonsampling error for this survey were differences between the HEGIS program taxonomy and taxonomies used by the colleges, classification of double majors and double degrees, operational problems, and survey timing. In the 1979 validation study, these sources of nonsampling were found to contribute to an error rate of 0.3 percent overreporting of bachelor's degrees and 1.3 percent overreporting of master's degrees. The differences, however, varied greatly among fields. Over 50 percent of the fields selected for the validation study had no errors identified. Categories of fields that had large differences were business and management, education, engineering, letters, and psychology. It was also shown that differences in proportion to the published figures were less than 1 percent for most of the selected fields that had some errors. Exceptions to these were: master's and Ph.D. programs in labor and industrial relations (20 percent and 8 percent); bachelors's and master's programs in art education (3 percent and 4 percent); bachelor's and Ph.D. programs in business and commerce. and in distributive education (5 percent and 9 percent); master's programs in philosophy (8 percent); and Ph.D. programs in psychology (11 percent).

Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education

This survey was part of the HEGIS series throughout its existence. A number of changes were made in the financial survey instruments in 1975. In 1982 another change was made to include Pell Grants in Federal restricted grants and contracts revenues and restricted scholarships and fellowships expenditures. While these changes were significant, only comparable information on trends is presented in this report, except where noted. Finance tables for this publication have been adjusted by subtracting the Pell Grant amounts from the later data to maintain comparability with pre-1982 data.

Other possible sources of nonsampling error in the financial statistics were nonresponse, imputation, and misclassification. The response rate has been over 90 percent for most of the years reported. The response rate for the latest (fiscal year 1985) survey was 87.6 percent.

Two general methods of imputation were used. If the prior year's data were available for a nonre-

sponding institution, these data were inflated using the Higher Education Price Index and adjusted according to changes in enrollments. If no previous year's data were available, current data were used from peer institutions selected for location (State or region), control, level, and enrollment size of institution. For the most recent years reported, the imputation method did not include the adjustment for changes in enrollments, and new institutions which never reported to HEGIS surveys were not imputed. For the fiscal year 1985 survey, survey forms were mailed to 3,379 institutions. Reports were received from 2.959 institutions, and data for 370 institutions were estimated based on their fiscal year 1984 reports inflated by the Higher Education Price Index. The remaining 50 institutions were not imputed because they had never responded to HEGIS surveys. The imputed current-fund expenditures of the nonrespondents were generally less than 3 percent of the aggregate U.S. total.

To reduce reporting error, NCES used national standards for reporting finance statistics. These standards are contained in *Colleges and University Business Administration: Administrative Services* (1974 Edition), published by the National Association of College and University Business Officers; *Audits of Colleges and Universities* (as amended August 31, 1974), by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and *HEGIS Financial Reporting Guide* (1980), by NCES. Wherever possible, definitions and formats in the survey form are consistent with those in these three accounting texts,

Questions concerning the surveys used as data sources for this report or other questions concerning HEGIS can be directed to:

Postsecondary Education Statistics Division National Center for Education Statistics 555 New Jersey Avenue NW Washington, DC 20208-5652

National Assessment of Educational Progress

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) is a cross-sectional study designed and initially implemented in 1969. NAEP has gathered information about selected levels of educational achievement across the country. NAEP has surveyed the educational attainments of 9-, 13-, and 17-year-olds and young adults (ages 25-35) in 10 learning areas. Different learning areas have been assessed periodically, and all areas have been reassessed in order to measure possible changes in educational achievement.

The reading assessment presented in this publication was designed by the Education Commission of the States and conducted by the Educational Testing Service. Multistage probability samples were used.



The primary sampling units were stratified by region and, within region, by State, size of community, and, for the two smaller sizes of community strata, by socioeconomic level. Assessment exercises were administered either to individuals or to small groups of students by specially trained personnel.

Sample sizes for the reading proficiency portion of the 1983–84 NAEP study were 22,291 for the 9-year-olds, 22,693 for the 13-year-olds, and 25,193 for the 17-year-olds. Response rates were 92 percent, 90 percent, and 82 percent, respectively. Response rates for earlier years (1970–71, 1974–75, and 1979–80) were generally lower. For example, the lowest response rate for the 9-year-olds was 88 percent in 1974–75, and the lowest response rate over all was 70 percent for the 17-year-olds in 1974–75. Data on standard errors are provided in table A4.

The 1985-86 NAEP literature and U.S. history assessment data in this report are based on a nationally representative sample of nearly 8,000 eleventh graders.

The 1985–86 NAEP reading assessment was administered to a nationally representative sample of students in grades 3, 7, and 11 attending public and private schools across the Nation. Nearly 36,000 students participated. The results were based on 9,793 students at grade 3; 9,513 students at grade 7; and 16,510 students at grade 11.

The 1985-86 NAEP mathematics assessment was administered to 6,932 students age 9, 6,200 students age 13, and 3,868 students still in school at age 17. The 1985-86 NAEP science assessment was administered to 6,932 students age 9, 6,200 students age 13, and 3,860 students still enrolled in school at age 17.

The literacy assessment data used in this report are based on a nationally representative household sample of 21- to 25-year-olds. Blacks and Hispanics were oversampled to allow samples of sufficient size for reliable results. A total of 38,400 households were screened to locate 4,494 potential respondents. (No more than one person was surveyed from any one household.) Of the potential respondents, 3,618 young adults participated, resulting in a response rate of 80 percent. Table A5 contains standard errors for selected estimates.

The 1983-84 NAEP writing assessment used a stratified, three-stage sampling design. The first stage was counties (or aggregates of counties). The second stage was schools, and the third stage involved selecting students within the schools at random. The 1983-84 assessment included 24,437 students at age 9, 26,228 students at age 13, and 28,992 students at age 17.

Beginning in 1983-84, NAEP began sampling students by grade level as well as by age. The sample from which national writing assessment data were gathered included 14,047 students at grade 4, 21,850 students at grade 8, and 22,865 students at grade 11. Student response rates for grades 4, 8, and 11 were 91.3 percent, 87.3 percent, and 82.8 percent, respectively. Table A6 contains standard errors for selected estimates.

Students at each grade level/age were asked to complete from one to four different writing tasks out of a total of 15 tasks. The tasks were designed to assess a range of writing skills, including informative, persuasive, and imaginative writing. Each task was administered to a nationally probability sample of about 2.000 students.

Information from NAEP is subject to both nonsampling and sampling error. Two possible sources of nonsampling error are nonparticipation and instrumentation. Certain populations have been oversampled to assure samples of sufficient size for analysis. Instrumentation nonsampling error could result from failure of the NAEP assessment instruments to measure what is being taught and in turn what is being learned by the students. Standard errors for NAEP writing scale scores are presented in table A5. For further information on NAEP, contact:

Eugene Owen
Elementary/Secondary Outcomes Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5653

National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988

The National Educational Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88) is the third major longitudinal study sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics. The two studies that preceded NELS:88, the National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72), and High School and Beyond (HS&B) surveyed high school seniors (and sophomores in HS&B), through high school, postsecondary education, and work and family formation experiences. Unlike its predecessors though, NELS:88 begins with a cohort of eighth-grade students. In 1988, some 26,000 eighth graders, their parents, their teachers, and their school principals were surveyed. The first followup will revisit the same sample of students in 1990, when they are in the tenth arade.

NELS:88 is designed to provide trend data about critical transitions experienced by young people as they develop, attend school, and embark on their careers. It will complement and strengthen State and local efforts by furnishing new information on how school policies, teacher practices, and family involvement affect student educational outcomes (i.e., academic achievement, persistence in school, and par-



ticipation in postsecondary education). For the baseyear, NELS:88 is a multi-faceted study questionnaire and four cognitive tests, a parent questionnaire, a teacher questionnaire, and a school questionnaire.

Designed to insure that private schools, rural schools, and schools with high minority membership were adequately represented, sampling was first conducted at the school level and then at the student level within schools. Additionally, oversamples of students with Hispanic and Asian or Pacific Island heritage were drawn. The data represented in this edition of the *Digest* are drawn from a nationally representative sample of 1,000 schools (800 public schools; and 200 private schools, including parochial institutions). Within this school sample, 26,000 eighth-grade students were selected at random. Followups to this survey are to be conducted every 2 years, with the first followup occurring in 1990.

Further information about the NELS:88 survey can be obtained from:

Jeffrey Owings
Elementary and Secondary Outcomes Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5653

National Longitudinal Study

The National Longitudinal Study (NLS) of the high school class of 1972 began with the collection of base-year survey data from a sample of about 19,000 high school seniors in spring of 1972. Five more followup surveys of these students were conducted in 1973, 1974, 1976, 1979, and 1986. The NLS was designed to provide the education community with information on the transitions of young adults from high school through postsecondary education and the workplace.

The sample design for the NLS is a stratified, twostage probability sample of students from all schools. public and private, in the 50 States and the District of Columbia with a 12th-grade enrollment during the 1971-72 school year. During the first stage of sampling, about 1,070 schools were selected for participation in the base-year survey. As many as 18 students were selected at random from each of the sample schools. Both the size of the school and student samples were increased during the first followup survey. Beginning with the first followup and continuing through the fourth followup, about 1,300 schools participated in the survey and slightly under 23.500 students were sampled. The response rates for each of the different rounds of data collection have been 80 percent or higher.

Sample retention rates across the survey years have been quite high. For example, of the individuals responding to the base-year questionnaire, the per-

centages who responded to the first, second, third, and fourth followup questionnaires were about 94, 93, 89, and 83 percent, respectively.

Approximate standard errors for the percentage estimates based on NLS data reported in this publication may be estimated by the formula

$$se_p = DEFT \sqrt{p(100-p)/n}$$

where p is the estimated percentage and n is the sample size. DEFT is the root design effect factor used to adjust for the sample design used in NLS. For the first, second, and third followup surveys, the root design effect adjustment factors are 1.18, 1.16, and 1.20. Standard errors for the fourth followup survey data are adjusted by a generalized design effect factor of 1.20. Table A7 lists the approximate respondent counts for the classification variables used in this year's *Digest*. Table A8 gives examples of the approximate standard errors of percentage estimates based on the fourth followup survey for different sample sizes.

Further information may be obtained from:

Carl Schmitt
Postsecondary Education Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5652

National Postsecondary Student Aid Study

The National Center for Education Statistics conducted the National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) for the first time during the 1986–87 school year. This survey established the first comprehensive student financial aid database. Data were gathered from 1,074 postsecondary institutions and approximately 60,000 students and 24,000 parents. These data provided information on the cost of postsecondary education, the distribution of financial aid, and characteristics of both aided and non-aided students and their families. The survey also provided data on the distribution of financial aid, the nature of aid packages, and a profile of both aided and non-aided students.

In response to the continuing need for these data, NCES will conduct the second cycle of NPSAS for the 1989-90 school year. In addition to replicating the earlier study, the 1990 NPSAS will contain enhancements to the 1987 methodology that will fully meet the data needs of the financial aid community and of policymakers. Included also will be a general measure of ability level (e.g., SAT, ACT) for each first-time student sampled.

The 1990 in-school sample will involve about 70,000 students selected from registrar lists of en-



rollees at 1,200 postsecondary institutions. The sample will include both aided and non-aided students. Student information such as field of study, education level, and attendance status (part-time or full-time) will be obtained from registrar records. Types and amounts of financial aid and family financial characteristics will be abstracted from school financial aid records. Also, approximately 26,000 parents of students will be sampled. Data concerning family composition and parent financial characteristics will be compiled. Followup data collections are expected at 2-year intervals. Students enrolled in postsecondary education for the first time in 1990 will serve as the base for the longitudinal component of NPSAS.

Further information may be obtained from:

Sandra Garcia or Geraid Malitz
Postsecondary Education and Statistics Division
National Center for Educational Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5652

Survey on Principal's Perceptions of Academic Reform

This sample survey used the NCES Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), which is designed to gather timely information for policymakers. In October 1987, questionnaires were mailed to a national probability sample of 930 public high schools from a universe of approximately 14,500. A public high school was defined as any regular public school with a principal, enrollment in grade 12, and no pupils below grade 7. Questionnaires were completed by the high school principal. Data collection was completed in December with a response rate of 98 percent.

The sampling frame used for the survey was the 1985-86 Common Core of Data Universe of Public School Systems. States were classified by patterns of academic reforms, each of which might be present or absent, giving 64 patterns. Six possible reforms were examined. Twenty-seven patterns occurred and each of the 27 was used as a stratum. The survey data were weighted using the universe of the probability of selection as the weights, and were adjusted for nonresponse. Since the estimates were obtained from a sample of districts, they are subject to sampling variability. Estimates of standard errors for the estimates were computed using a replication technique known as jackknife replication. This survey is also subject to nonsampling error which can occur from a variety of sources such as differences in the respondents' interpretation of the meaning of the questions, differences related to the particular time the survey was conducted, or errors in data preparation. Considerable effort was made to eliminate

these biases. Thus, it appears unlikely that nonsampling errors severely biased the data from this survey.

For more information about this survey, contact:

Helen Ashwick
Elementary and Secondary Education
Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5651

1985-86 Private School Survey

The 1985-86 Private School Survey was based on the sampling system developed for the 1983 Private School Survey. The "1983 Private School Survey" was carried out in two parts, one based on a "list" frame and one based on an "area" frame. The area frame was used under the assumption that the lists available to NCES were not comprehensive and that list-building techniques applied to a sample of census areas would reveal some additional private schools. NCES started with the most complete list available, comprising some 21,000 schools, and updated it in 1983, based on review of new directories and other published sources. This effort resulted in a list of just under 27,000 schools. This frame was then stratified into 12 strata based on various combinations of religious affiliation and school level. A systematic sample of 1,320 schools was selected with probabilities equal to the square root of the enrollment of the school divided by the sum of the square roots of enrollment for all of the schools in the stratum. Inflating this sample provided an estimated universe, which was subsequently reduced by removing the estimated numbers of duplicates, nonrespondents, coding errors, and ineligibles. The final estimated list universe of schools was 21,710. The response rate for the list sample was 91 percent (1,074 of 1,176 schools), and the response rate for the area sample was 81 percent (733 of 901 schools).

For the area sample, the basic frame was a list of all counties reported from the 1980 census, adjusted so that independent cities were treated as counties and smaller counties were combined with other contiguous counties. This produced a list of 2,497 sampling units. These sampling units were stratified according to census region, in or out of a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA), and above or below the median private school enrollment for that region and SMSA status, yielding 16 strata. The final sample was a systematic one comprising 75 sampling units, 8 of which were drawn with certainty based upon populations exceeding 1.7 million in the 1980 census. The remaining units were selected with



probabilities proportionate to the square root of the population of the unit within the stratum.

For each of the sampling units in the area design, schools not overlapping with the list-frame schools were sought by reviewing directories of various types (e.g., private school organizations, telephone) and by telephoning officials, churches, chambers of commerce, and selected vendors, such as milk companies. This search produced 901 schools which met NCES criteria for functioning private schools. When weighted, these data inflated to approximately 6,000 schools nationally. Since the area frame was designed not to overlap with the list frame, results for the area sample were combined with those for the list sample.

A followup survey was conducted in 1985. The schools within the sampling areas were drawn from the lists of schools created in the same sample areas from the "1983 Private School Survey." Since the lists were not updated, schools established after 1983 were not generally eligible for sampling. The estimates for the 1985–86 study are valid for schools that were in existence in 1983. Some of the estimates contain extrapolations for newly established schools, based on assumptions made from the 1983 survey data:

During the fall of 1985, the principal of each sampled school was contacted to obtain the school's participation in the study and to sample up to 10 teachers at the school. During January 1986, questionnaires were mailed to schools and teachers. Followup for questionnaire and item nonresponse was conducted during the spring of 1986. Imputations were made for item nonresponse. Of the 1,387 eligible schools, 1,174 responded (85 percent). A total of 5,295 teacher questionnaires were completed, for a teacher response rate of 76 percent.

Additional information is available from:

Marilyn McMillen
Elementary and Secondary Education
Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5651

Projections of Education Statistics

Since 1964, NCES has published projections of key statistics for elementary and secondary schools and institutions of higher education. These projections include statistics such as enrollments, instructional staff, graduates and earned degrees. The *Projections* reports include several alternative projection series and a methodology section describing the techniques and assumptions used to prepare them. Data in this edition of the *Digest* reflect the intermediate projection series only.

Differences between the reported and projected values are, of course, almost inevitable. An evaluation of past projections revealed that, at the elementary and secondary level, projections of enrollments have been quite accurate: mean absolute percentage differences for enrollment were less than 1 percent for projections from 1 to 5 years in the future, while those for teachers were less than 4 percent. At the higher education level, projections of enrollment have been fairly accurate: mean absolute percentage differences were 5 percent or less for projections from 1 to 5 years into the future.

Since projections of time series are subject to errors both by the nature of statistics and the properties of projection methodologies, users are cautioned not to place too much confidence in the numerical values of the projections. Important, but unforeseeable, economic and social changes may lead to differences, particularly at the higher education level. Rather, projections are to be considered as indicators of broad trends.

For further information about projection methodology and accuracy, contact:

Debra E. Gerald
Crosscutting Education Statistics and Analysis
Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5650

1985 Survey of Public and Private School Libraries and Media Centers

Statistics of public school libraries have been collected periodically since 1958. Prior to 1985, the last survey was conducted in 1978. The 1978 survey form was substantially revised for the 1985 data collection, based on consultations with various associations and individuals, including the American Library Association and the American Association of School Librarians. This sample survey was conducted under contract to NCES. The survey forms were mailed to a nationally representative sample of 4,500 public schools in the fall of 1985 and to a sample of 1,700 private schools in January of 1986. Data collection continued throughout the 1985–86 school year until a response rate of 92 percent for public schools and 85 percent for private schools was attained.

Estimates in the library survey tables are based on samples and are subject to sampling variability. Caution should be exercised in interpreting figures based on a relatively small number of cases. Although the standard errors are quite low for most of the national statistics, they can be substantial when comparing data from State to State. In a number of States, budgets restricted sample sizes to 75. Table A1 gives standard errors for several representative sta-



tistics. For example, the national estimate of per pupil expenditures for books is \$6.24, and the standard error is \$.15. The chances are thus 95 out of 100 that the result from a complete census would differ from the estimate by less than \$.30 (1.96 times the standard error). The 95 percent confidence interval is thus \$5.94 to \$6.54.

Additional information on these school library studies is available from:

Jeffrey Williams
Elementary and Secondary Education
Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5651

Survey of Recent College Graduates

NCES has conducted periodic surveys of persons. about 1 year after graduation, to collect information on college outcomes. The Recent College Graduates surveys have concentrated on those graduates entering the teaching profession. To obtain accurate results on this subgroup, graduates who are newly qualified to teach have been oversampled in each of the surveys. The survey involves a two-stage sampling procedure. First, a sample of institutions awarding pachelor's and master's degrees is selected and stratified by percentage of education graduates, control, and geographic region. Then, for each of the selected institutions, a sample of degree recipients is chosen. The response rates on the Recent College Graduates survey have tended to be low because of the great difficulty in tracing the students after graduation. Much more of the nonresponse can be attributed to invalid mailing addresses than to refusals to participate. Despite their shortcomings, the data are presented in this report because they provide valuable information not available elsewhere about coliege outcomes. Users should be cautious about drawing conclusions based on data from small samples. It is also likely that the data are somewhat biased since the more mobile students, such as graduate students, are the most difficult to track for the survey.

The 1976 survey of 1974-75 college graduates was the first and smallest of the series. The sample consisted of 209 schools, of which 200 (96 percent) responded. Of the 5,506 graduates in the sample, 4,350 responded, for a response rate of 79 percent.

The 1981 survey was somewhat larger, with a coverage of 301 institutions and 15,852 graduates. Responses were obtained from 286 institutions, for an institutional response rate of 95 percent, and from 9,312 graduates (716 others were determined to be out of scope), for a response rate of 62 percent.

The 1985 survey requested data from 18,738 graduates from 404 colleges. Responses were obtained from 13,200 studen 3, for a response rate of 74 percent (885 were out of scope). The response rate for the colleges was 98 percent. The 1987 survey form was sent to 21,957 graduates. Responses were received from 16,878, for a response rate of 79.7 percent. Table A9 contains sample sizes for number of graduates, by field, for the 1976, 1981, 1985, and 1987 surveys.

Further information on this survey may be obtained from:

Joanell Porter
Postsecondary Education Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5652

Survey of School Discipline Policies and Practices

This sample survey used the NCES Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), which is designed to gather timely information for policymakers. In February 1985, questionnaires were mailed to a stratified national probability sample of 900 public junior and senior high schools, representing approximately 30,000 schools. About 60 schools were determined to be out of the scope for the survey since they did not have regular secondary school programs. The final sample represents an estimated 26,365 schools. The sample was allocated proportionately to the number of schools in each of four strata-junior high, senior high, combined, and other (including ungraded, vocational education, special education, and alternative schools). The survey form was completed by the school administrator (often the principal) most familiar with discipline policies of the school. The response rate for the survey was 93 percent. Responses were adjusted for nonresponse and weighted to national totals. Standard errors for selected items are shown in table A10 as a general guide to the precision of the numbers.

For more information about this survey contact:

Helen Ashwick
Elementary and Secondary Education
Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5651

Second International Mathematics Study

The "Second International Mathematics Study" was organized as a cooperative undertaking of research institutes in about 24 countries represented in the International Association for Evaluation of Educa-



tional Achievement (IEA). Sample surveys of two population groups were conducted during the 1981–82 school year in 20 countries. Data were collected from school administrators, teachers, and students.

"Population A" included all students in the grade in which the majority of students had attained the age of 13.0 to 13.1 years by the middle of the school year. In all countries, school enrollment is nearly universal at that age, which represents the final year of elementary school for most countries. For the United States, Population A was the eighth grade. For Japan and Hong Kong, the seventh grade was chosen for study because the cognitive mathematics tests were more appropriate for that grade level.

"Population B" was defined as all students who were in the terminal grade of secondary education and who were studying mathematics as a substantial part of their academic program, taking at least 5 hours of mathematics classes each week. In the United States, classes of precalculus and calculus were chosen. These classes represented about 12 percent of the total age group. In other countries, Population B represented between 6 and 50 percent of the age group.

About 20 countries' educational systems participated in the Population A survey and 15 systems participated in the Population B survey. The 35 samples ranged in size from 1,000 to 8,800 students.

Because of the variations in student curriculum, survey design, and other factors from country to country, the results of this survey should be used with care.

Further information on the sampling methodology and response rates is available from:

Larry E. Suter
Elementary/Secondary Outcomes Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5653

Second International Science Study

The "Second International Science Study" was organized by the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IEA). Sample surveys were conducted in 19 countries in 1970, and in the mid-1980s the same was done in 24 countries.

"Population 1" is defined as either 10-year-olds or all children in grades where most 10-year-olds were to be found in the system. This population was given a core test of 24 items.

"Population 2" is constituted in the same manner as Population 1, but the test population consists of 14-year-olds. This population was given a core test of 30 items.

"Population 3" includes science students in the terminal grade. This is grade 12 except for Ontario, Canada (English), England, Hong Kong, Singapore, and the technology track in Sweden, where it is grade 13. Population 3 consists of two groups: a) the group studying biology, chemistry or physics (these three subgroups are known as populations 3B, 3C, and 3P, respectively); and b) those students not studying science (population 3N) in the terminal grade.

Further information on the sampling methodology and response rates is available from:

Larry E. Suter
Elementary/Secondary Outcomes Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5653

State Survey on Substance Abuse Education

This survey used the NCES Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), which is designed to gather timely information for policymakers. In May of 1987, questionnaires were mailed to each State's coordinator of alcohol and drug abuse education, who was asked to have it completed by the person most knowledgeable about the State's substance abuse prevention activities. Surveys were mailed to the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data collection was completed in June with a response rate of 100 percent. Because this survey was a census and had a 100 percent response rate, sampling error is not a factor. However, nonsampling error can occur for a variety of reasons, such as differences in the respondents' interpretation of the meaning of the questions, differences related to the particular time the survey was conducted, or errors in data preparation. Considerable effort was made to eliminate these biases. Thus, it appears unlikely that nonsampling errors severely biased the data from this survey.

For more information about this survey, contact:

Helen Ashwick
Elementary and Secondary Education
Statistics Division
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20208-5651

District Survey on Substance Abuse Education

This sample survey, compiled by NCES, used the NCES Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), which is designed to gather timely information for policy-makers. In May of 1987, questionnaires were mailed to a national probability sample of 700 public school districts from a universe of approximately 15,300.



Questionnaires were mailed to the school district superintendents who were asked to have it completed by the person most knowledgeable about the district's substance abuse prevention activities. Data collection was completed in June with a response rate of 98 percent. The sampling frame used for the survey was the 1983-84 Common Core of Data, "Universe of Public School Systems." The sample was stratified by enrollment size and metropolitan status. Districts within a stratum were sampled with equal probability. The survey data were weighted to reflect these sampling rates and were adjusted for nonresponse. Since the estimates were obtained from a sample of districts, they are subject to sampling variability. Estimates of standard errors for the estimates were computed using a balanced halfsampling technique known as balanced repeated replications. This survey is also subject to nonsampling error which can occur for a variety of reasons. such as differences in the respondents' interpretation of the meaning of the questions, differences related to the particular time the survey was conducted, or errors in data preparation. Considerable effort was made to eliminate these biases. Thus, it appears unlikely that nonsampling errors severely biased the data from this survey.

For more information about this survey, contact:

Helen Ashwick Elementary and Secondary Education Statistics Division National Center for Education Statistics 555 New Jersey Avenue NW Washington, DC 20208-5651

Other Governmental Agencies Office for Civil Rights

Civil Rights Survey of Elementary and Secondary Schools

The Office for Civil Rights (OCR) of the U.S. Department of Education conducts biennial surveys of public school districts and of schools within those districts. Data are obtained on the characteristics of pupils enrolled in public schools throughout the Nation. Such information is required under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 in order for OCR to carry out compliance responsibilities. The 1988 survey included the 100 largest public school districts, those of special interest, i.e., court order, compliance review, and a stratified random sample of approximately 3,700 districts representing approximately 37,000 schools. The sample was stratified by State, district size, and estimated number of minority students.

Further information is available from:

Lawrence Bussey
Chief, Surveys Branch
Office for Civil Rights
U.S. Department of Education
330 C Street SW
Washington, DC 20202

The Office of Special Education and Rehabilitativo Services

Annual Report to Congress on the Implementation of the Education of the Handicapped Act

The Education of the Handicapped Act (EHA) requires the Secretary of Education to transmit to Congress annually a report describing the prograss in serving the Nation's handicapped children. The annual report contains information on children served by the public schools under the provisions of Part B of the EHA and for children served in Stateoperated programs (SOP) for the handicapped under Chapter I of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act (ECIA). Statistics on children receiving special education and related services in various settings and school personnel providing such services are reported in an annual submission of data to the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services (OSERS) by the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the outlying areas. The child count information is based on the number of handicapped children receiving special education and related services on December 1st of each year for EHA and October 1st for Chapter I of ECIA/SOP.

Since each participant in programs for the handicapped is reported to OSERS, the data are not subject to sampling error. However, nonsampling error can occur from a variety of sources. Some States follow a noncategorical approach to the delivery of special education services, but produce counts by handicapping condition because EHA-B requires it. In those States that do categorize their handicapped students, definitions and labeling practices vary.

Further information on the Annual Report to Congress may be obtained from:

Lou Danielson
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative
Services
Office of Special Education Programs
Room 3523, Switzer Building
330 C Street SW
Washington, DC 20202



National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students

As part of the 1983 amendments to the Education of All Handicapped Children Act (EHA), Congress requested that the U.S. Department of Education conduct a national longitudinal study of the transition of secondary special education students to determine how they fare in terms of education, employment, and independent living. A 5-year study was mandated, which was to include youth from ages 13 to 21 who were in special education at the time they were selected and who represented all 11 Federal disability categories. Data are drawn from extensive telephone interviews with parents, from school records, and from a survey of educators in secondary schools attended by youth in the study.

The study is being conducted by SRI International and began in April, 1987. The National Transition Study involves a nationally representative sample of more than 8,000 secondary-age youth with disabilities. A sample of 450 school districts was randomly selected from the universe of approximately 14,000 school districts serving secondary special education students. An additional replacement sample of 176 additional districts was selected due to a low of agreement to participate from the initial group of districts. Participation in the study was invited from the approximately 80 special schools serving secondaryage deaf, blind, and deaf-blind schools. A total of approximately 300 school districts and 25 special schools agreed to have youth selected for the study.

For further information about this study, centact:

Office of Special Education and Reh abilitative Services
Office of Special Education Programs
330 C Stree* SW
Washington, DC 20202

Bureau of the Census

Current Population Survey

Current estimates of school enrollment, as well as social and economic characteristics of students, are based on data collected in the Census Bureau's monthly household survey of about 60,000 households. The monthly Current Population Survey (CPS) sample consists of 729 areas comprising 1,973 counties, independent cities, and minor civil divisions throughout the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The sample was initially selected from the 1980 census files and is periodically updated to reflect ew housing construction.

The monthly CPS deals primarily with labor force data for the civilian noninstitutional population (i.e., excluding military personnel and their families living on post and inmates of institutions). In addition, in

October of each year, supplemental questions are asked about highest grade completed, level and grade of current enrollment, attendance status, number and type of courses, degree or certificate objective, and type of organization offering instruction for each member of the household. In March of each year, supplemental questions on persons' ir ome are asked. The responses to these questions are combined with answers to two questions on educational attainment: highest grade of school ever attended, and whether that grade was completed.

The estimation procedure employed for the monthly CPS data involves inflating weighted semple results to independent estimates of characteristics of the civilian noninstitutional population in the United States by age, sex, and race. These independent estimates are based on statistics from decennial censuses; statistics on births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the population in the armed services. Generalized standard error tables are provided in the *Current Population Reports*. The data are subject to both nonsampling and sampling errors.

Further information is available in the *Current Population Reports*. Series P-20, or by contacting:

Education and Social Stratification Branch
Population Division
Bureau of the Census
U.S. Department of Commerce
Washington, DC 20233

School Enrollment

Each October, the Current Population Survey (CPS) includes supplemental questions on the enrollment status of the population 3 years old and over. The rank sources of nonsampling variability in the responses to the supplement are those inherent in the survey instrument. The question of current enrollment may not be answered accurately for various reasons. Some respondents may not know current grade information for every student in the household. a problem especially prevalent for households with members in college or in nursery school. Confusion over college credits or hours taken by a student may make it difficult to determine the year in which the student is enrolled. Problems may occur with the definition of nursery school (a group or class organized to provide educational experiences for children), where respondents' interpretations of "educational experiences" varv.

Examples of sampling variability in the estimates of school enrollment rates are given in table A11.



Questions concerning the CPS "School Enrollment" survey may be directed to:

Education and Social Stratification Branch Bureau of the Census U.S. Department of Commerce Washington, DC 20233

Educational Attainment

Data on years of school completed are derived from two questions on the Current Population Survey (CPS) instrument. Formal reports documenting educational attainment are produced by the Bureau of the Census using March CPS results. The latest report is Educational Attainment in the United States, March 1987 and 1986, Series P-20, No. 415, which is available from the Government Printing Office.

In addition to the general constraints of the CPS, some data indicate that the respondents have a tendency to overestimate the educational level of members of their household. Some inaccuracy is due to a lack of the respondent's knowledge of the exact educational attainment of each household member and the hesitancy to acknowledge anything less than a high school education. Another cause of nonsampling variability is the change in the numbers in the armed services over the years. In 1970, 25 percent of all males 20 and 21 years old were in the armed services. By 1974, this had decreased to less than 10 percent. The exclusion of members of the armed services appears to increase the proportion of the CPS population with some college and decrease the proportion of those who finished high school but went no further. After 1974, there was more stability in the proportion of young men in the military.

Beginning with the data for March 1980, tabulations have been controlled to the 1980 census. Examples of the sampling variability in the estimates of educational attainment are given in table A12. The figures shown in the table hold for total or white population estimates only. The variability in estimates for subgroups (region, household relationships, etc.) can be estimated using the tables presented in *Current Population Reports*.

Questions concerning "Educational Attainment in the United States" may be directed to:

Education and Social Stratification Branch Bureau of the Census U.S. Department of Commerce Washington, DC 20233

Participation in Adult Education Survey

In May of 1963, 1972, 1975, 1978, 1981, and 1984, the Current Population Survey (CPS) included a supplemental inquiry on "Participation in Adult Education" (PAE). In addition to the questions on the CPS, interviewers asked if anyone in the household

17 years of age or older had participated in adult education in the 12-month period prior to the survey date. A survey form was filled out by the interviewer or left with a proxy member of the household for participants who were not at home at the time of the interview. In 1981, the supplement form was no longer left with the proxy but completed by the interviewer.

The PAE response rate of 94 percent in 1981 must be viewed in conjunction with the 96 percent response rate of the CPS. The overall response rate for the PAE survey in 1981 is then 90 percent. Examples of the sampling variability in the estimates from the PAE survey are given in tables A13 and A14.

The figures shown in the tables hold for total or white population estimates only. The variability in estimates for subgroups (employment status, income, education, etc.) can be estimated using the tables Current Population Reports.

Further information concerning the PAE survey may be obtained from:

Postsecondary Education Statistics Division National Center for Education Statistics 555 New Jersey Avenue NW Washington, DC 20208

Governmental Finances

The Census Bureau conducts an Annual Survey of Government Finances as authorized by law under Title 13, United States Code, Section 182. This survey covers the entire range of government finance activities: Revenue, expenditure, debt, and assets. Revenues and expenditures comprise actual receipts and payments of a government and its agencies including government-operated enterprises, utilities, and public trust funds. The expenditure reporting categories comprise all amounts of money paid out by a government and its agencies with the exception of amounts for debt retirement, and for loan, investment, agency, and private trust transactions.

Most of the Federal Government statistics for 1986 are based on figures for 1986 that appear in The Budget of the United States Government for the Fiscal Year 1988. Since the classification used by the Census Bureau for reporting State and local government finance statistics differs in a number of important respects from the classification used in the United States Budget, it was necessary to adjust the Federal data. For this report, Federal budget expenditures include interest accrued, but not paid, during the fiscal year; Census data on interest are on a disbursement basis.

The State government finances for 1986 are based primarily on the annual Census Bureau survey



of State finances for fiscal year 1986. Census staff compiled figures from official records and reports of the various States for most of the State financial data.

The sample of local governments is drawn from the 1982 Census of Governments and consists of certain local governments taken with certainty plus a sample below the certainty level.

The statistics in this Census report, Governmental Finances, that are based wholly or partly on data from the sample are subject to sampling error. State government finance data are not subject to sampling error. Estimates of major United States totals for local governments are subject to a computed sampling variability of less than one-half of 1 percent. The estimates are also subject to the inaccuracies in classification, response, and processing which would occur if a complete census had been conducted under the same conditions as the sample.

Further information can be obtained from:

Governments Division
Bureau of the Census
U.S. Department of Commerce
Washington, DC 20233

National Center for Health Statistics

Monthly Vital Statistics Report

Data in this report are based on the birth certificates in all States and the District of Columbia. The data are provided to the National Center for Health Statistics through the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program. In 1983 and 1984, the program included 46 States, accounting for 83 to 84 percent of all births in the United States. Data for Arizona, California, the District of Columbia, and Georgia were based on a 50 percent sample of birth certificates filed as far back as 1982.

Birth and fertility rates are based on population estimates by the Census Bureau. Birth and fertility rates for 1985 are based on the 1980 Census count.

Further information may be obtained from:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Public Health Services
National Center for Health Statistics
3700 East-West Highway
Hyattsville, MD 20782

National Institute on Drug Abuse

The National Institute on Drug Abuse of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services is the primary supporter of the long-term study entitled "Monitoring the Future: A Continuing Study of the Lifestyles and Values of Youth," conducted at the University of Michigan, Institute fc: Social Research. One component of the study deals with student drug

abuse. Results of a national sample survey have been published annually since 1975. Approximately 125 to 135 schools have participated each year. With the exception of 1975 when about 9,400 students participated in the survey, more than 15,000 students have participated in the survey annually. For the class of 1988, about 16,300 students responded to the survey. Over the years, the response rate has varied from 77 to 84 percent. Table A\(\)5 provides examples of the survey's sampling error.

The data in this survey represent only high school seniors. Understandably, there will be some reluctance to admit illegal activities. Also, students who were out of school on the day of the survey were nonrespondents. The survey did not include high school dropouts. The inclusion of these two groups would tend to increase the proportion of individuals who had used drugs. A 1983 study found that the inclusion of the absentees could increase some of the drug usage estimates by as much as 2.7 percent. (Details on that study and its methodology were published in Drug Use Among American High School Students. College Students, and Other Young Adults. by Lloyd D. Johnston, Patrick M. O'Malley, and Jerald G. Bachman, available from the National Clearinghouse on Drug Abuse Information, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.)

Further information on this survey may be obtained from:

National Institute of Drug Abuse Division of Epidemiology and Statistical Analysis 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20857

National Science Foundation

Survey of Earned Doctorates Awarded in the United States

The Sulvey of Earned Doctorates Awarded in the United States has collected basic statistics from the universe of doctoral recipients in the United States each year since the 1920s. It has been supported by five Federal agencies: the National Science Foundation, in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Education; the National Endowment for the Humanities; the United States Department of Agriculture; and the National Institute of Health.

A survey form is distributed, with the assistance of graduate deans, to each person completing the requirements for a doctorate. Of the approximately 31,000 persons eligible for the survey, approximately 95 percent respond. The questionnaire obtains information on sex, race/ethnicity, marital status, citizenship, handicaps, dependents, specialty field of doctorate, educational institutions attended, time spent in completion of doctorate, financial support, educa-



tional debt, postgraduation plans, and educational attainment of parents. The data are collected, edited, and published by the National Academy of Sciences.

For further information contact:

Susan Hill National Science Foundation 1800 G Street NW Washington, DC 20550

Federal Obligations to Colleges and Universities and Selected Nonprofit (a) stitutions

Each year, the National Science Foundation collects data on obligations to colleges and universities from Federal agencies. Obligations differ from expenditures in that funds obligated during one fiscal year may be spent by the recipient in later years. The fiscal year 1987 data were submitted by 15 Federal agencies. Obligation amounts include direct Federal support, so that amounts subcontracted to other institutions are included. Those funds received through subcontracts are excluded. Also excluded from the data are certain types of financial assistance, such as the Department of Education's Guaranteed Student Loan Program and obligations to the U.S. service academies. For purposes of tabulations in this publication, university administered federally funded research and development centers (FFRDCs) have been included in appropriate State totals.

The universe of academic institutions for this survey is based on the Higher Education General Information Survey conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics (see above). Institutions without Federal support were excluded and some systems were combined into single reporting units.

Further information on this survey may be obtained from Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions. published by the National Science Foundation, or by contacting:

Universities and Nonprofit Institutions Study Group Division of Science Resources Studies National Science Foundation, Room L-602 Washington, DC 20550

Survey of Scientific and Engineering Expenditures at Universities and Colleges

The universe for this survey included 563 institutions in the United States and outlying areas that had a master's or doctor's degree program in the sciences or engineering. In addition, schools that had \$50,000 or more in separately budgeted research and development expenditures and the 19 federally funded research and development centers were included. Altogether, these institutions represented approximately 99 percent of all college and university research and development.

The survey instrument has remained essentially unchanged in recent years to facilitate consistent responses. The field of study details match the standard field codes in the Classification of Instructional Programs, published by NCES. The response rate for the 1982 survey was 81 percent. The remaining institutions were imputed. The imputation amounted to only 6 percent of the total expenditures reported. since the nonrespondents tended to be smaller institutions. The survey process included a verification procedure in which trend data for the past two reports and the current survey were sent to each institution. The institutions were given an opportunity to amend the current and past figures. These revisions have been incorporated in the National Science Foundation database.

Furthe: information on this survey may be obtained from *Academic Science/Engineering, Pl&D Funds*, published by the National Science Foundation, or by contacting:

Universities and Nonprofit Institutions Study Group Division of Science Resources Studies National Science Foundation, Room L-602 Washington, DC 20550

Other Organization Sources

American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education

The Committee on Flesearch and Information of the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education (AACTE) initiated the Research About Teacher Education (PATE) Project in 1985. The project is devoted to collecting information about institutions of higher education that engage in teacher education. The data in the report, Teaching Teachers: Facts and Figures, were culled from analyses of three survey instruments-institutional, faculty, and student. Archival data from institutions covered the 1985 calendar year. Self-reported perceptual and factual data from faculty and students were collected in spring 1986. The institutions were selected from a stratified random sample of the 713 member institutions of AACTE in 1985. The institutions were stratified according to the highest degree offered within the school, college, or department of education. Thirty institutions were randomly selected from each stratum for a total of 90 institutions. Of these, 76 institutions provided complete data, representing 84 percent of the sample.

To provide a more complete picture, surveys were administered to 360 education faculty and 900 students. These groups were drawn from secondary education methods courses. The current report contains data from 215 faculty and 876 students.



For those interested in more technical information from the RATE Project, supporting documentation for this report is available from:

American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education One Dupont Circle Suite 610 Washington, DC 20036-2412

American College Testing Program

The American College Testing (ACT) Assessment is designed to measure educational development in the areas of English, mathematics, social studies, and natural sciences. The ACT Assessment is taken by college-bound high school students and the test results are used to predict how well students might perform in college.

Prior to the 1984-85 school year, national norms were based on a 10 percent sample of the students taking the test. Since then, national norms are based on the test scores of all students taking the test. Moreover, beginning with 1984-85 these norms have been based on the most result ACT scores available from students scheduled to graduate in the spring of the year. Duplicate test records are no longer used to produce national figures.

Separate ACT standard scores are computed for English, mathematics, social studies, and natural science. ACT standard scores are reported for each subject area on a scale from 1 to 36. The four ACT standard scores have a mean (average) of about 19 and a standard deviation of about 6 for college-bound students nationally. A composite score is obtained by taking the simple average of the four standard scores and is an indication of student's overall academic development across these subject areas.

It should be noted that college-bound students who take the ACT Assessment are not representative in some respects of college-bound students nationally. First, students who live in the Midwest, Rocky Mountains and Plains, and the South are overrepresented among ACT-tested students as compared with college-bound students nationally. Second, ACT-tested students tend to enroll in public colleges and universities more frequently than do college-bound students nationally.

For further information, contact:

The American College Testing Program 2201 North Dodge Street P.O. Box 168 Iowa City, IA 52243

American Federation of Teachers

The American Federation of Teachers (AFT) reports national and State average salaries and earn-

ings for teachers, other school employees, government workers, and professional employees over the past 25 years. The AFT's survey of State departments of education obtains information on minimum salaries, experier:ced teachers reentering the classroom, and teacher age and experience. Most data from the survey are reported as received, although some data are confirmed by telephone. These data are available in the AFT's annual report Salary and Analysis of Salary Trends. While serving as the primary vehicle for reporting the results of the AFT's annual survey of State departments of education, several other data sources are also used in this report.

Further information on this survey can be obtained from:

American Federation of Teachers 555 New Jersey Avenue NW Washington, DC 20001

The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching

The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching (CFAT) conducted the National Survey of Public School Teachers in the spring of 1987. The survey was mailed to 40,000 public elementary and secondary school teachers in all 50 States. Questionnaires were returned by 21,698 teachers, representing a response rate of 54.3 percent. Elementary teachers compose 29.6 percent (11,827) of the sample and secondary teachers make up 29.1 percent (11,651). Some of the teachers taught at both levels.

A stratified random sample design was used. The total survey size is composed of simple random samples from each State. Each survey response was weighted based on the level and State of the responding teacher. The maximum sampling error tor this survey is less than plus or minus 1 percent for the total sample. In general, more than 95 percent of the teachers who returned the questionnaire answered each question.

Results from this survey may be found in, *Teacher Involvement in Decisionmaking: A State-By-State Profile and The Condition of Teaching: A State-By-State Analysis, 1988.* For additional information on the data obtained from this survey, contact:

Robert Hochstein
The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of
Teaching
1775 Massachusetts Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20036

College Entrance Examination Board

The Admissions Testing Program of the College Board comprises a number of college admissions tests, including the Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test (PSAT) and the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT). High school students participate in the testing program as sophomores, juniors, or seniors—some more than once during these 3 years. If they have taken the tests more than once, only the most recent scores are tabulated. The PSAT and SAT report subscores in the areas of mathematics and verbal ability.

The SAT results are not representative of high school students or college-bound students nationally since the sample is self-selected. Generally, tests are taken by students who need the results to attend a particular college or university. The State totals are greatly affected by the requirements of its State colleges. Public colleges in a number of States require ACT scores rather than SAT scores. Thus, the proportion of students taking the SAT in these States is very low and is inappropriate for any comparison. In recent years, about 1 million high school students have taken the examination annually.

Further information on the SAT can be obtained from:

College Entrance Examination Board Educational Testing Service Princeton, NJ 08541

Council for Aid to Education

The Council for Aid to Education, Inc. (CFAE) is a not-for-profit corporation funded by contributions from business. CFAE sponsors public service campaigns and provides consulting and research services on voluntary support for education institutions. Each year, CFAE conducts a survey of colleges and universities and private elementary and secondary schools to obtain information on the amounts, sources, and purposes of private gifts, grants, and bequests received during the academic year. In the 1986-87 study, survey forms were sent to approximately 2,800 colleges and universities and 1,174 responded, which was 1.7 percent below the 1985-86 level. The response rates were much higher for the 4-year colleges than for the 2-year colleges. For example, 90 percent of the doctoral-level institutions and 63 percent of the comprehensive and general baccalaureate colleges participated in the survey. CFAE estimates that about 85 percent of all voluntary support is reported in the survey because of the high participation of institutions receiving large amounts of funding. Survey forms are reviewed by CFAE for internal consistency before preparing a computerized database. Institutional reports of voluntary support data from the CFAE "Survey of

Voluntary Support of Education" are more comprehensive and detailed than the related data in the "Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education" survey conducted by NCES. The results from the "Survey of Voluntary Support of Education" are published in the annual Voluntary Support of Education. which may be purchased from CFAE.

Further information is available from:

Director of Research Council for Aid to Education, Inc. 680 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10019

Council of Chief State School Officers

The Council of Chief State School Officers (CCSSO) is a nationwide nonprofit organization of the 57 public officials who head departments of public education in every State, U.S. outlying areas, the District of Columbia, and the Department of Defense Dependents Schools. In 1985, the CCSSO founded the State Education Assessment Center to provide a locus of leadership by the States to improve the monitoring and assessment of education. State Education Indicators, 1988 is the principle report of the Assessment Center's program of indicators on education. Most of the data is obtained from a member questionnaire; the remainder of the data is obtained from Federal Government agencies.

For additional information on this report, contact:

Ramsay Selden
State Education Assessment Center
Council of Chief State School Officers
379 Hall of States
400 North Capitol Street NW
Washington, DC 20001

Council of State Directors of Programs for the Gifted

The Council of State Directors of Programs for the Gifted is comprised of the director or individual in the leadership position for gifted education in each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the outlying areas. They have conducted many surveys in the past and most recently have conducted two comprehensive State surveys in order to gain a profile of gifted education throughout the Nation. These data are reported in the 1985 and 1987 "State of the States Gifted and Talented Education" reports. This edition of the Digest uses data from the 1986-87 school year. Responses for the 1986-87 survey were received from all 50 States, Puerto Rico, and Guam. The Council is in the process of deciding whether future surveys will be conducted annually or biennially.



Further information is available from:

Nancy Lullenbill, President
Council of State Directors of Programs for the Gifted
Office of Public Instruction
Room 106, State Capitol
Helena, MT 59620

Education Commission of the States

The Education Commission of the States (ECS) Clearinghouse collects information on laws and standards in the field of education and reports them periodically in "Clearinghouse Notes." They collect information about administrators, principals, and teachers. They also examine policy areas, such as assessment and testing, collective bargaining, early childhood issues, quality education, and school schedules. The information is collected by reading State newslatters, tracking State legislation, and surveying the State education agencies. Data are verified by the individual States when necessary. Even though ECS monitors State activity on a continuous basis, they update the reports only when there is significant change in State activity.

Further information is available from:

Melody Bush or Chris Pipho Education Commission of the States 1860 Lincoln Street, Suite 300 Denver, CO 80295

Gallup Poli

Each year the Gallup Poll conducts the "Public Attitudes Toward the Public Schools" survey, funded by Phi Delta Kappa. The survey includes interviews with over 1,600 adults representing the civilian non-institutional population 16 years old and over.

The sample used in the 20th annual survey was made up of a total of 2,118 respondents and is described as a modified probability sample of the Nation. Personal, in-home interviewing was conducted in representative communities of the Nation.

The survey is a sample survey and is subject to sampling error. The size of error depends largely on the number of respondents providing data. Table A16 shows the approximate sampling errors associated with different percentages and sample sizes for the survey. Table A17 also provides approximate sampling errors for comparisons of two sample percentages.

For example, an estimated percentage of about 10 percent based on the responses of 1,000 sample members has an approximate sampling error of 2 percent at the 95 percent confidence level. The sampling error for the difference in two percentages (50 percent versus 41 percent) based on two samples of 750 members and 400 members, respectively, is about 8 percent at the 95 percent confidence level.

Table A17 contains approximate sampling errors for the difference in two percentages.

Further information on this survey can be obtained from:

Gallup Poll Phi Delta Kappa P.0. Box 789 Bloomington, IN 47402-0789

Independent Sector

In 1988, Independent Sector commissioned the Gallup Organization to conduct a national survey on the giving and volunteering behavior of Americans. This survey is the beginning of a series of surveys that will be conducted every 2 years. The information was obtained from in-home personal interviews conducted from March 8 to Merch 22, 1988, with a representative national sample of 2,775 adult Americans 18 years of age or older. The sampling procedure did not include those with incomes above \$200,000 because they constitute such a small percentage of the population.

The results from this survey are published in Giving and Voiunteering in the United States and may be purchased from:

Independent Sector 1828 L Street NW Washington, DC 20036

institute of international Education

Each year the Institute of International Education (IIE) conducts a survey of the number of foreign students studying in American colleges and universities and reports these data in Open Doors, an annual publication. All of the regionally accredited institutions in the Education Directory, Colleges and Universities published by NCES are surveyed by IIE. The data presented in the Digest are drawn from the IIE two-part survey. The first part of the survey requests the total enrollment of foreign students in an institution. For the 1984-85 survey, 2,766 out of 2,833 (98 percent) institutions surveyed reported data for the first part of the survey. The second part of the questionnaire asked for information on student characteristics, such as country of origin. The response rate for this portion of the study was 91 percent in 1984-85. For those institutions not reporting data for part two of the survey, distributions by country of origin. were estimated by applying distributions from the reporting institutions.

Additional information can be obtained from the publication *Open Doors* or by contacting:



Alfred Julian Institute of International Education 809 United Nations Plaza New York. NY 10017

Narket Data Retrieval

Market Data Retrieval (MDR) is a market research company that compiles mailing lists of schools and school districts. MDR also conducts special analyses of school characteristics. In recent years, MDR has conducted surveys of computer use in public and private schools.

During its annual summer survey of public school districts, MDR included questions on computer use in public schools. All school districts were contacted about the number of their schools using computers. In the fall, an additional mail survey was conducted to gather more information on the number and type of computers being used. Data on computer utilization were reported for 86 percent of public schools. These data were used to generate State-by-State estimates which were aggregated to construct a national total.

Private school data were compiled through mail and telephone surveys during the middle of the 1982-83 and 1983-84 school years. The 1983-84 response rate for the Catholic schools was 96 percent, and the rate for the other private schools was 89 percent.

Further information on these surveys may be obtained from:

Market Data Retrieval 16 Progress Drive Shelton, C. 06484

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company

The 1988 "Metropolitan Life Survey of the American Teacher" was conducted by Louis Harris and Associates for Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. A total of 1,208 telephone interviews were conducted during April-June, 1988. The teachers came from all types of public schools throughout the United States. For earlier surveys in 1985, 1986, and 1987 the sample sizes were 1,846, 1,602 and 1,022, respectively.

The survey sample was drawn at random from a list of 1.2 million current teachers compiled by Market Data Retrieval. Sample sizes for completed interviews were set for each State, based on the proportion of elementary and secondary public school classroom teachers in the State. The State sample sizes were based on statistics published by the National Center for Education Statistics.

Each selected current teacher was contacted at his or her school and requested to participate in the survey. Thirty-one percent of the teachers contacted

(or with whom a mes age was left) participated in the survey. Of the teachers who were successfully contacted by Louis Harris and Associates and who were eligible to participate in the survey, 84 percent completed the interview. While the "interview completion rate" is just as high as or higher than in previous survey years, the "contact success rate" is lower than the typical 50 percent level experienced in past years.

In 1987, the survey sought the views of parents of public school children. Telephone interviews were conducted with 2,011 randomly selected parents across the Nation during May and June, 1987. Approximately 9,000 households were screened in order to obtain the required sample size. The overall completion rate for the survey was 75 percent of the eligible households reached.

The parent survey was based on a sample of the civilian population of the continental United States. The sample was stratified by geographic region and metropolitan versus nonmetropolitan residence. Households were selected via random-digit-dialing procedures.

Tables A18 and A19 show the sampling errors that apply to the percentages presented in this publication. The tables also display the sampling tolerances involved in the comparison of percentage results from different surveys or from different subsamples. For the *Digest* table which compares the beliefs of white, black, and Hispanic parents, the sample sizes for these racial/ethnic groups were 1,573, 211, and 150, respectively.

Further information on this survey may be obtained from:

Metropolitan Life Survey of the American Teacher Metropolitan Life Insurance Company One Madison Avenue New York, NY 10010

National Association of Secondary School Principals

The National Association of Secondary School Principals (NASSP) survey is the third in a series of national studies of high school principals dating back to 1965. The major purpose of this study is to analyze and describe high school leaders and their schools.

A sample of 1,028 secondary schools was randomly drawn from NASSP's national database of all American schools with grade 12. Survey forms were mailed in early 1987. A preliminary analysis of the returns indicated a disproportionate response rate, primarily from smaller schools in the Midwest. A second set of surveys was mailed in late March of 1987 and targeted by zip codes to redress the imbalance in preliminary returns. In all, 1,544 survey forms



were sent and 716 were returned by principals. The response rate for principals was 46 percent.

Further information on this survey may be obtained from *High School Leaders and Their Schools* or by contacting:

National Association of Secondary School Principals 1904 Association Drive Reston, VA 22091

National Association of State Scholarship and Grant Programs

The National Association of State Scholarship and Grant Programs (NASSGP) is an association of States with general programs of scholarship or grant assistance for undergraduate study. Executive officers responsible for grant program administration represent each State in the Association. The publication of the 19th Annual Survey Report: 1987–88 Academic Year represents the eighth year that the Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency has produced the NASSGP annual report. Data are reported for all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

For more information on this survey, contact:

Jerry S. Davis
Research and Statistics
Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency
Towne House
660 Boas Street
Harrisburg, PA 17102

National Education Association

Estimates of School Statistics

The National Education Association (iNEA) reports enrollment, expenditure, revenue, graduate, teacher and instructional staff salary data in its annual publication, Estimates of School Statistics. Each year NEA prepares regression-based estimates of financial and other education statistics and submits them to the States for verification. Generally about 30 States adjust these estimates based on their own data. These preliminary data are published by NEA along with revised data from previous years. States are asked to revise previously submitted data as final figures become available. The most recent publication contains all changes reported to the NEA.

Further information on NEA surveys can be obtained from:

National Education Association—Research 1201 16th Street NW Washington, DC 20036

Status of the American Public School Teacher

The "Status of the American Public School Teacher" survey is conducted every 5 years by the National Education Association (NEA). The survey was designed by the NEA Research Division and initially administered in 1956. The intent of the survey is to solicit information covering various aspects of public school teachers' professional, family, and civic lives

Participants for the survey are selected using a two-stage sample design, with the first-stage stratum determined by the number of students enrolled in the districts. Selection probabilities are determined so that the resulting sample is self-weighting. In 1985–86, a sample of 1,998 was selected from the approximately 2,207,000 public school teachers. The sample was adjusted to 1,784 to reflect the 214 responses that were unusable because the respondent could not be located or the respondent was not a teacher. After followup procedures, 1,291 usable replies were obtained, yielding a response rate of 72 percent.

Possible sources of nonsampling errors are nonresponses, misinterpretation, and—when comparing data over years—changes in the sampling method and instrument. Misinterpretation of the survey items should be minimal, as the sample responding is not from the general population but one knowledgeable about the area of concern. Since the sampling procedure changed after 1956, and some wording of items has changed over the different administrations, care is taken to present only comparable data.

Since sampling is used, sampling variability is inherent in the data. An approximation to the maximum standard error for estimating the population percentages is 1.4 percent. To estimate the 90 percent confidence interval for population percentages, the maximum standard error of 1.4 percent is multiplied by 1.65 (1.4 x 1.65). The resulting percentage (2.3) is added and subtracted from the population estimate to establish upper and lower bounds for the confidence interval. For example, if a sample percentage is 60 percent, there is a 90 percent chance that the population percentage lies between 57.7 percent and 62.3 percent (60 percent ± 2.3 percent). If comparisons of two percentages are to be made, table A20 gives maximum differences for significance at the 90 percent confidence level.

Questions concerning the "Status of the American Public School Teacher" survey may be directed to:

National Education Association—Research 120l 16th Street NW Washington, DC 20036



Planned Parenthood

Planned Parenthood commissioned Louis Harris and Associates to conduct two polls for them; one in 1986 and one in 1988.

The 1986 poll asked a representative sample of American teenagers, age 12 through 17, about their views on teenage pregnancy. In the survey, conducted during September and October, 1986, Louis Harris and Associates interviewed 1,000 teenagers in their homes across the country. A national area probability sample of locations was drawn and interviewers were sent to pre-designated locations. Although black and Hispanic teenagers were oversampled, (the sample contains 451 whites, 341 blacks, and 208 Hispanics), the final results have been weighted to reflect the actual racial composition of the United States. Results from the survey are published in American Teens Speak: Sex, Myths, TV, and Birth Control.

In May 1988, Louis Harris and Associates interviewed a national sample of adults (18 years of age and older) by telephone on the issues of teenage pregnancy, parental and school involvement in sex education, and birth control services and methods. The interviewers surveyed a total of 1,250 randomly selected adults from the civilian populatic of the United States. The data were weighted to bring the sample in line with the latest Census Bureau population estimates. Final results are published in Public Attitudes Toward Teenage Pregnancy. Sex Education and Birth Control.

To obtain copies of these publications or further information, contact:

Planned Parenthood Federation of America 810 Seventh Avenue New York, NY 10019

United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization

Statistical Yearbook

The United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) conducts annual surveys of education statistics of its member coun-

tries. Besides official surveys, data are supplemented by information obtained by UNESCO through other publications and sources. Each year more than 200 countries reply to the UNESCO surveys. In some cases, estimates are made by UNESCO for particular items such as world and continent totals. While great efforts are made to make the data as comparable as possible, the data still reflect the yast differences among the countries of the world in the structure of education. While there is some agreement about the reporting of first- and second-level data, the third level (postsecondary education) presents numerous substantial problems. Some countries report only university enrollment while other countries report all postsecondary, including vocational and technical schools and correspondence programs. A very high proportion of some countries' third-level students attend institutions in other countries. While definitional problems are many ir. this sort of study, other survey problems should not be overlooked. The member countries that provide data to UNESCO are responsible for the validity of their data. Thus, data for particular countries are subject to nonsampling error and perhaps sampling error as well. Some countries may furnish only rough estimates while data from other countries may be very accurate. Other difficulties are caused by the varying periodicity of data collection among the countries of the world. In spite of such problems, many researchers use UNESCO data because they are the best available. Users should examine foctnotes carefully to recognize some of the data limitations.

More complete information may be obtained from the *Statistical Yearbook* published by UNESCO or from:

Office of Statistics UNESCO Place de Fontenoy 75700 Paris France



Table A1.—Selected standard errors for selected items in the "1985 Survey of Public and Private School Libraries and Media Centers"

to the substitute of the subst	Fall	0	95% confidence interval		
Items for public school libraries	Estimate	Standard error	Lower	Upper	
Percent of achools having library/media centers					
All schools.	93.5	0.54	92.4	94.6	
Secondary schools	98.0	0.97	96.1	99.9	
Schools with 500 to 699 pupils	98.5	0.39	97.7	99.3	
Average expenditure per pupil for books					
All schools	\$6.24	0.1524	\$5.94	\$6.54	
Secondary schools	7.40	0.3253	6.77	8.04	
Schools with 700 to 999 pupils	4.67	0.1743	4.33	5.01	
Average book volumes held per pupil					
All schools	20.3	0.3784	19.5	21.0	
Elementary and combined schools	20.6	0.4275	19.8	21.5	
Schools with over 2,000 pupils	9.5	0.3782	8.7	10.2	



Table A2.—Respondent counts for selected High School and Beyond surveys

Classification vanable and subgroup	Followup survey of 1980 sophomores in 1982	Followup survey of 1980 seniors in 1982	Followup survey of 1980 sophomores in 1984	Followup survey of 1980 seniors in 1984	Followup survey of 1980 sophomores in 1986	Followup survey of 1980 seniors in 1986
Total respondents (unweighted)	25,830	11,227	11,463	10,925	11,248	10,536
Sex				10,020	11,24	10,000
Male	12,717	5 040				
Female	13,113	5,213	5,514	5,058	5,391	4,832
Race/ethnicity	10,110	6,014	5,949	5,867	5,857	5,704
White, non-Hispanic	47.005					
Black, non-Hispanic		5,180	7,285	5,057	7,194	5,246
Hispanic	3,338	2,724	1,651	2,825	1,585	2,726
Asian or Pacific Islander	4,439 413	2,749 367	1,795	2,654	1,745	1,950
American Indian or Alaskan	713	307	425	355	413	356
Native	248	191	253	405		
Other or unclassified	97	16	253 54	185	246	200
Socioeconomic status composite (SES) 1	"		34	49	65	58
Low	6.752	2040		1		
Low-middle	6,234	3,940 2,390	2,831	3,857	2,751	3,668
High-middie	6,134	2,168	2,824	2,314	2,559	2,289
High	8,341	1,988	2,849 3,086	2,107	2,817	1,995
Unclessified	389	741	73	1,936	3,044	1,900
Father's highest level of education		771)	,3	711 j	77	684
Less than high school	5,179			İ		
High school graduate 2	11,961			-	-	_
College graduate 3	5,169		_	-	-	_
Don't know/missing	3,521	_		-1	-1	_
High school program (self-reported)	-,			-1	_	_
Academic	10,152	4,145	0.547			
General	8,789	3.829	6,547 3,468	4,907	-	3,899
Vocational	6,664	2,660	3,466	3,764		3,602
Unclassified	225	593	56	2,581	-	2,481
ligh school type		333	30	573	-1	554
Public	_	9,969	8,647	9,727		
Catholic	-	964	2,479	911	_	9,385
Other private		294	337	287		876 275
Postsecondary education status 4				20,	_	2/5
Full-time	-		4,466	_1		
Part-time	-1]	3,275	_		_
Never enrolled	-	-1	3,678	_ [_	_
Miraing/unclassified	-		44		<u> </u>	_
Ciuber 1980 postsecondary education attendance			1	[_
status					1	
Part-time 2-year public Institution	-		-		_	352
Fart-time 4-year public institution	-	-	-	_		152
Full-time 2-year public institution	-		-	-1	_	1,312
Full-time 4-year public institution	-	[-		_	1,986
Full-time 4-year private institution		-	-		-	1,015
Other and mission	-	-1	-	-	_	4,523
Other and missing	[-1	-	-1	-	1,196
ostsecondary education plans		ĺ				
No plans	-	-	-	-	-1	1,623
Attend college less than four years	-	-	-	-		1,835
Earn bachelor's degree	-	-	-1	-1	-1	1,528
Earn advanced degree	-	~-	-	-1	-	2,631
Missing			-1	-1	-1	2,265
articipation in high achael autocompanion and a	-	-	-			654
articipation in high school extracurricular activities 5 Never participated			1	1	ĺ	
Participated as a member	-1	-	-	-	_!	1,024
Participated as a leader	_	-		-1	-1	4,104
	- 1		_	i		4,457

¹The SES index is a composite of five equally-weighted measures father's education, mother's education, family income, father's occupation, and presence of certain items in the respondent's household and all controls at a vocational, trade, or business school, or 2-year college; or attendance at a 4-year college resulting in less than a bachelor's

Pincludes those with a bachelor's or higher level degree

*Responses to questions concerning participation in each of 15 different extracurricular activity areas (i.e., varsity sports, debate, band, subject-matter clubs, etc.) were used to classify students' overall level of participation in extracurricular activities. The difference between sum of the three category respondent counts and the total sample size is due to missing data.

⁻Data not applicable.

NOTE: -Data from students who dropped out of school between the 10th and 12th grades were not used in analyses of sophomore samples.



⁴Postsecondary education status was determined by students' enrollment in academic or vocational study during the four semesters—fall 1982, spring 1983, fall 1983, and spring 1984—following their scheduled high school graduation. Students who enrolled in full-time study in each of the four semesters were classified as full-time. Students who were enrolled in part-time study in any of the four semesters and those who were enrolled in full-time study in fewer than four semesters were classified as part-time. Students who had neither enrolled on a full-time nor part-time basis in each of the four semesters were classified as never enrolled.

Table A3.—Design effects and root design effects (DEFT) for selected High School and Beyond surveys and subsamples

Subsample characteristic	Followup survey of sophomores in		Followup survey of seniors in 19		Followup survey of sophomores in		Followup survey of seniors in 19	
Total sample	2.40	(1.54)	2.87	(1.69)	2.19	(1.47)	2.28	(1.50)
Sex MaleFemale				_		(1.43) (1.43)	2.13 2.26	
Race/ethnicity White and other Black	2.22	(1.42) (1.47) (1.73)	2.09 2.26 3.72	(1.50)	2.19	(1.38) (1.47) (1.76)	1.70 2.40 4.06	(1.30) (1.54) (2.01)
Socioeconomic status composite (SES) Low		(1.37) (1.39) (1.42)	2.28 1.81 1.93	(1.50) (1.34) (1.38)	1.83 2.06 1.92	(1.35) (1.42) (1.38)	2.31 2.02 1.71	(1.51) (1.42) (1.30)

—Not available.

NOTE.—The average design effect for the 1980 sophomore cohort first followup (1982) survey is 3.59(1.89) and the average design effect for the 1980 senior first followup (1982) survey is 2.64(1.62).

Table A4.—Average reading proficiency and standard errors for the NAEP reading proficiency study: 1983-84 and 1985-86

hom	1983-	84 1	1985	-86 ¹
Item	Estimate (mean)	Standard error	Estimate (mean)	Standard error
9-year-olds				
Total	213.2	0.9	38.1	0.2
White	220.1	0.8	39.8	0.2
Black	188.4	1.1	33.4	0.4
Hispanic	193.0	1.3	33.2	0.3
13-year-olds				
Total	257.8	0.6	48.9	01
White	263.4	0.5	503	01
Black	236.8	11	45.2	0.3
Hispanic	239.2	17	44.4	0.4
17-year-olds				
Total	288.2	0.9	56.1	0.2
White	294.6	0.7	57.3	0.2
Black	263.5	1.2	51.5	0.2
Hispanic	268.7	1.9	513	0.3

¹ item response theory used as a basis to estimate performance at the three levels on a common scale. The score ranged from 0 to 500 in 1983-84 and from 0 to 100 for 1985-86.

Table A5.—Average reading proficiency and standard errors for the NAEP literacy study: 1985-86

Item	Estimate (mean)	Standard error
rose comprehension, percent with score of 300 ¹ or more		
White	63.2	1.4
Black	23 7	1.6
Hispanic	41 1	41
antitative literacy, percent with score of 350 1 or more		
White	77 2	1.7
Black	24	0.8
Hispanic	11 3	27

¹ The proficiency score ranges from 0 to 500 with a mean of 305 and a standard deviation of approximately 50



Table A6.—Average writing achievement and standard errors for the NAEP writing study: 1983-84

Selected characteristics of participants	Grade	9 4	Grade	e 8	Grade	219 209 229 200 200 219 224 222 216 220 217
Selected characteristics of participants	Estimate	(mean)	Estimate	(mean)	Estimate	(mean)
All perticipents	158	1	205	1	219	
Sec						
Male	150	1	196		200	
Female	166	i	214	1		
Race/ethnicity						
Black	138	2	186		200	
Hispanic	146	2	187	2		
Asian-American	163	41	211	4		
White	163	1	211	1		
Region	1	ł				
Northeast	161	2	209		200	
Southeast	154	5	203	<u>.</u>		
Central	160	2	206			
West	157	ī	203	2		
Size/type of community					}	
Rural	153	2	203	3	212	
Disadvantaged-urban	142		188	2		
Advantaged-urban	170	2	221	2	228	
Parent's level of education		ļ			i	
Not high school graduate	143	3	189	ا و	100	
Graduated high school	154	1	202	41	199	
Post high school	166	i l	213	1	215 227	

NOTE.—The writing scale score ranges from 0 to 400 and is defined as the average of a respondent's estimated scores on 10 specific writing tasks. The average response method is used to estimate average writing achievement for each participant as if each had performed all 10 writing tasks. Standard errors are estimated using a jackknife replication procedure.

Table A7.—Respondent counts for selected National Longitudinal Study surveys

Classification variable and subgroup	Base year survey of 1972 seniors	Followup survey of 1972 seniors in 1974-75	Followup survey of 1972 seniors in 1976–77	Followup survey of 1972 seniors in 1979-80
Total respondents (unweighted)	16,409	19,328	19,422	17,519
Sex				
Male	7,081	9,350	9,394	6,385
Female	7,290	9,962	9,898	9,036
Race/ethnicity	14,371	_	_	15.914
White, non-Hispanic	12.333	_	_	13,612
Rtack, non-Hispanic	2,038	i _	_	2,102
Hispanic	· -	_	_	665
Asian	-	_	_	210
Socioeconomic status composite (SES) 1				
Low	_	_ [_	4,786
Middle	_	_	_	6,322
High	****	_	_	4,171
Father's highest level of education				
Less than high school	3,811	_		<u></u>
High school graquate 2	6,223	_ ;	_	Ξ
College graduate 3	2,404	_	_	_
ligh school program (self-reported)				
Academic	4,471	_	_	
General	6,336	*****		<u>-</u>
Vocational	3,584			_

¹The SES index is a composite of five equally-weighted measures father's education, mother's education, family income, father's occupation, and presence of certain items in the respondent's household

*Includes attendance at a vocational, trade, or business school, or 2-year college, or attendance at a 4-year college resulting in less than a bachelor's degree.

3includes those with a bachelor's or higher-level degree

—Data not applicable.

NOTE.—Sample sizes for categories of classification variables may not sum to the total number of respondents because of missing or excluded data. Because of item nonresponse, the actual number of respondents answering each question in a series of related questions will vary



Table A8.—Approximate standard errors for percentages estimated from National Longitudinal Study survey: 1979

<u></u>			Estimated percentages		
Size of sample	10 or 90	20 or 80	30 or 70	40 or 60	50
0	2.28	3.04	3.48	3.72	3 79
0	1.81	2. 5	2.46	2.63	2 68
00	1.14	1 2	1.74	1 86	1 90
00	0.81	1.07	1.23	1,31	1.34
00	0.66	0.88	1.00	1 07	1.10
00	0.57	0.76	0.87	0.93	0 95
00	0.51	0.68	0.78	0.83	0.85
00	0.48	0.62	0.71	0.76	0.77
00	0.40	0.54	0.81	0.66	0.67
000	0.38	0.48	0.55	0 59	0.60
000	0.33	0.44	0.50	0.54	0.55
000	0.28	0.38	0.43	0.46	0.47
000	0.25	0.34	0.39	0.42	0.42

Table A9.—Respondent counts of full-time workers from the Recent College Graduate survey: 1976 to 1.87

	Number employed full time				
Field of study	1974-75 graduates in May 1976	1979-80 graduates in May 1981	1983-84 graduates in May 1985	1985-86 graduates in May 1987	
Total respondents (unweighted)	2,464	5,521	6,799	15,02	
Professions	1,840	4,260	2,743	8,98	
Vrts and sciences	514	811	1,373	4,86	
Other	110	450	2,683	1,16	
Newly qualified to teach	1,337	2,469	1,215	2,54	
Not newly qualified to teach		3.052	5,584	12,470	
Professions	601	1,841	2,743	7.04	
Engineering	80	270	601	91	
Business and management	290	749	1.522	2.40	
Heelth	72	252	379	3.10	
Education 1	141	464	100	52	
Public affairs and services	18	106	141	9	
Vrts and sciences	433	770	1,373	4,36	
Biological sciences	83	116	136	38	
Physical sciences and mathematics	40	103	136	1.78	
Psychology	!	105	188	36	
Social sciences	107	252	432	78	
Humanities	139	194	481	1.06	
Other	93	441	1,468	1.06	
Communications	7	73	240	39	
Miscellaneous	86	368	1.228	67	

^{*}Includes those who had not finished all requirements for teaching certification or were previously qualified to teach.



Table A10.—Standard errors for selected items in the 1985 "Survey of School Discipline Policies and Practices"

Items for secondary schools	Estimate	Standard error	95% confidence interval	
		Stationary error	Lower	Upper
Percent of secondary schools indicating that compared with 5 years ago.				
disruptive classroom behavior is		1		
Less now, all schools	65.9	1.6	62.8	69.0
Less now, junior high schools	59.1	2.5	54.2	
Less now, senior high schools	72.7	2.2	68.4	64.0
More now, all schools	12.0	1.3	9.5	77.0 14.5
Percent of schools with the or more occurrences of the following infractions 1				,
Student caught selling illegal drugs at school, all schools	34.9	1.9	04.0	
Student caught setting itlegal drugs at school, junior high schools	30.5	29	31.2	38.6
Student caught selling illegal drugs at school, senior high schools	30.5 39.4		24.8	36.2
Thefts of personal items, 2 all schools		2.3	34.9	43.9
Thefts of personal items, 2 small schools (less than 400 students)	82.3	1.7	78.0	85.6
Thefis of personal items. 2 large values (1000 as seem at the	71.3	4.3	62.9	79.7
Thefts of personal items, 2 large schools (1,000 or more students) Percent of schools with one or more occurrences of the following disciplinary actions 1	93.2	1.6	90.1	96.3
Suspension for disciplinary reasons, all schools	95.7	0.8	94.1	97.3
students)	89.3	2.7	84.0	94.6
students)	99 .3	0.5	98.3	100.3
Exputations, all schools	36.8	1.8	33.3	40.3
Expulsions, urban schools	44 9	4.9	35.3	54.5
Expulsions, rural schools	35.4	2.6	30.3	40.5
Average number of occurrence, per 100 students of the following disciplinary actions: 1				
Suspension for disciplinary reasons, all schools	10.0	0.50	9.0	110
Suspension for disciplinary reasons, small schools (less than 400 students)	7.1			
Suspension for disciplinary reasons, large schools (1,000 or more)		1.10	4.9	9.3
students).	13.7	1.00	11.7	15.7
Expulsions, all schools	0.3	0.04	0.2	0.4
Expulsions, urban schools	0.6	0.20	0.2	1.0
Expulsions, rural schools	0.2	0.03	0.1	0.3

Table A11.—Estimated enrollment rates and standard errors in the October Current Population Survey

Base of percentage, in thousands 2 or	Estimated percentage				
	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
,			Total or white persons		
100	2.1	3.3	46	66	7.6
250	13	21	2.9	4.2	4.8
500	10	15	2.0	29	3.4
1,000	07	1.0	1.4	21	2.4
2,500	04	0.7	0.9	13	1.5
5,000	03	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.1
10,000	0.2	03	0.5	0.7	0.8
25,000	0 13	02	0.3	0.4	0.5
50,000	0 09	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.3
100,000	0.07	0.10	0.05	0.5	0.3
150,000	0.05	0 12	0.12	0.2	0.2
			Black or Hispanic persons	·	-
75	2.6	41	5.6	81	93
100	2.3	3.5	4.8	70	8.1
250	1,4	2.2	3.1	44	5.1
500	1.0	16	2.2	31	3.8
1,000	0.7	1.1	15	2.2	2.5
2,500	0.5	07	1.0	14	1.6
5,000	03	05	0.7	10	1.0
10, 00 0	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8
15,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6
20,000	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	08



Table A12—Estimated educational attainment rates and standards errors in the March Current Population Survey

Estimate	Base of percentage, in thousands	Standard Error	90 percent confidence interval
2 or 98 '	100	2.00	0 to 5.2
	100,000	0.06	1.9 to 2.1
10 or 90	100	4.3	3.1 to 16.9
	100,000	0.14	9.8 to 10.2
50	100	7.20	38.5 to 61.5
	100,000	0.20	49.7 to 50.3

¹ The confidence interval for the larger values can be found by taking the complement of that shown, e.g. for 98 it would be 94.8 to 100.

Table A13.—Estimated standard errors for selected estimates of persons from the "Participation in Adult Education" CPS supplement

Estimate	Standard Error	90 percent confidence interval
0 0 00	4.5 10.2 30.0 253.0	2.8 to 17.2 33.7 to 66.3 452 to 548 49,595 to 50,405

Table A14.—Estimated participation rates and standard errors in the "Participation in Adult Education" CPS supplement

	Base of Percentage in thousands	Standard error	90 percent estimate confidence interval
1 or 99 ¹	50	2.4	0 to 4.8
	5,000	0.2	0.68 to 1.3
10 or 90	50	7 1	0 to 21.4
	5,000	0.7	8 9 to 11.1
50	50	11 8	31.1 to 68.9
	5,000	1.2	48 1 to 51.9

¹ The confidence interval for the larger values can be found by taking the complement of that shown, e.g., for 99 it would be 95.2 to 100.



Table A15.—Percent of seniors who had ever used selected drugs and 95 percent confidence limits: 1986 1

Drug	Lower limit	Observed estimate	Upper limit
cohol arijuana/hashish SD	89.7	91.3	92 7
	48.7	50.9	53.1
	6.3	7 2	8 2
	3.8	4.8	6.0
	15.5	16 9	18.4
	0.8	1.1	1.4

¹Approximate sample size = 15,200.

Table A16.—Sampling errors (95 percent confidence level) for percentages estimated from the Gallup Poll, 1987

<u> </u>			Size of sample			
1,500	1,000	750	600	400	200	100
2 3 3 3	2 3 4	3 4 4 5	3 4 5 5	4 5 6 6	5 7 8 9	
	1,500 2 3 3 3		1,500 1,000 750	100 000	1,500 1,000 750 600 400	1.500 1000 750 000

Table A17.—Sampling errors (95 percent confidence level) for the difference in two percentages estimated from the Gallup Poli: 1987

Size of			Size of san	nple		
sample	1,000	750	600	400	200	100
	Pecomi	mended allowance for s	ampling error of a differe	ence in percentages (pe	rcentages near 80 or 20	
1,500	4					
1,000	4	5				
750	5	5	5			
900	5	5	6	6		
100	6	6	6	7	7	
200	8	8	8	8	ġ	10
	Reco	mmended allowance for	r sampling error of a diff	erence in percentages (percentages near 50)	
.500	5				porcernages (real 50)	
,000	5	6				
50	6	6	7	Ì		
00	6	7	7	7		
00	7	9	8	8	اه	
00	10	10 أ	10	10	9	

Table A18.—Approximate sampling errors (95 percent confidence level) for percentages estimated from Metropolitan Life"Survey of the American Teacher, 1987"

	Size of sample							
Percentage	2000	1500	1000	500	200	100		
	Recommended allowance for sampling error of a percentage							
Percentages near 10 or 90 Percentages near 20 or 80 Percentages near 30 or 70 Percentages near 40 or 60 Percentages near 50	1 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 3 3	2 2 3 3 3	3 4 4 4	4 6 6 7 7	6 8 9 10		

Table A19.—Approximate sampling errors (95 percent confidence level) for the differences in two percentages estimated from the Metropolitan Life"Survey of the American Teacher, 1987"

	Recommended allowance for sampling error of a difference in percentages							
Sample sizes of two groups being compared	Percentage result at 10% or 90%	Percentage result at 20% or 80%	Percentage result at 30% or 70%	Percentage result at 40% or 60%	Percentage result at 50%			
2,000 vs. 1,000		3	4	4				
I,000 vs. 1,000 I,000 vs. 200	5	6 8	7	7	•			
I,000 vs. 100 200 vs. 100	7	10	11	12	•			

Table A20.—Maximum differences required for significance (90 percent confidence level) between sample subgroups of the "Status of the American Public School Teacher" survey

Size of one subgroup	Size of other subgroup						
	100	200	300	400	500	600	700
100	11.6	10.1	9.5	92	90	8.9	8.8
200	10 1	8.2	7.5	71	6.9	67	6.6
300	95	7.5	67	63	60	58	5.7
400	9.2	7.1	63	5.8	5.5	5.3	52
500	90	6.9	6.0	5.5	52	5.0	48
600	8.9	6.7	5.8	53	50	47	46
700	8.8	6.6	5.7	5 2	48	46	44



Definitions

Academic support This category of college expenditures includes expenditures for support services that are an integral part of the institution's primary missions of instruction, research, or public service. Includes expenditures for libraries, galleries, audio/visual services, academic computing support, ancillary support, academic administration, personnel development, and course and curriculum development.

Achievement test An examination that measures the extent to which a person has acquired certain information or mastered certain skills, usually as a result of specific instruction.

Agriculture Courses designed to improve competencies in agricultural occupations. Included is the study of agricultural production, supplies, mechanization and products, agricultural science, forestry, and related services.

American College Testing Program (ACT) The ACT assessment program measures educational development and readiness to pursue college-level coursework in English, mathematics, natural science, and social studies. Student performance on the tests does not reflect innate ability and is influenced by a student's educational preparedness.

Appropriations (Federal funds) Budget authority provided through the congressional appropriation process that permits Federal agencies to incur obligations and to make payments.

Appropriation (institutional revenues) An amount (other than a grant or contract) received from or made available to an institution through an act of a legislative body.

Associate degree A degree granted for the successful completion of a sub-baccalaureate program of studies, usually requiring at least 2 years (or equivalent) of full-time college-level study. This includes degrees granted in a cooperative or workstudy program.

Auxiliary enterprises This category includes those essentially self-supporting operations which exist to furnish a service to students, faculty, or staff, and which charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the serv-

ice. Examples are residence halls, food services, college stores, and intercollegiate athletics.

Average dally attendance (ADA) The aggregate attendance of a school during a reporting period (normally a school year) divided by the number of days school is in session during this period. Only days on which the pupils are under the guidance and direction of teachers should be considered days in session.

Average dally membership (ADM) The aggregate membership of a school enring a reporting period (normally a school year) divided by the number of days school is in session during this period. Only days on which the pupils are under the guidance and direction of teachers should be considered as days in session. The average daily membership for groups of schools having varying lengths of terms is the average of the average daily memberships obtained for the individual schools.

Bachelor's degree A degree granted for the successful completion of a baccalaureate program of studies, usually requiring at least 4 years (or equivalent) of full-time college-level study. This includes degrees granted in a cooperative or work-study program.

Budget authority (BA) Authority provided by law to enter into obligations that will result in immediate or future outlays. It may be classified by the period of availability (1-year, multiple-year, no-year), by the timing of congressional action (current or permanent), or by the manner of determining the amount available (definite or indefinite).

Business Program of instruction that prepares individuals for a variety of activities in planning, organizing, directing, and controlling business office systems and procedures.

Carnegle unit A standard of measurement that represents one credit for the completion of a 1-year course.

Catholic school A private school over which a Roman Catholic church group exercises some control or provides some form of subsidy. Catholic schools for the most part include those operated or

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supported by: a parish, a group of parishes, a diocese, or a Catholic religious order.

Central cities The largest cities, with 50,000 or more inhabitants, in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). A smaller city within a MSA may also qualify if it has at least 25,000 inhabitants or has a population of one-third or more of that of the largest city and a minimum population of 25,000. An exception occurs where two cities have contiguous boundaries and constitute, for economic and social purposes, a single community of at least 50,000, the smaller of which must have a population of at least 15,000.

Class size The membership of a class at a given date.

Classroom teacher A staff member assigned the professional activities of instructing pupils in self-contained classes or courses, or in classroom situations. Usually expressed in full-time equivalents.

Cohort A group of individuals that have a statistical factor in common, for example, year of birth.

College A postsecondary school which offers general or liberal arts education, usually leading to an associate, bachelor's, master's, doctor's, or first-professional degree. Junior colleges and community colleges are included under this terminology.

Combined elementary and secondary school A school which encompasses instruction at both the elementary and the secondary levels. Examples of combined elementary and secondary school grade spans would be 1 through 12 or 5 through 12.

Computer science A group of instructional programs that describes computer and information sciences, including computer programming, data processing, and information systems.

Constant dollars Dollar amounts that have been adjusted by means of price and cost indexes to eliminate inflationary factors and allow direct comparison across years.

Consumer, personal, and miscellaneous services
A group of instructional programs that describes the
fundamental skills a person is normally thought to
need in order to function productively in society.
Some examples are child development, consumer
education, and family relations.

Consumer Price Index (CPI) This price index measures the average change in the cost of a fixed market basket of goods and services purchased by consumers.

Consumption That portion of income which is spent on the purchase of goods and services rather than being saved.

Credit The unit of value, awarded for the successful completion of certain courses, intended to indicate the quantity of course instruction in relation to the total requirements for a diploma, certificate, or degree. Credits are frequently expressed in terms such as "Carnegie units," "semester credit hours," and "quarter credit hours."

Current dollars Dollar amounts that have not been adjusted to compensate for inflation.

Current expenditures (elementary/secondary)
The expenditures for operating local public schools, excluding capital outlay and interest on school debt. These expenditures include such items as salaries for school personnel, fixed charges, student transportation, school books and materials, and energy costs. Beginning in 1980–81, expenditures for State administration are excluded.

Current expenditures per pupil in average daily attendance Current expenditures for the regular school term divided by the average daily attendance of full-time pupils (or full-time equivalency of pupils) during the term. See also Current expenditures and Average daily attendance.

Current-fund expenditures (higher education)
Mcney spent to meet current operating costs, including salaries, wages, utilities, student services, public services, research libraries, scholarships and fellowships, auxiliary enterprises, hospitals, and independent operations. Excludes loans, capital expenditures, and investments.

Current-fund revenues (higher education) Money received during the current fiscal year from revenue which can be used to pay obligations currently due, and surpluses reappropriated for the current fiscal year.

Current Population Survey See Guide to Sources.

Disposable personal income Current income received by persons less their contribution, for social insurance, personal tax, and nontax payments. It is the income available to persons for spending and saving. Nontax payments include passport fees, fines and penalties, donations, and tuitions and fees paid to schools and hospitals operated mainly by the government. See also Personal income.

Doctor's degree An earned degree carrying the title of Doctor. The Doctor of Philosophy degree



(Ph.D.) is the highest academic degree and requires mastery within a field of knowledge and demonstrated ability to perform scholarly research. Other doctorates are awarded for fulfilling specialized requirements in professional fields, such as education (Ed.D.), musical arts (D.M.A.), business administration (D.B.A.), and engineering (D.Eng. or D.E.S.). Many doctor's degrees in academic and professional fields require an eamed master's degree as a prerequisite. First-professional degrees, such as M.D. and D.D.S., are not included under this heading.

Educational attainment The highest grade of regular school attended and completed.

Educational and general expenditures The sum of current funds expenditures on instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, operation and maintenance of plant, and awards from restricted and unrestricted funds.

Elementary education/programs Learning experiences concerned with the knowledge, skills, appreciations, attitudes, and behavioral characteristics which are considered to be needed by all pupils in terms of their awareness of life within our culture and the world of work, and which normally may be achieved during the elementary school years (usually kindergarten through grade 8 or kindergarten through grade 6), as defined by applicable State laws and regulations.

Elementary school A school classified as elementary by State and local practice and composed of any span of grades not above grade 8. A preschool or kindergarten school is included under this heading only if it is an integral part of an elementary school or a regularly established school system.

Elementary/secondary school As reported in this publication, includes only regular school, i.e., schools that are part of State and local school systems, and also most not-for-profit private elementary/secondary schools, both religiously affiliated and nonsectarian. Schools not reported include subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, Federal schools for American Indians, and Federal schools on military posts and other Federal installations.

Employment Includes civilian, noninstitutional persons who (1) worked during any part of the survey week as paid employees; worked in their own business, profession, or farm; or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in a family-owned enterprise; or (2) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due

to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or personal reasons—whether or not they were seeking another job.

Endowment A trust fund set aside to provide a perpetual source of revenue from the proceeds of the endowment investments. Endowment funds are often created by donations from benefactors of an institution, who may designate the use of the endowment revenue. Normally, institutions or their representatives manage the investments, but they are not permitted to spend the endowment fund itself, only the proceeds from the investments. Typical uses of endowments would be an endowed chair for a particular department or for a scholarship fund. Endowment totals tabulated in this book also include funds functioning as endowments, such as funds left over from the previous year and placed with the endowment investments by the institution. These funds may be withdrawn by the institution and spent as current funds at any time. Endowments are evaluated by two different measures, book value and market value. Book value is the purchase price of the endowment investment. Market value is the current worth of the endowment investment. Thus, the book value of a stock held in an endowment fund would be the purchase price of the stock. The market value of the stock would be its selling price as of a given day.

English A group of instructional programs that describes the English language arts, including composition, creative writing, and the study of literature.

Enrollment The total number of students registered in a given school unit at a given time, generally in the fall of a year.

Expenditures Charges incurred, whether paid or unpaid, which are presumed to benefit the current fiscal year. For elemen'ary/secondary schools, these include all charges for current outlays plus capital outlays and interest on school debt. For institutions of higher education, these include current outlays plus capital outlays. For government, these include charges net of recoveries and other correcting transactions other than for retirement of debt, investment in securities, extension of credit, or as agency transaction. Government expenditures include only external transactions, such as the provision of perquisites or other payments in kind. Aggregates for groups of governments exclude intergovernmental transactions among the government.

Expenditures per pupil Charges incurred for a particular period of time divided by a student unit of



measure, such as average daily attendance or average daily membership.

Extracurricular activities Activities that are not part of the required curriculum and that take place outside of the regular course of study. As used here, they include both school-sponsored (e.g., varsity athletics, drama and debate clubs) and community-sponsored (e.g., hobby clubs and youth organizations like the Junior Chamber of Commerce or Boy Scouts) activities.

Family A group of two persons or more (one of whom is the householder) related by birth, marriage, or adoption and residing together. All such persons (including related subfamily members) are considered as members of one family.

Federal funds Amounts collected and used by the Federal Government for the general purposes of the Government. There are four types of Federal fund accounts: the general fund, special funds, public enterprise funds, and intragovernmental funds. The major Federal fund is the general fund, which is derived from general taxes and borrowing. Federal funds also include certain earmarked collections, such as those generated by and used to finance a continuing cycle of business-type operations.

First-professional degree A degree that signifies both completion of the academic requirements for beginning practice in a given profession and a level of professional skill beyond that normally required for a bachelor's degree. This degree usua!!y is based on a program requiring at least 2 academic years of work prior to entrance and a total of at least 6 academic years of work to complete the degree program, including both prior-required college work and the professional program itself. By NCES definition, first-professional degrees are awarded in the fields of dentistry (D.D.S or D.M.D.), medicine (M.D.), optometry (O.D.), osteopathic medicine (D.O.), pharmacy (D.Phar.), podiatric medicine (D.P.M.), veterinary medicine (D.V.M.), chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.), law (J.D.), and theological professions (M.Div. or M.H.L.).

First-professional enrollment The number of students enrolled in a professional school or program which requires at least 2 years of academic college work for entrance and a total of at least 6 years for a degree. By NCES definition, first-professional enrollment includes only students in certain programs. (See First-professional degree for a list of programs.)

Flocal year The yearly accounting period for the Federal Government, which begins on October 1 and ends on the following September 30. The fiscal year is designated by the calendar year in which it ends;

e.g., fiscal year 1988 begins on October 1, 1987, and ends on September 30, 1988. (From fiscal year 1844 to fiscal year 1976, the fiscal year began on July 1 and ended on the following June 30.)

Foreign languages A group of instructional programs that describes the structure and use of language that is common or indigenous to people of the same community or nation, the same geographical area, or the same cultural traditions. Programs cover such features as sound, literature, syntax, phonology, semantics, sentences, prose, and verse, as well as the development of skills and attitudes used in communicating and evaluating thoughts and feelings through oral and written language.

Full-time-equivalent (FTE) enrollment For institutions of higher education, enrollment of full-time students, plus the full-time equivalent of part-time students as reported by institutions. In the absence of an equivalent reported by an institution, the FTE enrollment is estimated by adding one-third of part-time enrollment to full-time enrollment.

Full-time Instructional faculty Those members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full time as defined by the institution, including faculty with released time for research and faculty on sabbatical leave. Full-time counts exclude faculty who are employed to teach less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two 4-month sessions; replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or those on leave without pay; faculty for preclinical and clinical medicine; faculty who are donating their services; faculty who are members of military organizations and paid on a different pay scale from civilian employees; academic officers, whose primary duties are administrative; and graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses.

Full-time enrollment The number of students enrolled in higher education courses with total credit load equal to at least 75 percent of the normal full-time course load.

Full-time worker In educational institutions, an employee whose position requires being on the job on school days throughout the school year at least the number of hours the schools are in session. For higher education, a member of an educational institution's staff who is employed full time.

General Educational Development (GED) programAcademic instruction to prepare persons to take the high school equivalency examination. See GED recipient.



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GED recipient A person who has obtained certification of high school equivalency by meeting State requirements and passing an approved exam, which is intended to provide an appraisal of the person's achievement or performance in the broad subject matter areas usually required for high school graduation.

General program A program of studies designed to prepare students for the common activities of a citizen, family member, and worker. A general program of studies may include instruction in both academic and vocational areas.

Geographic region 1) One of four regions used by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the National Assessment of Educational Progress, and the National Education Association, as follows: (The National Education Association designated the Central region as Middle region in its classification.)

Northeast Southeast Alabama Connecticut Arkansas Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maine Kentucky Maryland Massachusetts Louisiana Mississippi **New Hampshire** North Carolina **New Jersey** South Carolina **New York Pennsylvania** Tennessee Virginia Rhode Island Vermont West Virginia

Central (Middle) West Illinois Alaska Arizona Indiana California lowa Colorado Kansas Hawaii Michigan Minnesota Idaho Montana Missouri Nevada Nebraska **New Mexico** North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma South Dakota Oregon Texas Wisconsin Utah Washington

2) One of the regions or divisions used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census in Current Population Survey tabulations, as follows:

Wyoming

Northeast (New England) Midwest (East North Central) Maine Ohio
New Hampshire Indiana
Vermont Illinois
Massachusetts Michigan
Rhode Island Wisconsin
Connecticut

(Middle Atlantic)
New York
New Jersey
Pennsylvania

(West North Central)
Minnesota
lowa
Missouri
North Dakota

South Dakota Nebraska Kansas

West

South

(South Atlantic) (Mountain) Montana Delaware Maryland Idaho District of Columbia Wyoming Colorado Virginia **New Mexico** West Virginia North Carolina Arizona South Carolina Utah Nevada Georgia Florida

(East South Central)(Pacific)KentuckyWashingtonTennesseeOregonAlabamaCaliforniaMississippiAlaskaHawaii

(West South Central)
Arkansas
Louisiana
Oklahoma
Texas

Government appropriation An amount (other than a grant or contract) received from or made available to an institution through an act of a legislative body.

Government grant or contract Revenues from a government agency for a specific research project or other program.

Graduate An individual who has received formal recognition for the successful completion of a prescribed program of studies.

Graduate enrollment The number of students who hold the bachelor's or first-professional degree, or the equivalent, and who are working towards a master's or doctor's degree. First-professional students are counted separately. These enrollment data measure those students who are registered at a par-

ticular time during the fall. At some institutions, graduate enrollment also includes students who are in postbaccalaureate classes but not in degree programs. In specified tables, graduate enrollment includes all students in regular graduate programs and all students in postbaccalaureate classes but not in degree programs (unclassified postbaccalaureate students).

Graduate Record Examination (GRE) Multiple-choice examinations administered by the Educational Testing Service and taken by applicants who are intending to attend certain graduate schools. Two generalized tests are offered, plus specialized tests in a variety of subject areas. Ordinarily, a student will take only the specialized test that applies to the intended field of study.

Graduation Formal recognition given an individual for the successful completion of a prescribed program of studies.

Gross national product (GNP) The total national output of goods and services valued at market prices. GNP can be viewed in terms of expenditure categories which include purchases of goods and services by consumers and government, gross private domestic investment, and net exports of goods and services. The goods and services included are largely those bought for final use (excluding illegal transactions) in the market economy. A number of inclusions, however, represent imputed values, the most important of which is rental value of owner-occupied housing. GNP, in this broad context, measures the output attributable to the factors of production—labor and property—supplied by U.S. residents.

Handicapped Those children evaluated as having any of the following impairments, who because of these impairments need special education and related services. (These definitions apply specifically to data from the U.S. Office of Special Education) and Rehabilitative Services presented in this publication.)

Deaf Having a hearing impairment which is so severe that the student is impaired in processing linguistic information through hearing (with or without amplification) and which adversely affects educational performance.

Deaf-blind Having concomitant hearing and visual impairments which cause such severe communication and other developmental and educational problems that the student cannot be accommodated in special education programs solely for deaf or blind students.

Hard of hearing Having a hearing impairment, whether permanent or fluctuating, which adversely

affects the student's educational performance, but which is not included under the definition of "deaf" in this section.

Mentally retarded Having significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning, existing concurrently with defects in adaptive behavior and manifested during the developmental period, which adversely affects the child's educational performance.

Multihandicapped Having concomitant impairments (such as mentally retarded-blind, mentally retarded-orthopedically impaired, etc.), the combination of which causes such severe educational problems that the student cannot be accommodated in special education programs solely for one of the impairments. Term does not include deaf-blind students but does include those students who are severely or profoundly mentally retarded.

Orthopedically impaired Having a severe orthopedic impairment which adversely affects a student's educational performance. The term includes impairment resulting from congenital anomaly, disease, or other causes.

Other health impaired Having limited strength, vitality, or alertness—due to chronic or acute health problems such as a heart condition, tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, nephritis, asthma, sickle cell anemia, hemophilia, epilepsy, lead poisoning, leukemia, or diabetes—which adversely affects the student's educational performance.

Seriously emotionally disturbed Exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time, to a marked degree, and adversely affecting educational performance: an inability to learn which cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory, or health factor; an inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers; inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances; a general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression; cr a tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems. This term does not include children who are socially maladjusted, unless they also display one or more of the listed characteristics.

Specific learning disabled Having a disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes involved in understanding or in using spoken or written language, which may manifest itself in an imperfect ability to listen, think, speak, read, write, spell, or do mathematical calculations. The term



includes such conditions as perceptual handicaps, brain injury, minimal brain dysfunction, dyslexia, and developmental aphasia. The term does not include children who have learning problems which are primarily the result of visual, hearing, or environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage.

Speech impaired Having a communication disorder, such as stuttering, impaired articulation, language impairment, or voice impairment, which adversely affects the student's educational performance

Visually handicapped Having a visual impairment which, even with correction, adversely affects the student's educational performance. The term includes partially seeing and blind children.

Higher education Study beyond secondary school at an institution that offers programs terminating in an associate, baccalaureate, or higher degree.

Higher education institutions (alternative classification)

Doctoral-granting Characterized by a significant level and breadth of activity in commitment to doctoral-level education as measured by the number of doctorate recipients and the diversity in doctoral-level program offerings.

Comprehensive Characterized by diverse postbaccalaureate programs (including first-professional) but not engaged in significant doctoral-level education.

General baccalaureate Characterized by primary emphasis on general undergraduate, baccalaureate-level education. Not significantly engaged in postbaccalaureate education.

Specialized Baccalaureate or postbaccalaureate institution emphasizing one area (plus closely related specialties), such as business or engineering. The programmatic emphasis is measured by the percentage of degrees granted in the program area.

2-year Conferring at least 75 percent of its degrees and awards for work below the bachelor's level.

New These institutions, though not necessarily newly organized, are new additions to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) universe. When degree and award data become available, they will be reclassified.

Non-degree-granting Offering undergraduate or graduate study but not conferring degrees or

awards. In this volume, these institutions are included under Specialized.

Higher education institutions (traditional classification)

4-year institution An institution legally authorized to offer and offering at least a 4-year program of college-level studies wholly or principally creditable toward a baccalaureate degree. In some tables, a further division between universities and other 4-year institutions is made. A "university" is a postsecondary institution which typically comprises one or more graduate professional schools (also see University). For purposes of trend comparisons in this volume, the selection of universities has been held constant for all tabulations after 1982. "Other 4-year institutions" would include the rest of the nonuniversity 4-year institutions.

2-year Institution An institution legally authorized to offer and offering at least a 2-year program of college-level studies which terminates in an associate degree or is principally creditable toward a baccalaureate degree.

Higher Education Price Index A price index which measures average changes in the prices of goods and services purchased by colleges and universities through current-fund education and general expenditures (excluding expenditures for sponsored research and auxiliary enterprises).

High school A secondary school offering the final years of high school ork necessary for graduation, usually including grades 10, 11, 12 (in a 6-3-3 plan) or grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 (in a 6-2-4 plan).

High school program A program of studies designed to prepare students for their postsecondary education and occupation. Three types of programs are usually distinguished—academic, vocational, and general. An academic program is designed to prepare students for continued study at a college or university. A vocational program is designed to prepare students for employment in one or more semiskilled, skilled, or technical occupations. A general program is designed to provide students with the understanding and competence to function effectively in a free society and usually represents a mixture of academic and vocational components.

Household All the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, apartment, or other group of rooms, or a single room, is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as saparate living quarters, that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure,



and there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall.

Imaginative writing This type of writing can take a variety of forms, such as stories, poems, plays, or lyrics. It represents a special approach to sharing experiences and understanding the world and ourselves. In this form of writing, special attention is given to rhythm and tone; the use of anecdote; the presence of metaphor and simile; shifts in plots; and the unexpected use of words, phrases, or punctuation.

Income tax Taxes levied on net income, that is, on gross income less certain deductions permitted by law. These taxes can be levied on individuals or on corporations or unincorporated businesses where the income is taxed distinctly from individual income.

Independent operations A group of self-supporting activities under control of a college or university. For purposes of financial surveys conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics, this category is composed principally of Federally Funded Research and Development Centers (FFRDC).

Informative writing This type of writing is used to share information and to convey messages, directions, and ideas. It often involves reporting or retelling events or experiences that have already occurred.

Institutional support The category of higher education expenditures that includes day-to-day operational support for colleges, excluding expenditures for physical plant operations. Examples of institutional support include general administrative services, executive direction and planning, legal and fiscal operations, and community relations.

instruction That category including expenditures of the colleges, schools, departments, and other instructional divisions of higher education institutions and expenditures for departmental research and public service which are not separately budgeted. Includes expenditures for both credit and noncredit activities. Excludes expenditures for academic administration where the primary function is administration (e.g., academic deans).

Instructional staff Full-time-equivalent number of positions, not the number of different individuals occupying the positions during the school year. In local schools, includes all public elementary and secondary funior and senior high) day-school positions that are in the nature of teaching or in the improvement of the teaching-learning situation. Includes consultants or supervisors of instruction, principals, teach-

ers, guidance personnel, librarians, psychological personnel, and other instructional staff. Excludes administrative staff, attendance personnel, clerical personnel, and junior college staff.

Junior high school A separately organized and administered secondary school intermediate between the elementary and senior high schools, usually including grades 7, 8, and 9 (in a 6-3-3 plan) or grades 7 and 8 (in a 6-2-4 plan).

Labor force Persons employed as civilians, unemployed (but looking for work), or in the armed services during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed.

Local education agency See School district.

Mandatory transfer A transfer of current funds that must be made in order to fulfill a binding legal obligation of the institution. Included under mandatory transfers are debt service provisions relating to academic and administrative buildings, including (1) amounts set aside for debt retirement and interest and (2) required provisions for renewal and replacement of buildings to the extent these are not financed from other funds.

Master's degree A degree awarded for successful completion of a program generally requiring 1 or 2 years of full-time college-level study beyond the bachelor's degree. One type of master's degree, including the Master of Arts degree, or M.A., and the Master of Science degree, or M.S., is awarded in the liberal arts and sciences for advanced acholarship in a subject field or discipline and demonstrated ability to perform scholarly research. A second type of master's degree is awarded for the completion of a professionally oriented program, for example, an M.Ed. in education, an M.B.A. in business administration, an M.F.A. in fine arts, an M.M. in music, an M.S.W. in social work, and an M.P.A. in public administration. A third type of master's degree is awarded in professional fields for study beyond the first-professional degree, for example, the Master of Laws (LL.M.) and Master of Science in various medical specializations.

Mathematics A group of instructional programs that describes the science of logical symbolic language and its application.

Mean test score The score obtained by dividing the sum of the scores of all individuals in a group by the number of individuals in that group.



Metropolitan population The population residing in Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs). See *Metropolitan Statistical Area*.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) A large population nucleus and the nearby communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Each MSA consists of one or more entire counties (or county equivalents) that meet specified standards pertaining to population, commuting ties, and metropolitan character. In New England, towns and cities, rather than counties, are the basic units. MSAs are designated by the Office of Management and Budget. An MSA includes a city and, generally, its entire urban area and the remainder of the county or counties in which the urban area is located. An MSA also includes such additional outlying counties which meet specified criteria relating to metropolitan character and level of commuting of workers into the central city or counties. Specified criteria governing the definition of MSAs recognized before 1980 are published in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1975, issued by the Office of Management and Budget. New MSA's were designated when 1980 counts showed that they met one or both of the following criteria:

- 1. Included a city with a population of at least 50,000 within their corporate limits, or
- 2. Included a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area (which must have a population of at least 50,000) and a total MSA population of at least 100,000 (or, in New England, 75,000).

Migration Geographic mobility involving a change of usual residence between clearly defined geographic units, that is, between counties, States, or regions.

Minimum-competently testing Measuring the acquisition of competence or skills to or beyond a certain specified standard.

National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) See Guide to Sources.

Newly qualified teacher Persons who (1) first became eligible for a teaching license during the period of the study referenced or who were teaching at the time of survey but were not certified or eligible for a teaching license and (2) had never held full-time, regular teaching positions (as opposed to substitute) prior to completing the requirements for the degree which brought them into the survey.

Nonmetropolitan residence group The population residing outside Metropolitan Statistical Areas. Sea *Metropolitan Statistical Area*.

Konresident allen A person who is not a citizen of the United States and who is in this country on a temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

Nonsupervisory instructional staff Persons such as curriculum specialists, counselors, librarians, remedial specialists, and others possessing education certification but r.o. responsible for day-to-day teaching of the same group of pupils.

Obligations Amounts of orders placed, contracts awarded, services received, or similar legally binding commitments made by Federal agencies during a given period that will require outlays during the same or some future period.

Occupational home economics Courses of instruction emphasizing the acquisition of competencies needed for getting and holding a job or preparing for advancement in an occupational area using home economics knowledge and skills.

Off-Budget Federal entities Organizational entities, federally owned in whole or in part, whose transactions belong in the budget under current budget accounting concepts but that have been excluded from the budget totals under provisions of law:

Outlays The value of checks issued, interest accrued on the public debt, or other payments made, net of refunds and reimbursements.

Part-time enrollment The number of students enrolled in higher education courses with a total credit load less than 75 percent of the normal full-time credit load.

Personal Income Current income received by persons from all sources minus their personal contributions for social insurance. Classified as "persons" are individuals (including owners of unincorporated firms), nonprofit institutions serving individuals, private trust funds, and private noninsured welfare funds. Personal income includes transfers (payments not resulting from current production) from government and business such as social security benefits, military pensions, etc., but excludes transfers among persons.

Persuasive writing This type of writing attempts to bring about some action or change. Its primary purpose is to influence others. It is concerned with the positions, beliefs, and attitudes of the readers.

Physical plant assets includes the values of land, buildings, and equipment owned, rented, or utilized



by colleges. Does not include those plant values which are a part of endowment or other capital fund investments in real estate. Excludes construction in progress.

Postbaccalaureate enrollment The number of graduate and first-professional students werking towards advanced degrees and of students enrolled in graduate-level classes but not enrolled in degree programs. See also *Graduate enrollment* and *First-professional enrollment*.

Postsecondary education The provision of formal instructional programs with a curriculum designed primarily for students who have completed the requirements for a high school diploma or equivalent. This includes programs of an academic, vocational, and continuing professional education purpose, and excludes avocational and adult basic education programs.

Private school or Institution A school or institution which is controlled by an individual or agency other than a State, a subcivision of a State, or the Federal Government, which is usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and the operation of whose program rests with other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Property tax The sum of money collected from a tax levied against the value of property.

Proprietary Institution An educational institution that is under private control but whose profits derive from revenues subject to taxation.

Public school or Institution A school or institution controlled and operated by publicly elected or appointed officials and deriving its primary support from public funds.

Pupil-teacher ratio The enrollment of pupils at a given period of time, divided by the full-time-equivalent number of classroom teachers serving these pupils during the same period.

Racial/ethnic group Classification indicating general racial or ethnic heritage based on self-identification, as in data collected by the Bureau of the Census, or on observer identification, as in data collected by the Office for Civil Rights. These categories are in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget standard classification scheme presented below:

White A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East. Normally excludes persons of Hispanic origin except for tabulations produced by the Bureau of

the Census, which are noted accordingly in this volume.

Black A person having origins in any of the black racial groups in Africa. Normally excludes persons of Hispanic origin except for tabulations produced by the Bureau of the Census, which are noted accordingly in this volume.

Hispanic A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Asian or Pacific Islander A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands. This area includes, for example, China, India, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, and Samoa.

American Indian or Alaskan Native A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Remedial education Instruction for a student lacking those reading, writing, or math skills necessary to perform college-level work at the level required by the attended institution.

Resident population Includes civilian population and armed forces personnel residing within the United States. Excludes armed forces personnel residing overseas.

Revenues All funds received from external sources, net of refunds, and correcting transactions. Noncash transactions such as receipt of services, commodities, or other receipts "in kind" are excluded as are funds received from the issuance of debt, liquidation of investments, and nonroutine sale of property.

Salary The total amount regularly paid or stipulated to be paid to an individual, before deductions, for personal services rendered while on the payroll of a business or organization.

Sales tax Tax imposed upon the sale and consumption of goods and services. It can be imposed either as a general tax on the retail price of all goods and services sold or as a tax on the sale of selected goods and services.

Scholarships and fellowships This category of college expenditures applies only to money given in the form of outright grants and trainee stipends to in-



dividuals enrolled in formal coursework, either for credit or not. Aid to students in the form of tuition or fee remissions is included. College Work-Study funds are excluded and are reported under the program in which the student is working. In the tabulations in this volume, Pell Grants are not included in this expenditure category.

Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) An examination administered by the Educational Testing Service and used to predict the facility with which an individual will progress in learning college-level academic subjects.

School A division of the school system consisting of students in one or more grades or other identifiable groups and organized to give instruction of a defined type. One school may snare a building with another school or one school may be housed in several buildings.

School climate The social system and culture of the school, including the organizational structure of the school and values and expectations within it.

School district An education agency at the local level that exists primarily to operate public schools or to contract for public school services. Synonyms are "local basic administrative unit" and "local education agency."

Science The body of related courses concerned with knowledge of the physical and biological world and with the processes of discovering and validating this knowledge.

Secondary Instructional level The general level of instruction provided for pupils in secondary schools (generally covering grades 7 through 12 or 9 through 12) and any instruction of a comparable nature and difficulty provided for adults and youth beyond the age of compulsory school attendance.

Secondary school A school comprising any span of grades beginning with the next grade following an elementary or middle-school (usually 7, 8, or 9) and ending with or below grade 12. Both junior high schools and senior high schools are included.

Senior high school A secondary school offering the final years of high school work necessary for graduation and invanably preceded by a junior high school.

Social studies A group of instructional programs that describes the substantive portions of behavior, past and present activities, interactions, and organizations of people associated together for religious, benevolent, cultural, scientific, political, patriotic, or other purposes.

Socioeconomic status (SES) For the High School and Beyond study and the National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972, the SES index is a composite of five equally weighted, standardized components: father's education, mother's education, family income, father's occupation, and household items. The terms high, middle, and low SES refer to the upper, middle two, and lower quartiles of the weighted SES composite index distribution.

Special education Direct instructional activities or special learning experiences designed primarily for students identified as having exceptionalities in one or more aspects of the cognitive process or as being underachievers in relation to general level or model of their overall abilities. Such services usually are directed at students with the following conditions: (1) physically handicapped; (2) emotionally handicapped; (3) culturally different, including compensatory education; (4) mentally retarded; and (5) students with learning disabilities. Programs for the mentally gifted and talented are also included in some special education programs. See also *Handicapped*.

Standardized test A test composed of a systematic sampling of behavior, administered and scored according to specific instructions, capable of being interpreted in terms of adequate norms, and for which there is data on reliability and validity.

Standard'zed test performance The weighted distributions of composite scores from standardized tests used to group students according to performance.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA)
See Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA).

Student An individual for whom instruction is provided in an educational program under the jurisdiction of a school, school system, or other education institution. No distinction is made between the terms "student" and "pupil," though "student" may refer to one receiving instruction at any level while "pupil" refers only to one attending school at the elementary or secondary level. The term "student" is used to include individuals at all instructional levels. A student may receive instruction in a school facility or in another location, such as at home or in a hospital. Instruction may be provided by direct student-teacher interaction or by some other approved medium such as television, radio, telephone, and correspondence.

Subject-matter club Organizations that are formed around a shared interest in a particular area of study and whose primary activities promote that interest.



Examples of such organizations are math, science, business, and history clubs.

Supervisory staff Principals, assistant principals, and supervisors of instruction. Does not include superintendents or assistant superintendents.

Tax base The collective value of objects, assets, and income components against which a tax is levied.

Tax expenditures Losses of tax revenue attributable to provisions of the Federal income tax laws that allow a special exclusion, exemption, or deduction from gross income or provide a special credit, preferential rate of tax, or a deferral of tax liability affecting individual or corporate income tax liabilities.

Teacher shortage The number of teaching positions vacant, abolished, or withdrawn because a candidate was sought and not found, courses were eliminated because of budget duts or administrative decisions not to offer courses in a given field, a teacher was laid off, or a position was filled by a temporary substitute.

Technical education A program of vocational instruction that ordinarily includes the study of the sciences and mathematics underlying a technology, as well as the methods, skills, and materials commonly used and the services performed in the technology. Technical education prepares individuals for positions—such as draftsman or lab technician—in the occupational area between the skilled craftsman and the professional person.

Total expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance includes all expenditures allocable to per pupil costs divided by average daily attendance. These alloce'tle expenditures include current expenditures for regular school programs, interest on school debt, and capital outlay. Beginning in 1980–81, expenditures for State administration are excluded and expenditures for other programs (summer schools, community colleges, and private schools) are included.

Trade and Industrial occupations The branch of vocational education which is concerned with preparing persons for initial employment or with updating or retraining workers in a wide range of trade and industrial occupations. Such occupations are skilled or semiskilled and are concerned with layout designing, producing, processing, assembling, testing, maintaining, servicing, or repairing any product or commodity.

Transcript An official list of all courses taken by a student at a school or college showing the final grade received for each course, with definitions of the various grades given at the institution.

Trust funds Amounts collected and used by the Federal Government for carrying out specific purposes and programs according to terms of a trust agreement or statute, such as the social security and unemployment trust funds. Trust fund receipts that are not anticipated to be used in the immediate future are generally invested in interest-bearing Government securities and earn interest for the trust fund.

Tultion and fees A payment or charge for instruction or compensation for services, privileges, or the use of equipment, books, or other goods.

Unclassified students Students who are not candidates for a degree or other formal award, although they are taking higher education courses for credit in regular classes with other students.

Undergraduate students Students registered at an institution of higher education who are working in a program leading to a baccalaureate degree or other formal award below the baccalaureate, such as an associate degree.

Unemployed Civilians who had no employment but were available for work and (1) had ergaged in any specific jobseeking activity within the past 4 weeks, (2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, or (3) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

U.S. Service Schools These institutions of higher education are controlled by the U.S. Department of Defense and the U.S. Department of Transportation. The ten institutions counted in the NCES surveys of higher education institutions include: the Air Force Institute of Technology, Community College of the Air Force, Naval Postgraduate School, Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences, U.S. Air Force Academy, U.S. Army Command and General Staff College, U.S. Coast Guard Academy, U.S. Merchant Marine Academy, U.S. Military Academy, and the U.S. Naval Academy.

University An institution of higher education consisting of a liberal arts college, a diverse graduate program, and usually two or more professional schools or faculties and empowered to confer degrees in various fields of study. For purposes of maintaining trend data in this publication, the selection of university institutions has not been revised since 1982.

Visual and performing arts A group of instructional programs that generally describes the historic development, aesthetic qualities, and creative processes of two or more of the visual and performing arts.



Vocational education Organized educational programs, services, and activities which are directly related to the preparation of individuals for paid or unpaid employment, or for additional preparation for a career, requiring other than a baccalaureate or advanced degree.

Vocational home economics Vocational courses of instruction emphasizing the accuisition of competencies needed for getting and human a job or preparing for advancement in an omegational area using home economics knowledge or skills.



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